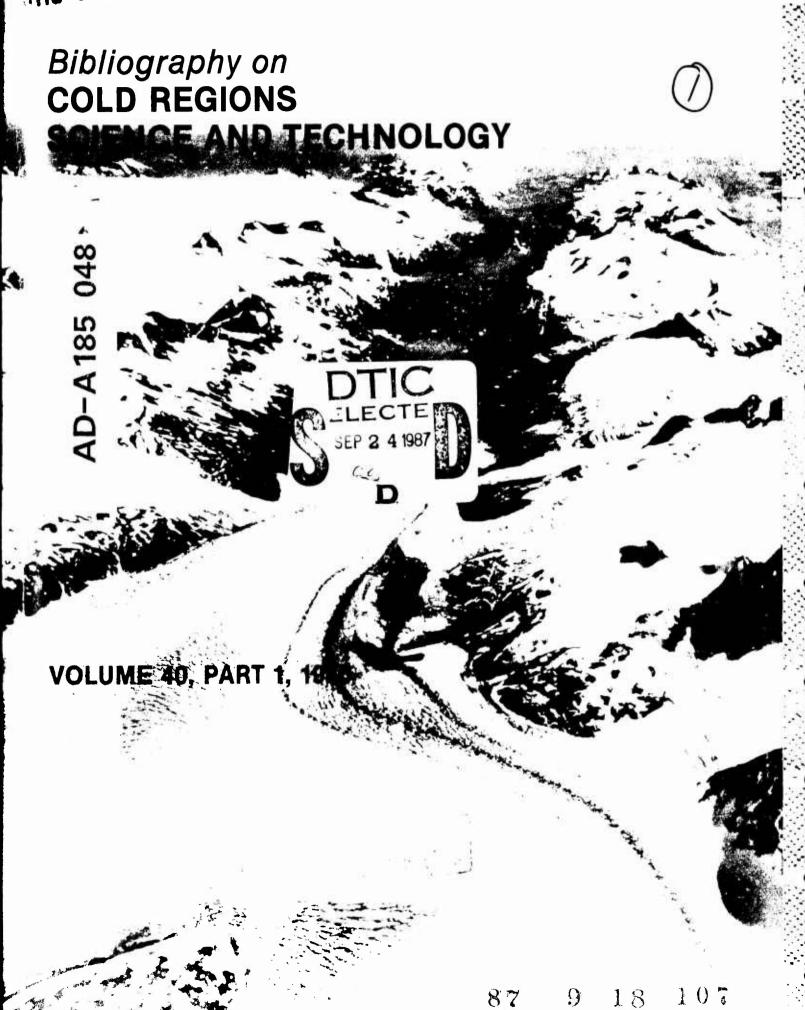
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December 1986



Bibliography on COLD REGIONS SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY

VOLUME 40, PART 1, 1986

Geza T. Thuronyi, Editor

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BIBLIOGRAPHY ON COLD REGIONS SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY Volume 40, 1986

INTRODUCTION

The Bibliography on Cold Regions Science and Technology was first published in 1951 and is a continuing publication of the Cold Regions Bibliography Project in the Science and Technology Division of the Library of Congress. It is sponsored by and prepared for the Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory (formerly Snow, Ice and Permafrost Research Establishment) of the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers. Volumes 1-15 were issued as the Bibliography on Snow, Ice and Permafrost, SIPRE Report 12. Beginning with volume 16 the designation was changed to CRREL Report 12. With volume 20 the title was changed to Bibliography on Snow, Ice and Frozen Ground, with Abstracts, and with volume 23 the current title was adopted. The present volume contains material accessioned between October 1985 and September 1986. It contains full citations of 4788 items, in many cases with ab-

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stracts. Indexing for the volume is issued as Volume 40, Part 2(**シェキーショング

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The role of the phase equilibrium of water in frost heave was studied for two kinds of soil. The rate of frost heave and the rate of water intake were measured simultaneously under various rates of heat removal. The experimental data revealed a trend common for both soils that the rate of water intake attains its maximum at a certain critical rate of heat removal. The data were analyzed by using equations accurately describing the relation between these rates. The results of the analysis indicate a serious doubt about the validity of phase equilibrium in the system. Alternatively, an assumption was introduced that

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Existing theories that predict the streas-strain rate relationship in a rapidly sheared granular flow can only treat materials that are made of single-size particles. However, granular flows usually involve materials of mixed sizes. It has been observed in many laboratory studies that size distribution has a significant effect on the flow of a granular material. Despite its importance, no quantitative theory has been devised that can explain the effect of size distribution. An analytical model is developed. the effect of size distribution. An analytical model is devel oped here to quantify the stresses in a mixture of spheres with two different sizes and identical material properties. Binary collisions between adjacent particles are considered as the dominating stress-generating mechanism. Comparisons be-tween the theoretical results and the existing laboratory data show good agreement.

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research. Some considerations in arctic and antarctic biomediresearch. Some considerations in a retice and american cal research are presented, as are those pertinent to research on antarctic climate variability, the sea ice and the ice sheet conditional conditions and the conditions are the conditional conditions. tions, atmospheric and terrestrial physics, glaciology, and the environmental effects of exploration and exploitation of mineral

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Center for Disaster Prevention. Contributions from the Shinjo Branch, No.2 (Papers and reports, 1979-1984), 1985.

Snow removal, Snow melting, Geothermal thawing, Water temperature, Road maintenance, Roofs, Winter maintenance, Snow accumulation.

Feasibility of the usage of wind energy to snow remov-

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Snow melting, Ground water, Snow removal, Artifi-cial melting, Road maintenance, Winter maintenance.

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system on road by ground water.

Nakamura, H., Report on feasibility study for development of snow disaster prevention techniques in snowy areas, Tokyo, 1983, p.365-366, In Japanese., Also published in Japan. National Research Center for Disaster Prevention. Contributions from the Shinjo Branch, No.2 (Papers and reports, 1979-1984), 1985. Snow melting, Ground water, Snow removal, Winter maintenance, Road maintenance.

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Snowfall, Radio communication, Antennas, Spacecraft, Road maintenance, Winter maintenance.

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Higashiura, M., Umetsu, M.
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Road maintenance, Winter maintenance.

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bility of built-up areas of snowy cities.

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National Research Center for Contributions from the Shinjo Branch, No.2 (Papers and reports, 1979-1984), 1985. Urban planning, Winter maintenance, Snow removal, Snow accumulation, Countermeasures.

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Landslides, Meltwater, Weathering, Snow depth, Snow density, Snow water equivalent, Mountains.

Contributions from the Shin'o Branch, No.3 (Research data, 1979-1984).

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Snow removal, Snow surveys, Winter maintenance, Road maintenance, Ground water, Countermeasures, Damage, Japan-Shinjo.

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Numano, N

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Higashiura, M., et al, Review of research for disaster prevention, 1982, No.70, p.1-103, In Japanese with English summary. 5 refs., Also published in Japan. National Research Center for Disaster Prevention. Contributions from the Shinjo Branch, No.3 (Research data, 1979-1984), 1985.

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Snow physics, Snow cover, Profiles, Snow depth, Snow density, Snow hardness, Snow temperature, Snow water content, Statistical analysis, Japan Shinjo.

40-76

Observational data of groundwater in the Shinjo basin (2)-Shallow groundwater level and water temperature (1976-1980).

Higashiura, M., Review of research for disaster prevention, 1982, No.71, p.1-90, In Japanese with English summery. 4 refs. For Pt.1 see 34-2557... Also published in Japan. National Research Center for Disaster Prevention. Contributions from the Shinjo Branch, No.3 (Research data, 1979-1984), 1985. Ground water, Snow cover effect, Water level, Snowmelt, Water temperature, Seasonal variations.

40-77

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Numano, N., Review of research for disaster prevention, 1982, No.72, p.1-247, In Japanese with English summary., Also published in Japan. National Research Center for Disaster Prevention. Contributions from the Shinjo Branch, No.3 (Research data, 1979-1984), 1985.

Snow removal, Snow cover effect, Winter maintenance, Damage, Countermeasures, Snow depth, Seasonal variations, Statistical analysis, Ice control, Municipal engineering.

40-78

Snow damages and their countermeasures the und ter season of 1980 to 1981. g area of Japan (1)—A win-

lumano, N., Review of research for disaster preventron, 1983, No.76, 126p., In Japanese with English summary., Also published in Japan. National Re-search Center for Disaster Prevention. Contributions from the Shinjo Branch, No.3 (Research data, 1979-

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Tidal currents, Shores, Ocean currents, Ocean waves, Boundary layer, Profiles, Coastal topographic features, Bottom topography, Bering Sea.

40-80

Properties of de-icing chemicals.

Shumacher, J.D., Pashinski, D.J.

Igura, K., Shikensho hokoku—Nippon doro kodan shi-kensho, Nov. 1981, p.212-219, In Japanese with Eng-lish summary. 6 refs.

Chemical ice prevention, Winter maintenance, Pavements, Concrete structures, Chemical analysis, Coagulation, Countermeasures.

Study on de-icing agents-study on the use of sodium chloride (NaCl) in cold area.

Yamagami, S., et al, Shikensho hokoku -Nippon doro kodan shikensho, Nov. 1983, p.154-160, In Japanese with English summary. 6 refs. Kuruma, K

Sato, K., Kuruma, K. Chemical ice prevention, Skid resistance, Pavements, Concrete structures, Freezing points, Antifreezes, Chemical analysis.

Remote sensing application in agriculture and hydrology.

Fraysse, G., ed. Rotterdam, A.A. Balkema, 1980, 502p., Proceedings of a seminar held at the Joint Research Centre of the Commission of the European Communities, Ispra, Italy, Nov. 21-Dec. 2, 1977. selected papers see 40-83 through 40-88.

Hydrology, Snow surveys, Remote sensing, Agriculture, Meetings.

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Snow cover distribution, Snow surveys, Remote sens-

ing, Snow melting, Water reserves, Photointerpretation, Mapping, Computer applications, Europe.

Computer-aided analysis of satellite and aircraft MSS data for mapping snow-cover and water re-

Hoffer, R.M., Remote sensing application in agriculture and hydrology. Edited by G. Fraysse, Rotterdam, A.A. Balkema, 1980, p.373-388, 22 refs.

cover distribution, Remote sensing, Computer applications, Reflectivity, Water reserves, Mapping, LANDSAT, Cloud cover, Monitors.

Electromagnetic studies of ice and snow. 1. Radiometry of ice and snow.

Gudmandsen, P.E., Remote sensing application in agriculture and hydrology. Edited by G. Fraysse, Rotterdam, A.A. Balkema, 1980, p.389-400, 9 refs. Ice surveys, Snow surveys, Remote sensing, Microwaves, Radiometry, Thermal radiation, Measuring instruments.

Electromagnetic studies of ice and snow. 2. Radio

echo sounding.
Gudmandsen, P.E.. Remote sensing application in Edited by G. Fraysse, agriculture and hydrology. Edited by G. Fraysse, Rotterdam, A.A. Balkema, 1980, p.401-416, 17 refs. Ice surveys, Snow surveys, Radio echo soundings, Electromagnetic properties, Ice cover thickness, Padio ways Ice alectrical properties. Radio waves. Ice electrical properties. Snow electrical properties, Profiles, Snow depth, Analysis (mathematics).

on the physical aspects of the system, and its application to ice and snow in Greenland and East Antarctica is reported. A recording made in Antarctica with the 60 MHz is stem and a nulse length of 250 nanoseconds shows interesting features. The mountains to the left covered by about 2,500 of ice are represented by hyperbolas. In principle they represent only the summit of the mountain but often modifications by the mountain structure occur and a method of reconstruction of the relief has been worked out. The maximum ice thickness observed is about 4, 400 m in the neighborhood of Dome C (76 S, 125 E). At that place the bottom echo show a smooth pattern in contrast to the echoes from the ice-rock interface at both sides which partly show the usual hyperbolic shape. This feature extends over about 4.4 m and is situatived to reflection from a on the physical aspects of the system, and its application to ice which partly show the usual hyperbolic shape. This feature ex-tends over about 4 km and is attributed to reflection from a ater surface a subglacial lake

Hydrologic basin models.

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Runoff forecasting, Hydrology, Meltwater, Remote sensing, Models, Ablation, Snow depth, Computer programs, Snow cover distribution, Sensonal variations.

40.88

Satellite data collection systems; hydrologic applica-

Taillade-Carriere, M., Remote sensing application in agriculture and hydrology. Edited by G. Fraysse, Rotterdam, A.A. Balkema, 1980, p.461-470, 16 refs. Hydrology, Remote sensing, Water reserves, Snow accumulation, Computer programs, Snow equivalent, Ice cover thickness.

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Kudriavtsey, V.A., ed, Moscow, Universitet, 1981, 221p., In Russian. For selected summaries see 40-90

through 40-195.

Moscow. Universitet. Kafedra merzlotovedeniia. Permafrost physics, Permafrost structure, Perma frost hydrology, Frozen rock strength, Active layer, Freeze thaw cycles, Permafrost thermal properties, Permafrost beneath structures, Experimentation, Tests.

40-90

Methods of studying water erosion of frozen fines for the evaluation of potential erosion danger for territories in the cryolithozone. [Metodika izucheniia razmyvaemosti merzlykh dispersnykh porod dlia tselet otsenki potentsial'noi erozionnoi opasnosti territorii v

kriolitozonej, Ershov, E.D., et al, Issledovanie sostava, stroeniia i svoistv merzlykh, promerzaiushchikh i ottaivaiush-chikh porod s tsel'iu naibolee ratsional'nogo proek-Shkola-seminar, tirovaniia i stroitel'stva. Feb. 17-19, 1981. Tezisy dokladov (Seminar on the investigation of composition, structure and properties of frozen, freezing and thawing rocks for obtaining of frozen, freezing and thawing rocks for obtaining most rational design and construction techniques, Moscow, Feb. 17-19, 1981. Summaries of reports) edited by V.A. Kudriavtsev, Moscow, Universitet, 1981, p.3-4, In Russian. Kuchukov, E.Z., Malinovskii, D.V. Prozen fines, Water erosion, Environmental protection. Soil surveys. Analysis (methametics)

tion, Soil surveys, Analysis (mathematics).

40-91

X-ray diffraction technique of studying ice formation processes. [Metodika rentgenograficheskogo is-

sledovaniia protsessov l'doobrazovaniia, Filatova, E.V., Issledovanie sostava, stroeniia i svoistv merzlykh, promerzaiushchikh i ottaivaiushchikh porod s tsel'iu naibolee ratsional'nogo proektirovaniia stroitel'stva. Shkola-seminar, Moscow, Feb. 17-19, 1981. Tezisy dokladov (Seminar on the investigation of composition, structure and properties of frozen, freezing and thawing rocks for obtaining most rational design and construction techniques, Moscow, Feb. 17-19, 1981. Summaries of reports) edited by V.A. Kudriavtsev, Moscow, Universitet, 1981, p.5, In Russian. Ice formation, X ray diffraction, Porous materials, Water vapor, Ice sublimation, X ray analysis.

40-92

Experience in determining electrical properties of frozen rocks under natural conditions. [Opyt opredelenija elektricheskikh kharakteristik merzlykh

porod v estestvennom zaleganii, ruguch, V b., et al, lusledovanie tottawa, stroeniia i svolstv merzlykh, promerzaiushchikh i ottaivaiushchikh porod s tsel'iu naibolee ratsional'nogo proekattoftellativa. Sall Olarse Mill at Feb. 17-19, 1981. Tezisy dokladov (Seminar on the investigation of composition, structure and properties of frozen, freezing and thawing rocks for obtaining most rational design and construction techniques, Moscow, Feb. 17-19, 1981. Summaries of reports) edited by V.A. Kudriavtsev, Moscow, Universitet, 1981, p.5-6, In Russian. Timofeev, V.M., Biashkov, G.P.

Permafrost physics, Electrical properties, Electromagnetic prospecting, Recording

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Using seismoscoustic methods in studying structure and properties of frozen rocks. [Voprosy primeneniis selamoakusticheskikh metodov dlia izucheniia stro-

Goriainov, N.N., et al, Issledovanie sostava, stroeniia i svolstv merzlykh pomerzaiushchikh i ottaivaiushchikh porod s tsel'iu naibolee ratsional'nogo proektirovaniia i stroitel'stva. Shkola-seminar, Moscow, Peb. 17-19, 1981. Tezisy dokladov (Seminar on the investigation of composition, structure and properties myesugation of composition, structure and properties of frozen, freezing and thawing rocks for obtaining most rational design and construction techniques, Moscow, Feb. 17-19, 1981. Summaries of reports) edited by V.A. Kudriavtsev, Moscow, Universitet, 1981, p.6-7, In Russian.
Skvortsov, A.G., Kozyrev, V.G.

Permafrost structure, Ice acoustics, Permafrost ther-mal properties, Ground thawing, Acoustic measure-

Sampling frozen ground of layered cryogenic structure. ¡Osobennosti oprobovaniia merzlykh gruntov sloistol kriogennol tekstury],

Minkin, M.A., Issledovanie sostava, stroeniia i svojstv merzlykh, promerzajushchikh i ottaivajushchikh porod s tsel'iu naibolee ratsional'nogo proektirovaniia porod s tsel'il naibolee ratsional nogo proektirovanila istroitel'stva. Shkola-seminar, Moscow, Feb. 17-19, 1981. Tezisy dokladov (Seminar on the investigation of composition, structure and properties of frozen, freezing and thawing rocks for obtaining most rational design and construction techniques, Moscow, Feb. 17-19, 1981. Summaries of reports) edited by V.A. Kudriavtsev, Moscow, Universitet, 1981, p.7-8, In Rus-

Permafrost samplers, Permafrost structure, Ground ice, Layers, Sampling.

Accuracy of determining physical properties of frozen course clastic ground. (O tochnosti opredeleniia fizicheskikh svolstv merzlykh krupnooblomochnykh

40-93

Using seismoscoustic methods and properties of frozen rocks, a felsmoskusticheskikh metodovenia is avolstv merzlykh porod, Gorisinov, N.N., et al, Issledowi is avolstv merzlykh, promerzaius chikh porod s usel'us maisoblee tirovamia is stroitel'stva. Shke Feb. 17-19, 1981. Tezisy dokli investigation of composition, sur of frozen, freezing and thawing most rational design and con Moscow, Feb. 17-19, 1981. S edited by V.A. Kudriavtsev, I 1981, p.6-7, In Russian. Skvort.ov, A.G., Kozyrev, V.G. Permafrost structure, Ice seosa mal properties, Ground flawin ment, Seismic surveys.

40-94

Sampling frozen ground of lay ture, cosobennosti oprobovamii sloistol kriogennol tekstury). Minkin, M.A., Isaledovanie sosti merzlykh, promerzaiushchikh porod s tsel'in naibolee rational is troitel'stva. Shkola-seminar, 1981. Tezisy dokladov (Seminar) of composition, structure and freezing and thawing rocks for of design and construction techniqu 19, 1981. Summaries of report driavtsev, Moscow, Universitet, sian.

Permafrost samplers, Permafro ice, Layers, Sampling.

40-95

Accuracy of determining physics coarse clastic ground. (O tochne chesikih svolstv merzlykh promerzaiushchikh porod stel'in naibolee tirovanii a stroitel'stva. Shko Feb. 17-19, 1981. Summaries of report. Progenic solis, Soli nggregates, Ground ice, Physical properties duode tirovanii a stroitel'stva. Shko Feb. 17-19, 1981. Sedited by V.A. Kudriavtsev, 1981, p.9-10. In Russian. Cryogenic solis, Soli nggregates, Ground ice, Physical properties duode in svolstv merzlykh, promerzaiushchikh porod stel'un aibolee tirovanii a stroitel'stva. Shko Feb. 17-19, 1981. Sedited by V.A. Kudriavtsev, 1981, p.9-10. Russian. Cryogenic solis, Soli nggregates, Ground ice, Physical properties duode in svolstv merzlykh, promerzaiushchikh procession, stroitel'stva. Shko Feb. 17-19, 1981. Sedited by V.A. Kudriavtsev, 1981, p.11-12, Russian. Permafron design and con Moscow, Feb. 17-19, 1981. Sedited by V.A. Kudriavtsev, 1981, p.11-12, Russian. Permafron design and con Moscow, Feb. 17 gruntovi, Davidenko, V.P., Issledovanie sostava, stroeniia i svolstv merzlykh, promerzajushchikh i ottaivajushchikh porod s tsel'iu naibolee ratsional'nogo proek-tirovaniia i stroitel'stva. Shkola-seminar, Moscow, Feb. 17-19, 1981. Tezisy dokladov (Seminar on the investigation of composition, structure and properties of frozen, freezing and thawing rocks for obtaining most rational design and construction techniques, Moscow. Feb. 17-19, 1981. Summaries of reports) edited by V.A. Kudriavtsev, Moscow, Universitet, 1981, p.9-10, In Russian.

Cryogenic soils, Soil aggregates, Cryogenic structure, Ground ice, Physical properties.

Controlling temperature regime of soil samples under laboratory conditions. [K metodike regulirovaniia temperaturnogo rezhima obraztsov gruntov v labora-

temperaturnogo rezhima obrazisov gruntov v lahora-tornykh usloviiakh₁, Sychev, IU.I., et al, Issledovanie sostava, stroeniia i svoistv merzlykh, promerzaiushchikh i ottaivaiush-chikh porod s tsel'iu naibolee ratsional'nogo proek-tirovaniia i stroitel'stva. Shkola-seminar, Moscow, Feb. 17-19, 1981. Tezisy dokladov (Seminar on the investigation of composition, structure and properties of frozen, freezing and thawing rocks for obtaining most rational design and construction techniques, Moscow, Feb. 17-19, 1981. Summaries of reports) edited by V.A. Kudriavtsev, Moscow, Universitet, 1981, p.11-12, In Russian.

Portniagin, A.P.
Permafrost thermal properties, Permafrost structure, Sampling, Frozen rock temperature, Tests, Laborato-

Ball-type die of new structure. ¡Novaia konstruktsiia

Ball-type die of new structure. Exovaia kolistiukishia sharikovogo priboraj, Mirenburg, IU.S., et al, Issledovanie sostava, stroeniia i svolstv merzlykh, piomerzajushchikh i ottaivajushchikh porod s tsel'iu naibolee ratsional'nogo proektirovaniia i stroitel'stva. Shkola-seminar, Moscow, Feb. 17-19, 1981. Tezisy dokladov (Seminar on the investigation of composition, structure and properties investigation of composition, structure and properties of frozen, freezing and thawing rocks for obtaining most rational design and construction techniques, Moscow, Feb. 17-19, 1981. Summaries of reports) edited by V.A. Kudriavtsev, Moscow, Universitet, 1981, p.12-13, In Russian.

Skorokin, V.A., Fedoseev, IU.G., Fomin, V.A. Frozen ground, Measuring instruments, Cohesion.

Well logging techniques for studying lithological composition, ice volume in frozen rocks and determining the position of permafrost boundaries in the well. [isol'zovanie karotazha dlia issledovanija litologicheskogo sostava, l'distosti merzlykh porod i opredeleniia polozheniia granits mnogoletnel merzloty v skvazpoloznen hinakhj,

Sedov, B.M., et al, Issledovanie sostava, stroeniia i svoistv merzlykh, promerzaiushchikh i ottaivaiushchikh porod s iseliu naiboice raisional nogo proektirovaniia i stroitel stva. Shkola-seminar, Moscow, Feb. 17-19, 1981. Tezisy dokledov (Seminar on the investigation of competition, structure and properties. investigation of composition, structure and properties of frozen, freezing and thawing rocks for obtaining most rational design and construction techniques, Moscow, Feb. 17-19, 1981. Summaries of reports) edited by V.A. Kudriavtsev, Moscow, Universitet, 1981, p.14-15, In Russian.

Surkova, N.M., Shakhtorin, V.A. Geophysical surveys, Well logging, Permafrost struc-ture, Frozen fines, Ice volume, Phase transforma-tions, Physical properties.

Equipment and techniques of studying electrical properties of freezing and thawing rocks under natural conditions. (Tekhnika i metodika issledovanija dinamiki elektricheskikh svojstv promerzajushchikh i ottaivaiushchikh gornykh porod v estestvennom zaleganii).

Zaleganii,
Zhandalinov, V.M., Issledovanie sostava, stroeniia i
svolstv merzlykh, promerzaiushchikh i ottaivaiushchikh porod s tsel'iu naibolee ratsional'nogo proektirovaniia i stroitel'stva. Shkola-seminar, Moscow,
Feb. 17-19, 1981. Tezisy dokladov (Seminar on the investigation of composition, structure and properties of frozen, freezing and thawing rocks for obtaining most rational design and construction techniques, Moscow, Feb. 17-19, 1981. Summaries of reports) edited by V.A. Kudriavtsev, Moscow, Universitet, 1981, p.17-18, In Russian.

Soil freezing, Frost penetration, Ground thawing, Physical properties, Electrical properties, Measuring instruments.

40-100

Controlling and evaluating the state of thawing and Controlling and evaluating the state of thawing and freezing rocks by cyclic measurements of electrical parameters. Primenenie tsiklicheskikh izmerenil elektricheskikh parametrov dlia otsenki i kontrolia sostoiania protaivaiushchikh i promerzaiushchikh

gornykh porodj.

Zhandalinov, V.M., et al, Issledovanie sostava, stroeniia i svolstv merzlykh, promerzaiushchikh i ottaivaiushchikh porod s tsel'iu naibolee ratsional'nogo proektirovaniia i stroitel'stva. Shkola-seminar, Moscow, eb. 17-19, 1981. Tezisy dokladov (Seminar on the investigation of composition, structure and properties of frozen, freezing and thawing rocks for obtaining most rational design and construction techniques, Moscow, Feb. 17-19, 1981. Summaries of reports) edited by V.A. Kudriavtsev, Moscow, Universitet, 1981, p.18-19, In Russian. Mel'nikov, V.P

Frozen ground physics, Frozen ground strength, Frozen ground temperature, Phase transformations, Ice volume, Unfrozen water content, Measuring instruments, Electric equipment.

40-101

Quick methods of seismoncoustic studies of thawing and freezing processes in permafrost areas. [Ek spressnye metody seismoakusticheskikh issledovanii protsessov ottaivaniia i promerzaniia v raionakh mnogoletnel merzlotyj,

Sedov, B.M., Issledovanie sostava, stroeniia i svotstv merzlykh, promerzaiushchikh i ottaivaiushchikh porod s tsel'iu naibolee ratsional'nogo proektirovaniia stroitel'stva. Shkola-seminar, Moscow, Feb. 17-19, Tezisy dokladov (Seminar on the investigation of composition, structure and properties of frozen, freezing and thawing rocks for obtaining most rational design and construction techniques, Moscow, Feb. 17-19, 1981. Summaries of reports) edited by V.A. Kudriavtsev, Moscow, Universitet, 1981, p.19-21, In Rus-

Active layer, Freeze thaw cycles, Hydrothermal processes, Soil temperature, Seasonal variations, Perma-

Laboratory technique of determining gas permeability of frozen rocks. (K metodike laboratornogo opredeleniia gazopronitsaemosti merzlykh gornykh

porodi,
Piastolov, A.D., Issledovanie sostava, stroeniia i svolstv merzlykh, promerzaiushchikh i ottaivaiushchikh porod s zierliu naibolee ratsional nogo procesom stroening. Moscow. tirovaniia i stroitel'stva. Shkola-seminar, Moscow, Feb. 17-19, 1981. Tezisy dokladov (Seminar on the investigation of composition, structure and properties of frozen, freezing and thawing rocks for obtaining most rational design and construction techniques, Moscow, Feb. 17-19, 1981. Summaries of reports) edited by V.A. Kudriavtsev, Moscow, Universitet, 1981, p.21, In Russian.

Liquefled gases, Artificial freezing, Underground storage, Reservoirs, Frozen rocks, Permeability, Permafrost thermal properties.

Determining the permeability of massive permafrost. [Opredelenie pronitsaemosti massivov vechnomer-

zlykh porod₃, Kalashnikov, P.I., et al, Issledovanie sostava, stroenija i svolstv merzlykh, promerzaiushchikh i ottaivaiushchikh porod s tsel'iu naibolee ratsional'nogo procktirovaniia i stroitel'stva. Shkola-seminar, Moscow, Feb. 17-19, 1981. Tezisy dokladov (Seminar on the investigation of composition, structure and properties of frozen, freezing and thawing rocks for obtaining most rational design and construction techniques, Moscow, Feb. 17-19, 1981. Summaries of reports) edited by V.A. Kudriavtsev, Moscow, Universitet, 1981, p.22, In Russian.
Sudarikov, IU.F., Lapochkin, B.K.

Underground storage, Reservoirs, Petroleum products, Permafrost.

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Zaitsev, V.S., Kudriavtsev, E.A.

Permafrost thermal properties, Active layer, Permafrost physics, Measuring instruments, Frozen rock temperature, Accuracy.

Nonstationary thermal studies of permafrost intervals. [Nestatsionarnoe teplovoe issledovanie intervala mnogoletnemerzlykh porod],

Polozkov, A.V., et al. Issledovanie sostava, stroeniia i svolstv merzlykh, promerzaiushchikh i ottaivaiush-chikh porod s tsel'iu naibolec ratsional'nogo proekrirovaniia i stroitel'stva. Shkola-seminar, Moscow, Feb. 17-19, 1981. Tezisy dokladov (Seminar on the investigation of composition, structure and properties of frozen, freezing and thawing rocks for obtaining of frozen, freezing and thawing rocks for obtaining most rational design and construction techniques, Moscow, Feb. 17-19, 1981. Summaries of reports) edited by V.A. Kudriavtsev, Moscow, Universitet, 1981, p.24-25, In Russiavtsev, Moscow, Universitet, Drilling, Drilling fluids, Permafrost, Permafrost structure, Drill core analysis, Ice volume, Frozen rock temperature, Physical properties.

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Cheverev, V.G., et al, Issledovanie sostava, stroeniia i avofatv merzlykh, promerzaiushchikh i ottaivaiushchikh porod a tsel'iu naibolec ratsional'nogo prock-incaraniia i atsaital'atva. Shkola-seminar Moscow. tirovaniia i stroitel'stva. Shkola-seminar, Moscow, Feb. 17-19, 1981. Tezisy dokladov (Seminar on the investigation of composition, structure and properties of frozen, freezing and thawing rocks for obtaining most rational design and construction techniques, Moscow, Feb. 17-19, 1981. Summaries of reports) edited by V.A. Kudriavtsev, Moscow, Universitet, 1981, p.25-26, In Russian. Kuleshov, IU.V.

Ice composition, Permafrost physics, Rheology, Permafrost structure, Frozen rock strength, Soil composition.

40-107

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saturated ground. [Metodika otsenki deformatsi) pucheniia vlagonasyshchennykh gruntov],
Ershov, E.D., et al, Issledovanie sostava, stroeniia i svolstv merzlykh, promerzaiushchikh i ottaivaiushchikh porod s tsel'iu naibolee ratsional nogo proektirovaniia i stroitel'stva. Shkola-seminar, Moscow, Feb. 17-19, 1981. Tezisy dokladov (Seminar on the investigation of composition, structure and properties of frozen, freezing and thawing rocks for obtaining most rational design and construction techniques, Moscow, Feb. 17-19, 1981. Summaries of reports) edited by V.A. Kudriavtsev, Moscow, Universitet, 1981, p.26-28, In Russian.

Lebedenko, IU.P., Petrov, V.S.

Prozen fines, Freeze thaw cycles, Soil water migration, Frost heave, Analysis (mathematics).

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obraztsov gruntov na prochnosť, lofik, V.Z., Issledovanie sostava, stroeniia i svolstv merzlykh, promerzaiushchikh i ottaivaiushchikh porod s tsel'iu naibolee ratsional'nogo proektirovaniia stroitel'stva. Shkola-seminar, Moscow, Feb. 17-19, 1981. Tezisy dokladov (Seminar on the investigation of composition, structure and properties of frozen, freezing and thawing rocks for obtaining most rational design and construction techniques, Moscow, Feb. 17-19, 1981. Summaries of reports) edited by V. A. Kudriavtsev, Moscow, Universitet, 1981, p.30-31, In Rus-

Permafrost physics, Mathematical models. Rock mechanics, Frozen ground strength, Simulation.

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Studying phase composition of moisture in fine grained ground. Izuchenie fazovogo sostava vlagi v

dispersnykh gruntakh,
Danielian, IU.S., et al, Issledovanie sostava, stroeniia
i svolstv merzlykh, promerzaiushchikh i ottaivaiushchikh porod s tsel'iu naibolee ratsional'nogo proekikh porod stel'iu naibolee ratsional'nogo proekikh porod stell'iu naibolee ratsional'nogo proe tirovaniia i stroitel'stva. Shkola-seminar, Moscow, Feb. 17-19, 1981. Tezisy dokladov (Seminar on the

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Frozen fines, Unfrozen water content, Measuring in-

struments.

40-110

Field studies of the structure and properties of coarsegrained frozen, freezing and thawing rocks. (Metodi-ka polevogo izucheniia sostava stroeni. 4 i svoistv krupnooblomochnykh merzlykh, promerzaiushchikh i ot-

nooblomochnyku merzyyn, rataivaiushchikh porod, Shesternev, D.M., Issledovanie sostava, stroeniia i svotstv merzlykh, promerzaiushchikh i ottaivaiushchikh porod s tsel'iu naibolee ratsional'nogo proektikh porod, s tsel'iu naibolee ratsional'nogo proektikh porod s tsel'iu naibolee ratsional tirovaniia i stroitel'stva. Shkola-seminar, Moscow, Feb. 17-19, 1981. Tezisy dokladov (Seminar on the investigation of composition, structure and properties of frozen, freezing and thawing rocks for obtaining most rational design and construction techniques, Moscow, Feb. 17-19, 1981. Summaries of reports) edited by V.A. Kudriavtsev, Moscow, Universitet, 1981, p.33-35, in Russian.

Mine shafts, Quarries, Prozen ground, Organic soils,

Cryogenic structures, Active layer, Permafrost structure. Ground ice, Ice structure, Impurities.

40-111

New method of paleoclimatic reconstruction for studying permafrost dynamics. (Novy1 metod paleok-limaticheskikh rekonstruktsi) dlia issledovanii dinamiki mnogoletnemerzlykh porod₁,

Sheshin, IU.B., et al, lasledovanie sostava, stroeniia i svoïstv merzlykh, promerzaiushchikh i ottaivaiush-chikh porod s tsel'iu naibolee ratsional'nogo proek-Feb. 17-19, 1981. Tezisy dokladov (Seminar, Moscow, Feb. 17-19, 1981. Tezisy dokladov (Seminar on the investigation of composition, structure and properties of frozen, freezing and thawing rocks for most rational design and construction techniques, Moscow, Feb. 17-19, 1981. Summaries of reports) edited by V.A. Kudriavtsev, Moscow, Universitet, 1981, p. 35-37, In Russian.

Sheshina, O.N.

Permafrost dating, Permafrost distribution, Permafrost origin, Human factors, Paleoecology, Paleo-climatology, Environmental protection.

40-112

Experimental study of static growth of cracks in frozen ground. (Eksperimental'nye issledovaniia stati-cheskogo rosta treshchin v merzlykh gruntakh),

Grechishchev, S.E., et al, Issledovanie sostava, stroeniia i svoistv merzlykh, promerzajushchikh i ottaivaiushchikh porod s tsel'iu naibolee ratsional'nogo proek-tirovaniia i stroitel'stva. Shkola-seminar, Moscow, Feb. 17-19, 1981. Tezisy dokladov (Seminar on the investigation of composition, structure and properties of frozen, freezing and thawing rocks for obtaining most rational design and construction techniques, Moscow, Feb. 17-19, 1981. Summaries of reports) edited by V.A. Kudriavtsev, Moscow, Universitet, 1981, p 38-39, In Russian.

Sheshin, IU.B. Frozen ground strength, Frost shattering, Crack propagation, Sands, Loams, Peat.

40-113

Methods of assessing the spatial variability of perma frost structure, composition and properties for purof engineering geocryological surveys. metodakh otsenki prostranstvennoš izmenchivosti stroeniia, sostava i svošstv MMP pri inzhenerno-geokriologicheskoi s"emkej, Goral'chuk, M.I., et al, Issledovanie sostava, stroeniia

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Problems and methods of studying rocks during geocryological-engineering-geological investigations. Zadachi i metody izucheniia gornykh porod pri merlotno-inzhenerno-geologicheskikh izyskaniiakhj,

Trush, N.I., Issledovanie sostava, stroeniia i svolstv merzlykh, promerzaiushchikh i ottaivaiushchikh porod s tsel'iu naibolee ratsional'nogo proektirovaniia of composition, structure and properties of frozen, freezing and thawing rocks for obtaining most rational design and construction techniques, Moscow, Feb. 17-19, 1981. Summaries of reports) edited by V.A. Kudriavtsev, Moscow, Universitet, 1981, p.41-43, In Rus-

Site surveys, Engineering geology, Geocryology, Petroleum industry, Buildings, Pipelines, Permafrost beneath structures.

Experience in estimating the effect of landscape boundaries in detailed engineering-geo-ryological investi-gations. (Opyt otsenki vliianiia landshaftnykh granits detal'nykh inzhenerno-geokriologicheskikh

sledovanijakhi, Chekrygina, S.N., Issledovanie sostava, stroenija i svoľstv merzlykh, promerzajushchikh i ottaivajush-chikh porod s tsel'ju naibolee ratsional'nogo proektirovaniia i stroitel'stva. Shkola-seminar, Moscow, Feb. 17-19, 1981. Tezisy dokladov (Seminar on the investigation of composition, structure and properties of frozen, freezing and thawing rocks for obtaining most rational design and construction techniques, Moscow, Feb. 17-19, 1981. Summaries of reports) edited by V.A. Kudriavtsev, Moscow, Universitet, edited by V.A. Kudriavtsev, Moscow, Universitet, 1981, p.43-44, In Russian. Mapping, Engineering geology, Landscape types,

Geocryology, Classifications.

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Allowing for the representativeness of engineeringgeocryological analysis in calculating generalized characteristics of different parameters. [Uchet predstavitel'nosti inzhenerno-geokriologicheskogo oprobovanija pri raschete obobshchennykh kharakristik svolstv],

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Shirshikova, A.S.
Tundra, Engineering geology, Pipelines, Permafrost beneath structures, Ground thawing, Physical properties, Permafrost physics.

Approximate calculation of the thickness of seasonal and perennial freeze-thaw halos around underground pipelines. Metodika priblizhennykh raschetov moshchnosti sezonnogo i mnogoletnego oreolov ottaivaniia (promerzaniia) gruntov vokrug zaglublen-

nogo truboprovodaj, Kondrat'ev, V.G., Issledovanie sostava, stroeniia i svojstv merzlykh, promerzajushchikh i ottaivajush-chikh porod s tsel'ju naibolee ratsional'nogo proektirovaniia i stroitel'stva. Shkola-seminar, Moscow, Feb. 17-19, 1981. Tezisy dokladov (Seminar on the investigation of composition, structure and properties of frozen, freezing and thawing rocks for obtaining most rational design and construction techniques, Moscow, Feb. 17-19, 1981. Summaries of reports) edited by V.A. Kudriavtsev, Moscow, Universitet, 1981, p.46-48, In Russian.

Pipelines, Permafrost beneath structures, Ground

thawing, Active layer, Seasonal freeze thaw.

40-118

Transformations in composition, structure and properties of fine grained soil during freeze-thaw cycles. Preobrazovanie sostava, stroenija i svojstv dispersnylh porod pri tsiklicheskom promerzanii-ot-

taivanii). Ershov, E.D., et al. Issledovanie sostava, stroeniia i svolstv merzlykh, promerzaiushchikh i ottaivaiush-chikh porod s tsel'iu naibolee ratsional'nogo proektirovaniia i stroitel'stva. Shkola-seminar, Moscow, Feb. 17-19, 1981. Tezisy dokladov (Seminar on the investigation of composition, structure and properties of frozen, freezing and thawing rocks for obtaining most rational design and construction techniques, Moscow, Feb. 17-19, 1981. Summaries of reports) edited by V.A. Kudriavtsev, Moscow, Universitet, 1981, p.52, In Russian. Kuchukov, E.Z. Dats'ko, P.S. Frozen fines, Freeze thaw cycles, Frost penetration, Hydrothermal processes, Soil composition, Soil chemistry, Cryogenic structure.

Heeresteer (The boson Proposition (Proposition (Propositi

40-119

Role of thermophysical, physico-chemical and me-chanical processes in the transformation of composi-tion and structure of rocks during freeze-thaw. [Rol' teplofizicheskikh, fiziko-khimicheskikh i mekhanicheskikh protsessov v preobrazovanii sostava i stro-

eniia porod pri promerzanii-ottaivanii, Lebedenko, IU.P., Issledovanie sostava, stroeniia i svolstv merzlykh, promerzaiushchikh i ottaivaiushchikh porod s tsel'iu naibolee ratsional'nogo proektirovaniia i stroitel'stva. Shkola-seminar, Moscow, Feb. 17-19, 1981. Tezisy dokladov (Seminar on the investigation of composition, structure and properties of frozen, freezing and thawing rocks for obtaining most rational design and construction techniques, Moscow, Feb. 17-19, 1981. Summaries of reports) edited by V.A. Kudriavtsev, Moscow, Universitet, 1981, p.50-51, In Russian.

Soil freezing, Frost penetration, Soil water migration, Hydrothermal processes, Frozen ground physics, Frozen ground chemistry.

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40-120 Using geophysical methods in studying the composition and structure of frozen ground under laboratory and field conditions. clzuchenic sostava i stroeniia merzlykh gruntov v laboratornykh i polevykh uslovijakh s pomoshch'iu geofizicheskikh metodov, Bogoliubov, A.N., et al, Issledovanie sostava, stroeniia i svojstv merzlykh, promerzajushchikh i ottaivajushchikh porod s tsel'iu taibolee ratsional'nogo proek-tirovaniia i stroitel'stva. Shkola-seminar, Moscow, Peb. 17-19, 1981. Tezisy dokladov (Seminar on the investigation of composition, structure and properties of frozen, freezing and thawing rocks for obtaining most rational design and construction techniques, Moscow, Feb. 17-19, 1981. Summaries of reports) edited by V.A. Kudriavtsev, Moscow, Universitet, 1981, p.53, In Russian.

Zykov, IU.D., Rozhdestvenskii, N.IU., Chervinskaia, O.P.

Permafrost physics, Acoustics, Electrical properties, Temperature effects, Lithology, Ice volume, Cryogen-

40-121

Changes in physical and chemical processes during frost penetration into peat and sapropel. Ilzmeneniia fiziko-khimicheskikh protsessov pri promorazhivanii

niziko-knimieneskiki protessov pri promorazinvani torfov i sapropeletj.
Popov, M.V., et al, Issledovanie sostava, stroeniia i svolstv merzlykh, promerzaiushchikh i ottaivaiushchikh porod s tsel'iu naibolee ratsional'nogo proekti.ovaniia i stroitel'stva. Shkola-seminar, Moscow, Feb. 17-19, 1981. Tezisy dokladov (Seminar on the investigation of composition, structure and properties investigation of composition, structure and properties of frozen, freezing and thawing rocks for obtaining most rational design and construction techniques, Moscow, Feb. 17-19, 1981. Summaries of reports) edited by V.A. Kudriavtsev, Moscow, Universitet, 1981, p.54-55, In Russian. Stotland, D.M., Tovbin, I.B., Gamaiunov, N.I. Soil freezing, Organic soils, Peat, Frost penetration, Hydrothermal processes.

Contracted property

Unfrozen water in clay-sand mixtures subjected to freeze-thaw cycles. (Nezamerzshaia voda v glinisto-peschanykh smesiakh podverzhennykh tsikliches-komu zamorazhivaniiu-ottaivaniiu,

Efimov, S.S., et al, Issiedovanie sostava, stroeniia i svolatv merzlykh, promerzaiushchikh i ottaivaiushchikh porod s tsel'iu naibolee ratsional'nogo proektirovaniia i stroitel'stva. Shkola-seminar, Moscow, Feb. 17-19, 1981. Tezisy dokladov (Seminar on the investigation of composition, structure and properties of frozen, freezing and having rocks for obtaining most rational design and construction techniques, Moscow, Feb. 17-19, 1981. Summaries of reports) edited by V.A. Kudriavtsev, Moscow, Universitet,

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Gavril'ev, V.N., Nikitina, L.M.
Frozen fines, Freeze thaw cycles, Clays, Sands, Unfrozen water content.

Estimating quantities of unfrozen water in capillarly porous colloids. (O prognozirovanii kolichestva neza-merzsheř vody v kolloidnykh kapilliarno-poristykh

materialakh₁, Efimov, S.S., Issledovanie sostava, stroeniia i svoistv merzlykh, promerzaiushchikh i ottaivaiushchikh porod s tsel'iu naibolee ratsional'nogo proektirovaniia i stroitel'stva. Shkola-seminar, Moscow, Feb. 17-19, Tezisy dokladov (Seminar on the investigation of composition, structure and properties of frozen, freezing and thawing cocks for obtaining most rational design and construction techniques, Moscow, Feb. 17-19, 1981. Summaries of reports) edited by V.A. Ku-driavtsev, Moscow. Universitet, 1981, p.50, In Rus-

Colloids, Capillarity, Unfrozen water content, Porocity.

40-124

Dynamics of concentration changes in pore solutions under cyclic freeze-thaw. Dinamika kontsentrat-sionnykh izmerenil porovogo rastvora pri tsiklicheskom vozdelstvii nizkikh temperatur,

Popov, V.I., Isaledovanie sostava, streniia i svoistv merzlykh, promerzaiushchikh i ottaivaiushchikh porod s tsel'iu naibolee ratsional'nogo proektirovaniia Shkola-seminar, Moscow, Feb. 17-19, stroitel'stva. 1981. Tezisy dokladov (Seminar on the investigation of composition, structure and properties of frozen, freezing and thawing rocks for obtaining most rational design and construction techniques, Moscow, Feb. 17-19, 1981. Summaries of reports) edited by V.A. Kudriavtsev, Moscow, Universitet, 1981, p.57-58, In Rus-

Soil freezing, Porosity, Soil water migration, Ion density (concentration), Freeze thaw cycles, Ice formation, Water chemistry.

40-125 Studying migration of salts in frozen water-saturated sands. [Izuchenie migratsii sole! v merzlykh vlagona-syshchennykh peskakh], Nechaev, E.A., et al, Issledovanie sostava, stroeniia

svojstv merzlykh, promerzajushchikh i ottaivajushchikh porod s tsel'iu naibolee ratsional'nogo proektirovaniia i stroitel'stva. Shkola-seminar, Moscow, Feb. 17-19, 1981. Tezisy dokladov (Seminar on the investigation of composition, structure and properties of frozen, freezing and thawing rocks for obtaining most rational design and construction techniques, Moscow, Feb. 17-19, 1981. Summaries of reports) edited by V.A. Kudriavtsev, Moscow, Universitet, 1981, p.58-60, In Russian.

Romanov, V.P., Kan, E.V.
Permafrost physics, Soil water migration, Water chemistry, Mechanical properties, Salinity.

40-126

Structural and morphological changes in pore spaces and minerals of cement-sand grouts used in oil-pipe-line construction, under conditions of cyclic freeze-[Strukturno-morfologicheskie izmenenija porovogo prostranstva i mineralov tsementno-peschanogo rastvora primeniaemogo pri stroitel'stve nef-teprovodov v usloviiakh tsiklicheskogo zamoraz-

teprovodov usioviiakh tsiklicheskogo zamorazhivaniia-ottaivaniia-, Spitsyn, A.N., et al, Issledovanie sostava, stroeniia i svolstv merzlykh, promerzaiushchikh i ottaivaiushchikh porod s tsel'iu naibolee ratsional'nogo proekirovaniia i stroitel'stva. Shkola-seminar, Moscow, Feb. 17-19, 1981. Tezisy dokladov (Seminar on the investigation of composition, structure and properties of frozen, freezing and thawing rocks for obtaining of frozen, freezing and thawing rocks for obtaining most rational design and construction techniques, Moscow, Feb. 17-19, 1981. Summaries of reports) edited by V.A. Kudriavtsev, Moscow, Universitet, 1981, p.60-61, In Russian.

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Oil recovery, Active layer, Pipelines, Freeze thaw cycles, Grouting, Cements, Concrete hardening,

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rocks. Osobennosti formirovaniia mikrostroeniia promerzaiushchikh porod, Lebedenko, IU.P., et al, lasledovanie sostava, stroeniia i svolstv merzlykh, promerzaiushchikh i ottaivaiushchikh porod s tael'iu naibolee ratsional'nogo proektirovaniia i stroitel'stva. Shkola-seminar, Moscow, Feb. 17-19, 1981. Tezisy dokladov (Seminar on the Feb. 17-19, 1981. Tezisy dokladov (Seminar on the investigation of composition, structure and properties of frozen, freezing and thawing rocks for obtaining most rational design and construction techniques, Moscow, Feb. 17-19, 1981. Summaries of reports) edited by V.A. Kudriavtsev, Moscow, Universitet, 1981, p.62-63, In Russian.

Shevchenko, L.V., IAzynin, O.M., Smirnova, V.N.

Frozen rocks, Microstructure, Cryogenic structures, Frost penetration, Soil water migration.

40-128

Microstructure of cryolithogenic deposits. [Mikros-

troenie kriolitogennykh otlozhenii, Zigert, Kh.G., Issledovanie sostava, stroeniia i svojstv merzlykh, promerzaiushchikh i ottaivaiushchikh porod s tsel'iu naibolee rataional'nego proektirovaniia i stroitel'stva. Shkola-seminar, Moscow, Feb. 17-19, 1981. Tezisy dokladov (Seminar on the investigation of composition, structure and properties of frozen, freezing and thawing rocks for obtaining most rational design and construction techniques, Moscow, Feb. 17-19, 1981. Summaries of reports) edited by V.A. Kudriavtsev, Moscow, Universitet, 1981, p.63-64, In Rus-

Active layer, Microstructure, Freeze thaw cycles, Cryogenic structures, Permafrost depth, Soil water migration, Hydrothermal processes.

Moisture transfer and ice separation in frozen rocks under stress gradient. [Vlagoperenos i l'dovydelenie v merzlykh porodakh pod deĭstviem gradienta napriaz-

Kudriavtsev, V.A., et al. Issledovanie sostava, stroenija i svolstv merzlykh, promerzaiushchikh i ottaivaiushchikh porod s tsel'iu naibolee ratsional'nogo proektirovaniia i struitel'stva. Shkola-seminar, Moscow, Feb. 17-19, 1981. Tezisy dokladov (Seminar on the investigation of composition, structure and properties of frozen, freezing and thawing rocks for obtaining or trozen, freezing and thawing rocks for obtaining most rational design and construction techniques, Moscow, Feb. 17-19, 1981. Summaries of reports) edited by V.A. Kudriavtsev, Moscow, Universitet, 1981, p.64-65, In Russian. Ershov, E.D., Lebedenko, IU.P., Ershov, V.D. Molsture transfer, Frozen ground physics, Frozen rocks, Shear stress, Mechanical tests, Stresses.

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svojstv merzlykh, promerzajushchikh i ottaivajushchikh porod s tsel'iu naibolee ratsional'nogo proektirovaniia i stroitel'stva. Shkola-seminar, Moscow, Feb. 17-19, 1981. Tezisy dokladov (Seminar on the investigation of composition, structure and properties of frozen, freezing and thawing rocks for obtaining most rational design and construction techniques, Moscow, Feb. 17-19, 1981. Summaries of reports) edited by V.A. Kudriavtsev, Moscow, Universitet, 1981, p.65-66, In Russian. Filatova, E.V

Soil freezing, Frost penetration, Frozen rocks, Porous materials, Ice formation, X ray analysis, Ice texture, Water vapor, Condensation.

Results of experimental studies of ice formation in freezing ground. [Nekotorye rezul'taty eksperimen-

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Soil freezing, Cryogenic structures, Frozen ground, Prost penetration, Permafrost beneath structures, Soil water migration.

40-133 Structure and properties of cryogenic strata in the central part of the Yamal Peninsula. (Stroenie i svolstva kriogennol tolshchi srednel chasti poluostrova IAmalı.

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Permafrost physics, Permafrost structure, Perma frost thermal properties, Ice volume, Economic development, Salinity, Frozen rock temperature, Soil com-

position, Drill core analysis.

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Ice lenses, Frost heave, Soil freezing, Ice growth, Seasonal freeze thaw, Frost penetration, Soil water migration. Ice formation.

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Modelling the formation of cryogenic structures. (Vyiavlenie zakonomernostel formirovaniia kriotel-

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Modeling the process of ground freezing around a "pipeline". ¡Rezul'taty modelirovaniia protsessa promorazhivaniia grunta vokrug "truboprovoda"], Zhestkova. T.N., et al, Issledovanie sostava, stroeniia

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primere Zapadnot IAkutii),
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ments, Cryogenic structures, Soil creep, Slope processes. Ice volume.

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Sediments, Engineering geology, Cryogenic struc-tures, Ice volume, Geocryology, Permatrost distribu-tion, Geologic processes, Geologic structures, Topographic effects.

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severnoi taigi, Evseev, V.P., Issledovanie sostava, stioeniia i svoistv merzlykh, promerzaiushchikh i ottaivaiushchikh porod s tsel'iu naibolee ratsional'nogo proektirovaniia i stroitel'stva. Shkola-seminar, Moscow, Feb. 17-19, 1981. Tezisy dokladov (Seminar on the investigation of composition, structure and properties of frozen, freezing and thawing rocks for obtaining most rational design and construction techniques, Moscow, Feb. 17-19, 1981. Summaries of reports) edited by V.A. Kudriavtsev, Moscow, Universitet, 1981, p.85-86, In Rus-

Frost mounds, Forest tundra, Cryogenic soils, Taiga, Origin, Soil water migration, Migration, Frost action.

40-142

Regularities of space variations of cryogenic structure and ice content in soils of northern West Siberia.

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Soil freezing, Freeze thaw cycles, Sampling, Ground

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Studying physico-mechanical properties of thawing and thawed ground. [Issledovanie fiziko-mekhani-cheskikh svolstv ottaivaiushchikh i talykh gruntov

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Prozen ground strength, Grain size, Water content, Analysis (mathematics).

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Gavrilov, A.N., Issledovanie sostava, stroenia i svolstv merzlykh, promerzaiushchikh i ottaivaiushchikh porod s tsel'iu naibolee ratsional'nogo proektirovaniia i stroitel'stva. Shikola-seminar, Moscow, Feb. 17-19, 1981. Tezisy dokladov (Seminar on the investigation of composition, structure and properties of frozen, treezing and thawing rocks for obtaining of frozen, freezing and thawing rocks for obtaining most rational design and construction techniques, Moscow, Feb. 17-19, 1981. Summaries of reports) edited by V.A. Kudriavtsev, Moscow, Universitet,

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prometzajushchikh i protaivajushchikh superiodev plotinakh aizkogo naporaj.
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formation, Cryogenic structures, Mathematical mod-

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Geocryology, Engineering geology, Research projects, Permafrost structure, Permafrost origin, Surveys, Mapping.

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Frazen fines, Ice formation, Frozen ground physics, Electrical properties, Cryogenic structure, Minerals,

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na puchenie porodj. Zamolotchikova, S.A., Issledovanie sostava, stroeniia i svoïstv merzlykh, promerzaiushchikh i ottaivaiushchikh porod s tsel'iu naibolee ratsional'nogo proektirovaniia i stroitel'stva. Shkola-seminar, Moscow, Feb. 17-19, 1981. Tezisy dokladov (Seminar on the investigation of composition, structure and properties of frozen, freezing and thawing rocks for obtaining most rational design and construction techniques, Moscow, Feb. 17-19, 1981. Summaries of reports) edited by V.A. Kudriavtsev, Moscow, Universitet, 1981, p. 128-130, In Russian.

Frozen fines, Noncohesive soils, Frost heave, Soil freezing, Soil water migration, Ice formation, Snow cover effect

40-165

Peculiarities of engineering-geocryolithological conditions of massive peat in northern taiga of West Si-Nekotorye osobennosti inzhenerno-geokriologicheskikh uslovil torfianykh massivov severnol talgi Zapadnol Sibiri, Danilova, N.S., et al, Issledovanie sostava, stroeniia i

Danitova, N.S., et al., issuedovanie sostava, stroenia i svolstv merzlykh, promerzaiushchikh i ottaivaiush-chikh porod s tsel'iu naibolee ratsional'nogo proek-tirovaniia i stroitel'stva. Shkola-seminar, Moscow, Feb. 17-19, 1981. Tezisy dokladov (Seminar on the investigation of composition, structure and properties of frozen, freezing and thawing rocks for obtaining most rational design and construction techniques, Moscow, Feb. 17-19, 1981. Summaries of reports) edited by V.A. Kudriavtsev, Moscow, Universitet, 1981, p.138-139, In Russian. Streletskaia, I.D.

Taiga, Permafrost origin, Paludification, Organic soils, Hydrothermal processes, Crvogenic soils, Geologic processes, Permafrost distribution, Permafrost

40-158

Approximation of the family of curves describing moisture transfer in fine grained rocks. [Approk - masuraniahehikh vlagoperenos v dispersnykh porodakhj,

Rudykh, O.L., Issledovanie sostava, stroeniia i svotstv merzlykh, promerzaiushchikh i ottaivaiushchikh porod s tsel'iu naibolee ratsional'nogo proektirovaniia stroitel'stva. Shkola-seminar, Moscow, Feb. 17-19, 1981. Tezisy dokladov (Seminar on the investiga-tion of composition, structure and properties of frozen, freezing and thawing rocks for obtaining most rational design and construction techniques, Moscow, Feb. 17-19, 1981. Summaries of reports) edited by V.A. Kudriavtsev, Moscow, Universitet, 1981, p.122-124, In

Moisture transfer, Frozen fines, Mathematical mod-

40-162

Structural peculiarities of pipelines build in frostheuve areas. ¡Osobennosti istrolstva tribuprovodov zalozhennykh v zone promerzaniia puchinistykh grountov₁,

Alekseev, S.I., et al, Issledovanie sostava, stroeniia i OISLY INCIZIVAD DUND A THE PROPERTY chikh porod s tsel'iu naibolee ratsional'nogo proek-tirevaniia i stroitel'stva. Shkola-seminar, Moscow, Feb. 17-19, 1981. Tezisy dokladov (Seminar on the investigation of composition, structure and properties of frozen, freezing and thawing rocks for obtaining most rational design and construction techniques, Moscow, Feb. 17-19, 1981. Summaries of reports) edited by V.A. Kudriavtsev, Moscow, Universitet, 1981, p.130-132, In Russian. Ulitskii, V.M.

Pipelines, Seasonal freeze thaw, Frost heave, Con-Plastics.

40-166

Regularities governing the formation of new active layer along the contour of slopes of deep quarries in Yakutia. (Zakonomernosti formitovaniia deiatel'nogo sloia po konturu otkosov glubokikh kar-'erov IAkutiij,

Indecovanie - wateve struenia svotstv merzlykh, promerzaiushchikh i ottaivaiushchikh porod s tsel'iu naibolee ratsional'nogo proektirovaniia i stroitel'stva. Shkola-seminar, Moscow, Feb. 17-19, 1981. Tezisy dokladov (Seminar on the investigation of composition, structure and properties of frozen, freezing and thawing rocks for obtaining most rational design and construction techniques, Moscow, Feb. 17-19, 1981. Summaries of reports) edited by V.A. Kudriavtsev, Moscow, Universitet, 1981, p.143-145, In Russian.

Quarries, Slope processes, Active layer, Mining, Permafrost distribution, Permafrost thermal properties, Permafrost transformation.

A-110

Dependence of frost heave on the frost-penetration regime. ¡Zavisimost' puchinistosti gruntov ot rezhima

promorazhivaniia, Ganeles, L.B., et al, Issledovanie sostava, stroenna i svolstv merzlykh, promerzaiushchikh i ottaivaiushtirovaniia i stroitel'stva. Shkola-seminar, Moscow, Feb. 17-19, 1981. Tezisy dokladov (Seminar on the Feb. 17-19, 1981. Tezisy dokladov. (Seminar on the investigation of composition, structure and properties of frozen, freezing and thawing rocks for obtaining most rational design and construction techniques, Moscow, Feb. 17-19, 1981. Summaries of reports) edited by V.A. Kudriavtsev, Moscow, Universitet, 1981, p.124-125, In Russian Orzhekhovskii, IU.R.

Soil freezing, Soil water migration, Frost heave, Cooling rate, Frost penetration.

Geocryological investigations in forecasting and expioration for tridicalitori deposite (O indicellan) merzlotnykh issledovan³t pri prognozirovanii i pois-

hakh mestorozhdeni uglevodorodovj. Ginsburg, G.D., et al, Issledovanie sostava, stroenia i svoistv merziykh, promerzajushchikh i ottaivajush-chikh porod s tsel'iu naibolee ratsional'nogo proek-Feb. 17-19, 1981. Tezisy dokladov (Seminar on the investigation of composition, structure and properties of frozen, freezing and thawing rocks for most rational design and construction techniques. Moscow, Feb. 17-19, 1981. Summanes of reports) edited by V.A. Kudriavtsev, Moscow, Universitet, 1981, p.135-136, In Russian.

Geological surveys, Permafrost structure, Permafrost distribution, Geophysical surveys, Petroleum industry, Exploration, Crude oil, Natural gas, Clathrates.

40-167

Compilation of auxiliary charts of components of engineer sub-geocryologica conditions for surveys in western sub-grang K mc like sostavlennia vspomogadiam'r. cheskikh dout provedenii s"emki (na primere Zapadnot :

Nevecheria, V.L., Issledovanie sostava, stroenija i svoistv merziykh, promerzajushchikh i ottaivajushchikh porod s tsel'iu naibolee ratsional'nogo proek-Feb. 17-19, 1981 Tezisy dokladov (Seminar or the investigation of composition, structure and properties of frozen, freezing and thawing rocks for obtaining most rational design and construction techniques, Moscow, Feb. 17-19, 1981. Summaries of reports) edited by V.A. Kudriavtsev, Moscow, Universitet, 1981, p.149-151, In Russian.

Mapping, Geological maps, Economic development, Permafrost hydrology, Geocryology, Permafrost dis-tribution, Petroleum industry, Permafrost beneath structures.

Some engineering and geological peculiarities of frozen rocks in the central Angara River area. (Nekotorye inzhenerno-geologicheskie osobennosti mer-

torye inzhenerno-geologicheskie osobennosti merzlykh porod Srednego Priangar'ia), Brovkin, A.N., et al, Isaledovanie sostava, stroeniia i svolstv merzlykh, promerzaiushchikh i ottaivaiushchikh porod s tsel'iu naibolee ratsional'nogo proektirovaniia i streitel'stva. Shkoia-seminar, Moscow, Feb 17-19, 1981. Tezisy dokladov (Seminar on the investigation of composition, structure and properties of frozen, freezing and thaving rocks for obtaining or rozen, recezing and thaving rocks for obtaining most rational design and construction techniques, Moscow, Feb. 17-19, 1981. Summaries of reports) edited by V.A. Kudriavtsev. Moscow, Universitet, 1981, p.151-153, In Russian. Spurza, M.A.

Prozen fines, Sporadic permafrost, Cryogenic struc-tures, Foundations, Piles, Clays, Economic development, Loams, Sands, Ground ice, Ice volume.

Calculating ground temperature at phase transitions

vykh perekhodakh vlagi, Konovalov, A.A., Issledovanie sostava, stroeniia i svolstv merzlykh, promerzaiushchikh i ottaivaiush-chikh porod s tsel'iu naibolee ratsional'nogo prock-lika productiva. Shkola-seminar, Moscow, investigation of composition, structure and properties of frozen, freezing and thawing rocks for obtaining most rational design and construction techniques, Moscow, Feb. 17-19, 1981. Summaries of reports) edited by V.A. Kudriavtsev, Moscow, Universitet, 1981, p.155-156, In Russian Soil freezing, Prost penetration, Soil water migration,

Phase transformations, Frozen ground temperature.

40-170

Applying variational principles of conformal mapping to the freezing and thawing of ground. [Primenenic variatsionnykh printsipov konformnogo otobrazheniia pri promerzanii i ottaivanii gruntai,

E.S., Issiedovanie sostava, stroeniia i svoistv merzlykh, promerzaiushchikh i ottaivaiushchikh i stroitel stva Shkola-seminar, Moscow, Feb 17-19, 1981. Tezisy dokladov (Seminar on the investiga-tion of composition, structure and properties of frozen, freezing and thawing rocks for obtaining most rational design and construction techniques, Moscow, Feb. 17-19, 1981 – Summaries of reports) edited by V.A. Ku-driavtsev, Moscow, Universitet, 1981, p.161-163, In

Soil freezing, Frost penetration, Frozen ground temperature. Freeze thaw cycles.

Forecasting the interaction between producing wells and permafrost. (Prognoz vzaimodelstvija ek-spiuatatsionnykh skvazhin s mnogoletnemerzlymi porodamij. Badu, IU.B., et al, Issledovanie sostava, stroenia

Svolsty merzlykh, promerzaushchikh i ottaivarushchich i ditaivarushchich i di teru arolle metualing i prektirovania i stroitelistva. Shkola-seminar, Moscow, Fcb 17-19, 1981. Tezisy dokladov. (Seminar on the investigation of composition, structure and properties of frozen, freezing and thawing rocks for obtaining Moscow, Feb. 17-19, 1981 Summaries of reports) edited by V.A. Kudriavtsev, Moscow, Universitet, 1981, p. 159-160, In Russian. Makogon, IU. F., Dubikov, G.I., Kolushev, N.R. Natural gas, Gas wells, Permafrost thermal properties, Well casings, Heat transfer.

40-172

Thermomechanical enthalpy model of freezing, thaw ing and frozen ground. [Termomekhanicheskaia ental'piìnaia model' promerzaiushchikh, ottaivaiush-

chikh i merzlykh gruntovy, Kronik, IA.A., Issledovanie sostava, stroeniia i svoistv merzlykh, promerzaiushchikh i ottaivaiushchikh porod s tsel'iu naibolee ratsional'nogo proektirovaniia is stroitel stva. Shkola-seminar, Moscow, Feb. 17-19, 1981. Tezisy dokladov (Seminar on the investigation of composition, structure and properties of frozen, freezing and thawing rocks for obtaining most rational design and construction techniques, Moscow, Feb. 17-19, 1981. Summaries of reports) edited by V.A. Kudriavtsev, Moscow, Universitet, 1981, p.161-163, In Russian

Models, Soil water migration, Stefan problem, Phase transformations, Enthalpy, Soil freezing, Frozen ground temperature, Thermal stresses, Frost penetration. Heat transfer.

40-173

Mathematical model of the dependence of enthalpy (heat content) of ground on temperature in the area of intensive phase transformations of ground water, for numerical engineering calculations. [O matematicheskol mode'i zavisimosti ental'pii (teplosoderzhaniia) grunta ot temperatury v oblasti intensivnykh fazovykh perekhodov vlagi v grunte dlia chislennykh inzhenerr.ykh raachetovj, Plotnikov, A.A., et al, Issledovanie sostava, stroeniia i

Plotnikov, A.A., et al, issiedovanie sostava, streema i svolstv merzlykh, promerzaiushchikh i ottaivaiushchikh porod s tsel'iu naibolee ratsional'nogo proektirovaniia i stroitel'stva. Shkola-seminar, Moscow, Feb. 17-19, 1981 Tezisy dokladov (Seminar on the investigation of composition, structure and properties investigation of composition, structure and properties of frozen, freezing and thawing rocks for obtaining most rational design and construction techniques, Moscow, Feb. 17-19, 1981. Summaries of reports) edited by V.A. Kudriavtsev, Moscow, Universitet. 1981, p.163-165, In Russian. Makarov, V.I., Abramov, B.I. Soll freezing, Phase transformations, Hygroscopic water, Freeze thaw cycles, Mathematical models, Ground water.

Moisture migration in fine soils under nonequilibrium conditions. (Migratsiia vlagi pri neravnovesnykh usloviiakh v disper.nykh gruntakh).
D. nielian IUS et al. Issledorarie sastava stroeniia i svoistv merzlykh, promerzanishchikh i ottaivanishkikh neddokakii neddo

chikh porod s tsel'iu naibolee ratsional'nogo proek-movania i stroitei siva. Shkola-seminar, Mos-ow, Feb. 17-19, 1981 Tezisy dokladov (Seminar on the investigation of composition, structure and properties of frozen, freezing and thawing reeks for obtaining most rational design and construction techniques, Moscow, Feb 17-19, 1981. Summaries of reports) edited by V.A. Kudriavtsev, Moscow, Universitet, 1981, p.165-166, In Russian.

IAnitskii. P.A.

Soil freezing, Frost penetration, Soil water migration, Phase transformations, H. at transfer, Mass transfer, Freeze thaw cycles, Mathematical models.

40-175

Basic requirements for forecasting engineering-geocryological conditions at different design stages of main gas pipelines. (Osnovnye trebovanila k prognozu inzhenerno-geokriologicheskikh uslovit na razlichnykh stadijakh proektirovanija magistral'nykh gazoprovodovj,
Makhonin, G.I., Issledovanie sostava, stroenija i

Makhonin, G.1. Isstedovanie vostava, stroenia i svotstv merzlykh, promerzajushchikh i ottaivajushchikh prod s terfu narodice rats maringo proektrovania i stroitel'stva. Shkola-seminar, Moscow, Feb. 17-19, 1981. Tezisy dokladov. (Seminar on the investigation of composition, structure and properties of frozen, freezing and thawing rocks for obtaining Moscow, Feb. 17-19, 1981. Summaries of reports) edited by V.A. Kudriavtsev, Moscow, Universitet, 1981, p. 166-168, In Russian. Gas pipelines, Permafrost forecasting, Permafrost

beneath structures, Permafrost transformation, Environmental protection.

Optimizing engineering-geocryological investigations Optimizing engineering-geocryological investigations for the design and construction of underground storage for light petroleum products, (k voprosu optimizatsii inzhenerno-geokriologicheskikh izyskanii dlia proektirovaniia i stroitel'stva podzemnykh khranilishch svetlykh nefteproduktov_j, Lapochkin, B.K., et al, Issledovanie sostava, stroeniia

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Sudarikov, IU.F.

Underground facilities, Underground storage, Permafrost, Design, Construction.

40-177

Classification of the state of permafrost as a basis for geocryological regionalization. Klassifikatsiia sostoianii tolshch merzlykh porod territorii osnova

geokriologicheskogo ralonirovaniia;
Bobov, N.G., Issledovanie sostava, stroeniia i svolstv
merzlykh, promerzaiushchikh i ottaivaiushchikh
porod s tscl'iu naibolee ratsional'nogo proektirovaniia i stroitel'stva. Shkola-seminar, Moscow, Feb. 17-19, 1981. Tezisy dokladov (Seminar on the investigation of composition, structure and properties of frozen, tion of composition, structure and properties of indeal, freezing and thawing rocks for obtaining most rational design and construction techniques, Moscow, Feb. 17-19, 1981. Summaries of reports) edited by V.A. Kudriavtsev. Moscow, Universitet, 1981, p.172-173, In

Mapping, Permafrost distribution, Landscape types, Classifications.

40-178

Classification of permafrost types of the Pur-Nadym interfluve. rKlassifikatsiia tipov tolshch mnogoletnemerzlykh porod Pur-Nadymskogo

durech'iaj, Kritsuk, L.N., Issledovanie sostava, stroeniia i svotstv merzlykh, promerzaiushchikh i ottaivaiushchikh porod s tsel tu naibolec rats onal nogo proektirovanna i stroitel stva. Shkola-seminar, Moscow, Feb 17-19, tion of composition, structure and properties of frozen, freezing and thawing rocks for obtaining most rational design and construction techniques, Moscow, Feb. 17-19, 1981. Summaries of reports) edited by V.A. Ku-driavtsev, Moscow, Universitet, 1981, p.173-175, In

Mapping, Pipelines, Engineering geology, Geocryology, Surveys, Economic development, Forest tundra, Taiga, Paludification.

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Classification of frozen rocks according to their re-sistance to water erosion for obtaining the required stability of engineering structures in coastal zones of northern seas and rivers. Klassifikatsiia merzlykh porod po razmyvaemosti dlia tselet obespecheniia protivoerozionnol ustolchivosti inzhenernykh sooruzhenit v pribrezhnot zone severnykh moret i rekj, Malinovskil, DV, Issledovanie sostava, stroeniia i svolstv merzlykh, promerzatushchikh i ottaivaiushchikh porod s tediu narodice utsionaring productivovaniia i strottel stva. Shkola-seminar, Moscow, Feb 17-19, 1981. Tezisy dokladov (Seminar on the investigation of composition, structure and properties of frozen, freezing and thawing rocks for obtaining Moscow, Feb. 17-19, 1981 Summaries of reports) edited by V.A. Kudriavtsey, Moscow, Universitet, 1981, p.175-176, In Russian

Frozen fines, Organic soils, Peat, Water erosion, Thermal stresses, Hydraulic structures, Shores, Cryogenic structures.

Permafrost classification in accordance with the problems of well construction. Klassifikatsiia mnogoletnenierzlykh porod v spotvetstvii s zadachami stroitel'stva skvazhini, Orlov, A.V., et al, Issledovanie sostava, stroeniia i

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Permafrost structure, Permafrost thermal properties, Drilling, Wells, Ice volume, Classifications.

Studying temperature fields in freezing ground steam-heating pipes. [Issledovanie peraturnykh polet promerzaiushchego grunta v zone

vozdelstviia teploprovodovj, Sobolev, V.G., et al, Issledovanie sostava, stroeniia i svolstv merzlykh, promerzaiushchikh i ottaivaiushchikh porod s tsel'iu naibolee ratsional'nogo proek-tirovaniia i stroitel'stva. Shkola-seminar, Moscow, tirovaniia i stroitel'stva. Shkola-seminar, Moscow, Feb. 17-19, 1981. Tezisy dokladov (Seminar on the investigation of composition, structure and properties of frozen, freezing and thawing rocks for obtaining most rational design and construction techniques Moscow, Feb. 17-19, 1981. Summaries of reports Summaries of reports)

Moscow, Feb. 17-19, 1981. Summaries of reports) edited by V.A. Kudriavtsev, Moscow, Universitet, 1981, p.180-181, In Russian Koshelev A.A. Foundations, Underground facilities, Permafrost beneath structures, Heating, Pipelines, Seasonal freeze thaw, Municipal engineering, Phase transformations, Buildings mations, Buildings.

40-182

Thermal regime of underground structures in frozen ground containing positive-temperature fluids. [O teplovom rezhime podzemnykh sooruzhenil v merzlykh porodakh pri zapolnenii zhidkostiami s polozhitel not

Emperaturoli, Liubeznova, L.V., et al, Issledovanie sostava, stroenija i svolstv merzlykh, promerzajushchikh i ottavajushchikh porod s tsel'ju naibolee ratsional'nogo proektirovaniia i stroitel'stva Shkola-seminar, Moscow, Feb. 17-19, 1981. Tezisy dokladov (Seminar on the investigation of composition, structure and properties of frozen, freezing and thawing rocks for obtaining most rational design and construction techniques, Moscow, Feb. 17-19, 1981. Summaries of reports) edited by V.A. Kudriavtsev, Moscow, Universitet, 1981, p.181-182. In Russian

Sil'vestrov, L K Underground facilities, Underground storage, Walls,

40-183

Studying the process of frozen-base formation using vertical cooling devices. ¡Issiedovanie protsessa for-mirovania merzlogo osnovania vertikal'nymi okh-

Mirenburg, IUS, et al, Issledovanie sostava, stroenia i svoisty merzlykh, promerzanishchikh i ottaivanishchikh porod s tsel'in naibolec ratsional'nogo proektirovanita i stroitel'stva Shkola-seminar, Moscow, Feb. 17-19, 1981 Texisy dokladoy (Seminar on the of frozen, freezing and thawing rocks for obtaining most rational design and construction techniques, Moscow, Feb. 17-19, 1981. Summaries of reports) edited by V.A. Kudriavtsev, Moscow, Universitet, 1981, p.182-184, In Russian.

Artificial cooling, Cooling systems, Frozen ground strength, Frozen fines, Models.

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Calculating soil temperature field around thermopiles, Raschety temperaturnogo polia grunta vokrug termosvaly,

Gorelik, IA.B., et al. Issledovanie sostava, stroenija i Gorellik, IA.B., et al, Issiedovanie sosiava, sincenie svojstv merzlykh, promerzaiushchikh i ottaivaiushchikh porod s tsel'iu naibolee ratsional'nogo proektirovaniia i stroitel'stva. Shkola-seminar, Moscow, Feb. 17-19, 1981. Tezisy dokladov (Seminar on the investigation of composition, structure and properties of frozen, freezing and thawing rocks for obtaining most rational design and construction techniques, Moscow, Feb. 17-19, 1981. Summaries of reports) edited by V.A. Kudriavtsev, Moscow, Universitet, 1981, p.184-185

Izmailov, I.G. Permafrost control, Artificial cooling, Thermopiles, Foundations, Permafrost beneath structures.

Strengthering ice-rich ground by reinforcements. Ob ukreplenii l'donasyshchennogo grunta ar-

mirovaniem_j, Konovalov, A.A , et al, Issledovanie sostava, stroeniia i svolstv merzlykh, promerzaiushchikh i ottaivaiush-chikh porod s tsel'iu naibolee ratsional'nogo proektirovaniia i stroitel'stva. Shkola-seminar, Moscow, Feb. 17-19, 1981. Tezisy dokladov (Seminar on the investigation of composition, structure and properties of frozen, freezing and thawing rocks for obtaining most rational design and construction techniques, Moscow, Feb. 17-19, 1981. Summaries of reports) edited by V.A. Kudriavtsev, Moscow, Universitet, 1981, p.186-188, In Russian.

Pakhomov, S.M. Permafrost structure, Frozen rock strength, Ice strength, Ground ice, Reinforced ice, Sawdust.

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dym poverkhnostiamj, Lishtvan, I.I., et al, Issledovanie sostava, stroenija i LISHIVEH, I.I., et al, issicuovaine sosara, silonial svoisty merzlykh, promerzaiushchikh i ottaivaiushchikh porod s tsel'iu naibolee ratsional'nogo proektirovaniia i stroitel'stva. Shkola-seminar, Moscow, Feb 17-19 1981. Tezisy dokladov (Seminar on the investigation of composition, structure and properties of frozen, freezing and thawing rocks for obtaining most rational design and construction techniques, Moscow, Feb. 17-19, 1981. Summaries of reports) edited by V.A. Kudriavtsev, Moscow, Universitet, 1981, p.188-189. In Russian. Tanovitskii, V.L., Davidovskii, P.N.

Peat, Transportation, Frozen cargo, Adhesion, Coun-

Studying shell-foundations for buildings and strucerected on permafrost according to the first principle, (Issledovanija fundamenta-obolochk) dlia stroitel'stva zdanił i sooruzhenił po pervomu printsipu

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Continuous permafrost, Buildings, Foundations, Rock fills, Prefabrication, USSR-Yamai Peninsula.

40-188

Using polymer thermoinsulating materials for controlling the freezing and thawing of ground. [K vo prosu ispol'zovanna polimernykh teploizoliatsionnykh

Gorbacheva, V M., Issledovanie sostava, stroeniia i svotstv meralykh promerzajiishchikh i ottaivanishchikh porod s tsel'iu naibolee ratsional'nogo proektirovaniia i stroite! stva Shkola-seminar, Moscow, 1-ec - 1-11, 1-70 i seminar on une investigation of composition, structure and properties of frozen, freezing and thawing rocks for obtaining most rational design and construction techniques, Moscow, Feb 17-19, 1981. Summaries of reports) edited by VA Kudriavtsey, Moscow, Universitet, 1981, p. 194-194. In Russian

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Modes of ice-pull action in foundation and its preven-

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Poundations, Pile extraction, Ice push, Piers, Ice cover effect, Ice cover thickness, Countermeasures,

40.230

Commence Bridge Co

Laboratory performance tests of cryogenic earth

pressure cells.
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Ueno, T., Sato, T.
Frozen ground mechanics, Frozen ground physics, Lorde (Corpus) (International Corpus Assessment)

Loads (forces), Underground storage, Scorage tanks, Soil pressure, Artificial freezing, Soil freezing, Liquefied gases, Tests.

40-240

Frozen earth pressure on the inground LNG tank wall.

Wall.
Goto, S., et al, Ground freezing. Proceedings of the
4th International Symposium on Ground Freezing,
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Measurement of frost heaving pressure on an LNG inground tank.

Inground tank.
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Storage tanks, Artificial freezing, Soil freezing, Loads
(forces), Liquefied gases, Design, Countermeasures.

Freeze wall strength and stability design problems in

Freeze wall strength and stability design problems in deep shaft sinking—is current theory realistic.
Auld, F.A., Ground freezing. Proceedings of the 4th International Symposium on Ground Freezing, Sapporo, Japan, Aug. 5-7, 1985. Edited by S. Kinoshita and M. Fukuda, Rotterdam, A.A. Balkema, 1985, p.343-349, 15 refs.
Artificial freezing, Shaft sinking, Soil freezing, Frozen ground strength, Linings, Soil stabilization, Design Deformation.

sign, Deformation.

Determination of the tangential heave force on the pile foundation in seasonal frozen zone.

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Frost heave, Loads (forces), Foundations, Soil pressure, Soil freezing, Bridges, Freeze thaw cycles, Static stability, Frozen ground mechanics, Design.

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Hegemann, J., et al., Ground freezing. Proceedings of the 4th International Symposium on Ground Freezing, Sapporo, Japan, Aug. 5-7, 1985. Edited by S. Kinoshita and M. Fukuda, Rotterdam, A.A. Balkema, 1985, p.357-373, 11 refs. Jessberger, H.L.

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Eolian deflation by ancient katabatic winds: a late Quaternary example from the north Alaska Range. Thorson, R.M., et al, Geological Society of America. Bulletin, June 1985, 96(6), p.702-709, 48 refs.

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pank-erosion processes in a cool-temperature environment, Orwell Lake, Minnesota.

Reid, J.R., Jr., Geological Society of America. Bulletin, June 1985, 96(6), p.781-792, 49 reis.

Banks (waterways), Soil erosion, Seasonal freeze thaw, Shore erosion, Slope processes, Mudflows,

Quaternary sedimentation in Shelikof Strait, Alaska. Hampton, M.A., Marine geology, Jan. 1985, 62(3/4), p.213-253.

Quaternary deposits, Ice scoring, Marine deposits, Bottom topography, Ocean bottom, Pleistocene, Stratigraphy, Particle size distribution, United States—Alaska—Shelikof Strait. 40-248

Thermal regime of arctic ice cover in wintertime, when the radiation balance of its upper surface is changed artificially. [Termicheskii rezlaim arkticheskogo ledianogo pokrova v zimnee vremia pri iskusatvennom izmenenii radiatsionnogo balansa ego verk-

hnel poverkhnosti,
Bogorodskil, V.V., et al, Meteorologiia i gidrologiia,
May 1984, No.5, p.64-71, In Russian with English
summary. 7 refs.

Sukhorukov, K.K. Ice cover thickness, Ice surface, Radiation balance, Heat transfer, Mathematical models, Arctic Ocean

Thermal influence of submerged buoyant jet on sea ice cover. [Teplovoe vozdelstvie zatoplennol plavuchel

Bogorodskii, V.V., et al, Akademiia nauk SSSR. Izvestiia. Fizika atmosfery i okeana, July 1983, 19(7), p.724-729, In Russian with English summary.

Sukhorukov, K.K.

Ice bottom surface, Ocean currents, Convection.

40-250

Physical conditions of ice cover melting, starting from bottom surface, in Arctic seas. ¡Fizicheskie usloviis taianiis ledianogo pokrova arkticheskikh more' s nizh-

nei poverkhnosti, Bogorodskii, V.V., et al, Akademiia nauk SSSR. Iz vestiia. Fizika atmosfery i okeana, Aug. 1983, 19(8), p.885-887, In Russian. 1 ref.

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Ice water interface, Sea ice distribution, Ice cover thickness, Ice bottom surface, Ice density, Heat transfer, Ice melting.

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Radar echoes, Sea ice distribution, Ice cover thickness, Pressure ridges, Drift.

40-252

Sensitivity of radar measurements to errors in the

Sensitivity of radar measurements to errors in the electrical parameters of ice.

Bogorodskii, V.V., et al, Soviet physics. Technical physics, July 1983, 28(7), p.841-842, Translated from Zhurnal tekhnicheskof fiziki. 5 refs.

Oganesian, A.G. Radio echo soundings, Ice cover thickness, Rudio waves, Radiometry, Accuracy.

40-253

4 x CO2 integration with prescribed changes in sea

A x CO2 Integration with prescribed changes in sea surface temperature.

Mitchell, J.F.B., et al, Interaction between climate and biosphere: transactions of the C.E.C. symposium in Osnabrück, March 21-23, 1983. Edited by H. Lieth, R. Fantechi and H. Schnitzler. (Progress in biometeorology, vol. 3), Lisse, Swets & Zeitlinger, 1984, p.353-374, With German summary. 12 refs. Lupton, G.

DLC QC980.155

See led destribution. Heat flux Models.

Sea ice distribution, Heat flux, Models.

Sea ice distribution, Heat flux, Models.

A three year experiment in which atmospheric CO2 was increased by a factor of 4 has been made with the Meteorological Office general circulation model. Changes in sea surface temperatures were prescribed as a function of lattude on the basis of earlier experiments with prescribed changes in CO2 and surface temperatures. Sea-ice extents were reduced accordingly Results from this experiment are presented, with particular emphasis on the regional and geographical changes in model surface temperature, precipitation and soil moisture. These results are compared with results from other studies. (Auth.)

40-254

Climatic prospects in the case of an extended, CO2-

Flohn, H., Zeitschrift für Meteorologie, 1985, 35(1), p.1-14, With German summary Refs. p.13-14. Ice melting, Sea level, Carbon dioxide, Sea ice, Climatic changes, Glaciology.

matic changes, Glaciology.

If the expected CO2 induced global warming reaches a level of 4.5 C, two major climatic events are possible, a partial disintegration of the West-Antarctic ice-sheet together with a sea level rise of 5.7 m and a disappearance of the perennial Arctic sea ice, together with a major displacement of the earth's climatic belts. Arguments are presented that the latter event should happen much earlier, due to the high sensitivity of the thin, broken Arctic sea ice. Combining selected model results, taking into account the coupled role of CO2 and H2O together with the greenhouse effect of other infrared-absorbing trace gases, the critical CO2 threshold for triggering both events is now estimated to be near 620 ppin with a possible error of 10-15%. Under natural conditions quite abrupt large-scale climatic shifts have occurred at the transition between Late Glacial and Holocene,

before the last glacial maximum and during earlier interglacials, with an amplitude of 50-60% of the glacial-interglacial difference and with a time-scale of less than 100 years. A possible feedback mechanism is proposed for such abrupt changes, when equatorial (and coastal) upwelling (downwelling) and their role for the CO2 and H2O budget of the atmosphere are considered with their effects on the general atmospheric circulation. (Auth. mod.)

40-255

Phytoplankton biomass near a receding ice-edge in

the Ross Sea.
Smith, W.O., Jr., et al. Antarctic nutrient cycles and Smith, W.O., Jr., et al, Antarctic nutrient cycles and food webs. SCAR Symposium on Antarctic Biology, 4th, Sep. 1983. Proceedings, edited by W.R. Siegfried, P.R. Condy, and R.M. Laws, Berlin, Springer-Verlag, 1985, p.70-77, 25 refs.

Nelson, D.M. DLC OH84.2.S33 1983

Ice edge, Plankton, Cryobiology, Chlorophylls, Antarctica—Ross Sea.

During 2 cruises on the USCGC Glacier in January-February, 1983, chlorophyll distribution was measured in different areas of the Ross Sea. The primary study area was located off the coast of southern Victorialand in a region of receding pack-ice. 34 stations were occupied in a 100 x 300 km area of variable ice concentration. In comparison to control stations and previous data, chlorophyll levels were high, averaging 4.08 mg chl-a/cu m at the depth of the chlorophyll maximum in the water column, and 128.2 mg/sq m when integrated from the surface to 150 m. High surface chlorophyll levels appeared to be highly correlated with a stable surface layer at the edge of the receding ice-pack. At stations outside of the ice-edge bloom, stability at the surface was reduced and chlorophyll concentrations were markedly lower. Water column stability appeared to be a major factor in the initiation and maintenance of ice-edge phytoplankton blooms, and the roles of these blooms in the overall estimates of biogenic production and energy flux of the southern ocean need to be re-evaluated. (Auth. mod.)

Influence of light on growth and development of the

Influence of light on growth and development of the sea-ice microbial community of McMurdo Sound. Sullivan, C.W., et al, Antarctic nutrient cycles and food webs. SCAR Symposium on Antarctic Biology, 4th, Sep. 1983. Proceedings, edited by W.R. Siegfried, P.R. Condy, and R.M. Laws, Berlin, Springer-Verlag, 1985, p.78-83, 27 refs.
Palmisano, A.C., Kottmeier, S., McGrath Grossi, D., McG.

Moe, R. DLC QH84.2.S33 1983

Sea ice, Cryobiology, Microbiology, Bacteria, Light effects. Antarctica—McMurdo Sound.

sea ice, Cryonology, inactroniology, fracteria, Light effects, Antarctica—McMurdo Sound.
Growth and development of the sea-ice microbia, community (SIMCO) in McMurdo Sound were assess-I and evidence was obtained that light was a major limiting factor. A light perturbation experiment was set up on the annual sea-ice of McMurdo Sound near Cape Armitage during October-December 1981 in which 2 experimental quadrats of 100 sq meach were constructed. On 1 quadrat snow cover of 15-70 mm was manntamed, while the adjacent quadrat received 0.7 m of snow to provide 2 different under-ice irradiances. Significant growth of tecalgae occurred at irradiance of 0.2-2.9 microb/sq m/s. Estimates of in situ algal and bacterial growth rates indicated douling times of 7 and 14 d, respectively. The growth of heterotrophic ice bacteria appeared to be coupled to growth of ice algae. At least 20 million kg new carbon per yr is contributed to McMurdo Sound by SIMCOs. It is concluded that ecosystem models of southern ocean food webs must consider not only total C input but also the dynamics of primary and secondary production derived from sea-ice microbial communities. (Auth.)

40-257

Physiological response of micro-algae in the ice-platelet layer to low-light conditions.

Palmisano, A.C., et al, Antarctic nutrient cycles and food webs. SCAR Symposium on Antarctic Biology, raimsano, A.C., et al, Antarctic nutrient cycles and food webs. SCAR Symposium on Antarctic Biology, 4th, Sep. 1983. Proceedings, edited by W.R. Siegfried, P.R. Condy, and R.M. Laws, Berlin, Springer-Verlag, 1985, p.84-88, 39 refs.
Sullivan, C.W.

DLC QH84.2.S33 1983

Sea Ice, Microbiology, Algae, Cryobiology, Nutrient cycle, Antarctica—McMurdo Sound. In McMurdo Sound in 1982 a dense microalgal community was

In McMurdo Sound in 1982 a dense microalgal community was associated with the ice-platelet layer of annual sealine. Undersidence irradiance was about 6 microE/sq m/s, less than 0.4% of surface downwelling irradiance. Two aspects of ice sligal physiology appear to be important to growth under these conditions of low light. First, ice algae were shade-adapted. Secondly, certain ice algae were found to take up 3H-serine at natural substratum concentrations under both dark and low light conditions. Since sealice micro-algae represent a significant fraction of primary production in some antaretic pack-ice regions, knowledge of their physiology is crucial to understanding carbon flux and nutrient cycling in antarctic marine ecosystems. (Auth.) tems. (Auth.)

Autumnal proliferation of ice-algae in antarctic sea-

Hoshiai, T., Antarctic nutrient cycles and food webs. Hoshiai, I., Antarctic nutrient cycles and food webs. SCAR Symposium on Antarctic Biology, 4th, Sep. 1983. Proceedings, edited by W.R. Siegfried, P.R. Condy, and R.M. Laws, Berlin, Springer-Verlag, 1985, p.89-92, 11 refs. DLC (H84.2.S33 1983 Algae, Cryobiology, Solar radiation, Seasonal variations, Antarctics—Kitano-seto Strait.

tions, Antarctica—Kitano-seto Strait.
Results of plant pigment analyses, solar radiation measurements and observations of sea-ice growth in the autumn of 1982 showed that an increase of plant pigments occurred at the bottom of the sea-ice when the growth rate of the ice was low. A remarkable increase of ice-algae occurred in the autumn of 1970 when the growth rate of the sea-ice was extremely low; its thickness remaining at 0.3 m from late March until mid-April. New ice-fields are restricted in area, and the growth rate of sea-ice varies spatially and temporally. Hence, the autumnal enhancement of ice-algae is relatively limited. The growth rate of sea-ice is low in spring and summer, but the under-surface of the ice is stable for relatively long periods during which increases in solar radiation favor the proliferation of ice-algae in extensive areas of ice-covered sea. (Auth.)

Decomposition and nutrient cycling in Rostkovia magellanica from two contrasting bogs on South

Lawson, G.J., Antarctic nutrient cycles and food webs. SCAR Symposium on Antarctic Biology, 4th, Sep. 1983. Proceedings, edited by W.R. Siegfried, P.R. Condy, and R.M. Laws, Berlin, Springer-Verlag, 1985. p.211-220, 23 refs. DLC QH84.2.S33 1983

Tundra, Vegetation patterns, Soil Swamps, Decomposition, South Georgia. Soil chemistry,

Swamps, Decomposition, South Georgia.

The chemical composition of Rostkovia magellanica tillers was contrasted between a cutrophic seepage slope-mire and a meso-trophic basin-bog. Tillers in the slope-mire have higher concentrations of Ca, K, N, and Fe but lower concentrations of Na, Mg, and Mn than those in the basin-bog. These differences generally reflect the higher levels of exchangeable nutrients and pH in peat from the weepage-slope. Five elements are removed from senescing leaves (in the order K>P>N>Na>Mg), whereas 3 are accumulated (Fe>Ca>Mn). At both sites, initially rapid loss of weight of litterbag content was halted over winter. Weight loss in the second summer was much faster on the seepage-slope. The content of mobile elements decreased considerably overall through leaching and decomposition, but N and P contents m:reased during the second summer at the slope and bog sites, respectively, and this may represent fungal activity. Litterbags composed of different age classes of leaves remained chemically distinct from each other (with the exception of K) during the 15-month trial. (Auth.)

40-260

Growth and production of Pon flabellata in relation to nutrient status and exposure at South Georgia. Smith, R.I.L., Antarctic nutrient cycles and food webs

SCAR Symposium on Antarctic Biology, 4th, Sep. 1983. Proceedings, edited by W.R. Siegfried, P.R. Condy, and R.M. Laws, Berlin, Springer-Verlag, 1985, p.221-228, 19 refs. DLC QH84.2.S33 1983

Tundra, Vegetation patterns, Nutrient cycle, Grasses, Soil chemistry, South Georgia.

Soil chemistry, South Georgia.

Tail tussock grass, Pos Ilabellata, is the dominant and most widespread phanerogam on South Georgia. Development of tussock grasslands and luxuriance of motividual plants are greatly enhanced in areas influenced by seals and seabired. Such stands are easily distinguished from nonbiotically influenced ones by the large stature of the plants, because of increased annual productivity of aerial parts, and by the deep green color of the leaves resulting from increased chlorophyll content and chloroplast size, both factors being associated with introgen enrichment. The wide ecological amplitude of the grass in relation to edaphic, moisture and microclimate factors, its ability to tolerate high nutrient levels, deposition of wind-blown seaspray and disturbance by seals, the high energy reserves, and its rapid growth, all contribute to its success in this harsh environment. The grass shows a preference, in terms of growth and productivity, for an organic soil with a high moisture content ment. The grass shows a preterence, in terms of growin and productivity, for an organic soil with a high moisture content and nutrient status, factors which prevail in the hotically influenced coastal stands of dense luxuriant tussock grass. Tussock is capable of comparable growth and production in both sheltered and exposed habitats so long as nutrients and water and limiting. (Australia) (Auth.) are not limiting

40-261

Methanogenesis and the anaerobic micro-biology of a wet moss community at Signy Island. Yarrington, M.R., et al, Antarctic nutrient cycles and

food webs. SCAR Symposium on Antarctic Biology, 4th, Sep. 1983 Proceedings, edited by W.R. Siegfried, P.R. Condy, and R.M. Laws, Berlin, Springer-Verlag, 1985, p 229-233, 11 refs. Wynn-Williams, D.D. DLC QH84.2.S33 1983

Mosses, Microbiology, Gases, Peat, Antarctica-

Signy Island.

The biological production of methane is a terminal step in the mineralization of organic carbon by anaerobic microorganisma, requiring consistently low redox potentials (-330 mV), and the availability of a restricted range of low molecular weight C compounds as substrates. Thus, the methanogenesis measured in situ and in the laboratory peat slurry experiments, is a reliable indicator of anaerobic taicrobial metabolism. The moss-carpet exhibited redox potentials as low as -400 mV (corrected to pH 7.0) and released an average of 1.24 mg C/sq m/d as methane during the Antarctic summer of December 1981 to March 1982. Laboratory experiments on homogenized moss-peat samples maintained anaerobically, showed that methane production was influenced by environmental temperature and pH, and that under natural environmental temperature and pH, and that under natural environmental conditions in the moss-carpet, the methanogens were probably metabolizing sub-optimally. Inconclusive results were obtained from experiments designed to test substrate specificity for methanogenesis; however, they suggested that methionine and formate could be at least pertially metabolized with the formation of methane. (Auth.) The biological production of methane is a terminal step in the (Auth.)

40-262

Wind transport of electrostatically charged particles

Wind transport of electrostatically charged particles and minute organisms in Antarctica.

Benninghoff, W.S., et al, Antarctic nutrient cycles and food webs. SCAR Symposium on Antarctic Biology, 4th, Sep. 1983. Proceedings, edited by W.R. Siegfried, P.R. Condy, and R.M. Laws., Beriin, Springer-Verlag, 1985, p.592-596, 16 rets.

Benninghoff, A.S.

DLC QH84.2.S33 1983

Aerosols, Snow crystals, Blowing snow, Static elec-

ricity.

In the polar regions, and especially on the antarctic continent, wind transport is enhanced by blown snow crystals and electric charges on the airborne particles. At several sites in Antarctica in 1977, pairs of Tauber sedimentation traps, grounded and not grounded, were exposed, under different weather conditions and attendant electric potential gradients within 2 m of the ground. Relationships inferred from observation of the deposition of snow and dust particles in the grounded and ungrounded Tauber traps are reported. These relationships suggest that melting snow-banks in contact with moist or wet soil or bedrock will tend to accumulate airborne dust faster than melting snow overlying tee or frozen ground. Sea-ice, accreting from the underside, tends to incorporate sessile plankton, and, as the upper surface sublimes, the plankton residues may be dehydrated, lofted, charged, and transported by wind. Similarly, bursting bubbles on water surfaces inject micro-biots into the atmosphere as charged particles which probably have potential for long distance travel in the presence of snow being blown over ice surfaces. These and other examples of wind transport of charged particles are described and evaluated for their significance in Antarctic biogeography. (Auth.)

Interaction of soil and lake microflora at Signy Is-

Fllis-Evans, JC., et al, Antarctic nutrient cycles and Filis-Evans, J.C., et al, Antarctic nutrient cycles and food webs. SCAR Symposium on Antarctic Biology, 4th, Sep. 1983. Proceedings, edited by W.R. Siegfried, P.R. Condy, and R.M. Laws., Berlin, Springer-Verlag, 1985, p.662-668, 21 refs. Wynn-Williams, D.D. DLC QH84.2.S33 1983

Lake ice, Bacteria, Soil chemistry, Ground thawing, Meltwater, Signy Island.

Meltwater, Signy Island.

Lakes on Signy are small and, during the summer ice-free period, receive a substantial influx of run-off from the surrounding catchment, greatly in excess of their total volune. Within the various habitats comprising each lake's catchment area, large populations of bacteria, yeasts and fungi easts. Numerical profiles demonstrate that the composition of lake populations differs between lakes, and between lakes and their catchment oppulations. Temperature-specific growth rate characteristics indicate that successful freshwater bacteria can be considered psychrophles, whereas successful trerestrial bacteria are more psychrotolerant. Substrate affinity values indicate that freshwater bacteria are more efficient than terrestrial bacteria or yeasts in utilizing low concentrations of dissolved organic C at low temperatures. It is proposed that the two populations may be considered as a mixed-culture chemostat population. At high nutrient concentrations, a typical terrestrial population with fluctuations in temperature and nutrient level, a typical succession will also occur. But when nutrient levels drop suddenly for an extended period and temperature stabilities at about 0 C, a typical freshwater population emerges whose components had previously existed only in very low numbers. (Auth mod.)

All-Union Conference of the Arctic and Antarctic Scientific Research Institute on Ice Forecasting and Calculations, Leningrad, Oct. 24-26, 1984.

stracts. (Tezisy dokladov). Vsesoiuznoe soveshchanie Arkticheskogo i antarkticheskogo nauchno-issledovateľ skogo instituta po ledovym prognozam i raschetam, Leningrad, Oct. 24-26, 1984, Leningrad, 1984, 49p., In Russian, with English table of contents enclosed. Oksenova, E.I., ed.

Estuaries, Ice navigation, Ice surveys, Icebreakers, Ice forecasting, Spaceborne photography, Long range forecasting, Sea ice distribution, Ice edge, Ships, Mathematical models, River ice.

PODE THE CHILLE MECHANICATE TO SEPTIME (1985)

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40-265

Proceedings, Vols. 1 and 2.
International Conference on Port and Ocean Engineering under Arctic Conditions, 8th, Narssarssuaq, Greenland, Sep. 7-14, 1985, Hörsholm, Denmark, Danish Hydraulic Institute, 1985, 1063p., Refs. pass-Danish riyaraulic institute, 1985, 1063p., Refs. passim. For selected papers see 40-266 through 40-344. Ice loads, Ice navigation, Offshore structures, Ice physics, Ice mechanics, Ice pressure, Offshore drilling, Sea ice distribution, Meetings.

40-266

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Past environmental changes in the North-Atlantic re-

gion.

Dansgaard, W., International Conference on Port and Ocean Engineering under Arctic Conditions, 8th, Narssarssuaq, Greenland, Sep. 7-14, 1985. Proceed-ings, Vol.1, Hörsholm, Denmark, Danish Hydraulic

ings, vol.1, norsholm, Denmark, Danish Hydraunc institute, 1985, p.31-40, 26 refs. Ice sheets, Ice cores, Climatic changes, Ice dating, Snow cover, Profiles, Drill core analysis, Isotope analysis, Paleoclimatology, Ice composition, Temperature variations, Greenland.

40-267

40-267
Brash ice shear properties—laboratory tests.
Fransson, L., et al, International Conference on Port and Ocean Engineering under Arctic Conditions, 8th, Narssarssuaq, Greenland, Sep. 7-14, 1985. Proceedings, Vol.1, Hörsholm, Denmark, Danish Hydraulic Institute, 1985, p.75-87, 7 refs. Sandkvist, J.

Sangavist, J.

Ice physics, Shear properties, Ice navigation, Off-shore structures, Ice loads, Ice solid interface, Ice mechanics, Ice pressure, Cohesion, Brash ice.

40-268

Kadluk ice stress measurement program.

Johnson, J.B., et al, MP 1899, International Conference on Port and Ocean Engineering under Arctic conditions, 8th, Narssarssuad, Greenland, Sep. 7-14, 1985. Proceedings. Vol.1, Hörsholm, Denmark, Danish Hydraulic Institute, 1985, p.88-100, 9 refs. Cox, G.F.N., Tucker, W.B.

Ice sheets, Stresses, Ice loads, Offshore structures, Ice conditions, Ice pressure, Thermal expansion.

Ice conditions, Ice pressure, Thermal expansion. Cylindrical biaxial stress sensors were used to measure ice stress variations as a function of depth across an ice peninsula on the shoreward side (south) of Kadluk Island. The stresses varied in a complex manner both laterally and with depth in the ice sheet. Average stresses were calculated and summed across the ice peninsula to determine the ice load acting on the structure. The maximum measured average stress and corresponding calculated structural load during the experiment were about 300 kPa and 150 MN respectively. All significant measured stresses were caused by thermal expansion of the ice sheet.

40-209

Ice island fragment in Stefansson Sound, Alaska.

Kovacs, A., MP 1900, International Conference on Port and Ocean Engineering under Arctic Conditions, 8th, Narssarssuaq, Greenland, Sep. 7-14, 1985. Proceedings, Vol. 1, Hörsholm, Denmark, Danish Hydraulic Institute, 1985, p.101-115, 9 refs.

Ice islands, Ice strength, Ice physics, Grounded ice, Calving, Ice cover thickness, Ice salinity, Ice density, Ice temperature, Statistical analysis.

Ice temperature, Statistical analysis.

A small ice island fragment was found in a unique location southwest of Cross Island, Alaska, in April 1983. Investigations were made to determine the thickness, salimity, density, internal temperature, and strength of the tecisland ice. Measurements were also made which revealed that the ice island was grounded. Side scan sonar, depth profiles and direct sounding measurements of the sea bottom revealed that the ice island had gouged into the seabed when it was driven into shallower waters. Implications of this ice feature to offshore petroleum development are discussed.

40-270

Apparent unconfined compressive strength of multi-

Kovacs, A., MP 1901, International Conference on Port and Ocean Engineering under Arctic Conditions, 8th, Narssarssuaq, Greenland, Sep. 7-14, 1985. Proceedings, Vol.1, Hörsholm, Denmark, Danish Hydraulic Institute, 1985, p.116 127, 4 refs.

Ice strength, Sea ice, Ice loads, Compressive properties, Ice temperature, Ice density, Brines, Tests.

ties, Ice temperature, Ice density, Brines, Tests. An axial double-ball load test system for determining the apparent unconfined compressive strength of multi-year sea ice was evaluated. The effects of loading ball size, ice temperature, and brine free density on the apparent unconfined compressive strength of the ice were investigated. Axial double-ball load test results are compared with those obtained from labor intensive conventional unconfined compression tests made on simplar density ice. The results from the two testing methods were found to agree very well, indicating that the axial double-ball load test may be used to provide a rapid method for determining an apparent unconfined compressive strength index for ice.

40-271

Fracture toughness of fresh water prototype ice and carbamide model icc.

Parsons, B.L., et al. International Conference on Port

rarsons, B.E., et al., International Conference on Portand Ocean Engineering under Arctic Conditions, 8th, Narssarssuaq, Greenland, Sep. 7-14, 1985. Proceedings, Vol.1, Hörsholm, Denmark, Danish Hydraulic Institute, 1985, p.128-137, 14 refs.

Ice cracks, Loads (forces), Ice models, Ice solid interface, Ice cover thickness, Flexural strength, Grain size, Crack propagation.

Creep analysis of ice forces by the finite element

Pulkkinen, E.A., International Conference on Port and ruikinen, E.A., International Conference on Port and Ocean Engineering under Arctic Conditions, 8th, Narssarssuaq, Greenland, Sep. 7-14, 1985. Proceedings, Vol.1, Hörsholm, Denmark, Danish Hydraulic Institute, 1985, p. 138-150, 9 refs. Ice creep, Ice loads, Ice solid interface, Ice cover thickness, Structures, Stress strain diagrams, Ice pressure, Ice cracks, Grain size.

Investigation of the electromagnetic properties of

Investigation of the electromagnetic properties of multi-year sea lee.

Morey, R.M., et al, MP 1902, International Conference on Port and Ocean Engineering under Arctic Conditions, 8th, Narssarssuaq, Greenland, Sep. 7-14, 1985. Proceedings, Vol.1, Hörsholm, Denmark, Danish Hyuraulic Institute, 1985, p.151-167, 11 refs. Kovacs, A.

Ice electrical properties, Electromagnetic properties, Sea ice, Ice cover thickness, Ice bottom surface, Remote sensing, Profiles, Ice detection, Ice structure, Ice models, Brines, Radar echoes.

Ice models, Brines, Radar echoes.

Sounding of multi-year sea ice, using impulse radar operating in the 80- to 500-MHz frequency band, revealed that the bottom of this ice could not always be detected. This paper discusses the results of a field program aimed at finding out why the bottom of thick multi-year sea ice could not be profiled and at determining the electromagnetic (EM) properties of multi-year sea ice. It was found that the bottom of the ice could not be detected when the ice structure had a high brine content. Because of brine's high conductivity, its volume dominates the loss mechanism in first-year sea ice, and the same was found true for multi-year sea ice. A two-phase dielectric mixing formula, used by the authors for describing the EM properties of first-year sea ice, was modified to include the effects of the gas pockets found in the multi-year sea ice. This three-phase mixture model was found to estimate the EM properties of the multi-year ice studied over the frequency band of interest. The latter values were determined by 1) vertical sounding to a subsurface target of known depth and 2) cross-borehole transmission measurements. sion measurements

Use of subgrains as paleostress indicators in first year

Stander, E., International Conference on Port and Stander, E., International Conference on Port and Ocean Engineering under Arctic Conditions, 8th, Narssarssuaq, Greenland, Sep. 7-14, 1985. Proceedings, Vol.1, Hörsholm, Denmark, Danish Hydraulic Institute, 1985, p.168-176, 6 refs.

Ice pressure, Shear modulus, Stresses, Ice creep, Ice

microstructure, Sea ice, Grain size, Temperature ef-

Physical properties of sea ice in the Greenland Sea. Tucker, W.B., et al, MP 1903, International Conference on Port and Ocean Engineering under Arctic Conditions, 8th, Narssarssuaq, Greenland, Sep. 7-14, 1985. Proceedings, Vol.1, Hörsholm, Denmark, Danish Hydraulic Institute, 1985, p.177-188, 9 refs.

Gow, A.J., Weeks, W.F.
Ice physics, Sea ice, Pack ice, Ice salinity, Ice temperature, Ice cover thickness, Ice crystal structure, Snow depth, Greenland Sea.

Snow depth, Greenland Sea.

The physical properties of sea ice in the Fram Strait region of the Greenland Sea were examined during June and July 1984 in conjunction with the MIZEX field program. The properties of the pack ice in the Fram Strait are believed to be representative of ice from many locations within the Arctic Basin since Fram Strait is the major ice outflow region for the Basin. Most of the ice observed and sampled was multi-year. The majority of the first-year ice appeared to have been deformed prior to entering Fram Strait. The properties measured at each sampling site included salmity, temperature, thickness, crystal structure and snow depth. The measured salinities agreed well with those taken during summer at other locations in the Arctic An important finding was that snow depth on multi-year ice were much larger than those on first-year ice. Finally, the crystal texture analysis indicated that about 75° of the ice consisted of congelation ice with typically columnar type crysconsisted of congelation ice with typically columnar type crys-tal structure. The remaining 25% consisted of granular ice

40-276

Preliminary study on short-range numerical sea ice

forecast in the Liaodongwan Bay. Wang, R., et al. International Conference on Port and Wang, K., et al., International Conference on Port and Ocean Engineering under Arctic Conditions, 8th, Narssarssuaq, Greenland, Sep. 7-14, 1985. Proceedings, Vol.1, Hörsholm, Denmark, Danish Hydraulic Institute, 1985, p.189-194, 2 refs. Liu, X., Zhang, L. Ice forecasting, Sea ice distribution, Ice conditions, Ice floes, Wind velocity, Ice edge, Drift, China—Liao-Jonewan Rev.

donowen Bev.

Model test and analytical simulation on fracture mechanism of ice.

Yamashita, M., et al, International Conference on Port and Ocean Engineering under Arctic Conditions, 8th, Narssarssuaq, Greenland, Sep. 7-14, 1985. Proceed-ings, Vol.1, Hörsholm, Denmark, Danish Hydraulic Institute, 1985, p.195-204, 9 refs.

Ice cracks, Ice models, Ice pressure, Ice loads, Cracking (fracturing), Ice floes, Strains, Tests.

Random ice trajectories in the Greenland Sea.

Colony, R., et al, International Conference on Port and Colony, R., et al, International Conference on Port and Ocean Engineering under Arctic Conditions, 8th, Narssarssuaq, Greenland, Sep. 7-14, 1985. Proceedings, Vol.1, Hörsholm, Denmark, Danish Hydraulic Institute, 1985, p.220-229, 8 refs. Moritz, R.E., Symonds, G. Ice mechanics, Drift, Ice floes, Sea ice, Ice edge, Wind, Ocean currents, Velocity, Models, Ice conditions, Greenland Sea.

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Ice forecasting, Ice models, Ocean currents, Geophysical surveys, Analysis (mathematics), Computer applications.

Probability analysis of design ice thickness in the Bohai Gulf.

Bohai Gulf.

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Xu, J., Deng, S., Li, T.

Ice cover thickness, Ice loads, Sea ice distribution, Offices structures.

Offshore structures, Design, Ice forecasting, China-Bohai Gulf.

Choice of reference frame for modelling pack ice mo-

McKenna, R.F., et al, International Conference on Port and Ocean Engineering under Arctic Conditions, 8th, Narssarssuaq, Greenland, Sep. 7-14, 1985. Proceedings, Vol. 1, Hörsholm, Denmark, Danish Hydrau-

ic Institute, 1985, p.249-260, 4 refs.
Sykes, J.F., Venkatesh, S., Neralla, V.R.
Ice mechanics, Pack ice, Ice floes, Ice conditions,
Mathematical models, Beaufort Sea.

Element of ice dynamics in the Arctic ice pack.
Michel, B., International Conference on Port and

Michel, B., International Conference on Port and Ocean Engineering under Arctic Conditions, 8th, Narssarssuaq, Greenland, Sep. 7-14, 1985. Proceedings, Vol. 1, Hörsholm, Denmark, Danish Hydraulic Institute, 1985, p. 261-269, 20 refs. Ice mechanics, Pack ice, Ice pressure, Ice loads, Drift, Pressure ridges, Ice override, Ice breaking.

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Ice growth, Sea ice, Ocean currents, Buoyancy, Models, Velocity.

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Neralla, V.R., et al, International Conference on Port and Ocean Engineering under Arctic Conditions, 8th, Narssarssuaq, Greenland, Sep. 7-14, 1985. Proceed-ings, Vol.1, Hörsholm, Denmark, Danish Hydraulic Institute, 1985, p.283-292, 5 refs. Venkatesh, S.

Ice surveys, Ice mechanics, Ice models, Remote sensing, Sea ice distribution, Thermodynamics, Meteorological data, Oceanography, Beaufort Sea.

40.285

Ice features and movement north of Eliesmere Island.

Nordlund, O.P., et al, International Conference on Port and Ocean Engineering under Arctic Conditions, 8th, Narsarssuaq, Greenland, Sep. 7-14, 1985. Pro-ceedings, Vol. 1, Hörsholm, Denmark, Danish Hydrau-

ic Institute, 1985, p.293-304.
Sackinger, W.M., Yan, M.
Ice mechanics, Drift, Sea ice, Ice floes, Wind velocity, Wind direction, Air temperature, Pressure, Ice sruveys, Ice cracks, Fast ice, Pressure ridges.

Comparison of the effects of natural meteorological conditions and artificial islands on regional ice conditions in the Beaufort Sea.

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Ice conditions, Sea ice distribution, Artificial islands, Meteorological factors, Pressure ridges, Ice growth, Ice breaking, Fast ice, Beaufort Sea

40-287

Wave statistics for offshore operations.

Valve statistics for offshore operations.

Vik, I., et al, International Conference on Port and Ocean Engineering under Arctic Conditions, 8th, Narssarssuaq, Greenland, Sep. 7-14, 1985. Proceedings, Vol.1, Hörsholm, Denmark, Danish Hydraulic Institute, 1985, p.316-325, 7 refs.

Kleiven, G.

Ocean waves, Offshore structures, Storms, Statistical analysis, Seasonal variations, Analysis (mathematics).

40-288

Directional wave spectra measured near ice edges. Wadhams, P., et al, International Conference on Port and Ocean Engineering under Arctic Conditions, 8th, Narssarssuaq, Greenland, Sep. 7-14, 1985. Proceedings, Vol. I, Hörsholm, Denmark, Danish Hydraulic Institute, 1985, p.326-338, 11 refs.

Squire, V.A., Ewing, J.A., Pascal, R.W.

Ocean waves, Ice edge, Ice floes, Spectra, Offshore structures, Pack ice, Wave propagation, Attenuation. 40.289

Dimensional statistics for sea-ice ridges.

Wheeler, J.D., et al, International Conference on Port and Ocean Engineering under Arctic Conditions, 8th, Narssarssuag, Greenland, Sep. 7-14, 1985. Proceedings, Vol.1, Hörsholm, Denmark, Danish Hydraulic Institute, 1985, p.339-348, 17 refs Wang, A.T.

Pressure ridges, Sea ice distribution, Offshore structures, Remote sensing, Statistical analysis.

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Conditions and design criteria of sea ice in the Bohai Gulf.

Xu. J., et al. International Conference on Port and Au, J., et al, international Conterence on Port and Ocean Engineering unde. Arctic Conditions, 8th, Narssarssuaq, Greenland, Sep. 7-14, 1985. Proceedings, Vol. 1, Hörsholm, Denmark, Danish Hydraulic Institute, 1985, p.349-357, 8 refs. Li, T., Deng, S., Li, F.

Ice conditions, Sea ice distribution, Offshore structures, Ice strength, Ice solid interface, Design criteria, Ice cover thickness, Compressive properties, China—Bohai Gulf.

40-291

Geotechnical properties of sediments of the West Greenland continental shelf, Davis Strait.

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Bottom sediment, Ocean bottom, Geological surveys,

Ice scoring, Gravel, Sands, Mud, Icebergs, Grain size,

40.292

Comparison of Alaskan and Canadian Beaufort Sea ice scour data and mathodologies.

Morrison, T.B., et al, International Conference on Port and Ocean Engineering under Arctic Conditions, 8th, Narssarssuaq, Greenland, Sep. 7-14, 1985. Proceed-ings, Vol. 1, Hörsholm, Denmark, Danish Hydraulic Institute, 1985, p.375-387, 15 refs. Marcellus, R.W.

Ice scoring, Ice mechanics, Impact strength, Distribution, Mapping, Beaufort Sea.

40-293

Northern latitude scientific ocean drilling.

Taylor, E., et al, International Conference on Port and Ocean Engineering under Arctic Conditions, 8th, Narssarssuaq, Greenleyd, Sep. 7-14, 1985. Proceedings, Vol.1, Hörsholm, Denmark, Danish Hydraulic Institute, 1985, p.388-392, 3 refs. Bryant, W.R. Offshore drilling, Coring, Iceberg towing.

Numerical simulation of ice gouge formation and in-filling on the shelf of the Beaufort Sea.

Weeks, W.F., et al, MP 1904, International Conference on Port and Ocean Engineering under Arctic Conditions, 8th, Narssarssuaq, Greenland, Sep. 7-14, 1985. Proceedings, Vol.1, Hörsholm, Denmark, Danish Hydraulic Institute, 1985, p.393-407, 12 refs.

Tucker, W.B., Niedoroda, A.W. Ice scoring, Bottom topography, Bottom sediment, ort, Models, Distri-Ocean bottom, Sediment transport, Models, bution, Computer applications, Beaufort Sea.

bution, Computer applications, Beaufort Sea. A simulation model for sea icc-induced gouges on the shell of the Beaufort Sea is developed by assuming that annual occurrence of new gouges is given by a Poisson distribution, locations of the gouges are random, and distribution of gouge depths is specified by an exponential distribution. Once a gouge is formed it is subject to infilling by transport of sediment into the region and by local movement of sediment along the sea floor. These processes are modeled by assuming a sediment input based on stratigraphic considerations and by calculating bedoat transport using methods from sediment transport theory. It is found that if currents are sufficient to transport sediment, rapid infilling of gouges occurs.

Sea ice gouge statistics.
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Wang, A.T

Ice scoring, Bottom topography, Ocean bottom, Pipelines, Bottom sediment, Sea ice, Underground pipe-

40.296

Iceberg scouring frequencies and scour degradation on Canada's eastern shelf areas using sidescan mosaic remapping techniques.

remapting techniques. Woodworth-Lynas, C.M.T., et al, International Conference on Port and Ocean Engineering under Arctic Conditions, 8th, Narssarssuaq, Greenland, Sep. 7-14, 1985. Proceedings, Vol.1, Hörsholm, Denmark, Danish Hydraulic Institute, 1985, p.419-442, 34 refs. Barrie, J.V.

Ice scoring, Icebergs, Bottom topography, Marine geology, Offshore drilling, Drift, Mapping, Acoustic measurement. Degradation.

40-297

On the ultimate strength of composite steel-concrete

structure. Hattori, Y., et al, International Conference on Port and Ocean Engineering under Arctic Conditions, 8th, Narssarssuaq, Greenland, Sep. 7-14, 1985. Proceed-ings, Vol. 1, Hörsholm, Denmark, Danish Hydraulic Institute, 1985, p.445-454, 2 refs.

Offshore structures, Reinforced concretes, Ice loads, Freeze thaw cycles, Tests, Models, Countermeasures, Elastic properties, Plastic properties, Thermal ef-

40-298

Behaviour of concrete at arctic temperatures

Marshall, A.L., International Conference on Port and Ocean Engineering under Arctic Conditions, 8th, Narssarssuaq, Greenland, Sep. 7-14, 1985. Proceedings, Vol.1, Hörsholm, Denmark, Danish Hydraulic

ings, vol.1, Horsnoim, Denmark, Danish Hydraulic Institute, 1985, p.455-467, 6 refs. Concrete freezing, Concrete durability, Low temperature research, Water content, Thermal effects, Concrete strength, Dynamic loads.

40.200

Generalized approach to the structure-soil interaction analysis with time and temperature effects.

Vinogradov, A.M., International Conference on Port and Ocean Engineering under Arctic Conditions, 8th, Narssarssuaq, Greenland, Sep. 7-14, 1985. Proceedings, Vol. 1, Hörsholm, Denmark, Danish Hydraulic Institute, 1985, p.468-477, 12 refs.

Permafrost, Foundations, Bearing strength, Ground ice, Rheology, Viscoelasticity, Frozen ground mechanics, Soil creep, Relaxation (mechanics), Temperature effects, Forecasting.

40-300

Examples of quay structures in Greenland placed on steeply inclined rock surface and subjected to ice

Hulgaard, E., International Conference on Port and Ocean Engineering under Arctic Conditions, 8th, Narsarssuaq, Greenland, Sep. 7-14, 1985. Proceedings, Vol. 1, Hörsholm, Denmark, Danish Hydraulic Institute, 1985, p.481-489.

Wharves, Ice loads, Ice pressure, Sea ice, Bearing strength, Slope orientation, Rocks, Design, Ice conditions, Tides, Greenland.

Mooring system for cutters in Arsuk, Greenland. Nondal, N., International Conference on Port and Ocean Engineering under Arctic Conditions, 8th, Narssarssuaq, Greenland, Sep. 7-14, 1985. Proceedings, Vol.1, Hörsholm, Denmark, Danish Hydraulic Institute, 1985, p.490-499.

Moorings, Ice mechanics, Drift, Ocean bottom, Offshore structures, Bottom topography, Countermeasures, Greenland.

40-302

Detachable systems—alternative approach for Arctic

exploratory structures.

Buslov, V.M., et al, International Conference on Port and Ocean Engineering under Arctic Conditions, 8th, Narssarssuaq, Greenland, Sep. 7-14, 1985. Proceed-ings, Vol.2, Hörsholm, Denmark, Danish Hydraulic Institute, 1985, p.519-528, 6 refs.

Rojansky, M

Offshore structures, Ice loads, Safety, Design, Plat-

Review of experimental studies of uplifting forces exerted by adfrozen ice on marina piles.
Christensen, F.T., et al, MP 1905, International Con-

Conditions, 8th, Narssarssuaq, Greenland, Sep. 7-14, 1985. Proceedings, Vol.2, Hörsholm, Denmark, Danish Hydraulic Institute, 1985, p.529-542, 30 refs.

Zabilansky, L.J. Pile extraction, Ice adhesion, Water level, Shear properties, Flexural strength, Ice cover effect, Ice solid interface, Ice loads, Ice physics, Construction materials.

Over the last decade the problem of pile jacking has been stud-ied experimentally, both in the field and in laboratory studies. This paper reviews the fir dings of these studies and suggests subjects for further research.

Response of semi-submersible models to bergy-bit im-

pact.
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Ings., Vol. 2, Horsholm, Denmark, Danish Hydraulic Institute, 1985, p. 544-554, 5 refs. Swamidas, A.S.J., Arockiasamy, M. Offshore structures, Ice loads, Impact strength, Icebergs, Ice floes, Hydraulic structures, Caissons, Moorings, Cost analysis, Models, Experimentation.

Field indentation tests on cylindrical structures.

Inoue, M., et al. International Conference on Port and Ocean Engineering under Arctic Conditions, 8th, Narssarssuaq, Greenland, Sep. 7-14, 1985. Proceedings, Vol.2, Hörsholm, Denmark, Danish Hydraulic Institute, 1985, p.555-568, 7 refs. Koma, N.

Offshore structures, Ice loads, Ice pressure, Countermeasures, Sea ice distribution, Ice cover thickness, Compressive properties, Strains, Tests, Ice temperature. Ice salinity

Ice impact structural design loads

Johnson, R.C. et al. International Conference on Port Johnson, R.C., et al., international conference on Port and Ocean Engineering under Arctic Conditions, 8th, Narssarssuaq, Greenland, Sep. 7-14, 1985. Proceedings, Vol. 2, Hörsholm, Denmark, Danish Hydraulic Institute, 1985, p.569-578, 4 refs.

Offshore structures, Ice loads, Impact strength, Ice strength, Icebergs, Mathematical models, Design criteria, Velocity.

40.307

Methods for determining ice impact loads against off-

Krankkala, T., International Conference on Port and Krankkala, I., International Conference on Fort and Ocean Engineering under Arctic Conditions, 8th, Narssarssuaq, Greenland, Sep. 7-14, 1985. Proceedings, Vol.2, Hörsholm, Denmark, Danish Hydraulic Institute, 1985, p.579-588, 8 refs. Ice loads, Offshore structures, Impact strength, Ice mechanics, Icebergs, Ice floes, Strains, Ice temperature.

Modelling of ice impact on concrete shells.

Modelling of ice impact on concrete shells.
Rao, G., et al, International Conference on Port and Ocean Engineering under Arctic Conditions, 8th, Narssarssuaq, Greenland, Sep. 7-14, 1985. Proceedings, Vol.2, Hörsholm, Denmark, Danish Hydraulic Institute, 1985, p.589-602, 4 refs.
Reddy, D.V.
Ice loads, Offshore structures, Impact strength, Ice pressure, Reinforced concretes, Cracking (fracturing), Tensile properties, Flexural strength, Models, Time factor.

Transfer of ice stress to a cylindrical offshore struc-

Sackinger, W.R., et al. International Conference on Sackinger, W.K., et al., International Conference on Port and Ocean Engineering under Arctic Conditions, 8th, Narssarssuaq, Greenland, Sep. 7-14, 1985. Pro-ceedings, Vol.2, Hörsholm, Denmark, Danish Hydrau-

lic Institute, 1985, p.603-620, 7 refs.

Kajaste-Rudnitski, J., Jumppanen, P.
Ice pressure, Offshore structures, Ice mechanics,

Stresses, Ice loads, Compressive properties, Analysis (mathematics).

Extrapolation of multi-year ice impact data.

Sanderson, T.J.O., et al, International Conference on Port and Ocean Engineering under Arctic Conditions, 8th, Narssarssuaq, Greenland, Sep. 7-14, 1985. Proceedings, Vol.2, Hörsholm, Denmark, Danish Hydraulic Institute, 1985, p.621-630, 10 refs. Westermann, P.H., Simpson, J. Ice pressure, Ice floes, Ice loads, Impact strength, Office and Company of the Contract of the C

Offshore landforms, Dynamic loads, Drift, Offshore structures. Ice creep.

Offshore drilling and production platforms with rapid

removal and redeployment capability. Sebastiani, G., et al, International Conference on Port and Ocean Engineering under Arctic Conditions, 8th, Narssarssuaq, Greenland, Sep. 7-14, 1985. Proceedings, Vol.2, Hörsholm, Denmark, Danish Hydraulic Institute, 1985, p.631-642, 6 refs. Fontolan, M.

Offshore structures, Icebergs, Ice conditions, Ice scoring, Offshore drilling, Design, Countermeasures,

40-312

Sheet ice forces on a conical structure: an experimen-

tal study.

Sodhi, D.S., et al, MP 1906, International Conference on Port and Ocean Engineering under Arctic Conditions, 8th, Narssarssuaq, Greenland, Sep. 7-14, 1985. Proceedings, Vol.2, Hörsholm, Denmark, Danish Hy-

Proceedings, Vol.2, Horsnoim, Denmark, Danish riydraulic Institute, 1985, p.643-655, 11 refs.

Morris, C.E., Cox, G.F.N.

Ice pressure, Ice sheets, Offshore structures, Ice loads, Flexural strength, Surface properties, Ice loads, Friction, Experimentation.

loads, Friction, Experimentation.

Small-scale experiments were performed to determine sheet ice forces on a conical structure. The experiments were conducted with a 45 deg upward-breaking conical structure which had diameters of 1.5 m at the waterline and 0.33 m at the top. The surface of the structure was initially smooth, later it was roughened to investigate the effect of surface friction on the ice load. The thickness and the flexural strength of ice sheets were varied, and the tests were conducted at three fixed velocities.

40-313

Ductile to brittle transition in sea ice under uniaxial

loading. Sunder, S.S. , et al, International Conference on Port and Ocean Engineering under Arctic Conditions, 8th, Narssarssuaq, Greenland, Sep. 7-14, 1985. Proceed-ings, Vol.2, Hörsholm, Denmark, Danish Hydraulic Institute, 1985, p.656-666, 14 refs.

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Ting, S.-K.
Ice loads, Stress strain diagrams, Sea ice, Offshore structures, Ice deformation, Tensile properties, Brittleness, Models, Stress concentration.

Method of calculating the global (ce load on Esso's caisson retained island at Kadluk.

To, N.M., International Conference on Port and Ocean Engineering under Arctic Conditions, 8th, Narssarssuaq, Greenland, Sep. 7-14, 1985. Proceedings, Vol.2, Hörsholm, Denmark, Danish Hydraulic Institute, 1985, p.667-676, 4 refs.

Ice loads, Caissons, Artificial islands, Ice pressure, Safety, Offshore structures, Beaufort Sea.

Dynamic response of moored conical structures to a

moving ice sheet.
Toyama, Y., et al, International Conference on Port and Ocean Engineering under Arctic Conditions, 8th, Narssarssuaq, Greenland, Sep. 7-14, 1985. Proceedings, Vol.2, Hörsholm, Denmark, Danish Hydraulic Institute, 1985, p.677-688, 2 refs.

lee loads, Offshore structures, Dynamic loads, Ice mechanics, Ice solid interface, Moorings, Buoyancy, Wind factors, Ocean currents.

Strain-softening model for simulating local ice con-

Vivatrat, V., et al. International Conference on Port NVatrat, V., et al, international conference on Fortand Ocean Engineering under Arctic Conditions, 8th, Narssarssuaq, Greenland, Sep. 7-14, 1985. Proceedings, Vol.2, Hörsholm, Denmark, Danish Hydraulic Institute, 1985, p.689-698, 7 refs.

Ice pressure, Impact strength, Ice solid interface. Strains, Stresses, Velocity.

40-317

Steel submersible drilling platform for the Bohai Gulf.

Gulf.
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Ice loads, Offshore structures, Steel structures, Ice conditions, Offshore drilling, Design, Ice cover thickness. Ice strength.

Systematic approach for the engineering design of small-craft harbours and structures for ice conditions. Wortley, C.A., International Conference on Port and Ocean Engineering under Arctic Conditions, 8th, Narssarssuaq, Greenland, Sep. 7-14, 1985. Proceedings, Vol.2, Hörsholm, Denniark, Danish Hydraulic Institute, 1985, p.706-715, 1 ref. Ice loads, Ports, Docks, Ice pressure, Soil strength,

Ice prevention, Design criteria, Ice control, Bubbling, Foundations, Floating structures.

40-319

Model tests of ice rubble field around a gravel island. Yoshimura, N., et al, International Conference on Port and Ocean Engineering under Arctic Conditions, 8th, Narssarssuaq, Greenland, Sep. 7-14, 1985. Proceedings, Vol.2, Hörsholm, Denmark, Danish Hydraulic Institute, 1985, p.716-726. 8 refs. Inoue, M.

Ice models, Artificial islands, Ice loads, Gravel, Ice solid interface, Ice pileup, Ice override.

40-320

Conventional submarine technology for under-ice operation.

Chappuis, J., et al, International Conference on Port Chappurs, 7, et al, international Confedence on Fort and Ocean Engineering under Arctic Conditions, 8th, Narssarssuaq, Greenland, Sep. 7-14, 1985. Proceed-ings, Vol.2, Hörsholm, Denmark, Danish Hydraulic Institute, 1985, p.729-754, 9 refs. Abels, F. Submarines, Subglacial navigation, Ice navigation,

Military operation, Design, Logistics.

40-321

Improved detection of icebergs using a dual-polarized marine radar.

Currie, B.W., et al, International Conference on Port and Ocean Engineering under Arctic Conditions, 8th, Narssarssuad, Greenland, Sep. 7-14, 1985. Proceedings, Vol.2, Hörsholm, Denmark, Danish Hydraulic Institute, 1985, p.757-766, 3 refs. Lewis, E.O.

Ice detection, Icebergs, Ice conditions, Radar echoes, Ships, Offshore drilling.

40-322

Technical and economic aspects of navigation in cold regions as experienced by the Royal Greenland Trade Department through 200 years.

Duysen, N., et al, International Conference on Port and Ocean Engineering under Arctic Conditions, 8th, Narssarssuaq, Greenland, Sep. 7-14, 1985. Proceedings, Vol.2, Hörsholm, Denmark, Danish Hydraulic Institute, 1985, p.767-777, 2 refs. Egge, P.E.

Ice navigation, Marine transportation, Sea ice distribution, History, Seasonal variations, Icebergs, Design.

40-323

M.V. Robert Lemeur ice-propeller interaction proiect: instrumentation.

Edgecombe, M.H., et al, International Conference on Port and Ocean Engineering under Arctic Conditions, 8th, Narssarssuaq, Greenland, Sep. 7-14, 1985. Proceedings, Vol.2, Hörsholm, Denmark, Danish Hydraulic Institute, 1985, p.778-786, 2 refs. Spencer, P.A., Bayly, I.M.
Ice navigation, Propellers, Ice breaking, Icebreakers,

Tests, Computer applications.

40-324

Influence of ice-rubble size on resistance to ship-hull

motion.

Ettema, R., et al, International Conference on Port and Ocean Engineering under Arctic Conditions, 8th, Narssarssuaq, Greenland, Sep. 7-14, 1985. Proceedings, Vol.2, Hörsholm, Denmark, Danish Hydraulic Institute, 1985, p.787-796, 5 refs.

Matsuishi, M., Kitazawa, T.

Ice conditions, Ice navigation, Ice structure, Floating less Valecties. Les strength.

ice, Velocity, Ice strength.

40-325

Numerical predictions of ice build-up in ships tracks. Hamza, H., International Conference on Port and Ocean Engineering under Arctic Conditions, 8th, Narssarssuaq, Greenland, Sep. 7-14, 1985. Proceedings, Vol.2, Hörsholm, Denmark, Danish Hydraulic Institute, 1985, p.797-810, 10 refs.

Ice navigation, Ice conditions, Ice forecasting, Ships,

Floating ice, Velocity, Mathematical models, Climatic factors.

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Full scale ice performance tests of sisterships with a ducted and an open propeller.
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Oil spills, Ice bottom surface, Electromagnetic prospecting, Subglacial observations, Detection, Radar

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Detection of oil under ice using acoustics.

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Glacier surveys, Electric power, Glacier melting, Glacier ablation, Glacier mass balance, Meltwater, Ice and Glacier occupied in the Conservation of the

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Barstow, S.F., et al, International Conference on Port and Ocean Engineering under Arctic Conditions, 8th, Narssarssuaq, Greenland, Sep. 7-14, 1985. Proceedings, Vol.2, Hörsholm, Denmark, Danish Hydraulic Institute, 1985, p.947-965, 6 refs.

Ocean waves, Ice edge, Sea ice distribution, Marine meteorology, Icing, Measuring instruments, Barents Sea.

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Lever, J.H., et al, International Conference on Port Lever, J.H., et al, International Conference on Port and Ocean Engineering under Arctic Conditions, 8th, Narssarssuaq, Greenland, Sep. 7-14, 1985. Proceedings, Vol.2, Hörsholm, Denmark, Danish Hydraulic Institute, 1985, p.988-997, 10 refs. Diemand, D.

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Icebergs, Offshore drilling, Wind direction, Wind velocity. Stresses, Ice salinity.

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over ice.
Squire, V.A., International Conference on Port and Ocean Engineering under Arctic Conditions, 8th, Narssarssuaq, Greenland, Sep. 7-14, 1985. Proceedings, Vol.2, Horsholm, Denmark, Danish Hydraulic Institute, 1985, p. 1041-1050, 12 refs. Ice cover strength, Vehicles, Ice deformation, Strains, Floating ice, Dynamic loads, Theories, Velocity.

Velocity.

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Mapping of snowcover using satellite imagery.
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Snow cover distribution, Remote sensing, Mapping, Perfection, Albede, Tracermethic offsets.

Reflection, Albedo, Topographic effects.

40-345

Adaptation of woody plants to extreme environmental conditions. (Adaptatsiis dievesnykh rastenii k ekstremal'nym usloviiam sredy), Volkov, A.D., ed, Petrozavodsk, 1984, 128p., In Rus-

For selected papers see 40-346 through 40-353. Refs. passim.

Reis. passim.

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Introduced plants, Plant ecology, Plant physiology,
Cryogenic soils, Roots, Photosynthesis, Permafrost
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Adaptations for protecting the ontogenesis of woody plants. [Adaptatsii po zashchite ontogeneza dreves-

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Multilevel adaptational processes in living nature. Ob ierarkhii adaptatsionnykh protsessov v zhivol

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Active layer.

Microevolutionary processes in common pine. [Mikroevoliutsionnye protsessy v populiatsiiakh sosny obyknovennoj,

Pravdin, L.F., et al, Adaptatsiia drevesnykh rastenii k ekstremal'nym usloviiam sredy (Adaptation of woody plants to extreme environmental conditions) edited by A.D. Volkov, V.I. Ermakov and M.A. Shcherbakova, Petrozavodsk, 1984, p.26-42, In Russian. 18 refs. Dukharev, V.A.

Swamps, Acclimatization, Forest land, Trees (plants), Plant ecology, Plant physiology, Nutrient cycle, Soil chemistry, Soil water migration, Conifers.

40-349

Physiological and biochemical mechanisms of plant adaptation to extreme environmental conditions. [Fiziologo-biokhimicheskie mekhanizmy adaptatsii khvoinykh rastenii k ekstremai'nym faktoram sredyj, Novitskaia, IU.E., Adaptatsiia drevesnykh rastenii k ekstremal'nym usloviiam sredy (Adaptation of woody plants to extreme environmental conditions) edited by plants to extreme environmental conditions) edited by A.D. Volkov, V.I. Ermakov and M.A. Shcherbakova, Petrozavodsk, 1984, p.42-52, in Russian. 23 refs. Introduced plants, Acclimatization, Photosynthesis, Nutrient cycle, Soil temperature, Plant ecology, Soil chemistry, Plant physiology.

Rhythmic and parametric aspects of plant adaptation to specific environmental conditions. (Ritmologi-cheskie i parametricheskie aspekty adaptatsii rastenii k

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Ecologic-genetic adaptation of spruce to northern conditions. ¡Ekologo-geneticheskie adaptatsii eli v usloviiakh Severa; Shcherbakov, N.M., et al. Adaptatsiia drevesnykh ras-

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Plant resistance to industrial emissions. (Priroda ustoichivosti rastenii k promyshlennym eksgalatam, Tarabrin, V.P., Adaptatsiia drevesnykh rastenii k ek-stremal'nym usloviiam sredy (Adaptation of woody plants to extreme environmental conditions) edited by A.D. Volkov, V.I. Ermakov and M.A. Shcherbakova, Petrozavodsk, 1984, p.90-97, In Russian. 31 refs. Air pollution, Environmental protection, Introduced plants, Human factors, Wastes, Soil pollution, Cryogenic soils, Soil chemistry.

40-353

40-353

Specific structures of root systems of woody plants growing in the Far Northern mountains. Osobennosti stroeniia kornevykh sistem drevesnykh porod v gorakh Krainego Severas.

IArmishko, V.T., et al, Adaptatsiia drevesnykh rastenii k ekstremal'nym usloviiam sredy (Adaptation of woody plants to extreme environmental conditions) edited by A.D. Volkov, V.I. Ermakov and M.A. Shcherbakova, Petrozavodsk, 1984, p.100-117, In Russian. 21 refs.

Russian. 21 refs. Dem'ianov, V.A. Roots, Plant ecology, Plant physiology, Trees (plants), Polar regions, Permatrost depth, Soil temperature, Alpine landscapes, Snow cover effect, Slope processes, Rock streams, USSR—Putorana Plateau. 40-354

Verdict on Erebus.
Mahon, P., Christchurch, New Zealand, Collins, 1984.

296p. DLC TL553.5.M28 1984

Airplanes, Navigation, Whiteout.

DLC TL553.5.M28 1984

Airplanes, Navigation, Whiteout.

The author was appointed by the New Zealand government to be a Royal Commissioner of Inquiry to investigate the crash of an Air New Zealand DC-10 on the lower slopes of Mount Erebus on Nov 28, 1979. This book is his report to the New Zealand government of his opinion as to the cause of the crash it includes testimony, some verbatim, from the Chief Executive and management and technical personnel of Air New Zealand, New Zealand Civil Aviation; the Chief Inspector; the Airlines Pilots Association; U.S. Navy McMurdo personnel; and the survivors, inter al. It was the view of Air New Zealand and the Chief Inspector that pilot error was the primary cause of the crash. As the inquiry developed, however, it became clear that their evidence was highly suspect in many respects. In the end the Royal Commissioner concluded that two factors working together caused the crash and that meither of them occurring alone would have produced the disaster. This flight, in common with other commercial flights, was navigated by an inertial system which automatically kept the plane on a predetermined course. On this flight the usual course from New Zealand to Antarctica had been altered and pre-set into the inertial system without the knowledge of the pilots. The altered course took the flight nearly 30 miles east of the course the pilots had been refed on and thought they were flying. The other factor was the antarctic whiteout which enveloped Erebus' slopes. The standard course would have kept the flight away from the whiteout danger on Mount Erebus. On the altered course with no whiteout, the pilots would have recognized the course discrepancy from visual checkpoints and could have taken corrective action. Both factors together led to disaster.

40-355

40-355

TO THE POST OF THE PROPERTY OF

Tidal behaviour under an antarctic ice shelf.

Potter, J.R., et al, British Antarctic Survey. Bulletin, Aug. 1985, No.68, p.1-18, 26 refs. Paren, J.G., Pedley, M.

Ice shelves, Ice edge, Tides, Antarctica—George VI

Two short tidal height records and one short current record are Two short tidal height records and one short current record are presented. The measurements were taken near the two narrow ice fronts at the north and south ends of George VI Ice shelf, Antarctic Peninsula. At both ice fronts there is significant tidal height energy in the first seven tidal species, indicating strong non-linear interaction, not all of which can be attributed to shallow-water or frictional terms. In addition, there is severe absorption of tidal energy at the M/2 frequency. Major tidal constituent values are calculated for both ice fronts Apart from M/2, comparisons with published numerical tidal annulations show good agreement, especially at the porther rec Apart from M^2 2, comparisons with published numerical tidal simulations show good agreement, especially at the northern ice front, which, nevertheless, shows significant differences from the results of a previous tidal record nearby. George VI Sound is shown to be ineffective for tidal transmission. Calculations based on the limited data show that very little tidal energy enters the south of the sound but that rather more propagates into the north. The net tidal energy flux under the shelf is calculated. The very low value has important implications for theories of tidal dissipation by ice shelves. (Auth.)

40-356

40-356 Ice surface and bedrock topography in Coats Land and part of Dronning Maud Land, Anta-ctica, from satellite imagery.

Marsh, P.D., British Antarctic Survey. Bulletin, Aug. 1985, No.68, p.19-36, 47 rcfs.

Ice surface, Surface structure, Topographic features, Rectom topography. Spacehorne photography. Applications of the programmy Spacehorne photography.

Bottom topography, Spaceborne photography, Antarctica—Coats Land, Antarctica—Queen Maud Land.

Near-infrared images from Landsat MSS Band 7 and NOAA Very High Resolution Radiometer channel 2 give a synoptic

view of ice surface features. Comparison with survey data collected by ground parties shows that the most prominent features, with wavelengths between 2 and 10 km, are undulations with slope changes as small as 0.5 deg. The imagery permits the mapping of zones with similar surface topography, which outline shapes of the glaciers feeding Filchner Ice Shelf, and topographic highs associated with exposed mountain ranges. The relationship of the undulations to these major features, and published ractio-echo sounding data, support the conclusion of workers elsewhere that the surface undulations are mainly related to bottom topography. Discontinuities in the surface topoged workers elsewhere that the surface undulations are mainly related to bottom topography. Discontinuities in the surface topography are inferred to indicate discontinuities in bedrock morphology and are used to suggest the location of subglacial scarps and other changes in bedrock elevation. The orientation of the inferred bedrock features suggests that many are fractures associated with Mesorici rifting along the Weddell Sea and Filchner Ice Shelf margins of the continent. (Auth.)

Transformation of a tundrs river from heterotrophy to autotrophy by addition of phosphoras.

Peterson, B.J., et al, Science, Sep. 27, 1985, 229(4720), p.1383-1386, 23 refs.

Tundra, Rivers, Water chemistry, Photosynthesis, Al-

gae. Bacteria.

Increase of atmospheric methane recorded in antarctic ice core.

Stauffer, B., et al, Science, Sep. 27, 1985, 229(4720), p.1386-1388, 13 refs.
Fischer, G., Neftel, A., Oeschger, H.
Ice cores, Atmospheric composition, Gas inclusions, Bubbles, Antarctica—Siple Station.

Arr entrapped in bubbles of cold ice has essentially the same composition as that of the atmosphere at the time of bubble formation. Measurements of the methane concentration in air extracted by two different methods from ice samples from Siple Station in western Antarctica allow the reconstruction of the history of the increase of the atmospheric methane during the history of the i

Influence of coal porosity on the effectiveness of

influence of coal porosity on the effectiveness of freeze conditioning agents.

Richardson, P.F., et al, Mining engineering, Aug. 1985, 37(8), p.1057-1061, 10 refs.

Roc, W.J., Perisho, J.L.

Coal, Frozen cargo, Porosity, Molsture, Antifreezes, Logistics, Compressive properties.

Permanent bypass installed. Pipeline and gas journal, July 1985, 212(7), p.30-40. Pipelines, Maintenance, Hot oil lines, United States

Alaska.

Protection of arctic submarine pipelines against ice

Nessim, M.A., et al, *Journal of energy resources technology*, Sep. 1985, 107(3), p.356-361, 17 refs. Jordaan, I.J.

Ice scoring, Ocean bottom, Underground pipelines, Countermeasures, Trenching, Damage, Models.

Damage mechanics model for uniaxial deformation of

Karr, D.G., Journal of energy resources technology, Sep. 1985, 107(3), p.363-368, 14 refs. Ice deformation, Ice cracks, Static loads, Stress strain diagrams, Ice elasticity, Ice plasticity, Brittleness, Fracturing, Models.

Grain size and the compressive strength of ice. Grain size and the compressive strength of the Cole, D.M., Journal of energy resources technology, Sep. 1985, 107(3), MP 1907, p.369-374, 15 refs. Ice strength, Ice mechanics, Compressive properties, Grain size, Loads (forces), Ice crystal structure, Stress strain diagrams, Ice cracks, Temperature ef-

Stress strain diagrams, Ice cracks, Temperature effects, Fracturing.
This work presents the results of uniaxial compression tests on freshwater polycrystalline ice. Grain size of the test material ranged from 1.5 to 5 mm, strain rate ranged from 1.1,000,000 to 1.100.9 and the temperature was-5 C. The grain size effect emerged clearly as the strain rate increased to 1/100,000/s and persisted to the highest applied strain rates. On average, the stated increase in grain size brought about a decrease in peak stress of approximately 31 percent. The occurrence of the grain size effect coincided with the onset of visible cracking. The strength of the material increased to a maximum at a strain rate of 1.1,000/s, and then dropped somewhat as the strain rate increased further to 1.100/s. Strain at peak stress generally tended to decrease with both increasing grain size and increasing strain rate. The results are discussed in terms of the deformation mechanisms which lead to the observed behavior. mation mechanisms which lead to the observed behavior

40-364

Tensile strength of multi-year pressure ridge sea ice samples.

Cox, G.F.N., et al, *Journal of energy resources technology*, Sep. 1985, 107(3), MP 1908, p.375-380, 20

Richter-Menge, J.A.
Pressure ridges, Ice strength, Tensile properties, Sea ice, Strains, Tests.

ICE, SCIBLIBS, 1 2815.

Thirty-six constant strain-rate uniaxial tension 'ests were performed on vertically oriented multi-year pressure ridge samples from the Beaufort Sea. The tests were performed on a closed-loop electro-hydraulic testing machine at two strain rates (1/10,000 and 1/1,000/s) and two temperatures (-20 and -5 C). This paper summarizes the sample preparation and testing techniques used in the investigation and presents data on the tensile strength, initial tangent modulus, and failure strain of the ice.

Quantitative analysis of ice sheet failure against an

Quantitative analysis of ice sneet minure agains, an inclined plane.
Frederking, R.M.W., et al, Journal of energy resources technology, Sep. 1985, 107(3), p.381-387, 10 refs.
Timco, G.W.
Lice loads, Offshore structures, Ice solid interface, Floating ice, Ice mechanics, Ice sheets, Ice floes, Flexural strength, Slope orientation, Mathematical models, Buoyancy, Ice friction.

Influence of continental ice sheets on the climate of an ice age.

Manabe, S., et al, Journal of geophysical research, Feb. 20, 1985, 90(D1), p.2167-2190, Refs. p.2189-2190 Broccoli, A.J.

Albedo, Ice sheets, Paleoclimatology.

Albedo, Ice sheets, Paleoclimatology.

The climate influence of the land ice that existed 18,000 years before present (18K B.P.) is investigated by use of a general circulation model of the atmosphere coupled with a static mixed layer ocean. Simulated climates are obtained from two versions of the model: one with the land ice distribution of the present and the other with that of 18K B.P. The distribution of sea surface temperature (SST) difference between the two experiments in the northern hemisphere resembles the difference between the SST at 18K B.P. and at present, as estimated by the CLIMAP Project (1981). The 18K B.P. ice sheets have very little influence upon atmospheric temperature and SST in the southern hemisphere. This is because the interhemispheric teat transport hardly changes as the loss of heat energy due to the southern memsphere. This is occasion the intermemsphere transport hardly changes as the loss of heat energy due the reflection of solar radiation by continental ice sheets in northern hemisphere is almost completely counterbalanced the in situ reduction of upward terrestrial radiation. (At

40-367

Heat supply problems under Far Northern conditions. (Problemy teplosnabzheniia v usloviiakh

Krainego Severa₁, Kolodeznikov, R.P., ed, Yakutsk, Yakut. fil. SO AN SSSR, 1984, 105p., In Russian. For selected papers see 40-368 through 40-380. Refs. passim. Urzhumtsev, IU.S., ed.

Natural resources, Residential buildings, Industrial villating. Hacting Heating Theories Institute.

buildings, Heating, Heat pipes, Thermal insulation, Electric power, Subpolar regions, Nuclear power, Fuels, Equipment, Economic analysis.

Trends in the development of heat supply and district-heating systems under new power complex develop-ment conditions in the USSR. (Osnovnye naprav-lenija razvitija teplosnabzhenija i teplofikatsij v novykh usloviiakh formirovaniia energeticheskogo kompleksa SSSR₃, Khrilev, L.S., et al, Problemy teplosnabzheniia v us-

knriley, L.S., et al., Frooleny tepiosnabznenia v us-lovilakh Kratnego Severa (Heat supply problems under Far Northern conditions) edited by R.P. Kolodeznikov and IU.S. Urzhumtsev, Yakutsk, Yakut. fil. SO AN SSSR, 1984, p.4-13, In Russian. 5 refs. Bautin, S.M., Il'kevich, Z.A., Kochanov, S.A. Heating, Residential buildings, Industrial buildings, Fleating, propers Spander, product Nuclear, power

Electric power, Subpolar regions, Nuclear power,

Heat supply problems in the northeastern European

USSR. ¡Problemy teplosnabzheniia evropeľskogo Severo-Vostoka SSSR], Zorkal'tsev, V.I., et al, Problemy teplosnabzheniia v usloviiakh Krainego Severa (Heat supply problems under Far Northern conditions) edited by R.P. Kolodeznikov and IU.S. Urzhumtsev, Yakutsk, Yakut. fil.

deznikov and 10.5 Orznumisev, Jakulsk, Takul. III. SO AN SSSR, 1984, p.13-22, In Russian. Kalinina, A.A., Kolobov, IU.I. Industrial buildings, Residential buildings, Heating, Electric power, Nuclear power, Heat pipes, Fuels.

40-370

Development of district heating systems in the Murmansk area. [O razvitii teplofika'sii Murmansko] oblastin.

Stepanov, I.R., et al, Problemy teplosnabzheniia v uslovijakh Kralnego Severa (Peat supply problems under Far Northern conditions) edited by R.P. Kolodeznikov and IU.S. Urzhumtsev, Yakutsk, Yakut. fil. SO AN

and IU.S. Urzhumisev, Yakutsk, Yakut. III. SO AN SSSR, 1984, p.22-29, In Russian. 8 refs. Barannik, B.G., Kalinina, N.V., Zarudniaia, N.A. Natural resourcea, Residential buildings, Mining, Industrial buildings, Heating, Electric power, Nuclear power, Puels, USSR—Kola Peninsula.

40-371

Trends in the development of nuclear and organic-fuel heating systems for conditions of the Yakut ASSR. Osnovnye napraylenija razvitija sistem teplosnabzheniia na organicheskom i iadernom toplive v us-

loviiakh IAkutskot ASSR₃, Shadrin, A.P., Problemy teplosnabzhenija v uslovijakh Stading, A.F., Problemy teptoshazzielina v usovitakin Krainego Severa (Heat supply problems under Far Northern conditions) edited by R.P. Kolodeznikov and IU.S. Urzhumtsev, Yakutsk, Yakut. fil. SO AN SSSR, 1984, p.34-45, ln Russian. 6 refs.

Heating, Electric power, Subpolar regions, Nuclear power, Fuels.

Centralized heat supply of Yakutia and its development. (Tsentralizovannoe teplosnabzhenie v IAkutii

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Allowing for seismic effects when designing building enclosures. [Uchet selsmicheskikh vozdelstvil pri proektirovanii ograzhdaiushchikh konstruktsil zda-

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Earthquakes, Acoustic measurement, Models, Perma frost physics, Seismic velocity.

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Ice control, Ice removal, Snow removal, Winter maintenance, Road maintenance, Streets, Safety, Trafficability.

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Quaternary deposits, Marine deposits, Ocean bottom, Sedimentation, Marine geology, Glacial deposits, Pleistocene, Paleoclimatology, Grain size, United States—Alaska—Shelikof Strait.

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Klemas, V., McKim, H.L., Merry, C.J

Water reserves, Remote sensing, Hydrodynamics, Radiometry, LANDSAT, Water flow, Delaware Bay. The radiometric and spatial qualities of SPOT simulator and Landsat-3 MSS data are compared as to their ability to distinguish different water masses within Delaware Bay and adjacent wetland areas. The SPOT simulator data contain a greater range of gray level values for all water areas than do the Landsat MSS data. The contains a greater range of gray level values for all water areas than do the Landsat MSS data. range or gray level values for all water areas than do the Landsat MSS data. The greater spatial resolution of the SPOT simulator data provide, information about small-scale hydrodynamics not available on the Landsat MSS data. Both types of data show a plume of spectrally unique water flowing from Roosevelt Inlet into Delaware Bay. The plume is most visible in SPOT simulator band 1 (500-590 nm) and Landsat MSS band 4 (500-600 nm). In both bands, the plume appears dark relative to the surrounding SPOT of the surrounding SPOT of the spectrum of the surrounding SPOT of the surro simulator band 1 (200-390 mil) and Landasi Mash band 4 (200-600 mil). In both bands, the plume appears dark relative to the surrounding Delaware Bay water. Recent hydrographic surveys characterize the plume as an ebb tidal feature with high concentrations of dissolved and particulate organic matter believed to originate from the adjacent Canary Creek Marsh and Great Marsh. SPOT simulator data are found to delineate the state of the production of the survey with a bit descrete former than 200 million of the survey with a bit descrete former than 200 million of the survey with a bit descrete former than 200 million of the survey with a bit descrete former than 200 million of the survey with a survey of the su water masses with a high degree of separation. Radiometrically degraded SPOT data produce similar results. Landard MSS data, although useful for delineating water masses, do not produce good separation because of sensor noise.

Focus: hydrology of snow and ice.

Woo, M.-K., Canadian geographer, Summer 1985, 29(2), p.173-183, 19 refs.

hydrology, Glacial hydrology, Glaciers, Lake ice, River ice, Snowmelt, Floods, Canada. 40-402

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Taiga, Soil microbiology, Forest soils, Cryogenic soils. Mountain soils, Ecosystems, Biomass, Soil classification, Soil composition, Soil chemistry.

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40-404

Phytoindication of environmental conditions and natural processes in high mountains. [Fitoindikatsna uslovit sredy i prirodnykh protsessov v vysokogor-

'iakhj, Gorchakovskil, P.L., et al, Moscow, Nauka, 1985, 209p., In Russian with English table of contents enclosed. Refs. p.186-208 Shuatov, S.G.

Taiga, Ecosystems, Slope processes, Forest fires, Forest tundra, Tundra, Lichens, Landslides, Alpine land-scapes, Mosses, Mudflows, Solifluction, Avalanches. 40-405

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Snow hydrology, Remote sensing, Snow cover distribution, Runoff forecasting, Floods.

40-407

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Landsat-MSS data.

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Seidel, K., Haefner, H., Itten, K.I., Martinec, J. Snowmelt, Runoff, Remote sensing, Cloud cover, LANDSAT, Data processing, Mountains, Switzerland-Alps.

40-408

Remote sensing of saline ice in a laboratory environment, an overview.

ment, an overview.

Swift, C.T., International Geoscience and Remote Sensing Symposium (IGARSS '85), Amherst, MA, Oct. 7-9, 1985. Digest, Vol. 1, New York, Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers, Inc., 1985,

Sea ice, Remote sensing, Microwaves, Radiometry, Electromagnetic properties, Experimentation.

40-409

Simulated sea ice used for correlating the electrical properties of the ice with its structural and salinity characteristics.

Gow, A.J., MP 1910, International Geoscience and Remote Sensing Symposium (IGARSS '85), Amherst, MA. Oct. 7-9, 1985 Digest, Vol. 1, New York, Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers, Inc., 1985, p.76-82

Ice electrical properties, Sea ice, Ice crystal structure, Ice salinity, Remote sensing, Reflectivity, Ice cover thickness, Ice growth, Experimentation.

40-410

Dielectric properties at 4.75 GHz of saline ice slabs. Arcone, S.A., et al., MP 1911, International Geo-science and Remote Sensing Symposium (IGARSS '85), Amherst, MA, Oct. 7-9, 1985 Digest, Vol. 1. '85), Amherst, MA, Oct. 7-9, 1985 Digest, Vol. 1, New York, Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers, Inc., 1985, p.83-86, 10 refs. McGrew, S.G.

Ice electrical properties, Sea ice, Ice salinity, Microwaves, Dielectric properties, Radiometry, Brines, Experimentation.

The complex relative dielectric permittivity of saline ice slabs removed from an artificially grownice sheet has been measured at 4.75 GHz as a function of temperature. The frequency lies within the range used by other researchers who conducted radional states. within the range used by other researches who conducted radiometric tests concurrently on the same ice sheet. The slabs were placed between open waveguide radiators and dielectric properties calculated from the forward scattering coefficient. The results show both real (k') and imaginary (k'') parts to vary almost in direct proportion to the brine volume. However, the values for k'' show more variation, probably due to scattering 40-411

Laboratory studies of acoustic scattering from the underside of sea ice.

derside of sea ice.

Jezek, K. C., et al., MP 1912, International Geoscience and Remote Sensing Symposium (IGARSS '85), Amherst, MA, Oct. 7-9, 1985 — Digest, Vol. 1, New York, Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers, Inc. 985, p.87-91

Gow. A.J. Stanton, T.K.

Ice acoustics, Ice bottom surface, Sea ice, Attenuation, Remote sensing, Acoustic measurement.

An analysis has shown that reflection coefficient for growing ice is about 06. This coefficient increases dramatically as the ne is about 96. This coefficient increases dramatically as the ice decays. At frequencies above 100 kHz, scattering is donnated by the dendrites at the base of the ice. Fluctuations in normal incidence exhibits a significant above 100 kHz. Back scatter from the underside of sea ice does not change significantly as the ice grows out of the melt (0 to 10 cm thick). At tenuation is found to be fail greater than the attenuation report ed by Langleben who performed measurements horizontally and away from the dendritic layer (same acoustic frequencies) 40-412

Multifrequency observations of brightness temperature of artificial new and young sea ice.

Grenfell, T.C., International Geoscience and Remote

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Ice physics, Sea Ice, Radiometry, Remote sensing, Microwaves, Spectra, Artificial Ice, Ice cover thickness, Brightness, Surface temperature, Air tempera-

40-413

Photogrammetry and remote sensing in periglacial geomorphology. Howland, W.G.,

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1985, p. 119-124, 4 refs.
Geomorphology, Periglacial processes, Remote sensing, Photogrammetry, Topographic features.

Quantitative determination of serosol ontical parameters from monostatic lidar measurements.

Reagan, J.A., International Geoscience and Remote Sensing Symposium (IGARSS '85), Amherst, MA, Oct. 7-9, 1985. Digest, Vol. 1, New York, Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers, Inc., 1985,

Aerosols, Optical properties, Remote sensing, Lidar, Analysis (mathematics).

Texture and fabric of the second year sea ice cover at Mould Bay, Prince Patrick Island, NWT, April,

Bierkelund, C.A., et al. International Geoscience and Remote Sensing Symposium (IGARSS '85), Amhers, MA, Oct. 7-9, 1985. Digest, Vol. 1, New York, Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers, Inc.,

1985, p.426-431, 6 refs. Lapp, D.J., Ramseier, R.O., Sinha, N.K

Ice crystal structure, Sea ice, Ice cover thickness, Ice salinity, Ice growth, Ice structure.

40-416

Extracting sea ice data from satellite SAR imagery. Fily, M., et al, International Geoscience and Remote Sensing Symposium (IGARSS '85), Ainherst, MA, Oct. 7-9, 1985. Digest, Vol. 1, New York, Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers, Inc., 1985,

Rothrock, D.A.

Sea ice distribution, Remote sensing, Radar photography, Brightness, Ice edge.

40-417

SAR remote sensing during MIZEX 84.

Shuchman, R.A., et al, International Geoscience and Remote Sensing Symposium (IGARSS '85), Amherst, MA, Oct. 7-9, 1985. Direct, Vol 1, New York, Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers, Inc. 1985, p.439-443.

Burns, B.A.

Sea ice distribution, Ice edge, Remote sensing, Ice detection, Ice conditions, Photointerpretation, Ice floes, Backscattering, Vave propagation.

Measurement of sea ice backscatter characteristics at 36 GHz using the surface contour radar.

Fedor, L.S., et al, International Geoscience and Remote Sensing Symposium (IGARSS '85), Amherst, MA, Oct. 7-9, 1985. Digest, Vol., New York, Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers, Inc., 1985, p.446-451, 3 refs

Walsh, E.S. Sea ice distribution, Backscattering, Remote sensing, Ice conditions, Surface properties, Radar photogranhv.

40-419

Sea ice observations of the Weddell-Scotia Seas with

SIR-B imagery. Holt, B., et al, International Geoscience and Remote Sensing Symposium (IGARSS '85), Amherst, MA, Oct. 7-9, 1985. Digest, Vol. 1, New York, Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers, Inc., 1985,

Of Electrical and Discussions of the Property of the Carsey, F.D., Yang, W.-L. Sea ice distribution, Ice edge, Radar photography, Remote sensing, Photogrammetry, Ice conditions, Waddall Saa Scotia Sea. Antarctica-Weddell Sea, Scotia Sea.

The first radar imagery of sea ice in the southern ocean was acquired of the Weddell-Scotia Sea marginal ice zone with the

SIR-B system on October 9, 11, and 12, 1984. The imagery SIR-B system on October 9, 11, and 12, 1984. The imagery contains coverage of inner pack ice with large, compact floes, linearly organized ice in a transition zone about 80% ice covered, followed by wavy ice bands or aggregates of small floes in the marginal ice zone about 20-30% ice covered. Ice/water concentrations of these regions were derived from the radar imagery by first utilizing a ricdian filter to reduce radar speckle and then a supervised classification technique. The accuracy of the derived concentrations varied with the nature of the ice itself and radar incidence angle.

40-420
100 MHz dielectric constant measurements of snow cover: dependence on environmental and snow pack parameters.

Burns, B.A., et al, MP 1913, 1 Arnational Geoscience and Remote Sensing Symposium (ICARSS '85), Amherst, MA, Oct. 7-9, 1985. Digest, Vol. 2, New York, Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers, Inc., 1985, p.829-834, 3 refs.

Larson, R.W., Onstott, R.G., Fisk, D.J.

Snow cover distribution, Snow electrical properties, Remote sensing, Microwaves, Dielectric properties, Snow depth. Snow water content, Surface roughness. Snow temperature, Snow density.

Show cover of both land and ocean (sea ice) areas presents a challenge to remote sensing. On one hand, it acts as a mask over surfaces of interest and part of the remote sensing problem is then to determine whether the snow cover is transparent. is then to determine whether the show cover is transparent, opaque, or partially transparent resulting in a miniguous signature. On the other hand, the properties of the show cover itself may be of interest, such as depth, show water equivalent and coverage. M crowave remote sensors in particular have potential to monitor these properties because of their capabilities to penetrate the surface, detect small welness differences and operations. erate in all weather conditions (Foster, et al., 1985) trate in an weather conditions (roster, et al., 1985). To fealize this potential, it is necessary to understand how show properties affect remote sensing signatures. Microwave signatures of show are a function of dielectric constant as well as surface roughness and depth. A primary objective therefore is to de-termine the relationship between the dielectric constant and environmental parameters, including physical properties of the snow cover and local meteorological variables

40-421

Effect of liquid water on the dielectric properties of

snow. Shivola, A., et al, International Geoscience and Shivola, A., et al, International Geoscience and Remote Sensing Symposium, (IGARSS '85), Amherst, MA, Oct. 7-9, 1985. Digest, Vol. 2, New York, Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers, Inc., 1985, p.836-841, 7 refs.

Nyfors, E., Tiuri, M.

Snow electrical properties, Wet snow, Microstructure Remote sensing. Unfrozen water content. Dig.

ture, Remote sensing, Unfrozen water content, Die-lectric properties, Mathematical models.

Millimeter-wave backscatter from snowcover.

Williams, L.D., et al, International Geoscience and Remote Sensing Symposium (IGARSS '85), Amherst, MA, Oct. 7-9, 1985. Digest, Vol. 2, New York, Insti-

1985, p.842-847, 11 rcfs.
Birnie, R.V., Gallagher, J.G
Snow surface, Radar echoes, Wave propagation,
Backscattering, Wet snow, Unfrozen water content,
Grain size, Surface roughness, Porosity.

Remote sensing of snow water equivalent using NIM-

BUS-7 SMMR data. Hallikainen, M., et a', International Geoscience and Remote Sensing Symposium (IGARSS '85), Amherst, MA, Oct. 7-9, 1985. Digest, Vol. 2, New York, Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers, Inc., 1985, p.850-855, 2 refs.

Jolma, P Snow water equivalent, Remote sensing, Microwaves, Radiometry, Snow surface, Brightness, Seasonal variations.

Ice conditions on the Ohio and Illinois rivers, 1972

Gatto, L.W., MP 1914, International Geoscience and Remote Sensing Symposium (IGARSS '85), Amherst, MA, Oct. 7-3, 1985. Digest, Vol. 2, New York, Insti-MA, Oct. 7-3, 1985. Digest, Vol. 2, New York, Insti-tute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers, Inc.,

1985, p.856-861, 3 refs.
River ice, Ice conditions, Ice forecasting, Remote sensing, Mapping, Aerial surveys, United States Ohio River, United States—Illinois River.

Computer simulation model for pulsed electromagnetic waves in polar ice sheets.

Sivaprasad, K., et al, International Geoscience and Remote Sensing Symposium (IGARSS '85), Amhers, MA, Oct. 7-9, 1985 Digest, Vol. 2, New York, Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers, Inc., 1985, p.862-867, 1 ref.

Petrin M.

Ice electrical properties, Electromagnetic properties, Ice mechanics, Thermodynamics, Radar echoes, Wave propagation, Echo sounding, Reflection, Computerized simulation, Models.

Extensive radar echo soundings of the Greenland and Antarctic fee Sheets have been carried out from the air to help in the study lee Sheets have been carried out from the air to help in the study of the dynamics, thermodynamics, and the past history of the ice sheets. One of the distinctive features of the data is the partial reflections from the ice sheet over wide areas in Central Greenland and Antarctica. To explain these partial reflections, the polar ice sheet was modelled as a general one-dimensional, planar, multilayered medium and the time reflection coefficient for a given input pulse was numerically computed, using a transmission line approach.

40-426

Radar sounding of ice masses containing liquid water. Hodge, S.M., International Geoscience and Remote Sensing Symposium (IGARSS '85), Anherst, MA, Oct. 7-9, 1985. Digest, Vol. 2, New York, Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers, Inc., 1985,

Glacier surveys Glacier hads Radar echoes Ice sheets, Remote sensing, Ice water interface, Unfrozen water content, Glacial hydrology, Echo sounding, Subglacial beds, Scattering.

Milwaukee prevents pavement scaling.

Goeb, E., Concrete construction, May 1985, 30(5), p.431-436.

avements, Concrete durability, Freeze thaw cycles, Winter maintenance, Road maintenance, Air entrain-ment, Damage, Chemical ice prevention, Salting.

Derivation of the proportional relation between released latent heat contents and cooling rates from

drop-freezing experiments. Yang, I.K., Journal de recherches atmosphériques, Oct. Dec. 1984, 18(4), p.281-284, With French sum-

Freezing, Cooling, Latent heat, Thermodynamics, Freeze thaw cycles, Electromagnetic properties, Experimentation

40-429

Significance of ground freezing on soil bulk density

under zero tillage. Kay, B.D., et al, Soil Science Society of America. Journal, July-Aug. 1985, 49(4), p.973-978, 13 refs. Grant, C.D., Groenevelt, P.H.

Soil freezing, Soil compaction, Density (mass/volume), Settlement (structural), Soil water, Seasonal freeze thaw, Frost penetration, Ice lenses.

Ice plug anchor-development of a new anchor for use in snow and ice.

Maidl, B., et al. *Arctic news record*, Apr. 1985, 4(1), p.34-40, 7 refs. Brühl, H.

Anchors, Snow mechanics, Ice mechanics, Strains, Static loads, Snow (construction material), Antarc-Georg von Neumayer Station.

A new anchor for stow and tee that shows greater resistance to extraction than commonly used screw or dead-man anchors has been developed. At Georg von Neumayer Station test programs were undertaken in 1981 and 1983 investigating construction, technique of installation and load capacity of this anchor. The results lead to a nonogram determining the personality of the station of auchor. The results lead to a nonrogram determining the per-missible load and time to failure of the ice plug anchor with regard to construction parameters. A comparison to screw and dead-man anchors established the feasibility of using ice plug anchors in polar snow. Ice plug as chors boasted higher load capacity, less strain and a longer time to failure. This report shows test arrangements and results. (Auth.)

Hydrogeology and engineering geology. [Gidrogeologia i inzhenernaia geologia). [Gi-trogeologia i inzhenernaia geologia). Tkachuk, F.I., ed. Novocherkassk. 1978, 136p. In

Russian For selected papers see 40-432 and 40-43 Rets. passim DLC GB1004 G53

Permafrost hydrology, Artesian water, Water in-takes, Taliks, Gravel, Sands.

40-432

Conditions of ground water distribution in the west-ern section of the BAM development zone. (Usloviia rasprostranenija podzemnykh vod v zone osvoenija zapadnogo uchastka BAM_J, Didenkov, IU.N., Gidrogeologija i inzhenernaja geolo-

giia (Hydrology and engineering geology) edited by E.I. Tkachuk, Novocherkassk, 1978, p.49-52, In Russian. 3 refs.

Artesian water, Permafrost hydrology, Water intakes, Taliks, Sands, Ground water, Gravel.

40-433

Classification of engineering and geological conditions of construction on the BAM zone sediments. (K probleme tipizatsii inzhenerno-geologicheskikh uslovil stroitel'stva (na primere otlozhenil zony Balkalo-Amurskol magistrali) edited by E.I. Tkachukj, Koff, G.L., et al, Gidrogeologiia i inzhenemaia geolo-

giia (Hydrology and engineering geology) edited by E.I. Tkachuk, Novocherkassk, 1978, p.52-58, In Russian. 4 refs. Kolomenskii, E.N.

Swamps, Permafrost distribution, Peat, Permafrost hydrology, Thermokarst, Frost mounds, Naleds, Engineering geology.

40-434

Formation of settlement properties of loess, containing colian dust, under present conditions of Central Asia, Formirovanie pre sadochnykh svojsty lessoy iz eolovol pyli v sovremennykh uslovijakh Srednel Aziin.

Minervin, A.V., Inzhenernaia geologiia, May-June 1979, No.3, p.78-85, In Russian. 21 refs.

Loess, Eolian soils, Origin, Freeze thaw cycles, Clay solls, Settlement (structural), Frozen rock strength, Tests, Laboratory techniques.

40-435

Stefan's problem in a finite domain with constant

boundary and initial conditions: analysis.

Takagi, S., U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory, June 1985, SR 85-08, 28p., ADA-158 558, 13 refs.

Frost heave, Boundary layer, Stefan problem, Analysis (mathematics).

Stefan's problem in a finite domain is solved under constant Steian's problem in a finite domain is solved under constaint boundary and initial conditions. Starting in a semi-infinite domain, the solution passes infinitely many stages of lead times in a finite domain and finally becomes stationary. The singularity at the finite terminal necessitates introduction of lead times, lincluding lead times, parameters defining the solution vary with time. Only the analytical result is reported in this paper.

40-436

Phenomenological description of rock strength. [K fenomenologicheskomu opisaniiu prochnostnykh

svolstv gornykh po od, Ben'kov, V.N., Fiz'ko-tekhnicheskie problemy raz-rabotki poleznykh 'skopaemykh, Jan.-Feb. 1979, No.1, p.15-21, In Russian. 10 refs. Fracture zones, Frozen rock strength, Ground water,

Igneous rocks, Freeze thaw cycles, Diabase.

Determining ground water balance in paluded indus-

poternaming ground water balansa gruntovykh vod na podtaplivaemykh promploshchadkakh, Garmonov, I.V., et al, Razvedka i okhrana nedr, Feb. 1979, No.2, p.40-43, In Russian. 4 refs. Domrachev, G.I. Grishina, I.N. Bulldings, Foundations, Clays, Paludification, Water

table, Snow cover effect, Meltwater, Analysis (mathematics).

40-438

Characteristics of variation of meteorological elements in Ezcurra Inlet during the Polish Academy of Sciences' 2nd Antarctic Expedition from Dec. 20,

1977, to Mar. 16 1978. Kowalewski, J., et al, *Oceanologia*, 1983 (Pub. 1984), Vol.15, p.7-19, With Polish summary. 4 refs. Wielbińska, D

Sea ice distribution, Antarctica—King George Island. Meteorological observations carried out during the sustral summer 1977-1978 at the Arctowski Station, on King George I, and from a ship anchored in Ezcuria Inlet are reported. A synoptic weather map for Feb. 6th is shown. Data is presented, and discussed, on atmospheric pressure and temperature, wind direction and speed, relative humidity, visibility, precipitation, surface water temperature, and sea ice distribution 40-439

Effect of nonuniform size on internal stresses in a rapid, simple shear flow of granular materials. Part Multiple grain sizes.

Shen, H.H., U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory, Feb. 1985, CR 85-03, 20p., ADA-154 046, 19 refs.

Shear flow, Particle size distribution, Microstructure, Stresses, Materials, Shear stress, Granular materials, Slurries.

materials, Slurries.

In the past all theoretical analyses for rapidly aheared granular flows assumed that the granular solios are either disks or spheres and are uniform in size. However, natural materials that create these granular flows are in general irregular in shape and have various spectra of sizes. The stress and rate of energy dissipation levels in granular flows are significantly influenced by the size distribution. In part 1 of this report series (see 40-38, CR 85-2) the formulation of the constitutive equations considering a two-size granular mixture is presented, where the ratio of the two sizes is nearly one. Here, in part 2, the constitutive equations for a two-size mixture are extended to include a general size ratio. In addition, a complete spectrum of size distribution is incorporated, which allows the quantification of the size distribution effect in the most general way. In analyzing the stresses, intergranular collision is assumed to be the major dynamic activity at the microscopic level. Because of the present limited knowledge of treating shape effects, the of the present limited knowledge of treating shape effects, the analysis is confined to the flow of either disks or spheres. result of this work provides necessary information for a more realistic analysis of natural and industrial granular flows

Reconnaissance observations of long-term natural vegetation recovery in the Cape Thompson region, Alaska, and additions to the checklist of flora.

Everett, K.R., et al, U.S. Army Cold Regions Research Everett, R.K., et al, D.S. Arthy Cond Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory, June 1985, CR 85-11, 75p., ADA-158 724, Refs. p.44-48. Murray, B.M., Murray, D.F., Johnson, A.W., Linkins, A.E., Webber, P.J.

Revegetation, Tundra, Permafrost, Soil erosion, Environmental protection, Active layer, Vegetation, Frost action, Classifications, Landforms, Environmental

The diversity of disturbance types, landforms, vegetation and and circuity or disturbance types, landorms, vegetation and soils, together with the large, well-documented flora, makes Cape Thompson an ideal site to study long-term (20-year) environmental adjustments after impact. Man-caused disturbances there between 1958 and 1962 fall into three categories: runways, excavations and off-road vehicle trails. In addition, natural disturbance by frost action creates scars lished vegetation after 20 years consisted of species found in adjacent undisturbed landscapes

Arctic underpinnings—permafrost. Nygaard, E., Science dimension, 1982, 14(5/6), p.8-In English and French

Permafrost beneath structures. Permafrost distribution, Permafrost physics, Ground thawing, Ground ice, Pingos, Landslides, Underground pipelines, Environmental impact.

Modelling the time-dependent behaviour of ice. Szyszkowski, W., et al, Cold regions science and technology, July 1985, 11(1), p.3-21, 20 refs. Glockner, P.G.

Ice creep. Stress strain diagrams. Ice loads, Ice structure, Brittleness, Viscoelastic materials, Mathematical models, Temperature effects, Time factor.

Snow in strong or weak temperature gradients. Part experiments and qualitative observations.

July 1985, 11(1), p.23-35, 52 refs.

Snow morphology, Metamorphism (snow), Snow density, Snow crystal structure, Snow crystal growth, Snow pellets, Temperature gradients, Grain size.

Freezing degree-days in New York state.

Schmidlin, T.W., et al, Cold regions science and technology, July 1985, 11(1), p.37-43, 14. Dethier, B.E.

Air temperature. Degree days, Ice cover thickness, Ice breakup, Frost penetration, Altitude, Statistical analysis, United States—New York.

Simulated physical effects of shallow soil heat extrac-

Lundin, L.-C., Cold regions science and technology.

July 1985, 11(1), p.45-61, 21 refs Soil temperature, Heat recovery, Heat transfer, Mass transfer, Heat sources, Models, Tensile properties, Water content, Frost penetration.

40-446

Stress concentrations in the root of an ice cover can-tilever: model tests and theory.

Svec, O.J., et al, Cold regions science and technology, July 1985, 11(1), p.63-73, 5 refs.
Thompson, J.C., Frederking, R.M.W.
Ice cover strength, Stresses, Flexural strength, Mod-

Prevention of icing by freezing point depressant sys-

tems.
Jellinek, H.H.G., et al, Cold regions science and technology, July 1985, 11(1), p.75-85, 1 ref.
Kachi, H., Tushima, K.
Antifreezes, Icing, Surface temperature, Chemical ice

prevention, Humidity, Absorption, Countermeasures, Equipment, Heat transfer.

40-448

Modelling frazil ice and grease ice formation in the upper layers of the ocean

upper tayers of the ocean.

Omstedt, A., Cold regions science and technology,
July 1985, 11(1), p.87-98, 27 refs.

Frazil ice, Ice formation, Sea ice, Mass transfer,

Boundary layer, Mathematical models, Turbulent flow, Supercooling, Meteorological data, Salinity.

Ettringite-like phases in strong chloride-containing old cement stone and concrete. [Ettringit-ahnliche Phasen in stark chloridhaltigem, altem Zementstein

volkwein, A., Tonindustric Zeitung, 1979, 103(9), p.530-531, In German.
Salting, Concrete freezing, Frost shattering, Bridges,

Chemical ice prevention, Damage.

Icing of gas turbine compressors and ways of achiev-

Ing uninterrupted operation.
Kovács, P., et al. *Brown Boveri review*, Apr. 1985, 72(4), p.172-177, 17 refs. Stoff, H

Icing, Equipment, Compressors, Gases, Ice forecasting, Ice detection, Heat transfer, Countermeasures, Computer applications, Condensation, Supercooling.

On morphological stability of planar phase boundaries during unidirectional transient solidification of binary aqueous solutions.

Wollhover, K., et al, International journal of heat and mass transfer, May 1985, 28(5), p.897-902, With French, German and Russian summaries. 18 refs. Scheiwe, M.W., Hartmann, U., Körber, C.

Solutions, Freezing, Heat transfer, Mass transfer, Boundary layer, Phase transformations, Salinity, Stability, Analysis (mathematics).

Shipping crisis in the Soviet eastern Arctic at the

Barr, W., et al, Arctic, Mar. 1985, 38(1), p.1-17, With French summary. 54 refs.

Ice navigation, Icebreakers, Marine transportation.

40-453

Identification of environmental disturbances from road developmen: in subarctic muskeg. Pomeroy, J.W., Arctic, June 1985, 38(2), p.154-111.

With French summary. 22 refs.

Permafrost beneath roads, Muskeg, Environmental

impact, Discontinuous permafrost, drology, Design, LANDSAT. Vegetation, ly-

Ice in the Taurus molecular cloud: modelling of the 3micron profile. Van der Bult, C.E.P.M., et al, Royal Astronomical

Society. Monthly notices, May 15, 1985, 214(2), p.289-305, 20 refs. Greenberg, J.M., Whittet, D.C.B.

Extraterrestrial ice, Ice optics, Molecular structure, Grain size, Models, Planetary environments, Cloud physics, Cosmic dust.

40-455

Acoustic response of a periodically rough elastic plate

Lakhtakia, A., et al. Journal of applied mechanics, Mar. 1985, 52(1), p.144-148, 14 refs. Varadan, V.K. Varadan, V.V. Ice water interface, Ice acoustics, Wave propagation,

Surface roughness, Acoustic scattering, Analysis (mathematics).

Iceberg drop, dump, and grounding structures from

Pleistocene glaciolacustrine sediments, Scotland. Thomas, G.S.P., et al. Journal of sedimentary petrology. Mar. 1985, 55(2), p.243-249, 24 refs. onnell, R.J.

Icebergs, Ice scoring, Glacial deposits, Lacustrine deposits, Grounded ice, Pleistocene, Paleoclimatology, Glacial geology, United Kingdom-Scotland.

40-457 Secondary hydrogen-bonding effects on the nuclear magnetic shielding of the hydrogen nuclei in ice: an ab initio quantum-mechanical study.

Hinton, J.F., et al, *Chemical physics letters*, May 10, 1985, 116(4), p.292-294, 20 refs. Bennett, D.L.

Ice physics, Hydrogen bonds, Ice nuclei, Anisotropy, Nuclear magnetic resonance.

40-458

Kinetics of proton transfer in ice via the pH-jump method: evaluation of the proton diffusion rate in polycrystalline doped ice.

Pines, E., et al. Chemical physics letters, May 10. 1985, 116(4), p.295-301, 24 refs.

Huppert, D. Ice physics, Proton transport, Ice crystal structure, Doped ice, Ion diffusion.

40-459

Observations of a peculiar form of hoarfrost on wires: what is the explanation. (Observation d'une forme particulière de givre sur des câbles: Quelle explication?

personne, P., et al, Journal de recherches atmosphériques, July-Sep. 1984. 18(3), p.205-208, in French. 1 ref.. Peigny, L., Soulage, M., Soulage, R.G. Hoarfrost, Snow pellets, Power line icing, Wire.

40-460

Snow cover data, winter 1983-84. Downsview, Ontario, Atmospheric Environment Service, 1984, 45p. Snow cover distribution, Snow depth, Snow water equivalent, Statistical analysis, Seasonal variations. 40-461

Possible importance of ozone in ice formatior in clouds.

Gzirishvili, T.G., et al, Akademiia nauk SSSR. Izvestiya. Atmospheric and oceanic physics, 1977, 13(1), p.69-70, Translated from Its Izvestiia. Fizika atmosfery i okeana. 6 tefs.

Kharchilava, D.F. Cloud physics, Aerosols, Ice formation, Ice nuclei, Freezing nuclei, Cloud seeding, Hailstone growth.

40-462 Thermal state of the boundary layer of cooling water in transition from free to forced convection.

Ginzburg, A.I., et al, Akademiia nauk SSSR. Izvestiya. Atmospheric and oceanic physics, 1979, No.7, p.551-555, Translated from Its Izvestiia. Fizika atmosfery i okeana. 14 refs. Fedorov, K.N.

Boundary layer. Air water interactions, Convection. Cooling rate, Heat transfer, Turbulence, Wind factors. River water.

40-463

Glaciers, ice sheets and sea level: effects of a CO2induced climatic change.

National Research Council. Polar Research Board.
Ad Hoc Committee on the Relationship between Land Ice and Sea Level, Washington, D.C., National Academy Press, 1985, 330p., Report of a workshop held in Seattle, Sep., 1984. For selected papers see 40-464 through 40-482 or 1-32440 through 1-32447 and J-32439. Numerous refs.

Meetings, Ice sheets, Sea level, Climatic changes,

Meetings, Ice sheets, Sea level, Climatic changes. The consensus of the Workshop is that sea level is rising, but the rate of rise is uncertain by a factor of 2, weatage of mountain glaciers and small ice caps contributes to this rise, probably very little if any sea-level change is caused by wastage of the Greenland Ice Sheet; and the Antarctic lee Sheet is most likely growing, taking water out of the sea. The rate of change of mass of the ocean cannot be distinguished from zero. Whether the present rise in sea level can be adequately accounted for by just thermal expansion of ocean water is an open question. Future projections suggest that, in spite of increased precipitation, wastage of small glaciers and the Greenland Ice Sheet will add mass to the ocean; the resulting sea-level rise due to this cause likely will be a few tenths of a meter by the year 2100. The sea-level rise due to changes in Antarctica is more uncertain, most likely it will be small, but a rise of an appreciable fraction of a meter by 2100 due to increased discharge of land ice to the sea is not beyond the realm of possibility. The workshop participants accepted the importance of several general goals as essential to improvement in our ability to understand and predict sea-level change in the next century. (Auth.)

Oceanographic evidence for land/ocean interactions

in the southern ocean.

Jacobs, S.S., Glaciers, ice sheets, and sea level: effects of a CO2-induced climatic change, Washington, D.C., National Academy Press, 1985, p.116-128, Refs. p.125-128., Report on a workshop, Seattle, Sep., 1984, prepared by National Research Council, Polar Research Board, Ad Hoc Committee on the Relation-ship between Land Ice and Sea Level.

sup octween Land ice and Sea Level.

Ice shelves, Ocean currents, Sea water, Chemical composition, Sea ice.

composition, See Ice.

Various factors are cited as evidence of the interactionary nature of the relationships between land and water and these are discussed. Among the factors are: the salinity of the continental shelf; glacier meltiwater in ice shelf water; temperature of the sea water beneath the ice shelf; impurities in sea water derived from the atmosphere; effects of icebergs, and sea water circulation under the shelves.

40-465

Mass balance of the glaciers and small ice caps of the world

Meier, M.F., Glaciers, ice sheets, and sea level: effects of a CO2-induced climatic change, Washington, D.C., National Academy Press, 1985, p.139-144, 5 refs., Report on a workshop, Seattle, Sep., 1984, prepared by National Research Council, Polar Research Board, Ad Hoc Committee on the Relationship between Land Ice and Sea Level

Glacier ice, Glacier mass balance, Glacier oscillation.

40-466

Canadian Arctic islands: glacier mass balance and glo-

bal sea level. Koerner, R.M., Glaciers, ice sheets, and sea level: efhochief, A. C., Chaclets, ice sheets, and sea level: effects of a CO2-induced climatic change, Washington, D.C., National Academy Press, 1985, p.145-154, 21 refs., Report on a workshop, Seattle, Sep., 1984, prepared by National Research Council, Polar Research Board, Ad Hoc Committee on the Relationship be-

tween Land Ice and Sea Level.
Glacier mass balance, Sea level, Ice sheets, Glacier thickness, Canada—Northwest Territories—Canadian Archipelago.

40-467

Greenland ice-sheet mass balance and sea-level change.

Rech. N., Glaciers, ice sheets, and sea level; effects of

Reen, N., Giaclers, ice sneets, and sea level: ellects of a CO2-induced climatic change, Washington, D.C., National Academy Press, 1985, p.155-171, 35 refs., Report on a workshop, Seattle, Sep., 1984, prepared by National Research Council, Polar Research Board, Ad Hoc Committee on the Relationship between Land Ice and Sea Level.
Glacier mass balance, Ice sheets, Sea level, Glacial

hydrology, Greenland.

40-468

State of balance of the antarctic ice sheet, an updated assessment 1984.

assessment 1984.

Budd, W.F., et al, Glaciers, ice sheets, and sea level: effects of a CO2-induced climatic change, Washington, D.C., National Academy Press, 1985, p.172-177, 27 refs., Report on a workshop, Seattle, Sep., 1984, prepared by National Research Council, Polar Research Board, Ad Hoc Committee on the Relationship between Land Ice and Sea Level.

Ice sheets. Mass balance. Flow rate.

Ice sheets, Mass balance, Flow rate.

In early assessments of the mass balance of the Antarctic one of the large unknowns that was thought could contribute to greater loss and therefore a closer state of balance was the possible existence of large melt rates under the large ice shelves. The subsequent studies of the Amery Ice Shelf have shown that large net losses do not occur there and significant basal growth occurs far inland of the front. A second source of error in the early estimates was the lack of direct measurements of outflow above, respectively. glacier velocities or ice thickness and the consequent use of analogy arguments to estimate the total flux based on the few observed glaciers — The third major source of error was the sparsity of data on net accumulation over the interior of the Antarctic, particularly over central east Antarctica — These errors are rectified in this new assessment — (Auth. mod.)

Glaciological evidence: the Ross Sea Sector.

Glaciological evidence: the Ross Sea Sector.
Bentley, C.R., Glaciers, ice sheets, and sea level: effects of a CO2-induced climatic change, Washington, D.C., National Academy Press, 1985, p.178-196, 30 refs., Report on a workshop, Seattle, Sep., 1984, prepared by National Research Council, Polar Research Board, Ad Hoc, Committee on the Relationship between Land Ice and Sea Level.

Ice shelves. Ice cover thickness, Mass balance, Periodic variations, Antarctica—Ross Sea, Antarctica— West Antarctica

The Ross Ice Shelf Geophysical and Glaciological Survey (RIGGS) airborne radar sounding in West Antarctica, and ship-

board echo sounding in the Ross Sea have made it possible to draw a subglacial and submarine topographic map of the entire "Ross Embayment". The unbroken continuity of the subglacial and submarine topography across the West Antarctic ice sheet grounding line is hows that the position of the grounding line is largely determined by ice-sheet dynamics and the heights of sea level and is, therefore, easily subject to change in time. After combining evidence from the distribution of bottom crevasses found by analysis of radar data, from ice and water layer thicknesses, and from surface crevassing, it is concluded that there are six additional sites of grounded ice on the ice shelf-all in the grid western sector and generally associated with known areas of shallow water. It is widely believed that areas of grounded ice may play a central role in stabilizing the ice sheet by acting as "pinning points" in the ice shelf. These possibilities are examined and discussed. (Auth.)

Antarctic mass balance: glaciological evidence from Antarctic Peninsula and Weddell Sea sector.

Doake, C.S.M., Glaciers, ice sheets, and sea level: effects of a CO2-induced climatic change, Washington, D.C., National Academy Press, 1985, p.197-209, 17 refs., Report on a workshop, Seattle, Sep., 1984, prepared by National Research Council, Polai Research Board, Ad Hoc Committee on the Relationship be-

tween Land Ice and Sea Level.

Ice shelves, Mass balance, Ice edge, Sea water,
Chemical composition, Climatic changes, Antarctica

—Antarctic Peninsula, Antarctica—Weddell Sea.

—Antarctic Peninsula, Antarctica—Weddelt Sea. Following a general description of the geographical setting and prominent physical characteristics of the region, discussions are given of mass balance and the ice front movement. Effects of the sea beneath ice shelves are pointed out and particularly those on the Ronne and Filchner shelves. The status of unstable Pine Island Glacier is given and climate trends in the region are noted. It is concluded that, while quantitative estimates cannot be made of net gain or loss in mass balance, the data suggest a net loss has been realized over the last few wears. suggest a net loss has been realized over the last few years.

Iceberg discharge and the mass balance of Antarctica. Orheim, O., Glaciers, ice sheets, and sea level: effects Orneim, O., Glaciers, ice sheets, and sea level: effects of a CO2-induced climatic change, Washington, D.C., National Academy Press, 1985, p.210-215, 11 refs. Also published in Jeeberg research, Oct. 1984, No. 8, p.3-7. Report on a workshop, Seattle, Sep., 1984, prepared by National Research Council, Polar Research Board, Ad Hoc Committee on the Relationship between Land Ice and Sea Level. Icebergs, Mass balance, Ice volume.

Results are reported of a systematic survey conducted under the auspices of the SCAR Working Group on Glaciology to collect auspices of the SCAR working Group on Olaciology to collect iceberg data from the southern ocean. Ships transiting or working in antarctic waters were asked to describe, according to a standardized observational schedule, all icebergs within their sighting areas. Observational data from this survey have been analyzed and statistics are given of the total number of icebergs seen, classed as to size. Ice volume is calculated.

Global land-ice monitoring: present status and future perspectives. Haeberli, W., Glaciers, ice sheets, and sea level: effects

National Academy Press, 1985, p.216-231, Refs. p.228-231., Report on a workshop, Seattle. Sep., 1984, prepared by National Research Council, Polar Research Board, Ad Hoc Committee on the Relationary Local Legal Case Legal. ship between Land Ice and Sea Level.
Glacier mass balance, Glacier oscillation, Remote

sensing, Statistical analysis, Monitors.

Monitoring the area and volume of ice caps and ice sheets: present and future opportunities using satel-lite remote-sensing technology. Williams, R.S., Jr., Glaciers, ice sheets, and sea level:

williams, R.S., Jr., Claclers, ice sneets, and sea level: effects of a CO2-induced climatic change, Washing-ton, D.C., National Academy Press, 1985, p.232-240, Refs. p.237-240. Report on a workshop, Seattle, Sep., 1984, prepared by National Research Council, Polar Research Board, Ad Hoc Committee on the Re-

lationship between Land Ice and Sea Level. Monitors, Glaciers, Glacier oscillation, Ice volume, Remote sensing, Spacecraft.

Snow cover, sea ice, and permafrost. Barry, R.G., Glaciers, ice sheets, and sea level. effects Barry, R.O., Glaciers, ice sneets, and sea level: effects of a CO2-induced climatic change, Washington, D.C., National Academy Press, 1985, p.241-247, 11 refs., Report on a workshop, Seattle, Sep., 1984, prepared by National Research Council, Polar Research Board, Ad Hoc Committee on the Relationship between Land Ice and Sea Level.

Snow cover, Sea ice distribution, Permafrost, Varia-

Resctions of mid-latitude glacier mass balance to predicted climatic changes.

Ruh, M., Glaciers, ice sheets, and sea level: effects of a CO2-induced climatic change. Washington, D.C., National Academy Press, 1985, p.248-254, 5 refs., Report on a workshop, Seattle, Sep., 1984, prepared by National Research Council, Polar Research Board, Ad Hoc Committee on the Relationship between Land Ice

Glacier mass balance, Mountain glaciers, Atmospheric composition, Carbon dioxide, Climatic changes.

40.476

Shift of equilibrium-line altitude on the Greenland Ice

Sheet following climatic changes.

Ambach, W., et al, Glaciers, ice sheets, and sea level: effects of a CO2-induced climatic change, Washington, D.C., National Academy Press, 1985, p.255-257, 4 refs., Report on a workshop, Seattle, Sep., 1984, prepared by National Research Council, Polar Research Board, Ad Hoc Committee on the Relationship between Land Ice and Sea Level.

Ice sheets, Ice melting, Heat balance, Climatic changes, Greenland.

Contribution of the Greenland ice cap to changing sea level: present and future.

level: present and future.

Bindschadler, R.A., Glaciers, ice sheets, and sea level: effects of a CO2-induced climatic change, Washington, D.C., National Academy Press, 1985, p.258-266, 9 refs., Report on a workshop, Seattle, Sep., 1984, prepared by National Research Council, Polar Research Board, Ad Hoc Committee on the Relationship between Land Ice and Sea Level.

Ice sheets, Mass balance, Air temperature, Climatic changes, Models, Greenland.

40-478

Numerical simulation of CO2-induced transient climate change with a coupled atmosphere-ocean general circulation model.

al circulation model. Schlesinger, M.E., Glaciers, ice sheets, and sea level: effects of a CO2-induced climatic change, Washington, D.C., National Academy Press, 1985, p.267-274, 19 refs., Report on a workshop, Seattle, Sep., 1984, prepared by National Research Council, Polar Research Board, Ad Hoc Committee on the Relationship between Land Ice and Sea Level.

Carbon dioxide, Climatic changes, Atmospheric circulations of the Relationship climatic changes, Atmospheric circulations (Carbon Macademy).

40-479

40-479
"Ice pump," a mechanism for ice shelf melting.
Lewis, E.L., Glaciers, ice sheets, and sea level: effects
of a CO2-induced climatic change, Washington, D.C.,
National Academy Press, 1985, p.275-278, 4 refs.,
Report on a workshop, Seattle, Sep., 1984, prepared by
National Research Council, Polar Research Board, Ad
Academy Press, 1984, prepared by
National Research Council, Polar Research Board, Ad
Academy Press, 1984, prepared by
National Research Council, Polar Research Board, Ad Hoc Committee on the Relationship between Land Ice

Ice shelves, Ice melting, Heat transfer, Antarctica-McMurdo Sound.

An explanation is given as to how polar waters at depth are supercooled vis à vis the in situ freezing point as they rise to the surface and cause ice growth in the water column waters are warm and tend to melt the ice at depth ic of the process is shown and an example of the upwelling in McMurdo Sound is given. This situation may operate in the Sound but it seems unlikely that it will throughout the Ross Ice Shelf.

Ice shelves and ice streams: three modeling experiments.

Fastook, J.L., Glaciers, ice sheets, and sea level: effects Pastook, J.E., Olacles, ice sheets, and sea level checks of a CO2-induced climatic change, Washington, D.C., National Academy Press, 1985, p.279-300, 22 refs., Report on a workshop, Seattle, Sep., 1984, prepared by National Research Council, Polar Research Board, Ad Hoc Committee on the Relationship between Land Ice and Sea Level.

Ice shelves, Glacier ice, Ice models.

Three fundamentally different modeling approaches are discussed and their implications concerning the near future are considered. The first is a finite-difference model that focuses on the marine instability. The second is a plane-strain finite-element analysis of the stress distribution that occurs in an ice shelf due to the unbalanced hydrostatic forces at the front. The third is a fully time-dependent, finite-element flow-line reconstruction models much the interest and the first share the frequency of the stress of the first share the formation of the stress of the first share the formation of the stress of the first share the formation of the stress of the formation of the stress of the first share the formation of the stress of reconstruction model used to investigate the formation of an ice stream in a region originally dominated by sheet flow—(Auth

Responses of the polar ice sheets to climatic warming. Thomas, R.H., Glaciets, ice sheets, and sea level: effects of a CO2-induced climatic change, Washington, D.C., National Academy Press, 1985, p.301-316, 6 refs., Report on a workshop, Seattle, Sep., 1984, prepared by National Research Council, Polar Research

Board, Ad Hoc Committee on the Relationship be-tween Land Ice and Sea Level. shelves, Ice mechanics, Climatic changes, Ice

sheets. Ice models. Antarctica.

aheets, Ice models, Antarctica.

This document presents an assessment of possible responses by the antarctic ice sheet to a climate warming associated with increasing concentrations in the atmosphere of greenhouse constituents such as CO2 and methane. Increased ice drainage from West Antarctica is generally identified as the most probable cause for a major increase in sea level if global climate becomes appreciably warmer. Potential outlets for the ice are the Pine Island and Thwaites glaciers and the great embayments containing the Ross and Filchner/Ronne Ice Shelves. In addition, parts of the East Antarctic ice sheet grounded more than 0.5 km below sea level may also be vulnerable to increased discharge. A quantitative assessment of these responses over the next century is hindered by lack of both data and understanding of the physical processes that might operate. Nevertheless, a simple model to describe the initial response of Antarctic outlet glaciers and ice streams to warming climate is formulated and used to estimate upper limits to increased ice discharge during the next century. (Auth.)

40-482

Model of a polar ice stream, and future sea-level rise due to possible drastic retreat of the West Antarctic Ice Sheet.

Lingle, C.S., Glaciers, ice sheets, and sea level: effects of a CO2-induced climatic change, Washington, D.C., National Academy Press, 1985, p.317-330, 32 refs., Report on a workshop, Seattle, Sep., 1984, prepared by National Research Council, Polar Research Board, Ad Hoc Committee on the Relationship between Land Ice and Sea Level.

Ice sheets, Glacier flow, Sea level, Ice models, Carbon dioxide, Antarctica—West Antarctica, Antarctica—

Ross Ice Shelf.

In this paper a brief review of field results from RIGGS (Ross lee Shelf Glaciological and Geophysical Survey) is given. The enalyses based on field measurements are interpreted in terms of the probable future behavior of the West Antarctic ice sheet upglacier (northeast) from Roosevelt Island. This interpretation is based on an assumption that climatic warming caused by increasing carbon dioxide in the atmosphere will not significantly alter the state of the Ross Ice Shelf as measured during RIGGS. Modeling results indicating the possibility of grounding-line retreat in the event that climatic warming causes increased basal melting below the Ross Ice Shelf are also described. A minimum time is suggested for drastic retreat of the West Antarctic ice sheet in the event that arming is sufficient to cause extreme thinning of the ice shelf. An estimate for the corresponding rate of sea-level rise is given. (Auth.)

40-483

Corrosion of reinforcing steel bars in concrete.

Tripler, A.B., et al, National Association of Corrosion Engineers, 24th Conference. Proceedings, 1969, p.322-333, 24 refs.
Boyd, W.K.

Corrosion, Reinforced concretes, Salting, Seels, Chemical ice prevention, Damage, Measurement. 40-484

On the polynyas in the mouth of Scoresby Sound.

Et polynie i mundingen af Scoresby Sund₁, Born, E.W., Gronland, Nov. 1984, 32(8-9), p.259-268, In Danish

Polynyas, Marine biology, Sea ice, Greenland-Scoresby Sound.

40-485

Time dependent tilt of a 20 m deep firn pit.
Eisner, H., et al, *Polarforschung*, 1984, 54(2), p.85-93,
In English with German summary. 6 refs. Ambach, W., Schneider, H.

Firn, Deformation, Rheology, Strains.

40-486

Frost dynamics and permafrost in ice-free regions of the Antarctic Peninsula. [Frostdynamik und Permafrost in eisfreien Gebieten der Antarktischen Halbin-

Barsch, D., et al, Polarforschung, 1984, 54(2), p.111-119, In German with English summary. 18 refs. Stäblein, G.

Frozen ground mechanics, Continuous permafrost, Periglacial processes, Antarctica-King George 1s-

From field studies of penglacial relief forms ffrost patterns, frost slopes and rock glaciers) and climatic data of the frost climate in the area of the Antarctic Peninsula and its surroundings, it is shown that continuous permafrost already occurs at a mean annual air temperature of -2 C. A freezing depth of 200 cm and annual air temperature of -2 C — A freezing depth of 200 cm and a thawing depth of 110 cm are calculated for Fildes Pennsula on King George Island, there the annual minum of temperatures reach values of only -20 C — In the lower oceanic Antarc-

tic where special climatic conditions are found, a special type the where special elimante conditions are found, a special type of periglacial geosystem exists with geomorphic affected cryo-dynamics. The approaches to regional modelling are to be further developed because the theories of periglacial arctic environments are not sufficient for regional explanation in the periglacial Antarctic (Auth.)

Modifications of skin surface temperatures during the acclimatization process in Antarctica. [Veränderunaccimanization process in Antarctica. [verancerun-gen der Hauttemperaturen während des Akklimatisa-tionsprozesses in der Antarktis], Höppe, P., et al. *Polarforschung*, 1984, 54(2), p.121-125, In German with English summary. 12 refs.

Kipfstuhl, J.

Low temperature tests, Acclimatization, Physiologi-

During a whole year in Antarctica the skin temperatures of two test subjects were measured at 4 locations in the morning and in the evening. In the first phase of the stay in Antarctica a decrease of the mean skin temperature was found, while after about 100 days a steady increase started. These changes of the mean skin temperatures are predominantly caused by changes of the skin temperatures of the extremities. (Auth)

Development of iceberg research and its possible applications. (Die Entwicklung der Eisberg-Forschung und ihre eventuelle Anwendung),

Schwerdtieger, P., Polarforschung, 1984, 54(2), p.127-132, In German with English summary. 35 refs. Icebergs, Low temperature research, Research protects.

Antarctic icebergs were long cautiously avoided and rarely scientifically examined. With the recognition of their potential as valuable sources of fresh water and energy, a dramatic surge of interest was manifested by investigators representing a multi-plicity of disciplines The practical application of this natural resource now depends only on politically and economically based decisions. (Auth.)

Sensitivity of an energy balance climate model with predicted snowfall rates. Bowman, K.P., Tellus, May 1985, 37A(3), p.233-248,

28 refs. Mathematical models, Solar radiation, Snow cover, Snowfall, Ice sheets, Climatic changes.

40.490

Effects of deicing chemicals on ground and surface water. [Über den Einfluss der Tausalze auf Grund-

water. [Uber den Einfluss der Tausalze auf Grund-und Oberflächenwasser], Bischofsberger, W., Strassen- und Tiefbau, June 1985, 39(6), p.6-10, In German with English sum-mary, p.3. 2 refs. mary, p.3. 2 refs.
Salting, Soil pollution, Road maintenance, Chemical

ice prevention, Water pollution, Winter maintenance, Environmental impact.

Asphalt pavements on European runways. [Asphaltdeckschichten auf Roll- und Startbahnen in Europa₁, Hiersche, E.-U., Strassen- und Tiefbau, June 1985, 39(6), p.20-23, In German with English summary, p.3. 2 refs

Aircraft landing areas, Chemical ice prevention, Runways, Pavements, Pollution, Skid resistance, Bitumens, Safety.

Highway load restriction determination.
Leonard, L., Alaska. Department of Transportation and Public Facilities. Research notes, May 1982, 2p.
Frost heave, Pavements, Seasonal freeze thaw, Cracking (fracturing), Damage, Thaw depth, Bearing streams. strength, Trafficability.

40-493

Solar assisted culvert thawing device.

Sweet, L., Alaska. Department of Transportation and Public Facilities. Research notes, July 1982, 2(1), 2p. Culverts, Freezing, Ice melting, Freeze thaw cycles, Heating, Countermeasures.

High-speed gravel roads.
Reckard, M., Alaska. Department of Transportation and Public Facilities Research notes, Nov. 1982, 2(5), 2p.

Permafrost beneath roads, Gravei, Permafrost preservation, Pavements, Construction materials.

CMA-an alternative road deicer.

McHattie, R.L., Alaska. Department of Transporta-tion and Public Facilities. Research notes, Jan

1983, 2(7), 2p. Salting, Chemical ice prevention, Damage, Corrosion, Pollution, Cost analysis, Countermeasures.

Bridge deck corrosion.

Powers, S., Alaska. Department of Transportation and Public Facilities. Research notes, Apr. 1983, 2(10), 2p.

Corrosion, Reinforced concretes, Bridges, Salting, Cracking (fracturing), Concrete strength, Steels, Countermeasures, Leaching, Brines.

40-497

Highway subsidence from melting permafrost.

Sweet, L., Alaska. Department of Transportation and Public Facilities. Research notes, May 1983, 2(11),

Permafrost beneath roads, Ground thawing, Freeze thaw cycles, Ice wedges, Ice melting, Thaw weakening, Settlement (structural), Thermal insulation, Durte

40-498

Progress in Alaskan pavement design.

McHatte, R.L., Alaska. Department of Transporta-1983, 3(2), 2p.

Freeze thaw cycles, Pavements, Bituminous concretes, Ground thawing, Design.

40-499

Air duct ground stabilization system.
Connor, B., Alaska. Department of Transportation and Public Facilities. Research notes, Sep. 1983, 3(3), 2p.

Permafrost beneath roads. Soil stabilization, Ducts. Embankments, Ground thawing, Thaw weakening, Permafrost preservation, Settlement (structural), Tests.

40.500

Frost heave prediction-Lake Hood test site.

Esch, D.C., Alaska. Department of Transportation and Public Facilities. Research notes, Dec. 1983,

Frost heave, Frost forecasting, Thaw weakening, Roads, Settlement (structural), Tests, Soil temperature, Water temperature.

40-501

Thermal and lighting standard for Alaska. Leonard, L.E., Alaska. Department of Transporta-tion and Public Facilities. Research notes, Jan. 1984, 3(7), 2p.

Building codes, Thermal effects, Illuminating, Buildings. Standards. Climatic factors.

40-502

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McHattie, R.L., Alaska Department of Transporta-tion and Public Facilities Research notes, Feb 1984, 3(8), 2p.

hemical ice prevention, Road maintenance, Antifreezes, Winter maintenance, Corrosion, Damage, Environmental impact, Pollution, Tests.

40-503

Hot sand for icy roads.

Reckard, M., Alaska. Department of Transportation and Public Facilities. Research notes, Mar. 1984.

Road icing, Ice removal, Sands, Winter maintenance. Chemical ice prevention, Countermeasures, Temperature effects, Salety, Tests.

40-504

Total cost of road deicing.

Miller, R.E., Alaska. Department of Transportation and Public Facilities Research notes, May 1984.

3(11), 2p.
Salting, Cost analysis, Corrosion, Chemical ice prevention, Damage.

40.505

Thermal cracking of asphalt pavements.

McHattie, R.L., Alaska. Department of transporta-tion and Public Facilities. Research notes, Sep.

Pavements, Freeze thaw cycles, Cracking (fracturing), Settlement (structural), Road maintenance, Construction materials, Countermeasures, Tempera-

40-506

Performance of buried insulation layers.

Esch, D.C., Alaska Department of Transportation

Permafrost beneath roads, Thermal insulation, Frost heave, Settlement (structural), Aircraft landing areas, Countermeasures, Runways, Thermal conduc-tivity, Water content. 40-507

White paint for highway thaw settlement control. Reckard, M.K., Alaska. Department of Transportation and Public Facilities. Research notes, Jan. 5. 4(7), 2p.

Permafrost beneath roads, Ground thawing, Settlement (structural), Frozen ground settling, Sol radiation, Road maintenance, Protective coatings.

Frost heave forces on piling.

Esch, D.C., et al, Alaska Department of Transporta-tion and Public Facilities. Research notes, May 1985, 4(11), MP 1732, 2p. Johnson, J.B.

Frost heave, Pile extraction, Pile structures, Loads (forces), Frost penetration, Frozen ground mechanics, Soil creep, Soil physics, Design, Tests.

Seward Highway avalanche data base.
Fredston, J.A., et al, Alaska. Department of Transportation and Public Facilities. Research notes. Sep. 1985, 5(3), 2p. Sweet, L.P.

Avalanche formation, Roads, Avalanche forecasting, Snow cover stability, Safety, Weather observations, Countermeasures, Design criteria.

40.510

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Harmon, D.J., et al, Memorial University of New-foundland. Centre for Cold Ocean Resources Engi-neering. C-CORE publication, 1983, No 84-11, 8p., 2 refs

Sea ice distribution, Ice conditions, Ice loads, Off-shore structures, Ice navigation, Ice physics, Design, Canada.

40-511

Geological and geomorphological activity of fast ice (from studies in the White Sea). [Geologo-geomorfologicheskaia deiatel'nost' pripainykh l'dov (po is-

sledovantiam v Belom more)₁, Chuvardinskii, V.G., Gomorfologiia, July-Sept. 1985, No.3, p.70-77, In Russian with English sum-5 refs mary.

Ice erosion, Sea ice distribution, Fast ice, Ice rafting, Littoral zone, Rocks, Pressure ridges.

40-512

Outline of the Wrangel Island vegetation. [Ocherk rastitel'nosti ostrova Vrangelia], P. trovskii, V.V., Botanicheskii zhurnal, June 1985,

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Deserts, Polygonal topography, Tundra, Plant ecolo-qu. Plant physiology. Ecos stems. Mosses. Geo-cryology, Arctic landscapes, Lichens, Cryogenic structures.

40-513

Higher aquatic plants of the western foothills of htigher aquatic plants of the western foothills of northern Timan. (Vysshie vodnye rasteniia zapadnykh predgorii Severnogo Timana). Vekhov, N.V., et al, Botanicheskii zhurnal, June 1985, 70(6), p.786-791, In Russian. 6 refs. Kuliev, A.N.

Lakes, Biomass, Tundra, Salt water, Aquatic plants, Thermokarst, Subarctic regions.

Natural formation of vegetation on sediments affected by industrial activities, in the Far North. [Estestvennoe formirovanie rastitel nosti na tekhnogennykh nanosakh v usloviiakh Kralnego Severa, Kuz'min, IU.I., et al, *Botanicheskh zhurnal*, June 1985, 70(6), p.831-835, In Russian. 7 refs.

Korel'skaia, V.M.
Tundra Tailings, Plant physiology, Revegetation, Ecosystems, Mining, Petroleum industry, Soil pollution, Water pollution.

40-515

Changes in humidity and density of the seasonally thawing layer in the lower course of Yenisey River, in relation to economic development. [Izmenenie vlazhnosti i plotnosti sloia sezonnogo ottaivaniia v nizoviakh r. Enisei v sviazi s khoziaistvennym osvoeniemj. Zamolotchikova, S.A., et al, Russia Ministerstvo Zamolotomkova, S.A., et al. Russia Ministerstvo vysshego i srednego spetsial nogo obrazovanua lizvesua i shikh ucheonyki zavedem Ceonogia razvedka, July 1985, No 7, p 137-139, In Russian. Vrachev, V.V., Zontov, M.N. Active layer, Permafrost distribution, Frozen fines, Rivers, Freeze thaw cycles, Valleys, Water content, Economic development.

Economic development.

Occurrence of mudflow phenomena in Hinducush and Caracorum. (Analiz rasprostraneniia selevykh iav-lenit v Gindukushe i Karakorumej, Sen'kovskaia, N.F., Moscow. Universitet. Vestnik

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Mapping, Slope processes, Mudflows, Charts, Melt-water, Alpine landscapes, Glacier ice, Glacial lakes, Snow cover distribution, Snowmelt, Snow accumulation.

Geophily as a basic trend in ecological evolution of plant blomorphs in the Arctic and high-elevation Su-barctic areas. [Geofilia kak odin iz osnovnykh puter ekologicheskot evoliutsii bimorf rastenit v Arktike i

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Mazurenko, M. I.

Plant physiology, Plant ecology, Arctic regions, Alpine landscapes.

40.518

Seed reserves in the soils of Taymyr tundra and polar deserts of Severnaya Zemlya. ¡Zapas semian v poch-vakh tundr Talmyra i poliarnykh pustyn' Severnot

Zemlij, Khodachek, E.A., Botanicheskii zhurnal, July 1985, 70(7), p.896-908, In Russian with English summary. 20 refs.

Plant ecology, Continuous permafrost, Plant physiology, Plants (botany), Polar regions, Cryogenic

Overgrowth and production of macrophytes in some small lakes of southern Karella. [Zarastanie i pro-duktsii makrofitov riada malykh ozer IUzhnot Kare-

Freindling, A.V., Botanicheskii zhurnal, July 1985, 70(7), p 957-964, In Russian. Refs. p.963-964. Limnology, Permafrost beneath lakes, Aquatic plants, Biomass, Lake water, Bottom sediment.

46-526

Soil formation in soil complexes affected by windthrows in the fir forests of southern taigs. Osobennosti pochvoobrazovaniia vetroval'nykh kompleksov v

nosti pochvoroda i sell'nikakh iuzhnot tafgi, Stroganova, M.N. et al. Moscow Universitet Vestnik. Senia 17 Pochvovedenie, July-Sep. 1985,

No.3, p.23-31, In Russian. 5 tefs. fargulian, V.O., Goncharuk, N.IU., Vasenev, I.I. Tanga, Forest soils, Cryogenic soils, Soil formation, Soil profiles, Soil composition.

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Biogeochemical anomalies in the zone of cryogenesis and the criteria of their interpretation. Biogeok-himicheskie anomalii v zone kriogeneza i kriterii ikh

interpretation, Noralnes, Permafrost distribution, Permafrost distribut mafrost hydrology, Capillarity, Geochemistry, Soil water migration, Minerals.

Influence of frosts on accuracy of spruce-seed crop forecasts in the Arkhangel'sk region. [Vinanic zamorozkov na tochnosť prognoza urozhaja semian eli v

torkov na toennost proge Arkhangel'skot oblastij, Winsterst e vy kniege i sied I venetina vysshiki Baldum, A.L. Tussia. Mulisterstve vy sinege i sred-nego spetsial'nogo obrazovanita. Izvestita vysshikh uchebnykh zavedenit. Lesnot zhurnal, 1985, No.4, p.122-125, In Russian. 11 refs. Forest land, Plant ecology, Plant physiology, Seeds,

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Instructive case of heating pipeline base deformations in nest ares.

Kul'chitskil, G.B., Soil mechanics and foundation engineering, Jan.-Feb. 1985 (Pub. July 85), 22(1), p.4-6, Translated from Osnovaniia, fundamenty i mekhanika gruntov. 1 ref.

wamps, Heat pipes, Peat, Supports, Piles, Foundations, Sands, Prost penetration, Soil water migration, Deformation.

40.525

Analysis of beam foundations on swelling soils.

Mustafaev, A.A., et al, Soil mechanics and foundation engineering, Jan.-Feb. 1985 (Pub. July 85), 22(1), p.7cagineering, Jan.-Peo. 1930 (Fuo. July 85), 22(1), p.f-12, Translated from Osnovaniia, fundamenty i mekhanika gruntov. 4 refs.
Gabibov, F.G., Ergandzhiev, A.P.
Foundations, Wettability, Buildings, Deformation.

Analysis of conservation of building soil bases in permafrost state (in conformity with chapter SNIP II-18-76 and its guide).

Gokhman, M.R., et al. Soil mechanics and foundation engineering, Jan.-Feb. 1985 (Pub. July 85), 22(1), p.18-21, Translated from Osnovaniia, fundamenty i mekhanika gruntov. 5 refs. Shchelokov, V.K.

Foundations, Permafrost bases, Permafrost control. Artificial freezing, Buildings, Frozen ground temper-

Lithochemical methods of surveying and exploration.

Litokhimicheskie metody s'emki i poiskovj, Pitul'ko, V.M., et al, Metodicheskoe posobie po geologichesko! s''emke masshtaba 1:50 000, 15 vypusk (Methodological guide to geological surveying on a 1:50 000, 13 vypusk (Methodological guide to geological surveying on a 1:50 000 scale, No.15), Leningrad, Vsesoiuznyi geologicheskii institut, 1985, 199p. (Pertinent p.45-100), In Russian with abridged English table of contents enclosed. 49 refs. tents enclosed. 49 refs. Reznikov, I.N., Ul'ianov, N.K.

Tundra, Geochemistry, Talga, Exploration, Alpine landscapes, Permafrost distribution, Forest land, Steppes, Deserts, Surveys, Mapping.

Ships' power plants and electrical equipment. (Sudovye energeticheskie ustanovki i elektrooborudovanie1.

Panin, IU.I., ed, Leningrad, Transport, 1985, 112p., In Russian. For selected papers see 40-529 and 40-530. Refs. passim.

Ships, Ice navigation, Propellers, Engines, Ice loads, Ice pressure, Models.

Modeling dynamics of the system turbines-hydraulic gear drive-shafting-propeller during its interaction with ice, [Modelirovanic dinamiki sistemy turbiny-gidrozubchataia peredacha-valoprovod-vint pri

gidrozubchataia peredacha-valoprovod-vint pri vzaimodelstvii so l'dom₁, Basalygin, G.M., Sudovye energeticheskie ustanovki i elektrooborudovanie (Ships' power plants and electri-cal equipment) edited by IIII Punin Leningrad Transport, 1985, p.3-11, In Russian. 2 refs

Ships, Ice navigation, Propellers, Engines, Ice loads, Propagation, Ice pressure, Models.

40.530

Operating conditions of main engines of Makhail Strekalovskii" type ships in ice. [Rezhimy raboty glavnogo dvigatelia sudov tipa "Mikhail Strekalovskii"

vo l'dakh₁, Volosov, M.I., Sudovye energeticheskie ustanovki i voiosov, M.I., Sudovyć energeticneskie ustanovki i elektrooborudovanie (Ships' power plants and electri-cal equipment) edited by IU.I. Panin, Leningrad, Transport, 1985, p.11-24, In Russian. 3 refs. Ice navigation, Engines, Ships.

40.521

Sea ice interpretation on radar satellite images. De-

Sees the interpretation on radar satellite images. (Deshifrirovanie morskikh l'dov na radiolokatsionnykh sputnikovykh snimkakh).

Bushuev, A.V., et al, Issledovanie Zemli iz kosmosa, May-June 1985, No.3, p.9-15, In Russian with English summers. 2 refe

summary. 2 refs. Grishchenko, V.D., Masanov, A.D.

Ice surveys, Spaceborne photography, Photointerpretation, Fast ice, Sea ice distribution, Polynyas, USSR —Severnaya Zemlya.

40-532

Determining characteristics of the Sea of Okhotsk ice cover during winter of 1983-1984 from radar sensing data. (Opredelenie kharakteristik ledianogo pokrova Okhetskogo moria zimoř 1983-1984 gg. po dannym radiolokatsionnogo zondirovaniia,, Mitnik, L.M., et al, Issledovanie Zemli iz kosmosa,

May-June 1985, No.3, p.16-22, In Russian with English summary. 7 refs.

hish summary. 7 refs.
Desiatova, G.I., Kovbasiuk, V.V.
Spaceborne photography, Radar photography, Sea ice distribution, Ice surveys, Fast ice, Ice edge.

40-533

Using Cosmos-1500 satellite radar images for studying sea ice distribution and dynamics. [Ispol'zovanie radiolokatsionnykh snimkov ISZ "Kosmos-1500" dlia issledovanija raspredelenija i dinamiki morskikh

Bushuev, A.V., et al, Issledovanie Zemli iz kosmosa, May-June 1985, No.3, p.23-27, In Russian with English summary. 3 Bychenkov, IU.D. 3 refs

Mapping, Spaceborne photography, Ice surveys, Side looking radar, Sea ice distribution, Drift, Photointer-

Quantitative interpretation of satellite radar images of sea ice using a priori data. [Kolichestvennaia inter pretatsiia sputnikovykh radiolokatsionnykh izobraz-henii morskikh l'dov s ispol'zovaniem apriornykh dan-

Aleksandrov, V.IU., et al, Issledovanie Zemli iz kosmosa, May-June 1985, No.3, p.28-31, In Russian with English summary. 1 ref. Loshchilov, V.S

Spaceborne photography, Photointerpretation, Aerial surveys, Sea ice distribution, Ice conditions.

Arctic and Antarctic radar charts compiled on the basis of Cosmos-1500 satellite data and preliminary results of their 'nalysis. [Radiolokatsionnye karty Arktiki i Antarktidy po dannym ISZ "Kosmos-1500 'Kosmos-1500"

Arktiki i Antarktidy po dannym 152. Kosmos-1500 i predvariteľ nye rezuľtaty ikh analizaj.
Burtsev, A.I., et al. *Issledovanie Zemli iz kosmosa*,
May-June 1985, No.3, p.54-63, In Russian with English summary. 12 refs.

Radar photography, Photointerpretation, Space-borne photography, Side looking radar, Mapping, Antarctica, Arctic Ocean.

Theories of the formation of radar-signal backscattering from land and sea ice are discussed. Radar charts of the Arctic and Antarctic, obtained by side-looking radar from the Cosmos-1500 satellite, are presented and ice-cover features on the charts

40-536
Side-looking radar of the Cosmos-1500 satellite.
Radiolokator bokovogo obzora ISZ "Kosmos-Radiolokator bokovogo obzora ISZ

Kalmykov, A.I., et al. Issledovanie Zemli iz kosmosa. May-June 1985, No.3, p.76-83, In Russian with English summary. 6 refs.
Spaceborne photography, Radar photography, Side

looking radar, Photointerpretation, Sea ice distribution, Land ice.

Information potential of the side-looking radar sysvozmozhnosti radiolokatsionnol sistemy bokovogo ob-

zora ISZ "Kosmos-1500"₁, Tsymbal, V.N., et al, *Issledovanie Zemli iz kosmosa*, May-June 1985, No.3, p.84-92, In Russian with Eng-8 refs lish summary.

Spaceborne photography, Radar photography, Sea ice distribution, Ice conditions, Shores, Ice surveys, Ice dating, USSR—Kara Sea.

Digital processing of radar images transmitted from Cosmos-1500 satellite. [Tsifrovaia obrabotka radiolokatsionnykh izobrazhenil poluchennykh so sputnika "Kosmos-1500"₁, Asnius, V.V., et al, *Issledovanie Zemli iz kosmosa*,

May-June 1985, No.3, p.107-114, In Russian with English summary 7 refs.

Fast ice, Spaceborne photography, Young ice, Radar photography, Sea ice distribution, Photointerpretation, Computer applications, Charts.

40-539

Thermally nonhomogeneous elasticity problem for freezing bases of structures. (Termoneodnorodnaia zadacha uprugosti dlia promerzaiushchikh osnovanii

sooruzhenilj,
Demin, I.I., Russia. Ministerstvo vysshego i srednego spetsial nogo obrazovaniia. Izvestiia vysshikh nego objestian logo objestian i zvesina vyssinan uchebnykh zavedenů. Stroiteľstvo i arkhitektura, 1985, No.5, p.48-51, In Russian. 6 refs. Foundations, Frost penetration, Frozen ground physics, Buildings, Elasticity.

40.540

Wind tunnel studies of the 2nd microregion in the scientific town SO VASKNNIL. [Issledovaniia aerodinamiki vtorogo mikroralona nauchnogo gorodka SO VASKhNIL v aerodinamicheskoi trubej, Kuraev, A.A., et al, Russia. Ministerstvo vysshego i

kuraev, A.A., et al, Russia. Ministerstvo vyssnego i srednego spetsial'nogo obrazovaniia. Izvestiia vys-shiih uchebnykh zavedenii. Stroitel'stvo i arkhitek-tura, 1985, No.5, p.51-56, In Russian. 3 refs. Nesterov, B.V., Salenko, S.D.

Wind tunnels, Urban planning, Residential buildings, Snowdrifts, Snow accumulation, Wind factors, Protective vegetation, Models, Analysis (mathematics),

40-541

Using sand drains in drying water-saturated cohesive ground. [Osushenie sviaznykh gruntov povyshenno]

vlazhnosti peschanymi drenami, Gur'ev, T.A., et al, Russia. Ministerstvo vysshego i srednego spetsial'nogo obrazovaniia. Izvestiia vysshikh uchebnykh zavedenii. Stroitel'stvo i arkhitektura, 1985, No.5, p.102-105, In Russian. 6 refs. Shirshov, E.V.

Roadbeds, Foundations, Paludification, Drainage, Banks (waterways).

40-542

Methods and results of interpreting multizonal satellite photographs obtained during geocryological mapping of the Central Yakutian Plain. [Voprosy metodiki i rezul'taty deshifrirovaniia mnogozonal'nykh kosmicheskikh snimkov pri merzlotnom kartirovanii (na primere Tsentral'no-lAkutsko' nizmen-

nosti)₁, Gavrilov, A.V., et al, *Inzhenernaia geologiia*, July-Aug. 1985, No.4, p.89-99, In Russian. 8 refs. Pizhankova, E.I.

Mapping, Spaceborne photography, Taiga, Photoin-terpretation, Geocryology, Permatrost distribution, Permafrost hydrology.

40-543

Allowing for the scale factor when estimating the strength of perennially frozen ground. [Uchet vliia-niia masshtabnogo faktora pri opredelenii prochnost-

nykh svolstv merzlykh gruntov_i, Roman, L.T., *Inzhenernaia geologiia*, July-Aug. 1985, No.4, p.100-107, In Russian. 11 refs. Permafrost physics, Frozen rock strength, Models. 40-544

Calorimetric method for studying phase composition of water in peat. [Issledovanic fazovogo sostava vody

of water in peat. Issledovanie fazovogo sostava vody v torfe kalorimetricheskim metodomi, Lishtvan, I.I., et al, Inzhenernaia geologiia, July-Aug. 1985, No.4, p. 114-119, In Russian. 12 refs. Brovka, G.P., Davidovskii, P.N. Swamps, Peat, Ground ice, Soil water migration,

Frost penetration P e transformations, Unfrozen water content.

40-545

Soviet nuclear-powered icebreakers. [Sovetskie Soviet nucrear pull atomnye ledokolyj,

1985, No.5, p.27-29, In Russian. 4 refs. Shershnev, V.N.

Icebreakers, Ice navigation, Nuclear power, Arctic Ocean.

40-546

Antarctica. Hearing.

U.S. Senate. Committee on Commerce, Science, and U.S. Senate. Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation. Subcommittee on Science, Technology, and Space, Ninety-eighth Congress, Second session on Antarctica, Sep. 24, 1984, Washington, D.C., U.S. Government Printing Office, 1984, 88p. Serial No.98-111.

Natural resources, Economic development, Low temperature research, Environmental protection, Inter-

perature research, Environmental protection, International cooperation, Antarctica.

The Hearing was conducted on Sep 24, 1985 to receive testimony from experts and knowledgeable persons regarding the present status of and problems associated with the possible development of commercial krill harvesting and exploring and recovering mineral resources in Antarctica. The eight persons who spoke to the Subcommittee represented government and

non-government agencies, the academic and scientific comies. and environmental and conservation groups. additional prepared statements are included.

Polar glaciology.
Robin, G. de Q., U.S. National Aeronautics and Space Room, G. de Q., U.S. National Aeronautics and Space Administration. Technical memorandum, Aug. 1984, NASA TM-86129, Earth observing system, Vol.1, Part 2: Science and mission requirements. Working group report (Appendix), p.A37-A40. N84-

Ice sheets, Radar echoes, Height finding, Ice shelves, Measuring instruments, Ice mechanics.

Looking into the 1990s, two research fields seem likely to be of dominant interest: ice sheets vis à vis climate change and inter-pretation of deep ice cores. These two facets are discussed as to observational requirements for increasing the knowledge of ice sheets and ice sheet-atmosphere interactions. Standards for observations are listed and the role of satellites in both observational and analytical functions is emphasized.

40-548

Protection of roads from rock-slides and snow avalanches. Zashchita puti ot kamnepadov i snezhnykh lavin₁,

Samochernov, IU.G., et al. Transportnoe stroitel'stvo. July 1985, No.7, p.6, In Russian. Grekh, S.P., Teterskii, E.A. Railroads, Slope processes, Landslide control, Ava-

lanche engineering, Countermeasures, Embankments,

40.549

Approximate calculation of maximum sizes of naleds from subpermafrost ground water. (Priblizhenny's sposob rascheta maksimal'no's velichiny nalede's pod-

merzlotnykh vod,, Sokolov, A.A., *Transportnoe stroitel'stvo*, July 1985, No.7, p.7-8, In Russian.

Permafrost hydrology, Naleds, Subpermafrost ground water, Ice volume, Railroads.

Equipment for drilling wells in hard rocks. Mekhanizatsiia prokhodki skvazhin v prochnykh gruntakhj,

Bolko, N.V., et al, Mekhanizatsiia stroitel'stva, Aug.

1985, No.8, p.12-13, In Russ an. 4 refs. Core samplers, Frozen rock s trength, Wells, Drilling.

40-551

Frozen ground excavation with automotive scrapers. Effektivnost' razrabotki merzlykh gruntov samok-

hodnymi skreperamij, Beliakov, IU.I., et al, Mekhanizatsiia stroitel'stva, Aug. 1985, No.3, p.17-18, In Russian. 2 refs. Earthwork, Equipment, Excavation, Frozen ground.

40-552

D3-37A bulldozers with cogged buckets. [Bul'dozer

D3-37A s cheliustnym zakhvatom₃, Balovnev, V.I., et al, Mekhanizatsiia stroitel'stva, Aug. 1985, No.8, p.22-23, In Russian.

Mirsadykov, M.A. Earthwork, Roads, Winter maintenance, Snow removal.

MS-353 screw conveyer-mixer and unloading equipment (Shnekovyi smesitel'-peregruzhatel' MS-353), Min'kov, P.A., Mekhanizatsiia stroitel'stva, Aug. 1985, No.8, p.24-25, In Russian.

Concrete placing, Concrete heating, Mortars, Grouting, Electric heating, Cold weather construction.

40-554

Construction of 110 kv substations in the Far North asing modular structures. [Stroitel'stvo PS 110 kV v raionakh Krainego Severa s ispol'zovaniem krupno-

Jaluarii Kisiliego Severa s ispoi zovaniem krupno blochnykh konstruktsii₁, Zaitsev, L.I., et al, *Energeticheskoe stroitel'stvo*, July 1985, No.7, p.22-23, In Russian. Sosiak, N.V., Sotskov, N.A.

Electric power, Industrial buildings, Modular construction, Permafrost beneath structures, Subarctic regions, Transportation, Snowdrifts.

40-555

Designing foundations of the main body of the Anadyr thermo-electrical power plant, for perennially frozen ground. Proektirovanie fundamentov glavnogo korpusa Anadyrskol TETs v uslovijakh vechnomerzlykh

gruntov, Guzenko, N.G., Energeticheskoe stroitel'stvo, July 1985, No.7, p.37-38, In Russian. Industrial buildings, Permatrost beneath structures,

Foundations, Thermal insulation.

Snowdrift effect on the stability of pile supports of utility pipelines built on frost-heaving ground. (Vilianie snezhnykh zanosov na ustošchivosť svašnykh opor teplotrass na puchinistykh gruntakhi.

Ivonin, O.A., Energeticheskoe stroitel'stvo, July 1985, No.7, p.38-40, In Russian. 4 refs. Pipelines, Snowdrifts, Heat pipes, Supports, Piles, Frost heave, Snow cover effect, Thermal insulation.

40-557 Plexible technology of bridge construction. [Gibkaia

kekhnologiia stroitel'stva mostov₁, Silin, K.S., et al, *Transportnoe stroitel'stvo*, Aug. 1985, No.2, p.14-21, In Russian. Solov'ev, G.P.

Piles, Steel structures, Foundations, Bridges, Ice-bound rivers, Ice pressure, Concrete structures, Prefabrication, Reinforced concretes.

40-558 To the northern resources, rK severnym kladovyma

Tsvelodub, B.I., Transportnoe stroitel'stvo, Aug. 1985, No.8, p.56-57, In Russian.
Transportation, Tundra, Forest tundra, Swamps, Railroads, Bridges, Permafrost depth, Subarctic regions, Natural resources.

40-559 Bridge maintenance management, corrosion control, heating, and deicing chemicals. Transportation re-search record, 1984, No.962, 88p., Refs. passim. For selected papers see 40-560 through 40-563. Bridges, Maintenance, Corrosion, Chemical ice pre-

vention, Salting, Winter maintenance, Brines. 40-560

Management of bridge maintenance, repair, and rehabilitation—a city perspective.
Shirolé, A.M., Transportation research record, 1984,

.962, p.9-

Bridges, Maintenance, Winter maintenance, Road maintenance.

Bridge heating using ground-source heat pipes. Lee, R.C., et al, Transportation research record, 1984, No.962, p.51-56, 9 refs. Sackos, J.T., Nydahl, J.E., Pell, K.M.

Bridges, Heat pipes, Heating, Heat transfer, Ice control. Snow removal.

40-562

Field performance of experimental bridge deck membrane systems in Vermont.

Frascoia, R.I., Transportation research record, 1984,

No. 962, p. 57-65, 4 refs.

Bridges, Winter maintenance, Salting, Chemical ice prevention, Surface properties, Pollution, Damage, Countermeasures.

40-563

Production and testing of calcium magnesium acetate in Maine. Hsu, M.T., Transportation research record, 1984,

No.962, p.77-82, 8 refs.
Salting, Manufacturing, Chemical ice prevention,
Corrosion, Bridges, Winter maintenance, Runoff, Sands. Skid resistance, Tests.

40-564

Dynamics of the modern climate of polar regions. Voskresenskii, A.I., et al, Akademiia nauk SSSR. Izvestiya. Atmospheric and oceanic physics, 1982, 18(12), p.978-984, 27 refs. Translated from its Izves-Fizika atmosfery i okeana. Marshunova, M.S.

Sen ice, Ice cover effect.

Sea ice, 1ce cover effect.

The temporal variations (primarily during the 1938-1981 period) of the temperature, cloud cover, duration of the snowless period, atmospheric transmission, radiation balance, and the direct and total radiation are discussed. Present-day cooling in the polar regions is occurring against a background of reduced cloud cover and duration of the snowless period, an increase in the sea ice and a reduction in the surface radiation balance dentite an increase in the direct, and altable radiation. The despite an increase in the direct and global radiation. The unidirectional trend of the hydrometeorological processes on a climatic scale leads to a very perceptible change of the climate in the polar regions. (Auth.)

40-565

Photondaptation of high Arctic ice algae.
Cota, G.F., Nature, May 16-22, 1985, 315(6016), p.219-222, 26 refs.
Snow cover effect, Algae, Photosynthesis.

Feasibility studies of Polar Patrol Balloon.

Nishimura, J., et al, Advances in space research, 1985, 5(1), p.87-90, 9 refs. Kodama, M., Tsuruda, K., Fukunishi, H.

Balloons, Engineering, Research projects.

Engineering and meteorological feasibilities of a circum-south-polar ballooning project, called "Polar Patrol Balloon (PPB)".

for space and geophysical researches are studied. We plan to use zero-pressure balloons mounting an auto-ballasting system, utilizing the nonsunset condition in mid-summer. PPF will be launched to a level higher than 30 km from an observations! base in Antarctica and come back there by a circumpolar wind. It is predicted that the circumpolar peal of may be a new weeks in the case of mid-summer 30 km level flight and its meridional deviation after a circumpolar flight may be within a few hundred kilometers. We have tested auto-ballasting and ARGOS-tracking, and are developing some on-board data accumulation systems and power supply. If we can collaborate with foreign bases, results of PPB should be much more successful especially concerning simultaneous observations at various latitudes. (Auth.)

40-567

Proceedings of the colloquium on French research in the Antarctic, Grenoble, Sep. 19-21, 1984. [Actes],

Colloque sur la recherche française dans l'Anianctique, Grenoble, 19/21 septembre, 1984, Comité National Grenoble, 19/21 septembre, 1984, Comité Nationai Français des Recherches Antarctiques, 1985, 174p., In French. Refs. passim. For selected papers see B-32504 through B-32506, B-32512, C-32503, E-32507 through E-32510, F-32490 through F-32494, G-32514, G-32515, H-32513, I-32495 through I-32497, K-32498 through K-32500, L-32501, and L-32502, or 40-568 through 40-575.

Ice sheets, Research projects, Meetings, Antarctica
—Dumont d'Urville Station.

—Dumont d'Urville Station.

The papers presented at the conference are classified in this volume under the following headings: glaciology and paleo-climatology, physio-hemistry and dynamics of the lower atmosphere, astronomy and satrophysics, observatory activities and research at Dumont d'Urville, biology and geology of Adélie Coust, antarctic oceanography, and logistics and human factors. Conchisions regarding each of these areas are offered at the end of the presentations. Three annexes provide a list of the members of the organizing committee, the conference program, and the list of participants, respectively.

40-568

Modeling the polar caps. [Modélisation des calottes

polaires₁, Lliboutry, L., Actes du colloque sur la recherche franaise dans l'Antarctique, Grenoble 19/21 septembre 1984 (Proceedings of the colloquium on French research in the Antarctic, Grenoble, Sept. 19-21, 1984), Comité National Français des Recherches Antarctiques, 1985, p.23-28, In French. 5 ref. Ice models, Ice crystal size, Ice sheets. 5 refs.

Numerical modeling of polar ice caps, or the construction of a thermomechanical model simulating the evolution of a polar ice cap, is discussed and illustrated.

40-569

Deuterium and oxygen 18 in glaciology and climatology. (Les isotopes (deutérium et oxygène 18) en glaci-

ologie et climatologie, Merlivat, L., Actes du colloque sur la recherche fran-çaise dans l'Antarctique, Grenoble 19/21 septembre 1984 (Proceedings of the colloquium on French research in the Antarctic, Grenoble, Sept. 19-21, 1984), Comité National Français des Recherches Antarctiques, 1985, p.29-34, In French.

Snow composition. Isotope analysis.

Snow composition, isotopic analysis.

The correlation between isotopic composition of snow and its formation temperature is duscussed. A figure showing a century of accumulation by deuterium distribution within the first 18 m of snow, at Amundsen-Scott Station, is included, as is another representing the variation of isotopic composition in ice collected at Dome C at 909 m depth.

40-570

Chemical study of antarctic precipitation. [Etudes chimiques de la précipitation antarctique],
Delmas, R., Actes du colloque sur la recherche française dans l'Antarctique, Grenoble 19/21 septembre
1984 (Proceedings of the colloquium on French reserve) in the Atrectic Grandle Sept. 10.21.1984) search in the Antarctic, Grenoble, Sept. 19-21, 1984), Comité National Français des Recherches Antarc-

tiques, 1985, p.35-41, In French. Snow impurities, Snow composition, Chemical composition.

The chemical composition of trace impurities present in antarctic snow is reviewed and charts are presented and interpreted. The measurements show that in the Antarctic the secondary acrosols, developed in the atmosphere, are the major contaminating factor; soluble and insoluble impurities of marine and continental origin represent only a minor fraction. The most important role is attributed to the mineral acids H2SO4, HNO3 and HCl. The sources of the chemicals identified are

RECRESSION CALLACTOR OF SPIREZZA BROZE

40-571

Isotopes of cosmic origin in polar ice [Les isotopes

cosmogeniques dans la gluce polaire,
Yiou, F, et al. Actes du colloque sur la recherche
française dans l'Antarctique, Grenoble 19/21 septembre 1984 (Proceedings of the colloquium on French research in the Antarctic, Grenoble, Sept. 19-21, 1984), Comité National Français des Recherches Antarctiques, 1985, p.42-44, In French. 4 refs. Raisbeck, G.M.

Paleoclimatology, Ice cores, Ice composition, Iso-

respecting to the formation of cosmogenic isotopes, it is pointed out that the deposition rate of cosmogenic nuclides on the earth's surface depends on solar activity through the modulating influence of the solar wind. It is suggested that concentration profiles of these nuclides in polar ie, for example, and especially the profile of Be-10, contain a continuous record of past solar activity. They also permit to determine with precision the age of the ice and the ice accumulation rates, thus offering valuable information for climatological studies.

Interactions between atmospheric CO2 and climate: glaciological approach. [Interactions entre le CO2 guaciological approaca. (interactions entre le CO2
atmosphérique et le climat: l'approche glaciologique],
Raynaud, D., Actes du colloque sur la recherche francaise dans l'Antarctique, Grenoble 19/21 septembre
1984 (Proceedings of the colloquium on French research in the Antarctic, Grenoble, Sept. 19-21, 1984), Comité National Français des Recherches Antarctiques, 1985, p.46-48, In French. 7 refs. Ice cores, Bubbles, Carbon dioxide.

Analysis of air bubbles trapped in antarctic ice is suggested as the most direct method to obtain information on the sensitivity of temperature parameters to atmospheric CO2 variations within the climatic system. Relevant investigations carried out in the past are reviewed, including studies of the evolution of atmospheric CO2 over the last centuries, and of the climatic transition between the ice age and Holocene

Modelling of the general atmospheric circulation in connection with antarctic research on paleoclimatic reconstruction, Modélization de la circulation générale atmosphérique en liaison avec les recherches an-

tarctiques sur la reconstitution des paleoclimats₁, Joussaune, S., et al, Actes du colloque sur la recherche Joussaune, S., et al., Actes du colloque sur la recherche française dans l'Antarctique, Grenoble 19/21 septembre 1984 (Proceedings of the colloquium on French research in the Antarctic, Grenoble, Sept. 19-21, 1984), Comité National Français des Recherches Antarctiques, 1985, p. 49-50, In French. 5 refs.

Jouzel, J., Petit, J.R., Sadourny, R.

Ice cores, Paleoclimatology, Climatic changes, Iso-

tope analysis, Antarctica.

tope analysis, attarcuca. The collaboration between paleoclimatologists and meteorologists involved in an atmospheric circulation simulation project is described. The model includes desert aerosols and water isotopes. A chart is presented showing observed and simulated geographic distribution of oxygen-18 precipitation on Jan. 18, and observed and simulated isotope-temperature relations.

Movement of personnel and material to and within the Antarctic. Mouvement de personnel et de matériel dans l'Antarctique et vers l'Antarctique, Morlet, B., Actes du colloque sur la recherche francaise dans l'Antarctique, Grenoble 19/21 septembre 1984 (Proceedings of the colloquium on French research in the Antarctic, Grenoble, Sept. 19-21, 1984), Comité National Français des Recherches Antarc-tiques, 1985, p.142-146, In French.

Cargo, Transportation, Ice navigation, Antarctica-Adélie Coast.

Adelie Coast.

A review is presented of various forms of navigation and transportation in the Antarctic, from early expeditions to current activities, and three basic strategies, particularly for Adélie Coast, are suggested: men should be transported to Antarctica by air, not by boat; for cargo operations, treated separately from transportation of personnel, icebreakers should be used, and their stay in the Antarctic should be short; French research activities should be carried out on a permanent base to be installed on Dome C. Factors conducive to the above conclusions are examined, and recommendations are directly described. sions are examined, and recommendations are offered regarding means of transportation, construction of runways, and costs

Polar cargo ship project. [Projet de navire polaire], Balut, Y., Actes du colloque sur la recherche française dans l'Antarctique, Grenoble 19/21 septembre 1984 dans i Antarctique, Grenoble 19721 septembre 1984 (Proceedings of the colloquium on French research in the Antarctic, Grenoble, Sept. 19-21, 1984), Comité National Français des Recherches Antarctiques, 1985, p.147-151, In French. Transportation, Ships, Antarctica—Adélie Coast.

Based on difficulties met in the past to find cargo ships capable of approaching Adélie Coast, new transportation policies are being suggested. Beside the use of aircraft, the construction of a new, more adequate and better equipped cargo ship is ad-

vocated. Plans of such a ship are presented, its statistics given, and operations, including logistic, oceanographic, and off-shore functions, as well as routes and schedules, are outlined.

Hydrologic regime and river-bed evolution of Siberi-

Hydrologic regime and river-bed evolution of Sibertan rivers. Gidrologicheskii rezhim i ruslovye protessy rek Sibiri, Lysenko, V.V., ed, Zapadno-Sibirskii regional'nyi nsuchno-issledovatel'skii institut. Trudy, 1985, Vol.72, 121p., In Russian. For selected papers see 40-577 through 40-585. Refs. passim. Toporov, V.M., ed. Mountains, Slope processes, Snow water equivalent, Icebound rivers, Snow accumulation, Ice breakup, Snow cover distribution, Ice forecasting, Mapping, Snow depth, Glacier Ice, Meltwater, Ice volume, Glacial hydrology. cial hydrology.

40-577

Water balance of the Angara River basin to the Bratsk power plant and peculiarities of its formation in separate years. [Vodnyl balans basselna r. Angary do Bratskol GES i nekotorye osobennosti ego formation in the control of the c

ovod, T.V., et al. Zapadno-Sibirskii regional'nyi nauchno-issledovatel'skii institut. Trudy, 1985, Vol.72, p.3-22, In Russian. 16 refs.
Plitkin, G.A.

Electric nower, River basins, Water balance, Perma-frost be. 12 th rivers, Permafrost hydrology, Perma-frost beneath lakes, Water reserves.

40-578

Space variations in annual distribution of water balance elements in the Ob' River Basin catchment areas. (Prostranstvennais izmenchivost' vnutrigodovogo raspredeleniis elementov vodnogo balansa vodosborov rek v Basseine Obij,

Gel'bukh, T.M., et al, Zapadno-Sibirskii regional'nyi nauchno-issledovatel'skii institut. Trudy, 1985,

Vol.72, p.22-43, In Russian. 13 refs. Kutenkova, T.N.

River basins, Lakes, Water balance, Runoff forecast-ing, Permafrost hydrology, Permafrost beneath riv-ers, Permafrost benath lakes.

Methods of plotting medium-scale maps of the regime of Central Altai glaciers exemplified by the Katun Range (for the world atlas of snow-ice resources).

Metodika postroeniia srednemasshtabnykh kart rezhima lednikov Tsentral'nogo Altaia na primere Katunskogo khrebta (v atlas snezhno-ledovykh resursov

Galakhov, V.P., Zapadno-Sibirskii regional nyi nauch-no-issiedovatel'skii institut. Trudy, 1985, Vol.72,

p.44-48, In Russian. 7 refs.

Maps, Glacial hydrology, Glacier ice, Ice volume, Accumulation, Alpine landscapes, Ablation, Ice surveys, Snow surveys.

40-580

Regime and meltwaters of the Central Altai glaciers. [Rezhim i talye vody lednikov Tsentral'nogo Al-

Galakhov, V.P., et al, Zapadno-Sibirskii regional'ny'i nauchno-issledovatel'skii institut. Trudy, 1985,

Nauchno-issiedovatei skii institut. 1710y, 1703, Vol.72, p.48-54, In Russian. 8 refs. Narozhnev, IU.K., Dement'ev, M.V. Glacier ice, Ice (water storage), Snow water equivalent, River diversion, Glacial hydrology, Alimentation, Water reserves, Runoff, Ablation.

40-581

Probability estimation of snow depth distribution in the Koksa River basin (Altai Mountains). [Verointthe Koksa River basin (Altai Mountains). [Veroiatnostnaia otsenka raspredeleniia vysoty snezhnogo
pokrova v basseine r. Koksy (Gornyi Altai)),
Chubenko, A.G., Zapadno-Sibirskii regional'nyi
nauchno-issledovatel'skii institut. Trudy, 1985,
Vol.72, p.55-61. In Russian. 7 refs.
River basins, Snow cover distribution, Snow line,
Snow depth, Snow surveys, Meteorological factors.

Length of persistence and intensity of mudflow-forming and common rains in southeastern West Siberia. (Prodolzhitel'nost' i intensivnost' seleobrazuiush chikh i obychnykh dozhdel na iugo-vostoke Zapadnol

Siotri, Vinogradov, V.A., et al, Zapadno-Sibirs, il regional nyl nauchno-issledovatel skii institut. Trudy, 1985, Vol.72, p.61-66, In Russian. 14 refs. Eremeeva, M.P., Strel'tsova, V.V. Slope processes, Rain, Mudflows, Meteorological fac-

40-583

Results of verification of the general scheme of short range forecasts of ice breakup dates for West Siberian rivers and some data on spring weakening or ice. [Rezul'taty proverki obshchel skhemy kratkosrochnogo prognoza srokov vskrytiia dlia rek Zapadnol Sibiri i

nekotorye dannye o vesennem oslablenii l'daj, Liser, I.IA., et al, Zapadno-Sibirskii regional'nyi nauchno-issledovatel'skii institut. Trudy, 1985, Vol.72, p.66-73, In Russian. 4 refs.

Goncharova, N.A. Icebound rivers, Ice forecasting, Ice deterioration, Ice breakup.

Method of super-long-range forecasting of annual water inflow into reservoirs of the upper and central Yenisey River power plants, based on terminal infornation on atmospheric macroprocesses in winter. Lation on atmospheric macroprocesses in winter. [Metod sverkhologosrochnogo prognoza godovogo pritoka vody v vodokhranilishchna verkhne- i sredneenisetskikh GES na osnove terminal'no! informatsii o zimnikh atmosfernykh makroprotsessakh], Chernov, I.M., Zapadno-Sibirskii regional'ny! nauchno-issledovatel'skii institut. Trudy, 1985, Vol.72, p.73-78, In Russian. 7 refs. Electric power, River flow, Seasonal variations, Meltwater, River basins. Snow depth. Snow water equiva-

water, River basins, Snow depth, Snow water equiva-

Calculating maximum snow reserves under complicated orographic conditions of the Katun' River basin. Raschet maksimal'nykh snegozapasov v usloviiakh slozhnol orografii (po issledovaniiam v basselne r.

Katuni), Galakhov, V.P., et al, Zapadno-Sibirskii regional'nyi nauchno-issledovateľski institut. Trudy, 1 Vol.72, p.109-115, In Russian. 8 refs. Dement'ev, M.V., Osipov, A.V., Siubaev, A.A.

Snow accumulation, Snow cover distribution, Snow depth, Slope processes, Alpine landscapes, Snow surveys, Avalanche engineering, Mapping, Charts.

Influence of ice conditions in Arctic seas on atmo-spheric precipitation distribution over Kazakhstan. O vliianii ledovitosti morel Severnogo Ledovitogo okeana na raspredelenie osadkov po territorii Kazakh-

Panova, E.N., Alma-Ata. Kazakhskii regional'nyl nauchno-issledovatel'skii institut. Trudy, 1985, Vol.92, p.59-67, In Russian. 8 refs. Ice conditions, Precipitation (meteorology), Sea ice

distribution, Arctic Ocean.

40-587

Polarization technique of analyzing the ice phase structure in clouds. (O poliarizatsionnom metode analiza struktury ledianol fazy v oblakakh), Nevzorov, A.N., Moscow. Tsentral'naia aerologicheskaia observatoriia. Trudy, 1985, Vol. 158, p. 14-23, In Russian with English summary. 14 refs. Cloud physics, Particles, Phase transformations, Ice crystals, Measuring instruments, Supercooled clouds.

Climate in the vicinity of Ross Island.

Savage, M., et al, Antarctic journal of the United States, Mar. 1985, 20(1), p.1-8, 15 refs.

Meteorological instruments, Measuring instruments, Remote sensing, Climate, Weather observations, Weather stations, Antarctics—Ross Island.

Weather stations, Antarctics—Ross Island.

A brief review is given of the development of the Automatic Weather Station system (AWS) used in Antarctica, its methods of operation, and its capabilities. The AWS network is described, the body of data received is analyzed, and statistical summaries are displayed in tables. Accompanying charts provide convenient comparisons of weather conditions among the various AWS and manned stations.

World Data Center-A for Glaciology: functions and

services.
Barry, R.G., et al, Antarctic journal of the United States, Mar. 1985, 20(1), p.14-16. Brennan, A.M.

Data processing, Glaciology, Snow, Ice.

This center is one of three world-wide collecting agencies of data on the many forms of snow and ice. Literature and other holdings, functions of the Center, and its international responsibilities are described. Glacier photographs, sea ice data, and snow cover information are of particular interest.

Basic trends in dust control of mines and mine shafts in the North, Osnownye neor vleniia obespylivaniia shakht i rudnikov Severa,
Chemezov, E.N., Yakutak, Yakut fil. SO AN SSSR,

1984, 161p., In Russian with English table of contents

enclosed. 80 refs.

Mine shafts, Coal, Dust control, Ventilation, Drilling,
Permafrost, Water treatment.

Mechanization of ore extraction work and roof-control in placer mines of the North. [Mekhanizatsiia ochistnykh rabot i upravlenie krovleš na rossypnykh

shakhtakh Severa, Sleptsov, A.E., Yakutsk, Yakut. fil. SO AN SSSR, 1983, 150p., In Russian with abridged English table of

contents enclosed. 149 refs.

Placer mining, Permafrost thermal properties, Mine shafts, Roofs, Supports, Frozen fines, Sands, Frozen rock strength, Rock excavation.

40-592

Essentials of forecasting thermal abrasion of shores. (Osnovy prognoza termoabrazii beregov₁, Are, F.E., Novosibirsk, Nauka, 1985, 172p., In Rus-

sian with English table of contents enclosed.

Shore erosion, Abrasion, Permafrost thermal proper-ties, Ocean waves, Lake water, River water, Hydrothermal processes.

Clayey formations of Quaternary deposits in Central Yakutia (conditions of accumulation). [Glinistye obrazovaniia chetvertichnykh otlozhenii Tsentral'noi

Uskov, M.N., Yakutsk, Yakut fil. SO AN SSSR, 1984, 182p., In Russian with English table of contents en-68 refs.

Grain size, Frozen fines, Cryogenic textures, Cements, Cryogenic structures, Lithology, Aggregates, Thermokarst, Sedimentation, Lacustrine deposits, Clays, Hydrothermal processes, Loams, Prost pene-

40.504

Thematic and regional investige ions of permafrost in

northern Eurasia. [Tematicheskie i regional'nye is-sledovaniia merzlykh tolshch Severnof Evrazii], Nekrasov, I.A., ed, Yakutsk, Inst Merr otovedeniia SO AN SSSR, 1981, 160p., In Rus.iar. For individual papers see 40-595 through 40-a09. Refs. passim. DLC GB648.55.T45

Maps, Alassy, Permatrost physics, Geological surveys, Frozen ground temperature, Permatrost depth, Snow cover effect, Lacustrine deposits, Dielectric properties, Permafrost distribution, Sedimentation, Permafrost hydrology, Measuring instruments.

40-595

Snow cover and deep freezing of the lithosphere. [Snezhny] pokrov i glubokoe promerzanie litosfery], Nekrasov, I.A., Tematicheskie i regional'nye is-sledovaniia merzlykh tolshch Severnoï Evrazii (Thematic and regional investigations of permafrost in northern Eurasia) edited by I.A. Nekrasov, Yakutsk, Inst. Merzlotovedenija SO AN SSSR, 1981, p.3-21, In Russian. Refs. p. 19-21. Soil freezing, Soil temperature, Cooling rate, Snow

cover effect, Frost penetration.

40-596

Relation of firn line and upper forest boundary altitudes in mountain glacier regions. [O sootnoshenii Which Street, Body workfunet architek less

lednikovykh ralonakh, Severskii, I.V., et al, Tematicheskie i regional'nye is-sledovanija merzlykh tolshch Severnot Evrazii (Thematic and regional investigations of permafrost in northern Eurasia) edited by I.A. Nekrasov, Yakutsk, Inst. Merzlotovedeniia SO AN SSSR, 1981, p.21-30, Refs. p.29-30.

In Russian. R Severskii, E.V.

Forest lines, Forest soils, Snow line, Forest land, Glacier ice, Alpine landscapes, Glacial hydrology, Perma-frost distribution. 40-597

Permafrost of Bol'shezemel'skala tundra. [Mnogoletnemerzlye porody Bol'shezemel'skot tundryj, Ginsburg, G.D., et al, Tematicheskie i regional'nye issledovanija merzlykh tolshch Severnot Evrazij (The matic and regional investigations of permafrost in northern Eurasia) edited by I.A. Nekrasov, Yakutsk, Inst. Merziotovedeniia SO AN SSSR, 1981, p.31-46, 5 refs

Tundra, Prozen rock temperature, Active layer, Con-tinuous permafrost, Lithology, Landscape types, Per-mafrost hydrology, Mapping, Permafrost distribu-

Permafrost thickness in the Polar and Subpolar Urals, rO moshchnosti merzlot zony Poliarnogo i Pripoliarnogo Utala),
Oberman, N.G., Tematicheskie i regional'nye is-

sledovaniia merzlykh tolshch Severnoï Evrazii matic and regional investigations of permafrost in northern Eurasia) edited by I.A. Nekrasov, Yakutsk, Inst. Merzlotovedeniia SO AN SSSR, 1981, p.47-59, In Russian. 9 refs.
Permafrost distribution, Permafrost thickness, Li-

thology, Charts, Polar regions, Mapping, Subpolar landscapes, Landscape topes, USSR—Ural Moun-

40-599

Permafrost distribution in the southern part of Central Siberia. (Rasprostranenie merzlykh gornykh

porod v iuzhnol chasti Srednel Sibiri₃, Shats, M.M., Tematicheskie i regional'nve sledovanija merzlykh tolshch Severnot Evraziji (Thematic and regional investigations of permafrost in northern Eurasia) edited by I.A. Nekrasov, Yakutsk, Inst. Merzlotovedeniia SO AN SSSR, 1981, p.60-65,

In Russian. 16 refs.

Maps, Permafrost distribution, Sporadic permafrost, Discontinuous permafrost, Permafrost thickness, Permafrost depth.

Geothermal conditions of the Chara-Tokko interfluve. Geotermicheskie usloviia Charo-Tokkinskogo mezhdurech'ian

Dorofeev, I.V., et al, Tematicheskie i regional'nye is-sledovaniia merzlykh tolshch Severnol Evrazii (Thematic and regional investigations of permafrost in northern Eurasia) edited by I.A. Nekrasov, Yakutsk, Inst. Merzlotovedeniia SO AN SSSR, 1981, p.65-74,

In Russian. 4 refs.

Zhelezniak, M.N., Volod'ko, B.V., Sarzhin, M.S.

Permafrost beneath rivers, Frozen rock temperature, Topographic effects, Charts, Permafrost hydrology, Taliks.

Peat accumulation and related phenomena at the Chara-Tokko interfluve. Torfonakoplenie i sviazannye s nim kriogennye iavleniia na Charo-Tokkinskom

mezhdurech'ej, Gotovtsev, S.P., et al, Tematicheskie i regional'nye issledovaniia merzlykh tolshch Severnot Evrazii (Thematic and regional investigations of permafrost in northern Eurasia) edited by I.A. Nekrasov, Yakutsk, Inst. Merzlotovedeniia SO AN SSSR, 1981, p.75-84, In Russian. 6 refs.

Dorofeev, I.V., Klimovskii, I.V., Gribanova, S.P. River basins, Valleys, Swamps, Peat, Permafrost dis-tribution, Baykal Amur railroad, Charts, Alpine landscapes, Permafrost structure, Permafrost distribu-

Some aspects of permafrost development in the Baykal type depressions along the BAM railroad line.
The tribute of the same of t

An, V.V., Tematicheskie i regional'nye issledovaniia merzlykh tolshch Severnol Evrazii (Thematic and regional investigations of permafrost in northern Eurasia) edited by I.A. Nekrasov, Yakutsk, Inst. Mer-zlotovedeniia SO AN SSSR, 1981, p.84-95, In Rus-Refs. p.92-94.

Valleys, Permafrost distribution, Swamps, Alpine landscapes, Geological surveys, Geocryology, Cryo-genic structures, Peat, Ground ice, Permafrost hydrology, Taliks.

40-603

Temperature field of rocks in the upper Vilyuy River valley. [Temperaturnoe pole porod v doline verk-hnego techeniia r. Viliuia],

Beliakov, L.P., et al, Tematicheskie i regional'nye is-sledovaniia merzlykh tolshch Severnoï Evrazii (Thematic and regional investigations of permafrost in northern Eurasia) edited by I.A. Nekrasov, Yakutsk, Inst. Merzlotovedeniia SO AN SSSR, 1981, p.95-101 In Russian.

Moskvina, M.M.

Permafrost beneath rivers. Frozen rock temperature. Valleys, Swamps, Peat, Ice wedges, Frozen rock temperature, Slope orientation, Geomorphology.

Recent sedimentation rates in alassy lakes of Central Yakutia. (Soviemennye tempy sedimentatsii v alasnykh ozerakh Tsentral'noi IAkutii), Bosikov, N.P., Tematicheskie i regional'nye is

sledovaniia merzlykh tolshch Severnol Evrazii (Thematic and regional investigations of permafrost in northern Eurasia) edited by I.A. Nekrasov, Yakutsk, Inst. Merzlotovedeniia SO AN SSSR, 1981, p.101-In Russian. 5 refs.

Geological surveys, Alassy, Permafrost hydrology, Thermokarst lakes, Lacustrine deposits, Sedimentation, Permafrost beneath lakes, Loess, Ice veins, Shore erosion.

Lakes in the permafrost area of the Bestvakh Terrace of the Lena River and their interrelations with ground water. ¡Ozera kriolitozony Bestiakhskoi terrasy r. Leny i ikh vzaimosviaz' s podzemnymi vodamij, Shepelev, V.V., et al, Tematicheskie i regional'nye is-sledovanjia merzlykh tolshch Severnof Evrazii (Thematic and regional investigations of permafrost in northern Eurasia) edited by I.A. Nekrasov, Yakutsk, Inst. Merzlotovedeniia SO AN SSSR, 1981, p.106-115, In Russian. 5 refs. Lomovtseva, N.S.

Permafrost beneath rivers, Permafrost beneath lakes, Permafrost hydrology, Ground water, Migration.

40-606

Dynamics of seasonal thawing of ground in eastern Yakutia. [O dinamike sezonnogo protaivaniia grun-

tov v Vostochnol IAkutii, Vasil'ev, I.S., Tematicheskie i regional'nye vasiled, i.s., Tematicneskie i regional nye is-sledovania merzlykh tolshch Severnof Evrazii (The-matic and regional investigations of permafrost in northern Eurasia) edited by I.A. Nekrasov, Yakutsk, Inst. Merzlotovedenia SO AN SSSR, 1981, p.116-127, In Russian. 11 refs.

Active layer, Seasonal freeze thaw, Soil water migration, Permafrost depth, Frozen ground temperature.

Permafrost-landscape studies in the Selemdzha River Permurost-ianuscape studies in the Seremuna No.

basin. [Merzlotno-landshaftnye issledovaniia v bassefne r. Selemdzhij,

Pozdniakov, I.V., Tematicheskie i regional'nye is-

Pozdniakov, I.V., Tematicheskie i regional'nye is-sledovaniia merzlykh tolshch Severnot Evrazii (Thematic and regional investigations of permafrost in northern Eurasia) edited by I.A. Nekrasov, Yakutsk, Inst. Merzlotovedeniia SO AN SSSR, 1981, p.128-136, In Russian. 3 refs. River basins, Geological surveys, Geocryology, Forest

land, Taiga, Forest soils, Frost penetration, Seasonal freeze thaw, Active layer, Permafrost depth.

Peculiarities of permafrost transformation on the Turana Range during economic development of the HAM some (C)

Osvoenii zony BAMa v khr. Turana, Zabolotnik, S.I., et al, Tematicheskie i regional'uye issledovaniia merzlykh tolshch Severnot Evrazii (Thematic and regional investigations of permafrost in northern Eurasia) edited by I.A. Nekrasov, Yakutsk, Inst. Merzlotovedeniia SO AN SSSR, 1981, p 137-148, In Russian. 10 refs. Sorokina, Z.G.

Permafrost distribution. Human factors engineering. Environmental protection, Baykal Amur railroad, Swamps, Mountains,

Methods of measuring dielectric permeability of rocks. O metodike izmereniia dielektricheskoi pro-

nitsaemosti gornykh porod₁, Zhandalinov, V.M., Tematicheskie i regional'nye is-sledovaniia merzlykh tolshch Severnot Evrazii (Thematic and regional investigations of permafrost in northern Eurasia) edited by I.A. Nekrasov, Yakutsk, Inst. Merzlotovedeniia SO AN SSSR, 1981, p.148-153, In Russian. 10 refs. Frozen rocks, Dielectric properties, Thawing, Mea-

suring instruments.

40-610

Prost durability of clay bricks—evaluation criteria and quality control. National Research Council, Canada. Division of Building Research. Proceedings, Apr. 1984, No.8, Proceedings of the CBAC/DBR Manufacturers' Symposium, Mar. 7-8, 1984, 48p., 5

Bricks, Frost resistance, Freezing, Clays, Saturation, Standards, Strength, Relaxation (mechanics), Experimentation

40-611

Preezing and thawing of soil-water systems.

Anderson, D.M., ed, New York, American Society of Civil Engineers, 1985, 97p., Refs. passim. For individual papers see 40-612 through 40-621.

Williams, P.J., ed.

Permatrost thermal properties, Soil freezing, Ground thawing, Soil water migration, Unfrozen water content, Freeze thaw cycles, Settlement (structural), Frost heave, Ground ice.

40-612

Thawing of frozen clays.

Anderson, D.M., et al, MP 1923, Freezing and thawing of soil-water systems. Edited by D.M. Anderson and P.J. Williams, New York, NY, American Society of Civil Engineers, 1985, p.1-9, 11 refs Tice, A.R.

Ground thawing, Clays, Soil water migration, Ground ice. Ice nuclei, Porous materials. Latent heat, Unfrozen water content, Ice crystals, Temperature effects, Phase transformations.

40-613

Soil freezing and thawing: modelling and applications.

Blanchard, D., et al. Freezing and thawing of soil-water systems. Edited by D.M. Anderson and P.J. Williams, New York, NY, American Society of Civil Engineers, 1985, p.10-17, 5 refs.

Dupas, A., Fremond, M., Levy, M.
Soil freezing, Ground thawing, Soil water, Frost
heave, Bearing strength, Models, Freeze thaw cycles,
Liquefled gases, Temperature effects.

40-614

40-614
Partial verification of a thaw settlement model.
Guymon, G.L., et al, MP 1924, Freezing and thawing of soil-water systems. Edited by D.M. Anderson and P.J. Williams, New York, NY, American Society of Civil Engineers, 1985, p.18-25, 6 refs.
Berg, R.L., Ingersoil, J.
Ground thawing, Settlement (structural), Heat trans-

fer, Moisture transfer, Frost heave, Freeze thaw cy-cles, Models, Thaw weakening, Tests.

cles, Models, Thaw weakening, Tests.

Results from a one-dimensional model that estimates frost heave and thaw settlement are compared to laboratory soil column data. The model is based upon well known equations that describe heat and moisture flow in soils. Processes in freezing or thawing zones are approximated by a lumped isothermal heat budget approach as well as phenomenological equations that account for overburden effects and reduced fluid movement due to ice formation. Laboratory soil column data were obtained for one-dimensional freezing and then thawing of a silt soil. The model results accurately estimate temperature distributions and pore water pressures during thawing.

10.618

40.615

Hydraulic properties of selected soils.

Ingersoll, J., et al, MP 1925, Freezing and thawing of soil-water systems. Edited by D.M. Anderson and P.J. Williams, New York, NY, American Society of Civil Engineers, 1985, p.26-35, 4 refs.

Berg, R.L.
Soil water. Frost heave. Settlement (structural). Preeze thaw cycles, Pavements, Tensile properties, Soil structure, Grain size. Mathematical models.

The method and equipment used to coincidentially determine the hydraulic conductivity versus soil moisture tension and soil noise. Over 30 soils have been tested, including gravels, aands, silts and clays. Most of the work has been conducted at soil moisture tensions less than 100 kPa (1 bar), but a few moisture retention curves extend to about 12 bars of soil moisture suction. Results for one soil from each type are described. ture suction. Results for one soil from each type are described and discussed in detail. Grain size distributions and the two hydraulic relationships are shown for each of the four soils. An

equation suggested by Gardner is used to approximate both relationships. Coefficients for Gardner's equations for several different soils have been obtained and are tabulated

Continuum approach to modelling of frost heaving. Black, P.B., et al, Freezing and thawing of soil-water systems. Edited by D.M. Anderson and P.J. Wil-liams, New York, NY, American Society of Civil Engi-neers, 1985, p.36-45, 7 refs. Miller, R.D.

Frost heave, Ice lenses, Ice models, Soil freezing, Pressure, Latent heat, Mathematical models, Computer programs.

40-617

Model for dielectric constants of frozen soils.

Oliphant, J.L., MP 1926, Freezing and thawing of soil-water systems. Edited by D.M. Anderson and P.J. Williams, New York, NY, American Society of Civil Engineers, 1985, p.46-57, 17 refs.

Prozen ground physics, Soil composition, Ground thawing, Unfrozen water content, Dielectric properties, Temperature effects, Nuclear magnetic resonance.

The dielectric constant of frozen soils is made up of contributions from each phase mineral, i.e., air and liquid water in the soil. The apparent dielectric constants of three soils, a kaolinite, Morin clay and Palouse sili-loam, were measured under both thawed and frozen conditions at various temperatures and various water contents using time domain reflectometry (TDR) Nuclear magnetic resonance (NMR) was used to measure the unfrozen water contents of these soils at subfreezing temperatures. The NMR data were used to calculate the volume fractions of the ree and liquid water phases in the TDR experiments. It was found that a mixing model for the apparent dielectric constant of the soil samples assuming spherical air, ice and minderal inclusions in a water matrix was able to closely fit the TDR data. To obtain the best fit it was necessary to use an average dielectric constant for water somewhat less than that for bulk water. The mixing model can be used for the interpretation of TDR data obtained in the field. This allows The dielectric constant of frozen soils is made up of contribuerage diefectric constant for water somewhat less than that for bulk water. The mixing model can be used for the interpretation of TDR data obtained in the field. This allows for the measurement of unfrozen water contents using TDR at temperatures just below 0 C, where the liquid water phase makes up a significant portion of the TDR signal.

lumerical model of subsea permafrost.

Outcalt, S., Freezing and thawing of soil-water systems. Edited by D.M. Anderson and P.J. Williams, New York, NY, American Society of Civil Engineers 1985, p.58-65, 4 refs.

Subsea permafrost, Permafrost thermal properties, Temperature distribution, Heat flux, Mathematical models, Brines, Beaufort Sea.

Frost heave of full-depth asphalt concrete pavements.

Zomerman, I., et al., MP 1927, Freezing and thawing of soil-water systems Edited by D M. Anderson and P.J. Williams, New York, NY, American Society of Civil Engineers, 1985, p.66-76, 12 refs.

Berg, R.L.

st heave, Pavements, Bituminous concretes, Thaw weakening, Soil water, Soil structure, Frost penetra-tion, Grain size, Tests, Heat transfer, Moisture transfer. Frost resistance.

During 1984 and early 1985 frost penetration, frost heave and During 1984 and early 1985 frost penetration, frost heave and thaw weakening were monitored on two full-depth test sections at CRREL. The subgrade soil beneath one test section was a lean clay and the subgrade soil beneath the second test section was Hanover silt. Laboratory frost susceptibility tests were conducted for each soil, as were moisture retention curves and curves relating moisture content and unsaturated hydraulic conductivity. Results from the aboratory tests were used with FROSTIB, a coupled heat and mass flow computer model, to simulate performance of the field test sections. FROSTIB had never been applied to a cohesive soil similar to the lean clay. Results from model simulations on both soils agreed well, to within about 15% with field measurements of frost heave and frost penetration with time.

On the origin of accredational ice in permatrost Burn, C.R., et al, Freezing and thawing of soil-water systems. Edited by D.M. Anderson and P.J. Wil-

neers, 1985, p.77-84, 11 refs Smith, M.W.

Permafrost hydrology, Water balance, Ground ice, Soil water migration, Thermal regime, Neutron probes, Frost heave, Active layer, Unfrozen water content, Soil temperature.

40-621

Sandwich permeater.

Sandwich permeter.

Wood, J.A., et al, Freezing and thawing of soil-water systems. Edited by D.M. Anderson and P.J. Williams, New York, NY, American Society of Civil Engineers, 1985, p.85-94, 7 refs.

Williams, P.J.

Frozen ground physics, Regelation, Soil water migra-tion, Ground ice, Heat transfer, Mass transfer, Ice mechanics, Phase transformations, Water flow, Supercooling, Temperature effects, Pressure, Ex-perimentation.

40-622

Thermal design considerations in frozen ground engi-

neering. Krzewinski, T.G., ed, New York, American Society of Civil Engineers, 1985, 277p., Refs. passim. For individual papers see 40-623 through 40-631.

Tart, R.G., Jr., ed.

Prozen ground temperature, Engineering, Permafrost

thermal properties, Permafrost beneath structures, Excavation, Geothermy, Thermal conductivity, Ground thawing, Soil freezing, Artificial freezing, Unfrozen water content.

Ground temperatures in cold regions: Introduction. Morgenstern, N.R., Thermal design considerations in frozen ground engineering. Edited by T.G. Krzewinski and R.G. Tart, Jr., New York, NY, American So-

ciety of Civil Engineers, 1985, p.1-7, 10 refs. Frozen ground temperature, Heat transfer, Permafrost thermal properties, Engineering, Geothermy.

40-624

Ground temperatures.

Hammer, T.A., Thermal design considerations in frozen ground engineering. Edited by T.G. Krzewinski and R.G. Tart, Jr., New York, NY, American Society of Civil Engineers, 1985, p.8-52, 9 refs.

Frozen ground temperature, Permafrost thermal properties, Permatrost distribution, Snow cover effect, Soil erosion, Geothermy, Detection, Engineering, Design, Climatic factors, Topographic effects, Temperature distribution.

Soil thermometry.

Miller, D.L., Thermal design considerations in frozen ground engineering. Edited by T.G. Krzewinski and R.G. Tart, Jr., New York, NY, American Society of Civil Engineers, 1985, p.53-71, 6 refs.

Prozen ground temperature, Soil temperature, Moni-

tors, Frozen ground physics, Permafrost beneath structures, Temperature measurement, Accuracy.

Passive techniques for ground temperature control. Heuer, C.E., Thermal design considerations in frozen ground engineering. Edited by T.G. Krzewinski and R.G. Tart, Jr., New York, NY, American Society of Civil Engineers, 1985, p.72-154, Refs. p.135-148. Soil temperature, Temperature control, Foundations, Permafrost beneath structures, Thermal regime, Thermal insulation, Pile structures, Convection, Designation of the Structures, Convection, Designation of the Structures, Convection, Designation of the Structures of the Struc

sign, Heat balance, Stefan problem. 40-627

Active freezing techniques.

Nixon, J.F., Thermal design considerations in frozen ground engineering. Edited by T.G. Krzewinski and R.G. Tarl, Jr., New York, NY, American Society of Civil Engineers, 1985, p.155-171, 21 refs.

Permafrost beneath structures, Refrigeration, cial freezing, Ducts, Thermal insulation, Soil freezing, Temperature control, Temperature effects, Heat flux, Design, Ground thawing,

40-628

Thawing techniques for frozen ground.

Esch, D.C., Thermal design considerations in frozen ground engineering. Edited by T.G. Krzewinski and R.G. Tart, Jr., New York, NY, American Society of Civil Engineers, 1985, p. 172-185, 18 refs.

Ground thawing, Excavation, Artificial thawing, Heat flux, Tunneling (excavation).

40.620

Ground thermal properties.

Farouki, O.T., Thermal design considerations in frozand R.G. Tart, Jr., New York, NY, American Society of Civil Engineers, 1985, p.186-203, 29 refs.

Permafrost thermal properties, Thermal conductivi-

ty, Active layer, Ground thawing, Ground ice, Soil structure, Unfrozen water content, Latent heat, Frozen ground physics.

Review of analytical methods for ground thermal

regime calculations. Lunardini, V.J., MP 1922, Thermal design considerations in frozen ground engineering. Edited by T.G. Krzewinski and R.G. Tart. Jr., New York, NY, American Society of Civil Engineers, 1985, p.204-257, 33 refs.

Permafrost thermal properties, Frozen ground temperature, Thermal regime, Heat transfer, Structures, Heat balance, Phase transformations, Stefan problem, Analysis (mathematics).

40-631

Case histories of ground temperature effects.

Nixon, J.F., Thermal design considerations in frozen ground engineering. Edited by T.G. Krzewinski and R.G. Tart, Jr., New York, NY, American Society of Civil Engineers, 1985, p.258-274, 14 refs.

Permafrost beneath structures, Prozen ground temperature, Ground thawing, Refrigeration, Permafrost preservation, Pipelines, Thermal regime, Soil temperature, Geothermy, Climatic factors, Discontinuous permafrost, Ducts.

40-632

Studying space structure of soil cover in the Lake Baykal area from satellite photographs. Ilzuchenie prostranstvenno! struktury pochvennogo pokrova Pribaikal'ia s ispol'zovaniem aerokosmicheskikh snim-

Kuz'min, V.A., Issledovanie Zemli iz kosmosa, July-Aug. 1985, No.4, p.53-57, In Russian with Eng-

lish summary. 4 refs.
Soil surveys, Spaceborne photography, Landscape types, Mountains, Photointerpretation, Plains, Cryoenic soils, Thermal regime, Polygonal topography, Patterned ground.

40-633

Reliability of embankments of the BAM railroad line on sagging bases. Nadezhnost' nasypel na prosa-dochnykh osnovanijakh BAMa1.

Volodin, A.M., et al, Transportnoe stroitel'stvo, Sep. 1985, No.9, p.6-7, In Russian. Chernavskii, V.P.

Railroads, Embankments, Settlement (structural), Seasonal variations, Permafrost beneath structures, Soil stabilization, Earthfills.

40-634

Experimental construction of modular buildings. [Opytnoe stroitel'stvo zdanii iz ob "emnykh blokov], Merkul', I.E., et al, Transportnoe stroitel'stvo, Sep. 1985, No.9, p.25-26, In Russian. Kovaleva, A.I., IAkovlev, G.B., Mordukhovich, I.M.

Residential buildings, Lightweight concretes, Modular construction, Walls, Prefabrication, Thermal insulation. Concrete structures

40-635

Cements for surface lining with natural stones. Rastvory dlia krepleniia oblitsovki iz prirodnogo

kamnia₁, Levin, A.G., et al, *Transportnoe stroitel'stvo*, Sep. Levin, A.G., et al, Transportnoe stroitel 1985, No.9, p.27-28, In Russian. 3 refs. Krylov, V.V.

Grouting, Linings, Cements, Cement admixtures, Masonry, Frost resistance.

40-636

Fundamentals of protecting massive concrete from frost action. ¡K obosnovaniiu zashchity massivnogo betona ot moroznykh razrushenii,

Elizarov, E.N., et al, Energeticheskoe stroitel'stvo, Aug. 1985, No.8, p.28-31, In Russian. 3 refs. Korableva, L.A., Khokhlova, N.A., Kapustin, V.M. Concrete structures, Winter concreting, Concrete strength, Laboratory techniques, Frost action.

Nuclear-powered icebreaking cargo ships mark a new stage in the exploitation of the Northern Sea Route. [Ledokol'no-transportnye suda s atomnol energeticheskol ustanovkol-novyl etap v osvoenii Severnogo Morskogo putij,

Vinogradov, A.A., et al, Sudostroenie, Sep. 1985, No.9, p.5-6, In Russian. 3 refs.

Rodionov, N.N. Ice navigation, Nuclear power, Ice breaking, Ships, Northern Sea Route, Cargo.

40-638

Ship-handling harbor tug "Anton Mazin", [Portovyl buksir-kantovshchik "Anton Mazin"], Vasil'ev, E.S., et al, Sudostroenie, Sep. 1985, No.9,

p.8-12, In Russian.

Kirillov, E.A., Krapivin, K.K.

Ice navigation, Tugboats, Design.

40.630

Hull gear of a nuclear-powered Arctic barge-container-carrier. (Sudovye ustroistva atomnogo likhterovoza-konteinerovoza arkticheskogo plavanija). Lozgachev, B.N., Sudostroenie, Sep. 1985, No.9, p.21 24, In Russian.

Ice navigation, Ships, Nuclear power, Design, Arctic Ocean.

40-640

Proceedings.

Arctic Energy Technologies Workshop, Morgantown, WV, Nov. 14-15, 1984, U.S. Department of Energy, Morgantown Energy Technology Center, DOE/-METC-85/6014, Apr. 1985, 216p., DE85003360, Refs. passim. For individual papers see 40-641 through 40-655.

Offshore structures, Offshore drilling, Ice loads, Sea ice distribution, Ice physics, Meetings, Ice pressure, Remote sensing, Subsea permafrost, Ocean bottom, Pressure ridges.

40-641

Keynote address: current Arctic offshore technology. Croasdale, K.R., Arctic Energy Technologies Workshop, Morgantown, WV, Nov. 14-15, 1984. Proceedings, U.S. Department of Energy, Morgantown Energy Technology Center, DOE/METC-85/6014, Apr. Technology Center, DOE 1985, p.1-24. DE85003360.

Offshore structures, Offshore drilling, Ice conditions, Ice loads, Ice cover strength, Artificial islands, Caissons, Ice pressure, Sea ice, Platforms.

40-642

U.S. capability to support ocean engineering in the

Arctic.
Perkins, D.W., Arctic Energy Technologies Workshop, Morgantown, WV, Nov. 14-15, 1984. Proceedings, U.S. Department of Energy, Morgantown Energy Technology Center, DOE/METC-85/6014, Apr. 1985, p.25-32, DE85003360, 5 reis.

Offshore structures. Ice mechanics, Ice conditions.

Offshore structures, Ice mechanics, Ice conditions, Sea ice, Oil spills, Engineering.

40-643

40-643

Ice island generation and trajectories.

Sackinger, W.M., et al, Arctic Energy Technologies
Workshop, Morgantown, WV, Nov. 14-15, 1984.

Proceedings, U.S. Department of Energy, Morgantown Energy Technology Center, DOE/METC-85/6014, Apr. 1985, p.33-45, DE85003360, 23 refs.

Serson, H.V., Yan, M.-H.

Ice islands, Offshore structures, Offshore drilling, Ice loads. Stressess Lee conditions.

loads, Stresses, Ice conditions.

40-644

Sheet ice forces on a conical structure: an experimen-

Sales Technology

Sodhi, D.S., et al, MP 1915, Arctic Energy Technologies Workshop, Morgantown, WV, Nov. 14-15, 1984.

Proceedings, U.S. Department of Energy, Morgan-Technology Center, DOE/METC-Technology town Energy Technology Center, DOE/METC. 85/6014, Apr. 1985, p.46-54, DE85003360, 11 refs. Morris, C.E., Cox, G.F.N.

Ice pressure, Offshore structures, Ice loads, Flexural strength, Ice cover thickness, Ice friction, Ice sheets, Surface properties, Ice mechanics, Velocity.

Surface properties, Ice mechanics, Velocity.

Small-scale experiments were performed to determine sheet ice forces on a conical structure. The experiments were conducted with a 45 deg, upward-breaking conical structure which had diameters of 1.5 m at the waterline and 0.33 m at the top. The surface of the structure was initially smooth, later it was roughened to investigate the effect of surface friction on the ice load. The thickness and the flexural strength of ice sheets were varied, and the tests were conducted at three fixed velocities. The measured ice forces agree well with the forces predicted by plastic limit analysis. There is no effect of velocity on the ice forces for tests conducted for a low coefficient of friction (0.1), whereas some velocity effect on the horizontal ice forces. whereas some velocity effect on the horizontal ice forces is found for tests conducted with the rough surface having a coefficient of friction equal to 0.5. The horizontal ice forces are higher at lower velocities. The size of the broken ice pieces, determined from a power spectrum aralysis of the horizontal ice force records, was found to be about . --third of the charac-

40-645

Measuring multi-year sea ice thickness using impulse reder.

Kovacs, A., et al, MP 1916, Arctic Energy Technologies Workshop, Morgantown, WV, Nov. 14-15, 1984. Proceedings, U.S. Department of Energy, Morgantown Energy Technology Center, DOE/METC-85/6014, Apr. 1985, p.55-67, DE85003360. 6 refs. Morey, R.M.

Ice cover thickness, Remote sensing, Ice bottom surface, Ice structure, Radar echoes, Sea ice, Ice detection, Brines, Ice electrical properties.

Sounding of multi-year sea ice, using impulse radar operating in the 80- to 500-MHz frequency band, revealed that the bottom of this ice could not always be detected. It was found that the bottom of the ice could not be detected where the ice structure

had a high brine content. Because of brine's high conductivity, brine volume dominates the loss mechanism in first-year sea ice, and the same was found true for multi-year sea ice. Preliminary findings also indicate that a representative value for the apparent bulk dielectric constant of multi-year sea ice is 3.5. This represents an effective EM wavelet velocity of 0.16 n/ns, which may be used to estimate multi-year sea ice thickness in cases where the ice bottom is detected in ice profile data

40-646

Detailed morphology of the seafloor at the inner edge

Detailed morphology of the seatloor at the inner edge of the Stamukhi Zone, Beaufort Sea, Alaska.

Barnes, P.W., et al, Arctic Energy Technologies Workshop, Morgantown, WV, Nov. 14-15, 1984. Proceedings, U.S. Department of Energy, Morgantown Energy Technology Center, DOE/METC-85/6014, Apr. 1985, p.68-78, DE85003360, 13 refs.

Grounded ice, Pressure ridges, Ice mechanics, Ocean bottom, Geomorphology, Bottom topography, Ma-rine geology, Ice erosion, Ice scoring, Beaufort Sea.

Processes and mechanisms responsible for the repetitive occurrence of the pack ice boundary shear zone. Shapiro, L., et al, Arctic Energy Technologies Workshop, Morgantown, WV, Nov. 14-15, 1984. Proceedings, U.S. Department of Energy, Morgantown Energy Technology Center, DOE/METC-85/6014, Apr. Technology Center, DOE/METC-1985, p.79-90, DE85003360, 18 refs. Barnes, P.W., Reimnitz, E.

Pressure ridges, Ice physics, Boundary layer, Remote sensing, Fast ice, Pack ice, Ocean bottom, Shear properties, Sea ice.

Symmertime sea ice intrusions in the Chukchi Sea. Symmertime sea ice intrusions in the Causach Stringer, W.J., et al, Arctic Energy Technologies Workshop, Morgantown, WV, Nov. 14-15, 1984. Proceedings, U.S. Department of Energy, Morgantown Energy Technology Center, DOE/METCtown Energy Technology Center, DOE/METC-85/6014, Apr. 1985, p.91-101, DE85003360, 7 refs. Groves, J.E.

Sea ice distribution, Remote sensing, Ice conditions, Ice edge, Computer applications, Seasonal variations, Statistical analysis, Chukchi Sea.

40-649

Corrosion protection of Arctic offshore structures. Corrosion protection of Arctic offshore structures. Sackinger, W.M., et al, Arctic Energy Technologies Workshop, Morgantown, WV, Nov. 14-15, 1984. Proceedings, U.S. Department of Energy, Morgantown Energy Technology Center, DOE/METC-85/6014, Apr. 1985, p.102-116, DE85003360, 20 refs. Rogers, D.C., Feyk, C., Theuveny, B. Offshore structures, Corrosion, Steel structures, Electric equipment, Ice solid interface, See water, Connecte structures. Ice electrical properties. Coun-

Concrete structures, Ice electrical properties, Countermeasures, Electrical resistivity, Scanning electron microscopy.

40-650

Determining the maximum ice keel depth in the Arc-

Determining the maximum ice keel depth in the Arctic Ocean.

Reimnitz, E., et al, Arctic Energy Technologies Workshop, Morgantown, WV, Nov. 14-15, 1984. Proceedings, U.S. Department of Energy, Morgantown Energy Technology Center, DOE/METC-85/6014, Apr. 1985, p.117-125, DE85003360, 14 refs.

Barnes, P.W.

Ice scoring, Icebergs, Ice bottom surface, Offshore structures, Impact strength, Ice loads, Bottom topography, Age determination, Bottom sediment, Ocean bottom. Beaufort Sea.

40-651

Preliminary simulation study of sea ice induced

gouges in the sea floor.
Weeks, W.F., et al, MP 1917, Arctic Energy Technolo-Weeks, W.F., et al, MP 1917, Arctic Energy Technologies Workshop, Morgantown, WV, Nov. 14-15, 1984. Proceedings, U.S. Department of Energy, Morgantown Energy Technology Center, DOE/METC-85/6014, Apr. 1985, p. 126-135, DE85003360, 16 refs. Tucker, W.B., Niedoroda, A.W. Ice scoring, Sediment transport, Ocean bottom, Bottom topography, Grain size, Bottom sediment, Beauters

A simulation model for sea ice-induced gouges on the shelf of the Beaufort Sea is developed by assuming that the annual oc-currence of new gouges is given by a Poisson distribution, the locations of the gouges are random, and the distribution of gouge depths is specified by an exponential distribution. Once googe depuns is spectrized by an exponential distribution. Once a googe is formed it is subject to infilling by transport of sediment into the region and by local movement of sediment along the sea flour. These processes are modeled by assuming a sediment input based on stratigraphic considerations and by calculating bed-load transport using methods from sediment transport theory. It is found that it overants are different. port theory. It is fround that if currents are sufficient to transport sediment, rapid infilling of gouges occurs. In that these threshold currents are small for typical grain sizes on the Beaufort Shelf, this suggests that the gouging record commonly represents only a few tens of years.

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40-652

Mapping resistive seabed features using DC methods. Sellmann, P.V., et al, MP 1918, Arctic Energy Technologies Workshop, Morgantown, WV, Nov. 14-15, 1984. Proceedings, U.S. Department of Energy, Morgantown Energy Technology Center, DOE/-METC-85/6014, Apr. 1985, p.136-147, DE85003360, 6 refs.

Delaney, A.J., Arcone, S.A.
Subsea permafrost, Ocean bottom, Bottom sediment,

Soll strength, Electric equipment, Mapping, Models. Geophysical field observations of apparent resistivity using Wenner and dipole-dipole electrode arrays were made at several New England coastal sites. The objective was to assess the performance of these systems in detecting resistive seabed features as an indication of their potential for subsea permafrost mapping. Two sites on the Maine coast were used for observations on bedrock below a thin layer of sediments. A seaborne survey was then conducted in New Haven Harbor, Connecticut, at a site where the depth to bedrock below the seabed had been mapped by seismic methods and drilling several years earlier (U.S. Army Corps of Engineers 1981). The data gathered helped to define the range of apparent resistivity values expected in areas of subsea permafrost, the effect of water depth on the quality of a survey, and the vertical and lateral resolution capabilities of the arrays used. Good qualitative agreement between rock depth and resistivity was observed, even with rock depths up to 50 m below the seabed. Data were also collected in areas where a sismic methods had been unable to extract subbottom information due to the gas content of local organic Soil strength, Electric equipment, Mapping, Models.

subbottom information due to the gas content of local organic

40-653
Well logging in permafrost.
Petersen, J.K., et al, Arctic Energy Technologies
Workshop, Morgantown, WV, Nov. 14-15, 1984.
Proceedings, U.S. Department of Energy, Morgantown Energy Technology Center, DOE/METC-85/6014, Apr. 1985, p.148-162, DE85003360, 21 refs.
Kawasaki, K., Osterkamp, T.E., Scott, J.H.
Well logging, Permafrost physics, Boreholes, Drilling, Ground ice, Gamma irradiation, Tests, United States—Alaska.

States-Alaska.

Strength and consolidation properties of stiff Beau-

Strength and consolidation properties of stiff Beaufort Sea sediment.

Lee, H.J., et al, Arctic Energy Technologies Workshop, Morgantown, WV, Nov. 14-15, 1984. Proceedings, U.S. Department of Energy, Morgantown Energy Technology Center, DOE/METC-85/6014, Apr. 1985, p.163-172, DE85003360, 10 refs.

Winters, W.J.

Ocean bottom, Soil compaction, Soil strength, Freeze thaw cycles, Subsea permafrost, Bearing strength, Bottom sediment, Shear strength, Water content, Sea level, Marine geology, Beaufort Sea.

40-655

Seafloor seismic measurements in the southern Ber-

Ing.
Hickerson, J.P., Arctic Energy Technologies Workshop, Morgantown, WV, Nov. 14-15, 1984. Proceedings, U.S. Department of Energy, Morgantown Energy Technology Center, DOE/METC-85/6014, Apr. 1985, p.173-180, DE85003360, 9 refs.

Ocean bottom, Seismic surveys, Earthquakes, Offshope defiling Better sediment. Tectonics Berling

shore drilling, Botto: sediment, Tectonics, Bering

40-656

40-656
Proceedings, Vol.2. Ground freezing.
International Symposium on Ground Freezing, 4th, Sapporo, Japan, Aug. 5-7, 1985, [Rotterdam, A.A. Balkema, 1985], 355p., Refs. passim. For individual papers see 40-657 through 40-714. For Vol.1 see 40-196 through 40-244.
Kinoshita, S., ed, Fukuda, M., ed.

Frozen ground physics, Frozen ground strength, Engineering, Freeze thaw cycles, Meetings, Rheology, Frozen ground mechanics, Soil freezing, Artificial freezing.

40-657

Reseased balance becomes

Experimental measurements and a numerical method for ice sublimation.

for ice sublimation.

Aguirre-Puente, J., et al, International Symposium on Ground Freezing, 4th, Sapporo, Japan, Aug. 5-7, 1985.

Proceedings, Vol.2, (Rotterdam, A.A. Balkema, 1985), p.1-7, 13 refs.

Sakly, M., Goodrich, L.E., Lambrinos, G.

Ice sublimation, Porous materials, Freeze drying,
Mathematical models, Engineering, Tomospecture of

Mathematical models, Engineering, Temperature ef-

40-658

Attempt to formulate the problem of frost heaving in

pround beneath roads analytically.
Pietrzyk, K., International Symposium on Ground Freezing, 4th, Sapporo, Japan, Aug. 5-7, 1985. Proceedings, Vol.2, Rotterdam, A.A. Balkema, 1985,

p.9-15, 13 refs.
Frost heave, Subgrade soils, Loads (forces), Frost penetration, Roads, Porosity, Grain size.

Frost susceptibility of a granular road base with high fines content.
Gaskin, P.N., et al, International Symposium

Ground Freezing, 4th, Sapporo, Japan, Aug. 5-7, 1985. Proceedings, Vol.2, [Rotterdam, A.A. Balkema, 1985], p. 17-21, 3 refs.
Tester, R.E.

Frost resistance, Roadbeds, Frost heave, Thaw weakening, Fines, Soil freezing, Seasonal freeze thaw, Design, Engineering.

Finite element models for structural creep problems

in frozen ground. Soo, S., et al, International Symposium on Ground Freezing, 4th, Sapporo, Japan, Aug. 5-7, 1985. Proceedings, Vol.2, [Rotterdam, A.A. Balkema, 1985], p.23-28, 7 refs.
Wen, R.K., Andersland, O.B.

Frozen ground mechanics, Soil creep, Viscous flow, Tunnels, Soil structure, Plastic flow, Stresses, Strains, Mathematical models.

Creep strength, strain rate, temperature and unfrozen water relationship in frozen soil. Fish, A.M., MP 1928, International Symposium on

Ground Freezing, 4th, Sapporo, Japan, Aug. 5-7, 1985. Proceedings, Vol.2, (Rotterdam, A.A. Balkema, 1985), p.29-36, 32 refs.

1983], p. 29-36, 32 rets. Frozen ground strength, Soil creep, Strains, Frozen ground temperature, Unfrozen water content, Frozen ground physics, Compressive properties, Tempera-ture effects, Analysis (mathematics).

ture effects, Analysis (mathematics).

A relationship was developed between maximum (peak) strength, strain rate, strain, and temperature using data on uniaxial compression of remolded frozen Fairbaiks silt obtained in the temperature range from -0.5 to -10 C at constant strain rates (CSR) that varied between 1/100 and 1/1,000,000/s. It is shown that three principal parameters of forcen soil define the magnitude of strength at a given strain rate: the instantaneous strength, the activation energy, and the strain hardening parameter all relate to each other. Their absolute values depend upon temperature and are linked with the simplest physicial characteristics of soil and especially the ice and unfrozen water contents. The activation energy of frozen soil is presented as a sum of two components activation energy of the soil skeleton and activation energy of the soil skeleton and activation energy of the ton unfrozen water. The activation energy of frozen soil varied due to the changes of unfrozen water content between 16.6 and 13.2 kcal/mole.

Bearing behaviour of frost shells in the construction

of tunnels.

Meissner, H., International Symposium on Ground Freezing, 4th, Sapporo, Japan, Aug. 5-7, 1985. Proceedings, Vol.2, (Rotterdam, A.A. Balkema, 1985), p.37-45, 15 refs.

Frozen ground strength, Tunneling (excavation), Bearing strength, Artificial freezing, Walls, Water

pressure, Settlement (structural), Strains, Analysis (mathematics).

Water content, electrical conductivity and temperature profiles in a partially frozen unsaturated soil. Mizoguchi, M., et al, International Symposium on Ground Freezing, 4th, Sapporo, Japan, Aug. 5-7, 1985. Proceedings, Vol.2, Rotterdam, A.A. Balkema, Proceedings, Vol.2, 1985₁, p.47-52, 7 refs.

Nakano, M. Frozen ground physics, Electrical resistivity, Unfrozen water content, Temperature distribution, Soil water, Saturation.

Laboratory studies on thermal conductivity of clay, silt and sand in frozen and unfrozen states.

Sawada, S., et al, International Symposium on Ground Freezing, 4th, Sapporo, Japan, Aug. 5-7, 1985. Proceedings, Vol.2, [Rotterdam, A.A. Balkema, 1985], p.53-58, 8 refs.

Ohno, T.

Frozen ground physics, Thermal conductivity, Soil water, Temperature effects, Density (mass/volume), Saturation, Heat capacity.

40-665

Research for frost heave behavior of planosol.

Jian, G., International Symposium on Ground Freezing, 4th, Sapporo, Japan, Aug. 5-7, 1985. Proceedings, Vol.2, (Rotterdam, A.A. Balkema, 1985), p.59-62, 4 refs.

Frost heave, Soil structure, Frozen ground physics, Permeability, Saturation, Cohesion.

40-666

Some characters of clay column during freezing.

Chen, X., et al, International Symposium on Ground Freezing, 4th, Sapporo, Japan, Aug. 5-7, 1985. Prop.63-67, 5 refs.
Wang, Y.
Soil freezing, Clay soils, Unfrozen water content,
Prost heave, Prost penetration, Preezing points.

Measurements of pressures developed in freezing

water after the breakdown of supercooling. Horiuchi, Y., et al, International Symposium on Ground Freezing, 4th, Sapporo, Japan, Aug. 5-7, 1985. Proceedings, Vol.2, [Rotterdam, A.A. Balkema, 1985], p.69-75, 7 refs.

Maeno, N.

Freezing, Water pressure, Supercooling, Ice deforma-tion, Compressive properties, Time factor.

40-668

Seasonal ground freezing in agricultural land and root

breakage of alfalfa.
Tsuchiya, F., et al, International Symposium on oround Freezing, 4th, Sapporo, Japan, Aug. 5-7, 1985.

Proceedings, Vol.2, (Rotterdam, A.A. Balkema, 1985), p.77-81, 6 refs.

Maruyama, J., Komatsu, T.

Soli freezing, Seasonal freeze thaw, Frost penetration, Roots, Agriculture, Snow accumulation.

Prediction of unfrozen water contents in frozen soils by a two-point or one-point method.

Xu, X., et al, MP 1929, International Symposium on

by a two-point or one-point method.

Xu, X., et al, MP 1929, International Symposium on Ground Freezing, 4th, Sapporo, Japan, Aug. 5-7, 1985.

Proceedings, Vol.2, [Rotterdam, A.A. Balkema, 1985], p.83-87, 5 refs.

Oliphant, J.L., Tice, A.R.

Frozen ground, Unfrozen water content, Density (mass/volume), Temperature effects.

The unfrozen water content in frozen soils, with different initial water content, dry density and molality, was determined by the nuclear magnetic resonance technique. Results show that the unfrozen water content in frozen morin clay changes with the initial water content and the dry density only within a range of three percent of the dry soil weight, and increases with the increase in the molality linearly because of the linear freezing point depression. The curves of the unfrozen water content vater content and rotate a little bit counterclockwise with the increase in the dry density. On the basis of the data mentioned above, a two-point method by the measurements of two freezing points at two different initial water contents, and a one-point method by the measurements of two freezing points at two different initial water contents, and a one-point method by the measurements of two freezing points at two different initial water contents, and a one-point method by the measurement of the unfrozen water content at -1 C if the initial water content and its freezing point are given, is presented. Errors of predicting the unfrozen water content are 1-3% on the average for the two-point method and 1% or so for the one-point method. for the one-point method.

40-670

Thermal condition for ice lens formation in soil freez-

Takeda, K., et al, International Symposium on Ground Freezing, 4th, Sapporo, Japan, Aug. 5-7, 1985. Proceedings, Vol.2, [Rotterdam, A.A. Balkema, 1985], p.89-94, 6 refs.
Nakazawa, J., Kinoshita, S.

Ice lenses, Soil freezing, Frost heave, Heat flux, Frost resistance. Ice formation.

Thermal calculations for ground freezing with LN2. Thermal calculations for ground freezing with LN2. Jessberger, H.L., et al, International Symposium on Ground Freezing, 4th, Sapporo, Japan, Aug. 5-7, 1985. Proceedings, Vol.2, [Rotterdam, A.A. Balkema, 1985], p.95-101, 5 refs. Bässler, K.H., Jordan, P. Soll freezing, Tunneling (excavation), Heat capacity, Artificial freezing, Thermal conductivity, Pipes (tubes), Unfrozen water content.

40-672

Estimating method in freezing index.

Kubo, H., et al, International Symposium on Ground Freezing, 4th, Sapporo, Japan, Aug. 5-7, 1985. Proceedings, Vol.2, [Rotterdam, A.A. Balkema, 1985], p.103-108, 4 refs.

Kumagai, S., Ueda, M.

Freezing indexes, Frost heave, Frost penetration, Frost protection, Countermeasures.

Thermal neutron radiography for studying mass transfer in partially frozen soil.

Clark, A., et al, International Symposium on Ground Freezing, 4th, Sapporo, Japan, Aug. 5-7, 1985. Pro-ceedings, Vol.2, [Rotterdam, A.A. Balkema, 1985], p.109-114, 11 refs. Kettle, R.

Prozen ground physics, Mass transfer, Soil water migration, Ice lenses, Ice mechanics, Radiometry, Neutron irradiation, Phase transformations.

Mathematical model of ground movement due to that action in unsaturated soils.

Corapcioglu, M.Y., et al, International Symposium on Ground Freezing, 4th, Sapporo, Japan, Aug. 5-7, 1985. Proceedings, Vol.2, (Rotterdam, A.A Balkema, 1985), p.115-119, 6 refs.

Ground thawing, Soil mechanics, Thaw consolidation, Mathematical models, Saturation, Porous materials, Stresses, Strains.

40-675

Double layer progressive model and calculation of

rormal heaving force on base plate.
Yu, B., et al, International Symposium on Ground Freezing, 4th, Sapporo, Japan, Aug. 5-7, 1985. Proceedings, Vol.2, (Rotterdam, A.A. Balkema, 1985), p.121-124, 2 refs

Ou. X. Frost heave, Pressure, Frozen ground mechanics, Frozen ground physics, Foundations, Seasonal freeze thaw, Plates, Loads (forces).

40-676

Frost jacking forces on H and pipe piles embedded in Fairbanks silt.

Johnson, J.B., et al, MP 1930, International Symposium on Ground Freezing, 4th, Sapporo, Japan, Aug. 5-7, 1985. Proceedings, Vol.2, [Rotterdam, A.A. Balkema, 1985], p.125-133, 5 refs.

Frost heave, Pile extraction, Pipeline supports, Shear stress, Permafrost distribution, Foundations, Temperature effects. Frozen ground mechanics, Frost penetration, Countermeasures.

penetration, Countermeasures.

The magnitude and variation of forces and shear stresses, caused by soil frost heaving, for a pipe pile and an H pile were determined as a function of depth along the upper 3 m of the piles for two coinsecutive winters. The maximum frost heaving forces on the H pile during each winter were 943 kN and 899 kN. The maximum frost heaving force on the pipe pile was 703 kN. Maximum local shear stresses for the H pile were 1 MPa and 903 kPa for the two winters. The maximum local shear stresses for the pipe pile was 896 kPa. Maximum average shear stresses over the two winters were 324 kPa and 427 kPa for the H pile and 324 kPa for the pipe pile. Maximum heaving forces and shear stresses occurred during periods of maximum cold and soil surface heave magnitude. These were not related to the depth of frost for most of the winter since the soil was frozen completely to the permafrost table.

40-677

Field prediction of the uplift force to conduits due to frost heaving.

Fukuda, M., et al, International Symposium on Ground Freezing, 4th, Sapporo, Japan, Aug. 5-7, 1985. Proceedings, Vol.2, (Rotterdam, A.A. Balkema, 1985), p.135-139, 4 refs. Kinoshita, S.

Prost heave, Underground pipelines, Pressure, Loads (forces), Frost penetration, Temperature variations, Tests.

40-678

Apparatus for determination of frost susceptibility of soils.

Stenberg, L., International Symposium on Ground Freezing, 4th, Sapporo, Japan, Aug. 5-7, 1985. Precedings, Vol.2, Rotterdam, A.A. Balkema, 1985₁, p 141-145, 2 refs.

Frost resistance, Roads, Frost heave, Pressure, Loads (forces), Frost forecasting, Measuring instruments, Freeze thaw cycles, Tests, Frost penetration, Heat transfer.

40-679

Experimental study on the relationship between frost heave and water content of the frozen soil.

Zhu, Q., et al, International Symposium on Ground Freezing, 4th, Sapporo, Japan, Aug. 5-7, 1985. Precedings, Vol.2, ¡Rotterdam, A.A. Balkema, 1985], p.147-151, 4 refs. Wu, F.

Frost heave, Water content, Frozen ground mechanics, Soil water, Measuring instruments, Experimenta-

Frost heave behavior of cohesive soil due to loading. (ie, Y., et al, International Symposium on Ground Freezing, 4th, Sapporo, Japan, Aug. 5-7, 1985. Proceedings, Vol.2, (Rotterdam, A.A. Balkema, 1985), p.153-156, 4 refs.

Wang, J.

Frost heave, Loads (forces), Soil compaction, Seasonal freeze thaw. Cohesion. Tests.

40.681

Pield frost heaving test on diluvial clayey soil. Goto, S, et al, International Symposium on Ground Freezing, 4th, Sapporo, Japan, Aug. 5-7, 1985 Proceedings, Vol.2, (Rotterdam, A.A. Balkema, 1985), p.157-162.

anaka, M.

Prost heave, Clay soils, Soil freezing, Prost penetration, Frozen ground mechanics, Soil water migration, Frost resistance, Tests.

40-682

Prost heaving of volcanic ash soils.

Soma, K., et al, International Symposium on Ground Freezing, 4th, Sapporo, Japan, Aug. 5-7, 1985. Pro-ceedings, Vol.2, [Rotterdam, A.A. Balkema, 1985], p.163-166, 4 refs. Maeda, T.

Frost heave, Volcanic ash, Soil water, Water content, Soil freezing, Density (mass/volume), Frozen ground physics, Water retention.

40.683

Prost heave behavior of cohesive soils under three kinds of consolidated state.

Xu, S., International Symposium on Ground Freezing, 4th, Sapporo, Japan, Aug. 5-7, 1985. Proceedings, Vol.2, Rotterdam, A.A. Balkema, 1985, p.167-169, 2 refs.

Frost heave, Soil compaction, Pressure, Stresses, Soil freezing, Seasonal freeze thaw, Cohesion, Tests.

Effect of sample preparation on the strength of artificially frozen sand.

cially frozen sand.

Baker, T.H.W., et al, International Symposium on Ground Freezing, 4th, Sapporo, Japan, Aug. 5-7, 1985. Proceedings, Vol.2, (Rotterdam, A.A. Balkema, 1985], p.171-176, 9 refs.

Konrad, J.M.

Frozen ground strength, Sands, Soil structure, Frozen ground mechanics, Soil water, Artificial freezing, Density (mass/volume), Deformation, Loads (forces), Water content, Stresses.

40-685

Stress-strain characteristics of an artificially frozen sand in uniaxially compressive tests. Kuribayashi, E., et al, International Symposium on

Ground Freezing, 4th, Sapporo, Japan, Aug. 5-7, 1985. Proceedings, Vol. 2, (Rotterdam, A.A. Balkema, 1980), p. 177-182, 4 refs. Kawamura, M., Yui, Y. Frozen ground strength, Sands, Stress strain dis-

grams, Soil freezing, Artificial freezing, Compressive properties, Tests, Temperature effects, Saturation.

Unified laboratory methods for determining strength and deformability properties of frozen soils.

Vialov, S.S., et al, International Symposium on Ground Freezing, 4th, Sapporo, Japan, Aug. 5-7, 1985. Proceedings, Vol 2, (Rotterdam, A.A. Balkeina, 1985), p.183-187

Gorodetskii, S.E., Maksimiak, R.V., Sadovskii, A.V. Frozen ground strength, Frozen ground mechanics, Ground thawing, Artificial freezing, Deformation, Engineering, Tests, Compressive properties.

40-687

Shear strength anisotropy in frozen saline and freshwater soils

Chamberlain, E.J., MP 1931, International Symposium on Ground Freezing, 4th, Sapporo, Japan, Aug. 5-7, 1985. Proceedings, Vol 2, [Rotterdam, A.A. Balkema, 1985], p.189-194, 2 refs.

Frozen ground strength, Shear strength, Anisotropy, Salinity, Clay soils, Sands, Tests.

The shear strength anisotropy of frozen freshwater and seawater clay and sand soils was investigated using the direct shear technique. Samples were sheared at angles of 0, 30, 60 and 90 degrees between the shear and freezing planes. Because of variations in sample density, there was considerable scatter in the data. This scatter and the relationship of the maximum sheri strength to the angle between the shear and freezing planes were accounted for by conducting multiple linear regression analysis on empirical equations relating the test variables to the shear strength.

40-688

Determination of rheological parameters of flozen soils by laboratory tests.

Gonze, P., et al, International Symposium on Ground Gonze, P., et al. International Symposium on Ground Freezing, 4th, Sapporo, Japan, Aug. 5-7, 1985. Pro-ceedings, Vol.2, [Rotterdam, A.A. Balkema, 1985], p.195-200, 9 refs. Lousberg, E., Thimus, J.F. Frozen ground mechanics, Rheology, Soil creep, Soil

water, Stresses, Temperature effects, Tests, Computer programs, Compressive properties.

Cyclic creep of frozen soils.

Paramesweran, V.R., International Symposium on Ground Freezing, 4th, Sapporo, Japan, Aug. 5-7, 1985 Proceedings, Vol.2, Rotterdam, A.A. Balkema, 1985, p.201-206, 9 refs.

Frozen ground mechanics, Soil creep, Sands, Clays, Rheology, Stresses, Loads (forces), Unfrozen water content, Strains, Deformation, Tests.

40-690

Results of triaxial compression tests and triaxial

creep tests on an artificially frozen stiff clay.
Ouvry, J.F., International Symposium on Growed Freezing, 4th, Sapporo, Japan, Aug. 5-7, 1985. Proceedings, Vol.2, Rotterdam, A.A. Balkema, 1985₁, p.207-212, 7 refs.

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Frozen ground mechanics, Soil creep, Clays, Temperature effects, Unfrozen water content, Artificial freezing, Compressive properties, Rheology, Defor-mation, Stress strain diagrams.

40-691

Formation of soil structure under repeated freezingthawing conditions.

thawing conditions.

Skarzyńska, K.M., International Symposium on Ground Freezing, 4th, Sapporo, Japan, Aug. 5-7, 1985.

Proceedings, Vol.2, Rotterdam, A.A. Balkema, 1985, p.213-218, 7 refs.

Freeze thaw cycles, Soil structure, Soil water, Scanning electron microscopy, Cryogenic textures, Temperature effects, Ice lenses, Tests. Effects of the freeze-thaw process on soil structure. Ragasawa, T., et al, International Symposium on Ground Freezing, 4th, Sapporo, Japan, Aug. 5-7, 1985 Proceedings, Vol.2, (Rotterdam, A.A. Balkema, 1985), p. 219-224, 11 refs. Umeda, Y.

Soil structure, Freeze thaw cycles, Soil freezing, Ground thawing, Soll water, Frozen ground mechanics, Ground ice, Water retention, Phase transformations, Deformation, Porosity.

Thermal-physical characteristics of frozen, thawing and unfrozen grounds.

Gur'ianov, I.E., International Symposium on Ground Freezing, 4th, Sapporo, Japan, Aug. 5-7, 1985. Proceedings, Vol. 2, rRotterdam, A.A. Balkema, 1985, p.225-230, 9 refs.

Prozen ground physics, Freeze thaw cycles, Ground thawing, Soil physics, Heat capacity, Soil water, Thermal conductivity, Perosity, Plastic properties, Unfrozen water content, Phase transformations.

Influence of specimen end conditions and slenderness Ebel, W., International Symposium on Ground Freezing, 4th, Sapporo, Japan, Aug. 5-7, 1985. Proceedings, Vol.2, [Rotterdam, A.A. Balkema, 1985], p.231-236, 7 refs.

Frozen ground mechanics, Compressive properties, Sampling, Stress strain diagrams, Surface properties,

Mechanical behaviour of a frozen clay down to cryogenic temperatures.

genic temperatures.

Bourbonnais, J., et al, International Symposium on Ground Freezing, 4th, Sapporo, Japan, Aug. 5-7, 1985.

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Frozen ground mechanics, Clays, Low temperature tests, Cryogenic soils, Microstructure, Artificial freezing, Frozen ground strength, Strains, Temperature effects.

Report on the Committee of Mechanical Properties of Frozen Soils in the Japanese Society of Soil Me-

chanics and Foundation Engineering.
Kinoshita, S., et al, International Symposium on Ground Freezing, 4th, Sapporo, Japan, Aug. 5-7, 1985.
Proceedings, Vol.2, [Rotterdam, A.A. Balkema, Proceedings, Vol 1985₁, p.245-246.

Rvokai, K.

Frozen ground mechanics, Construction materials, Soil freezing, Artificial freezing, Organizations, Tests, Compressive properties.

40-697

40-697
Development of a new triaxial cell with self-cooling system (TCwSCS) for testing ice and frozen soils. Youssef, H., International Symposium on Ground Freezing, 4th, Sapporo, Japan, Aug. 5-7, 1985. Proceedings, Vol.2, [Rotterdam, A.A. Balkema, 1985], p.247-252, 17 refs.

Prozen ground mechanics, Frozen ground physics, Ice Procent Managurian instruments. Deformation Tests.

physics, Measuring instruments, Deformation, Tests, Computer programs.

Application of freezing method to construction of tun-

mel through weathered granite ground.

Murayama, S., et al, International Symposium on Ground Freezing, 4th, Sapporo, Japan, Aug. 5-7, 1985.

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Momitani, S., Matsumoto, Y.
Soll freezing, Tunneling (excavation), Rock excavation, Roads, Artificial freezing, Settlement (structural). Countermeasures. Forecasting.

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Experimental and numerical investigations for frozen tunnel shells.

Orth, W., et al, International Symposium on Ground Freezing, 4th, Sapporo, Japan, Aug. 5-7, 1985 Proceedings, Vol. 2, [Rotterdam, A.A. Balkema, 1985], p.259-262.

Meissner, H.

Artificial freezing, Frozen ground strength. Tunneling (excavation), Soll freezing, Strain tests, Soil creep,

Ground freezing for the construction of the Milchbuck road tunnel in Zurich, Switzerland-an engineering task revolving between theory and practice. neering task revolving between theory and practice. Mettier, K., International Symposium on Ground Freezing, 4th, Sapporo, Japan, Aug. 5-7, 1985. Proceedings, Vol.2, [Rotterdam, A.A. Balkema, 1985], p.263-269, 5 refs. Soil freezing, Artificial freezing, Tunneling (excavation), Roads, Frozen ground strength, Engineering, Frost heave, Frozen ground mechanics.

On the devices for measuring frost penetration.

Yahagi, H., International Symposium on Ground Freezing, 4th, Sapporo, Japan, Aug. 5-7, 1985. Proceedings, Vol.2, [Rotterdam, A.A. Balkema, 1985], p.271-276, 8 refs.

Frost penetration, Soli freezing, Measuring instru-ments, Frost heave, Freeze thaw cycles.

Deformational behavior of a tunnel in permafrost.

Huang, S.L., et al, International Symposium on Ground Freezing, 4th, Sapporo, Japan, Aug. 5-7, 1985. Proceedings, Vol.2, tRotterdam, A.A. Balkema, 1985, p.277-282, 5 refs. Speck, R.C.

Permafrost thermal properties, Soil creep, Tunnels, Rheology, Deformation, Frozen ground temperature, Geology, Temperature variations, Time factor.

Mechanical characteristics of rock in refrigerated un-

Gerground cavern.
Soeda, K., et al, International Symposium on Ground Freezing, 4th, Sapporo, Japan, Aug. 5-7, 1985 Proceedings, Vol.2, (Rotterdam, A.A. Balkema, 1985), p.283-288, 4 refs.
Nishimaki, H., Sekine, I.

Frozen rocks, Rock mechanics, Storage tanks, Frozen ground strength, Compressive properties, Anisotropy, Thermal properties, Acoustics, Tests.

Actual results of ground freezing in Japan.

Actual results of ground freezing in Japan.
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p.289-294, 11 refs.
Ishikawa, Y., Kushida, Y.
Soil freezing, Artificial freezing, Engineering, Frost
penetration, Ground thawing, Tunnels, Walls, Sew-

age, Prost heave, Japan.

40-705

Design of insulating base for culvert sluice.

Pesign of insulating base for curver states. Yu, B., et al, International Symposium on Ground Freezing, 4th, Sapporo, Japan, Aug. 5-7, 1985. Proceedings, Vol 2, [Rotterdam, A.A. Balkema, 1985], p.295-300, 2 refs.

Culverts, Sluices (hydraulic engineering), Seasonal freeze thaw, Frost penetration, Thermal insulation, Foundations, Design, Countermeasures, Deforma-

Double-layer grease casting for preventing and treating frost extraction of pile foundation.

Sui, 1., et al, International Symposium on Grour Freezing, 4th, Sapporo, Japan, Aug. 5-7, 1985. Preeedings, Vol.2, [Rotterdam. A.A. Balkema, 1985], p.301-305. Na, W. Sui, T., et al, International Symposium on Ground

Lubricants. Pile extraction. Frost action. Frost heave. Foundations, Antifreezes, Countermeasures, Casting.

40.707

Influence of friction angle on stress distribution and deformational behaviour of freeze shafts in nonlinear

creeping strata. Klein, J., International Symposium on Ground Freezing, 4th, Sapporo, Japan, Aug. 5-7, 1985. Proceedings, Vol.2, Rotterdam, A.A. Baikema, 1985₁, p.307-315, 5 refs.

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Frozen ground mechanics, Shafts (excavations), Soil creep, Friction, Stress strain diagrams, Linings, Deformation, Viscosity, Cohesion, Temperature ef-

40.708

Study of frost damage for retaining wall of small-scale

Study of frost damage for retaining wall of small-scale hydraulic engineering.
Xia, Z., International Symposium on Ground Freezing, 4th, Sapporo, Japan, Aug. 5-7, 1985. Proceedings, Vol.2, (Rotterdam, A.A. Balkema, 1985), p.317-322, 5 refs.
Frost heave, Walls, Hydraulic structures, Cracking (fracturing), Freeze thaw cycles, Stresses, Damage, Prost action, Engineering, Retaining walls.

Discussion about the heave a a-force on the pile in seasonal frozen zone.

Gui, A., et al, International Symposium on Groun Freezing, 4th, Sapporo, Japan, Aug. 5-7, 1985. Pro-ceedings, Vol. 2, (Rotterdam, A.A. Balkema, 1985), p.323-327, 4 refs. Zuo, I... Sui, X., et al, International Symposium on Ground

Frost heave, Pile extraction, Loads (forces), Seasonal freeze thaw, Frozen ground mechanics, Foundations, Prost penetration, Countermeasures, Analysis (math-

Frost damage of water-conduits.

Sasaki, F., International Symposium on Ground Freezing, 4th, Sapporo, Japan, Aug. 5-7, 1985. Pro-ceedings, Vol. 2, [Rotterdam, A.A. Balkema, 1985], p. 329-334, 2 refs.

Prost heave, Water pipes, Pipeline freezing, Freeze thaw cycles, Underground pipelines, Countermeas-

ures, Thermal insulation, Tests.

Ground frost regime regulation at the base of above-

mine buildings.
Mel'nikov, P.I., International Symposium on Ground Freezing, 4th, Sapporo, Japan, Aug. 5-7, 1985. Preceedings, Vol.2, (Rotterdam, A.A. Balkema, 1985), p.335-340, 4 refs.

Frozen ground temperature, Foundations, Mine shafts, Thermal regime, Ventilation, Mathematical models, Heat transfer, Seasonal freeze thaw, Protec-

40-712

Experimental study on prevention of frost heave using

heat pipe. Fukuda, M., et al, International Symposium on Ground Freezing, 4th, Sapporo, Japan, Aug. 5-7, 1985. Proceedings, Vol.2, Rotterdam, A.A. Balkema, 1985, p.341-346, 3 refs.

Frost heave, Heat pipes, Countermeasures, Anti-freezes, Frost penetration, Tests.

Gyro-inclinometer-continuous measuring in a drilling

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Boreholes, Preezing, Shaft sinking, Countermeasures, Accuracy, Measuring instruments.

Calculation of the slope stability of the subgrade in

permafrost regions. Yang, H., International Symposium on Ground Freez-Yang, H., International Symposium on Ground Freezing, 4th, Sapporo, Japan, Aug. 5-7, 1985. Proceedings, Vol.2, [Rotterdam, A.A. Balkema, 1985], p.351-355, 2 refs. Slope stability, Permafrost preservation, Subgrades, Shear strength, Preeze thaw cycles, Artificial freezing, Soil freezing, Water content, Soil water, Sliding.

Problems of using and protecting the soils of Siberia and the Far East. [Problemy ispol'zovaniia i okhrany pochv Sibiri i Dal'nego Vostoka], Kovalev, R.V., ed, Novosibirsk, Nauka, 1984, 241p., In Russian. For selected papers see 40-716 through 40,720.

40-729. Refs. passim.

Taiga, Mapping, Soil formation, Land reclamation, Photographic reconnaissance, Organic soils, Peat, Drainage, Cryogenic soils, Photointerpretation, Environmental protection, Trenching, Soil profiles.

Paludification of central taiga soils in western Siberia. (Zabolachivanie pochv Srednei taigi Zapadnoi

Sibiri), Geras'ko, L.I., et al, Problemy ispol'zovaniia i okhrany pocny Sibiri i Dal'nego Vostoka (Problems of using and protecting the soils of Siberia and the Far East) edited by R.V. Kovaley, Novosibirsk, Nauka, 1984, p.32-37, In Russian.

ologova, N.N Cryogenic 'oils, Soil profiles, Taiga, Paludification, Drainage, Trenching.

Ways of taiga soil development in the Ob'-Irtysh Ways of taiga soil development in the Ob'-Irtysh area. [Puti razvitiia pochv taezhnogo Ob'-Irtysh'ia], Sazonov, A.G., Problemy ispol'zovaniia i okhrany pochv Sibiri i Dal'nego Vostoka (Problems of using and protecting the soils of Siberia and the Far East) edited by R.V. Kovalev, Novosibirsk, Nauka, 1984, p.41-45. In Russian. 11 refs.
Soil formation, Taiga, Alluvium, Cryogenic soils, Climatic changes, Paleoclinatology.

Swamp soils near the upper Kolyma River. [Bolotne pochy verkhov'ev Kolymy], Crlovskaia, K.V., Problemy ispol'zovaniia i okhrany pochy Sibiri i Dal'nego Vostoka (Problems of using and protecting the soils of Siberia and the Far East) edited by R.V. Kovalev, Novosibirsk, Nauka, 1984, p.54-58, In Russian. 3 refs.

p.54-58, In Russian. 3 refs. Swamps, Permafrost distribution, Drainage, Vegeta-tion, Active layer, Permafrost depth, Subarctic regions, Peat.

Some chemical properties of fine-grained soil frac-tions in the Barguzin basin. [Nekotorye khimicheske svolstva fraktsii melkozema pochv Barguzinskol

kotloviny, Zattseva, T. F., et al, Problemy ispol'zovaniia i okhrany pochv Sibiri i Dal'nego Vostoka (Problems of using and protecting the soils of Siberia and the Far East) edited by R.V. Kovalev, Novosibirsk, Nauka, 1984, p.75-81, In Russian. 10 refs.

Riabova, T.N. Frozen fines, Soil freezing, Clay soils, Chernozem, Cryogenic soils, Soil composition, Meadow soils, Soil

Peculiarities and regional differences of soil covers in the areas west of Lake Baykal and in northern Transbalkal. (Svoeobrazie i regional'nye razlichiia poch-vennogo pokrova Predbalkal'ia i Severnogo Zabal-

kal'iaj,
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pochv Sibiri i Dal'nego Vostoka (Problems of using
and protecting the soils of Siberia and the Far East)
edited by R.V. Kovalev, Novosibirsk, Nauka, 1984,
p. 105-109, In Russian. 10 refs.
Forest soils, Taiga, Soil formation, Surface properties, Cryogenic soils, Soil profiles.

Soil cover structure in western Transbalkal, Struktura pochvennogo pokrova Zapadnogo Zabalkal'ia, Tsybzhitov, Ts.Kh., et al, Problemy ispol'zovaniia i okhrany pochv Sibiri i Dal'nego Vostoka (Problems of using and protecting the soils of Siberia and the Far East) edited by R.V. Kovalev, Novosibirsk, Nauka, 1984, p.110-114, In Russian. 10 refs.

Martynov, V.P.
Cryogenic soils, Landscape types, Tundra, Alpine landscapes, Meadow soils, Peat.

40-722

Soil cover peculiarities of the Stanovoy Range within South Yakutia. ¡Osobennost pochvennogo pokrova Stanovogo khrebta v prede'akh lUzhnot lAkutii, Malinin, O.L., et al, Prebjemy ispol'zovaniia i okhrany pochv Sibiri i Dal'nego Vostoka (Problems of using

and protecting the soils of Siberia and the Far East) edited by R.V. Kovalev, Novosibirsk, Nauka, 1984, p.121-124. In Russian.

Bazhenov, V.S., Gorshkov, L.V.

Cryogenic soils, Alpine landscapes, Polygonal topog-

raphy, Patterned ground, Tundra.

40-723

Soil cover in slope landscapes of the Upper Kolyma Highlands. (Pochvenny) pokrov sklonovykh landshaftov Verkhnekolymskogo nagor'ia,

Mazhitov Verkinekolymskogo nagor ia),
Mazhitova, G.G., Problemy ispol'zovaniia i okhrany
pochv Sibiri i Dal'nego Vostoka (Problems of using
and protecting the soils of Siberia and the Far East)
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Alpine tundra, Soil formation, Slope processes, Cryogenic soils, Maps, Paludification, Geocryology.

Mountain-forest soils of the Lake Baykai basin and their resistance to erosion. (Pochvy gornykh lesov basselna oz. Balkal i ikh protivoerozionnaia ustof-

chivost'ı, Krasnoshchekov, IU.N., Problemy ispol'zovaniia i okhrany pochv Sibiri i Dal'nego Vostoka (Problems of using and protecting the soils of Siberia and the Far East) edited by R.V. Kovalev, Novosibirsk, Nauka, 1984, p 135-139, In Russian. 4 refs.

Forest soils, Cryogenic soils, Soil erosion, Taiga.

40-725

Prospects for land development in the BAM zone. [Perspektivy osvoeniia zemel' v zone BAM], Biriukov, V.V., et al, Problemy ispol'zovaniia i okhra-

ry pochv Sibiri i Dal'nego Vostoka (Problems of using and protecting the soils of Siberia and the Far East) edited by R.V. Kovalev, Novosibirsk, Nauka, 1984, p.189-192, In Russian. 2 refs.

Kulish, N.V.

Forest soils, Soil erosi n, Revegetation, Cryogenic soils, Active layer, Baykal Amur railroad, Permafrost depth, Economic development, Human factors.

New Interpretation of properties and structural peculiarities of soils in Priangar'e. (Novaia interpretatsiia osobennostel stroeniia i svoisty pochy Prian-

pretastia osobernostel stroenia i svojetv počnv Prian-gar'iaj, Vorob'eva, G.A., et al, Problemy ispol'zovaniia i okh-rany pochv Sibiri i Dal nego Vostoka (Problems of using and protecting the soils of Siberia and the Far East) edited by R.V. Kovalev, Novosibirsk, Nauka, 1984, p.196-200, In Russian. 5 refs.

Permafrost beneath rivers, Cryogenic soils, Soil pro-files, Soil composition, Permafrost hydrology, USSR Angara River.

Hydromelioration problems and the interrelations of forests and swamps. [Problemy gidrometioratsii i vzaimootnosheniia lesa i bolota],

Glebov, F.Z., Problemy ispol'zovanija i okhrany pochy Sibiri i Dal'nego Vostoka (Problems of using and protecting the soils of Siberia and the Far East) edited by . Kovalev, Novosibirsk, Nauka, 1984, p.200-205,

In Russian. 3 refs.
Taiga, Paludification, Land reclamation, Grasses, Mosses, Plant ecology.

Principles of photograph standardization when map-ping cryogenic taiga soils of southern Yakutia from aerial surreying data. ¡Printsipy fotoetalonirovaniia pri kartirovanii merzlotno-taezhnykh pochv iuzhnol

IAkutii po materialam aerofotos"emkij, Malinin, O.I., et al, Problemy ispol'zovaniia i okhrany pochv Sibiri i Dal'nego Vostoka (Problems of using and protecting the soils of Siberia and the Far East) edited by R.V. Kovalev, Novosibirsk, Nauka, 1984, p.218-223, In Russian.

Gorshkov, L.V., Riabikin, A.V.
Aerial surveys, Photographic reconnaissance, Mapping, Photointerpretation, Soil mapping, Cryogenic

Mapping and regionalization of taiga soils on the basis of satellite photography. [Kartirovanie i rajonirovanie taezhnykh pochv na osnove aerokosmi-

cheskikh snimkovj, Konstantinov, V.D., Problemy ispol'zovaniia i okhrany pochv Sibiri i Dal'nego Vostoka (Problems of using and protecting the soils of Siberia and the Far East) edited by R.V. Kovalev, Novosibirsk, Nauka, 1984, p.223-228, In Russian.

Cryogenic soils, Taiga, Spaceborne photography, Photointerpretation, Landscape types.

40-730

Australian glaciological research 1982-1983.

Jacka, T.H., ed, Australian National Antarctic Research Expeditions. ANARE research notes, Sep. 1985, No.28, 206p., Refs. passim. For individual papers see 40-731 through 40-757, or F-32543 through F-32551, F-32557 through F-32570, 1-32554 through I-32556, J-32552, and J-32553.

Ice, Snow, Climate, Glaciology.

The papers collected in this volume were presented at a meeting held in Melbourne, Australia, May 23-25, 1984, the purpose of which was to review advances made in Australia in glaciological and related research projects in 1982 and 1983. The majority of the papers represent preliminary data from recent antarctic field studies, laboratory experiments, modelling studies, and analysis of earlier data.

Enhanced shear zone in ice flow. Implications for ice cap modelling and core dating.

Morgan, V.I., et al, Australian National Antarctic Research Expeditions. ANARE research notes, Sep. 1985, No.28, p.4-9, 12 refs McCray, A.P.

Isotopes, Ice models, Shear properties, Ice dating,

Isotopes, Ice models, Shear properties, Ice dating, Rheology, Ice creep, Antarctica—Law Dome.

Oxygen isotope profiles for Law Dome boreholes can be used to deduce ages for the deep ice either by detecting annual layers or by companison of known climatic features. Preliminary data from a recent ice drilling program is presented which will be used with a simple ice particle flow model to try to duplicate these ages by adjustment of vanous parameters, principally the vertical velocity profile 12 compensate for stagnant basal ice layers and the amount of snow accumulation in line with variations suggested by the ice core data. (Auth.)

Dynamics of the Law Dome ice can from horehole

measurements.
Etheridge, D.M., et al, Australian National Antarctic Research Expeditions. ANARE research notes, Sep. 1985, No.28, p.10-17, 7 refs. McCray, A.P.

Orientation, Ice deformation, Ice temperature, Rheology, Velocity measurement, Ice creep, Antarc-tica—Law Dome.

Boreholes BHC1 and BHC2 on Law Dome have been logged for orientation, diameter and temperature over a large enough time interval to allow the dynamics of the ice sheet to be determined Orientation measurements are analysed to give the horizontal deformation profile

Borehole diameter records are used to
give vertical strains. This data, together with temperature profiles, surface velocity data and bedrock relief, describe the flow
regime of the ice sheet in the region. (Auth.)

Multilayer crystallographic structure of Law Dome from ice core analysis.

rom ice core analysis.
Young, N.W., et al, Australian National Antarctic Research Expeditions. ANARE research notes, Sep. 1985, No.28, p.18-24, 12 refs.
Xie, Z., Qin, D.

Shear stress, Ice crystal structure, Bubbles, Ice crys-Shear stress, ice crystal structure, Bubbles, ice crystal size, Rheology, Ice creep, Antarctica—Law Dome. An ice core from Law Dome has been analysed for crystal orientation fabric, crystal size and bubble elongation. Crystal size initially increases with depth then decreases to a minimum at about 60% depth in conjunction with the development of a strong vertical single-maximum fabric. In the remainder of the thickness there is an interleaving of coarse-grained multiple-receivers fabric in with fine secured stately-maximum fabric. thickness there is an interleaving of coarse-grained multiple-maximum fabric ice with fine-grained single-maximum fabric ice. The initial single-maximum fabric develops under the in-fluence of a shear stress increasing with depth. Closer to the bed there can be zones with a relative maximum in the shear stress some distance above the rough bed topography. It ap-pears that single-maximum fabrics develop under the influence of the high shear stress where the trajectory of the ice intersects these zones. In the intervening zones the fabric may change to a multiple-maximum type and the crystals grow very large, where the stress is relaxed and the simple shear is small. The pattern of variation of the air bubbles in the ice confirms this general necture. (Auth.) general picture. (Auth.)

Snow accumulation and oxygen isotope records in two adjacent ice cores.

Morgan, V.I., Australian National Antarctic Research Expeditions Expeditions. ANARE research notes, Sep. 1985, No.28, p.25-31, 5 refs.

Isotopes, Snow accumulation, Climatology, Ice composition, Antarctica—Law Dome.

Detailed oxygen isotope analysis of two adjacent ice cores are compared and differences in the delta profiles are explained by the mechanisms of snow accumulation and redistribution by wind. Effects on different time scales are apparent and the significance of this is discussed in the context of using delta records as proxy climatic data. (Auth.)

Gas extraction and analysis from antarctic ice cores. Character Country of the Country of

dioxide.
The significance of recently observed increases in atmospheric CO2 conventration depends on what concentrations were in the past. It is now considered that air occluded as bubbles in polar tec represents the best available source for determining these past concentrations. The critical step in the reconstruction of past atmospheric composition is the extraction of these bubbles. The Antaretic Division Glaciology Section and the CSIRO Division of Atmospheric Research are currently involved in a program to extract and analyze the air from antarctic ice cores. The techniques used and some preliminary results are discussed. (Auth.) (Auth.)

Evidence of Southern Hemisphere warming from oxygen isotope records of antarctic ice.

Vishart, E.R., Australian National Antarctic Research Expeditions. ANARE research notes, Sep. 1985, No.28, p.36-44, 12 refs.

Ice composition, Air temperature, Paleoclimatology, Isotopes, Antarctica—Casey Station, Antarctica— Law Dome, Antarctica—Mizuho Station.

Comparison of a delta 180 record from Law Dome with mean annual temperature records from Casey, about 150 km west of Law Dome, over the period 1957 to 1977 gave no correlation However, when the delta 180 record was smoothed over long tiowever, when the delta 180 record was smoothed over long time scales, good qualitative agreement was made with New Zealand temperatures for the period 1853-1975, sea surface temperature data for 1880-1977 and a delta 180 record from Mizuho Station from about 1600 to 1900. On this basis the period around 1800 was the coldest period for over 2100 a BP with cooling around 1900 and fairly steady warning to at least 1977. (Auth.)

Characteristics of sea ice in the Casey region. Allison, I., et al, Australian National Antarctic Research Expeditions ANARE research notes, Sep. 1985, No.28, p.47-56, 10 refs Qian, S

Sea ice. Snow depth. Ice heat flux. Ice composition. Ice growth, Ice formation, Antarctica-Casey Sta-

Sea ace growth and haracteristics were measured at a number of sites in Newcomb Bay near Casey, throughout 1983. The ice in this region is highly unstable, breaking out frequently in strong winds during writer months and then reforming. There appears to be little heat flux from the ocean to the underside of the ice at this site. The growth of the ice cover is controlled almost solely by conduction through the ice which is modified. window assets to conduction through the see which is modified by a snow cover during the winter, although oceanic heat flux may be imporsing when the ice starts to thin in summer (Auth.)

KESSESSY ARRESTER A POLOCOTZA

Sea ice observations during ADBEX, 1982. Streten, N.A., et al, Australian National Antarctic Research Expeditions. ANARE research notes, Sep. 1985, No.28, p.57-58.

Pike, D.J.

Polynyas, Sea ice distribution, Antarctica-Prydz

During the ADBEX (Antarctic Division BIOMASS Experi-During the ADBEX (Antarctic Division BIOMASS Experiment) cruise of November-December, 1982, a broadscale analysis of the extent and concentration of sea ice in the Prydz Bay region was made using shipboard and serial observations in conjunction with USSR and US satellite data read out at Davis Station and on the relief vessel, Nella Dan. Purther comparisons were made with coincident and longer term data derived from the NOAA-US Navy Joint Ice Centre (JIC) charts. (Auth.) (Auth.)

40-739

Updating the sea ice and climate monitoring program.
Jacka, T.H., et al., Australian National Antarctic Researc Expeditions. ANARE research notes, Sep. 1985, No.28, p.59-62, 3 refs.
Christou, L., Cook, B.J.

See ice distribution, Air temperature, Antarctica.

Sea ice distribution, Air temperature, Antarctica. The 1983 Navy-NOAA Joint loc Cettre sea ice maps have been computer digitized. Sea ice extents are plotted along with data from previous years (Jacka, 1983), and anomalies noted. Annual mean surface temperatures from most antarctic and southern ocean stations have also been updated to 1983. These data are used to compile mean southern ocean and mean antarctic temperature anomaly plots from which climatic trends are investigated. vestigated.

40-740

Seasonal variations in water structure under antarctic

Allison, I., Australian National Antarctic Research Expeditions. ANARE research notes, Sep. 1985, No.28, p.63-69, 6 refs.

Sea water, Ice cover effect, Sea ice.

Water salinity and temperature profiles, measured throughout the year under coast fast sea ice and in open water, are present-ed for a site near Mawson, Antarctics. These data are used to illustrate the role of sea ice in determining the structure of water on the antarctic continental shelf. Not all features evident in the water structure at this site however are attributable to the cycle of ice growth and decay. Meltwater input from the continental ice sheet in summer, and ocean advection throughout the year are also important processes. (Auth.)

40-741

ervations of water mass modification in the vicinity of an iceberg. Allison, I., et al, Australian National Antarctic Re-

search Expeditions. ANARE research notes, Sep. 1985, No.28, p.70-80, 8 refs. Kerry, K., Wright, S. Icebergs, Sea water, Meltwater.

Measurements of water salinity and temperature profiles to 500 m depth were made at various close distances around two icebergs. The T-S relationship of water around the first iceberg, m depth were made at various close distances around two teebergs. The T-S relationship of water around the first iceberg, which was in circumpolar deep water, suggests that convection alongside the iceberg is responsible for some of the observed changes, and that melt is occurring at considerable depth. In contrast, the second iceberg, which was in cold shelf water, was melting only at depths above the seasonal halocline. There was no deep convection alongside the iceberg. Other water characteristics that appear to be associated with the iceberg were observed around the second iceberg. Water of a different characteristic than the bulk of the column is found at depths from 200 to 350 m around and behind the iceberg, but not in front. This may be associated with entra ment of a water mass by the iceberg. (Auth. mod.)

40-742

Diurnal variability of the surface wind and air temperature at an inland antarctic site: 2 years of AWS data.
Allison, I., Australian National Antarctic Research Expeditions. ANARE research notes, Sep. 1985, No.28, p.81-92, 12 refs.
Albedo, Glacial meteorology, Blowing snow. Wind

(meteorology).

(meteorology).
Two years of data from an automatic weather station have been analyzed to show diurnal variability of surface air temperature, temperature gradient (1 to 2 m and 2 to 4 m above the surface), wind speed and wind direction. All elements show a large diurnal variability in summer, no variability in winter, and an identical transition situation for sutumn and apring initially difficult to explain: the diurnal variation in the temperature profile in of conposite phase to that observed in summer and is most nonis of opposite phase to that observed in summer and is most non-logarithmic around midday. It is suggested that this is due to airborne drift snow at the site which absorbs short wave radia-tion and results in relatively greater heating of the atmosphere at some distance above the surface. (Auth. mod.)

40-743

Utility of meteorological observations made at the S2

glaciological station, Anterctica in 1957.
Phillpot, H.R., Australian National Anterctic Research Expeditions. ANARE research notes, Sep. 1985, No.28, p.93-98, 6 refs.

Glacial meteorology, Blowing snow, Antarctica-

The problems posed by the poor understanding of the weather and climate of the antarctic continent, particularly in the short-term variations of the surface wind behavior on the coastline of East Antarctica, are discussed. An examination of the \$2 data and comparison with the corresponding surface observations in conjunction with the extensive upper air observations from Wilkes, throw new light on the surface wind behavior in the coastal sector. Unfortunately no specific conclusions can be drawn; nor is it believed, will any be possible until the availability of satellite cloud imagery permits the centers of action to be identified and tracked near the station, but the value of meteorological observations from a site such as \$2 is demonstrated. (Auth. mod.)

40-744

Engineering properties of snow.

Russell-Head, D.S., Australian National Antarctic Re-search Expeditions. ANARE research notes, Sep. 1985, No.28, p.106-108, 5 refs.

Snow compaction, Runways, Snow compression, Engineering, Bearing tests, Antarctica—Casey Station. An important engineering property of antarctic snow is its ability to resist surface penetration. Wheel loadings on laboratory-made snow and antarctic anow have been assessed by bearing tests. The prospects for constructing a compressed snow runway near Casey for use by heavy aircraft are discussed. (Auth.)

40-745

Effect of sample length and diameter on ice minimum

creep rates in compression.

Williams, S.A., et al, Australian National Antarctic Research Expeditions. ANARE research notes, Sep. 1985, No.28, p.109-113, 10 refs. Jacka, T.H.

Strain tests, Ice creep, Ice deformation, Ice crystal

Size.

Uniaxial compression tests were performed on cylindrical ice samples of various lengths and diameters. All tests were carried out at -5 0 C and under an octahedral shear stress of 0.25 MPa. Sample diameters ranged from 16.2 to 64.9 mm while lengths were 17.4 to 132.3 mm. It was found that minimum flow rate was dependent on sample diameter, yet independent of length. The studies also revealed no crystal size dependence on flow rate, and no sample size/crystal size ratio dependence.

40-746

Studies of the effect of stress and temperature on the shape of ice creep curves.

Jacka, T.H., Australian National Antarctic Res

Expeditions. ANARE research notes, Sep. 1985, No.28, p.114-117, 4 refs.

ep, Strain tests, Ice deformation, Thermal stresses.

It has been established elsewhere that plots relating time, strain and strain rate for ice deformation exhibit similar curves. In this paper, strain curves reported by Jacka (1984) are normalized such that the minimum strain rate, and the strain to minimum strain rate are forced to values of 1. These normalized raw date achibit a scatter of points which are discussed in terms of test temperature and stress. (Auth.)

40-747

Shear deformation of ice to large strains.

Russell-Head, D.S., Australian National Antarctic Research Expeditions. ANARE research notes, Sep. 1985, No.28, p.118-121, 3 refs.

Ice creep, Strain tests. Ice deformation

A number of samples of laboratory-made ice have been de-formed in parallel-plate shear apparatus to strains of 100%. The strain rates in the constant stress tests exhibit both a mini-mum and a maximum. A new type of shear deformation ap-paratus, which may overcome some of the problems inherent to the present test system, is discussed. (Auth.)

40-748

In situ recrystallization of polycrystalline ice.

Wilson, C.J.L., et al, Australian National Antarctic Research Expeditions. ANARE research notes, Sep. 1985, No.28, p.122-129, 27 refs.
Mitchell, J.C., Burg, J.P.
Ice creep, Ice crystals, Ice models, Recrystallization,

Ice deformation, Thermal stresses.

Ice deformation, Thermal stresses.

Experimental deformation of ice above -5 C produces dynamic recrystallization by rotation of subgrains and/or bulging of new high angle or pre-existing boundaries, through a process of migration recrystallization. Recrystallized grains in the boundary of an old grain undergo the greatest degree of rotation and also show the highest grain boundary mobility. Superimposed out these phenomena there may be post-deformation "recovery annealing" which produces local boundary migration with a further reduction of the internal strain energy. (Auth.)

40-749

Numerical modelling of ice stream flow with sliding. Numerical modelling of ice stream now with shaining. Budd, W.F., et al, Australian National Antarctic Research Expeditions. ANARE research notes, Sep. 1985, No.28, p.130-137, 10 refs.
Jenssen, D., McInnes, B.J.
Ice creep, Ice models, Glacier ice, Ice crystals, Antarctica—Ross Ice Shelf.

Many outlet glaciers and icestreams of Antarctica have basal shear stresses which increase from the interior to a maximum at some considerable distance inland of the grounding line then decrease to near zero at the grounding line. Although trans-

verse and longitudinal stresses need also to be considered, the main control of the flow is the down slope driving stress which is approximately in equilibrium with the basal shear stress. Empirical sliding studies show that the sliding velocities increase also with decreasing normal stress which also occurs in the ice streams as they approach the grounding line. In addition, the basal temperature distribution can strongly influence the sliding. Two-dimensional and three-dimensional modelling of live stream flow has been used to derive the effective the stream flow has been used to derive the effective the effective than the stream flow has been used to derive the effective the effective than the stream flow has been used to derive the effective than the stream flow has been used to derive the effective than the stream flow has been used to derive the effective the effective the effective than the stream flow that the stream flow that the stream flow the strea ing of ice stream flow has been used to derive the effective sliding parameters and explain the broadscale dynamics and flow regime of ice streams in West Antarctica and other regions

40-750

Three-dimensional modelling of ice dynamics in West

Jenssen, D., et al, Australian National Antarctic Research Expeditions. ANARE research notes, Sep. 1985, No.28, p.138-145.

Budd, W.F.
Ice models, Velocity measurement, Ice creep, Antarctica—West Antarctica.

tica—West Antarctica.

A simple method of computing flowlines objectively for any large ice mass is described. By integrating the accumulation along any one flowline, and assuming no change in the ice shape with time, balance velocity along the line is determined. By treating many such lines, the full balance velocity field may be found. The scheme is checked on mathematically prescribed fields for which the analytic velocity is known. The method is then applied to the West Antarctic and the results are critically discussed. (Auth.) en applied to the Vicussed. (Auth.)

Finite element analysis of two-dimensional longitudi-

rinite element analysis of two-dimensional longitudinal section flow on Law Dome.

Budd, W.F., et al, Australian National Antarctic Research Expeditions. ANARE research notes, Sep. 1985, No.28, p.153-161, 15 refs.

Rowden-Rich, R.J.M.

Toe creep, Ice models, Shear stress, Velocity measurement, Amisotropy, Antarctics—Law Dome.

ment, Anisotropy, Antercuce—Law arosse.

Finite element analysis provides a powerful technique for studying the variation of stress and strain rates for ice flow over irregular beds. A 15 km longitudinal section of Law Dome approximately along a flow line for which data from 4 deep borcholes is available was chosen for a detailed study. In the first notes is available was chosen for a detailed study. In the tirst instance ice flow was taken to depend only on stress and temperature, to derive the stress and strain rate fields which give rise to the development of the anisotropy. The added dependence of the ice flow on the anisotropy can then be used to recompute the flow regime. (Auth. mod.)

Glaciological measurements in eastern Wilkes Land,

Antarctica.
Jones, D.J., et al, Australian National Antarctic Research Expeditions. ANARE research notes, Sep. 1985, No.28, p.164-173, 11 refs.

Hendy, M.
Bottom topography, Snow accumulation, Ice surface, Glacier mass balance, Velocity measurement, Antarctica-Wilkes Land.

Data on ice surface and bedrock topography, ice surface velocity and snow accumulation rate are presented from a traverse route in eastern Wilkes Land, Antarctica, approximately along the 69 S parallel of latitude between 112 E and 131 E longitude. the of 5 paramet or tautude between 112 B and 131 B longitude. These data are used to calculate the mass outflux through this sector near the edge of the ice sheet. Comparison of the outflux with the estimated mass influx suggests that, within the limits of accuracy, this area of Antarctica is not significantly out of balance. (Auth.)

40-753

Glaciological measurements in western Wilkes Land.

Medhurst, T.G., Australian National Antarctic Research Expeditions. ANARE research notes, Sep. 1985, No.28, p.174-179, 5 refs.

Ice surface, Snow accumulation, Snow temperature,

Bottom topography, Antarctics—Wilkes Land.

During 1983 a new traverse route was established along latitude 68 30 S between longitude 112 04 E (8029) and 94 34 (GM04), a distance of 725 km. Fourteen new ice movement stations 68 30 S between longitude 112 04 E (8029) and 94 34 (GM04), a distance of 725 km. Fourteen new ice movement stations were established. Similarly 190 km of traverse route and two new ice movement stations were established inland of the Vanderford Glacier. Surface and bedrock profiles, along with a range of other glaciological measurements were obtained on all routes. A summary of measurements made with relevant comment is given. (Auth.)

Glaciological measurements on the 1983-1984 Soviet traverse from Mirny to Dome C. Hamley, T., Australian National Antarctic Research Expeditions. ANARE research notes, Sep. 1985, No.28, p.180-184, 4 refs.

Inc. creep, Velocity measurement.

An invitation to participate in the 1983/84 Mirnyy to Dome C traverse provided an opportunity to complete the remeasurement of ice-movement markers already established on four previous visits by Australian glaciologists since 1976/77.

Some markers had not been remeasured and others required further remeasurement.

Surface ice velocity data from the survey are presented here. vey are presented here.

Vanderford Glacier topographic survey.

Jones, D.J., et al, Australian National Antarctic Re-search Expeditions. ANARE research notes, Sep. 1985, No.28, p.185-190.

Davis, E.

Glacier ice, Ice surface, Ice surveys, Ice bottom surface, Gravity, Velocity measurement, Antarcica-Vanderford Glacier.

A comprehensive airborne topographic and ice thickness survey of the Vanderford Glacier, 30 km south of Casey Station, is reported 3500 sq/km of the glacier have been covered by an approximately 5 km grid. Bedrock topography was measured in detail with an ANARE ice radar or obtained with a gravity meter. Ice surface velocity measurements at ten locations near the snout of the glacier show that about 5 sq km/s of ice is draining through the Vanderford system. Befrock topography shows a very pronounced feature in which the glacier lies and gravity measurements show approximately where the glacier begins to float. (Auth. mod.)

40-756

Instrumentation and operational procedures used on

the Vanderford Glacier survey program.

Davis, E., Australian National Antarctic Research Expeditions. ANARE research notes, Sep. 1985, peditions. ANA No.28, p.192-195.

Ice surveys, Glacier ice, Instruments, Antarctica-Vanderford Glacier.

This note provides a brief overview of instrumentation and procedures used on the 1983/84 austral summer Vanderford procedures used on the 1983/84 austral summer Vanderford Glacier survey program which included: surface and subsurface profiling of 2500 sq km of the glacier; gravity survey in the snout region of the glacier, ice velocities survey in the snout region of the glacier, surface and subsurface profiling of an existing grid system on Law Dome, and profiling of the coast between the Vanderford Glacier and Hatch 1. (Auth. mod.)

40-757

Shallow-core collecting mechanical ice drill.

Wehrle, E., Australian National Antarctic Research Expeditions. ANARE research notes, Sep. 1985, No.28, p.196-201

Ice coring drills. A portable electro-mechanical ice drill is described is intended to obtain 1 m long ice cores, in a dry hole, to a maximum depth of 200 m. It is to be used on inland Antarctic traverses and thus, must be easy to operate and maintain (Auth)

40-758

Supplement to the National Building Code of Canada, 1985.

National Research Council, Canada. Associate Committee on the National Building Code, NRCC No.23178, Ottawa, National Research Council of Canada, 1985, 278p., Second edition. Refs. passim. Includes commentaries, p.143-

Cold weather construction, Building codes, Snow loads, Permafrost beneath structures, Design, Roofs, Fires, Climatic factors, Safety, Construction materials, Canada.

40-759

Effects of the variations of falling velocities of snowflakes on their aggregation.

Sasyo, Y., et al, Meteorological Society of Japan. Journal, Apr. 1985, 63(2), p.249-261, With Japanese summary. Maisuo, T. 10 refs.

Snowflakes, Snowfall, Ice crystal adhesion, Velocity, Agglomeration.

40-760

Role of liquid water on an ice surface during riming electrification-basic experiment in thunderstorm electrification.

Takahashi, T., Meteorological Society of Japan. Journal, Apr. 1985, 63(2), p.262-266, With Japanese summary. 15 refs.

Ice surface, Cloud electrification, Water content, Ice water interface. Hoarfrost, Supercooled clouds, Ice crystals, Air temperature

40-761

Atmospheric cooling around the melting layer in con-

tinuous rain.

Matsuo, T., et al. Meteorological Society of Japan.

Journal, Apr. 1985, 63(2), p.340-346, 8 refs.

Sakakibara, H., Aoyagi, J., Matsuura, K.

Snowmelt, Cooling, Snowflakes, Heat transfer, Rain, Air temperature.

40-762

Types of debris slope accumulations and rock gluciers in South Spitsbergen.

Lindner, L., et al, Boreas, 1985, 14(2), p 139-153, 35

Marks I

Rock glaciers, Talus, Moraines, Landforms, Glacier melting, Slopes, Mountains, Norway-Spitsbergen.

40-763

Inventory of deformational structures as a tool for unravelling the Quaternary geology of glaciated areas.

Brodzikowski, K., et al, Boreas, 1985, 14(2), p.175-188, 30 refs.

Van Loon, A.J.

Glacial deposits, Quaternary deposits, Geology, Geomorphology, Sediments, Glaciation, Deformation. 40-764

Periglacial landforms and processes in the southern

Kenai Mountains, Alaska.

Bailey, P.K., U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory, Apr. 1985, SR 85-03, 60p., ADA-157 459, Refs. p.54-60.

Periglacial processes, Landforms, Permafrost distri-

bution, Geomorphology, Patterned ground, Nuna-taks, Altiplanation, Nivetion, Soil temperature, Unit-ed States—Alaska—Kenai Mountains.

rd States—Ataska—Kenai Mountains.
The distribution and characteristics of periglacial landforms in the southern Kenai Mountains, Alaska, were investigated during 1979 and 1980. The principal area of study was a 1300-m-high mountain mass that stood as a nunatak during the last general glaciation. Periglacial features in the area include geliuction lobes, nivation hollows, cryoplanation terraces, tors, a string bog, and such patterned ground as sorted urcles, sorted views, earth hummerks, sorted stripes, and polygons, earth hummocks, sorted steps, sorted stripes, and small ice-wedge polygons

40-765

Report on pit-wall observations of snow cover in Sapporo, 1983-84.

Endo, Y., et al, Low temperature science (Teion kagaku). Series A Physical sciences. Data report, 1984, No.43, p.1-9, 3 refs., In Japanese. Akitaya, E.

Snow accumulation, Snow depth, Snow cover, Statistical analysis, Japan-Sapporo.

Snow cover observations at Avalanche Research Station, Toikanbetsu, Northern Hokkaldo, XVI (1983-1984 winter).

Huzioka, T., et al, Low temperature science (Teion kagaku). Series A Physical sciences. Data report. 1984, No.43, p.11-25, 15 refs., In Japanese. Snow cover stability, Snow depth, Avalanche forma-

tion. Temperature distribution. Statistical analysis.

Strain rate and stresses of snow on a mountain slope, Toikanbetsu, Northern Hokkaido VI (1983-1984

Shimizu, H., et al. Low temperature science (Teion kagaku). Series A Physical sciences. Data report, 1984, No.43, p.25-39, 11 refs., In Japanese. Snow cover stability, Snow strength, Strains,

Stresses, Mountains, Slope orientation.

Evaporation rate of a snow cover observed in Sapporo during the winters from 1970-1983.

Kojima, K., Low temperature science (Teion kagaku).

Series A Physical sciences. Data report, 1984.

Snow evaporation, Snow temperature, Air temperature, Statistical analysis, Time factor, Winter, Japan -Sapporo.

40-769

Radiation measurements of snowy season in 1983-1984 at Sapporo.

Ishikawa, N., et al, Low temperature science (Teion kagaku). Series A Physical sciences. Data report. 1984, No. 43, p.51-58, 8 refs., In Japanesc. Kojima, K., Motoyama, H., Yamada, Y Snow optics, Solar radiation, Albedo, Temperature

variations.

40-770

Measurements of radiation and meteorological elements during the snowmelt season in 1981-84 (Moshiri Basin). Motoyama, H., et al, Low temperature science (Teion

kagaku). Series A Physical sciences — Dat 1984, No 43, p.59-68, 4 refs., — In Japanese. Ishikawa, N., Kojima, K., Kobayashi, D

Snow optics. Snowmelt, Solar radiation, Meteorological factors. Seasonal variations.

40-771

Distribution of pack ice off Okhotsk Sea coast of Hokkaido observed with sea ice radar network, January-April, 1984.

Aota, M., et al, Low temperature science (Teion kagaku) Series A Physical sciences Data report, 1984, No.43, p.69-96, In Japanese Radar photography, Sea ice distribution, Pack ice,

Mapping, Remote sensing, Okhotsk Sea.

40.772

Moisture and humidity, 1985, measurement and con-

trol in science and industry.

International Symposium on Moisture and Humidity,
Washington, D.C., Apr. 15-18, 1985, Research Triangle Park, NC, Instrument Society of America, 1985, 1028p., Refs. passim. through 40-779. For selected papers see 40-773

Humidity, Moisture transfer, Supercooling, Thermodynamics, Ice cover effect, Hygrometers, Freezing points, Dew point, Meetings, Temperature effects.

Comparison of some thermodynamic properties of 273.15 to 473.15K as formulated in 1983 ASHRAE tables and the 1983 NBS/NRC

Hyland, R.W., International Symposium on Moisture and Humidity, Washington, D.C., Apr. 15-18, 198 Proceedings. Moisture and humidity, 1985, Research Triangle Park, NC, Instrument Society of

America, 1985, p.29-35, 13 refs.
Thermodynamics, Water vapor, Vapor pressure, Water pressure, Saturation, Liquid phases, Enthalpy, Temperature effects.

Accurate psychrometer coefficients for wet and icecovered cylinders in laminar transverse airstreams. Wylic, R.G., et al, International Symposium on Moisture and Humidity, Washington, D.C., Apr. 15-18, 1985. Proceedings. Moisture and humidity, 1985, Research Triangle Park, NC, Instrument Society of America, 1985, p.37-56, 19 refs. Lalas, T

Ice cover effect, Psychrometers, Humidity, Moisture, Air flow, Accuracy

40-775

Measurements of water vapor in the stratosphere with a frost-point hygrometer.

Oltmans, S.J., International Symposium on Moisture ordinais, 3.7, international Symposium of Wolstude and Humidity, Washington, D.C., Apr. 15-18, 1985. Proceedings. Moisture and humidity, 1985, Research Triangle Park, NC, Instrument Society of America, 1985, p.251-258, 7 refs.

Water vapor, Hygrometers, Vapor pressure, Humidity, Freezing points, Dew point.

40-776

Experimental validation of a mathematical model for

predicting moisture transfer in attics. Burch, D., International Symposium on Moisture and Humidity, Washington, D.C., Apr. 15-18, 1985. Proceedings. Moisture and humidity, 1985, Research ceedings. Moisture and humidity, 1702, 1703, 170

Moisture transfer, Water vapor, Roofs, Hoarfrost, Ice melting, Climatic factors, Mathematical models.

Calibration system for producing low frost points. Hammond, R.H., et al, International Symposium on

Moisture and Humidity, Washington, D.C., Apr. 15-18, 1985 Proceedings Moisture and humidity, 185, 1985 Proceedings Moieture and humbity, 1985, Research Triangle Park, NC, Instrument Society of America, 1985, p 389-393, 2 refs.

Freezing points, Gases, Hygrometers, Flow measurement, Moisture.

40.778

Transfer humidity standard for dew point temperatures in the range from -20 C and +60 C. Merigoux, J., et al. International Symposium on Mois-

ture and Humidity, Washington, D Proceedings Moisture and humidity, 1985, America, 1985, p.401-410, 3 refs. retinon, B.

Humidity, Moisture transfer, Dew point, Hygrometers, Heat loss, Temperature effects, Analysis (math-

40-779

Saltation of snow.

Smatters, I. B., et al, International Symposium on Moisture and Humidity, Washington D.C., Apr. 15-18, 1985 Proceedings Moisture and humidity, 1985, Research Triangle Park, N.C., Instrument Society of America, 1985, p.631-641, 32 rets Pell, K.M.

Blowing snow, Snow mechanics, Snow creep, Shear stress, Snow surface, Analysis (mathematics), Particles, Wind factors.

ervations of the sea-ice in the southwest In-Man Ocean

Streten, N.A., et al, Australian meteorological magazine, Dec. 1984, 32(4), p.195-206, 8 refs. Pike, D.J.

Ice cover, Sea ice distribution, Polynyas, Air temper-

Ice cover, Sea Ice distribution, Polymyas, Air temperature, Wind velocity, Antarctica—Prydz Bay.

The results are presented of shipboard observations of the extent, concentration, and thickness of sea-ice and the concurrent meteorological conditions in the Prydz Bay region in the early summer of 1982-83. Comparisons are made with aerial sea-ice observations and with broadscale analyses of ice concentrations based on satellite data and locally read-out imagery. These indicate that satellite-analyzed concentrations are probably generally greater than actually exist, particularly in conditions of extensive ice cover. The regional pattern of shore polynya formation is manoed, and appears to be related to surface ocean erany greater than actually east, particularly in contions of extensive ice cover. The regional pattern of shore polynya formation is mapped, and appears to be related to surface ocean circulation, coastal configuration, the existence of offshore banks on which icebergs are frequently grounded to form a nucleus for subsequent long-lived and stable sea-ice formation, and on prevailing coastal easterly winds. (Auth.)

40-781

Periglacial investigations on King George Island, Periglacial investigations on King George Island, South Shetland Islands, Antarctica. German physiographic research in the Antarctic. Report on the 1983/84 season. (Untersuchungen zum Periglazial auf der König-Georg-Insel Südshetlandinseln Antarktika. Deutsche physiogeographische Forschungen in der Antarktis, Bericht Über die Kampagne 1983/84, Barsch, D., et al. Bremerhaven, Germany. Alfred-Wessens, Institut Germany. Wegener-Institut für Polarforschung. Berichte zur Polarforschung, Nov. 1985, No.24, 63p., In German with English summary. 32 figs., 10 tables. Refs.

p.60-63. Blumel, W.-D., Flugel, W.-A., Mäusbacher, R., Stä-

blein, G., Zick, W. Geologic structures, Geocryology, Permafrest, Hydrology, Glacial geology, Antarctica—King George Island.

Island.

The physiographic project is a contribution to German antarctic research within the priority program of the German Research Foundation (DFG, Bonn). The project is aimed at periglacial processes of cryodynamic and geomorphic evolution, which causes the mesoscale formation of slopes, valleys and coasts in the ice-free areas of King George Island. The intercorrelation of climate, water, permafrost and relief as a zonal periglacial geosystem is studied in its regional as well as in its general context. Specific investigations encompassed interpretation of relief forms, hydrological measurements, profile and soil temperature analysis in permafrost layers, valley systems with permafrost, slope movements and denudation, shorelines and cryoabrasion. Results of nine field studies and evaluations are listed. (Auth.)

40-782

Antarctic glacial marine sedimentation: a core workshop.

Anderson, J.B., Houston, Texas, Rice University, 1985, 66 leaves, Refs. p.61-66.

Anderson, J.B., Hollston, I.Exas, Rice University, 1985, 66 leaves, Refs. p.61-66.

Sediments, Marine deposits, Glacial deposits, Glacier ice, Marine geology, Ice shelves, Models.

A considerable volume of literature exists on glacial marine sedimentation especially on ancient glacial marine deposits. These deposits are widespread, both in time and space, and are considerable paleogographic significance. Still, the modern ice-covered seas are among the most poorly understood modern sedimentary environments, due mainly to inaccessibility. This is particularly true of the Antarctic continental shelf. Understanding of oceanographic and glacial processes has also expanded greatly in recent years, and this information, when coupled with geologic and geophysical results, is providing a much better understanding of antarctic marine sedimentary processes. The core workshop was intended to summarize this information and to provide its participants with the opportunity to examine sediment cores and geophysical data from the antarctic sea floor. Specific topics discussed in this review include: sedimentary environments and processes on the marine ces shet, ice shelf, outlet glaciers and glacier tongues, ice cliffs, bays and flords, piedmont glaciers, and ice free coasts; glacial tills and glacial marine deposits; modern shelf sediments; sedimentation model; and deep sea sedimentation. (Auth.)

40-783

Soil-water potential and unfrozen water content and

temperature. Xu, X., et al, Journal of glaciology and geocryology, 1985, 7(1), MP 1932, p.1-14, 8 refs. In Chinese with

English summary.
Oliphant, J.L., Tice, A.R.
Prozen ground temperature, Nuclear magnetic resonance, Unfrozen water content, Soil water, Soil structure, Water content, Freezing points, Soil chemistry,

soil temperature, Density (mass/volume).

Soil-water potential was determined by the extraction method and four factors affecting the soil-water potential, including water content, soil type, dry density and temperature, were investigated. The unfrozen water content of frozen soils was determined by the pulsed nuclear magnetic resonance technique and three factors affecting the unfrozen water content, including initial water content, dry density and salt concentration, were investigated. Results have shown that the soil-water

ntential in the unsaturated, unfrozen soils decreases both with potential in the unsaturated, unfrozen soils decreases both with the decrease in the water content and with the increase in the dispersion of the soil and increases with the increases in the dry density and temperature. The unfrozen water content of froz-en soils changes slightly with the initial water content and the dry density within the range of 3% for the morin clay and increases sharply with the increase in the salt concentration.

On permafrost evolution in the Qingshui River region of the Qinghai-Xizang Plateau since the Late Pleisto-

Wang, S., et al, Journal of glaciology and geocryology, 1985, 7(1), p.15-26, 9 refs., In Chinese with English summary.

Zhang, W. Permafrost distribution, Climatic changes, Periglacial processes, Paleoclimatology, Pleistocene, China — Oinghai-Xizang Plateau.

40-785

Flow characteristics of Glacier No.1 at the Headwa-

ter of Urumqi River, Tianshan. Sun, Z., et al, Journal of glaciology and geocryology, 1985, 7(1), p.27-40, 7 refs., In Chinese with English

summary.
Chen, Y., You, G., Han, J.
Glacier flow, Ice mechanics, Glacier ablation, Slope orientation, Mountain glaciers, Velocity, China-Tian Shan.

40.786

40-780
Preliminary study on strain-rate on surface of Glacier No.1 at the Headwater of Urumqi River, Tianshan. Han, J., et al, Journal of glaciology and geocryology, 1985, 7(1), p.41-49, 7 refs., In Chinese with English

Summary.
Chen, X., Sun, Z.
Glacier flow, Strains, Crevasses, Glacier thickness,
Ice mechanics, Glacier beds, Glacier surfaces, Distribution, Shear strain, Topographic features.

40-787

Perigiacial phenomena in Altai Mountains of China. Li, S., et al, Journal of glaciology and geocryology, 1985, 7(1), p. 51-56, In Chinese with English summary. Tong, B., Zhang, T.
Periglacial processes, Permafrost distribution, Geo-

morphology, Permatrost weathering, Altitude, Altiplanation, China—Altai Mountains.

Influence of snow cover on the lower limit of permafrost in Altai Mountains.

Zhang, T., et al, Journal of glaciology and geocryology, 1985, 7(1), p.57-63, 7 refs., In Chinese with English

summary. Tong, B., Li, S.

Permafrost distribution, Snow cover effect, Perma-frost depth, Active layer, Permafrost thermal proper-ties, Air temperature, Seasonal variations, China— Altai Mountains.

Appraisement on the groundwater resources in permafrost areas in the middle-east section of Mt. Qilian. Cao, J., Journal of glaciology and geocryology, 1985, 7(1), p.65-76, In Chinese with English summary. Permafrost hydrology, Soil water, Runoff, Water resources. serves, Seasonal variations, China-Oilian Mountain.

Determination of lower table of permafrost in Wudaoliang, along the Qinghai-Xizang Highway.

Jiang, Z., Journal of glaciology and geocryology, 1985, 7(1), p.77-81, In Chinese with English summary Permafrost depth, Ground ice, Permafrost thermal properties, Soil water, Boreholes, China—Qinghai-Xizang Plateau.

Roadbed stability in permafrost region.
Yang, H., Journal of glaciology and geocryology,
1985, 7(1), p.83-88, 5 refs., In Chinese.
Permafrost beneath roads, Roadbeds, Stability, Frozen ground strength.

Trend of the study on glacial depositional facies in the ardd.

Feng Z., et al, Journal of glaciology and geocryology, 1985 7(1), p.89-97, 28 refs., In Chinese. Gir, D.

Glacial deposits, Landscape development, Topographic features, Moraines, Geomorphology.

40-793

Exploration of the glaciers in the Hengduan Mountains.

Song, M., Journal of glaciology and geocryology, 1985, 7(1), p.98 + 4 plates, In Chinese with English

Glacier surveys, Glacier flow, Mountain glaciers, China-Hengduan Mountains.

40.794

Proceedings.

CO, Oct. 24-27, 1984, Aspen, CO, ISSW Workshop Committee, 1984, 218p., Refs. passim. For individual papers see 40-795 through 40-829.

papers see 40-795 inrough 40-829.

Avalanche formation, Avalanche engineering, Avalanche forecasting, Snow accumulation, Avalanche mechanics, Skis, Slope orientation, Meetings, Detection, Safety, Snow cover stability, Topographic fea-

40-795
Avalanche frequency and magnitude determination

avalance irequency and magnitude determination for ski touring operations.

Dexter, L., et al, International Snow Science Workshop, Aspen, CO, Oct. 24-27, 1984. Proceedings, Aspen, CO, ISSW Workshop Committee, [1984], p.1-7-23 refe 23 refs.

Armstrong, B.R.

Avalanche formation, Avalanche forecasting, Safety, Skis, Weather observations, Statistical analysis, Trees (plants), Age determination.

40-796 Avalanche information systems in Kananaskis Coun-

Avalanche information systems in manufacture, Alberta, Canada.

More, G., et al, International Snow Science Workshop,
Aspen, CO, Oct. 24-27, 1984. Proceedings, Aspen,
CO, ISSW Workshop Committee, (1984), p.8-11, 10

Niemann, O., Langford, G. Avalanche forecasting, Avalanche formation, Ava-

lanche tracks, Computer applications, Models, Mapping. Skis.

40-797

Effect of simple terrain parameters on avalanche fre-

Judson, A., et al. International Snow Science Workshop, Aspen, CO, Oct. 24-27, 1984. Proceedings, Aspen, CO, ISSW Workshop Committee, [1984], p. 12-23, 8 refs.

23, 6 fcis.
King, R.M.
Avalanche formation, Topographic features, Avalanche tracks, Safety, Mountains, Models, Slope orientation, Roads.

40-798

Avalanche frequency on a slope with and without de-

Rychetnik, J., International Snow Science Workshop, Aspen, CO, Oct. 24-27, 1984. Proceedings, Aspen, CO, ISSW Workshop Committee, [1984], p.24-29, 6

Avalanche formation, Avalanche engineering, Protection, Snow fences, Countermeasures, Slope orientation, Fences, Tests, Statistical analysis.

New developments for control of snow avalanches in the Western European Alps.

Montagne, C., et al, International Snow Science Workshop, Aspen, CO, Oct. 24-27, 1984. Proceedings, Aspen, CO, ISSW Workshop Committee, [1984], p.30-35 2 refs

Montagne, J., Rayne, T., Satterlee, A. Snow fences, Avalanche formation, Avalanche engineering, Slope stability, Revegetation, Forestry, Snow stabilization, Forest lines, Countermeasures

40-800

Supports, Protection.

Diagnosis of precipitation in mountainous terrain. Hayes, P.S., International Snow Science Workshop, Aspen, CO, Oct. 24-27, 1984. Proceedings, Aspen, CO, ISSW Workshop Committee, [1984], p.36-41, 7

recipitation (meteorology), Avalanche forecasting, Weather forecasting, Mountains, Winter, Wind direction, Topographic effects, Synoptic meteorology.

40-801

Preferential detection of sound by persons buried under snow avalanche debris as compared to persons on the overlying surface.

On the overlying surrace.

Johnson, J.B., MP 1920, International Snow Science
Workshop, Aspen, CO, Oct. 24-27, 1984. Proceedings, Aspen, CO, ISSW Workshop Committee,
r1984), p.42-47, 8 refs.

Rescue operations, Avalanche deposits, Detection,

Snow acoustics, Snow cover effect, Sound waves, At-

The preferential detection of sound by a person buried under snow can be explained by the strong attenuation of acoustic waves in snow and the relatively higher level of background acoustic noise that exists for persons above the snow surface as compared to an avalanche burial victim. This noise masks sound transmitted to persons on the snow surface causing a reduction of hearing sensitivity as compared to the burial victim. Additionally, the listening concentration of a buried individual is generally greater than for persons working on the snow surface, increasing their subjective awareness of sound.

40-802

Avalanche beacons-working principles, specifications and comparative properties.

Lind, D.A., et al, International Snow Science Workshop, Aspen, CO, Oct. 24-27, 1984. Proceedings, Aspen, CO, ISSW Workshop Committee, [1984], p.48-53. 5 refs. Smythe, W.R.

Avalanche forecasting, Avalanche formation, Radio bescons, Snow cover effect, Radio waves, Transmission, Electromagnetic prospecting.

40-803

Frequenzsalat-toward uniform frequencies for various types of avalanche victim locators.
Faisant, R.D., International Snow Science Workshop,

Aspen, CO, Oct. 24-27, 1984. Proceedings, Aspen, CO, ISSW Workshop Committee, [1984], p.54-57. Avalanche deposits, Rescue equipment, Electronic equipment, Detectors, Resuce operations, Radio Waves.

40-804

Snow creep as a model for postcontrol releases. Pratt, T., International Snow Science Workshop, Aspen, CO, Oct. 24-27, 1984. Proceedings, Aspen, CO, ISSW Workshop Committee, [1984], p. 58-66, 1 ref. Snow creep, Explosion effects, Snow cover stability, Strains, Avalanche triggering, Avalanche formation, Rheology, Avalanche modeling.

40-805

Practical experience with aerial detonation of explosives for avalanche control.

Juergens, J., International Snow Science Workshop, Aspen, CO, Oct. 24-27, 1984. Proceedings, Aspen, CO, ISSW Workshop Committee, [1984], p.67-69, 2 refs

Avalanche triggering, Explosives, Detonation waves, Equipment, Snow depth.

40-806

French experience in avalanche education for skiers. Valla, F., International Snow Science Workshop, Aspen, CO, Oct. 24-27, 1984. Proceedings, Aspen, CO, ISSW Workshop Committee, [1984], p.70-77, 8 refs. Avalanche formation, Accidents, Skis, Statistical analysis, Mountains.

40-807

Measurements of the amount of snow brought down by avalanches.

Schaerer, P.A., International Snow Science Workshop, Aspen, CO, Oct. 24-27, 1984. Proceedings, Aspen, CO, ISSW Workshop Committee, [1984], p.78-79, 1

Avalanche deposits, Snow depth, Avalanche tracks,

40-808

Climate effects on snow avalanche travel distances. Mears, A.I., International Snow Science Workshop, Aspen, CO, Oct. 24-27, 1984. Proceedings, Aspen, Aspen, CO, Oct. 24-27, 1984. Proceedings, Aspe CO, ISSW Workshop Committee, [1984], p. 80-83, 8 refs

Avalanche deposits, Avalanche tracks, Climatic effects, Snow cover stability, Protective vegetation, Mountains, Statistical analysis.

40-809

Institutional arrangements for snow avalanche management in Canada

McFarlane, R.C., International Snow Science Workshop, Aspen, CO, Oct. 24-27, 1984. Proceedings, Aspen, CO, ISSW Workshop Committee, [1984], p.84-89, 9 refs.

Avalanches, Organizations, Legislation, Canada.

40-810

Factors comprising county/municipal land-use con-

trols addressing snow avalanches.
Niemczyk, K., International Snow Science Workshop,
Aspen, CO, Oct. 24-27, 1984. Proceedings, Aspen,
CO, ISSW Workshop Committee, [1984], p.90-94, 2

Avalanches, Safety, Legislation, Standards, Accidents, Countermes

40-811

Statistical avalanche zoning.

McClung, D.M., et al, International Snow Science Workshop, Aspen, CO, Oct. 24-27, 1984. Proceedings, Aspen, CO, ISSW Workshop Committee, 1984, p.95-98, 2 refs.

Avalanche formation, Avalanche tracks, Topographic features, Statistical analysis, Avalanche mechanics, Mountains.

40-812

Avalanche litigation: technology and liability.

Kennedy, J.L., International Snow Science Workshop, Aspen, CO, Oct. 24-27, 1984. Proceedings, Aspen, CO, ISSW Workshop Committee, [1984], p.99-101,

Avalanches, Legislation, Accidents, Protection, Damage, Cost analysis.

40-813

Wet slab instability.

Kattelmann, R., International Snow Science Workshop, Aspen, CO, Oct. 24-27, 1984. Proceedings, Aspen, CO, ISSW Workshop Committee, [1984], p.102-108, 45 refs.

Avaianche formation, Wet snow, Shear strength, Snow cover stability, Snow water content, Snow slides, Avalanche forecasting, Drainage, Water retention.

40-814

Avalanche forecast: experience using nearest neighbours.

Buser, O., et al, International Snow Science Workshop, Aspen, CO, Oct. 24-27, 1984. Proceedings, Aspen, CO, ISSW Workshop Committee, [1984], p.109-115, 12 refs. Good. W

Avalanche forecasting, Avalanche formation, Statistical analysis, Models.

40-815
Engineer and practitioner: a combined effort in avalanche hazard forecasting.
Harrison, W.L., et al, International Snow Science Workshop, Aspen, CO, Oct. 24-27, 1984. Proceedings, Aspen, CO, ISSW Workshop Committee, [1984], p.116-123, 6 refs.
Wiegele, M.

Avalanche forecasting, Snow cover stability, Avalanche engineering, Weather forecasting, Computer applications, Slope orientation, Snow depth, Snow density, Shear strength, Temperature gradients, Tensile properties.

40-816

Strength comparisons between avalanche and nonavalanche snowpacks.
Ferguson, S.A., International Snow Science Work-

shop, Aspen, CO, Oct. 24-27, 1984 Proceedings, Appen, CO, ISSW Workshop Committee, [1984], p.124-128, 24 refs.

Avalanche mechanics, Snow strength, Snow cover stability, Stresses, Fracturing, Snow cover structure, Tensile properties.

40-817

Periodic patterns in snow stability: update October 1984.

Lev, P., International Snow Science Workshop, Aspen, CO, Oct. 24-27, 1984. Proceedings, Aspen, CO, ISSW Workshop Committee, [1984], p.129-132, 2 refs.

Snow cover stability, Avalanche formation, Avalanche forecasting, Statistical analysis, Theories, Tides, Temperature gradients, Lunar phases.

Avaianche hazard and the solunar cycle

Sommerfeld, R.A., et al, International Snow Science Workshop, Aspen, CO, Oct. 24-27, 1984. Proceedings, Aspen, CO, ISSW Workshop Committee, [1984], p.133-136, 7 refs. Bowles, J.R.

Avalanche formation, Snow cover stability, Slope stability, Accidents, Diurnal variations, Solar activity, Lunar phases.

40-819

Remote instrumentation for avalanche warning sys-

tems and snow cover monitoring.
Gubler, H., International Snow Science Workshop,
Aspen, CO, Oct. 24-27, 1984. Proceedings, Aspen,
CO, ISSW Workshop Committee, [1984], p.137-

Avalanche forecasting, Remote sensing, Warning systems, Snow depth, Snow water equivalent, Snow stratigraphy, Measuring instruments.

40-820

Weather and snow observations for avalanche forecasting: an evaluation of errors in measurement and interpretation.

Marriott, R.T., et al, International Snow Science Workshop, Aspen, CO, Oct. 24-27, 1984. Proceedings, Aspen, CO, ISSW Workshop Committee, 1984, p. 145-154, 11 refs. Moore, M.B.

Avalanche forecasting, Snow accumulation, Snow water equivalent, Snow cover stability, Precipitation gages, Weather observations, Accuracy, Wind factors, Temperature measurement.

Snowpack patterns in the alpine tundra Niwot Ridge, Front Range, Colorado.

Halfpenny, J.C., et al, International Snow Science Workshop, Aspen, CO, Oct. 24-27, 1964. Proceedings, Aspen, CO, ISSW Workshop Committee. ings, Aspen, CO, ISSW [1984], p.155-160. Pollak, O.D., Hefferman, M.

Avalanche forecasting, Snow cover stability, Alpine tundra, Topographic features, Snow depth, Monitors, Snow melting, Vegetation, Wind factors, Snow mechanics, Snow accumulation, United States—Colorado-Niwot Ridge.

Avalanche detection through seismic technique.

Lafeuille, J., et al, International Snow Science Workshop, Aspen, CO, Oct. 24-27, 1984. Proceedings, Aspen, CO, ISSW Workshop Committee, [1984], p.161-166, 3 refs.
Danielou, Y.

Avalanche formation, Avalanche forecasting, Avalanche mechanics, Detection, Seismic surveys, Moni-

Use of time lapse photography to monitor avalanche activity and snow behavior.

McPherson, H.J., et al, International Snow Science Workshop, Aspen, CO, Oct. 24-27, 1984. Proceedings, Aspen, CO, ISSW Wakshop Committee, (1984), p.167-171, 17 refs. De Scally, F., Gardner, J.S.

Avalanche formation, Avalanche tracks, Photographic reconnaissance, Snow cover stability, Slope stabilitv. Monitors.

Helicopter skiing-operations and agency administration.

Wingle, H.P., International Snow Science Workshop, Aspen, CO, Oct. 24-27, 1984. Proceedings, Aspen, CO, ISSW Workshop Committee, [1984], p.172-

Avalanche forecasting, Helicopters, Skis, Protection, Legislation, Safety.

New classification system for the seasonal snow cov-

er. Colbeck, S.C., MP 1921, International Snow Science Workshop Aspen, CO, Oct. 24-27, 1984. Proceedings, Aspen, CO, ISSW Workshop Committee, 1984₁, p 179-181, 3 refs.

Snow crystal structure, Metamorphism (snow), Snow

water content. Preeze thaw cycles. Classifications. Ice crystal growth, Snow melting, Snow cover, Grain size.

size.

It is necessary to assign terms to snow crystals so that we can refer to them at any time. TCSI (1954) suggested five classes of snow crystals but many important types of crystals were not included. Sommerfeld (1969) and then Sommerfeld and La-Chapelle (1970) suggested a classification based on processes because, if the processes could be correctly identified, information would be provided about both crystal shapes and metamorphic processes. Unfortunately, many of the names used equitemperature, temperature gradient, and melt-freeze can misrepresent the processes responsible for generating those shapes. Other terms are suggested here in hopes of correctly describing snow crystals. Only the major categories are dealt with here, a more detailed classification will be published later

40-826 Observations of snow structure.

Perla, R., et al, International Snow Science Workshop, Aspen, CO, Oct. 24-27, 1984. Proceedings, Aspen, CO, ISSW Workshop Committee, {1984}, p.182-187, 17 refs.

Snow crystal structure, Ice crystal structure, Unfrozen water content, Air entrainment, Solid phases, Liquid phases, Gas inclusions, Equipment, Stereophotography.

40-827

Observations on the growth process and strength

characteristics of surface hoar. Lang, R.L., et al, International Snow Science Work-Shop, Aspen, CO, Oct. 24-27, 1984. Proceedings, Aspen, CO, ISSW Workshop Committee, [1984], p.188-195, 11 refs. Leo, B.R., Brown, R.L.

Hoarfrost, Snow surface, Ice crystal structure, Snow crystal structure, Heat loss, Temperature gradients, Shear strength, Mechanical tests, Cloud cover.

Snow redistribution from fetch to starting zone. Hartman, H., International Snow Science Workshop, Aspen, CO, Oct. 24-27, 1984. Proceedings, Aspen, CO, ISSW Workshop Committee, [1984], p.196-197.

Snow cover distribution. Avalanche formation, Topographic features, Precipitation (meteorology), Mountains, Wind velocity, Snow water equivalent, Meteorological factors.

40.879

Goat Lick Bridge avalanches of 1979 and 1982.

Martinelli, M., Jr., International Snow Science Workshop, Aspen, CO, Oct. 24-27, 1984. Proceedings, As-

snop, Aspen, CO, Oct. 24-27, 1984. Proceedings, Aspen, CO, ISSW Workshop Committee, [1984], p.198-207, 5 refs.

Avalanche deposits, Bridges, Roads, Velocity, Damage, Avalanche tracks, Mountains, Aerial surveys, Countermeasures, Wet snow, United States—Montains, Countermeasures, Wet snow, United States—Montains, Countermeasures, Parkeys, Parkey tana-Glacier National Park.

Effects of soluble saits on the unfrozen water contents of the Lanzhou, PRC, silt.

Tice, A.R., et al, Journal of glaciology and geocryology, June 1985, 7(2), MP 1933, p.99-109, In Chinese with English summary. 20 refs. For English version sec 39-2916.

Zhu, Y., Oliphant, J.L.

Unfrozen water content. Frozen ground physics, Saline soils, Electrical resistivity, Soil chemistry.

Phase composition curves are presented for a typical saline silt from Lanzhou and compared to some silts from Alaska. The unfrozen water content of the Chinese silt is much higher than the Alaskan silts. This higher amount is due to the large amount of scluble salts present in the silts from China which are not present in the silts from interior Alaska. When the salts are not present in the silts from interior Alaska. When the salts are removed, the unfro en water contents are then similar for the Chinese and Alaskan silts. We have introduced a technique for correcting the unfrozen water content of partially frozen soils due to high salt concentrations. This correction is possible by calculating the modality of the unfrozen water at each temperature from a measurement of the electrical conductivity of the extract of a saturated paste.

Water migration in unsaturated frozen morin clay under linear temperature gradients.

Xu, X., et al, Journal of glaciology and geocryology June 1985, 7(2), MP 1934, p.111-122, 14 refs., 1 Chinese with English summary.
Oliphant, J.L., Tice, A.R.
Soll water migration, Clay soils, Frozen ground phy-

sics, Saturation, Temperature gradients.

Observation and experiment on inner flow characteristics of Glacier No. 1 and in the Urumqi River headwaters. Tianshan.

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Soviet glaciological studies were conducted in the Caucasus, Central Asia, Siberia and Antarctica. The sled-caterpillar vehicle expedition, from Mirnyy Station to Dome B was organ-ized by the U.S.S.R. Arctic and Antarctic Scientific Research ized by the U.S.S.R. Arctic and Antarctic Scientific Research Institute, the purpose being radar measurements of ice flow rates, which showed 0.2 m per year near the ice-apread or after. Drilling of a new deep well began at the Vostok Statior so far reaching 240 m. Geophysical studies continued in a well 2083 m deep and included ice structure to 1415 m, ice crystal forms and air inclusions. Ice shores, in the Molodezhnaya Station area, were searched for possible mooring places and a new site for an airport for heavier planes. Drill corea from Komsomolskaya Station and Ross glacier were analyzed jointly with American scientists at New York State University, Buffalo, N.Y. Continuing research studies included bottom melting of the Antarctic ice sheet, icoberg melting during transportation, ice budget of the East Antarctic ice-accumulation basin and the cryogenic processes at glacier bases.

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Grakovich, V.F., Kuznetsov, M.P., Tarceva, A.M. Glacier ice, Glacier alimentation, Mapping, Charts, Computer applications, Data processing, USSR—

Problems of drilling deep wells in central parts of

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Ice drills, Ice coring drills, Thermal drills, Drilling, fluids, Glaciers, Ice sheets, Antarctica—Vostok Sta-

tion. New equipment and technology for drilling 4000 m boreholes were occupied by the Jennagas Mitting historic, for comperatures of upper ice layers reaching -50 and -60 C. Thermodrill TELGA-14M and a mobile drilling rig for "dry" holes were used in central areas of Antarctica to maximum drilling depth of 430 m, producing high-quality cores. For filled boreholes, the electric thermodrills TBZS-152M and TBS-112 VCh were designed. Water was removed by circulating water-repellent liquids, which also permitted to preserve boreholes for more than 2 years when filled. Thermodrill parameters and properties of filling liquids are tabulated. New technology made it possible to drill the 2083.7 m hole at Vostok Station and to plan further drilling down to the glacier bed.

Basic results of geophysical studies of deep boreholes and ice cores in eastern Antarctica. (Osnovnye rezul'taty geofizicheskikh issledovanii glubokikh skvazhin i ledianogo kerna v Vostochnoi Antarktide), Vostretsov, R.N., et al, Akademiia nauk SSSR. Interest of the control of the cont stitut geografii. Materialy gliatsiologicheskikh is-sledovanii, 1984, Vol.51, p.172-178, In Russian. 9

Ice cores, Drill core analysis, Boreholes, Geophysical surveys, Ice physics, Acoustic measurements, Dielectric properties.

Results of combined geophysical studies in wells, drilled to a depth of 2000 m on the Mirnyy-Vostok-1 radial profile, are discussed and illustrated by graphic presentation of ice-core analysis data

40-872

Quantitative characteristics of ice structure, down to 1400 m in the Vostok Station area, Antarctica. (Kolichestvennaia kharakteristika struktury l'da do glubiny 1400 m. v rajone stantsii Vostok v Antarktidej, Barkov, N.I., et al, Akademiia nauk SSSR. Institut geografii. Materialy gliatsiologicheskikh is-sledovanii, 1984, Vol.51, p.178-186, In Russian with 9 refs. English summary. Lipenkov, V.1A

lcc structure, Glacier ice, Ice sheets, Ice formation, Ice crystal size, Ice crystal structure, Impurities, Bubbles, Gas inclusions, Paleoclimatology, Antarctica-Vostok Station.

It is shown that structural parameters of glacier ice contain genetic information that can be used in paleoclimatic reconstructions, particularly those with vertical variations in ice cross-sections reflecting chmatic changes. Ice structure was studied in core samples down to a Jepth of 1400 m, obtained studied in core samples down to a depth of 1400 m, obtained in 1980 at the Vosiok Station. Forms, quantities and sizes of gas inclusions and ice grains, determining density of ice, form systems of words differing in form complexity, are related to ice formation conditions and are distinguishable from changes caused by dynamic metamorphism. Measurements and computation results are tabulated and illustrated graphically

Evaluating paleoclimatic conditions of ice cover formation from geothermal measurements in deep wells.

Otsenka paleoklimaticheskikh uslovit formirovaniia lednikovogo pokrova po dannym geotermicheskikh iz-merenii v glubokikh skvazhinakh_i,

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merenil v glubokikh skvazhinakh, Putikov, O.F., et al, Akademia nauk SSSR. Institut reografii. Materialy gliatsiologicheskikh is-sledovanii, 1984, Vol.51, p.186-191, In Russian with English summary 4 refs Vostretsov, R.N., Dmitriev, D.N. Ice cores, Paleoclimatology, Ice physics, Drili core analysis, Data processing, Ice thermal properties, Analysis (mathematics), Antarctica.

Analysis (mathematics), Antarctica.

Paleoclimatic conditions during the formation of the Antarctic account are discussed on the basis of comparison of theoretical acc temperature fields to observational data received from the Vostok Station well, down to 900 m. Results are mathematically described in a differential equation, the simplified formulation and solution of which are presented. It is concluded that the 5-degree centigrade air temperature increase at the ice cover center fifteen thousand years ago, was associated with ice accumulation increase by 30-40 percent.

Variation of the oxygen-18 isotope and Cl ion in ice cores of Vestfonna, Nordanstlandet. ¡Variatsii isoto-pa O-18 i Cl v lednikovom kerne zapadnogo ledianogo

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English summary 8 refs.

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Ice cores, Drill core analysis, Isotope analysis, Chemical analysis, Oxygen isotopes, Ion density

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Formation of chemical composition of congelation ice. rFaktory formirovanija khimicheskogo sostava konz-

heliatsionnykh l'dov₃, Ivanov, A.V., Akademiia nauk SSSR Institut geografii. Materialy gliatsiologicheskikh issledovanh, 1984, Vol.51, p.195-201, In Russian with English sum-28 refs.

Glaciology, Ice formation, Ice composition, Chemical composition, Mathematical models.

Hydrochemistry of glaciers in the Caucasus and pos sibilities of evaluating chemical and isotope composi-tion of atmospheric precipitation of the past. [Gi-drokhimia lednikov Kavkaza i vozmozhnost' otsenki khimicheskogo i izotopnogo sostava atmosfernykh osadkov proshlogoj, Supatashvili, G.D., Akademiia nauk SSSR.

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Alpine glaciation, Ice formation, Chemical composition, Isotope analysis.

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Geochemical peculiarities of ice domes on Arctic is lands. [Geokhimicheskie osobennosti lednikovykh pokrovov arkticheskikh ostrovov₁, Korzun, A.V., et al, Akademiia nauk SSSR.

Institut sledovanii, 1984, Vol.51, p.206-215, In Russian with English summary. 7 refs

Air pollution, Land ice, Ice composition, Alpine land-scapes, Chemical composition, Snow cover distribution, Snow composition.

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Purpose and contents of avalanche maps at different stages of engineering investigations. [Naznachenie i soderzhanie kart lavinnot opasnosti na raznykh eta-

pakh inzhenernykh izyskanij.
Zolotarev, E.A., et al, Akademiia nauk 555K. Institut geografii. Materialy gliatsiologicheskikh isseledovanii, 1984, Vol.51, p.216-223, In Russian with English summary 12 refs. Dziuba V V

Avalanche engineering, Maps, Avalanche triggering, cations.

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Method of quantitative evaluation of massive ice frac-

turation. (Metod kolichestvennot otsenki tresh-chinovatosti ledianykh massivov), Ivanov, A.I., Akademiia nauk SSSR. Institut geo-grafii Materialy gliatsiologicheskikh issledovanh, 1984, Vol.51, p. 224-230, In Russian with English sum-9 refs.

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Ice cracks, Ice cover strength, Practure zones, Cracking (fracturing), Crack propagation, Analysis (math-

Development of a standard snow surveying method. (Usovershenstvovanie metoda normal'not snegos' emkij,

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Snow surveys, Snow cover distribution, Snow depth,

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Studying bioirdications of moraine-stages in central Tlen Shan. [Bioindikatsionnye issledovanna stadial'-nykh moren Tsentral'nogo Tian'-Shania], Solomina, O.N., Akademiia nauk SSSR. Institut geo-

nykn moren (sentral'nogo Tian'-Shania), Solomina, O.N., Akademiia nauk SSSR. Institut geo-grafii Materialy gliatsiologicheskikh issledovanh, 1984, Vol.51, p.234-240, In Russian with English sum-mary. 17 refs.

Glacial deposits, Moraines, Age determination, Vegetation factors.

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Ice accretion at the lower surface of ice shelves. (Namerzanie l'da u nizhnet poverkhnosti shel fovykh lednikovj, Rajkovskit, IU.V., Akademiia nauk SSSR. Institu

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water. Sea ice distribution.

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Air inclusions as genetic indications of primary sedimentary-metamorphic ice. ¿Vozdushnye vkliu-cheniia kak geneticheskii priznak pervichnykh osa-

dochno-metamorficheskikh l'dov₁,
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Glacier ice, Ice composition, Impurities, Bubbles, Ice

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Chemical admixtures in the Marakh Giacier and their relation to ice-formation processes. Khimicheskic primesi v lednike Marukh i ikh sviaz' s protsessami

printesi v tednike Maruki i ini.
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Dubinskaia, N.M., et al, Akademia nauk SSSR. Institut geografii. Materialy gliatsiologicheskikh issledovanh, 1984, Vol.51, p.250-253, In Russian with English summary. 6 refs Filitsiian E.S.

Ice formation, Glacier ice, Impurities, Ice composition, Chemical composition, Admixtures.

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tors, Antarctica—Vostok Station.

The recovery of a 2083 m ice core at Vostok Station is discussed, together with the core's isotope profile and its importance for the reconstruction of past global climate, ice volume and ocean levels over a full glacial cycle. It is suggested that the difference between present day and interglacial oxygenisotope values could be interpreted as indicating that the surface elevation around Vostok was about 300-350 m lower during the interglacial than now.

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Strength development of concrete cured under Arctic Sea conditions.

Aitcin, P.-C., et al, American Society for Testing and Materials. Special technical publication, 1985, No.858, p.3-20, 3 refs. Cheung, M.S., Shah, V.K.

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Reinforced concretes, Concrete strength, Cooling towers, Concrete curing, Winter concreting, Temperature effects, Safety.

40-901

Paleoclimate analysis and modeling. Hecht, A.D., ed, New York, John Wiley & Sons, 1985, 445p., Refs. passim. For selected papers see 40-902 through 40-904 or F-32602, I-32599 through I-32601,

and I-32603.
Paleoclimatology, Ice dating, Snow cover distribution.

This collection of papers is a response to the need for an assessment of the databases upon which information about past climates has evolved, and of the techniques by which that information can be refined, from each of several principal categories of climate-recording media

40-902

Paleoclimatology: a retrospective of the past 20 PERTS.

years.

Hecht, A.D., Paleoclimate analysis and modeling.

Edited by A.D. Hecht, New York, John Wiley & Sons,

1985, p.1-25, 60 refs.

DLC QC884.P35

Paleoclimatology, Climatic changes, Ice dating, Ice

The following developments, considered to have opened broad er opportunities in paleochimate research and to represent the major advances in the past 20 years, are discussed development of isotopic geochemical techniques and accurately dated stratig-raphy, methodologies for reconstruction of past ocean and continental temperatures; reconstruction of ice age geography, atmospheric and ocean general circulation models and simulation of ice age climate, theory of plate tectonics; ice core drilling and analysis techniques, and documentation of orbital effects on

40.003

Climate studies in ocean cores.

Ruddiman, W.F., Paleoclimate analysis and modeling. Edited by A.D. Hecht, New York, John Wiley & Sons, 1985, p.197-257, 145 refs. DLC QC884.P35

Ice models, Paleoclimatology, Ice volume.

Studies are reviewed of the earth's climatic history on an ice age time scale, with deep-sea cores as multi-channel climatic recorders. Two climate-related signals are emphasized, the glocorders. Two climate-related signals are emphasized the glo-bal ice volume, and local sea-surface temperature. Among nu-merous maps and charts, one, relating to a study of the Late Quaternary climatic history of the Antarctic, shows plots of 3 parameters measured in a subantarctic Indian Ocean core from planktonic foraminifera and radiolaria oxygen isotopic composition, estimated summer sea surface temperature, and percent of Cycladophora davisiana in radiolarian fauna

Snow and ice data.

Barry, R.G., Paleoclimate analysis and modeling. Edited by A.D. Hecht, New York, John Wiley & Sons, 1985, p.259-290, 146 refs.

DLC QC884.P35

Climate. Ice cover. Sea ice distribution. Snow cover distribution.

Discussed are studies on the role of ice and snow in the climate system based on stratigraphic evidence of past accumulations, and studies on the short-term interactions between snow and ice phenomena and atmospheric circulation. The principal paleoclimatic results obtained from ice core records are summarized.

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Glacial sedimentary environments.
Ashley, G.M., ed, Society of Economic Paleontologists and Mineralogists. SEPM short course No.16,

Ashley, G.M., ed, Society of Economic Paleontologists and Mineralogists. SEPM short course No.16, Tulsa, OK, SEPM, 1985, 246p., Refs. passim. Shaw, J., ed, Smith, N.D., ed. Glacial deposits, Periglacial processes, Paleoclimatology, Glacial hydrology, Sedimentation, Glacier mass balance, Topographic features, Meltwater, Glacier flow, Ice sheets, Glacier beds.

40-906

Shallow snow performance of tracked vehicle

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Tracked vehicles, Snow density, Snow compaction, Snow cover, Snow melting, Snow depth, Loads (forces), Shear strength, Trafficability.

Fluorescence study on characterization of liquid do-

mains formed in a frozen acetone-water mixture. Kano, K., et al, Journal of physical chemistry, Aug. 15, 1985, 89(17), p.3748-3752, 20 refs. Zhou, B., Hashimoto, S

Freezing, Water chemistry, Liquid phases, Lumines-cence, Spectra, Ice cystals, Unfrozen water content, Temperature effects, Molecular structure.

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Possible new criterion for accretion of ice on overhead conductors.

Havard, D.G., Ontario hydro research quarterly, Third quarter, 1973, 25(3), p.1-6, 15 refs. Power line icing, Ice accretion, Ice loads, Snow ac-

cumulation, Ice cover thickness, Transmission lines, Glaze.

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Mustard, J.N., et al, Ontario hydro research quarterly, First quarter, 1976, 28(1), p.11-19, 9 refs.

Winter concreting, Cold weather construction, Thermal stresses, Thermal insulation, Damage, Frost action, Temperature gradients.

Internal stresses in frozen ground.

Williams, P.J., et al, Canadian geotechnical journal, Aug. 1985, 22(3), p.413-416, 7 refs. Wood, J.A.

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Icing on submerged tubes: a study of occlusion. Lock, G.S.H., et al, International journal of heat and mass transfer, Sep. 1985, 28(9), p.1689-1698, With French, German and Russian summaries. 5 refs. Kaiser, T.M.V.

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Phase transition of cubic ice Ic. Minagawa, I., Physical Society of Japan. Journal, Apr. 1985, 54(4), p.1610-1614, 7 refs. ubic ice, Ice physics, Ice crystal structure, Phase

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Thermal insulation of pipelines for petroleum products and reservoirs. (Teplovaia izoliatsiia nefte-produktoprovodov i rezervuarovi.

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40-916

Microwave radiometry of earth's surface features. [Mikrovolnovaia radiometrija zemnykh pokrovov], Bogorodskii, V.V., et al, Leningrad, Gidrometeoizdat, 1985, 272p., In Russian with English table of contents enclosed. 97 refs. enclosed. Kozlov, A.I.

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table of contents enclosed. Refs. p.108-109.
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Thermal insulation.

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Saturation, Thermal properties, Hydrates.

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ers, Permafrost hydrology, Active layer, Permafrost beneath rivers, Lakes, Discharge, Permafrost control, Runoff, Environmental impact, Ground water, Economic development, Environmental protection.

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40-923

Analysis of changes in the Vilyuy River regime induced by flow control by the power plant's reservoir. (Analiz izmeneniia rezhima reki Viliul posle zaregulirovanija stoka vodokhranilishchem GES₁, Nogovitavn. D.D. av al. Allandishchem GES₂,

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grafirovanii zasnezhennosti territorii, Ushakova, L.A., et al, Leningrad. Gosudarstvenny! nauchno-issledovateľ skil tsentr izuchenija prirodnykh resursov. Trudy, 1985, Vol.23, p.97-110, In Russian.

Permitina, L.I., Tishchenko, A.P.

Spaceborne photography, Radar photography, Maps, Snow cover distribution, Snow depth, Albedo, Snow physics.

40-926

Loads on mine-shaft timbering and the stress-strain state of massive rocks induced by freezing and lowering of the water table. (O nagruzhennosti krepi stvo-lov i napriazhenno-deformirovannom sostoianii massiva porod pod vlijanjem zamorazhivanija i vodoponiz-

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MIZEX past operations and future plans.

Horn, D.A., et al, Arctic Oceanography Conference and Workshop, Hattiesburg, MS, June 11-14, 1985. Proceedings, U.S. Department of the Navy, 1985, p.1-

Johnson, C.L.

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40-930

Remote sensing for polar icebreaker navigation in sea

Hayes, R.M., Arctic Oceanography Conference and Workshop, Hattiesburg, MS, June 11-14, 1985. Pro-ceedings, U.S. Department of the Navy, 1985, p.15-24,

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Oceanography, Remote sensing, Ice navigation.

40-932

Airborne gravity measurement system for use in the Arctic.

Brozena, J.M., Arctic Oceanography Conference and Workshop, Hattiesburg, MS, June 11-14, 1985. Pro-ceedings, U.S. Department of the Navy, 1985, p.30-33,

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40-933

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acoustic and environmental data.

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Subglacial observations, Telemetering equipment, Acoustics, Remote sensing, Ice cover effect, Oceanography, Wave propagation.

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Ice islands, Ice mechanics, Offshore structures, Wind factors, Ice pressure, Pack ice.

40-936

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Logistics, Floating structures, Remote sensing, Meteorological data, Oceanography, Telemetering equipment, Ships, Airplanes, Buoys.

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Ice physics, Acoustic measurement, Backscattering, Ice models, Wave propagation.

40-939

Simulation model for high-frequency underice acous-

Simulation model for high-frequency underice acoustic backscattering. Bishop, G.C., et al, Arctic Oceanography Conference and Workshop, Hattiesburg, MS, June 11-14, 1985. Proceedings, U.S. Department of the Navy, 1985, p.71-79, 7 refs. Subglacial observations, Pack ice, Acoustic measurement, Backscattering, Wave propagation, Ice models, Analysis (mathematics).

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measurement, Wave propagation, Reflection, Ice
cover thickness, Snow cover effect, Models.

Use of penetrators to estimate the properties of ice in

Yew, C.H., Arctic Oceanography Conference and Workshop, Hattiesburg, MS, June 11-14, 1985. Proceedings, U.S. Department of the Navy, 1985, p.90-95,

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40-942

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Acoustic measurement, Ocean bottom, Bottom sediment, Geophysical surveys, Models, Sediments, Underwater acoustics, Arctic Ocean.

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Under-ice ambient noise variations as related to ob-

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Lewis, J.K., et al, Arctic Oceanography Conference and Workshop, Hattiesburg, MS, June 11-14, 1985.
Proceedings, U.S. Department of the Navy, 1985, p.111-113, 1 ref. p.111-113, 1 r Denner, W.W.

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Beaufort Sea.
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Underwater acoustics, Sound transmission, Wave propagation, Offshore drilling, Marine biology, Economic development, Seismic surveys, Beaufort Sea.

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Tango, G. Ice acoustics, Ice water interface, Wave propagation, Acoustics, Reflection, Sound transmission, Ice cover thickness, Ice models.

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40.949

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Curious plumes from Bennett Island.

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Clark, J., Matson, M.

Natural gas, Infrared photography, Sea ice, Remote sensing, Water temperature, Sea water, Temperature, LANDSAT, USSR—Bennett Island.

Frequency-domain electromagnetic ice-sounding.

Won, I.J., et al, Arctic Oceanography Conference and Workshop, Hattiesburg, MS, June 11-14, 1985. Pro-ceedings, U.S. Department of the Navy, 1985, p.167refs. Smits, K

Sounding, Vave propagation, Ice water interface, Sea water, Mathematical models, Electrical resistivity.

40-952

Radiometric imagery of sea ice.

Hollinger, J.P., et al. Arctic Oceanography Conference and Workshop, Hattiesburg, MS, June 11-14, 1985. Proceedings, U.S. Department of the Navy, 1985, p.173-177, 5 refs. Keller, M.R.

Sea Ice distribution, Radiometry, Microwaves, Ice edge, Ice conditions, Ice mechanics, Variations, Map-

40-953

Remote sensing of the marginal ice zone during MIZEX 83 and 84.

Shuchman, R.A., et al, Arctic Oceanography Conference and Workshop, Hattiesburg, MS, June 11-14, 1985. Proceedings, U.S. Department of the Navy, 1985, p.178-189, 16 refs.

Ice edge, Sea ice distribution, Remote sensing, Ice conditions, Oceanography, Microwaves, Airborne radar. Marine meteorology

40-954

Some results of the MIZEX-West ice observation

Muench, R.D., et al, Arctic Oceanography Conference and Workshop, Hattiesburg, MS, June 11-14, 1985. Proceedings, U.S. Department of the Navy, 1985, 13 refs.

p. 190-197, 13 refs.
Cavalieri, D.J., Stegen, G.R.
Ice surveys, Sea ice distribution, Oceanography,
Meteorological data, Remote sensing, Thermal imagery, Ice conditions, Ice edge, Ice mechanics, Infrared photography.

Variations in the Bering Sea ice coverage related to large-scale atmospheric circulation patterns. Englebretson, R.E., Arctic Oceanography Conference

and Workshop, Hattiesburg, MS, June 11-14, 1985. Proceedings, U.S. Department of the Navy, 1985, p.198-204, 9 refs. Sea Ice distribution, Atmospheric circulation, Statistical analysis, Variations, Charts, Bering Sea.

40-956

Method for determining sea ice type and inferred ice thickness distributions from aerial photographs.

Farmer, L.D., et al, Arctic Oceanography Conference and Workshop, Hattiesburg, MS, June 11-14, 1985. Proceedings, U.S. Department of the Navy, 1985, p.205-21

Eppler, D.T.

Sea ice distribution, Ice physics, Ice cover thickness, Ice conditions, Aerial surveys, Albedo, Icebergs, Photography.

40-957

Pressure ridge morphology and physical properties of

rressure ridge morphology and physical properties of sea ice in the Greenland Sea.

Tucker, W.B., et al, MP 1935, Arctic Oceanography Conference and Workshop, Hattiesburg, MS, June 11-14, 1985. Proceedings, U.S. Department of the Navy, 1985, p.214-223, 13 refs.

Gow, A.J., Weeks, W.F.

Pressure ridges, Ice structure, Ice physics, Sea ice, Salinity, Grounded ice, Ice crystal structure, Ice floes Greenland Sea.

floes, Greenland Sea.

floes, Greenland Sea.

Field investigations of pressure ridge sails have shown that ridge height is limited by the thickness of the ice that deformed. Sail height and width can be conveniently expressed as functions of the thickness of the ice blocks contained in the ridge. Surface dimensions of the blocks are also related to ice thickness. Ridge height may be determined by the ability of the parent sheet to support the loading imposed by the ridge or by the type of failure occurring. Some insight into the structure of ridge keels may result from detailed study of the sails. The physical properties of sea tee in the Fram Strait region of the Greenland Sea were examined as part of the MIZEX field program in 1984. The properties measured at each sampling site included salinity, temperature, thickness, crystal structure and snow depth. The measured salinities agreed well with those measured elsewhere in the Arctic during summer. Crystal texture analysis indicated that about 75% of the ice consisted of columnar type crystal structure. The remaining 25% consisted of granular ice.

Coherence estimates of under-ice profiles in the I caufort Sea; an Indicator of three dimensional struc ares. Levine, E.R., et al, Arctic Oceanography Conference and Workshop, Hatriesburg, MS, June 11-14, 1985. Proceedings, U.S. Department of the Navy, 1985, p.224-240, 14 refs. Overdeep, S.E., Connors, D.N.

Ice bottom surface, Subglacial observations, Pressure ridges, Acoustic measurement, Profiles, Ice cover thickness, Wave propagation, Beaufort Sea.

Number of elastic constants of sea ice.

Floyd, E.R., et al, Arctic Oceanography Conference and Workshop, Hattiesburg, MS, June 11-14, 1985. Proceedings, U.S. Department of the Navy, 1985, p.241-243, 5 refs.

Markham, B.L.

Ice elasticity, Sea ice, Ice crystal structure, Analysis (mathematics), Stratification.

40-960

Mechanical properties of multi-year pressure ridge samples.

Richter-Menge, J.A., MP 1936, Arctic Oceanography Conference and Workshop, Hattiesburg, MS, June 1 14, 1985. Proceedings, U.S. Department of the Navy, 1985, p.244-251, 19 refs.

ressure ridges, Ice mechanics, Compressive prop ties, Tensile properties, Ice density, Mechanical tests, Salinity.

Over 500 laboratory tests have recently been completed on ice over 500 laboratory tests may be recently been configured on the Alas-kan Beaufort Sea. Tests were performed in uniaxial constant-strain-rate compression and tension and in confined compresstrain-rate compression and rension and in continued compres-sion. The tests were conducted at two temperatures, 5 and -20 C, and four strain rates ranging from 1/100 to 1/100,000/s. This discussion summarizes the sample preparation and testing techniques used in the investigation and presents data on the compressive, tensile and confined compressive strength of mul-ti-year ridge samples. This information is necessary for design-ing arctic structures and vessels that must withstand the impact multi-year pressure ridge

Experience with a biaxial ice stress sensor.

Cox, G.F.N., MP 1937, Arctic Oceanography Conference and Workshop. Hattiesburg, MS, June 11-14, 1985 Proceedings, U.S. Department of the Navy, 1985, p. 252-258, 10 refs.

Ice pressure, Ice strength, Stresses, Loads (forces),

Offshore structures, Ice mechanics, Ice loads, Tests, Sea ice. Ice navigation.

Sea Ice, Ice navigation.

A biaxial ice stress sensor has been developed to measure the magnitude and direction of the principal stresses in an ice sheet. Controlled laboratory tests indicate that the sensor has a resolution of 20 kPa and an accuracy of better than 10% under a variety of loading conditions. The sensor has been successfully used to measure thermal ice pressures in lakes and ice loads on a caisson-retained island in the Beaufort Sea.

Numerical simulation of sea ice induced gouges on the

shelves of the pol/x oceans.

Weeks, W.F., et al, MP 1938, Arctic Oceanography
Conference and Workshop, Hattiesburg, MS, June 1114, 1985. Proceedings, U.S. Department of the
Navy, 1985, p.259-265, 16 refs. Tucker, W.B.

Ice scoring, Computer programs, Mathematical models, Ice shelves, Sea ice, Sediment transport, Ocean bottom, Distribution, Statistical analysis, Stratigraphy, Ocean currents.

phy. Ocean currents.

A simulation model for sea ice-induced gouges on the shelves of the polar seas is developed by assuming that the annual occurrence of new gouges is given by a Poisson distribution, the locations of the gouges are random, and the distribution of gouge depths is specified by an exponential distribution. Once a gouge is formed it is infilled by assuming a sediment input based on stratigraphic considerations and by calculating bedload transport using methods from sediment transport theory if currents are sufficient to transport sediment, rapid infilling of gouges occurs. In that these threshold currents are small for typical grain sizes, this suggests that the gouging record commonly represents only a few tens of years. monly represents only a few tens of years

40-963

Cryospheric data management system for special sen-Cryospheric data management system for special sensor microwave imager DMSP data: a status report. Weaver, R., Arctic Oceanography Conference and Workshop, Hattiesburg, MS, June 11-14, 1985. Proceedings, U.S. Department of the Navy, 1985, p.266-270, 11 refs.

Sea ice distribution, Microwaves, Remote sensing, Research projects, Humidity, Pre (meteorology), Soil water, Oceanography. Precipitation

Joint ice center capabilities and limitations in sea ice

analysis and forecasting.

Rosner, H.S., Arctic Oceanography Conference and Workshop, Hattiesburg, MS, June 11-14 1985. Proceedings, U.S. Department of the Navy, 1985, p.271-

Sea ice distribution, Ice conditions, Remote sensing, Ice surveys, Ice forecasting, Microwaves, Aerial surveys, Seasonal variations, Organizations.

40.965

Determination and forecasting of road surface temperature in the Cost 30 Automatic Road Station (CARS).

Nysten, E., Finnish Meteorological Institute, Helsinki. Technical report, Mar. 1980, No.23, 32p., 12 refs. Roads, Surface temperature, Road icing, Snow cover effect, Heat flux, Forecasting, Mathematical models, Computer applications, Trafficability.

All-Union conference on the problems of soil cryo-genesis, 4th, Vorkuta, Aug. 7-9, 1985. Abstracts.

(Tezisy dokladov), Vessoiuznaia konferentsiia po problemam pochvennogo kriogeneza, 4th, Vorkuta, Aug. 7-9, 1985, Syktyvkar, 1985, 101p., In Russian with English table of contents enclosed. Zaboeva, I.V., ed.

Paleoclimatology, Permafrost origin, Hydrothermal processes, Environmental protection, Cryogenic soils, Microclimatology, Permafrost distribution, Tundra, Theories, Human factors, Taiga, Soil formation, Deserts, Permafrost physics, Forest tundra.

40.067

Modification of river flow in southern Siberia, Puti preobrazovanija rechnogo stoka na juge Sibirij, Nikolaev, V.A., ed, Novosibirsk, 1984, 137p., In Rus-For selected papers see 40-968 and 40-969. Refs nassim

Shore erosion, Electric power, Hydraulic structures, Permafrost beneath rivers, Flow control, Slope pro-ceases, Rivers, Avalanches, Thermal regime, Alpine landscapes, Lakes, Mudflows, Ice conditions, Rock streams.

Changes in thermal regime of the Yenisey and Ob rivers below the water reservoirs of the Krasnoyarsk and Novosibirsk power plants. [Izmenenie termi-cheskogo rezhima Eniscia i Obi nizhe vodokh-ranilishch Krasnojarskoi i Novosibirskoi GES],

raniishen Krasnoiarskol i Novosibirskol GFS₃, Orlova, G.A., Puti preobrazovaniia rechnogo stoka na iuge Sibiri (Modification of river flow in southern Siberia) edited by V.A. Nikolaev, Novosibirsk, 1984, p.23-39, In Russian I of refs.

Lakes, Water temperature, Rivers, Electric power, Permafrost beneath rivers, Ice conditions, Thermal regime, Hydraulic structures, Dams, Flow control. 40-969

Formation of shores of the Sayany water reservoir during the first stage of its filling. Formirovanie beregov Saianskogo vodokhranilishcha v pervuiu

Kuskovskii, V.S., Puti preobrazovaniia rechnogo stoka na juge Sibiri (Modification of river flow in southern Siberia) edited by V.A. Nikolaev, Novosibirsk, 1984, p.65-76, In Russian. 7 refs.

p.65-76, In Russian. 7 refs.
Reservoirs, Shore erosion, Slope processes, Shoreline modification, Mudflows, Alpine landscapes, Rock streams, Electric power, Ice erosion, Frost action. 40-970

Report of the Norwegian Antarctic Research Expedition (NARE) 1984/85.

ton (NARE) 1984/85.
Orheim, O., ed, Norsk Polarinstitut, Rapportserie, No.22, Oslo, Norsk Polarinstitut, 1985, 138p., For individual papers see 40-971 through 40-973 or A-32617, B-32619, B-32621, B-32633, C-32618, E-32620, E-32624 through E-32628, F-32630, I-32523 and 1-32629

Expeditions, Geology, Plants (botany), Sea ice, Ice shelves, Antarctica—Queen Maud Land.

shelves, Antarctica—Queen Maud Land.

The expedition involved 28 scientists working in Antarctica during January and February 1985, and this report contains 15 contributions from 22 of them. The first section presents a broad account of the expedition followed by papers on a variety of topics based on work done by a 10-person group at Camp Norway 5 and in the region of the Gjelsvik and Muhlig-Hofmann Mountains. The next section covers geological and geophysical work done from Camp Norway 6. The last part describes marine research done from the expedition vessel, K/V Andenes in the Weddell Sen. (Authinod.)

40-971

Meteorological and glaciological studies in Dronning

Maud Land. Gjessing, Y., Norsk Polarinstitut. Rapportserie, 1985, No.22, Norwegian Antarctic Research Expeditions, Publication No.78, p.63-66, 2 refs.

Microclimatology, Nunataks, Ice sheets, Mass bal-ance, Antarctica—Queen Maud Land.

A report is given of three studies conducted during NARE 84/85; studies of the microclimate in the vegetation on nunataks; a survey of the SO4/Na ratio and of the content of heavy metals in snow; studies of the energy and mass balance of the blue-toe area near Jutulsessen. Details of these studies are oublue-ice area near Jutulsessen

40.072

Marine geological studies on the Weddell Sea shelf. Solheim, A., et al, Norsk Polarinstitut. Rapportserie, 1985, No.22, Norwegian Antarctic Research Expeditions, Publication No.78, p.101-115, 14 refs. Kristoffersen, Y.

Marine geology, Sedimentation, Ice scoring, Ice bergs, Antarctica—Weddell Sea.

The southern Weddell Sea is identified as a key area to the understanding of the fragmentation of Gondwanaland and the

evolution of the Weddell Sea. In the furtherance of that underevolution of the wedgeti Sea. In the furtherance of that indep-standing, the NARE program has established four major objec-tives mapping areas for future bedrock sampling, timing and extent of the last withdrawal of the from the Weddell seabed, sediment distribution and deposition rate outside an ice shelf. Methods and equipment used to achieve these goals and the degree of success attained are discussed.

40-973

Iceberg research and other glaciological studies from K/V Andenes.

n/v Anaenes. Kristensen, M., et al, Norsk Polarinstitut. Rapportserie, 1985, No.22, Norwegian Antarctic Research Expeditions, Publication No.78, p.127-138, 11 refs. Orheim, O.

Icebergs, Ice bottom surface, Sea ice, Ice cover thickness.

Soundings were made of icebergs and shelf ice to gather size and shape data. Techniques and instruments used are discussed and measurements of various physical motions of techergs such as roll, pitch, heave, sway and surge, and flexure are reported. Aerial photographs were shot and cores were taken from shelves and bergs.

40.074

Soviet-Icelandic Sea Ice Expedition to the sea north

Jakobsson, T., Research Institute Nedri As. 1984, No. 42, Hyeragerdi, Iceland, 1984, 55p. Sea ice, Ice physics, Ice conditions, Weather observations, Oceanography, Expeditions, Ice edge, Synoptic meteorology, Ocean currents.

40-075

Internal stresses in soils during frost heaving.

Wilhams, P.J., et al. Canada. Department of Energy, Mines and Resources. Earth Physics Branch. Open file, 1985, No.85-15, 53p. + appends., With French summary. Wood, J.A. 6 refs.

Frost heave, Soil pressure, Stresses, Soil freezing, Measuring instruments, Tests.

40-976

Yukon River ice: freeze-up data (1883-1975). Fountain, A.G., et al, U.S. Geological Survey. file report, 1984, 84-601, 51p., 6 refs. Vaughn, B.H.

River ice, Freezeup, Statistical analysis, Ice navigation, Synoptic meteorology, United States-Alaska

40-977

Sea-ice information services in the World, with Sup-

plement No.1.
World Meteorological Organization, WMO publication, 1981, No.574, 108 + 104 p.

Sea ice distribution, Ice forecasting, Data processing, Charts.

ICE-MOSES. The theory of a new offshore electri-

cal method and a proposal for an Arctic trial.
Edwards, R.N., Canada. Department of Energy,
Mines and Resources. Earth Physics Branch. Open file, 1985, No.85-14, 87p., With French summary. refs

Subsea permafrost, Ocean bottom, Sounding, Electrical resistivity, Marine deposits, Electromagnetic prospecting, Analysis (mathematics), Porosity. 40-979

Ground ice investigations, Klondike District, Yukon

Territory.
French, H.M., et al, Canada. Department of Energy,
Mines and Resources. Earth Physics Branch. Open
file, 1985, No.85-12, 35p., With French summary 20 refs

Ground ice, Permafrost physics, Stratigraphy, Heat transfer, Ice crystal structure, Geocryology, Mapping, Canada-Yukon Territory-Klondike District. 40.980

Interaction of particles and a moving ice-liquid interface

Körber, C., et al. Journal of crystal growth, Sep. 1985, 72(3), p 649-662, 37 refs. Rau, G., Cosman, M.D., Cravalho, E.G.

Ice water interface, Liquids, Freezing, Particles, Thermal gradients, Microstructure, Velocity, Analysis (mathematics)

40-971

Temperature dependence of the equilibrium form of

Colbeck, S.C., Journal of crystal growth, Sep. 1985, 72(3), MP 1939, p. 726-732, 25 refs.

Ice crystal growth, Ice crystal structure, Snow crystal

structure, Temperature effects, Plates, Surface roughness. Experimentation.

Individual crystals are grown under controlled conditions at temperatures between -0.6 and -20 C at rates as low as 1-10,000

g/year and supersaturations as low as 6.5 x 1/10,000,000. The transition between the kinetic growth form and the equilibrium form is clearly distinguished at temperatures between 2 and 10.C where the equilibrium form is a well-rounded plate with an aspect ratio of about 2.5. At temperatures below-11.C the equilibrium form is a hexagonal prism of about the same aspect ratio. This transition coincides with the rapid increase in surface tousheading and the beautiful form. face roughening on the prism faces at temperatures above -10 tace roughening on the prism laces at emperatures above 10.

C. The equilibrium form is a fully rounded particle just below 0. C although we had expected the fully rounded particle to prevail down to at least 5. C. Furthermore, there are unresolved differences between these experimental results and observations of crystals from the seasonal snow cover where particles are fully rounded at slow growth rates and low temperatures.

40-982

On the determination of inclusions in crystals grown from uqueous solutions.

Looser, H., et al, Journal of crystal growth, Sep. 1985, 72(3), p.743-744, 3 refs.

Ehrensperger, M., Arend, H.

Ice crystal growth, Ice composition, Solutions, Calorimetry, Chemical analysis.

Frost and de-icing salt resistance of hardened cement paste made from various cements and with various flyash admixtures. [Frost-Tausalz-Widerstand von Ze mentstein aus verschiedenen Zementarten und im terschiedlichen Beimengungen von Flugaschen, 1983, 49(1), p.16-21, In German. Comments by G. Dinkgern, Jbid., 1984, 50(11), p.786-788. 19 refs. Dinkgern, G.

Concrete hardening, Chemical ice prevention, Cement admixtures, Salting, Hoarfrost.

Odeco-NKK Arctic rig rated for 200 ft depths. Off-shore, Aug. 1985, 45(8), p.59. Offshore structures, Offshore drilling, Ocean bottom,

Platforms, Arctic Ocean.

40.985

Apparatus for the measurement of friction on ice and

Spring, E., et al, Acta polytechnica Scandinavica. Applied physics series, 1985, No 148, 12p., 11 refs. Pihkala, P., Leino, M.A.H.

lee friction, Metal ice friction, Wood ice friction, Wood snow friction, Metal snow friction, Measuring instruments, Skis, Sleds.

Ships navigating in ice—a selected bibliography, vol.2, 1980-1984.

Joba, J.C., Canada. Department of Transport. Technical paper, July 1985, TP 3855E, 195p. Ice navigation, Icebreakers, Bibliographies, Ice conditions, Marine transportation, Design, Ships, Safe-

Multi-task ice data analysis system. Pinal report. Lowry, R., et al, Transport Canada. Technical paper, Lowry, R., et al, Transport Canada. Technical paper, Calgary, Alta., Mar. 1985, 86p., TP 6436E, With French summary. 10 refs INTERA Technologies, Ltd.

Sea ice distribution. Ice navigation. Remote sensing. Ice cover thickness, Design, Icebreakers, Ice conditions. Meteorological charts.

Multi-task ice data analysis system; summary report. Lowry, R., et al, Transport Canada. Technical paper, Calgary, Alta, Aug. 1985, 15p., TP 7058E, With French summary. 3 refs. French version TP 7058F. INTERA Technologies Ltd.

Ice navigation, Sea ice, Remote sensing, Ice cover thickness, Airborne radar, Meteorological charts.

Deicing road surfaces by ammonium nitrite. [Verfahren zum Enteisen von Verkehrsflächen mittels Ammoniumnitrity,

Osterreichisches Patentami Rudorier, H Austria. Patentschrift, Feb. 25, 1985, No 377 281, 2p., AT 377 281 In German

Chemical ice prevention, Road icing, Countermeasures, Trafficability.

40-990

First ship with practical de-icing system. Volcano, J., Zosen, 1981, 26(7), p 26 Ship icing, Heat pipes, Heat transfer, Ice prevention.

Small waterplane area twin bulled (SWATH) vessel ice testa.

Carter, J.E., et al, Ottawa, Ontario, German & Milne Inc., July 1985, var. p., TP 6681E, With French sum-mary. 12 refs. Colbourne, D.B.

Ice breaking, Ice strength, Icebreakers, Ice loads, Ice models, Ships, Tests.

40-992

Coastal erosion and sedimentation in the Canadian Reenfort See

Foibes, D.L., et al, Canada. Geological Survey. Paper, 1985, 85-1 B, Current research, Part B, p.69-80, 30 With French summary.

Coastal topographic features, Shoreline modification. Soil erosion, Sedimentation, Sediment transport, Rivers, Profiles, Photography, Beaufort Sea.

Permafrost growth in recently drained lakes. Western Arctic Coast.

Mackay, J.R., Canada. Geological Survey. Paper, 1985, 85-1B, Current research, Part B, p.177-189, 22

1985, 85-18, Current research, Part B, p. 177-189, 22 refs., With French summary.

Permafrost, Soil freezing, Bottom sediment, Lakes, Drainage, Thermal diffusion, Active layer, Frost heave, Soil temperature, Soil water, Sands.

Glacial features of the west-central Canadian Shield. Aylsworth, J.M., et al, Canada. Geological Survey. Paper, 1985, 85-1B, Current research, Part B, p.375-381, 14 refs. With French summary. Shilts, W.W.

Glacial deposits, Moraines, Landforms, Paleoclimatology, Sedimentation, Mapping, Canada.

40-995

Further evidence of late glacial climatic fluctuations from Newfoundland: pollen stratigraphy from a north

Macpherson, J.B., et al, Canada. Geological Survey. Paper, 1985, 85-1B, Current research, Part B, p.383-390, 18 refs., With French summary. 390, 18 refs., V Anderson, T. W.

Glacial meteorology, Lacustrine deposits, Climatic changes, Tundra, Palynology, Palecclimatology, Temperature variations, Pollen, Canada—Newfoundland-Notre Dame Bay.

40-996

Diatom dispersal phenomena: diatoms in rime frost samples from Cape Herschel, central Ellesmere Island, Northwest Territories.

Lichti-Federovich, S., Canada. Geological Survey. Paper, 1985, 85-1B, Current research, Part B, p.391-399, 26 refs., With French summary. Plankton, Hoarfrost, Ice composition, Icing, Distri-

bution, Meteorological factors, Fog, Wind factors.

Depressions in the bottom of Lac Mégantic, Quebec

Depressions in the bottom of Lac Meganite, Quebec—probable stagnant ice features.

Larocque, A.C.L., Canada. Geological Survey. Paper, 1985, 85-1B, Current research, Part B, p. 431-439, 19 refs.. With French summary.

Gladal deposits, Acoustic measurement, Landforms, Lacustrine deposits, Profiles, Rheology, Sedimentation, Paleschimatology, Clean, May Communication. tion, Paleoclimatology, Glacier flow, Ground ice, Canada—Quebec—Megantic Lake.

40.498

Polarstern trials off the Labrador coast-May 1984. National Research Council, Canada. Transportation Development Centre, Canada. Department of Transport. Report, May 1985, TP 5932E, 110p., With port. Report, May 1985, TP 5932E, 110p., With French summary. 8 refs. Ice navigation, Icebergs, Ice breaking, Ice cover ef-fect, Ice loads, Ice conditions, Tests.

40-999

Product evaluation for ARMOFLEX and AR-MOFORM erosion control systems. Moses, T.L., Jr., et al, U.S. Federal Highway Adminis-

tration. Report, Feb. 1985, AK-RD-85-32, 65p., 3

Livingston, H.

Slope protection, Shore erosion, Precast concretes, protection (waterways), Countermeasures, Steels.

40-1000

Additional ground truth measurements--ship-in-the-

ice, 1977. Field data report No.15.
LeDrew, B.R., et al, Memorial University of Newfoundland. Centre for Cold Ocean Resources Engi-C-Core field data report, June 5, 1978, neering. C-Core fie No.78-5, 41p., 8 refs. Winsor, W.D.

Sea ice distribution, Ice surveys, Snow cover distribu tion, Pack ice, Remote sensing, Snow depth, Statistical analysis, Weather observations, Photography.

Freezing of a porous medium with water supply coupled Stefan problem.
Fremond, M., et al, Journal of mathematical analysis

and applications, June 1985, 108(2), p.371-402, 30

Ghidouche, H., Point, N.

Soil freezing, Porous materials, Stefan problem, Soil water, Saturation, Phase transformations, Mathematical models, Time factor.

40-1002

Relict ice-scoured erosion surface in the central North Sea.
Stoker, M.S., et al, Marine geology, Oct. 1984,

61(1), p.85-93, 17 refs. Long, D.

Long, lce scoring, Bottom sediment, Erosion, Bottom topography, Seismic surveys, Paleoclimatology, Pleistoc:ne, Sea ice, North Sea.

40-1003

Sulphate and nitrate concentrations in snow from South Greenland 1895-1978.

Neftel, A., et al, Nature, Apr. 18, 1985, 314(6012), p.611-613, 24 refs.
Beer, J., Oeschger, H., Zürcher, F., Finkel, R.C. Snow composition, Impurities, Ice sheets, Ice cores, Greenland.

40-1004

Eustatic fluctuations of ea level and their prediction. Dziuba, A.V., et al., Soviet meteorology and hydrology, 1984, No.7, p.44-49, Translated from Meteorologia i gidrologiia. 25 refs.

Dobrovol'skii, S.G., Klige, R.K.
Sea level, Ice sheets, Melting, Atmospheric composi-

tion, Water balance, Antarctica, Greenland.

Modern eustatic fluctuations of sea level and multiyear varia-tions of the constituents of the global water balance are exam-ined. The possible mechanisms of anthropogenic variations of sea level in the future are discussed. An assumption is made concerning atmospheric supply of the Antarctic ice sheet as a major factor of custatic variations in sea level in the past several decades. Variants of simple statistical prediction of custatic fluctuations of sea level are presented.

Geomorphic impact of snowmelt on slope erosion and sediment production.

Strömquist, L., Zeitschrift für geomorphologie, June 1985, 29(2), p.129-138, In English with French and German summaries. 12 refs.

Slope processes. Erosion, Snow melting, Sediments. 40-1006

Permafrost and periglacial indicators on the Tibetan Plateau from the Himalaya Mountains in the south to the Quilian Shan in the north (28-40N).

Ruhle, M., Zeitschrift für Geomorphologie, June 1985, 29(2), p. 183-192, In English with French and German summaries. 23 refs.

Permafrost indicators, Perigiacial processes, Patterned ground, Pingos, Solifluction, Tibet. 40-1007

Recession of cutting slope made of loosely consolidated Quaternary deposits due to freeze-thaw action. Maekado, A., et al, Zeitschrift für Geomorphologie. June 1985, 29(2), p.213-222, In English with French and German summaries. 8 refs. Matsukura, Y.

Slope processes, Erosion, Freeze thaw cycles, Frost penetration.

40-1008

Dynamics of undulating ice flow. Sheehy, D., Melbourne, Australia, University of Melbourne, 1981, 253p., Refs. p.186-192.

Ice sheets, Ice creep, Ice mechanics, Ice cover thickness, Ice models, Antarctica—Casey Station, Antarctice_Law Dome.

Mathematical models that describe the flow of ice over bedrock preturbations have been further developed to simulate more adequately the natural situation. The biharmonic equation for the stream function was solved for a multi-layered section of flowing ice with each layer having its own viscosity. After an evaluation of its behavior, the model was adjusted to fit the measured data from a detailed survey of a legion of undulating ice flow along an antarctic flowline. Inferences were then drawn on the characteristics of the flowing ice within the ice thickness and at the bedrock. Other regions that were studied in less detail, and mathematical models from the literature were also considered. Included are chapters to a literature review. also considered. Included are chapters to a literature review, on measurements of ice mechanical properties used in developing the model, on presenting data and evaluating the models, and for discussing results and conclusions. Measurements were made of the ice sheet 600-1000 km inland from Casey Station. (Auth. inod.)

40-1009

Thermal convection in snow.

Powers, D.J., et al, U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and Engineering Labora ory, May 1985, CR 85-09, 61p., ADA-157 577, Refs. p.46-48.

Colbeck, S.C., O'Neill, K.

Snow thermal properties, Snow heat flux, Heat transfer, Water vapor, Temperature gradients, Porous materials, Thermal conductivity, Convection, Math-ematical models, Latent heat, Experimentation, Metamorphism (snow).

Metamorphism (snow).

Large temperature gradients applied to a snow cover drive water vapor upwards and result in rapid recrystallization of snow crystals. The same temperature gradients create gradients of eight density that can cause flows of air through the snow cover. The formalism necessary to describe these flow is developed here in an effort to include the convenction of vapor in the understanding of snow metamorphism. The theory of convection through porous media is extended to include the transport of water vapor, which is important because of its latent. port of water vapor, which is important because of its latent heat. Results are presented in terms of a Lewis number, de-fined as the ratio of thermal to mass diffusivities. For Lewis numbers greater than 1.0, phase change intensifies convection, and for Lewis numbers less than 1.0, phase change retards convection. Two boundary conditions of special interest in the study of snow, a constant heat flux bottom and a ermeable top, are investigated.

40-1010

Analysis of the Revere, Quincy and Stamford struc-ture data bases for predicting building material distribution.

Merry, C.J., et al, U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory, May 1985, SR 85-07, 35p., ADA-157 458, 8 refs.

LaPotin, P.J.

Construction materials, Precipitation (mereorology), Construction materials, Precipitation (meteorology), Chemical properties, Buildings, Rain, Forecasting. P:ta bases on buildings in Revere and Quincy, Massachusetts, and Stamford. Connecticut, were studied to determi if a measure of building material distribution could be calculated for a city using land use, census tract and the Corps' data on buildings. Statistical measures of chi-square, asymmetric lambda, uncertainty cuefficient. E ordinate as well as the constitution

ings. Statistical measures of chi-square, asymmetric lambda, uncertainty coefficient, F ordinate, as well as the correlation coefficient-squared and eta-swuared statistics were calculated for the three data bases. The Corps definition of building type was found to be the beat predictor of the building surface area. However, all indicators (including building type) explained only low percentages of the variability in the dependent variable (building surface area). These results indicate that other variables an required to explain the variability of building surface area accequately.

Study of glacial morphology and the history of glaciers in the Fluelapass region (Canton Grisons, Switzerland). ¡Glazialmorphologische und gletscherges-chichtliche Untersuchungen im Gebiet Flüelapass (Kt.

Craubunden, Schweiz),
Vuagneux, R., Zurich, W. Schneider, 1983, 249., Ph.D.
thesis. In German. Refs. p.232-244.
Glaciology, Glacier surveys, Geomorphology, Glacial
deposits, Moraines, Geology, Tectonics, History, Switzerland-Grisons.

40-1012

Ice jam flood prevention measures: Lamoille River at Hardwick, Vermont, USA. Calkins, D.J., MP 1940, International Conference on

the Hydraulics of Floods and Flood control, 2nd, C bridge, England, Sep. 24-26, 1985. Proceedings, Cranfield, Bedford, England, BHRA, The Fluid Engineering Centre, 1985, p.149-168, 4 refs.

Ice control, Ice jams, River ice, Floods, Water level,

Topographic effects, Countermeasures.

Prevention of ice-induced flooding is very difficult, but the impact can be minimized if the winter ice regime can be altered. The Lamoille River at Hardwick, Vermont, is a steep, shallow stream during non-ice periods. Under ice jam conditions stege increases of 1-2 m above the elevation of the floodplain have been measured Several experimental measures have been implemented to minimize the ice jam flood levels, their performance was evaluated for the winter of 1983-84

Use of synthetic non-woven materials in the construction roads on weak ground. A review primene-nie i kanykh sinteticheskikh materialov pri stroirel's: a sytomobil'nykh dorog na slabykh gruntakh₁, Polunovskii, A.G., et al. Vsesoiuznyi proektno-tekh-nologicheskii institut transportnogo stroitel'stva. Ob-zornaia informatsiig Moscow, 1979, 47p., In Russian with abridged English taols of contents enclosed. refu

Brantman, B.P.

Swamps, Roadbeds, Embankments, Frost protection, Prost penetration, Frost heave, Thermal insulation, Reinforced fabrics.

40-1014

Use of synthetic fabrics in transportation construction. A review. [Primenenie sinteticheskikh tekstil'nykh materialov v transportnom stroitel'stvej, Polunovskii, A.G., et al. Vsesoiuznyi proektno-tekh-

roundovski, A.G., et al., vsessingly procent-textification mologic heskii institut transportingo stroitel'stva. Obzornaia informatsiia, 1981, No.1, 44p., In Russian with English table of contents enclosed. 54 refs. Roadbeds, Embankments, Swamps, Foundations, Sands, Peat, Thermal insulation, Frost penetration, Frost heave, Frost prevention.

40-1015

Cryolithologic zonation of the West Siberian plate. (Kriolitologicheskoe ratonirovanie Zapadno-Sibirskot

plity, Trofimov, V.T., et al, *Inzhenemaia geologiia*, Sep.-Oct. 1985, No.5, p.20-28, In Russian. 15 refs.

Vasil'chuk, IU.K. Maps, Permafrost distribution, Subsea permafrost, Continuous permafrost, Sporadic permafrost, Discontinuous permafrost.

40-1016

Changes in cryological conditions of built-up areas in northern West Siberia (the Nyda River basin). [Iz menenija merzlotnykh uslovil na zastroennykh territoriiakh v usloviiakh severa Zapadnol Sibiri (na pri-

mere basselna r. Nydy)₁, Shatalova, T.IU., Inzhenernaia geologiia, Sep.-Oct. 1985, No.5, p.90-98, In Russian. 2 refs. Urban planning, Continuous permafrost, Permafrost

beneath structures, Permafrost transformation, Buildings, Foundations, Heat transfer, Vegetation factors, Permafrost depth, Charts.

Ice in Quaternary deposits and their relation to ground waters of northeastern Europe i'dy chetvertichnykh otlozhenit i ikh sviaz zemnymi vodami Evropelskogo Severo-Vostoka₁

Oberman, N.G., Inzhenernaia geologi a, Sep.-Oct. 1985, No.5, p.99-104 In Russian. 4 refs

Frozen fines Quaternary deposit r und ice. Permafrost hydrology, Soil water mi ". Frost penetration. Ice cement.

40-1018

Ice age data for climate modelling fro a an antarctic (Dome C) ice core.

De Angelis, M., et al, New perspect ves in climate modelling. Edited by A.L. Berger and C. Nicolis, Amsterdam, Elsevier, 1984, p.23-45, Refs. p 41-45. DLC QC874.N49

Isotopes, Carbon dioxide, Paleoclimatology, Antarctica-Dome C.

This paper summarizes some of the main results of chinate related parameters obtained from a 906 m deep ice core drilled Reviewed in particular are results on accumulation; ten perature and relative houndsty from the stable motion composition of the ice, aerosol concentrations from the study of spheric changes for Last Glacial Maximum (1 GM) conditions and these changes can be used either as input data for Ice Age Climate models or as a check of model results

40.1019

Frost resistant concretes with fine sands and chemical admixtures. [Morozostotkie betony na melkikh pes-kakh s khimicheskimi doba/kam/s.

lvanov, F.M., et al. Beton i zuelezobeton, Apr. 1985, No. 4, p.17-18, In Russian. 5 refs. IAnbykh, N.N., Milenina, E.V., Tsvetkov, V.S. Concrete strength, Concrete admixtures, Concrete

aggregates, Sands, Frost resistance.

Contract to the

Standard procedure for determining frost resistance of concrete by altrasound, Standart in ultraz vukovol metod opredelenia morozostotkosti betonaj, Mizrokhi, IU.N., et al, Beton i zhelezobeton, Apr

Concrete strength, Concrete freezing, Frost resistance, Frost penetration, Freeze thaw cycles, Tests.

40-1021

Frost resistance of bending concrete elements containing slag-portland cement. [Morozostoikost' 12gibaemykh elementov iz betona na shlakoportlandsementej.

Sosipatrova, N.L. et al. Beton i zhelezobeton, May 1985, No.5, p.43-45, In Russian. 4 refs. Sellanov, L.A.

Concrete structures, Prefabrication, Concre strength, Frost resistance, Low temperature tests.

Ereavation of deep mine shafts in polar regions. [Pro...bodka glubokikh stvolov v usloviiakh Zapo-

Volkodav, D.N., Bezopasnost truda v promyshlennosti, July 1985, No.7, p.30-32, In Russian.

Mine shafts, Excavation, Permafrost physics, Frozen

rock strength, Ventilation.

Present state and the ways of decreasing electricity-related accidents at the Norll'sk Mining and Metallurgical Combine. ¡Sostoianie i puti snizh niia elek-trotravmatizma na Noril'skom gorno-me allurgiches-

kom kombinatej.
Men'shov, R.G., et al, Bezopansost' uda v promyshlennosti, luly 1985, No.7, p.38-39, n Russian.
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Safe electrical blasting techniques used in quarries of the Far North. Bezopasnost' elektrovzryvaniia na kar'erakh Krainego Severaj,

Berezinets, M.I., et al, Bezopasnost' truda v promysh-lennosti, Mar. 1985, No.3, p.38-39, In Russian. Peat, Quarries, Blasting, Boreholes, Equipment, Permafrost. Swamps.

40-1025

New building code for methods of determining the resistance of enclosures to heat transfer. [Novyl standart na metody opredelenija soprotivlenija teploperedache ograzhdaiushchikh konstruktsiij, Kozhevnikov, I.G., et al, Biulleten' stroitel'noi tekh-

niki, June 1985, No.6, p.16-18, In Russian. Lifanov IS

Walls, Heat transfer, Building codes, Design.

**Construction norms and specifications 2.05.06-85 "Main Pipelines". [O SNiP 2.05.06-85 "Magistral" nye truboprovody"],

Sessin, I.V., Biulleten' stroitel'noi tekhniki, July 1985, No.7, p.12-13, In Russian.

Petroleum transportation, Pipelines, Gas pipelines, Liquefied gases, Building codes, Standards, Permafrost beneath structures.

Framework for sports buildings on permafrost. Sportivnye korpusa na vechnol merzlotej,

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40-1029 through 40-1043. Tvede, A.M., ed. Glacial hydrology, Snow hydrology, Stream flow, Runoff forecasting, Snow cover distribution, Snow water equivalent, Snow accumulation, Meetings, Meltwater, Topographic effects, Remote sensing, Climate feature. matic factors.

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Kuusisto, E., Norwegian National Committee for Hy-drology Report, 1983, No.12, Northern Research Symposium Workshop, 4th, Ullensvang, Nor-Mar 22 25, 1962 Proceedings Edited by way Mar toccoungs A M Tyede Effect of distribution of snow and ice on streamflow, p 9-19, 6 refs

Snowmelt, Snow accumulation, Forest canopy, Models, Seasonal variations, Finland.

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Determination of snow distribution in high arctic ba-

sins.
Woo, M.-K., Norwegian National Committee for Hydrology. Report, 1983, No.12, Northern Research Basin Symposium Workshop, 4th, Ullensvang, Norway, Mar. 22-25, 1982. Proceedings. Edited by way, Mar. 22-25, 1982. Proceedings. Edited by A.M. Tyede. Effect of distribution of snow and ice on Snow accumulation, Snow cover distribution, Snow-

fall, Snowmelt, Snow surveys, Snowdrifts, Topographic effects, Snow depth, Snow density, Canada.

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Some actual problems within snow hydrology in Czechoslovakia.

Czecnostovakia.

Babiakova, G., Norwegian National Committee for Hydrology. Report, 1983, No.12, Northern Research Basin Symposium Workshop, 4th, Ullensvang, Norway, Mar. 22-25, 1982. Proceedings. Edited by A.M. Tyede. Effect of distribution of snow and ice on streamflow, p.33-47, 20 refs.

Snow hydrology, Snow accumulation, Snow cover distribution, Snow water content, Topographic effects, Models, Snow melting, Czechoslovakia.

Snow mapping in the Taserssuaq basin, West Green-Jand, based on satellite data and field measurements. Sögaard, H., Norwegian National Committee for Hydrology. Report, 1983, No.12, Northern Research Basin Symposium Workshop, 4th, Ullensvang, Norway, Mar. 22-25, 1982. Proceedings. Edited by A.M. Tvede. Effect of distribution of snow and ice on

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Snow cover distribution, Snow water equivalent, Remote sensing, Runoff, Snow cover structure, Models, Drainge, Mapping, Snow depth, Snow density, Altitude, Greenland—Taserssuaq.

Snow measurement system in the catchment area of the river Orkla, Norway.

Sand, K., Norwegian National Committee for Hydrology. Report, 1983, No.12, Northern Research Basin Symposium Workshop, 4th, Ullensvang, Norway, Mar. 22-25, 1982. Proceedings. Edited by A.M. Tvede. Effect of distribution of snow and ice on streamflow p. 63-73 streamflow, p.63-73.

Snow hydrology, Snow water equivalent, Runoff forecasting, Snow cover distribution, Mountains, Snow depth, Electric power, Norway—Orkia River.

Snow assessment and snow distribution in a glacier-

Snow assessment and snow distribution in a glacter-free drainage basin at 62 N in Sweden.

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Snow cover distribution, Snow accumulation, Snow water equivalent, Runoff, Meltwater, Snowmelt, Topographic effects, Mountains, Seasonal variations, Maps, Snow density, Sweden.

Modelling the melting of snow and ice.

Hundquist, D., Norwegian National Committee for Hydrology Repart, 1983, No.12, Northern Research Basin Symposium Workshop, 4th, Ullensvang, Norway, Mar. 22-25, 1982. Proceedings. Edited by A.M. Tyede. streamflow, p.83-89, 8 refs.

Snow melting, Glacier melting, Heat balance, Snow water content, Degree days, Ice melting, Air temperature. Models.

Digital topography of Isdalen Basin (North-Norway) as tool for investigations of snow distributions and radiation balance.

Stuve, P., Norwegian National Committee for Hydrology. Report, 1983, No.12, Northern Research Basin Symposium Workshop, 4th, Ullensvang, Norway, Mar. 22-25, 1982. Proceedings. Edited by A.M. Tvede. Effect of distribution of snow and ice on streamthow, p.91-101, 6 tels.

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Woo, M.-K., Norwegian National Committee for Hydrology. Report, 1983, No.12, Northern Research Basin Symposium Workshop, 4th, Ullensvang, Norwey Mar. 22-25, 1982. Proceedings. Edited by A.M. Tvede. Effect of distribution of snow and ice on streamflow, p.103-116, 12 refs.

Snow cover distribution, Runoff, Ice breakup, Snow-

drifts, Snow density, Snow hardness, Stream flow, Valleys, Floods, Snowmelt, Snow jams.

Snow accumulation, snow measurements: their effects in small Arctic catchments.

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Snow accumulation, River ice, Runoff, Hydrology, Snowfall, Gas pipelines, Dams, Canada.

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Effects of snowmelt runoff and the removal of forest

Dickinson, R. B.B., et al, Norwegian National Commit-tee for Hydrology. Report, 1983, No.12, Northern Research Basin Symposium Workshop, 4th, Ullens-vang, Norway, Mar. 22-25, 1982. Proceedings. Ed-ited by A.M. Tvede. Effect of distribution of snow and ice on streamflow, p.131-150, 13 refs.

Daugharty, D.A. Runoff, Snowmelt, Forest canopy, Snow water equivalent, Watersheds, Precipitation (meteorology), Statistical analysis, Stream flow.

40-1040

Effects of vegetation on snow distribution and runoff—an Alaskan experience.

Santeford, H... Norwegian National Committee for Hydrology. Report, 1983, No.12, Northern Research Basin Symposium Workshop, 4th, Ullensvang, Norway, Mar. 22-25, 1982. Proceedings. Edited by A.M. Tvede. Effect of distribution of snow and ice on external least 151, 162, 9 testing.

A.W. Ivede. Effect of until futurion of show and fee on streamflow, p. 151-162, 9 refs.

Snow cover distribution, Vegetation factors, Runoff, Slope orientation, Snow water equivalent, Forest land, Temperature gradients, Soil water migration, Snowmelt, United States—Alaska.

Initiation of river ice breakup.

Beltaos, S., Norwegian National Committee for Hydrology. Report, 1983, No.12, Northern Research Basin Symposium Workshop, 4th, Ullensvang, Norway, Mar. 22-25, 1982. Proceedings. Edited by A.M. Tvede. Effect of distribution of snow and ice on streamflow, p.163-177, 8 refs.

Ice breakup, River ice, Freezeup, Ice cover thickness, Models.

40-1042

influence of glaciers on the variability of long runoff

series. Tvede, A.M. Norwegian National Committee for Hydrology. Report, 1983, No.12. Northern Research Basin Symposium Workshop, 4th, Ullensvang, Norway, Mar. 22-25, 1982. Proceedings. Edited by A.M Tvede. Effect of distribution of snow and ice on streamflow, p.179-189, 6 refs. Glacial hydrology, Runoff, Variations, Volume, Norway.

way.

40-1043

Recent glaciological work in Greenland in connection

Recent glaciological work in Greenland in connection with development of hydropower.

Braithwaite, R., Norwegian National Committee for Hydrology. Report, 1983, No.12, Northern Research Basin Symposium Workshop, 4th, Ullensvang, Norway, Mar. 22-25, 1982. Proceedings. Edited by A.M. Tvede Effect of distribution of snow and ice on streamflow, p. 191-199, 18 refs.

Glacial hydrology, Stream flow, Runoff, Glacier ablation, Glacier mass balance, Electric power, Climatic factors, Models, Greenland.

Esker characteristics in terms of glacier physics, Katahdin esker system, Maine.

Shreve, R.L., Geological Society of America. Bulletin, May 1985, 96(5), p. 639-646, 20 refs.

Periglacial processes, Ground ice, Ground water, United States.

United States-Maine.

40-1045

Atmospheric boundary layer structure and drag coefficients over sea ice.

Overland, J.E., Journal of geophysical research, Sep. 20, 1985, 90(C5), p. 9029-9049, 92 refs.

Air temperature, Surface roughness, Sea ice, Wind

velocity, Boundary layer, Temperature inversions.

Coupled ice-ocean model of a wind-driven coastal flow lkeda, M., Journal of geophysical research, Sep. 20, 1985, 90(C5), p.9119-9128, 19 refs. Sea ice, Ice shelves, Wind velocity, Shores, Ice water

interface, Models.

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Warm water cells in the North Water, northern Raffin Bay during winter.

Steffen, K., Journal of geophysical research, Sep. 20, 1985, 90(C5), p.9129-9136, 25 refs.

Sea ice, Water temperature, Polynyas, Baffin Bay.

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Sea water, Chemical composition, Pollution, Norway -Syalbard

40-1049

Measurements of total alkalin', v. calcium, and sulfate

in natural sea ice. Anderson, L.G., et al, Journal of geophysical research, Sep. 20, 1985, 90(C5), p.9194-9198, 24 refs.

Sea ice, Ice composition, Ice cores, Chemical anal-

40-1050

Analysis of tiver wave types.
Ferrick, M.G., U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory, June 1985, CR 85-12, 17p., ADA-158 683, For another source see 39-3098. 20

Water waves, River flow, River ice, Dams, Unsteady flow, Ice jams, Runoff, Friction, Mathematical mod-

In this paper, we consider long-period, shallow-water river In this paper, we consider iong-period, shallow-water river waves that are a consequence of unsteady flow. River waves result from hydroelectric power generation or flow control at a dam, the breach of a dam, the formation or release of an ice jam, and rainfall/rumoff processes. The Saint-Venant equations are generally used to describe river waves. Pynamic, gravity, diffusion, and kinematic river waves have been defined, each corresponding to different forms of the momentum equation and each applying to some subset of the overall range of river hydraulic properties and time scales of wave motion. However, draulic proporties and time scales of wave motion. However, the parameter ranges corresponding to each wave description are not well defined, and the transitions between wave types have not been explored. This paper is an investigation into these areas, which are fundamental to river wave modeling. The analysis is based on the concept that river wave behavior is determined by the balance between friction and inertia

U.S. permafrost delegation visit to the Peo e's Republic of China, 15-31 July 1984.

Brown, J., U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory, June 1985, SR 85-09, 137p., ADA-158 535, 19 refs.

Permafrost beneath structures, Permafrost thermal properties, Permafrost distribution, Frozen ground mechanics, Organizations, Engineering, Freeze thaw cycles, Damage, Geocryology, China.

cycles, Damage, Geocryology, China.

A U.S. delegation of 15 scientists and englicers representing federal and state agencies, industry, and universities specializing in problems of seasonally and perennially frozen ground visited China during the period 15-31 July, 1984. The trip was organized by the Ministry of Railways and was re-hosted by the Avademia Sinica's Institute of Glaciology and Cryopedology in Lanzhou. The 16-day visit was in return for a U.S.-hosted visit of a Chinese delegation to Alaska and the West Coast in July 1983 as part of the Fourth International Conference on Permatrost. The U.S. Committee on Permafrost of the National Research Council organized the U.S. participation. The facilities visited are described and technical information obtained is discossed.

Permafrost, seasonally frozen ground, snow cover and vegetation in the USSR.

Figl. S. R., U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory, Dec. 1984, SR 84-36, 128p., ADA-153 628, Refs. p.26-31.

Permafrost distribution, Active layer, Snow cover, Vegetation, Permafrost thermal properties, Permafrost depth, Ground ice, Seasonal variations, USSR. A survey of the Cold Regions Science and Technology Bibliography and other references in the CRRFI library was conducted to compile recent information about several Sowiet physiogeographic features permafrost, seasonally frozen ground.

snow cover and vegetation. The products of the study are 1) a series of maps presenting the general distribution of these features over the entire Soviet Union and 2) a collection of 57 maps showing the local distribution of ground ice and permafrost

40-1033 Soviet glaciology in the Second World War. Sovet-skaia gliatsiologiia v Velikoi Otechestvennoi Voine, Kotliakov, V.M., et al, Akademiia nauk SSSR. In-stitut geografii. Materialy gliatsiologicheskikh is-sledovanii, 1985, No. 52, p. 4-12, In Russian with Englieh summary. 82 refs. Samoflov, R.S.

Samollov, R.S.
Military operation, Military transportation, Logistics, Military equipment, Cola weather operation, Winter maintenance, Military engineering, Snow roads, Ice roads, Sea ice distribution, Icebound lakes, Ice crossings.

Sixth international symposium on ice held in Hamburg. (Na shestom mezhdunarodnom simpoziume po l'du v Gamburge),
Zotikov, I.A., Akademiia nauk SSSR. Institut geo-

grafii. Materialy gliatsiologicheskikh issledovanii, 1985, No.52, p.18-23, In Russian.
Ports, Ice islands, Ice cover strength, Ice navigation,

Artificial islands, Ice cover thickness, Meetings, Ice control, Sea ice distribution.

control, Sea ice distribution.

Among other topics discussed at the symposium, this note describes operational experiences with the icebreaker Polarstern. The icebreaker was designed and equipped for Antarctic research including procurement transportation and maintenance of the Georg von Neumayer Static. It carries 4000 tons of cargo, including fuel and all-terrain vehicus for year-round activities of the polar station, and other equipment for drilling, core sampling, seismic soundings and low temperature research. Study facilities consist of 9 main laboratories and 12 additional continues the polar stations which is the polar station of the polar stat container-type laboratories, that can be mounted on the deck.

Testing results and technical data revealed its ability of cutting ice 1.5 m thick in continuous motion and 3 m thick in rammingmode operation.

40-1055

All-Union conference on the problem of using snow and ice in the national economy. [Vsesoiuznoe soveshchanie po problemam ispol'zovaniia l'da i snega v narodnom khoziaistve₁, Alekseev, V.R., Akademiia nauk SSSR. Institut geo-

grafii. Materialy gliatsiologicheskikh issledovanii, 1985, No.52, p.23-30, In Russian.

Ice (construction material), Ice crossings, Ice roads, Snow roads, Meetings, Hydraulic structures, Ice formation.

40-1056

Role of moraines in the thermal; rsics of mountain glaciers. [Rol' morennogo chekhla teplofizike gor-

nykh lednikov₁, Bozhinskii, A.N., et al, Akademiia nauk SSSR. stitut geografii. Materialy gliatsiologicheskikh issledovanii, 1985, No.52, p.31-46, In Russian with Eng-

sledovanii, 1965, No.52, p.51-40, iii Russian with Eng-lish summary. 30 refs. Krass, M.S., Popovnin, V.V. Giacial erosion, Glacier ice, Glacier ablation, Mo-raines, Artificial thawing.

Pirst experience in airborne radio-echo sounding of mountain glaciers in Kazakhstan. [Pervyi opyt seroradiozondirovaniia gornykh lednikov Kazakhstanaı.

Bobrova, L.I., et al, Akademiia nauk SSSR. geografii. geografii. Materialy gliatsiologicheskikh is-sledovanii, 1985, No.52, p.46-54, In Russian with English summary. 13 refs.

Mountain glaciers, Glacier ice, P ... scho soundings,

Airborne equipment, Seismic s , i, Drilling.

Ice structure and ice formation on a subpolar glacier. Struktura l'da i l'doobrazovanie na subpoliarnom

Samotlov, O.IU., et al, Akademiia nauk SSSR. stitut geografii. Materialy gliatsiologicheskih is-sledovanii, 1985, No.52, p.54-61, In Russian with English summary. 1' Zagorodnov, V.S. 19 refs.

Mountain glaciers, Glacier formation, Glacier alimentation, Glacier ice, Ice structure.

40-1059

Sea ice and icebergs of the southern ocean. [Morskie

l'dy i atsbergi IUzhnogo okeana, Romanov, A.A., Akademiia nauk SSSR. Institut geo-grafii. Materialy gliatsiologicheskikh issledovanii, 1985, No.52, p.61-67, In Russian with English sum-

mary 15 refs. Pack ice, Ice edge, Sea ice distribution, Icebergs, Drift, Ice volume.

Sea ice observations in the southern ocean during 1956-82 are presented, summarized, interpreted and the regularities of rice distribution, development and decay are discussed. Spaintime variations in the distribution area, the volume of driftice, location of polynyas, fast ice and ice edge are described as the basic ice-balance components estimated.

Significance of glaciated regions of the Soviet Arctic for indications and evaluations of the state of natural background. [Znachenie lednikovykh regionov sovetskol Arktiki dlia indikatsii i otsenki fonovogo sos-

toianiia prirodnol sredy₁, Govorukha, L.S., Akademiia nauk SSSR. Institut geografii. Materialy gliatsiologicheskikh is-sledovanii, 1985, No.52, p.67-72, In Russian with Eng-lish summary. 11 refs.

Deserts, Ecosystems, Tundra, Vegetation, Arctic regions, Snow cover effect, Glaciation, Plant ecology, Meteorological factors.

40-1061

personal resolution topics in assesses, resolution

Changes of Caucasus glaciers during the "Little Ice Age" and the 20th century. [Izmeneniia lednikov Kavkaza za "Malyt lednikovyt period" i XX vek], Golodkovskaia, N.A., Akademiia nauk SSSR. Institut geografii. Material, gliatsiologicheskikh issledovanii, 1985, No.52, p.72-81, In Russian with English summary. 23 refs.

Lichens, Moraines, Alpine glaciation, Glacier ice, Glacier surges, Ice volume, Age determination, Gla-

Space-time variations of mudflow phenomena in the western Pamirs. ¡Prostranstvenno-vremennaia iz-menchivost' selevykh iavlenil na Zapadnom Pamirej. Tukeev, O.V., Akademiia nauk SSSR. Institut geo-grafii. Materialy gliatsiologicheskikh issledovanii, 1985, No.52, p.81-86. In Russian with English sum-7 refs. mary.

Alpine landscapes, Slope processes, Mudflows, Classifications.

40-1063

Dynamics of stationary ice covers under different boundary conditions. [Dinamika statsion at nykh lednikovykh pokrovov pri raznykh granichnykh us-

loviiakh₁, Larina, T.B., et al, Akademiia nauk SSSR. geografii. Materialy gliatsiologicheskikh is-sledovanii, 1985, No.52, p.87-92, In Russian with English summary. 4 refs. Shumskit, P.A.

Glacier ice, Ice mechanics, Flow rate, Glacier beds, Mathematical models.

Thermodynamic models of climatic systems gluciersocean-atmosphere. [Termogidrodinamicheskaia model' klimaticheskot sistemy ledniki-okean-atmosf-

reta), verbiskit, M.I.A., et al., Akade niia nauk 555k. 10-stitut geografii. Materialy gliatsiologicheskikh is-sledovanh, 1985, No.52, p.92-98, ln Russian with English summary. 17 refs

Models, Climatology, Ocean environments, Air water interactions, Meteorological factors, Glaciation, Heat transfer, Analysis (mathematics).

Pormulation and solution of the problem of the reconstruction of glacier beds from surface profiles. [Postanovka i issledovanie zadachi o vosstanovlenii lozha lednika po profiliu ego poverkhnostij,

Salamatin, A.N., et al, Akademiia nauk SSSR. Institut geografii. Materialy gliatsiologicheskikh issledovanh, 1985, No 52, p.99-104, In Russian with English summary. 7 refs.

Mazo, A.B

Glacier ice. Glacier beds, ice surface, Profiles, Bottom topography, Analysis (mathematics).

rnenomenon of internal heating of "cold" graciers and the formation of transitional type glaciers. [lAvlenie vnutrennego razogreva "kholodnykh" i obrazovanie lednikov perekhodnogo tipaj Grigorian, S.S., et al, Akademija nauk SSSK. 'lednikov

geografii. Materialy gliatsiologicheskikh is-sledovani, 1985, No.52, p 105-110, In Russian with English summary 18 refs. Bozhinskil, A.N., Krass, M.S., Macheret, IUIA.

Mountain glaciers, Glacier ice, Ice temperature, Seasonal variations, Ice physics, Ice thermal properties, Geothermy, Heat transfer, Norway—Svalbard. ibility of cascade transfer of energy in a glacier rC vozmozhnosti kaskadnogo perenosa energii

ie lednikaj. Auzanskii, A.B., A. ademiia nauk SSSR. Institut geografii. Materialy gliatsiologicheskikh issledovanii, 1985, No.52, p.110-115, In Russian with English sum-9 refs mary.

cier ice, Glacier oscillation, Ice thermal proper ties. Heat transfer, Glacier flow, Analysis (mathematics).

40-1068

Problems of climatic reconstruction of glacial epochs. [Problemy rekonstruktsii klimata lednikovykh

Velichko, A.A., Akademiia nauk SSSR. Institut geografii. Materialy gliatsiologicheskikh issledovani, 1985, No.52, p.120-130, In Russian with English table of contents enclosed. 14 refs.

Permafrost origin, Permafrost distribution, Paleoclimatology, Charts, Air temperature, Atmospheric

40-1069

Climate effects of the Late Pleistocene glacier surges (the cooling of 10.5 thousand years ago taken as an example). [Klimaticheskie effekty pozdnelednikovykh serdzhel (na primere pokholodaniia 10.5 tys

let nazad),
Grosval'd, M.G., et al, Akademiia nauk SSSR. stitut geografii. Materialy gliatsiologicheskikh is-sledovanh, 1985, No.52, p 134-140, In Russian with English summary. 19 refs.

English summary. 19 refs.

Muratova, M.V., Shishorina, Zh.G.

Glacier surges, Ice sheets, Mountain glaciers, Icebergs, Water temperature, Climatology, Cooling, Atlantic Ocean.

40-1070

Interaction of ice covers and the ocean in the continental margin zones. ¡Vzaimodeĭstvie lednikovykh

pokrovov i okeana v zone materikovykh okrain, Glazovskii, A.F., Akademiia nauk SSSR. Institut geografii. Materialy gliatsiologicheskikh is-sledovanii, 1985, No.52, p.140-146, In Russian with

English summary. 22 refs. Coastal topographic features, Fjords, Mountain gla-clers, Ice sheets, Ice erosion, Ocean bottom, Bottom topography.

40-1071

Reflection of climatic conditions in the structure of moraines and alluvium over the territory of the an cient continental ice sheet. [Otrazhenie klimaticheskikh uslovil v stroenii morel i alliuviia na territorii

kikh uslovii v stroemi morei i anuvus na territorii drevnego materikovogo oledeneniia, Gargalas, A.I., et al, Akademiia nauk SSSR. Institut ecorafii. Materialy gliatsiologicheskikh issledovanii, 1985, No.52, p.146-150, In Russian with English summary. 6 refs

English summary. 6 refs Dvaretskas, V.V., Kudaba, Ch.P., Meleshite, M.I. luvium, Moraines, Cryogenic structures.

Computation of the distribution of the annual ratio of solid precipitation o er Central Asia. Raspredelenie godovot doli tverdykh osadkov po territorii Srednet

Azii i ikh raschet₁, Arkhipova, O.M., et al, Akademiia nauk SSSR. stitut geografii. Materialy gliatsiologicheskikh is-sledovann, 1985, No.52, p.177-183, In Russian with English summary 13 refs. Getker, M.I.

Glacial rivers, Snow cover distribution, Snow depth, Runoff, Alpine landscapes, Snow water equivalent. 40-1073

Paleoglaciological reconstruction of East Antarctica in the World Atlas of Snow and Ice Resources.

[Pal-cogliatsiologicheskie rekonstruktsii Vostochnol
Antaiktidy v Atlase snezhno-ledovykli resursov

Bardin, V.I, et al, Akademiia nauk SSSR. geografii. Materialy ghatsiologicheskikh is-siedevann, 1903, No 52, p. 163-169, In Russian with English summary. 32 refs.

Suctova, I.A. Ice sheets, Glacier flow, Ice volume, Ice erosion, Mapping, Moraines, Glacier oscillation.

Mapping, Moraines, Glacier oscillation.

Compilation of the World Atlas of Snow and Ice Resources stimulated the collection, analysis and synthesis of glaciological data, resulting in new maps of modern outlook on the Earth's glaciosphere, in particular the paleoglaciological reconstruction of Antarctica. Studies were based on the fossilized fauna and flora, obtained in core drilling on land and sea bottom, icebergarfied sediments and ancient moraines, mostly restricted to coastal zones, except the recent drilling data in the Amarctic

oases and the bottom of the southern ocean. On the basis of observations in Queen Maud Land, Prince Charles Mountains and other areas of East Antarctica a schematic paleoglaciological map is drawn showing different development stages in the ice sheet and the reconstruction of its dime

40-1074

River and snowmelt runoff from the Transcaucasian highlands and the Lenkoran lowland. [Rechnol i snegovol stok Zakavkazskogo Nagor'ia i Lenkoranskol

nizmennosti, Vladimirov, L.A., et al, Aksdemiia nauk SSSR. stitut geografii. Materialy gliatsiologicheskikh is-stedovanii, 1985, No.52, p.195-198, In Russian. 4

Dzhavakhishvili, A.I., Zakarashvili, N.N.

Meltwater, Snow cover distribution, Runoff, Snow-melt, Mapping, Mountains, Snow water equivalent, Charts, River flow, Drainage.

40 .075

Deglaciation characteristics in the explored antarctic

oasis areas. (Kharakternye cherty degliatsiatsii osvaivaemoi territorii antarkticheskogo oazisa), Klokov, V.D., et al, Akaderniia nauk SSSR. Institut geografii. Materialy gliatsiologicheskikh issledovanii, 1985, No.52, p. 198-202, lu Russian with English summary. 2 refs. Alekhin, A.N.

Buildings, Pollution, Ice sheets, Microclimatology, Snow cover distribution, Ice melting, Hydrocarbons, Wind factors, Economic development, Environmental protection, Environmental impact, Antarctica.

Aerial reconnaissance, photography and joute surveys indicate the shrinking of nival landscape elements in the antarctic oasis areas, induced by natural factors and human activities, such as melting due to hydrocarbon contamination of snow and snow accumulation in the wind shadow of the station buildings and structures.

40-1076

Stratification of ice core from the Vestfonna, North-Eastern Land. [Stratifikatsiia lednikovogo kerna s zapadnogo ledianogo polia na Severo-Vostochnoĭ Ze-

Punning, IA.-M.K., et al, Akademiia nauk SSSR. Institut geografii. Materialy gliatsiologicheskikh is-sledovanh, 1985, No.52, p.202-205, In Russian with English summary. 13 refs.

Glacier ice, Drill core analysis, Ice accretion, Season 2 vgs, Norway-Spitsbergen.

40-10,

Chemical composition of ice cover in North-Eastern cheskom sostave lednikovogo pokrova

stochno! Zemlej, , Akademiia nauk SSSR. Free Institut ge sie .aterialy gliatsiologicheskikh is-sledovsiii, 1985, No 52, p.205-209, In Russian with English summary. 8 refs. Korzun, A.V

Glacier ice, Drill core analysis, Ice composition, Human factors, Volcanic ash, Norway-Spitsbergen. 40-10Te

Studies of underground ice of the "Ledyanaya Gora" cross-section in the Yenisey River valley by the oxygen-isotope method. ¡Izuchenie plastovykh zalezhe! podzemnogo l'da iz razreza "Ledianaia gora" v doline

r. Enisel izotopno-kislorodnym metodom₁, Valkmiae, R.A., et al, Akademiia nauk SSSR. Institut geografii. Materialy gliatsiologicheskikh is-sledovanii, 1985, No.52, p.209-214, In Russian with English summary. 25 refs. geografii.

Karpov, E.G.

Ground ice, Ice cores, Isotope analysis, Ice composition, Oxygen isotopes, Permafrost structure.

40-1079

Ice evaporation intensity in underground cavities. (Intensivnosť isparenije ľďa v podzemnykh polos-

Mavliudov, B.R., Akademiia nauk SSSR. geografii Materialy glistsiologicheskich is sledovanii, 1985, No 52, p.214-217, in Russian with English summary. 10 refs.

Caves, Icing, Ice sublimation, Wind actors, Thermal

40-1080

Snow cover trafficability. (O probleme prokhodimosti snezhnogo pokrovaj, Samotlov, R.S., et al, Akademiia nauk SSSR.

Institut Samonov, R.S., et al, Akademia nauk SSSR. Institut geografii. Materialy gliatsiologicheskikh is-siedi vanh, 1985, No.52, p.219-224, In Russian with Enc ish summary. 23 refs. Ushakov, A.I., Khodakov, V.G., Ternovskii, B.I. Snow cover stability, Snow depth, Snow cover struc-

ture, Trafficability, Landscape types, Air cushion vehicles, Tracked vehicles, Vehicle wheels.

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economic processes appropria contracted appropria recovered

40-1081

Interactions between glacio-nival systems and roads as an object of investigation in engineering glaciology. (Vzaimodelstvie nival no-gliatsial nol sistemy i doroi—ob"ekt issledovaniia inzhenernoi gliatsiologii, Osokin, N.I., Akademiia nauk SSSR. Institut geo-grafii. Materialy gliatsiologicheskikh issledovanh, 1985, No.52, p.224-227, In Russian with English sum-

mary. 11 refs.

Snow cover structure, Trafficability, Ice roads, Snow roads, Naleds, Railroads, Models.

40-1082

Snow melloration in the USSR. [Snezhnaia meliorat-

siia v SSSR₁, Somova, V.I., et al, Akademiia nauk SSSR. Institut geografi. Materialy gliatsiologicheskikh is-sledovanh, 1985, No.52, p.228-233, In Russian with English summary. 21 refs. Shul'gin, A.M.

Soll stabilization, Soil erosion, Snow cover effect, Snow water equivalent, Snow depth, Agriculture.

40-1083

Some aspects of using the spray-cone ice formation method. (Nekotorye aspekty primeneniia metoda fa-kel'nogo l'doobrazovaniia₁,

Sosnovskii, A.V., Akademiia nauk SSSR. Institut geografii. Materialy gliatsiologicheskikh issledovanii, 1985, No.52, p.233-237, In Russian with English summary. 3 refs.

Ice growth, Ice accretion, Artificial ice, Firn.

Experience in preventing naled formation on mountain roads of Kirgizia. [Opyt bor'by s nalediami na gorrykh dorogakh Kirgizii].

Turgunbaev, A.T., Akademiia nauk SSSR. Institut

Turgunoaev, A.1., Akademiia nauk SSSR. Institut geografii. Materialy gliatsiologicheskikh is-sledovanh, 1985, No.52, p.237-240, in Russian with English summary. 4 refs. Roads, Naleds, Glaze, Countermeasures, Alpine land-scapes, Drainage, Ice prevention.

Correlation technique of estimating ice reserves in glaciers. (Korreliatsionny) metod otsenki zapasov

l'da v lednikakh₁, Zhuravlev, A.B., Akademiia nauk SSSR. Institut geografii. Materialy gliatsiologicheskikh issledovanů, 1985, No.52, p.241-249, In Russian with English sum-mary. 73 refs.

Glacier ice, Ice volume, Glacier thickness, Seismic surveys, Mountain glaciers, Ice (water storage).

Problems with rapid infiltration-a post mortem analysis.

Reed, S.C., et al, MP 1944, [1984], 17p. + figs., Presented at 57th Annual Conference of the Water Pollution Control Federation, New Orleans, LA, Oct. 1-4, 1984. Unpublished manuscript. Crites, R.W., Wallace, A.T.

Water treatment, Waste treatment, Seepage, Ground water, Design, Cost analysis.

water, Design, Cost analysis.

Rapid infiltration is a reliable and cost effective technique for wastewater treatment. Over 300 municipal systems are in successful use in the United States. A few of the recently constructed systems have not sausfied all design expectations, particularly with respect to the amount of wastewater that can infiltrate within the time allowed. Correction of these problems often requires additional construction and increases costs but the cumulative effect is also to raise general concerns within the profession regarding the suitability and applicability of the basic concept. An analysis of the failures, and some of the problem systems was conducted and this paper will describe the results.

Wetlands for wastewater treatment in cold climates. Reed, S.C., et al, MP 1945, [1984], 9p. + figs., Presented at Water Reuse Symposium, 3rd, San Diego, CA, Aug. 26-31, 1984. Unpublished manuscript. 13 refs

Bastian, R., Black, S., Khettry, R. Waste treatment, Water treatment, Cold weather performance, Water level, Ground water, Vegetation factors, Saturation.

40-1088

Design, operation and maintenance of land applica-

Design, operation and maintenance of land applica-tion systems for low cost wastewater treatment. Reed, S.C., MP 1946, [1983], 26p. + figs., Present-ed at Workshop on Low Cost Wastewater Treatment, Clemson, SC, Apr. 19-21, 1983. Unpublished manu-script. 3 refs.

Waste treatment, Water treatment, Seepage, Vegetation factors, Design criteria, Land reclamation, Satu-

40-1089

Nitrogen removal in wastewater stabilization ponds. Reed, S.C., MP 1943, [1983], 13p. + figs., Presented at 56th Annual Conference of the Water Pollution Control Federation, Atlanta, Georgia, Oct. 2-7, 1983. Unpublished manuscrept. 14 refs. Waste treatment, Water treatment, Water pollution,

Ponds, Countermeasures, Design criteria, Land recla-mation, Chemical analysis.

mation, Chemical analysis.

A rational procedure for estimating nitrogen removal in facultative wastewater stabilization ponds has been developed and validated. The procedure, based on first order plug flow kinetics is dependent on pH, temperature and residence time. The model was developed from extensive data obtained at four facultative ponds in various parts of the U.S. and was validated with independent data from five pond systems in the U.S. and Canada. The procedure should be useful whenever system detailed the procedure s Canada. The procedure shound be useful when the system of sign criteria require nitrogen removal or nitrification. It should be particularly helpful for the pond component of land treat-ment systems when nitrogen is the limiting design parameter.

Engineering systems.

Lochr, R., et al, MP 1948, Workshop on Utilization of Municipal Wastewater and Sludge on Land, 1983. Proceedings. Edited by A.L. Page, L. Gleason, III, J.E. Smith, Jr., I.K. Iskandar, and L.E. Sommers, Riversian and R.E. Sommers, R.E. Riversian and R.E. Sommers, R.E. Riversian and R.E. Riversian erside, University of California, 1983, p.409-417, Includes discussions. Reed, S.C.

Waste treatment, Water treatment, Sludges, Land reclamation, Water pollution, Countermeasures.

40-1091 Incidental agriculture reuse application associated with land treatment of wastewater—research needs. Reed, S.C., MP 1947, Environmental Engineering Research Council Workshop—Water Conservation and Reuse in Industry and Agriculture: Research Needs,

Keise in industry and Agriculture. Research Needs, Kiawah Island, South Carolina, Mar. 3-6, 1982. Pro-ceedings, New York, NY, American Society of Civil Engineers, 1982, p.91-123, 34 refs. Waste treatment, Water treatment, Land reclama-tion, Seepage, Agriculture, Vegetation, Irrigation, Design, Water pollution, Countermeasures.

40-1092 Hydrodynamics and heat-mass transfer on permaea-

ryurodynamics and near-mass transfer on permaea-ble surfaces. [Gidrodinanika i teplomassoobmen na pronitsaemykh poverkhnostiakh], Eroshenko, V.M., et al, Moscow, Nauka, 1984, 274p., In Russian with abridged English table of contents enclosed. 481 refs. Zaíchik, L.I.

Hydrodynamics, Porous materials, Heat transfer, Mass transfer, Laminar flow, Turbulent exchange, Heat flux, Pipes, Surface properties, Permeability. 40-1093

Algae in ecosystems of the Far North. (Vodorosli v ekosistemakh Kralnego Severa, Getsen, M.V., Leningrad, Nauka, 1985, 168p., In Rus-

sian with abridged English table of contents enclosed. Refs. p.143-163.

Algae, Plant ecology, Environmental protection, Eco-systems, Tundra, Human factors, Lakes, Water pollu-tion, Swamps, Soil pollution.

40-1094

Lithogenesis of the periglacial and cryogenic zone. (Litogenez perigliatsial'not i kriogennot zonyj, Popov, A.I., XI Kongress INKVA: itogi i perspektivy

(Eleventh INQUA congress: results and prospects) edited by M.N. Alekseev, I.K. Ivanova and M.I. Nelshtadt, Moscow, Nauka, 1985, p.78-86, In Russian. 12 refs.

Glacial hydrology, Permafrost origin, Periglacial processes, Permafrost transformation, Sediments, Mountain glaciers, Hydrothermal processes, Frost penetration, Freeze thaw cycles.

40.1095

Climate and glaciation history of Antarctica and the

Southern ocean. ¡Voprosy istorii klimata i oledeneniia Antarktidy i IUzhnogo okeana; Grosval'd, M.G., et al, XI Kongress INKVA. itogi i perspektivy (Eleventh INQUA congress: results and prospects) edited by M.N. Alekseev, I.K. Ivanova and M.I. Nefshtadt, Moscow, Nauka, 1985, p.107-112, In Russian.

Shishorina, Zh.G

Glaciation, Glacier ice, Paleoclimatology, Glacier os-cillation, Sea ice distribution.

The papers presented at a symposium held in connection with the INQUA Congress are reviewed. They dealt with results obtained from the study of continental sediments, and those derived from the study of deep-water ocean sediments. A map is presented showing the ice distribution in the southern polar regions during the last glaciation, 17-21 thousand years ago, over Antarctica, the southern ocean, South America and New Zealand.

40-1096

Remote sensing in studying Siberian topography.

Tibistantsionnye issledovaniia rel'efa Sibiri, IAnshin, A.L., ed. Novosibirsk, Nauka, 1985, 92p., In Russian. For selected papers see 40-1097 through 40-1103. Refs. passim. Sharapov, V.N., ed.

Mapping, Spaceborne photography, Maps, Aerial surveys, Photointerpretation, Geomorphology, Natural resources, Topography, Snow cover distribution, Soils, Landscape types.

40-1097

Remote sensing in studying dynamics of natural processes within limits of structural-geomorphological complexes of western Siberia. Primenenie distantsionnykh issledovanii v izuchenii dinamiki prirodnykh protsessov v predelakh strukturno-geomorfologiches-

kikh kompleksov Zapadnoš Sibiri,
Ziat'kova, L.K., Distantsionnye issledovaniia rel'efa
Sibiri (Remote sensing in studying Siberian topography) edited by A.L. IAnshin and V.N. Sharapov,
Novosibrisk, Nauka, 1985, p. 19-27, In Russian. Refs.

p.25-27.
Spaceborne photography, Aerial surveys, Photointerpretation, Mapping, Landscape types, Climatic factors, Topography, Slope processes, Solifluction, Permafrost distribution, Soil erosion.

40-1098

Using sateilite data in studying West Siberian soils. [Ispo] zovanie aerokosmicheskikh materialov pri izu-chenii pochv Zapadnoj Sibiri, Ovchinnikov, S.M., Distantsionnye issledovaniia rel-

efa Sibiri (Remote sensing in studying Siberian topography) edited by A.L. IAnshin and V.N. Sharapov, Novosibrisk, Nauka, 1985, p.41-51, In Russian. 24

Peat, Taiga, Organic soils, Cryogenic soils, Maps, Podsol, Vegetation, Paludification, Permafrost distribution, Soil composition, Snow cover distribution.

40-1099

Soil-geobotanical regionalization on the basis of satellite photographs. [Pochvenno-geobotanicheskoe ralonirovanie na osnove aerokosmicheskikh snim-

kovj, Gorozhankina, S.M., Gorozhankina, S.M., et al, Distantsionnye is-sledovaniia rel'efa Sibiri (Remote sensing in studying Siberian topography) edited by A.L. IAnshin and V.N. Sharapov, Novosibrisk, Nauka, 1985, p.51-58, In Russian. 7 refs.

Konstantinov, V.D.

Spaceborne photography, Geobotanical interpreta-tion, Taiga, Photointerpretation, Alpine tundra, Swamps, Vegetation, Plant ecology, Classification, Mapping, Maps.

40-1100

Studying geomorphological conditions of soil development in taiga from satellite photographs [Izuchenie geomorfologicheskikh uslovil taezhnogo pochvoo-

nie geomorfologicheskikh usiovii tacziniogo pozitiobrazovanija po aerokosmicheskim snimkamj. Konstantinov, V.D., Distantsionnye issledovanija relefa Sibiri (Remote sensing in studying Siberian topography) edited by A.L. JAnshin and V.N. Sharapov, 1985 n.58-66. In Russian. 7 Novosibrisk, Nauka, 1985, p.58-66, In Russian.

Original Orananda Caraman (Caraman) Tanan

Taiga, Spaceborne photography, Cryogenic soils, Photointerpretation, Topography, Soil formation, Mapping, Charts.

Remote indications of podsolic, surface-gleyey soils in central taiga of the Ob' River area. (Distantsionnaia indikatsiia podzolistykh poverkhnostno-gleevatykh pochy srednetaezhnogo Priob'ia],

Ovchinnikov, S.M., et al, Distantsionnye issledovaniia rel'efa Sibiri (Remote sensing in studying Siberian topography) edited by A.L. IAnshin and V.N. Sharapov, Novosibrisk, Nauka, 1985, p.66-73, In Russian. 11 refs

Sedykh, V.N., Kul'shin, V.A.

River basins, Forest fires, Spaceborne photography, Taiga, Soil erosion, Geobotanical Interpretation, Revegetation, Cryogenic soils, Podsol, Route surveys.

40-1102

Using satellite information in evaluating changes in geocryological conditions in the upper Legleger River area (Southern Yakutia). [Ispol'zovanie aerokosmicheskol informatsii pri otsenke izmeneniis geokri-ologicheskol obstanovki v verkhov'iakh r. Legleger (IUzhnaia IAkutiia), Shata, M.M., et al. Distantsionnye issledovaniia rel'efa

Sibiri (Remote sensing in studying Siberian topography) edited by A.L. IAnshin and V.N. Sharapov, Novosibrisk, Nauka, 1985, p.82-88, In Russian. 8 refa.

River basins, Permafrost distribution, Permafrost hy-drology, Snow cover distribution, Vegetation, Cryo-genic soils, Spaceborne photography, Human factors.

40-1103

Using satellite information in evaluating water equivalency of snow. [Opyt primeneniia kosmiches-ko] informatsii dlia otsenki uvlazhnennosti snezhnogo pokrovaj, Vostriakova, N.V., Distantsionnye issledovanija rel-

'efa Sibiri (Remote sensing in studying Siberian topography) edited by A.L. IAnshin and V.N. Sharapov, Novosibrisk. Nauka, 1985, p.88-91, In Russian. 4 refs

Spaceborne photography, Snow cover distribution, Snow line, Snow depth, Snow water equivalent.

40-1104

Large-scale ice strength tests, 1979/80. Lecourt, E.J., et al, ARCTEC, Incorporated, Report 535H, June/July 1980, 4 vols. + appends. A-E, Refs.

Benze, D.J., Kosterich, P.P., Toeneboehn, J.G., Hennessy, W.F., Reid, A.H.

Ince cover strength, Loads (forces), Strain tests, Stresses, Pressure, Ice atrength, Measuring instruments, Computer programs, Analysis (mathematics), Tests.

40-1105

Frost heave model calculations for the Calgary Frost

Heave Test Facility.

L.E.G. Engineering, Ltd., Canada.

Energy, Mines and Resources.

Branch.

Open file, Apr. 1985, No.85-13, 25p. + figs., 13 refs.

ngs., 13 fets.

Frost heave, Thermal insulation, Ground ice, Frost resistance, Models, Tests, Forecasting, Pipelines, Temperature gradients, Frost penetration.

40-1106

13th annual Arctic Workshop, March 15-16-17, 1984. Arctic Workshop, 13th, Boul.ier, CO, Mar. 15-17, 1984, Boulder, University of Colorado, Institute of Arctic and Alpine Research, 1984, 72p., Refs. passim. For selected papers see 40-1107 through 40-1112.

Glacial deposits, Glacial geology, Pingos, Hummocks, Lichens, Meetings, Glaciation, Ice sheets, Paleo-climatology, Bottom sediment, United States—Alaska.

40-1107

Growth and flowering of cottongrass tussocks along a climatic transect in northcentral Alaska.

Haugen, R.K., et al, MP 1950, Arctic Workshop, 13th, Boulder, CO, Mar. 15-17, 1984. [Proceedings], Boulder, University of Colorado, Institute of Arctic

and Alpine Research, 1984, p.10-11, 2 refs. Shaver, G.R., King, G.G. Hummocks, Plant physiology, Growth, Climatic factors, Air temperature, Precipitation (meteorology), Pipelines, Altitude, United States—Alaska.

40-1108

Giacial geology of the McKinley River area, north-

Glacial geology of the McKinley River area, north-central Alaska Range, Alaska.

Werner, A., Arctic Workshop, 13th, Boulder, CO, Mar. 15-17, 1984. [Proceedings], Boulder, University of Colorado, Institute of Arctic and Alpine Research, 1984, p.20-22.

Glacial geology, Geomorphology, Moraines, Paleo-climatology, United States—Alaska—McKinley Riv-

40-1109

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Forestry, Slope orientation, Thermal regime, Vegeta-tion, Solar radiation, Diurnal variations, Classifications. Seasonal variations.

40-1174

Shallow sediment temperatures and thermal properties, Canadian Beaufort Continental Shelf.
Taylor, A., et al, Arctic Workshop: Arctic Land-Sea

Interaction, 14th, Dartmouth, Nova Scotia, Canada, Nov. 6-8, 1985. Proceedings, Nov. 1985, p.207-209.

Bottom sediment, Soil temperature, Thermal properties, Subsea permafrost, Ground ice, Temperature distribution. Beaufort Sea.

40-1175

40-1175
Ice drilling technology.
Holdsworth, G., ed, U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory, Dec. 1984, SR 84-34, 142p., ADA-156 733, Refs. passim. For individual papers see 40-1176 through 40-1199 or F-32743 through F-32750.

Kuivinen, K.C., ed, Rand, J.H., ed, International

Kuivinen, K.C., ed, Rand, J.H., ed, International Workshop/Symposium on Ice Drilling Technology, 2nd, Calgary, Alberta, Aug. 30-31, 1982. Ice coring drills, Ice cores, Borehole Instruments, Ice drills, Meetings, Drilling fluids, Temperature effects. The Symposium on Ice Drilling Technology dealt with research on the operation and design of ice coring drills. Various types of drills, as well as drilling fluids, used in the Arctic and Antarctic are described. The boreholes and ice cores are used to study ice physics and climatic charges. study ice physics and climatic changes

Overview of ice drilling technology.

Overview of the artifung technology. Hansen, B.L., U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory. Special report, Dec. 1984, SR 84-34, International Workshop/Symposium on Ice Drilling Technology, 2nd, Calgary, Alberta, Aug. 30-31, 1982. Proceedings, p.1-6, ADA-156 733, Refs. 74-6.

Ice coring drills, Ice cores, Drill core analysis, Water

temperature, Drilling, Borehole instruments.

The significant advancements in ice drilling technology since the Ice-Core Drilling Symposium at Lincoln, Nebraska, in August 1974 are reviewed. Three examples are the flame jet and hot water drilling through the Ross Ice Shelf in Antarctica and the deep core drilling at Dye 3 in South Greenland. (Auth.)

ISTUK-a deep ice core drill system.

isituk—a deep ice core drill system. Gundestrup, N.S., et al, U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory. Special report, Dec. 1984, SR 84-34, International Workshop/Symposium on Ice Drilling Technology, 2nd, Calgary, Alberta, Aug. 30-31, 1982. Proceedings, p.7-19, ADA-156-733, 13 refs.

Johnsen, S.J., Rech, N Ice coring drills, Ice cores, Borehole instruments, Drilling, Temperature effects.

Canadian Rufli-Rand electro-mechanical core drill

and reaming devices.
Holdsworth, G., U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory. Special report, Dec. 1984, SR 84-34, International Workshop/Symposium on fee Drilling Technology, 2nd, Calgary, Alberta, Aug. 30-31, 1982. Proceedings, p.21-32, ADA-156 733, 10 refs.

Ice coring drills, Ice cores, Borehole instruments, Equipment, Drilling.

Equipment, Drilling.

An electro-mechanical ice core drill of medium depth capability, was built in Ottawa in 1980. The design is based on principles established by Rufli et. al. (1976) and Rand (1976). New to the design, however, is a geodesic dome structure which serves both as a structural unit to support the central fixed tower and to provide shelter for the drill crew. The whole unit can be packed in shipping crates weighing a total of 760 Kg, and by suitable dis-assembling, may be fitted into a Helio-Courier (STOL) aircraft in about five loads, including the generator. The ice core is about 96-100 mm in dismeter, depending on the cutter setting, and averages about 1 m in length. (Auth mod.)

Light weight electro-mechanical drills.

Suzuki, Y., U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and Suzuki, 1., U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory. Special report, Dec. 1984, SR 84-34, International Workshop/Symposium on Ice Drilling Technology, 2nd, Calgary, Alberta, Aug. 30-31, 1982. Proceedings, p.33-40, ADA-156 733, 8 refs

Ice coring drills, Ice cores, Borehole instruments, Electric equipment, Drilling.

PICO intermediate drill system. Litwak, J., et al, U.S. Army Cold Regions Research Litwas, J., et al, U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and Engineering Lab. ratory. Special report, Dec. 1984, SR 84-34, International Workshop/Symposium on Ice Drilling Technology, 2nd, Calgary, Alberta, Aug. 30-31, 1982. Proceedings, p.41-44, ADA-156 733, 3 refs.

Kersten, L., Kuivinen, K.
Ice coring drills, Ice cores, Borehole instruments,
Drilling, Equipment, Equipment, Firn, Antarctics—
Amundsen-Scott Station.

The PICO intermediate drill is an electromechanical drilling system designed for continuous coring in firm and ice to a maximum depth of 600 m in an open hole. The 1982-83 antarctic field season provided the first opportunity to test and use the complete intermediate drill system at Amundsen-Scott Station. Design and operation of the new drilling system are described. (Auth. mod.)

40-1181

Recent experiences with a modified Rufli ice drill.

Jessberger, H.L., et al, U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory. Special report, Dec. 1984, SR 84-34, International Workshop/Symposium on Ice Drilling Technology, 2nd, Calgary, Alberta, Aug. 30-31, 1982. Proceedings, p.45-49, berta, Aug. 30-31, ADA-156 733, 4 refs. Dörr. R.

Ice coring drills, Borehole instruments, Ice cores, Electric equipment, Electronic equipment, Ice formation, Drilling.

New horizons in drill development.

Koci, B.R., U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory Special report, Dec. 1984, SR 84-34, International Workshop/Symposium on Ice Drilling Technology, 2nd, Calgary, Alberta, Aug. 30-31, 1982. Proceedings, p.51-54. ADA-156 733. Ice coring drills, Ice cores, Borehole instruments,

Drilling, Equipment.

40-1183

Lightweight hand coring auger. Koci, B.R., U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and Roci, B.R., U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory. Special report, Dec. 1984, SR 84-34, International Workshop/Symposium on Ice Drilling Technology, 2nd, Calgary, Alberta, Aug. 30-31, 1982. Proceedings, p.55-59, ADA-156 733, 3

Ice coring drills, Ice cores, Borehole instruments, Drilling, Equipment.

Ice core drilling on Mt. Wrangell, Alaska, 1982.

Ecusion, C.S., U.S. Army Coia Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory. Special report, Dec. 1984, SR 84-34, International Workshop/Symposium on Ice Drilling Technology, 2nd, Calgary, Alberta, Aug. 30-31, 1982. Proceedings, p.61-68, ADA-156 733, 6 refs.

Ice coring drills, Ice cores, Glacier ice, Borehole instruments, Drilling, Logistics.

Antitorque leaf springs: a design guide for ice-drill antitorque leaf springs. Reeh, N., U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and En-

gineering Laboratory. Special report, Dec. 1984, SR 84-34, International Workshop/Symposium on Ice Drilling Technology, 2nd, Calgary, Alberta, Aug. 30-31, 1982. Proceedings, p.69-72, ADA-156 733, 3 refa

Ice coring drills, Borehote Instruments, Ice drills, Design, Equipment, Analysis (mathematics).

40-1186

Ice core quality in electro-mechanical drilling.
Gillet, F., et al, U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and Gillet, F., et al, U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory. Special report, Dec. 1984, SR 84-34, International Workshop/Symposium on Ice Drilling Technology, 2nd, Calgary, Alberta, Aug. 30-31, 1982. Proceedings, p.73-80, ADA-156 733, 2 refe

Ice coring drills, Ice cores, Ice cracks, Ice cutting, Electric equipm at, Fracturing, Borehole instru-

40-1187

Deep core drilling: electro-mechanical or thermal drill.

Donnou, D., et al, U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory. Special report, Dec. 1984, SR 84-34, International Workshop/Symposium on Ice Drilling Technology, 2nd, Calgary, Alberta, Aug. 30-31, 1982. Proceedings, p.81-84, ADA-156 733. 1 ref

Ice cores, Ice coring drills, Borehole instruments, Ice drills, Equipment, Antarctics—Dome C.

In 1977/78 at Dome C, Antarctica, it was not possible to drill deeper than 905 m because of hole closure. The thermal drill sequently been modified to drill deeper in a fluid filled Simultaneously, we have developed an electro-mechanical drill which employs a centrifuge device for separating chips and drilling fluid. Both sets of equipment are described here, as well as the main results obtained in the first tests made in Adélie Land in '981/82 (Auth.)

40-1188

Ice drilling at Cape Folger, Antarctica.

Morgan, V.I., et al, U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory. Special report, Dec. 1984, SR 84-34, International Workshop/Symposium on Ice Drilling Technology, 2nd, Calgary, Alberta, Aug. 30-31, 1982. Proceedings, p.85-86, ADA-156 733, 6 refs. McCray, A.P., Wehrle, E.

Ice coring drills, Thermal drills, Boreholes, Ice crys tal structure, Rheology, Equipment, Ice deformation, Oxygen isotopes, Antarctica-Folger, Cape.

Thermal ice drilling undertaken at Cape Folger Antarctica, in 1981/82, is a continuation of an extensive glaciological investigation of the Law Dome ice cap, which has been studied since 1957. The boreholes drilled in 1969 were used to study ice deformation and the core was used to study ice crystal size, crystal orientation fabrics, oxygen isotopes and ice flow properties with depth. The latest drilling is specifically designed to clarify certain peculiarities in the ice flow which were observed previously. There appear to be large irregularities in the magnitude and direction of shear strains. (Auth mod.)

Simply bot-water drill for penetrating ice shelves. Verrall, R., et al, U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory. Special report, Dec. 1984, SR 84-34, International Workshop/Symposium on Ice Drilling Technology, 2nd, Calgary, Alberta, Aug. 30-31, 1982. Proceedings, p.87-94. ADA-156 733. Baade D

Ice coring drills, Ice shelves, Borehole instruments, Water temperature. Hydraulics.

'Climatopic" thermal probe.

Gillet, F., et al, U.S. Army Cola Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory. Special report, Dec. 1984, SR 84-34, International Workshop/Symposium on Ice Drilling Technology, 2nd, Calgary, Alberta, Aug. 30-31, 1982. Proceedings, p.95-99, ADA-156 733, 2

Meltwater, Isotope analysis, Ice coring drills, Drilling, Climatic changes.

Hot water drilling in antarctic firn, and freezing rates in water-filled boreholes. Koci, B.R., U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and

Engineering Laboratory. Special report, Dec. 1984, SR 84-34, International Workshop/Symposium on Ice Drilling Technology, 2nd, Calgary, Alberta, Aug. 30-31, 1982. Proceedings, p.101-103, ADA-156 733, 4 refs

Ice coring drills, Firn, Freezing rate, Drilling fluids, Seismic surveys, Glacier ice, Ice sheets, Ice shelves, Monitors.

Hot water drilling systems are suitable for applications in which Hot water drilling systems are suitable for applications in which the objective is to gain rapid access to a glacier, ice sheet or ice shelf for seismic shooting, installing temperature sensors, access hole studies or retrieving stuck core drills. The Ross Ice Shelf Project (RISP) hot water drilling at 1-9 showed that the decrease in water temperature at the nozzle was 1 C/30 m (1.8 F/100 ft) of depth. The boiler was rated at 2,500,000 watts. It produced 320 1/m of water heated from 2 C to 98 C (1,700,000 watts). The success of a smaller hot water system (150 kW) used by PICO in 1979-80 at Dome C. Antarctica, in ambient temperatures of -40 C illustrated the speed and reliability possible under extreme environmental conditions. (Auth.)

Hot water drill for temperate ice.

Taylor, P.L., U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory. Special report, Dec. 1984, SR 84-34, International Workshop/Symposium on Ice Drilling Technology, 2nd, Calgary, Alberta, Aug. 30-31, 1982. Proceedings, p.105-117, ADA-156 733, 6

Ice drills, Water temperature, Hydraulic jets, Flow rate. Borehole instruments. Analysis (mathematics).

40-1193

In-situ sampling thermal probe.

Amesius Sampling Informati Probe.
Hansen, B.L., et al, U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory. Special report, Dec. 1984, SR 84-34, International Workshop/Symposium on Ice Drilling Technology, 2nd, Calgary, Alberta, Aug. 30-31, 1982. Proceedings, p.119-122, ADA-156 733, 8 refs.

Ice drills, Ice temperature, Sampling, Freezing, Design, Telemetering equipment.

Preliminary results of deep drilling at Vostok Station,

Antarctica, 1981-82. Kudriashov, B.B., et al, U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory. Special report, Dec. 1984, SR 84-34, International Workshop/Symposium on Ice Drilling Technology, 2nd, Calgary, Alberta, Aug. 30-31, 1982. Proceedings, p.123-124, ADA-156 733, 1 ref. Chistiakov, V.K., Zagrivnii, E.A., Lipenkov, V.IA. Ice coring drills, Borehole instruments, Equipment,

A description is given of the deep thermal core drill being used at Vostok Station, East Antarctica A report on the drilling progress is also given. Special low temperature liquid was developed and used to fill the borehole to maintain its wall stability during drilling and subsequent logging operations. (Auth.

40-1195

Equipment and technology for drilling in temperate

Morev, V.A., et al, U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory. Special report, Dec. 1984, SR 84-34, International Workshop/Symposium 1984, SK 84-34, International Workshop/Symposium on Ice Drilling Technology, 2nd, Calgary, Alberta, Aug. 30-31, 1982. Proceedings, p.125-127, ADA-156 733, 4 refs.
Pukhov, V.A., IAkovlev, V.M., Zagorodnov, V.A. Ice coring drills, Borehole instruments, Glacier ice,

Equipment, Drilling.

40-1196

Equipment and technology for core drilling in moder-

ately cold ice.
Bogorodskii, V.V., et al, U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory. Special report, Dec. 1984, SK 84-34, International Workshop/Symposium on Ice Drilling Technology, 2nd, Calgary, berta, Aug. 30-31, 1982. ADA-156 733, 5 refs Proceedings, p.129-132,

Ice coring drills, Borehole instruments, Drilling fluids, Equipment, Ice drills, Temperature effects, Ice

Liquid fillers for bore holes in glaciers.

Morey, V.A., et al, U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory. Special report, Dec. 1984, SR 84-34, International Workshop/Symposium on Ice Drilling Technology, 2nd, Calgary, Alberta, Aug. 30-31, 1982. Proceedings, p.133-135, ADA-156 733, 1 ref.

IAkoviev, V.A.
Drilling fluids, Boreholes, Ice drillis, Glacier ice, Chemical analysis, Temperature effects, Freezing, So-

40-1198

Selection of a low temperature filler for deep holes in the antarctic ice sheet.

Kudriashov, B.B., et al, U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory. Special report, Dec. 1984, SR 84-34, International Workshop/Symposium on Ice Drilling Technology, 2nd, Calgary, Alberta, Aug. 30-31, 1982. Proceedings, p.137-138, ADA-156 733, 1 ref.
Chistiakov, V.K., Pashkevich, V.M., Petrov, V.N.
Drilling fluids, Boreholes, Ice coring drills, Rheology, Viscosity, Practice, Temperature, Autocopies, Venezulus, Temperature, Autocopies, Venezulus, Temperature, Autocopies, Venezulus, Venezulu

Viscosity, Freezing, Temperature, Antarctica-Vos-

The development of a suitable low temperature liquid filler for ane aevelopment of a suitable low temperature liquid filler for the 2000 m deep hole at Vostok Station, Antarctica, is de-scribed. It is essential to maintain stability of the hole wall under increasing hydrostatic pressure and pressure. The amount of hole closure expected is primarily determined by the ice rheology and temperature as well as the duration and type of drilling. (Auth. mod.)

40-1199

New equipment and technology for deep core drilling in cold glaciers.

Bogorodskii, V.V., et al, U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory. Special report, Dec. 1984, SR 84-34, International Workshop/Symposium on Ice Drilling Technology, 2nd, Calgary, Alberta, Aug. 30-31, 1982. Proceedings, p.139-140, ADA-156 733, 1 ref. Morev, V.A., Pukhov, V.A., IAkovlev, V.M.

Ice coring drills, Borehole instruments, Glacier ice, Ice cores, Ice drills, Ice temperature, Temperature

40-1200

Nature and history of ground ice in the Yukon-isotope investigations.

Michel, F.A., Canada. Department of Energy, Mines and Resources. Earth Physics Branch. Open file, and Resources. Earth Physics Branch. Open file, Apr. 1985, No.85-11, 126p., With French summary. Refs. p.124-126.

Permafrost distribution, Ground ice, Isotope analysis, Ice wedges, Drill core analysis, Moraines, Stratigraphy, Canada—Yukon Territory.

40-1201

Removal of snow-ice layers from road pavements. [Uborka snezhno-ledianogo sloia s dorozhnykh pok-

Filippov, I.V., Avtomobil'nye dorogi, Feb. 1985.

Ro.2, p.4, In Russian. 3 refs.
Roads, Snowstorms, Winter maintenance, Chemical ice prevention, Ice removal, Glaze, Snowdrifts.

40-1202

Ice-jam remeval near culverts. [Ustranenie zatorov l'da u vodopropusknykh trubj.
Tavrizov, V.M., Avtomobil'nye dorogi, Feb. 1985,
No.2, p.4-5, In Russian.
Naleds, Hydraulic structures, Culverts, Ice blasting.

Roadbeds, Stream flow, Ice jams, Embankments.

Calculating the requirements in machines for glaze removal. [Raschet potrebnosti v mashinakh dlia bor

by s zimnet skol'zkost'iuj, Ivanov, V.D., Avtomobil'nye dorogi, Feb. 1985, No.2, p.5-6, In Russian.

Winter maintenance, Ice removal, Chemical ice prevention, Roads, Equipment.

40-1204

Performance of road graders in loose earth and snow. Osobennosti raboty avtogreidera na rykhlom grunte sneguj,

Sharipov, L.Kh., et al, Avtomobil'nye dorogi, May 1985, No.5, p.11-12, In Russian. Buzin, IU.M., Zhulaf, V.A.

Soil trafficability, Construction equipment, Roads, Cold weather performance, Snow depth, Trafficabili-

40-1205

Bearing strength and resistance to fracturing of road pavements with stabilized soil bases. [Nesushchaia sposobnost' i treshchinostofkost' dorozhnykh odezhd s

osnovanijami iz ukreplennykh gruntovi, Markov, L.A., et al, Avtomobil'nye dorogi, Mar. 1985, No.3, p.7-8, In Russian.

Kryzhanovskii, I.M., Dudkin, A.S.

Pavements, Foundations, Soil stabilization, Roads, Cements, Settlement (structural), Frost heave, Frac-

Winter drying of earth in quarries and drainage canals. ¡Zimniaia sushka gruntov v kar'erakh i rezer-

Tupitsyn, N.M., Avtomobil'nye dorogi, Mar. 1985, No.3, p.12-13, In Russian. 3 refs. Swamps, Drying, Earthwork, Embankments, Trench-

ermafrost beneath structures. Artificial thawing, I ing, Mosses.

Assignment of a reliability coefficient in computing beds for structures with purely economic

accountability.

Khrustalev, L.N., et al, Soil mechanics and foundation engineering, Mar.-Apr. 1985 (Pub. Sep. 85), 22(2), p.69-73, Translated from Osnovaniia, fundamenty i mekhanika gruntov. 4 refs. Pustovolt, G.P.

Buildings, Foundations, Permafrost bases, Bearing strength, Analysis (mathematics), Cost analysis.

Computer-sided mathematical modeling of the steam-

thaw process of permafrost.

Minkin, M.A., et al, Soil mechanics and foundation engineering, Mar.-Apr. 1985 (Pub. Sep. 85), 22(2), p.73-78, Translated from Osnovaniia, fundamenty i mekhanika gruntov. Dmitrieva, S.P. 7 refs.

Computerized simulation, Permafrost thermal properties, Artificial thawing, Mathematical models.

40-1209

Temporal and spatial distributions of Arctic sea ice thickness and pressure ridging statistics.

Garrett, R.P., U.S. Navy. Naval Postgraduate School, Monterey, California. Report, Mar. 1985.

NPS 68-85-009, 161p., M.S. Thesis. Refs. p.146-150.

Sea ice distribution, Ice cover thickness, Prossure ridges. ridges, Acoustic measurement, Polynyss, are deformation, Statistical analysis, Maps, Arctic Ocean.

Compendium of Arctic environmental informaticion. Welsh, J.P., et al, U.S. Naval Ocean Research and Development Activity. NORDA technical note, Sep. 1984, No.290, 199p., Refs. passim.

Sea ice distribution, Acoustic measurement, Oceanog raphy, Remote sensing, Submarines, Logistics, Cold weather survival, Arctic Ocean.

Temperature field of soils. Regularities of development and soil-forming role. [Temperaturnoe pole pochv. Zakonomernosti razvitiia i pochvoobrazui-

ushchaia rol'), Ostroumov, V.E., et al, Moscow, Nauka, 1985, 133p., In Russian with abridged English table of contents enclosed. Refs. p.175-183. Makeev, O.V.

Soil formation, Soil temperature, Heat flux, Soil freezing, Heat transfer, Freeze thaw cycles, Mass transfer, Soil structure, Soil composition, Snow cover effect, Vegetation factors, Slope orientation, Geocryology.

40-1212

Ice fracture under impact loading. [Razrushenie l'da

pri udarnykh vzaimodelstviiakh, Epifanov, V.P., Akademiia nauk SSSR. Doklady, 1985, 284(3), p 599-603, In Russian. 4 refs. Ice physics, Ice strength, Impact strength, Ice cover, Laboratory techniques, Models, Test equipment.

Automation of geocryological investigations. [Avtomatizatsiia geokriologicheskikh issledovanii, Tsibul'skii, V.R., Novosibirsk, Nauka, 1985, 145p., In

Russian with abridged English table of contents en-

closed. Refs. p.141-144. Standards, Measuring instruments, Automation, Equipment, Geocryology, Glaciology, Permafrost, Research projects.

40-1214

Vegetational cover of the West Siberian Plain. [Ras-

titel'nyi pokrov Zapadno-Sibirskoi ravninyi, Il'ina, I.S., et al, Novosibirsk, Nauka, 1985, 251p., In Russian with abridged English table of contents enclosed. Refs. p.211-221.

Forest tundra, Taiga, Tundra, Swamps, Plant ecology, Plant physiology, Arctic landscapes, Ecosystems, Subarctic landscapes, Cryogenic soils, Meadow soils. 40-1215

House plants and winter gardens in the Far North. (Tsvety v inter'ere i zimnie sady na Kralnem Ševerej,

Kozupeeva, T.A., et al, Leningrad, Nauka, 1985, 120p., In Russian with abridged English table of contents enclosed. 36 refs.
Leshtaeva, A.A., Miller, S.A.
Solar radiation, Residential buildings, Plants (bota-

ny), Plant physiology, Soils, Polar regions.

40-1216 Dynamics of conditions for fog formation in the Yeni-seysk airport during the cold season. K voprosu o dinamike uslovil obrazovaniia tumana v aeroportu

Gantsevich, L.I., Zapadno-sibirskii regional'nyi nauchno-issledovatel'skii institut. Trudy, 1984, Vol.64, p.71-76, In Russian. 12 refs.

Airports, Fog formation, Ice fog, Electric power, Icebound rivers. Hydraulic structures, Dams. Environ-

mental impact.

40-1217

Analizing the visibility-impairing conditions during snowfalls and visibility forecasts for the Kolpashevo alrport, Analiz uslovil ukhudshenija vidimosti v snegopadakh i prognoz vidimosti v aeroportu Kolpashevoj,

snevoj, Zenkevich, D.1., Zapadno-sibirskii regional'nyi nauch-no-issledovatel'skii institut. Trudy, 1984, Vol.64, p.77-84, In Russian. 7 refs. Airports, Snowfall, Visibility, Analysis (mathemat-

ics).

40-1218

Regression method of forecasting fog conditions at the Yeniseysk airport during the cold season. Regressionnyl metod prognoza tumana v aeroportu Eni-

setsk v osenne-zimnil period, Gantsevich, L.I., Zapadno-sibirskil regional'nyl nauchno-issledovatel'skh institut. Trudy, 1984, Vol.64, p.84-92, In Russian. 10 refs. Pog, Dams, Ice fog, Airports, Environmental impact, USSR—Yenisey River.

40-1219

Tests with pre-wetted salt in the winters 1980/81-1983/84. [Prov med befuktat salt vintrarna, 1980/81-

1983/84], Gustafson, K., Sweden. Statens vag- och trafikin-stitut. Rapport, 1985, No.299, 53p., In Swedish with English summary. 9 refs.

Road icing, Salting, Chemical ice prevention, Water content, Tests.

40-1220

Character and implications of new ice gouges in east-

ern Harrison Bay, Beaufort Sea. Rearic, D.M., U.S. Geological Survey. Circular, 1985, No.945, p.99-100, 4 refs.

Ice scoring, Ocean bottom, Bottom topography, Bottom sediment, Sea ice, Beaufort Sea.

When the ice breaks.
Sugden, D., et al, Geographical magazine, Apr. 1985, 57(4), p.185-188.
Clapperton, C.

Ice breakup, River ice, Floating ice, Glacial hydrology, Ice dams, Glacial lakes, Glacial rivers, Floods, Greenland.

40-1222 Pebble fabric in an ice-rafted diamicton.

Domack, E.W., et al, *Journal of geology*, Sep. 1985, 93(5), MP 1959, p.577-591, Refs. p.589-591. Lawson, D.E.

Ice rafting, Glacial deposits, Sedimentation, Moraines, Stratigraphy, Fossils, Origin, Clacier flow.

raines, Stratigraphy, Fossils, Origin, Clacier flow. Pebble fabric studies on ice-rafted diamictions have been limited to general observations, with authors noting preferences toward sertical, random, or horizontal orientations. To clarify such observations, pebble fabric data were collected from a fossiliferious diamiction of late Pleistocene age located on Whidbey Island, Washington. The ice-rafted origin of this unit is supported by several incependent characteristics including in situ macrofauna and microfauna, conformity with subaqueous lithofactes containing dropstones, lower bulk densities and higher void ratios than associated tills, soft sediment deformation structures suggestive of iceberg dumping, textural gradations, and facies relationships. Analysis using the eigenvalue method indicates

that ice-rafted fabrics are nearly random with little consistency of vector orientations between sites and without any relationship to the probable direction of glacial flow. The weak fabric is mainly the product of settling through the water column and impact with, or penetration of, the bed Samples column and impact with, or penetration of, the bed. Samples that possess a weak preferred long axis orientation with a low angle of dip, including those from laminated muds, can best be explained by the intermittent effects of bottom currents, a resistant substrate at the time of deposition and post-depositional flowage. Comparisons of pebble fabrics from basal tills, recent sediment flow deposits, and basal, debris-laden basal tills, recent sediment how deposits, and basal, debris-lauen ice of an active glacier demonstrate that the ice-rafted fabrics are distinct from those of basal ice and till but are quite similar to those of sediment flow dismictons. Ice-rafted diamictons appear, however, to contain a greater number of elongate stones, with long axis plunge angles exceeding 45 deg, than other glacigenic diamictons.

40-1223

Forward-scattering corrected extinction by nonspherical particles.

Bohren, C.F., et al, Applied optics, Apr. 1, 1985, 24(7), MP 1958, p.1023-1029, For another source see 39-2966. 16 refs.

Koh, G

Snowflakes, Light scattering, Snow crystal structure. Particles, Ice needles, Analysis (mathematics).

Measured extinction of light by particles, especially those larger than the wavelength of the light illuminating them, must be corrected for forward-scattered light collected by the detector. Near-forward scattering by arbitrary nonspherical particles is, according to Fraunhofer diffraction theory, more sharply peaked than that by spheres of equal projected area ference between scattering by a nonspherical particle and that by an equal-area sphere is greater the more diffusely the particles projected area is distributed about its centroid. Snowflakes are an example of large atmospheric particles that are often highly nonspherical Calculations of the forward-scatterorten nignly mospherical. Calculations of the forward-scattering correction to extinction by ice needles have been made under the assumption that they can be approximated as randomly oriented prolate spheroids (aspect ratio 10:1). The correction factor can be as much as 20% less than that for equalarea spheres depending on the detector's acceptance angle the wavelength Randomly oriented oblate-spheroids so more nearly like equal-area spheres

Theory of natural convection in snow.

Powers, D, et al, Journal of geophysical research, Oct. 20, 1985, 90(D6), MP 1957, p.10,641-10,649, 31 refs

O'Neill, K., Colbeck, S.C.

Snow physics, Convection, Thermal conductivity, Heat transfer, Mass transfer, Phase transformations, Porous materials, Water vapor, Latent heat, Mathematical models Theories.

Buoyancy-driven flows of air in snow are modeled including the effects of phase change and inclination. Phase change between water vapor and ice is important because of latent heat terms in the energy equation. Upper boundaries of the snow are taken the energy equation. Upper boundaries of the snow are taken as either permeable or inpermeable, with temperature or heat flux specified at the lower boundary. When the ratio of thermal to mass diffusivity is greater than L. these change intensifies convection. When this ratio is less than L. phase change damps convection. The effects of permeable top and uniform heat flux bottom boundary conditions on heat transfer are quanis the Rayleigh number and or refers to the critical value for the onset of Benard convection. The slope of each function depends only on the thermal boundary condition at the lower boundary. If a snow cover is inclined, Rayleigh convection occurs for any nonzero Rayleigh number. Velocity profiles for flows in inclined layers with permeable tops are derived, and it is found that velocity is proportional to Ra sin phi, where phis is found that velocity is proportional to Ra sin phi, where phis is the angle of inclination from the horizontal. The numerical results for different boundary conditions compare reasonably well with experimental results from the literature

40-1225

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Oct 20, 1985, 90(D6), p 10,659-10,666, 10 refs Stewart, R.E.

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Freeze thaw tests, Winter maintenance, Road mainte-

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Avalanche engineering, Avalanche formation, Avalanche triggering, Snow depth, Snow water content, Snowstorms, Snow accumulation, Charts, Meteorological data.

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Calculation of ice-cover albedo on rivers and water reservoirs. [K raschetu al'bedo ledianogo pokrova rek

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Icebound rivers, Icebound lakes, Albedo, Mapping, Charts.

40.1230

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40-1231

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thaw cycles, Erosion, Construction materials, Seepage.

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40-1238

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Canadian east coast offshore.
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Norman Wells production islands. Hunter, J.S., et al, Journal of Canadian petroleum technology, Sep.-Oct. 1985, 24(5), p.32-36. Tibbatts, R.M.

artificial islands, Ice loads, River ice, Water level, Water waves, River flow, Canada—Northwest Territories—Mackenzie River.

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Waste treatment, Water treatment, Cold weather operation, Municipal engineering, Maintenance, Flow measurement, Sedimentation, Damage, Sludges,

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Frost resistance Pavements, Construction materials, Salting, Roads, Preeze thaw tests, Concrete durabili-

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Neow and weather attention and avalenthes in the Alps, Oct. 1984-Jan. 1985. Situation nivo-météorologique et avalanches dans les Alpes, Octobre

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Konig-Barde: J., Pahaut, E., Villecrose, M.
Snow accumulation, Weather observations, Avalanches, Switzerland—Alps.

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40-1244

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ération d'ouvrages paravalanches, Taillandier, J.M., Neige et avalanches, Mat. 1985, No.36, p.37-44, In French. Avalanche formation, Snow fences, Protection, Struc-

tures. Countermeasures. 90-1245

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Distribution of clay minerals in the suspended and bottom sediments from the northern Bering Sea shelf area, Alaska.

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Suspended sediments, Bottom sediment, Clay minerals, Distribution, Water pollution, Oil spills, Bering

Remote camps for U.S. field projects in Antarctica. Splettstoesser, J., Antarctic journal of the United States, June 1985, 20(2), p.1-6, 12 refs. Cold weather construction, Logistics, Transportation,

Low temperature research.

Low temperature research.

An outline is given of the logistics of establishing modern antarctic field camps to accommodate varying scientific group sizes for 40-60 days. The establishing procedure begins with a proposed general program, proceeds through approval, site selection, specific project proposals, construction, scheduling, delivering scientists, assistants, and equipment to the site, and then retrieving all when the field program is completed. A brief historical review shows changes in equipment evolving since the early part of the century and a fairly constant logistics

40-1248

Aerial, spaceborne and land surveys of the dynamics of natural processes in Siberia. (Aerokosmicheskie i nazemnye issledovaniia dinamiki prirodnykh protses-

sov Sibiri), Vorob'ev, V.V., ed, Irkutsk, 1984, 192p., In Russian. For selected papers see 40-1249 through 40-1258. Refs. passim.

Plastinin, L.A., ed.

Taiga, Aerial surveys, Spaceborne photography, Route surveys, Remote sensing, LANDSAT, Monitors, Human factors, Mapping, Environmental protection, Naleds, Snow cover distribution, Hydrology.

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problemy, perspektivy),, Knizhnikov, IU.F., Aerokosmicheskie i nazemnye issledovaniia dinamiki prirodnykh protsessov Sibiri (Aerial, spaceborne and land surveys of the dynamics of natural processes in Siberia) edited by V.V. Vorob-'ev and L.A. Plastinin, Irkutsk, 1984, p.3-10, In Rus-

sian. 3 refs.

Aerial surveys, Spaceborne photography, Remote sensing, LANDSAT, Monitors, Environmental protection, Human factors.

40-1250

Satellite monitoring and combined investigations of geosystem dynamics. ¡Aerokosmicheskii monitoring i kompleksnye issledovaniia dinamiki geosistem],

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Spaceborne photography, LANDSAT, Monitors, Photointerpretation, Mapping, Landscape types,

40-1251

Reflection of the dynamics of natural processes in the "Interpretation of multizonal satellite photographs". ¡Otobrazhenie dinamiki prirodnykh protses-sov Sibiri v atlase "Deshifrirovanie mnogozonal'nykh

sov Sidiri v atiase "Desniirirovanie innogozonai nykn aerokosmicheskikh snimkov",
Kravtsova, V.I., Aerokosmicheskie i nazemnye issledovaniia dinamiki prirodnykh protsessov Sibiri (Aerial, spaceborne and land surveys of the dynamics of natural processes in Siberia) edited by V.V. Vorobeve and L.A. Plastinin, Irkutsk, 1984, p.27-34, In Russian 2 of

sian. 3 refs. Thermokarst, Spaceborne photography, Alassy, Pho-tointerpretation, Mapping, Permafrost distribution, Permatrost hydrology.

Satellite information in studying nival and glacial relief-forming processes in mountainous BAM areas (northern Transbaikal). [Aerokosmicheskaia informatsiia v izuchenii nival'no-gliatsial'nykh rel'efoobrazuiushchikh protsessov gornykh raĭonov BAMa (Severnoe Zabaikal'e)₁, Plastinin, L.A., et al, Aerokosmicheskie i nazemnye

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sian. 9 refs.
Mangazeev, V.IA., Kolomytsev, I.S.

Alpine landscapes, Snow cover distribution, Nivation, Nival relief, Baykal Amur railroad, Frost action, Topographic effects.

Cartographic evaluation of conditions for economic development of shores of the Angara water reservoirs. (Kartograficheskaia otsenka uslovil osvoeniia poberezhiî Angarskikh vodokhranilishchj, Trzhtsinskii. IU.B., Aerokosmicheskie i nazemnye is-

Trzhtainskii, IU.B., Aerokosmicneskie i nazemnye is-sledovaniia dinamiki prirodnykh protsessov Sibiri (Aerial, spaceborne and land surveys of the dynamics of natural processes in Siberia) edited by V.V. Vorob-'ev and L.A. Plastinin, Irkutsk, 1984, p.42-50, In Rus-11 refs.

Permafrost beneath rivers, Shore erosion, Solifluction, Thermokarst, Slope processes, Lakes, Mapping, Charts.

Application of remote sensing methods in studying landscape structures and dynamics of ba'd mountain areas in northern Transbulkal. Primenenic distantsionnykh metodov v izuchenii landshaftnoi struktury i dinamiki gol'tsov Severnogo Zabaikal'ia, Pliuanin, V.M., Aerokosmicheskie i nazemnye is-

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Aerial surveys, Permafrost distribution, Spaceb photography, Alpine tundra, Alpine landscapes, Deserts, Rock streams, Avalanches, Frost action, Topographic effects.

40-1255

Space and land surveying methods of studying the dynamics of ice processes on Lake Baykal. ¡Aerokos-micheskie i nazemnye metody issledovaniia dinamiki

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sian. 3 refs. Furman, M.Sh., IAnter, N.N.

Lake ice, Ice cover thickness, Ice conditions, Ice (construction material), Ice crossings, Hydraulic structures, Ice pressure, Ice surveys, Spaceborne photography, Remote sensing.

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Dynamic indices in the naled catalog for the BAM zone, according to serial photographs. [Dinamicheskie pokazateli v kataloge naledel zony BAM podg-

otovlennye po materialam aerofotos"emok₃, Abakumenko, A.E., Aerokosmicheskie i nazemnye is sledovaniia dinamiki prirodnykh protsessov Sibiri (Aerial, spaceborne and land surveys of the dynamics of natural processes in Siberia) edited by V.V. Vorob-'ev and L.A. Plastinin, Irkutsk, 1984, p.82-92, In Rus-4 refs.

Naleds, Aerial surveys, River basins, Photointerpre-tation, Mapping, Railroads, Embankments.

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cheskikh s'emok), Konstantinov, V.D., et al, Aerokosmicheskie i nazem-nye issledovaniia dinamiki prirodnykh protsessov Sibiri (Aerial, spaceborne and land surveys of the dynamics of natural processes in Siberia) edited by V.V. Vorob'ev and L.A. Plastinin, Irkutsk, 1984, p.107-119, In Russian. 7 refs. Gorozhankina, S.M.

Taiga, Spaceborne photography, Cryogenic soils, Mapping, Forest soils, Soil water, Humidity, Vegeta-

Regionalization of West Siberian swamps from satel-

lite photographs. (Rajonirovanie bolot Zapadnoi Sibiri na osnove kosmosnimkov).
Gorozhankina, S.M., Aerokosmicheskie i nazemnye issledovaniia dinamiki prirodnykh protsessov Sibiri (Aerial, spaceborne and land surveys of the dynamics of natural processes in Siberia) edited by V.V 'ev and L.A. Plastinin, Irkutsk, 1984, p.119-131, In Russian. 15 refs.

Spaceborne photography, Photointerpretation, Swamps, Snow cover distribution, Mapping, Charts.

40-1259

Effects of cryochemical processes in the glaciers and

permafroat of Spitsbergen. Pulina, M., *Polish polar research*, 1984, 5(3-4), p.137-163, With Russian and Polish summaries. 21 refs. Glacier Ice, Continuous permafrost, Meltwater, Water flow, Sessonal variations, Glacial hydrology, Permafrost hydrology, Hydrothermal processes, Water chemistry.

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al photogrammetry.

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Photogrammetric surveys, Glacier ice, Ice volume, Glacier ablation, Glacier oscillation, Mapping, Ice cover thickness.

Geophysical investigations of the thickness of the ice and base of the Hans Glacier in the area of the Horn-

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Mountain glaciers, Glacier ice, Ice cover thickness,
Gravimetric prospecting, Magnetic surveys.

40-1262 Water in the Hornsund glaciers in the light of isotopic investigations.

Grabczak, J., et al, Polish polar research, 1984, 5(3-4), p.295-317, With Russian and Polish summaries. 15 refs.

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Snow cover distribution, Glacier ice, Glacier ablation, Meltwater, Isotope analysis, Composition, Seasonal variations, Glacial hydrology.

Pre-Quaternary glaciations of West Antarctica: evidence from the South Shetland Islands.

Birkenmajer, K., Polish polar research, 1984, 5(3-4), p.319-329, With Russian and Polish summaries. 30

refs.

Glaciation, Paleoclimatology, Antarctica—West Antarctica, Antarctica—King George Island.

Three major pre-Quaternary glaciations have been recognized on King George laland. The oldest is the Melville Glaciation evidence by fossiliferous glaciomarine sediments. Presence of numerous belemnites and Cretaceous calcareous nannoplank ton suggested at first a late Cretaceous aga, but there is an increasing evidence that these Cretaceous fossils are recycled and occur in late Tertiary (?Miocene) strata. Two glaciations separated with an interglacial have been recognized in a thick Pliocene sequence of laves and sediments. The older Polonez Glaciation is represented by continental-type tillities succeeded Pliocene sequence of laves and sediments. The older Polonez Glaciation is represented by continental-type tillities succeeded by glaciomarine sediments with Chlamys andersson fauna. Acidic volcanic activity, coarse-clastic sedimentation and suba-erial erosion characterize a mid-Pliocene Wesele Interglacial succeeding the Polonez Glaciation. Andesitic laves and lahars, cut by glacially eroded valleys with strongly diagenesized tillites, represent the youngest, late-Pliocene Legru Glaciation. (Auth.) (Auth.)

Measuring ice forces on fishing vessels. Mesurage des charges de glace sur la coque des bateaux de

pêchej,
Daley, C., et al, Canada. Department of Transport.
Report, July 1984, TP 6045F, 17p., In French with English summary.

Harwood, M., Perchanok, M.
Ice loads, Ships, Shear stress, Sea ice, Ice pressure.

Analysis of Arctic haze scattering and aerosol data

obtained during AGASP.

Patterson, E.M., et al, Georgia Institute of Technology, Atlanta. School of Geophysical Sciences. Report, May 1, 1985, 41p., 21 refs.

Grams, G.W.

Haze, Aerosols, Scattering, Particle size distribution.

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Ice conditions in the Greenland waters, 1972. Denmark. Meteorologisk institut. Publikationer. Arböger, Copenhagen, 1984, 11p. + maps, In English and Danish.

Sea ice distribution, Ice conditions, Maps, Charts, Seasonal variations, Greenland.

Heat transmission with steam and hot water.

Aamot, H.W.C., et al, MP 1956, Cogeneration district heating applications. Edited by I. Oliker, New York, American Society of Mechanical Engineers, 1978, p.17-23, Presented at the Winter Annual Meeting of the American Society of Mechanical Engineers, San Francisco, California, December 10-15, 1978. 6 refs. Phetteplace, G

Heat transmission, Water pipes, Water temperature, Fluid flow, Heat flux, Heat loss, Flow rate, Meteorological factors, Pressure, Computer applications, Design.

sign.

A methodology for design of heat transmission lines is presented. It is based on finding the pipe diameter which yields the lowest total cost. Cost factors considered are cost of energy lost in the form of heat, cost of energy to produce pumping work, and cost of capital to construct the system. The methodology has been developed into a computer code which allows for rapid analysis of alternatives. Results are presented, based on certain assumptions, for various parameters of interest.

40.1268

Symposium on plasticity of ice.

Hondoh, T., Seppyo, Mar. 1985, 47(1), p.1-2, In Japanese with English summary. 2 refs.

Meetings, Basal sliding, Ice crystal structure, Rheology, Compressive properties.

40-1269

Historical survey of research works on the plasticity of ice from 1888 to 1978.

Nakamura, T., Seppyo, Mar. 1985, 47(1), p.3-13, In Japanese. 40 refs.

Japanese. 40 refs.
Ice plasticity, Ice creep, Ice crystal structure, Stress strain diagrams. Ice mechanics, Ice deformation, Shear stress, Shear strain.

Anisotropy of deformation and behavior of dislocation in ice single crystals.

Fukuda, A., Seppyo, Mar. 1985, 47(1), p.15-20, In Japanese. 12 refs.

Ice deformation, Ice crystal structure, Anisotropy, Dislocations (materials), X ray diffraction.

40-1271

Effects of hydrostatic pressure on the plasticity of ice. Azuma, N., Seppyo, Mar. 1985, 47(1), p.21-26, In Japanese. 15 refs.

Ice crystal structure, Ice plasticity, Ice deformation, Ice mechanics, Ice creep, Loads (forces), Pressure, Stresses.

40-1272

Traction characteristics of snow tires with anti-skid chains.

Shimoda, S., et al, Seppyo, Mar. 1985, 47(1), p.27-36, In Japanese with English summary. 5 refs. Ishibashi, T., Tamura, T., Kamada, T. Rubber snow friction, Traction, Tires, Snow compac-

tion, Road icing, Surface properties, Skid resistance. 40-1273

Some effects of friction on ice forces subjected to

structures with vertical faces.
Kato, K., Seppyo, Mar. 1985, 47(1), p.37-44, In Japanese with English summary. 20 refs. Ice loads, Ice friction, Offshore structures, Ice pres-

sure. Coatings. Tests. 40-1274

Second worst year for ice. Offshore resources, May-June 1985, 3(2/3), p.7, 19.

Offshore drilling, Ice conditions, Sea ice distribution, Wells.

40-1275

Berg slicer cuts problems down to a manageable size. Offshore resources, May-June 1985, 3(2/3), p.9. Icebergs, Ice cutting, Electric heating, Cables (ropes).

40-1276

New sea ice information system ready. Offshore resources, May-June 1985, 3(2/3), p.12-13. Sea ice distribution, Ice conditions, Icebergs, Ice islands, Statistical analysis, Canada.

40-1277

Arctic caisson drilling and completion system. Offshore resources, May-June 1985, 3(2/3), p 18 Offshore drilling, Caissons, Ice conditions, Offshore structures. Design criteria.

40-1278

Strategies to optimize ice storage.

Rawlings, L., ASHRAE journal, May 1985, 27(5),

p. 39-48. Cold storage, Air conditioning, Ice refrigeration, Cost

40-1279

Influence of age-hardening and strain-rate on confined compression and shear behaviour of snow. Yong, R.N., et al, Journal of terramechanics, 1985, 22(1), p.37-49, 8 refs.

Mctaxas. I.

Snow compression, Snow hardness, Snow density, Traction, Trafficability, Shear strength, Snow strength, Vehicles, Stress strain diagrams, Shear

Ecological aspects of winter services. [Aspetti ecologici nel servizio invernale,
Dedic, O, Neve international, First semester 1985,

27(2), p.25-30, In Italian with French, German and English summaries.

Snow removal, Road maintenance, Winter maintenance, Anitfreezes, Environmental impact.

Winter assistance from the point of view of traffic. L'assistenza invernale dal punto di vista tecnico della

Knoflacher, H., Neve international, First semester 1985, 27(2), p.31-36, In Italian with French, German and English summaries.

Winter maintenance, Road maintenance, Snow removal, Ice removal.

Planning winter road-cleaning service for country roads in the plain. (Sulla pianificazione del servizio di viabilità invernale lungo le strade extra urbane di pianuras.

Neve international, First semester Abbruzzese, F., Neve international, First semester 1985, 27(2), p.37-42, 2 refs., In Italian with French, German and English summaries.

Snow removal, Ice removal, Road maintenance, Winter maintenance.

40-1283

Defense of residential areas against avalanches in the Province of Bolzano. La difesa dalle valanghe dei centri abitati nella provincia di Bolzano,

Watschinger, E., et al, Neve international, First mester 1985, 27(2), p.50-53, In Italian with French, German and English summaries. Magno, A

Avalanche formation, Snow fences, Countermeasures, Protection.

Soil-temperature monitoring network in Alaska. Ping, C.-L., Agroborealis, July 1985, 17(2), p.13-18, 14

Soil temperature, Snow cover effect, Evapotranspiration, Snow surveys, Thermal regime, Precipitation (meteorology), Wind factors, Monitors, Seasonal variations, Statistical analysis, United States—Alas-

Soil conservation in Alaska: past and present. Boyer, R.L., Agroborealis, July 1985, 17(2), p.23-30,

Soil conservation, Soil erosion, Revegetation, Agriculture, Wind erosion, Drainage, Countermeasures, United States—Alaska.

Beach wildrye-characteristics and uses of a native Alaskan grass of uniquely coastal distribution. Klebesadel, L.J., Agroborealis, July 1985, 17(2), p.31-38, 16 refs.

Grasses, Plant ecology, Plant physiology, Growth, Shores, United States—Alaska.

40-1287

Predicting the growth and yield of interior Alaska

Packee, E.C., Agroborealis, July 1985, 17(2), p.49-57,

Forestry, Growth, Forecasting, Plant physiology, United States-Alaska.

40-1288

Mycorrhizea: a review of the importance of fungi from high-latitude forests of Alaska aursen, G.A., Agroborealis, July 1985, 17(2), p.58-

66. 28 refs.

Fungi, Forestry, Trees (plants), United States-Alas-

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Brown, J., ed, U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory, May 1985, SR 85-05, 113p., ADA-157 485, Refs. passim. For individual papers see 40-1290 through 40-1308
Metz, M.C., ed, Hoekstra, P., ed.

Permafrost physics, Geophysical surveys, Permafrost distribution, Subsea permafrost, Boreholes, Well log-ging, Meetings, i'ermafrost thermal properties, Oil

40-1290

Dielectric studies of permafrost using cross-borehole VHF pulse propagation.
Arcone, S.A., et al, U.S. Army Cold Regions Research

Arcone, S.A., et al, U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory. Special report, May 1985, No.85-05, MP 1951, Workshop on Permafrost Geophysics, Golden, Colorado, Oct. 23-24, 1984. Proceedings, p.3-5, ADA-157 485, 1 ref. Delaney, A.J.

Permafrost physics, Dielectric properties, Boreholes, Ground ice, Electromagnetic properties, Radar echoes, Wave propagation, Soil structure, Permafrost thermal properties.

40-1291

Digital information system for delineation of discontinuous permafrost.

Granberg, H.B., U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory. Special report, May 1985, No.85-05, Workshop on Permafrost Geophysics, Golden, Colorado, Oct. 23-24, 1984. Proceedings, p.11-12, ADA-157 485, 6 refs.

Permafrost distribution, Discontinuous permafrost, Snow cover distribution, Heat balance, Snow accumulation, Forecasting, Computer applications.

40-1292

40-1292

Thermal properties from borehole heating: experience in the Canadian Beaufort Sea, 1984.

Harrison, W.D., et al, U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory. Special report, May 1985, No.85-05, Workshop on Permafrost Geophysics, Golden, Colorado, Oct. 23-24, 1984. Proceedings, p.13-14. ADA-157 485.

Morack, J.L.

Subsea permafrost, Offshore drilling, Boreholes, Permafrost thermal properties, Soil temperature, Ground ice, Beaufort Sea.

Medium scale maps of permafrost and ground ice conditions, Tuktoyaktuk and Illisarvik areas, western

arctic coast, Canada.

Heginbottom, J.A., U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory. Special report, May 1985, No.85-05, Workshop on Permafrost Geophysics, Golden, Colorado, Oct. 23-24, 1984. Proceedings, p.15-18, ADA-157 485, 2 refs.

Permafrost distribution, Ground ice, Geology, Engi-

neering geology, Ice wedges, Sediments, Maps, Cana-

40-1294

Permafrost distribution in northern Canada: interpretation of well logs.
Judge, A., et al, U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and

Judge, A., et al, U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory. Special report, May 1985, No.85-05, Workshop on Permafrost Geophysics, Golden, Colorado, Oct. 23-24, 1984. Proceedings, p.19-25, ADA-157 485, 11 refs. Taylor, A Permafrost distribution, Ground ice, Well logging, Permafrost thickness, Permafrost depth, Ice conditions Caudda.

tions, Cauada.

40-1295

Impulse radar sounding of frozen ground.
Kovacs, A., et al, U.S. Army Cold Regions Research

and Engineering Laboratory. Special report, May 1985, No.85-05, MP 1952, Workshop on Permafrost Geophysics, Golden, Colorado, Oct. 23-24, 1984. Proceedings, p.28-40, ADA-157 485, 1 ref. Morey, R.M.

Frozen ground physics, Radar echoes, Ground ice, Ice detection, Sounding, Pipelines, Pingos, Electromagnetic prospecting, Ice volume.

40-1296

Suggested legend terminology for permafrost map-

ping.
Kreig, R.A., U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory. Special report, May 1985, No.85-05, Workshop on Permafrost Geophysics, Golden, Colorado, Oct. 23-24, 1984. Proceedings, p.41-47, ADA-157 485, 9 tefs.
Permafrost distribution, Prozen ground, Terminology. Monophysics

gy, Mapping.

Velocity-depth structure of offshore permafrost, Canadian Beaufort Sea.
MacAulay, H.A., et al, U.S. Army Cold Regions Re-

May 1985, No.85-05, Workshop on Permafrost Geophysics, Golden, Colorado, Oct. 23-24, 1984. Proceedings, p.48-50, ADA-157 485, 2 refs. Pullan, S.E., Hunter, J.A.

Permafrost structure, Subsea permafrost, Ground Ice, Ice volume, Refraction.

40-1298

Shallow geophysical borehole logging in Permafrost:

a case history.

Miller, R., U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory. Special report, May 1985, No.85-05, Workshop on Permafrost Geophysics, Golden, Colorado, Oct. 23-24, 1984. Proceedings, p.51-52. ADA-157 485.

Wall logging. Boreholes, Pipe-

Permafrost physics, Well logging, Boreholes, Pipe-

40-1299

Analysis of wide-angle reflection and refraction measurements.

Morey, R.M., et al, U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory. Special report, May 1985, No.85-05, MP 1953, Workshop on Permafrost Geophysics, Golden, Colorado, Oct. 23-24, 1984. Proceedings, p.53-60, ADA-157 485, 6 refs.

Radar echoes, Subsurface investigations, Dielectric properties, Reflection, Refraction, Mathematical models, Wave propagation.

40-1300

Some aspects of interpreting seismic data for informa-

tion on shallow subsea permafrost. Neave, K.G., et al, U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory. Special report, May 1985, No.85-05, MP 1954, Workshop on Permafrost Geophysics, Golden, Colorado, Oct. 23-24, 1984. Proceedings, p.61-65, ADA-157 485, 6 refs. Sellmann, P.V.

Subsea permafrost, Seismic surveys, Perma rost distribution, Seismic refraction, Seismic velo ty, Permafrost depth.

40-1301

Permafrost temperature measurements in an Alaskan transect; preliminary results.

transect; preliminary results.

Osterkamp, T.E., et al, U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory. Special report, May 1985, No. 85-05, Workshop on Permafrost Geophysics, Golden, Colorado, Oct. 23-24, 1984. Proceedings, p.66-67. ADA-157 485.

Gosink, J.P., Kawasaki, K.

Permafrost the: nal properties, Frozen ground temperature, Pipelines, Roads, United States—Alaska.

Well logging in permafrost. Peterson, J.K., et al, U.S. Army Cold Regions Re-Search and Engineering Laboratory. Special report, May 1985, No.85-05, Workshop on Permafrost Geophysics, Golden, Colorado, Oct. 23-24, 1984. Proceedings, p.68-70, ADA-157 485, 2 refs. Kawasaki, K., Osterkamp, T.E.

Well logging, Permafrost physics, Soil water, Oil wells, Gamma irradiation.

40-1303

Monitoring permafrost ground conditions with Ground Probing Radar (G.P.R.).

uroung rrooting Radar (G.P.R.).
Pilon, J.A., et al, U.S. Army Cold Regions Research
and Engineering Laboratory. Special report, May
1985, No.85-05, Workshop on Permafrost Geophysics, Golden, Colorado, Oct. 23-24, 1984. Proceedings, p.71-73. ADA-157 485.
Annan, A.P., Davis, J.L.
Permafrost physics. Pader select Catter 5

Permafrost physics, Radar echoes, Subsurface investigations, Geophysical surveys, Frost heave, Active layer, Mapping, Monitors.

40-1304

Some aspects of transient electromagnetic soundings

for permafrost delineation.
Rozenberg, G., et al, U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory. Special report, May 1985, No.85-05, Workshop on Permafrost Geophysics, Golden, Colorado, Oct. 23-24, 1984. Proceedings, p.74-90, ADA-157 485, 11 refs.

Henderson, J.D., Sartorelli, A.N., Judge, A.
Permafrost depth, Permafrost thickness, Electromagnetic prospecting, Ground ice, Permafrost thermal

properties, Permafrost distribution, Electrical resistivity, Sounding, Mapping.

40-1305

Galvanic methods for mapping resistive seabed fea-

Sellmann, P.V., et al, U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory. Special report, May 1985, No.85-05, MP 1955, Workshop on Permafrost Geophysics, Golden, Colorado, Oct. 23-24, 1984. Proceedings, p.91-92. ADA-157 485. Delaney, A.J., Arcone, S.A.

Subsea permafrost, Permafrost physic Ground ice, Cables (ropes), Mapping, Sea water, Salinity.

Obtaining precise temperature measurements in abandoned offshore petroleum exploration wells. Taylor, A., et al, U.S. Army Cold Regions Research

nayiot, A., et al, U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory. Special report, May 1985, No.85-05, Workshop on Permafrost Geophy-sics, Golden, Colorado, Oct. 23-24, 1984. Proceed-ings, p. 95-99, ADA-157 485, 3 refs. Judge, A.

Offshore structures, Oil wells, Soil temperature, Acoustic measurement, Temperature measurement, Offshore drilling, Telemetering equipment.

Unfrozen permafrost and other taliks.

Van Everdingen, R.O., U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory. Special report, May 1985, No.85-05, Workshop on Permafrost Geophysics, Golden, Colorado, Oct. 23-24, 1984. Proceedings, p.101-105, ADA-157 485, 2 refs.

Taliks, Permafrost physics, Terminology, Seasonal freeze thaw, Freezing points, Ground ice, Salinity.

Transient electromagnetic detection of subsea perma frost.

Walker, G.G., et al, U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory. Special report, May 1985, No.85-05, Workshop on Permafrost Geophysics, Golden, Colorado, Oct. 23-24, 1984. Proceedings, p. 106-108, ADA-157 485, 5 refs.

Kawasaki, K., Osterkamp, T.E. Subsea permafrost, Electromagnetic prospecting, Permafrost thickness, Salinity, Sounding, Detection.

40-1309

1st Antarctic Expedition (ANT I) Dec. 27, 1982-Apr.

1st Antarctic Expedition (ANT 1) Dec. 27, 1982-Apr. 23, 1983. [1. Antarktisexpedition (ANT I), 27. Dezember 1982-23. April 1983], Hempel, G., ed, Bremerhaven, Germany. Alfred-Wegener-Institut für Polarforschung. Berichte zur Polarforschung, 1983, No.14, 141p., In German with extended English summary.

Ships, Logistics, Expeditions.

Three primary purposes of the voyage were to resupply Neumayer Station, conduct sea trials for *Polarstern*, and man-age a multi-discipline research program Crew training in un-familiar scientific environments and requirements was accomraminar scientific environments and requirements was accomplished; facilities and equipment were used and operated and their suitability for intended purposes is assessed. The resupply phase worked well with cranes and booms operating efficiently during on- and off-loading. Research programs in a wide variety of disciplines encompassing sea, land, and air environments were assiduously pursued. Details of all of these activities are given

40-1310

Antarctic III Expedition with RV Polarstern 1984/85. (Die Expedition ANTARKTIS III mit FS Polarstern 1984/85),

Hempel, G., ed, Bremerhaven, Germany. Alfred-Wegener-Institut für Polarforschung. Berichte zur Polarforschung, Oct. 1985, No.25, 209p. + append., In German with extended English summary and intro-

Ships, Expeditions, Logistics, Antarctica-Weddell Sea, Scotia Sea.

Sea, Scotta Sea.

The third Antarctic expedition of the RV Polarstern extended from Oct. 9, 1984-Apr. 2, 1985. This expedition entailed mainly biological research projects in the south polar sea, although other disciplines also participated. The first Antarctic leg traversed the Bransfield Strait and southern Scotia Sea for participation in the Second International BIOMASS Experiparticipation in the Second International BIOMASS Experiment (SIBEX), dealing with the distribution of krill in relation to local physical and biological environmental parameters. The cruise had to be terminated prematurely because of damage to the hydraulic system of the starboard adjustable propeller. The ANT III/3 leg commenced at Punta Arenas on Jan. 2, 1985 and ended in Cape Town on Mar. 5, 1985. Research during and ended in Cape Town on Mar. 5, 1985. Research during this leg focussed on three geographic areas: the Bransfled Strait-Weddell Scotia Confluence; Vestkapp (eastern Weddell Sea), and the Filchner Depression/Gould Bay. Studies were made on the distribution of plankton as well as krill brood during the first part of the cruise. The Vestkapp area was the site of a complex assessment of the pelagic and benthic system in the eastern Weddell Sea. These investigations were conducted in zonjunction with intensive oceanographic surveys as well as ecophysicological experiments. Georg-von-Neumayer-Station was supplied during this leg. (Auth. mod.) 40-1311

Index of regional snow-pack stability based on natu-

Judson, A., et al, Journal of glaciology, 1985, 31(108), p.67-73, 15 refs., In English with French and German summaries.

King, R.M.

Indexes (ratios), Suow cover stability, Avalanches, Snow slides, United States—Colorado—Front

Frazil formation in water of different salinities and supercoolings.

Tsang, G., et al, *Journal of glaciology*, 1985, 31(108), p.74-85, 7 refs., In English with French and German summaries. Hanley, T.O.

Frazil Ice, Ice formation, Water temperature, Salini-

40-1313

Flood and landslide events, Peyto Glacier terminus,

Alberta, Canada, 11-14 July 1983.

Johnson, P.G., et al, Journal of glaciology, 1985, 31(108), p.86-91, 13 refs.. In English with French and German summaries.

Floods, Landslides, Ground ice, Moraines, Canada Alberta-Peyto Glacier.

Determination of the flow properties at Dye 3, south Greenland, by bore-hole-tilting measurements and

Dahl-Jensen, D., Journal of glaciology, 1985, 31(108), p.92-98, 23 refs., In English with French and German summaries.

Ice sheets, Glacier flow, Borehole instruments, Ice models, Ice deformation, Greenland—Dye 3.

Dynamics of ice-sheet outlets.

McIntyre, N.F., Journal of glaciology, 1985, 31(108), p.99-107, 44 refs., In English with French and German summaries.

Ice sheets, Subglacial drainage, Ice mechanics, Ice creep, Basal sliding.

creep, Basal sliding.

A comparison of data from aircraft altimetry, Land'sat imagery, and radio echo-sounding has shown characteristic sufface topographics associated with sheet and stream flow. The transition between the two is abrupt and occurs at a step in the subglacial topography. This abrupt transition appears to be topographically controlled since basal temperatures are at the pressurediting point well inland of the change in regime. The Marie Byrd Land ice streams exhibit qualitative differences from other ice-sheet outlets, however, the change to lower driving stresses is much more gradual and occurs several hundred kilometers inland. Such ice streams have particularly low surface slopes and appear in form and flow regime to resemble confined ice shelves rather than grounded ice. Acceleration of the ice is pinned to a subglacial step and propagation of high velocities inland of this feature seems improbable. Rapid ice flow through subglacial trenches may also ensure a relatively permanent trough through accentuation of the feature by erosion. This is concentrated towards the heads of outlet glaciers upstream of the region where significant basal decoupling occurs. (Auth. mod.)

Spatial and temporal variations in electrical conductivity in a pro-glacial stream system.

Gurnell, A.M., Journal of glaciology, 1985, 31(108), p.108-114, 17 refs., In English with French and Ger-

man summaries.

Meltwater, Glacial hydrology, Electrical resistivity, Diurnal variations.

Adjusting two-dimensional velocity data to obey con-

Rasmussen, L.A., Journal of glaciology, 1985, 31(108), p.115-119, In English with French and German summaries

Glacier flow, Glacier t...ckness, Glacier mass balance, Analysis (mathematics).

Normal stress effects in the creep of ice.

McTigue, D.F., et al, Journal of glaciology, 1985, 31(108), p.120-126, 28 refs., In English with French and German summaries. Passman, S.L., Jones, S.J.

Glacier ice, Ice creep, Ice models, Shear stress, Cre-

Growth forms of large frost crystals in the Antarctic. Knight, C.A., et al, Journal of glaciology, 1985, 31(108), p.127-135, 20 refs., In English with French and German summaries. DeVries, A.L.

Ice crystal structure, Ice crystal growth, Frost, Ice caves, Ice tunnels, Temperature gradients, Antarctica

A variety of frost-crystal forms found growing from the vapor in ice caves and tunnels in the Antarctic are described and illustrated. Complex layered structures found within large, skeletal crystals are ascribed to the action of the temperature gradient. Some c-axis growth forms and a rare type of bicrystal growth—accelerated growth in a particular direction along a grain boundary—are also shown. (Auth.)

40-1320

Audibility within and outside deposited snow.

Johnson, J.B., Journal of glaciology, 1985, 31(108),
MP 1960, p.136-142, 12 refs., In English with French and German summaries.

Snow cover effect, Snow acoustics, Sound transmission, Noise (sound).

sion, Noise (sound).

Factors which control the audibility within and outside deposited and applied to explain the preferential detection of sound by persons buried under avalanche debris as compared to persons on the overlying snow surface. Strong attenuation of acoustic waves in snow and the small acoustic impedance differences between snow and air are responsible for the strong absorption and transmission-loss characteristics that are observed for snow. The absorption and transmission-loss the strong absorption and transmission-loss characteristics that are observed for snow. The absorption and transmission-loss characteristics are independent of the direction of propagation of acoustic signals through the snow. The preferential detection of sound by a person buried under snow can be explained by the relatively higher level of background acoustic noise that exists for persons above the snow surface as compared to an avalanche burial victim. This noise masks sound transmitted to persor's on the snow surface, causing a reduction of hearing sensitivity as compared to the burial victim. Additionally, the listening concentration of a buried individual is expressly great. listening concentration of a buried individual is generally greater than for persons working on the snow surface increasing their subjective awareness of sound. (Auth.)

40-1321

Bedrock control on glacial limits: examples from the Ladakh and Zanskar Ranges, northwestern Hima-

Burbank, D.W., et al, Journal of glaciology, 1985, 31(108), p.143-149, 33 refs., In English with French and German summaries.

Fort, M.B.

Mountain glaciers, Snow line, Geologic structures, India—Ladakh Range, India—Zanskar Range.

Changes in texture and fabric of particles in glacial traction with distance from source, Myrdalsjökull, Iceland.

Humlum, O., Journal of glaciology, 1985, 31(108), p.150-156, 25 refs., In English with French and German summaries.

Glacial deposits, Glacial erosion, Traction, Iceland Myrdalsjökull.

Internal structure and ice crystallography of seasonal frost mounds.

Pollard, W.H., et al, Journal of glaciology, 1985, 31(108), p.157-162, 25 refs., In English with French and German summaries.

French, H.M. Ground ice, Ice crystal structure, Ice crystal growth, Sessonal variations.

Mixing formulae and experimental results for the dielectric constant of snow.

Sihvola, A., et al, Journal of glaciology, 1985, 31(108), p.163-170, 21 refs., In English with French and German summaries. Nyfors, E., Tiuri, M.

Snow electrical properties, Dielectric properties, Snow water content.

Measurement of the fracture toughness of glacier ice. Andrews, R.M., Journal of glaciology, 1985, 31(108), p.171-176, 23 refs., In English with French and German summaries.

Glacier ice, Ice mechanics, Fracturing.

40-1326

Cylindrical flow in and over channels of irregular

Shoemaker, E.M., Journal of glaciology, 1985, 31(108), p.177-184, 18 refs., In English with French and German summaries.

Ice creep, Glacier flow, Analysis (mathematics).

40-1327

Reconstruction of snow-avalanche characteristics in

Montana, U.S.A., using vegetative indicators. Butler, D.R., et al, Journal of glaciology, 1985, 31(108), p.185-187, 12 refs., In English with French and German summaries. Malanson, G.P., Snow avalanche characteristics in

Montana. Avalanches, Snow water content, Vegetation, Dam-

40-1328

Diurnal hysteresis of snow albedo.

McGuffie, K., et al, Journal of glaciology, 1985, 31(108), p.188-189, 9 refs., In English with French and German summaries. Henderson-Sellers, A.

Snow optics, Albedo, Diurnal variations, Antarctica -Mizuho Station, Canada-Northwest Territories-

The appearance of a diurnal hysteresis in snow albedo is a widely reported phenomenon. This note discusses the relative importance of two separate effects: surface morphosis and surface irregularities (sastrugi). It is ancluded that surface morphosis is the more important effect of the two in the region of the marginal cryosphere. Surface irregularities probably are the dominant influence only on permanent cryospheric areas such as the Greenland and Antarctic plateaux. (Auth.)

40-1329

Preferential discharge of pollutants during snowmelt

In Scotland.

Morris, E.M., et al, Journal of glaciology, 1985, 31(108), p.190-193, 6 refs., In English with French and German summaries. Thomas, A.G.

Meltwater, Water pollution, Streams, United Kingdom-Scotland.

40-1330

Note on the density distribution of dry snow.

Ling, C.-H., Journal of glaciology, 1985, 31(108), p.194-195, 5 refs., In English with French and German summaries.

Snow water content, Snow density, Analysis (mathematics).

40-1331

Examination of selected microparticles from the Sen-

the Glacier core, Ladakh, Himalaya, India.
Goss, E., et al, Journal of glaciology, 1985, 31(108), p.196-197, 3 refs. In English with French and German summaries.

Mayewski, P.A., Lyons, W.B.

Glacier ice, Ice cores, Microstructure, India-Sentik Glacier.

40-1332

Mass balance of the Greenland ice sheet at Dye 3. Reeh, N., et al, *Journal of glaciology*, 1985, 31(108), p.198-200, 14 refs., In English with French and German summaries.

Gundestrup, N S. Ice sheets, Mass balance, Ice cover thickness, Greenland-Dve 3.

40-1333

Offshore outlook-technological trends in the American Arctic.

Jahns, H.O., Arctic news-record, Summer 1985, 4(2), p.9-15

Offshore drilling, Offshore structures, Sea ice, Ice loads, Earthquakes, Ships, Bering Sea, Beaufort Sea.

Alaska Beaufort offshore challenges technology, Arctic news-record, Summer 1985, 4(2), p.16-19, Based on a report by Han-Padron Associates, New York: Beaufort Sea petroleum technology assessment.

Sea ice, Ice pressure, Offshore structures, Icebreak-

40-1335

Operation, testing and design of vessels in the Canadian Beaufort Sea.

Churcher, A.C., et al, Arctic news-record, Summer 1985, 4(2), p.33-44, 3 refs. Johansson, B.M., Duff, J.

Sea ice, Offshore drilling, Tests, Icebreakers, Damage, Ships.

Electric dipole fields over a quarter space earth in-homogeneity and application to ice hazard detection. Ryan, J., et al, *Radio science*, Nov.-Dec. 1985, 20(6), p.1518-1528, 20 refs. Walsh, J

Electric fields. Ice detection. Sea ice. Electromagnetic prospecting, Analysis (mathematics).

40-1337

Cryoconite holes on glaciers.

Wharton, R.A., Jr., et al, *Bioscience*, Sep. 1985, 35(8), p.499-503, 20 refs.

McKay, C.P., Simmons, G.M., Jr., Parker, B.C. Cryobiology, Glacier surfaces, Microbiology, Antarctica-Victoria Land.

Cryoconite holes are water-filled depressions on the surface of Cryoconite holes are water-filled depressions on the surface of glaciers. They contain microbial communities and may contribute to glacial wastage and biological colonization of ice-free areas. This article discusses cryoconite holes on glaciers, the physical and biological factors involved in their formation, their functioning as ecosystems, and the organisms they centain. Also considered is the role these structures play in glacial wastage and biological colonization of ice-free areas. The examples come primarily from the glaciers of southern Victoria Land. (Auth mod.)

40-1338

Water-column studies near a melting Arctic iceberg. Shulenberger, E., Polar biology, 1983, 2(3), p.149-158, 17 refs.

Icebergs, Meltwater, Ice melting.

The Arctic iceberg does not appear to grossly perturb water column plant biology nearby, but measures of rates of produc-tivity might show otherwise, particularly near larger, antarctic icebergs. (Auth. mod.)

Sea ice microbial communities (SIMCO). 1. Distribution, abundance and primary production of ice ma-croalgae in McMurdo Sound, Antarctica, in 1980. Palmisano, A.C., et al, *Polar biology*, 1983, 2(3), p.171-177, Refs. p.176-177. Sullivan, C.W.

Sea ice, Bacteria, Microbiology, Algae, Cryobiology, Antarctica—McMurdo Sound.

Sea ice microbial communities standing crops in the West Sound, previously considered a biologically depauperate region Sound, previously considered a biologically depauperate region due to persistent ice cover and local current regimes, were greater than or equal to those of the East Sound when areas of similar ice thickness were compared. Biomass was located almost entirely in the bottom 20 cm of annual ice including over 99% of the chlorophyll a and ATP, and 93% of the particulate organic carbon. During the ice algal bloom, concentrations of chlorophyll a in the bottom 20 cm of ice were 2000 times greater than under ice phytoplankton at 1 m depths. Phaeopigmentichlorophyll a ratios (P:C) were significantly higher in the upper ice column than in the bottom 20 cm. An hypothesis is presented that the ice contains a frozen record of P:C ratios in the surface seawater during ice formation. Photosynthetic rate of sented that the ice contains a trozen record of 1st ratios in the surface seawater during ice formation. Photosynthetic rate of ice microalgae were measured in the laboratory under simulated in situ conditions. It is concluded that the bottom type SIMCO contributes a considerable amount of new carbon to McMurdo Sound during the austral spring. (Auth. mod.)

Infrared spectrum of vitrified liquid water. A com-Mayer, E., Journal of physical chemistry, Aug. 1, 1985, 89(16), p.3474-3477, 25 tefs.

Vitreous ice, Infrared spectroscopy, Ice crystal structure, Cooling, Aerosols, Water vapor, Hydrogen

40-1341

Beaufort Environmental Monitoring Project, 198 -1984.

Crombie, D.E., Canada, Department of Indian a. J. Northern Affairs. Environmental studies, 1985. No.34, 292p., Refs. passim. Environmental impact, Marine biology, Offshore

structures, Sea ice distribution, Hydrocarbons, Pollu-tion, Oil spills, Icebreakers, Marine transportation Beaufort Sea.

40-1342

Aircraft accident report—World Airways, Inc 30H. McDonnell Douglas DC-10-30CF, N113WA. Boston-Logan International Airport, Boston, Massachusetts, January 23, 1982 (Supersedes NTSB-AAR-82/15). U.S. National Transportation Safety Board. Report, July 10, 1985, NTSB/AAR-85/06, 134p. PB85-910406.

Aircraft landing areas, Runways, Road icing, Cold weather operation, Accidents, Trafficability, Skid resistance, Fog, Airplanes, Safety.

1982-83 winter test report of the Committee on Winter Driving Hazards, National Safety Council. Stevens Point, Wisconsin, Highway Traffic Safety Divi-

sion, [1984], 37p. + 21 figs., 6 refs.
Cold weather operation, Vehicles, Snow cover effect, Ice cover effect, Safety, Rubber ice friction, Rubber snow friction, Traction, Tests, Brakes (motion arrest-

Arctic marine phototropic systems: functions of sea ice stabilization.

Apollonio, S., Arctic, Sep. 1985, 38(3), p.167-173, 26 refs., With French summary.

Algae, Ice bottom surface, Sea Ice, Plankton, Marine

biology, Ecosystems.

40-1345

Ice shelf studies off Northern Ellesmere Island, spring 1983.

Jeffries, M.O., Arctic, Sep. 1985, 38(3), p.174-177, 19

refs., With French summary.
Ice cores, Ice mechanics, Ice salinity, Snow samplers,

Firn, Ice shelves, Ice conditions, Canada—Northwest Territories—Ellesmere Island.

Tundra fire regimes in the Noatak River watershed, Alaska: 1956-83.

Alaska: 1950-83.
Racine, C.H., et al, Arctic, Sep. 1985, 38(3), p.194-200, With French summary.
Dennis, J.G., Patterson, W.A., III.
Tundra, Fires, Remote sensing, Watersheds, LAND-SAT, United States—Alaska—Brooks Range.

40-1347

Species composition and abundance of zooplankton in

the nearshore Beaufort Sea in winter-spring. Horner, R., et al, Arctic, Sep. 1985, 38(3), p.201-209, 41 refs., With French summary. 41 refs., W. Murphy, D.

Plankton, Sea ice, Ice bottom surface, Marine biology, Classifications, Distribution, Seasonal variations, Beaufort Sea.

40-1348

Pollen, oxygen isotope content and seasonality in an

ice core from the Penny Ice Cap, Baffin Island.
Short, S.K., et al, Arctic, Sep. 1985, 38(3), p.214-218,
18 refs., With French summary. 18 refs., With Holdsworth, G.

Paleoclina, fology, Oxygen isotopes, Seasonal variations, Canan.—Northwest Territories—Baffin Island.

40-1349

Pingo in the Mala River Valley, Baffin Island, Northwest Territories, Canada.

west territories, Canada.
Scotter, G.W., Arctic, Sep. 1985, 38(3), p.244-245, 10 refs., With French summary.
Pingos, Permafrost, Ground ice, Soil water, River basins. Landforms, Canada—Northwest Territories— Baffin Island.

40-1350

Proceedings.

National Symposium on Ground Freezing, 3rd, Sep. 26, 1985, Nottingham, University, 1985, 70p., Refs. passim. For individual papers see 40-1351 through

Jones, R.H., ed.

Soil freezing, Artificial freezing, Frost heave, Frozen ground strength, Frozen ground mechanics, Meetings, Thermal properties, Rheology, Tunneling (excavation), Models.

40-1351

Thermal aspects and analysis.

Holden, J.T., National Symposium on Ground Freezing, 3rd, Sep. 26, 1985. Proceedings. Edited by R.H. Jones, Nottingham, University, 1985, p.1-5, 19

Soil freezing, Thermal properties, Freeze thaw cycles, Heat transfer, Ground thawing, Engineering, Thermal analysis, Frozen ground mechanics, Unfrozen water content, Frost penetration.

40-1352

Frost heave: models and observations.

Proper D., National Symposium on Ground Freezing, 3rd, Sep. 26, 1985. Proceedings. Edited by R.H. Jones, Nottingham, University, 1985, p.7-14, 19 refs. Frost heave, Mathematical models, Ice lenses, Heat transfer, Mass transfer, Frost action.

40-1353

Modifications to equipment, and improvements in facilities used in the study of mass transport in a partially frozen soil by thermal neutron radiography. Clark. M.A., et al., National Symposium on Ground Freezing, 3rd, Sep. 26, 1985. Proceedings. Edited by R.H. Jones, Nottingham, University, 1985, p.15-20, 1 ref.

Kettle, R.J.

Soil freezing, Frozen ground mechanics, Mass transfer, Radiometry, Psychrometers, Thermocouples, Neutrons. 40-1354

Mechanical properties of frozen ground.
Jones, R.H., National Symposium on Ground Freezing, 3rd, Sep. 26, 1985. Proceedings. Edited by R.H. Jones, Nottingham, University, 1985, p.21-26, 14

Frozen ground mechanics, Frozen ground strength, Strains, Soil freezing, Soil creep, Acoustic measure-ment, Temperature effects, Time factor.

40-1355

Modelling the creep behaviour of frozen sands.
Hampton, C.N., et al, National Symposium on Ground
Freezing, 3rd, Sep. 26, 1985. Proceedings. Edited
by R.H. Jones, Nottingham, University, 1985, p.27-33,

Jones, R.H., Gardner, A.P. Frozen ground mechanics, Soil creep, Sands, Frozen ground strength, Stresses, Rheology, Models, Deformation.

40-1356

Freeze wall structural design and case histories.

Freeze wall structural design and case histories. Auld, F.A., National Symposium on Ground Freezing. 3rd, Sep. 26, 1985. Proceedings. Edited by R.H. Jones, Nottingham, University, 1985, p.35-43, 1 ref. Frozen ground strength, Soil stabilization, Tunnels, Shafts (excavations), Walls, Artificial freezing, Soil freezing, Design, Bearing strength, Engineering, Pheelery.

40-1357

Three Valleys tunnel—the reality of a rolling freeze. Hieatt, M.J., et al, National Symposium on Ground Freezing, 3rd, Sep. 26, 1985. Proceedings. Edited by R.H. Jones, Nottingham, University, 1985, p.45-52. Draper, A.R.

Tunneling (excavation), Clay soils, Soil freezing, Artificial freezing, Liquefied gases, Grouting, Safety. 40-1358

Optimum ice wall construction.

Harris, J.S., National Symposium on Ground Freezing, 3rd, Sep. 26, 1985. Proceedings. Edited by R.H. Jones, Nottingham, University, 1985, p.53-58, 6

Soil freezing, Artificial freezing, Ground ice, Excavation, Design, Pipes (tubes), Liquefied gases, Cryogenic soils.

Technical visit to the Kyoto subway (Karasuma line-Kamogawa section).

Ramogawa section).

English, H.C., National Symposium on Ground Freezing, 3rd, Sep. 26, 1985. Proceedings. Edited by R.H. Jones, Nottingham, University, 1985, p.59-70.

Soil freezing, Artificial freezing, Excavation, Refrigeration, Tunneling (excavation), Railroad tunnels.

Iceberg grounding and scouring frequency, Labrador

Sea. Wood worth-Lynas, C.M.T., et al, Memorial University of Newfoundland. Centre for Cold Ocean Resources Engineering C-CORE publication, 1984, sources Engineering C 84-16, p.259-262, 4 refs.

Simms, A., Rendell, C.M.
Icebergs, Ice scoring, Grounded ice, Ocean bottom,
Hydraulic structures, Pipelines, Labrador Sea.

Climate, geomorphology, and glaciology of the Shack-leton Glacier area, Queen Maud Mountains, Antarc-

tica.

LaPrade, K.E., American Geophysical Union. Antarctic research series, 1984, 36(9), p.163-196, Refs. p.191-196.

Glacial geology, Geologic structures, Permafrost structure, Patterned ground, Frost heave, Weathering, Antarctica—Shackleton Glacier.

ing, Antarctica—Shackleton Glacier.

The study area centers around Shackleton Glacier, which flows northward across the central part of the Queen Maud Mountains, central sector of the Transantarctic Mountains. The climate is polar and. Shackleton Glacier and its tributaries drain essentially all of the study area and have influenced the landforms, especially in the southern part. Weathering is mainly mechanical, including frost wedging, granular disintegration, alternate heating and cooling with hydration, and honeycombing. Well-developed patterned ground has resulted from frost wedging. Ancient chemical weathering is indicated by in situ alteration, and replacement of immerals. Present chemical weathering consists of minor amounts of iron stanning and solution pits. Glacial crosson features include benches, broad summits, structions, cruues, cols, arties, horis, truncated spurs. summits, strictions, cirques, cols, arêtes, horns, truncated spurs, hanging tributaries and valleys, and I shaped valleys Depositional features include tillite, stranded lateral moraines, Depositional features include tillite, stranded lateral moranies, lateral, medial, and ground moranies, and rock glaciers Glaciations of two age groups are noted. Queen Main! Glaciation of middle to late Tertiary age and "Final" Glaciation of Quaternary age. The Final Glaciation includes several minor glacial phases. The Queen Maud and Final glaciations are tentatively correlated with other glaciations in the Transantarctic Mountains. (Auth.)

40-1362

Winter driving—a challenge in emissions control. Environment update, Apr. 1985, 5(4), p.10-11.
Cold weather operation, Vehicles, Air pollution, Winter maintenance, Heating.

Inventorying forest and other vegetation of the high latitude and high altitude regions; Proceedings of an international symposium, Pairbanks, AK, USA, 23-26

LaBau, V.J., ed, Bethesda, MD, Society of American Foresters, 1984, 296p., Refs. passim. For selected pa-pers see 40-1364 through 40-1369.

Kerr, C.L., ed.
Forestry, Vegetation, Remote sensing, Snow cover effect, Meetings, Permafrost, Altitude, Polar regions, Environments, Meteorological factors.

Cold region vegetation information needs from the

Cold region vegetation information needs from the perspective of wild-life and fisheries. Lent, P.C., Inventorying forest and other vegetation of the high latitude and high altitude regions; Proceedings of an international syniposium, Fairbanks, AK, July 23-26, 1984. Edited by V.J. LaBau and C.L. Kerr, Bethesda, MD, Society of American Foresters, 1984, p.20-27, 32 refs.

Vegetation, Environmental impact, Remote sensing, Polar regions, Models, Animals.

Constraints and approaches in high latitude natural

resource sampling and research.
Slaughter, C.W., et al, MP 2013, Invertorying forest and other vegetation of the high latitude and high altiand other vegetation of the high latitude and high attitude regions; Proceedings of an international symposium, Fairbanks, AK, July 23-26, 1984. Edited by V.J. LaBau and C.L. Kerr, Bethesda, MD, Society of American Foresters, 1984, p.41-46, 37 refs. Werner, R.A., Haugen, R.K.

Natural resources, Snow cover effect, Permafrost, Meteorological factors, Remote sensing, Seasonal variations, Aerial surveys.

40-1366

Alaska-style vegetation inventory problems.

Helm, D., Inventorying forest and other vegetation of the high latitude and high altitude regions; Proceedings of an international symposium, Fairbanks, AK, July 23-26, 1984. Edited by V.J. LaBau and C.L. Kerr, Bethesda, MD, Society of American Foresters, 1984, p.47-49, 3 refs.

Vegetation, Meteorological factors, Forestry, Mosses, Lichens, United States—Alaska.

40-1367
Response of vegetation to landscape evolution on glacial till near Toolik Lake, Alaska.

Jorgenson, T., Inventorying forest and other vegetation of the high latitude and high altitude regions; Proceedings of an international symposium, Fairbank, AK, July 23-26, 1984. Edited by V.J. LaBau and C.L. Kerr, Bethesda, MD, Society of American Foresters, 1984, p. 134-141, 13 refs.

egetation, Landscape types, Glacial deposits, Paleoclimatology, Topographic factors, Classifications.

Snow cover and interpretation of vegetation/habitat

inventories.

Brooks, J., III, et al, Inventorying forest and other vegetation of the high latitude and high altitude regions; Proceedings of an international symposium, Fairbanks, AK, July 23-26, 1984. Edited by V.J. LaBau and C.L. Kerr, Bethesda, MD, Society of American Foresters, 1984, p.203-210, 18 refs. Collins, W.B.

Tundra, Snow cover distribution, Snow hardness, Vegetation, Snow depth, Snowdrifts, Metamorphism (snow), Wind factors, United States—Alaska— Kotzebue.

Growth rate of western and mountain hemlock on four soil ecosystems in the Petersburg/Wrangell area of

soil ecosystems in the Petersburg/Wrangell area of southeast Alaska. Van Hee-, W.W.S., Inventorying forest and other vegetation of the high latitude and high altitude regions. Proceedings of an international symposium, Fairoanks, AK, July 23-26, 1984. Edited by V.J. LaBau and C.L. Kerr, Bethesda, MD, Society of American Foresters, 1984, p.225-229, 5 refs. Soils, Forest land, Growth, Ecosystems, Mountains, Altitude, Slope orientation, United States—Alaska.

Documentation of iceberg groundings.

El-Tahan, M., et al, Environmental Studies Revolving Funds. Report, June 1985, No.007, 162p., With French summary. 8 refs.
El-Tahan, H., Courage, D., Mitten, P.
Icebergs, Grounded ice, Sea ice distribution, Ice scor-

ing, Offshore structures, Ice volume, Damage, Velocity, Statistical analysis, Hydraulic structures.

40-1371

Short-time creep of snow.

Smort-time creep of snow.

Zaretskii, IU.K., et al, National Research Council,
Canada. Technical translation, 1985, NRC/CNR
TT-2111, 183p., Refs. p.180-183. For Russian original see 36-3125.

Chumichev, B.D.

Ice creep, Ice mechanics, Ice crystal structure, Ice physics, Rheology, Ice deformation, Fracturing, Ice acoustics.

40-1372

Redesign of the M.V. Arctic bow—additional model tests at HSVA and WARC.

Baker, D.N., Canada. Department of Transport. Report. May 1985. TP 5811E and TP 5812E. 2 vols. Icebreakers, Ice conditions, Models, Ice breaking, Tests.

40-1373

Dynamics of ocean waves in a continuous sea ice cov-

Squire, V.A., Cambridge, England, University, Oct. 1978, 190p. + plates, Ph.D. thesis. Refs. p.180-190. Ocean waves, Ice cover effect, Wave propagation, Ice water interface, Sea Ice, Hydrodynamics, Dynamic properties, Viscoelasticity, Mathematical models, Ice edge, Strains, Temperature effects, Forecasting.

40-1374

Effect of sea ice cover on ocean surface waves. Wadhams, P., Cambridge, England, University, Dec. 1973, 223p., Ph.D. thesis. Refs. p.209-223.

Ocean waves, Ice cover effect, Wave propagation, Sea

ice, Attenuation, Ice edge, Ice growth, Ice water in-terface, Spectra, Lasers, Analysis (mathematics), Ice conditions

40-1375

Decade of change and future trends in roofing; Proceedings.

ceedings.

International Symposium on Roofing Technology, 2nd, 1985, Chicago, National offing Contractors Association, 1985, 488p., Refs. passim. For selected papers see 40-1376 through 40-1380.

Roofs, Thermal insulation, Freeze thaw cycles, Snow

cover effect, Ice cover effect, Cracking (fracturing), Meetings, Decomposition, Damage.

40-1376

Temperature profiles of different roof waterproofing systems subjected to natural exposure conditions. May, J.O., Decade of change and future trends in roofing; proceedings of the 1985 International Symposium

on Roofing Technology, Chicago, National Roofing Contractors Association, 1985, p.80-85.

Roofs, Thermal insulation, Waterproofing, Decomposition, Temperature effects, Snow cover effect, Humidity, Rain, Solar radiation.

40-1377

Theory to explain roof splitting by ice.

Riedel, R.G., Decade of change and future trends in roofing; proceedings of the 1985 International Sym-posium on Roofing Technology, Chicago, National Roofing Contractors Association, 1985, p.112-115, 5 refs

Roofs, Cracking (fracturing), Ice cover effect, Damage, Ice action, Countermeasures, Theories, Temperature variations.

40-1378

Economic optimization of roof insulation thermal resistance.

Adler, A., Decade of change and future trends in roofing; proceedings of the 1985 International Symposium on Roofing Technology, Chicago, National Roofing Contractors Association, 1985, p.138-143, 10 refs. Roofs, Thermal Insulation, Cost analysis, Design, Snow cover effect.

40-1379

Performance of the protected membrane roof in Australia.

Watts, H., Decade of change and future trends in roofing; proceedings of the 1985 International Symposium on Roofing Technology, Chicago, National Roofing Contractors Association, 1985, p.302-308, 13 refs.

Roofs, Thermal insulation, Resins, Freeze thaw cycles. Temperature variations. Australia.

40-1380

Investigation of the potential of ice lenses under built-up roofs on lightweight insulating concrete. Johnson, J.E., Decade of change and future trends in roofing; proceedings of the 1985 International Symposium on Roofing Technology, Chicago, National Roofing Contractors Association, 1985, p.475-180, 5

Roofs, Ice lenses, Thermal insulation, Concrete structures, Temperature gradients.

Information system on floating ice; feasibility study: summary report. [Système d'information sur les glaces flottantes; étude de faisabilité (REMSCAN):

rapport sommaire, Green, D.W., et al, Canada. Department of Transport. Report, Jan. 1985, TP 5988F, 17p., In French with English summary.

Ice detection, Floating ice, Remote sensing, Ice navigation, Telecommunication, Sea ice distribution, Ocean currents, Ice forecasting.

French program of glaciological surveys. (Le programme de relevés glaciologiques français, Burnet, R., Neige et avalanches, June 1985, No.37, p.3-24, In French. 12 refs.

Glacier surveys, Glaciology, Glacier ablation, Glacier flow, Glacial hydrology, France.

Seismic method of measuring avalanche activity. [Mesure de l'activité avalancheuse par méthode sis-

Lafeuille, J., et al. Neige et avalanches, June 1985. No.37, p.25-39, In French. 3 refs. Danielou, Y.

Avalanche formation, Seismic surveys, Avalanche mechanics. Snow mechanics. Detection.

Avalanches in Chile, Avalanches au Chili-Di Betta, J., Neige et avalanches, June 1985, No.37, p.57-71, In French.

Avalanches, Avalanche surveys, Snow accumulation, Mountains, Climatic factors, Chile.

Investigation of the multiaxial properties of snow at high rates of deformation.

Brown, R.L., U.S. Army Research Office, Grant No.-DAAG29-82-K-0127, Bozeman, Montana State Uniersity, July 1985, 7p., 11 refs.

Snow physics, Snow crystal structure, Snow deforma-tion, Strains, Stresses, Grain size, Snow density, Microstructure.

Light cycles and latitude-plant survival can depend

Klebesadel, L.J., University of Alaska, College. Magazine, June 1985, 3(3), p.26-28, Adapted from a report in Agroborealis, vol.17, No.1.

Plants (botany), Cold tolerance, Light effects, Acclimatization, Climatic factors, Polar regions, Win-

40-1387

Surface topography of the lower part of Columbia Glacier, Alaska, 1974-1981.
Rasmussen, L.A., et al, U.S. Geological Survey. Professional paper, 1985, 1258-E, 63p., 19 refs.

Glacier surfaces, Topographic features, Photogrammetric surveys, Topographic maps, Accuracy, Alti-tude, Analysis (mathematics), Calving, United States -Columbia Glacier.

Accident due to a small snow avalanche which oc-curred on 22 April, 1984 at Nishikawa-machi,

Nakamura, T., et al, Japan. National Research Center for Disaster Prevention. Report, Mar. 1985, No.34, p.73-87, In Japanese with English summary.

Nakamura, H., Abe, O.

Avalanche formation, Accidents, Snow density, Impact strength. Metamorphism (snow), Velocity

40-1389

Computer study of startup dynamics on wet snow ava-

Nakamura, T., et al, Japan. National Research Cen-Nakamura, 1. et al., Japani. Ivaturia Research Ceriorer for Disaster Prevention. Report, Mar. 1985, No. 34, p. 89-109, With Japanese summary. 10 refs. Abe, O., Numano, N., Lang, T.E. Avalanche mechanics, Wet snow, Avalanche triggering, Avalanche tracks, Hydrodynamics, Computer ap-

plications, Slope orientation, Analysis (mathematics), Explosives.

40-1390

Snowpack accumulation before and after thinning a

dog-hair stand of lodgepole pine. Gary, H.L., et al, U.S. Rocky Mountain Forest and Range Experiment Station, Fort Collins, Colorado. Forest Service research note, Jan. 1985, RM-450, 4p., 13 refs. Watkins, R.K.

Snow accumulation, Forest canopy, Snow water equivalent, Watersheds, Snow hydrology, Water supply, United States—Wyoming.

40-1391

Temperature gradient weakening in snow.

Sommerfeld, R.A., U.S. Rocky Mountain Forest and Range Experiment Station, Fort Collins, Colorado. U.S. Forest Service research note, Jan. 1985, RM-449, 6p., 13 refs.

Snow density, Metamorphism (snow), Depth hoar, Grain size, Temperature gradients.

40-1392

Safety guide for operations over ice (TB guide 5-3). Occupational health and safety, Chap. 5 (503), June 1, 1983, 29p., In English and French.

Ice cover strength, Bearing strength, Ice crossings, Aircraft landing areas, Loads (forces), Safety, Ice cover thickness, Cold weather operation, Velocity, Winter maintenance, Ice cracks, Canada,

40-1393

Summary geologic report for the North Aleutian Shelf (OCS) planning area, Bering Sea, Alaska. Marlow, M.S., et al, U.S. Geological Survey. Of file report, 1984, No.84-773, 28p., Refs. p.24-28. Open Cooper, A.K

Marine geology, Bottom sediment, Ice conditions, Natural resources, Sediment transport, Sedimentology, Petroleum industry, Seasonal variations, Earthquakes, Bering Sea.

40-1394

Snow crystals of hollow prism type observed at Mizu-ho Station, Antarctica. Wada, M., et al, Antarctic record, Sep. 1985,

Wada, M., et al, Antarctic record, Sep. 1985. No.86, p.1-8, In English with Japanese summary. Gonda, T.

Snow crystal structure, Snow crystal nuclei, Antarctica-Mizuho Station.

Observations of snow crystals were made, using a stereoscopic microscope at Mizuho Station during March 1979 and January 1980. Hollow prisms were observed rather in excess together with different shapes of snow crystals. Crystallographic properties and growth conditions of hollow prisms are discussed. (Auth.)

40-1395

servations of the relative humidity in the katabatic

wind area, Mizuho Station in East Antarctica. Wada, M., Antarctic record, Sep. 1985, No.86, p.9-16,

In English with Japanese summary. 9 refs. Humidity, Ice cover effect, Wind velocity, Antarctica -Mizuho Station.

Two types of humidity sensors were available at Mizuho Station in 1979 and 1980. One was Panametric's hygrometer which measures the electric capacity of A12O2 sensor, and the other a mirror-type hygrometer made by EG&G. ty observations using these hygrometers suggest that the air at Mizuho Station in winter is sometimes saturated with respect to (Auth)

40-1396

Salt origin in the Wright Valley, Antarctica.

Tomiyama, C., et al, Antarctic record, Sep. 1985, No.86, p.17-27, In English with Japanese summary.

Kitano, Y Lake water, Lacustrine deposits, Salinity, Chemical composition, Antarctica—Wright Valley.

composition, Antarctica—Wright Valley. Salt distribution and stable isotope composition of sulf ir have been investigated in the upper Wright Valley area. From the discussion on the mass balance of chemical constituents in the Don Juan basin, it is clear that alloum chloride-rich groundwater is an important source for the pond water, and other sources of sulfate and calcium ions other than groundwater and stream water should be considered. The age of Don Juan Pond was calculated to be younger if an 9,000-37,000 years. The isotope composition of sulfate does not indicate the origin of sulfate ions at the Labyrinth area and the Don Juan basin. For the Vanda

basin, it is supposed that the sulfate minerals were formed from seawater on the slope of the valley when the valley was a fjord (Auth.)

40-1397

Vertical distribution of nutrients and DOC in lake

waters P: ar Syowa Station, Antarctica. Fukui, F., et al, Antarctic record, Sep. 1985, No.86, p.28-35, In English with Japanese summary. 30 refs. orii, T., Okabe, S.

Lake water, Water chemistry, Organic carbon, Antarctica—Showa Station.

tarctica—Showa Station.

The vertical distribution of inorganic nutrients and dissolved organic carbon was determined for two freshwater and three saline lakes near Showa Station in January to February, 1977. In the freshwater lakes of O-ike and Skallen Oike the concentrations of nutrients were very low and their distributions were vertically homogeneous. Saline lakes of Nurume and Suribati, were typically meromicite and anoxic below 10 m depth. In the anoxic layers of these lakes, PO4-P and NH4-N were highly concentrated. These nutrients probably originated from the decomposition of organic materials in the bottom sediments. The concentrations of nutrients in Lake Hunazoko, which is the most saline lake around Syowa Station, were considerably lower than those of Lakes Nurume and Suribati except for SiO2-Si. The concentration of DOC in the water of the freshwater and saline lakes ranged from 0.84 to 2.84 mg/l and from 1.63 to 186 mg/l, respectively. In the saline lakes a significant correlation was found between chlorinity and DOC. (Auth.)

40-1398

40-1998
Report on the seminar "Problems of Ice Navigation".
Yoshida, Y., Antarctic record, Sep. 1985, No.86, p.119-124, In Japanese with English summary.
Meetings, Ice navigation, Sea ice, Antarctica.

Meetings, Ice navigation, Sea ice, Antarctica. The first Seminar on the Problems of Ice Navigation was held at National Institute of Polar Research on October 12th, 1984. The objective was to review the present scientific knowledge of sea ice and technological problems relating to tee navigation, in particular in the Antarctic, and to seek the possibility of cooperative research on ice navigation in scientific and technological aspects. The following topics were discussed: distribution and characteristics of sea ice and survey methods; sea ice characteristics in the vicinity of Ultzow-Holm Bay revealed from satellite image analysis, ice navigation of icebreakers Fuji and Shirase, sea ice problems in the shipbuilding technology; sea ice observation by remote-sensing techniques, sea ice thickness measurement by an impulse radar (Auth.)

40-1399

Quantitative assessment of the accuracy of the tech-

niques for calculating graupel growth.

Heymsfield, A.J., et al, Journal of the atmospheric sciences, Nov. 1985, 42(21), p.2264-2274, 16 refs.

Pflaum, J.C.

Snow pellets, Growth, Snow physics, Analysis (mathematics).

40-1400

Generalized form for impact velocities used to determine graupel accretional densities.

Rasmussen, R.M., et al. Journal of the atmospheric sciences, Nov. 1985, 42(21), p.2275-2279, 11 refs. Heymsfield, A.J.

Snow pellets, Impact strength, Velocity.

40-1401

Glaciological investigations in Norway 1982, Glasi-

Glaciological investigations in Norway 1982, [Glasi-ologiske undersökelser i Norge 1982], Roland, E., et al, Norway. Vassdrags- og elektrisitetsvesen. Hydrologisk avdeling. Rapport, 1985, No.1-85, 102p. + map, In Norwegian with English summary. Refs. p.92-97. Haakensen, N. Glaciology, Glacier mass balance, Meteorology, Glacker ma

cial hydrology, Drainage, Mathematical models, Forecasting, Subglacial observations, Sediment transport, Glacier flow, Norway.

40-1402

Summary of glaciological measurements made between 1960 and 1984 on the McMurdo Ice Shelf An-

McCrae, I.R., Auckland, New Zealand. University. School of Engineering. Report, Nov. 1984, No.360, 92p., Refs. p.86-92.

Glacier surveys, Ice shelves, Ice mechanics, Glacier

Glacier surveys, Ice shelves, Ice mechanics, Glacier flow, Ice cover thickness, Air temperature, Ice temperature, Flow rate, Snow accumulation, Radar echoes, Strains, Antarctica—McMurdo Ice Shelf.

For over 20 years the New Zealand Antarctic Division has undertaken an annual program of gathering glaciological data on the McMurdo Ice Shelf. Preliminary results have been useful for logistic purposes. Measurements have been useful for logistic purposes. Measurements have been made of shelf velocities, surface accumulation, strain rates, ice and temperatures profiles, shelf thicknesses, and brine inflitration. This report summarizes all data collected to date on the McMurdo Ice Shelf. From these results, flow lines for the western half of the shelf are mapped, approximate surface snowfall and shelf thickness contour maps are drawn, and general glaciological features of the shelf discussed. An observation of particular interest was the presence, in the velocity data collected, of sinusoidal fluctuations with time. These variations have amplitudes up to 3 m/yr, with a period of 9-11 years, and are

confined to a region near the shelf front where the ice is relatively thin (20 to 40 in thick). Such variations appear linked to the extent of the annual breakout from the shelf front. Breakout has also fluctuated considerably in recent years. (Auth. mod.)

40-1403

Southern ocean: a survey of oceanographic and marine meteorological research work.

Hellmer, H.H., et al, Bremerhaven, Germany. Alfred-Wegener-Institut für Polarforschung. Berichte zur Polarforschung, Dec. 1985, No.26, 115p., Refs. p. 102-115.

Bersch, M., Augstein, E., Grabemann, I. Marine meteorology, Sea ice, Air water interactions, Oceanography, Antarctica—Weddell Sea.

Oceanography, Antarctica—Weddell Sea. This literature survey concentrates on studies of oceanic and atmospheric physics of the southern ocean and places special emphasis on the Weddell Sea. The latter region has been chosen as the main working area for the present and forthcoming German marine research in Antarctica. Research topics surveyed include: marine atmosphere; sea surface heat exchange; sea ice; Antarctic Intermediate Water; Weddell-Scotia Confluence, Antarctic Circumpolar Current, bottom topography, antarctic pressure trough, Weddell polynya; Weddell gyre; wind influence, mixing processes, and double diffusive convection among many others. among many others

Thermally forced circulation in a small, ice-covered

Rahm, L., *Limnology and oceanography*, Sep. 1985, 30(5), p.1122-1128, 15 refs.

Lake ice, Thermal effects, Frozen lakes, Water flow.

40-1405

Access pipes for multiple sampling under ice. Baird, F, et al, Limnology and oceanography, Sep. 1985, 30(5), p.1129-1130, 2 refs. Buso, D.C., Hornbeck, J.W. Ice cover, Lake water, Water chemistry, Sampling, Pipes (tubes).

Statistical forecasting method for the ice edge in the

Plotnikov, V.V., Soviet meteorology and hydrology, 1984, No.2, p.47-52, 11 refs., Translated from Meteorologia i gidrologia.

Sea ice distribution, Ice edge, Ice forecasting, Ice conditions, Statistical analysis, Meteorological factors Charts tors. Charts.

40-1407

Long-period wind-speed fluctuations on the Arctic coast

coast.

Vorontsov, A.A., et al, Soviet meteorology and hydrology, 1984, No.2, p.79-81, 10 refs., Translated from Meteorologiia i gidrologiia.

Zhevakina, L.V., Nikora, V.I.

Atmospheric circulation, Synoptic meteorology, Wind velocity, Soll air interface, Air water interactions, Turbulence, USSR—Murmansk, USSR—Chulestylia, Paparaguel. kotskiy Peninsula.

40-1408

Portable press for strength testing ice in the field. Kozitskii, I.E., Soviet meteorology and hydrology, 1984, No.2, p.92-93, 2 refs., Translated from Meteorologiia i gidrologiia.

Ice physics, Ice strength, Test equipment, Compressive properties.

40-1409

Berezinskii, N.A., et al, Soviet meteorology and hydrology, 1984, No.6, p.21-25, 11 refs., Translated from Meteorologia i gidrologiia. Stepanov, G.V.

Ice nuclei, Atmospheric composition, Aerosols, Samplers, Sampling, Ice formation.

40-1410
Aircraft icing in clear skies.
Kostianof, G.N., et al, Soviet meteorology and hydrology, 1984, No.6, p 92-94, 10 refs., Translated from Meteorologiia i gidrologiia.
Ratorenova, T.V., Shagin, A.I.
Aircraft icing, Atmospheric composition, Humidity, Ice formation, Seasonal variations, Ice accretion.

40-1411

Forecast of peak water levels with ice jams on the

Porecast of peak water fereis and a large Neva River.

Neva River.

Karnovich, V.N., et al, Soviet meteorology and hydrology, 1984, No.12, p.93-96. Translated from Meteorologia i gidrologiia. 2 refs.

Strikova, Zh.N., Sevast lanova, N.V.

River ice, Ice jams, Water level, Polynyas, Ice break-

up, Ice floes, Slush, Flood forecasting, Icebound

Estimate of the ice cover of Lake Ladoga by remote

means.

Prokacheva, V.G., et al, Soviet meteorology and hydrology, 1984, No.7, p.69-73, Translated from Meteorologiia i gidrologiia. 8 refs.

Borodulin, V.V.

Aerial surveys, Spaceborne photography, Icebound lakes, Ice formation, Ice conditions, Ice breakup, Photointerpretation, Ice jams.

Presumed climate variations and possible dynamics of

Gavrilova, M.K., Soviet meteorology and hydrology, 1984, No.7, p.101-103, Translated from Meteorologiia i gidrologiia. 21 refs. Climatic changes, Permafrost transformation,

Human factors, Pollution, Weather modification, Climate control.

40-1414
Characteristics of background sulfate pollution of the snow cover on the territory of the USSR.
Belikova, T.V., et al, Soviet meteorology and hydrology, 1984, No.9, p.36-43, 9 refs., Translated from Meteorologiia i gidrologiia.

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Land ice, Ice cover thickness, Radar echoes, Remote

sensing, Motor vehicles, All terrain vehicles.

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Statistical relationships between cold regions surface conditions and climatic parameters.

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40-1422

Thermal emissivity of diathermanous materials.

Munis, R.H., et al, *Optical engineering*, Sep.-Oct. 1985, 24(5), MP 1963, p.872-878, 10 refs. Marshall, S.J.

Radiometry, Optical properties, Infrared photogra-phy, Temperature measurement, Absorption, Materials, Emissivity.

Thermal (2.0 to 5.6 micron) measurements of the normal emissivity of several diathermanous materials having slightly different refractive indices were made at 15.2 C, 4.9 C, and -5.6 C Calculations of the total hemispherical emissivity were made Calculations of the total nemispherical emission, were made from normal emissivity and plotted against the optical depth. A comparison of these data with a model proposed by R. Gardon J. Am. Ceram. Soc. 39(8), 278 (1956)) indicates that at near-ambient temperatures they agree very closely. This comparison presumes that the narrow range of refractive indices about $n\!=\!1.5$ associated with these specimens would not preclude them from being treated as having a value of 1.5

40-1423

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Thermal radiation. Thermal properties. Materials. Radiometry, Temperature measurement, Emissivity.

Image contrast enhancement sometimes complicates image un Image contrast enhancement sometimes complicates image understanding. A scene that consists of slightly dissimilar target and background emittances may not be readily identifiable without image enhancement. Even if the emittance differential can be sharply contrasted, those image surface patterns that convey subsurface thermal information may not be visible because of the wide dynamic range that must be accommodated by the thermal imaging system. This paper describes how emittance complicates the interpretation of thermal images. High and low emittance values affect the logic required for understanding thermal scenes. Thermal scenes containing emittance differentials are cause to interpret if there is a large contrast between the object and the background.

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Materials, Snow removal, Low temperature research, Low temperature tests.

The Pisten Bully is a sophisticated snow plough used for the general maintenance of ski slopes, usually carried out at dusk or in the dark, at sub-zero temperatures and when it is snowing, it may also be used in other fields, e.g. as an operational and transport vehicle on marshy ground as well as in the arctic and antarctic regions. The vehicle is described and illustrated, its performance characteristics and those of its parts are specified, and a cost ranslysis is siven.

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Ice elasticity, Icebreakers, Ice navigation, Measuring instruments.

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From the study on the process of ice ridging in Puck ¿Z badań nad procesem pietrzenia lodu w zatoce Puckieji,

Zakrzewska, M., Przeglad geofizyczny, 1980, 25(2), p.129-136, In Polish with English summary. 15 refs Pressure ridges, Ice cover strength, Ice water interface, Ice friction, Sea ice, Water level, Mathematical models, Wind factors, Ocean waves, Ocean currents,

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Photosynthesis, Ice cover effect, Snow cover effect,

Protosyntness, fee cover effect, Snow cover effect, Algae, Cryobiology.

Sea ice microsigae in McMurdo Sound were examined for photosynthesis-irradiance relationships and for the extent and time course of their photosaloptation to a reduction in in situirradiance.

Algae were collected from the bottom centimeter of coarse-grained congelation ice in an area free of natural snow cover. Photosynthetic rate was determined in short term (1 h) incubations. Photosynthetic parameters of the ice algal community were examined over a nine day period following the addition of 4 cm of surface snow while a control area remained snow-free. Low assimilation numbers and constant standing reached stationary growth phase, possibly minimizing their photoadaptive response (Auth. mod.)

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Ice cover effect, Antarctica—McMurdo Sound.

A distinct vertical zonation was observed among diatoms in a bottom congelation ice community at McMurdo sound, during the 1981 spring bloom. The bottom 20 cm of ice collected in Dec. from four stations with variable anow cover was subdividad into 5 cm sections for analysis of algal distribution. Algal abundance was inversely related to the depth of snow cover, and generally decreased with increasing distance above the icewater interface. Most diatoms showed peak abundance in the bottom 10 cm of the ice, where the proportion of living to empty cells was also highest. Two species, however, reached highest concentrations at depths 10-20 cm above the ice-water interface. Two factors are considered as contributing to the observed vertical zonation: successive blooms at the ice-water face. Two factors are considered as contributing to the ou-served vertical zonation: successive blooms at the ice-water interface become spatially stratified within the ice by further accretion below, a differential growth of species occurs along physiochemical gradients within the ice column. A compari-son of early versus late season profiles suggests the latter mech-anism may prevail once ice accretion has ceased. (Auth.)

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perature, Water temperature, Sea spray, Wind fac-

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Richter-Menge, J.A., et al, Journal of energy resources technology, Dec. 1985, 107(4), MP 1965, p.493-497, For another source and abstract see 39-2413 (MP 1857). 11 refs. Cox, G.F.N

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40-1448

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Permafrost structure, Alpine tundra, Isotope analysis, Permafrost distribution, Permafrost transformation, Subsea permafrost, Cryogenic soils, Frozen fines, Mountain glaciers.

40-1449

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40-1450

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sian. 8 refs. Mudrov, IU.V.

Tundra, Permafrost structure, Paleoecology, Topographic effects, Frozen rock temperature, Heat trans-fer, Climatic changes, Arctic landscapes, Analysis (mathematics).

40-1451

Relict permafrost in the northeastern European part of the USSR. [Reliktovaia merzlaia zona Severo-Vostoka evropeľskoľ chasti SSSR],

Oberman, N.G., Razvitie kriolitozony Evrazii v verk-hnem kalnozoe (Development of the permafrost zone in Eurasia in Upper Cenozoic) edited by G.E. Rozen-baum, Moscow, Nauka, 1985, p.23-29, In Russian. 16 refs.

Permafrost transformation, Frozen rock temperature, Permafrost distribution, Permafrost thickness, Permafrost hydrology.

40-1452

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Permafrost distribution. Permafrost structure. Ice veins, Subsea permafrost, Active layer, Ground ice, Ice structure, Ice physical properties.

40-1454

Upper pleistocene stage of permafrost formation in eastern marginal areas of northern West Siberia. ¡Verkhnepleistotsenovyi etap kriolitogeneza na vos-tochnoi okraine severa Zapadnoi Sibiri, Kuznetsova, T.P., et al, Razvitie kriolitozony Evrazii

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Soll profiles, Cryogenic soils, Prozen fines, Permafrost structure, Clays, Ground ice.

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sian. 30 refs. Trofimov, V.T.

Soil profiles, Cryogenic soils, Permafrost origin, Ground ice, Ecology, Permafrost structure, Perma-frost distribution, Soil structure, Climatic factors, Sporadic permafrost.

40-1456

Permafrost zone in northern West Siberia in Late Pleistocene and Holocene. [Kriolitozona Severa Zapadnol Sibiri v pozdnem pleistotsene i golotsene], Danilov, I.D., et al. Razvitic kriolitozony Evrazii v verkhnem kainozoe (Development of the permafrost zone in Eurasia in Upper Cenozoic) edited by G.E. Rozenbaum, Moscow, Nauka, 1985, p.82-90, In Russian. 6 refs. Nedesheva, G.N., Poliakova, E.I.

Permafrost origin, Radioactive age determination, Permafrost structure, Cryogenic textures, Permafrost distribution, Climatic changes, Land ice.

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Plicative dislocations of the permafrost zone in the Pleistocene deposits of northern Eurasia. (O plikativnykh dislokatsiiakh i kriolitogeneze v pleistotsenovykh otlozheniiakh Severnoš Evrazii, Popov, A.I., Razvitie kriolitozony Evrazii v verkhnem

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Land ice, Dislocations (materials), Prozen fines, Permafrost distribution, Marine deposits, Clays, Ground ice, Marls.

Manifestations of cryogenesis in the composition of Cenozoic deposits in northeastern USSR (space-time aspects). ¡Proiavlenie kriogeneza v sostave kaĭno-zoiskikh otlozhenii Severo-Vostoka SSSR (prostranstvenno-vremennoi aspekt)_j, Konishchev, V.N., et al, Razvitie kriolitozony Evrazii

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Permafrost distribution, Cryogenic soils, Soil forma-tion, Soil profiles, Frost penetration, Minerals, Grav-

40-1459

Dating permafrost formation in the northern Chukotskiy Peninsula. [Vremia formirovaniia mnogoletne!

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ermafrost origin, Permafrost dating, Stratigraphy, Palynology, Paleoclimatology.

Conditions of thermokarst formation and the formative stages of aleasy topography during Late Pleisto-cene and Holocene of the Northeast. ¿Usloviia raz-vitiia termokarsta i etapy formirovaniia alasnogo rel-'efa ravnin Severo-Vostoka v pozdnem pleistotsene i

golotsenej, Plakht, I.R., Razvitie kriolitozony Evrazii v verkhnem kainozoe (Development of the permafrost zone in Eurasia in Upper Cenozoic) edited by G.E. Rozen-baum, Moscow, Nauka, 1985, p.112-120, In Russian.

Permafrost hydrology, Thermokarst, Alassy, Structural changes.

40-1461

Alpine cryolithozone of Eurasia in Late Pleistocene. [Al'pilskaia kriolitozona Evrazii v pozdnem pleistotsene,

Gorbunov, A.P., Razvitie kriolitozony Evrazii v verkhnem kalnozoe (Development of the permafrost zone in Eurasia in Upper Cenozoic) edited by G.E. Rozenbaum, Moscow, Nauka, 1985, p.120-129, In Russian.

Alpine landscapes, Permafrost distribution, Permafrost transformation, Mountain glaciers, Plains, Structural changes, Frozen fines.

40-1462

Reconstruction of paleotemperatures of permafrost. (O rekonstruktsii paleotemperatur mnogoletnemer-

zlykh porod₁, Balobaev, V.T., Razvitie kriolitozony Evrazii v verkhnem kalnozoe (Development of the permafrost zone in Eurasia in Upper Cenozoic) edited by G.E. Rozenbaum, Moscow, Nauka, 1985, p.129-136, In Russian. 3 refs.

Active layer, Permafrost physics, Permafrost transformation, Permafrost thermal properties, Frozen ground temperature, Heat transfer, Climatic changes, Analysis (mathematics).

40-1463

Using frost-shattering parameters in reconstructions of paleotemperatures. Ob ispol'zovanii parametrov morozobolnogo rastreskivaniia pri paleotemperatur-

nykh rekonstruktsiiakh, Gevorkian, S.G., et al, Razvitie kriolitozony Evrazii v verkhnem kainozoe (Development of the permafrost verkinem kanozoe (Development of the permanost zone in Eurasia in Upper Cenozoic) edited by G.E. Rozenbaum, Moscow, Nauka, 1985, p.137-141, In Russian. 7 refs. Podbornyl, E.E.

Frost shattering, Permafrost structure, Ice pressure, Ice veins, Ground ice, Surface temperature, Frost action, Heat transfer, Analysis (mathematics).

Scientific and methodological peculiarities in radio-carbon dating of Late Pleistocene deposits of the Central Yakutia. [Nauchno-metodicheskie osobennosti radiouglerodnogo datirovaniia pozdnepleIstot-senovykh mnogoletnemerzlykh otlozhenii Tsentral'nol IAkutiij, Kostiukevich, V.V., Razvitie kriolitozony Evrazii v

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Permafrost hydrology, Radioactive age determination, Thermokarst, Permafrost physics, Active layer,
Geocryology, Geochronology, Hydrothermal processes, Charts, Geochemistry, Stratigraphy.

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Mountain glaciers, Glacier ice, Drill core analysis, Geochemistry, Isotope analysis, Paleoclimatology.

40-1466 Radiophysical techniques employed for sea ice investigations.

Kurskaia, A.A., et al, *IEEE journal of oceanic engineering*, Dec. 1984, OE-9(5), p.329-332, 6 refs. Kutuza, B.G.

Ice physics, Backscattering, Side looking radar, Radiometry, Sea ice, Spectra, Wave propagation, Radiowaves, Remote sensing, Microwaves, Emissivity.

Polarization effects in sea ice signatures.

Mätzler, C., et al, IEEE journal of oceanic engineering, Dec. 1984, OE-9(5), p.333-338, 14 refs.

Ramscier, R.O., Svendsen, E. Sea Ice, Microwavea, Polarization (wavea), Remote sensing, Radiometry, Snow cover effect, Ice salinity, Ice density, Brightness, Ice temperature, Emissivity. 40.1469

Microwave signatures of the sea ice in the East Greenland current.

Skou, N., et al, IEEE journal of oceanic engineering, Dec. 1984, OE-9(5), p.339-343, 5 refs. Pedersen, L.T.

Ice conditions, Sea ice distribution, Microwaves, Polarization (waves), Radiometry, Brightness, Snow cover effect.

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Interpretation of aircraft sea ice microwave data. Bogorodskii, V.V., et al. *IEEE journal of oceanic engineering*, Dec. 1984, OE-9(5), p.344-346, 2 refs. Darovskikh A N

Sea ice distribution, Microwaves, Remote sensing, Ice edge, Ice temperature, Brightness, Ice conditions, Thermal radiation.

40-1470

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of mountain regions.
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1984, OE-9(5), p.347-355, 30 refs. Glacier surveys, Backscattering, Glacier ice, Wet snow, Mountains glaciers, Surface roughness, Iceland. Austria-Alps.

40-1471

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Microwaves, Radiometry, Detection, Subsurface investigations, Polarization (waves), Analysis (mathematics).

40-1472

Microwave dielectric properties of surface snow.

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Snow electrical properties, Microwaves, Radiometry, Scattering, Dielectric properties, Brightness, Snow temperature, Wet snow, Spectra.

40-1473

Retrieval of snow water equivalent from Nimbus-7 SMMR data: effect of land-cover categories and weather conditions.

Hallikainen, M.T., IEEE journal of oceanic engineering, Dec. 1984, OE-9(5), p.372-376, 9 refs.

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Brightness, Surface properties, Meteorological factors, Mapping.

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properties, Metamorphism (snow), Snow density, Unfrozen water content, Wet snow, Analysis (mathematics).

40-1475

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Onstott, R.G., Moore, R.K.
Sea ice, Microwaves, Backscattering, Ice surface, Snow cover effect, Surface roughness, Temperature effects.

40-1476

Prevention of freezing and other cold weather prob-

lems at wastewater treatment facilities.
Reed, S.C., et al, U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory, July 1985, SR 85-11, 49p., ADA-160 727, 23 refs.
Pottle, D.S., Moeller, W.B., Ott, R., Peirent, R., Niedringhaus, E.L.

Underground facilities, Freezing, Cold weather performance, Waste treatment, Water treatment, Frost protection, Countermeasures, Design.

Freezing and other cold weather problems are a major cause of poor performance at wastewater treatment plants in cold climates. This report, based on experience in Alaska, in the north central U.S. and on a survey of over 200 treatment systems in central U.S. and on a survey of over 200 treatment systems in northern New England, presents procedures and criteris so that designers can avoid cold weather problems in future systems. It also contains detailed guidance for assisting operators in over-coming current problems and deficiencies. The information is organized and presented in terms of the major process units that are likely to be found in a typical wastewater treatment system A number of detailed case studies of problems and solutions a specific systems in northern New England are also included.

Construction of snow airstrips for wheeled aircraft in

the Antarctic.

Aver'ianov, V.G., et al, *Polar geography and geology*, Jan.-Mar. 1985, 9(1), p.37-44, 10 refs. For Russian original see 14G-29657 or 38-2708.

Klokov, V.D., Kliuchnikov, G.IA., Korotkevich, E.S., Petrov, V.N.

Snow compression, Runways.

Office Compression, Figure 23.

Until 1981 the personnel of the Soviet antarctic expeditions traveled between the USSR and Antarctica by sea. In that year movements of personnel by air began. The critical factor was traveled between the USSK and Antarctica by sea. In that year movements of personnel by air began. The critical factor was that in 1980 the first Soviet snow airstrip for heavy wheeled aircraft was built at Molodezhnaya. The development of the techniques required for constructing such an airstrip on snow and firn is reviewed. (Auth.)

40-1478

Cryogenic landforms on King George Island, South Shetland Islands.

Viturin, B.I., et al, Polar geography and geology, Jan.-Mar. 1985, 9(1), p.62-69, 11 refs. For Russian original see 14E-31311 or 39-2039.

Moskalevskii, M.IU.

Geocryology, Cryogenic structures, Nival relief, Prost heave, Antarctica—King George Island.

The South Shetland is lie within the oceanic geocryological zone of the Antarctic. King George I, one of the largest islands of the archipelago, presents a variety of landforms of cryogenic-denudational, nival, solifluction and cryostructural cryogenic-denuoautonat, must, solitucuton and cryostructural types. A distinct pattern can be discerned in the distribution of these landforms, controlled by geomorphology, climate and geocryological features. The cryogenic landforms most typical of the island are described, they include cryogenic-denudational and solifluction terraces, nivation cirques, sorted polygons and circles and linear microforms produced by frost-heaving on stones. (Auth)

40-1479

On-site hydrogen generation for meteorological sta-

Millard, S., Weather, Aug. 1985, 40(8), p.251-252. Hydrogen, Meteorology, Gas generators, Antarctica Halley Bay.

The generating unit consists of two standard 8 \times 10 ft. containers commonly used on off-shore oil rigs, modified internally. A JME G2 hydrogen generator and associated electrical controls were fitted in one container and the low-pressure store in the other. The two containers are mounted as a finished ca-boose onto skids so that the unit can be towed from point to point to avoid snow buildup. The British Antarctic Survey is using the unit at !ialley Bay

40-1480

Ice conditions in the 1983/84 winter in the German coastal area between Ems and Trave Rivers. Der Eiswinter 1983/84 im deutschen Kitstengebiet zwischen Ems und Travej,

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Meteorological factors, Winter, Germany.

Experimental measurement of channeling of flow in porous media. Oliphant, J.L., et al, Soil science, May 1985, 139(5),

MP 1967, p.394-399, 10 refs. Tice, A.R.

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Diffusion.

By comparing experimental measurements of the hydraulic conductivity and the effective self-diffusivity of water in porous media, a channeling parameter, c, is defined. This parameter measures the degree of division of flow paths in the media, but does not depend on the tortuosity of the paths or surface effects on the viscosity of the water. Values of c are obtained for Nasaurated montmorillonites containing from 0.82 to 7.7 g of water per g of elay and for Fairbanks silt containing from 0.135 to 0.23 g of water per g of silt. Values for the montmorillonites remain relatively close to the theoretically predicted value of 1.3 at all water contents, indicating maximally divided flow 1/3 at all water contents, indicating maximally divided flow paths. Values for the silt vary from 100 to over 2000, indicating highly channeled flow

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Baulin, V.V., Moscow, Nedra, 1985, 176p., In Russian with English table of contents enclosed. 50 refs.

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When plain reinforcing bars are tested under impact load ac-cording to the steel standards their failure becomes brittle ai-ready at the arctic temperature region. However, when rein-forced concrete structures are loaded with an impact load, the reinforcing bars are subjected to loading conditions very different from the test with the plain rebars, and this has a significant effect on the transition temperature.

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Suitability of polyvinyl chloride pipe for monitoring TNT, RDX, HMX and DNT in groundwater. Parker, L.V., et al, U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory, Aug. 1985, SR 85-12, 27p., ADA-160 733, Refs. p.19-22. Jenkins, T.F., Foley, B.T. Pipes (tubes), Ground water, Water pollution, Water chemistry, Materials, Tests, Salinity.

A number of samples of commercial PVC groundwater monitor-ing pip, which varied in schedule, diameter or manufacturer, were placed in contact with low concentrations of aqueous soluing pip , which varied in schedule, diameter or manufacturer, were placed in contact with low concentrations of aqueous solutions of TNT, RDX, HMX and 2,4-DNT for 80 days under nonsterile conditions. Results indicated that there was some loss of TNT and HMX in the presence of PVC pipe compared to glass controls but that for the most part concentrations of analyte were equivalent between types of pipe. A second experiment was performed to determine if the losses were due solely to sorption or if biodegradation was also a factor. This experiment was done under a variety of groundwater conditions by varying salinity, initial pH and dissolved oxygen. The only case where there was increased loss of any substance because of the presence of PVC pipe was in the TNT solution under non-sterile conditions. This increased loss was thought to be associated with increased microbial degradation rather than sorption. Therefore, given the length of time of this experiment and the small amount of loss attributable to sorption, PVC groundwater for these munitions. Several samples of PVC pipe were also leached with groundwater for 80 siays and no detectable interferences were found by reversed phase HPLC analysis.

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Brown, R. Oil spills, Ice conditions, Shores, Ice solid interface, Ice breakup, Ice melting, Beaches, Seasonal variations, Sea ice distribution.

40-1543

Winter 1981 trafficability tests of the USCGC Polar Sea, Volume 89, ice induced vibration measurements and development of a model for icebreaking excita-Records and data. tion forces.

Glen, I.F., et al, Transport Canada report, TP4080E, Montreal, Quebec, Transportation Development Centre, Mar. 1982, 458p. Microfiche from the National Library of Canada, Microlog, No.84-0088. Majid, I., Tam, G., Menon, B.

Ice navigation, Icebreakers, Ice loads, Vibration, Ice conditions, Trafficability, Mathematical models, Velocity.

Electromagnetic measurements of multi-year sea ice

using impulse radar.

Kovacs, A., et al, U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory, Sep. 1985, CR 85-13, 26p., ADA-160 737, 11 refs.

Morey, R.M. Sea ice, Electromagnetic properties, Ice bottom surface, Marine geology, Geophysical surveys, Electrical resistivity, Brines, Dielectric properties.

Sounding of multi-year sea ice, using impulse radar operating in the 80- to 500-MHz frequency band, has revealed that the bottom of this ice cannot always be detected. This paper discusses a field program aimed at finding out why this is so, and at determining the electromagnetic (EM) properties of multi-year sea ice. It was found that the bottom of the ice could not year sea ice. It was found that the bottom of the ice could not be detected when the ice structure had a high brine content. Because of brine's high conductivity, brine volume dominates the loss mechanism in first-year sea ice, and the same was found true for multi-year ice. A two-phase dielectric mixing formula, used by the authors to describe the EM properties of first-year sea ice, was modified to include the effects of the gas pockets found in the multi-year sea ice

Construction and calibration of the Ottauquechee River model.

Gooch, G., U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory, Aug. 1985, SR 85-13, 10p. ADA-159 902.

Ice jams, Ice breakup, River ice, Ice formation, Models, Flooding, Water supply, Tests.

The Ottauquechee River is located in west-central Vermont. This river was chosen for a physical hydraulic model using real ice. The model was built at a scale of 1.50 horizontal and 1.20 vertical After problems with modeling bed roughness and operating the pump system were overcome, the tests went vertical

Thermal breakup predictions on a regulated river. Andres, D.D., Water for resource development, Pro-

ceedings of the ASCE Hydraulics Division Specialty Conference, edited by D.L. Schreiber, New York, American Society of Civil Engineers, 1984, p.534-538, 11 refs.

DLC TC401 W362 1984

River ice, Ice breakup, Heat transfer, Ice models.

Mackenzie River breakup: Fort Simpson to Fort Good Hope, N.W.T.

Kemp, T., et al, Water for resource development, Proceedings of the ASCE Hydraulics Division Specialty Conference, edited by D.L. Schreiber, New York, American Society of Civil Engineers, 1984, p. 539-543, 6 refs.

Rivard, G., Gerard, R. DLC TC401.W362 1984

River ice, Ice breakup, Ice jams, Canada—Northwest Territories-Mackenzie River.

40-1548

Ice block stability.
Daly, S.F., MP 1972, Water for resource development, Proceedings of the ASCE Hydraulics Division Special-ty Conference, edited by D.L. Schreiber, New York, American Society of Civil Engineers, 1984, p. 544-548, 5 refs.

DLC TC401.W362 1984

DLC TC401.W362 1984
River Ice, Ice floes, Ice pressure.
In this paper a simple formulation of the forces acting on an ice block in contact with an intact ice cover is presented. Underturning of the ice block is the assumed mechanism by which the block is swept under the ice cover. The data can be divided into two separate cases, a shallow water case and a deep water case. The conditions of instability for each case are determined empirically. The resultant prediction of the velocity at which the block is swept under the cover reproduces the data very well over the entire range of nondimensional ice block thicknesses. The "no-spill" condition used in earlier formulations is not required.

40-1549

Simulation of river ice cover growth and decay.

Greene, G.M., Water for resource development, Pro-

ceedings of the ASCE Hydraulics Division Specialty Conference, edited by D.L. Schreiber, New York, American Society of Civil Engineers, 1984, p.549-553,

DLC TC401.W362 1984

River ice, Ice growth, Ice models, Thermodynamic properties, Environment simulation, Ice breakup, Canada—St. Lawrence River.

40-1550

Mathematical modeling of river ice processes. Shen, H.T., MP 1973, Water for resource develop-

ment, Proceedings of the ASCE Hydraulics Division Specialty Conference, edited by D.L. Schreiber, New York, American Society of Civil Engineers, 1984, p.554-558, 16 refs. DLC TC401.W362 1984

River ice, Ice formation, Ice breakup, Analysis (mathematics).

Computer modeling of flow and ice conditions in a river is an important element in the planning of water resources projects in northern regions. In this paper, a brief review on the present knowledge of formulating river ice process is given.

40-1551
Reduction of intake flow due to ice rubbling and consolidation.

Johnson, R.P., et al, Water for resource development,

Proceedings of the ASCE Hydraulics Division Special-ty Conference, edited by D.L. Schreiber, New York, American Society of Civil Engineers, 1984, p.564-568, 3 refs.

Cox, J.C., Machemehl, J.L. DLC TC401.W362 1984 Water intakes, Water flow, Freezeup.

40-1552

Importance of nonlinear wave interactions under ice. Green, T., III, Water for resource development, Proceedings of the ASCE Hydraulics Division Specialty Conference, edited by D.L. Schreiber, New York, American Society of Civil Engineers, 1984, p.569-573,

2 refs. DLC TC401.W362 1984 Ocean waves, Fast ice.

Hydraulics of freezeup.
Santeford, H.S., et al, Water for resource development,
Proceedings of the ASCE Hydraulics Division Specialty Conference, edited by D.L. Schreiber, New York,
American Society of Civil Engineers, 1984, p.574-578, 5 refs.

5 reis. Alger, G.R. DLC TC401.W362 1984

River ice, Freezeup, Hydraulics, Models.

40-1554

Snowmelt runoff models for water supply forecasting. Martinec, J., Water for resource development, Proceedings of the ASCE Hydraulics Division Specialty Conference, edited by D.L. Schreiber, New York, American Society of Civil Engineers, 1984, p.659-663,

6 refs. DLC TC401.W362 1984

Snowmelt, Models, Water supply, Forecasting.

40-1555

Space observations for climate studies.

Ohring, G., ed, Advances in space research, 1985, 5(6), Proceedings of Symposium 4 of the COSPAR twenty-fifth plenary meeting held in Graz, Austria, June 25-July 7, 1984, 396p., Refs. passim. For selected papers see 40-1556 through 40-1562 or F-32925-27, I-32921-24, I-32926-28, and J-32924. Bolle, H.-J., ed.

Snow cover effect, Cloud cover, Remote sensing, Albedo, Topographic effects.

Of some 70 papers presented at the Symposium, 8 relate to Antarctica and discuss the following topics: basic atmospheric variables (temperature, pressure, winds, precipitation), climatically important atmospheric constituents, clouds, the Earth's radiation budget, the oceans, the cryosphere, land surface pro-cesses, and space data.

Assessment of thin cirrus and low cloud over snow by

means of the maximum likelihood method.

Bolle, H.-J., Advances in space research, 1985, 5(6), p.169-175, 3 refs.

Cloud cover, Snow cover effect, Remote sensing, Op-

tical properties, Mountains, Spectra, Brightness.

40-1557

Satellite observations of sea ice.

Cavalieri, D.J., et al, Advances in space research, 1985, 5(6), p.247-255, 27 refs.
Zwally, H.J.

Polynyas, Pack ice, Sea ice distribution, Spacecraft, Remote sensing, Polar regions.

Remote sensing, Polar regions.

An overview is presented of antarctic and Arctic sea ice studies using data from the Nimbus-5 ESMR and the Nimbus-7 SMMR passive microwave radiometers. Four years (1973-1976) of ESMR data for the antarctic occan define characteristics of the seasonal cycle including regional contrasts and interannual variations. Major advances include the discovery of the Weddell polynya and the presence of substantial areas of open water in the antarctic winter pack ice. Regional differences in sea ice extent on time-scales of about a month are shown to be associated with variations in surface-wind fields. (Auth. mod.)

Characteristics of Arctic Ocean ice determined from SMMR data for 1979: case studies in the seasonal sea ice zone.

ice zone.

Anderson, M.R., et al, Advances in space research, 1985, 5(6), p.257-261, 13 refs.

Crane, R.G., Barry, R.G.

Spaceborne photography, Sea ice distribution, Remote sensing, Polar regions, Mapping, Microwaves, Ice thermal properties.

40-1559

Distant look at the cryosphere.

Swithinbank, C., Advances in space research, 1985, 5(6), p.263-274, Refs. p.270-274.

LANDSAT, Ice sheets, Glacier ice, Climatology

LANDSAT, Ice sheets, Glacter Ice, Climatology. The space science contribution to the knowledge of glaciers and ice sheets is reviewed. Results show: whereas in global terms the cryosphere exists as a response to climate, over large areas it controls climate; while imaging spacecraft systems have proved easiest to interpret, microwave sensors with poor spatial resolution are able to distinguish transient and stable surface features that are invisible to the eye; imaging radars quite effectively describe sea ice, but precision altimetry is the only practicable method for monitoring changes in the total mass of ice on land. (Auth. mod.)

40-1560

Satellite-derived snow and ice cover in climate diag-

nostic studies. Ropelewski, C.F., Advances in space research, 1985, 5(6), p.275-278, 10 refs.

Climate, Spacecraft, Sea ice distribution. Snow cover

distribution, Remote sensing, Ice cover effect, Snow cover effect. Satellite-derived estimates of snow and sea-ice area have been

Satellite-derived estimates of show and sealed are have been produced weekly on an operational basis for over a decade. This paper presents a synopsis of recent climate research and climate diagnostics studies using these data at the National Weather Service's Climate Analysis Center (CAC). Currently available satellite products are evaluated in light of these studies. and a set of desired characteristics for future satellite products are discussed. (Auth.)

40-1561

Effects of concurrent snow and cloud cover on plane-

Kaiser, D., et al, Advances in space research, 1985, 5(6), p.279-282, 7 refs. Robock, A.

Snow cover effect, Cloud cover, Albedo, Remote sensing. Topographic effects.

40-1562

On the derivation of radiation budget parameters at the surface from satellite measurements.

Raschke, E., Advances in space research, 1985,

Raschke, E., Advances in space research, 1985, 5(6), p.319-327, 14 ref¹ Solar radiation, Snoth over effect, Remote sensing, Albedo Vegetation two.ors, Heat transfer, Surface structus. "opographic effects.

40-1563

Crystallomorphologic atlas of snow (Manual for snow-avalanche stations). [Kristallo-morfologiches-kii atlas snega (posobie dlia snegolavinnykh stantsii)], kolomyts, E.G., Leningrad, Gidrometeoizdat, 1984,

214p., In Russian. 10 refs. Hoarfrost, Blowing snow, Snow crystals, Depth hoar, Snow deformation, Metamorphism (snow), Firn, Snow crystal growth, Snow stratigraphy, Snow-storms, Snow crystal structure, Manuals, Sublimation, Crystal defects, Photography.

40-1564

Effective technical solutions for northern conditions. (Effektivnye tekhnicheskie resheniia dlia uslovil Sev-

Gerdt, A.A., et al, Stroitel'stvo truboprovodov, Oct. 1985, No.10, p.13, In Russian. Vel'chev, S.P.

Pipelines, Pipe laying, Thermal insulation, Welding, Permafrost beneath structures, Construction equip-

40-1565

Selection of optimal sequence for the construction sites of industrial pipelines. [Vybor optimal'not pos ledovatel'nosti stroitel'stva uchastkov promyslovykh truboprovodov_I,

Fainburd, I.I., Stroitel'stvo truboprovodov, Oct. 1985, No.10, p.17-18, In Russian.

Pipelines, Petroleum transportation, Swamps, Construction equipment.

40-1566

Self-propelling assembly for building pipelines on swamps. [Samokhodnaia sistema dlia stroitel'stva

truboprovodov na bolotakh₁, Logvin, G.P., et al, *Stroitel'stvo truboprovodov*, Oct. 1985, No.10, p.18-19, In Russian. 4 refs. Polozov, A.E.

Construction equipment, Motor vehicles, Swamps.

40-1567 Thermal insulation materials for modular construction. [Teploizoliatsionnye materialy dlia komplekt-no-blochnogo stroitel'stva],

Aronov, V.A., et al, Stroitel'stvo truboprovodov, Oct. 1985, No.10, p.31-32, In Russian.

Stefurak, B.I.
Pipeline insulation, Modular construction, Compres-

sors, Thermal insulation, Petroleum transportation, Petroleum industry, Industrial buildings.

40-1568

Using geo-textiles for anchoring pipelines at design marks. ¿Zakreplenie truboprovodov na proektnykh otmetkakh s ispol'zovaniem geotekstil'nykh materia-

Sokolov, S.M., et al, Stroitel'stvo truboprovodov, Oct. 1985, No. 10, p.33-34, In Russian.
Floating structures, Underground pipelines, Anchors, Subsurface structures, Swamps, Construction materials, Permafrost beneath structures.

Enclosures with thermo-perlite thermal insulation. Ograzhdaiushchie konstruktsii s termoperlitovol te-

logizalidatishine konstitutions scennoperintovo. te ploizoliatsielj, Varshavskii, I.P., Stroitel'stvo truboprovodov, Oct. 1985, No.10, p.35, In Russian. Houses, Wooden structures, Thermal insulation, Pre-

fabrication, Panels.

40-1570

Convertible metal-sheet road. [Inversionnaia metal-

licheskaia doroga, Gushchin, V.I., et al, Stroitel'stvo truboprovodov, Oct. 1985, No.10, p.36-37, In Russian.

Zuev. B.E. Pipelines, All terrain vehicles, Roads, Metals, Construction materials, Transportation, Swainps.

Determining the application areas for automatic concrete pumpe in the Far North. [Opredelenie oblaste] primeneniia avtobenononasosov v raionakh Krainego

Korotov, E.V., et al, Mekhanizatsiia stroitel'stva, Nov. 1985, No.10, p.21-22, In Russian. Etkin, N.V.

Concrete placing, Winter concreting, Pumps, Concrete aggregates, Mixers.

40-1572

Rock-earth-fill dam with sectional screen made of frozen ground panels. ¡Kamenno-zemlianaia plotina so sbornym ekranom iz predvaritel'no zamorozhen-

so soortyin etranom 12 predvaritei no zamoroznen-nykh gruntovykh paneleli, Zhilenkov, V.N., et al, Energeticheskoe stroitel'stvo, Oct. 1985, No.10, p.64-66, In Russian. 4 refs. Shevchenko, N.I. Hydraulic structures, Earth dams, Permefrost

beneath structures.

40-1573

40-1573
Using building foundations as natural electrical grounding in the Far North. (Ob ispol'zovanii fundamentov zdanii v raionakh Krainego Severa v kachestve estestvennykh zazemliteleij, Al'tshuler, E.B., et al, Energeticheskoe stroitel'stvo, Nov. 1985, No.11, p.78-80, In Russian. 2 refs. Shevtany II. V.

Shevtsov, IU.V

Foundations, Electrical grounding, Buildings, Permafrost beneath structures.

40-1574

Construction of bilge wells on frost heaving ground. (Ustroĭstvo sbornykh kolodtsev na puchinistykh

gruntakh,
Zaitsev, I.A., et al, Gidrotekhnika i meliora
Apr. 1985, No.4, p.27-29, ln Russian. 3 refs.
Sokolov, V.M. ., et al, Gidrotekhnika i melioratsiia,

Wells, Prost heave, Well casings, Water supply, Frost action, Freeze thaw cycles, Frozen ground.

40-1575

Cryohydrochemical peculiarities of wedge ice in the Yamal-Gydan Province. [Kriogidrokhimicheskie osobennosti povtorno-zhil'nykh l'dov IAmalo-Gydansko'

vasil'chuk, IU.K., et al, Moskovskoe obshchestvo is-pytatelel prirody. Biulleten', May-June 1985, 60(3), p.114-120, In Russian. 12 refs. Trofimov, V.T.

Ice wedges, Ice sampling, Ice salinity, Minerals, Ground ice, Ice composition.

Permafrost thickness in the Oliktok Point, Prudhoe Bay and Mikkelsen Bay areas of Alaska.

Osterkamp, T.E., et al, Cold regions science and technology, Sep. 1985, 11(2), p. 99-105, 9 refs.
Petersen, J.K., Collet, T.S.
Permafrost thickness, Permafrost distribution, Sub-

sea permatrost, Permatrost depth, Thermal conductivity, Ocean bottom, Tundra, United States—Alas-

40-1577

Non-deterministic model of populations of iceberg scour depths.

Scour depins.

Oaskiii, H., et al, Cold regions science and technology,
Sep. 1985, 11(2), p.107-122, 25 refs.

Nicks, L., Ross, D.

Ice scoring, Icebergs, Drift, Bottom topography, Ocean bottom, Models, Forecasting, Subsurface structures, Underground pipelines.

40-1578

Dynamic strain response of lake and sea ice to moving

loads.
Squire, V.A., et al, Cold regions science and technology, Sep. 1985, 11(2), p.123-139, 22 refs.
Robinson, W.H., Haskell, T.G., Moore, S.C.
Lake ice, Sea ice, Strains, Ice cover strength, Dynam-

ic loads, Static loads, Analysis (mathematics), Velocity, Vehicles, Measuring instruments, Antarctica— McMurdo Sound.

The results from two experiments to measure the strains due to a vehicle moving over ice are discussed in the context of theoretical work derived from existing solutions in the literature. The experiments took place on two very different types of ice; the lake ice of Femund in Norway, and sea ice near Scott Base in the Antarctic. In both cases, strain was measured directly by means of strainmeters developed specifically for use on ice. The existence of a critical velocity at which the strain is resonant is discussed, and using values derived from the data, a dispersion equation for free waves is solved in the super-critical domain to provide wavelength estimates. At subcritical speeds a moving static load calculation provides the equivalent theory. The experimental results for lake ice and sea ice are similar, although some differences do exist. (Auth mod.) The results from two experiments to measure the strains due to

Davidson, G.P., et al, Cold regions science and technology, Sep. 1985, 11(2), p.141-153, 8 refs.

Nye, J.F.

Ice pressure, Frozen rocks, Cracks, Ice strength, Stresses, Optical properties, Shear stress, Flastic properties, Models, Analysis (mathematics), Ice water interface, Traction.

40-1580

Experimental studies on ice shells in Asahikawa.

Kokawa, T., Cold regions science and technology, Sep. 1985, 11(2), p.155-170, 19 refs. Ice cover, Snow ice, Ice creep, Loads (forces), Snow loads, Models, Temperature distribution, Rheology. 40-1581

Deflection of a floating sea ice sheet induced by a moving load.

moving load.

Takizawa, T., Cold regions science and technology,
Sep. 1985, 11(2), p.171-180, 18 refs.

Floating ice, Dynamic loads, Ice sheets, Flexural
strength, Ice deformation, Sea ice, Velocity.

40-1582

Snow in strong or weak temperature gradients. Part

Show in strong or wear temperature gradients. This section-plane analysis.

Perla, R., Cold regions science and technology, Sep. 1985, 11(2), p.181-186, For Pt. I see 40-443. 15 refs. Snow physics, Ice, Stereophotography, Brightness, Temperature gradients, Tests.

40-1583

Correspondence of creep data and constant strainrate data for frozen silt.

Rein, R.G., Jr., Cold regions science and technology, Sep. 1985, 11(2), p.187-194, 10 refs. Frozen ground mechanics, Soll creep, Strains, Stress

strain diagrams, Temperature effects. Tests. 40-1584

Preezing concrete as a construction practice.

Suprenant, B.A., Cold regions science and technology, Sep. 1985, 11(2), p.195-197, 8 refs.

Concrete freezing, Concrete strength, Winter concreting, Freeze thaw cycles, Compressive properties,

40-1585

Remote sensing of snow accumulation.
Earl, W.M., et al, Cold regions science and technology,
Sep. 1985, 11(2), p.199-202, 4 refs.
Grey, G.R., Conway, H., Abrahamson, J.

Snow accumulation, Remote sensing, Avalanche fore-casting, Blowing snow, Snow depth, Ultrasonic tests. 40-1586

Behaviour of soils and structures in the Arctic

Blanchard, D., et al. Congrès de l'Association Interna-tionale des Ponts et Charpentes, Vancouver, Canada, Sep. 3-7, 1984, (1984), 4p., With French summary. 15 refs.

Fremond, M., Williams, P.J.

Frost heave, Frozen ground mechanics, Gas pipelines, Soil freezing, Cround ice, Soil water, Stresses, Mathematical models, Design.

40-1587

Review of methods for generating synthetic seismograms.

Peck, L., U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory, June 1985, CR 85-10, 39p., ADA-159 128, Refs. p.36-39.

Soil mechanics, Seismology, Geophysical surveys, Wave propagation, Computer applications, Analysis Soil mechanics

(mathematics).

Various methods of generating synthetic seismograms are reviewed and examples of recent applications of the methods are cited. Body waves, surface waves, and normal modes are considered. The analytical methods reviewed include geometric ray theory generalized ray theory (Cagniard-de Hoop method), asymptotic ray theory, reflectivity method, full wave theory, and hybrid methods combining ray theory and mode theory. Two numerical methods, those of finite differences and finite elements, and a hybrid method combining finite differences with asymptotic ray theory are described. Limitations on the application or validity of the various methods are stated.

40-1588

Resource potential of antarctic icebergs.
Wadhams, P., Iceberg research, Apr. 1985, No.10, p.9-

Iceberg towing, Water supply, Natural resources.

Following reviews of the history of the concept of the utilization of icebergs and their physical properties, the elements involved of icebergs and their physical properties, the elements involved in a utilization scheme are laid out and considered. Once a suitable destination for a towed iceberg has been chosen, these technology factors must be developed iceberg detection and selection, propulsion to the coastal destination; protection en route, if possible, and processing at the destination, comprising all the steps from the grounding to the outflow of water or electricity from the coastal processing plant. The many facets of these steps are discussed 40-1589

Preliminary submersible observations of an iceberg pockmark on the Grand Banks of Newfoundland. Collins, W.T., et al. *Iceberg research*, Apr. 1985, No. 10, p. 24-27, 5 refs.
Barrie, J.V.

Bottom topography, Icebergs, Ice scoring, Ocean bottom, Canada-Newfoundland-Grand Banks.

Preservation and protection of soils from erosion in mountainous areas of Central Asia. (Okhrana i zashchita pochv ot erozii v gornykh raionakh Srednei Aziin.

Khanazarov, A.A., Gornye territorii i ikh osvoenie (Mountain regions and their economic development) edited by A.M. Mamytov, Frunze, Ilim, 1985, p.3-15, In Russian. 4 refs.

Mudflows, Mountain soils, Forest soils, Soil erosion, Prost action, Environmental protection, Freeze thaw cycles, Solifluction.

Evaluating the transformation of snow runoff from swamps during drainage. Opyt otsenki preo-brazovaniia snegovogo stoka s bolotnykh massivov pri

Pakutin, A.V., Leningrad. Universitet. Vestnik. Geologiia-geografiia, 1985, No.7, p.102-108, In Rus-17 refs

Land reclamation, Swamps, Drainage, Meltwater, Snow water equivalent.

40-1592

Geochemical characteristics of soil cover in the northwestern nonchernozem zone of the RSFSR, rGeokwestern nonchernozem zone of the RSFSR, Grock-himicheskaia kharakteristika pochvennogo pokrova Severo-Zapadnof Nechernozemnof zony RSFSR, Matinian, N.N., et al, Leningrad. Universitet. Vest-nik. Biologiia, 1985, No.10, p.91-99, In Russian. 10

yogenic soils, Soil composition, Soil chemistry, Taige, Forest soils.

Modern technique of conducting land reclamation work in freezing weather. [Peredovol opyt proizvodstva meliorativnykh rabot v zimnii period_i, Meshkov, V.M., *Mekhanizatsiia stroitel'stva*, Dec.

1985, No.12, p.22-24, in Russian.
Soil freezing, Hydraulic structures, Earth dams,
Thermal insulation, Peat, Earth fills, Excavation,
Prost penetration, Drainage, Blasting, Prozen
ground.

40-1594

Rates of sediment disruption by sea ice as determined from characteristics of dated ice gouges created since 1975 on the inner shelf of the Peanfort Sea, Alaska. Barnes, P.W., et al, U.S. Geological Survey. Openfile report, 1985, No.85-463, 35p. + figs., 20 refs. Rearic, D.M.

Ice scoring, Bottom topography, Icebergs, Ocean bottom, Sediment transport, Sea ice, Beaufort Sea.

40-1595

Ice loads and ship response to ice, USCG Polar Class

1ce loads and ship response to ice, USCG Polar CIa s 1982/83 deployment.
St. John, J.W., et al, Transportation Development Centre. Transport Canada. Report, Dec. 1984, TP 6039E, 94p., With French summary. 25 refs. Daley, C., Blount, H., Glen, I.F. Icebreakers, Ice loads, Ships, Impact strength, Ice conditions, Design criteria, Velocity, Ice pressure.

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imposed on propellers in ice.
Bulat, V., et al, Transport Canada. Report, July
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Maiid, I., Goossens, L.

Ice navigation, Icebreakers, Ice loads, Propellers, Loads (forces), Ships, Models, Ice pressure, Tests.

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Bourke, R.H., et al, U.S. Navy. Naval Postgraduate School, Monterey, California. NPS 68-85-020, 67p., 3 refs. Naval Posteraduate Paquette, R.G.

Ice conditions, Oceanographic surveys, Ice edge, Icebreakers, Underwater acoustics, Sea water, Ocean currents, Velocity, Salinity, Greenland Sea.

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glaciers,
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Stresses, Glacier surveys, Glacier flow, Ice deformation, Subglacial caves, Crevasses, Glacier beds, Geo-morphology, Rheology, Tensile properties.

Balance of measurements of the Nirose Station 1981/82, 1982/83, 1983/84. Bilan des mesures des stations Nivose année 81/82—année 82/83—année

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Snow surveys, Snow accumulation, Meteorological data, Weather stations, Mountains, Statistical anal-

40-1600

Val Gagne pavement insulation experiment.

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Pavements, Thermal insulation, Frost heave, Freeze

thaw cycles, Frost penetration, Frost resistance, Cellular plastics, Soil water, Temperature distribution, Design, Countermeasures.

Development and testing of a portable ice thickness measuring device.

Hudson, R., et al, Transport Canada. Report, July 1985, TP 6816E, 31p. + appends., With French summary. 16 refs. Pann, J., Day, T.

Ice cover thickness, Acoustic measurement, Floating ice. Ice acoustics, Resonance, Computer applications.

40-1602

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U.S. Geological Survey. Water Resources Division.
Water reserves, Surface waters, Ground water, Water supply, Rivers, Glacial hydrology, Lakes, Runoff, Hydrology, United States-Alaska.

Effect of temperature on organic carbon-texture relationships in Mollisols and Aridisols.

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Journal, Nov.-Dec. 1985, 49(6), p.1486-1489, 18 refs.

Organic soils, Soil texture, Soil chemistry, Temperature effects, Grasses

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Sea ice. Polynyas, Ice shelves.

Volume 43 of the Antarctic Research Series is devoted to the seas of the deep continental shelf, which play an important climatic role in sea ice production, deep ocean ventilation and mass balance of the Antarctic ice sheet. Sixteen contributions mass balance of the Antarctic ice sheet. Sixteen contributions from several disciplines include analyses of observations made from satellites, ships, glacial ice, sea ice and from instruments moored to the ocean floor. High-resolution profiling equipment, automatic long-term recordings and chemical tracers provide the data base for new insights and models of the ocean circulation. Color plates and an accompanying GEBCO circum-Antarctic map portray the continental shelf in relation to the glaciated continent, the sea ice and the surrounding south-

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Maps, Ice shelves.

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Ice shelves, Antarctica—Filchner Ice Shelf, Antarctica—Ronne Ice Shelf, Antarctica—Weddell Sea.

tica—Ronne Ice Shelf, Antarctica—Weddell Sea. Circulation and water masses on the southern Weddell Sea shelf are discussed, based upon observations from three summer expeditions. The circulation is dominated by two cyclonic gyres, one in the Flichner Depression and one off Ronne Ice Shelf. In both areas a relatively warm $(T-1.3\ C)$ southward flow of Modified Weddell Deep Water and a cold $(T<-1.9\ C)$ northward flow of Ice Shelf Water are observed. Ice Shelf Water spills over the still of the Filchner Depression and is observed on the continental slope as a narrow bottom-trapped current. Based continental slope as a narrow bottom-trapped current Based on current meter observations at the sill, the overflow is estimated to be 1 million ou m/s, with no appreciable seasonal varia-tion. Weddell Sea Bottom Water forms by mixing between Ice Shelf Water and Weddell Deep Water on the slope. (Auth.)

40-1667

Interaction between ice shelf and ocean in George VI

Sound, Antarctica. Potter, J.R., et al, American Geophysical Union. Antarctic research series, 1985, Vol.43, Oceanology of the antarctic continental shelf, edited by S.S. Jacobs, p 35-58, Refs. p.57-58.

aren, J G. Maps, Meltwater, Ice shelves, Isotopes, Antarctica George VI Ice Shelf.

George VI I ce Shell.

George VI lee Shelf floats on warmer water than any other ice shelf in the Antarctic Profiles of temperature (T) and salinity (S) taken in the vicinity of the northern ice front show a linear I's dependence confirming a thermodynamic model of ice melting in Circumpolar Deep Water and indicase that theremobalitie convection is the principal mixing pricess. Profiles demonstrate that the melting ice has an oxygen isotope value of -20 per mill with respect to Standard Mean Ocean Water. An integration of accumulation and isotope data over the ice catch-ment confirms that this is the mean isotope ratio of present-day accumulation. Both summer and long-term measurements show that currents are weak except at the western margin of the northern use front where a northward jet conveys some 50,000 million cu m/s of water into Marguerite Bay. This leads to a simple circulation model for the northern part of George VI Sound, Circumpolar Deep Water is advected under the ice shelf at depth, upwells transferring heat which melts the ice and the collect. in a northward outflow gathered to the west by Coriolis force. The circulation is driven by the melting process which causes the upwelling of warmer water from greater depths. As alt and energy balance shows that the outflow conveys some 16 cu km/yr of ice melt. (Auth. mod.) show that currents are weak except at the western margin of the

40-1668

Origin and evolution of water masses near the antarctic continental margin: evidence from H2O-18/H2O-

16 ratios in seawater.

Jacobs, S.S., et al, American Geophysical Union. tarctic research series, 1985, Vol.43, Oceanology of the antarctic continental shelf, edited by S.S. Jacobs, p.59-85, Refs. p.81-85. Fairbanks, R.G., Horibe, Y.

ea ice, Ice sheets, Ice shelves, Mass balance, Antarctica-Ross Sea. Antarctica-Ross Ice Shelf.

Measurements of the temperature, salinity and oxygen content of seawater in the Ross Sea and beneath the F content of seawater in the Ross Sea and beneath the Ross Ice Shelf are used to define water types and differentiate between melting, freezing, and mixing processes. The Ross Sea and Weddell Sea are found to have remarkably similar temperature, salinity and delta 0-18 characteristics, and tongues of relatively warm and very cold water that traverse the continental shelves between the deep ocean and glacial ice. Ventilation of the deep ocean at the slope front adjacent to the continental margin is most strongly influenced by low salinity shelf water. High salinity shelf water resulting from sea ice freezing in shore leads and polypyas in the western Ross Sea may regulate the subsurface flow of warm water onto the continental shelf. The water, ice, marine precipitation, heat, salt and delta O-18 budgets for the circumpolar Antarctic continental shelf are outlined. the circumpolar Antarctic continental shelf are outlined.

40-1669

Preliminary observations from long-term current meter moorings near the Ross Ice Shelf, Antarctica. Pillsbury, R.D., et al, American Geophysical Union. Antarctic research series, 1985, Vol. 43, Oceanology of the antarctic continental shelf, edited by S.S. Jacobs, p.87-107, Refs. p.106-107. Jacobs, S.S.

Sea ice distribution, Ice shelves, Ice melting, Ice formation, Moorings, Antarctica—Ross Ice Shelf, Antarctica—Ross Sea.

tarctica—Ross Sea.

Presented is an overview of current and temperature measurements at 200-500 m depths near the Ross Ice Shelf from late Jan to mid Aug. 1978 and from Feb. 1983 through Jan. 1984. These observations are interpreted in relation to the thermohaline stratification along the ice shelf in Jan. 1984. Nine instruments were moored for one year between 172 W and 176 W. Current directions were remarkably constant through 1983 with mean annual southward or westward components from 5 to 9 cm's. Maximum current speeds exceeded 40 cm/s. Velocity spectra showed significantly higher energy levels during the winter period of sea ice formation along the ice shelf. Temperatures ranged from a Mar. minimum of -2.19 C in Ice Shelf Water to a July maximum of -0.14 C during a midwinter period of warm intrusions. Mean annual temperatures between -1.41 and -1.52 C, 0.5 to 0.75 C above the in situ freezing point, were obtained from six instruments that spanned the 20 sq km warm obtained from six instruments that spanned the 20 sq km warm core. Preliminary transport estimates indicate that the ocean supplies sufficient heat to melt about 150 cu km/yr of ice off the base of the Ross Ice Shelf. (Auth. mod.)

40-1670

Tidal rectification below the Ross Ice Shelf, Antarc-

MacAveal, D.R., American Geophysical Union. tarctic research series, 1985, Vol.43, Oceanology of the antarctic continental shelf, edited by S.S. Jacobs,

p 109-132, Refs. p.131-132. Ice water interface, Ice shelves, Ice melting, Sea water freezing, Tidal currents, Antarctica—Ross Ice Shelf. Antarctica—Ross Sea.

Numerical tidal simulation of the Ross Sea shows that periodic Numerical trial simulation of the Ross Sea shows that periodic total currents drive steady barotropic circulations having magnitudes of the order to 0.01 m/s along the sides of several topographic bumps and ridges formed by the combined relief of the seabled and ice shelf base. The sensible heat transport implied by this flow is estimated to induce 0.5 m/yr basal melting over approximately 50,000 sq km of the ice shell area closest to the ice front. As a means of flushing the entire sub-ice each, titled rectification is too weak and too spatially sporadic to account for geochemically derived renewal rates. (Auth.)

40-1671

Evolution of tidally triggered meltwater plumes below ice shelves.
MacAyeal, D.R., American Geophysical Union.

tarctic research series, 1985, Vol.43, Oceanology of the antarctic continental shelf, edited by S.S. Jacobs, p 133-143, 22 refs

Meltwater, Ice shelves, Ice melting, Tidal currents, Antarctica-Ross Ice Shelf, Antarctica-Ross Sea.

Theory suggests that tidally induced vertical mixing and tidal rectification may trigger basal melting in two widely separated regions of the sub-ice cavity in the Ross Sea. Vertical separation of two meltwater masses, observed off the Ross lee Shelf, provides geochemical evidence useful for testing models of sub-ice shelf meltwater plume evolution which is used here to examice shelf meltwater plume evolution which is used here to examine two meltwater plumes originating at 1,000 m depth and at 250 m depth. Results indicate that melting along the plume path driven by turbulent entrainment of ambient seawater strongly controls the net vertical penetration of the plume at 1 flows along the sloping ice shelf base. Entrainment-driven melting along the plume path is possible under present climatic conditions, but at depths greater than approximately 550 m. Such melting may be possible at all depths, however, if climatic change were to warm the ambient water column by approximately 0.6 C. (Auth.)

40-1672

Winter oceanography of McMurdo Sound, Antarc-

Lewis, E.L., et al. American Geophysical Union. Antarctic research series, 1985, Vol.43, Oceanology of the antarctic continental shelf, edited by S.S. Jacobs, p.145-165, 24 refs.

Perkin, R.G.

Ice water interface, Ice shelves, Ice melting, Antarctica-McMurdo Sound, Antarctica-Ross Ice Shelf. Analysis of current meter and conductivity/temperature/depth (CTD) data give an overall picture of the winter circulation in McMurdo Sound. The geostrophic currents relative to 700 dbar indicate a large anticyclonic eddy which produces upwelling and a northward moving current at Cape Royds. South of Cape Royds, the upper 200 m of the sound are heavily influenced by northward flowing, cold, low-salinity water which is advected from under the Ross Ice Shelf and exits McMurdo Sound on the extreme western side. Water coming from the eastern part of the ice shelf edge is caught up in a relatively complex flow, partially due to the blockage effect of the Erebus Glacier Tongue. Profiles showing extremely high supercooling ear the ice/water interface give indications of correspondingly high salt fluxes related to the relief of supercooling. (Auth. mod.)

40-1673 Analysis of current meter and conductivity/temperature/depth

40-1673

Observations in the boundary layer under the sea ice in McMurdo Sound.

Mitchell, W.M., et al, American Geophysical Union. Antarctic research series, 1985, Vol.43, Oceanology of the antarctic continental shelf, edited by S.S. Jacobs, p.167-176, 15 refs. Bye, J.A.T.

Boundary layer, Sea ice, Ice cover, Ice melting, Sea water freezing, Antarctica—McMurdo Sound.

High-resolution observations of current (three components), temperature, and conductivity at two levels just below the seasonal sea ice are presented for two sites in McMurdo Sound in Jan 1972. The dynamics of the melting process are found to sonal sea fee are presented for two sites in McMurous Sound in Jan 1977. The dynamics of the melting process are found to differ between the two sites. At the eastern site near McMur-do Station, relatively high melting rates occurred due to the southward advection of relatively warm oceanic water, whereas at the western site in the region of oceanic advection from under the Ross Ice Shelf, melting was slight and due to surface intru-sions of coastal meltwater probably from the Hobbs Glacier. The frequency spectra indicated a buoyancy subrange for the velocity components and a fine structure range for the density at frequencies greater than the Brunt-Vaisalla frequency and the probable existence of internal wave spectra at lower frequencies (Auth.)

40-1674

Recurring, atmospherically forced polynya in Terra

Nova Bay. Kurtz, D.D., et al, American Geophysical Union. Antarctic research series, 1985, Vol.43, Oceanology of the antarctic continental shelf, edited by S.S. Jacobs, p.177-203, Refs. p.199-201. Bromwich, D.H.

Ice formation, Sea ice distribution, Polynyas, Antarc--Terra Nova Bay.

The Terra Nova Bay polynya is a large, stable, annually recur-ring feature in the western Ross Sea which markedly influences sea use dynamics and physical oceanography in that region Seasonal and winter time series satellite data document the Drygalski Ice Tongue blocking effect, and suggest that de-Drygalski Ice Tongue blocking effect, and suggest that decreases in polynya area reflect rapid sea ice freezing in response to local weakening of katabatic wind action. The latter finding means that synoptic forcing is important only during periods of major polynya expansion, and explains why this polynya's areal fluctuations are weakly correlated with the zonal component of the surface goostrophic wind in the western Ross Sea. Ice production in Terra Nova Bay amounts to 10% of the total formed over the Ross Sea continential shelf. Brine rejected during surface freezing of seawater may play a key role in maintaining the HSSW. (Auth. mod.)

40-1075

Antarctic offshore leads and polynyas and oceanographic effects.

Zwally, H.J., et al, American Geophysical Union. Antarctic research series, 1985, Vol.43, Oceanology of the antarctic continental shelf, edited by S.S. Jacobs,

p.203-226, 35 refs. Comiso, J.C., Gordon, A.L.

Sea ice, Polynyas, Ice cover, Ice formation, Antarctica—Ross Sea.

Sixteen study areas located over the continental shelf are analyzed to provide time series of brightness temperature within each study area, and the derived area of open water. Examination of the synoptic pressure maps in the Ross Sea indicates that the intermittent formation of a polynya near the nee shelf front is strongly influenced by the synoptic winds. Other polynya areas appear to be located offshore of major outlet glaciers that are locations of enhanced katabatic winds. In all cases, the intermittent increases in open water during the polynya events are superimposed on a significant background of nearshore open water, which averages about 19% during the winter period from Mar 17 through Nov 11. In some locations, more open water is observed during the winter period than in the summer days Nov. 12 through Mar. 16. It is concluded that ice formation leads and polynyas over the shelf is likely to be a primary factor in the production of saline shelf water and ultimately in bottom water formation. (Auth mod.)

40-1676

Passive microwave study of polynyas along the an-

tarctic Wilkes Land coast.
Cavalieri, D.J., et al, American Geophysical Union. Antarctic research series, 1985, Vol.43, Oceanology of the antarctic continental shelf, edited by S.S. Jacobs, p.227-252, 28 refs. Martin, S.

Polynyas, Heat transfer, Ice formation.

Polynyas, Heat transfer, Ice formation.

Satellite passive microwave radiance data are used to derive the open water area of six polynyas located along the Wilkes Land coast for a 3-month period during the austral 1979 vinter. A comparison of the temporal variability of the six polynyas over the 3 winter months with a sequence of surface pressure maps shows that the polynyas are largely influenced by the synoptic events. Correlation between the polynya open water areas and wind speeds at the nearest coastal weather station (Dumont d'Urville, Casey, Mirny) to each feature is for most cases significant at the 95% confidence level and as high as 0.75 for the 3-month period. The station data also allowed calculation of the total heat transfer, ice production, and amount of salt rejected. month period. The station data also allowed calculation of the total heat transfer, ice production, and amount of salt rejected to the ocean for each of the polynyas. Results strongly suggest that the coastal polynyas are the sources of the brine which generates the dense shelf water, and thus contribute to the formation of Antarctic Bottom Water. (Auth. mod.)

40-1677

Some effects of ocean currents and wave motion on the dynamics of floating glacier tongues

Holdsworth, G., American Geophysical Union. Antarctic research series, 1985, Vol. 43, Oceanology of the antarctic continental shelf, edited by S.S. Jacobs, 253-271, Refs. p.269-271

Icebergs, Floating ice, Glacier tongues, Ice shelves. Antarctica—Amery Ice Shelf, Antarctica—Larsen Ice Shelf.

As survey is made of several super glacier tongues (SGTs) that have existed in the past or are still in existence along the antare-tic coastline. The dynamics of these SGTs are examined, principally in the context of relationships to ocean currents and wave motion. A discussion of some iceberg calving mechanisms is presented with the aim of attempting to physically explain several cases of documented SGT calving events. It is expected to that he had been superiorded that the head of the state of the several cases of documented SGT calving events. concluded that both ocean currents and waves, directly or directly, play an important role in the dynamics of SC

Heat and mass transfer between water-bodies and the atmosphere under natural conditions. [Teplo- i massoobmen mezhdu vodoemom i atmosferof v estestven-

nykh usloviiakhj, Panin, G.N.: Moscow, Nauka, 1985, 206p., In Russian with English table of contents enclosed. Refs. p.194-

Air water interactions, Heat transfer, Mass transfer, Surface waters, Surface temperature.

Detailed distribution of dissolved and particulate organic matter in the Arctic Ocean and comparison with other oceanic regions. Gordon, D.C., Jr., et al. Deep-sea research, Oct.

1985, 32A(10), p.1221-1232, 36 tefs. Cranford, P.J.

water. Water obemistry. Suspended sediments. Sea ice.

40-1680

Formation of dense bottom water in the Barents Sea. Midttun, L., Deep-sea research, Oct. 1985, 32A(10), p.1233-1241, 6 refs.

Sea water, Freezing, Salinity, Density (mass/volume), Brines, Barents Sea.

40-1681

Cold regions practice and research in Canada. Crawford, C.B., et al, National Research Council, Canada. Division of Building Research. DBR paper, No.1287, International Conference on Engineering and Development in Northern Regions, Sapporo, Japan, Jan. 31 Feb.2, 1983. Proceedings, Sapporo, (1985), p.59-91, With French summary. Gold, L.W. 23 refs.

Permafrost beneath structures, Engineering, Heat loss, Frost action, Transportation, Ice islands. Snow loads, Avalanche formation, Cold weather construction. Countermeasures. Canada.

40-1687

Heat recovery from primary effluent using heat pumps. Phetteplace, G.E., et al, MP 1978, CLIMA 2000 Con-

ference, Copenhagen, Aug. 1985. Vol.6, [1985], p.199-203, 1 ref. Ueda, H.T., Martel, C.J.

Heat recovery, Waste treatment, Water treatment, Sewage, Heating, Heat pumps.

40-1683

Comparative field testing of buried utility locators. 3igl, S.R., et al, MP 1977, Hanover, NH, U.S.A. CRREL, [1984], 25p., Presented at the APWA Public Works Conference and Equipment Show, Edmonton, Alberta, May 13-15, 1984. Unpublished manuscript. 1 ref.

Phetteplace, G.E., Henry, K.S. Underground facilities, Utilities, Magnetic surveys, Maintenance, Detection, Damage, Tests, Radar

Locating buried utilities for repair, servicing or prevention of damage is often necessary when excavation is to be conducted in a particular area. The most widely used methods for detection of buried faculities are magnetic induction, magnetometry, and radofrequency tracking Downward-looking rader units designed specifically for utility location are in the development stages. Comparative field tests of eight locators were conducted at West Point and Newburgh, New York, over various types of buried utilities including iron and steel pipe, cable, vitreous the pipe and pateria picture. tile pipe and plastic pipe

40-1684

Heating enclosed wastewater treatment facilities

with heat pumps. Martel, C.J., et al, MP 1976, Hanover, NH, U.S.A. CRREL, [1982], 20p., Presented at the Symposium on Utilities Delivery in Cold Regions, Edmonton, Alberta, May 25-26, 1982. Unpublished manuscript. 13 refs.

Phetteplace, G.E.

Waste treatment, Water treatment, Underground Underground pipelines, Heating, Heat facilities. pumps.

40-1685

National issues and research priorities in the Arctic. National Research Council. Polar Research Board, Washington, D.C., July 1985, 124p., Refs. passim Glaciology, Hydrology, Research projects, Geology, Permafrost, Geophysical surveys, Engineering, Polar regions.

40 1686

Simplified design procedures for heat transmission system piping. Phetteplace, G.E., MP 1979, CLIMA 2000 Confer-

ence, Copenhagen, Aug. 1985. Proceeding, Vol.6, (1985), p.451-456, 5 refs.

Heat transmission, Underground pipelines, Water pipelines, Heat loss, Design, Cost analysis, Analysis (mathematics).

40-1687

ARCTIC: ship hull resistance to ice loads, (ARC-TIC: tenue de la coque aux charges des glaces₁,

Teneda Report. Feb.

Glen, I., et al, Transport Canada. Report, Feb. 1985, TP 5681F, 26p., In French with English sum-

mary. 2 refs. Nawwar, A.M., Brown, R

Ice loads, Ships, Ice solid interface, Ice navigation, Stresses, Damage, Strength.

40-1688

Simple design procedure for heat transmission system piping.

version Engineering Conference, 19th, San Francisco, CA, Aug 19-24, 1984 Proceedings. Vol.3, American Nuclear Society, 1984, p.1748-1752, 4 refs. Cost analysis, Heat transmission, Pipelines, Loads (forces), Design, Analysis (mathematics), Heating, Cooling, Heat loss.

Piping systems represent the major portion of the total cost of most district heating applications and constitute a barrier to their widespread implementation. This paper presents a methodology for least cost design of these systems under realistic

conditions of varying load. Cost-effective design of piping for district heating and cooling applications requires careful consideration of the various components of the owning and operating costs. These costs are included in the formulation of an entirization problem to determine the minimum cost desired. yearly cycle basis.

Study of the fragility of iceberg ice and fresh-water columnal ice. Etude du comportement fragile de la glace d'iceberg et de la glace columnaire d'eau douce,

Lachance, J., et al, Quebec (City) Université Laval.

Departement de génie civil. Rapport, June 1985,
GCS-85-03, 246p., In French. Refs p.209-215. Michel, B.

Michel, B.
Ice physics, Brittleness, Icebergs, Ice crystal struc-ture, Fracturing, Ice st. agth, Snow cover effect, Gla-cier Ice, Compressive properties, Transformations, Traction, Experimentation.

40-1690

Geofabrics span voids.
Connor, B., Alaska. Department of Transportation and Public Facilities. Research notes, Nov. 1985,

Embankments, Ground thawing, Ice wedges, Materials, Ice melting, Roadbeds, Damage, Countermeasures.

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Barbara, CA. [Technical reports, July 20, 1982, PRL TR 41, 20p. + appends. Ice cover thickness, Acoustic measurement, Floating ice, Ice bottom surface, Electronic equipment, Design, Velocity, Measuring instruments, Arctic Ocean. 40-1692

Calculation of temperature and pressure dependence

of elastic constants for alun num. Senoo, M., et al, Japan Society of Mechanical Engineers. Bulletin, Oct. 1985, 28(244), p.2228-2233, 17

Low temperature tests, Metals, Elastic properties, Pressure, Stress strain diagrams, Analysis (mathematics).

40-1693

Heat transport of powder as the subject of cryogenic insulation.

Takegoshi, E., et al, Japan Society of Mechanical Engineers Bulletin, Oct. 1985, 28(244), p.2352-2359, 9

Hirasawa, Y., Imura, S. Heat transfer, Thermal conductivity, Thermal insulation, Cryogenics, Low temperature tests, Thermal radiation, Experimentation, Temperature effects. 40-1694

Forested Arctic: evidence from North Greenland. Funder, S., et al, Geology, Aug. 1985, 13(8), p.542-546, 31 refs.

Abrahamsen, N., Bennike, O., Feyling-Hanssen, R.W. Forest tundra, Paleoclimatology, Marine deposits, Forest lines, Environments, Animals, Pleistocene, Greenland.

40-1695

Improved drainage and frost action criteria for New

amproveu urannage and trost action criteria for New Jersey pavement design—Volume 2. Experimental subsurface drainage applications.

Kozlov, G.S., et al, U.S. Federal Highway Administration [Report], Jan. 1984, FHWA, JN-84/012, New Justem Part of the Part of Jersey Dept. of Transportation Report 84-012-7740, 112p., PB84-234 467, 22 refs.

Mottola, V., Mehalchick, G.

Pavements, Frost heave, Subsurface drainage, Road maintenance, Frost action, Design.

40-1696

Investigation of the waters of the East Greenland

Current.
Tunnicliffe, M.D., U.S. Navy. Naval Postgraduate

distribution, Ice edge, Water temperature, Salinity, Velocity, Computer applications, Greenland Sea.

Meteorite concentration by ice flow. Van Heeswijk, M., Ohio. State University, Colum-Van Heeswijk, M., Ohio. State University, Columbus. Institute of Polar Studies. Report, 1984,

No.83, 67p., 16 refs.

Ice models, Ice dating, Glacier ablation, Ice creep, Falling bodies, Antarctica—Allan Hills.

Calculations show that ice flow concentrates meteorites and supplies ice as old as 400,000 yrs at the ablation surface near the Allan Hills — A model for tiese phenomena is developed this paper, recognizing three mechanisms that act to concentrate the surface of the surface o

trate the meteorites some meteorites fall directly onto the col lecting site, others are transported by the glacie, from the ac-cumulation to the ablation zone and those present at the ablacumulation to the ablation zone and those present at the abla-tion surface are crowded due to horizontally-compressive sur-face—strain—rates.—Conditions—favoring—large—meteorite concentrations and old ice are described—(Auth. mod.)

Improving the organization of work and recreation of naval crews. ¡Sovershenstvovanie organizatsii truda i

navai crews. (Soversnensvovanie organizatsii truda i otdykha plavsostave, Panin, IU.I., ed, Leningrad. Tsentral'nyl nauchno-is-sledovatel'skii institut morskogo flota. Trudy, 1984, No.293, 80p., In Russian For selected article

Ice navigation, Work time standards, Icebreakers, Arctic Ocean.

40.1600

Complex approach to the scientific organization of activities in the Arctic. [Kompleksnyl podkhod k nauchnol organizatsii truda plavsostava v Arktike,
Matsevich, L.M., Leningrad, Tsentral'nyi nauchno-

institut morskogo flota. Sbornik nauchnykh trudov, 1984, No.293, p.11-15, ln Russian. Icebreakers, Ice navigation, Arctic Ocean.

Advanced types of ships and their ice navigation properties. [Perspektivnye tipy sudov, morekhodnye i le-

Panin, IU.I., ed, Leningrad, Transport, 1985, 137p., In Russian. For selected papers see 40-1701 through 40-1705. Refs. passim. Refs. passim.

Ships, Ice breaking, Icebreakers, Ice navigation, Transportation, Arctic Ocean.

40-1701

Technical and economic justification for using small-size cargo-lighters in the North. [Tekhniko-ekonomicheskoe obosnovanie malogo likhterovoza

dlia Severaj, Miroshnichenko, I.P., et al, Perspektivnye tipy sudov morekhodnye i ledovye kachestva (Advanced types of ships and their ice navigation properties) edited by IU.1. Panin, Leningred, Transport, 1985, p.3-17, In

Ice breaking, Ice navigation, Transportation, Cargo, Design, Ships, Sea ice distribution, River ice.

40-1702

Sea testing of maneuverability and speed of the SA-15 multipurpose ice breaking transport vessel. Naturnye ispytaniia ledovol khodkosti i manevrennosti mnogotselevogo ledokol'no-transportnogo sudna

tipa SA-15₁, Tsol, L.G., et al, Perspektivnye tipy sudov, morekhodnye i ledovye kachestva (Advanced types of ships and their ice navigation properties) edited by IU.I. Panin, Leningrad, Transport, 1985, p.37-45, In Russian. 4

Bogdanov, A.A., Ierusalimskii, A.V., Petrov, A.A. Ice breaking, Transportation, Ships, Icebreakers, Cargo, Tests, Propagation, Velocity measurement.

Results of testing the performance of the Finnish VP-1 air cushion platform. [Rezul'ta.y ekspluatatsionnykh ispytaniť platformy na vozdushnot podushke fin-skot postrotki VP-1₁,

Smirnov, IU.I., Perspektivnye tipy sudov, morekhodnve i ledovye kachestva (Advanced types of ships and their ice navigation properties) edited by IU.I. Panin, Leningrad, Transport, 1985, p.45-51, In Russian. Air cushion vehicles, Ships, All terrain vehicles, Am-

phibious vehicles.

40-1704

Analyzing the damage to transport-ship frames from ice navigation. [Analiz povrezhdaemosti korpusov

transportnykh sudov arkticheskogo plavaniia, Karavanov, S.B., Perspektivnye tipy sudov, morek hodnye i ledovye kachestva (Advanced types of ships and their ice navigation properties) edited by IU.I. Panin, Leningrad, Transport, 1985, p.72-76, In Russian.

Ice navigation, Ice loads, Ships, Damage, Ice rressure.

40-1705

Stability of skeg-type air cushion vessels with aft sea. [Ostolchivost' SVP skegovogo tipa na poputnom volneniii.

Bogdanov, A I., Perspektivnye tipy sudov, morekhodnye i ledovye kachestva (Advanced types of ships and their ice navigation properties) edited by IU.I. Panin, Leningrad, Transport, 1985, p.97-108, In Russian. 10

Air cushion vehicles, Ships, Stability, Design.

40-1706

Development of continuous-operation and new special types of transport. [Razvitie nepreryvnykh i no-vykh spetsial'nykh vidov transporta],

Shmal', G.I., Stroitel'stvo truboprovodov, Dec. 1985, No.12, p.5-7, In Russian.

Ducts, Pipellines, Transportation, Conveyors, Air lines (conduits), Petroleum transportation.

40-1707

Gas pipeline construction on permafrost; problems and solutions. ¡Sooruzhenie gazoprovodov na mnogoletnemerzlykh gruntakh: problemy i resheniiaj, Ivantsov, O.M., Stroitel'stvo truboprovodov, Dec.

1985, No.12, p.9-11, In Russian.
Gas pipelines, Permafrost beneath structures, Active layer, Frozen fines, Petroleum industry, Thermal insulation.

40-1709

Environmental protection in the Far North and the safety of petroleum industry objects. [Okhrana prirody Krainego Severa i problemy nadezhnosti ob"ekto

oy Krainego Severa i problemy naezhnosti ob ektov neftianol i gazovof promyshlennosti, Mel'nikov, V.P., Stroitel'stvo truboprovodov, Dec. 1985, No.12, p. 12-13, In Russian. Buildings, Continuous permafrost, Underground facilities, Active layer, Soil erosion, Subarctic landscapes, Foundations, Environ. 1tal protection, Subsurface structures. Sattlemen. surface structures, Settlemen

40-1709

Protecting the environment when constructing pipelines in West Siberia and the Far North. (Okhrana okruzhajushchel sredy pri sooruzhenii truboprovodov v rajonakh Zapadnoj Sibiri i Krajnego Severaj, Borisenkov, I.A., et al, Stroitel'stvo truboprovodov, Dec. 1985, No.12, p.13-15, In Russian.

Semenov, L.P. Sporadic permafrost, Active layer, Subsurface strucelines, Environmental protection, Soil erosion. Solifluction.

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Dec. 1985, No.12, p.15-17, In Russian. Shchitinskii, V.A., Romanovskaia, N.V.

Permafrost beneath structures, Permafrost control, Thermal insulation, Pipelines, Site surveys, Mapping.

40-1711

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هما عاها عالها ما هاما والدجان والمزجا في ما في ما هذه المنطاقي ما في هذا الدين المروز في والمروز في والم

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U.S. programs.
U.S. Interagency Arctic Research Policy Committee,
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Snowflake enigma.

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Various isotropic and anisotropic ices found in glaciers and polar ice caps and their corresponding

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Rheology, Ice sheets, Ice models, Recrystallization, Glacier flow, Ice creep, Viscosity, Anisotropy, Ice growth, Antarctica-Byrd Station.

growth, Antarctica—Byrd Station.

There are many kinds of metamorphic ice, each of which follows a different creep law. Putting aside transient creep, for which intrinsic state variables measuring work-hardening must be introduced, these behaviors may be modelled by a power law viscosity. This law is precisely defined for a macroscopically anisotropic material; when the power is 1 or 3 and there is rotational symmetry, it is deduced from the dissipation potentials of individual grains. Values of the parameters for isotropic secondary creep and for tertiary creep with a multi-maxima fabric are given. Why the liquid water content of temperate ice affects creep is explained. Another kind of anisotropic third-power law with rotational symmetry which holds for temperate glaciers is introduced. Lastly, data from the inclinometer survey of Byrd borehole are analyzed. They show that when the shear stress is lower than about 0.27 bar, ice becomes Newtonian viscous, the viscosity being three to four orders of magnitude. an viscous, the viscosity being three to four orders of magnitude lower than theory of diffusional creep predicts. (Auth.)

Micrometre-sized volcanic glasses in polar ices and snows.

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Ice cores, Paleoclimatology, Antarctics—Dome C.
Explosive volcanic eruptions can follow long cycles of activity, and the material that they inject into the atmosphere may affect and the material that they inject into the atmosphere may affect the climate. The discovery is reported of ultrathin micrometer-sized glass shards from such cruptions, extracted from both ancient antarctic ices and recent snow samples from Greenland, in which they have been well preserved by "deep freezing". When such shards have been preselected using a high-voltage electron microscope, microanalysis of their eight major conelectron microscope, microanalysis of their eight major con-stituent elementa gives new clues about the origin of major volcanic acid fallout previously detected in the cores (including important characteristics of their parent emptions), and reveals complex volcanic ash layers that could refact periods of world-wide enhanced volcanicity. Moreover, the very small Rey-nolds numbers of the micrometer-sized shards make them promising tracers of dust transport processes in the ancient atmosphere. (Auth.)

Ice-sheet overriding of the ice-free valleys of southern Victoria Land.

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Ackert, R.P., Prestanting Cotter, N., Jr.

Glacier flow, Ice at a secoverride, Antarctica-Victoria Land.

Victoria Land.
The antarctic use sheet exhibited two forms of late Cenozoic expansion. During the last two (and probabl, "bree) late Quaternary glaciations, ice grounded in the Ross and Weddell embayments and on the narrow east antarctic continental shelf-However, the Trainsantarctic Mountains remained exposed to separate the east and west antarctic ice sheets. A surprising discovery from recent field work (Denton et al. 1984; 14E-30394, 39-19) is that several earlier expansions involved a massive ice sheet that flowed northeastward over the dry valleys and the central Transantarctic Mountains. Field work in 1983-84 in Beacon Valley, the Asgard Range, and the Olympus Range confirmed northeastward overriding flow across the topographic grain of the valleys and showed more overriding events than previously reported by Denton et al.

40-1768

Glaciogeophysical survey of the interior Ross embayment (GSIRE): Summary of 1983-1984 field work. Bentley, C.R., et al, Antarctic journal of the United States, 1984, 19(5), p.49-51. Shabtaie, S., Blankenship, D.D., Schultz, D.G.

Ice sheets, Seismic prospecting, Ice temperature.

Glaciogeophysical field studies of the interior Ross embayment carried out at Upstream "B" camp are summarized. The measurements included radar sounding, electrical resistivity, temperature logging, gravity and magnetic st. ...s, and seismic experiments. The geophysical grid network is shown on a sketch ments. The geo map of the camp.

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Whillans, I.M., Antarctic journal of the United States, 1984, 19(5), p.51-53, 8 refs. Ice sheets, Glacier flow, Ice surface, Antarctica—Marie Byrd Land.

Marie Byrd Land.

The dynamics of the ice streams draining from Marie Byrd Land into the Ross Ice Shelf is being studied. The ice streams are named A, B, C, etc., from south to north and they are quickly moving portions of the ice sheet separated by more nearly stagnant ridges. The first site is near the center of a straight section of Ice Stream B that contains fewer crevasses than elsewhere on that ice stream. According to Rose (1979, 11F-23181, 34-2817), ice stream B is normal and "healthy," and a principle objective is to determine how the reastance to motion is manifest: by basal drag, by side drag, or by pushes or pulls in the direction of flow. The second camp was on ice stream C. Airborne radar sounding suggested that this area had heavily crevassed margins but no crevasses were visible. Rose's (1979) interpretation of this is that ice stream C slowed and crevasses are no longer forming. The third site is on Siple Dome. At this site the program is designed to assess its suitability for deep drilling.

40-1770

Preliminary results of Pine Island and Thwaites Glaciers study.

Lindstrom, D., et al, Antarctic journal of the United States, 1984, 19(5), p.53-55 9 refs.

Glacier oscillation, Photogrammetry, Glacier surfaces, Antarctica—Pine Island Glacier, Antarctica— Thwaites Glacier.

Inwaites Glacter.

A brief description of methods used to calculate velocities on Pine Island and Thwaites Glaciers and strain rates on Pine Island Glacier and their results are presented. Velocities on Pine Island Glacier were determined by comparing the change in position of crevasses present on 1973 and 1975 Landsat imagery with respect to stationary points. Velocities on Thwaites Glacier were determined from 1972 and 1983 Landsat Imagery with the spectrum of the state of the st imagery using the assumption that all icebergs in fast ice to the west of the glacier have the same movement. Strain rates on Pine Island Glacier were computed by measuring the change in

position of sets of three to six crevasses with respect to one another that are present on aerial photography taken in 1966 and 1967.

40-1771

Downdraw of the Pine Island Bay drainage basins of the west antarctic ice sheet.

Lindstrom, D., et al. Antarctic journal of the United States, 1984, 19(5), p.56-58, 13 refs.

Hughes, T.J. Ice sheets, Glacier oscillation, Glacier mass balance, Ice surface, Antarctica—Pine Island Glacier, Antarctica—Thwaites Glacier.

tica—Thwaites Glacier.

Hughes (1981, 12F-25634, 36-1520) proposed that ice draining through Pine Island Glacier and Thwaites Glacier into Pine Island By is lowering the drainage basins of these ice streams and that this represents the initial stages of a chain reaction that could ultimately lead to collapse of the west antarctic ice sheet. According to Hughes' theory, collapse would begin when these lowering ice drainage basins enlarge and neighboring ice drainage basins, which supply ice streams across the west antarctic ice divide, shrink. In particular, Hughes believed that the Pine Island Glacier ice-drainage basin enlargement (and the consequent Rutford Ice Stream ice drainage basin shrinkage) is in a late stage and that the Thwaites Glacier ice drainage basin enlargement is in an early stage. Mass balance data are presented to test this idea. The results seem to suggest that the surface of Pine Island Glacier drainage basin has been lowering. Thwaites Glacier would seem to be in an early stage of surging before the effects of downdraw become apparent. before the effects of downdraw become apparent

40-1772

40-1772

Hot-water drilling on the Siple Coast and ice core drilling at Siple and South Pole Stations.

Kuivinen, K.C., et al, Antarctic journal of the United States, 1984, 19(5), p.58-59, 6 refs. Koci, B.R.

Ice coring drills, Drilling, Antarctica-Siple Station, Antarctica—Amundsen-Scott Station. The Polar Ice Coring Office (PICO) used a new hot-water drill

and a new 200-meter winch and electromechanical coring drill and a new 200-meter winch and electromechanical coring drill at three aniartic locations during the 1983-1984 field season. Hot-water drilling of shot holes for the University of Wisconsin seismic program was conducted at Upstream B on the Siple Coast. PICO collaborated with the Physics Institute, University of Bern, Switzerland, in two drilling and core processing projects: a 201-m ice core was collected at Siple Station for analysis by the University of Bern group and, at South Pole Station, a core was drilled from 230 to 353.5 m in a hole left open after the 1982-1983 season. The operation and performance of the drills are described, as well as modifications made to improve core quality. to improve core quality

40-1773

Core processing and first analysis of ice cores from Siple and South Pole Stations.
Stauffer, B., et al, Antarctic journal of the United States, 1984, 19(5), p.59-60, 7 refs
Schwander, J.

Ice cores, Drill core analysis, Ice composition, Antarctica-Siple Station, Antarctica-Amundsen-Scott Station.

Analysis of ice cores from the Antarctic allows the study of the history of climatic parameters such as temperature, annual accumulation, and atmospheric composition. The main goal of this laboratory analysis of these ice cores is to investigate the preindustrial atmospheric carbon dioxide concentration and its preindustrial atmospheric carbon dioxide concentration and its natural variations and to measure the carbon-13/carbon-12 ratio in the preindustrial carbon dioxide and in other atmospheric trace gases such as methane. Preliminary analyses are reported for two core-drilling and core-processing projects conducted in collaboration with the Polar Ice Coring Office during the 1983-84 field season, one at Siple Station where there is a high snow accumulation (50 cm, water equivalent) and one at South Pole Station where there is a low accumulation (7 cm, water equivalent). The study included measurements of electrical conductivity, density and porosity, visual strattgraphy, and preparation of thin sections for crystal-size snalysis

40-1774

French glaciological activities at the South Pole. Gillet, F., et al, Antarctic journal of the United States, 1984, 19(5), p.61, 1 ref. Legrand, M.

Drilling, Ice coring drills, Drill core analysis, Antarctica-South Pole.

Drilling operations at the South Pole using a 'hermal probe called 'climatopic', in combination with an electro-nechanical drill are described. Although the drilling operations were not successful, it is believed that with minor improvements the probe will become an efficient piece of deep-drilling equipment. lice core studies included visual stratigraphy, density measure-ment, sampling for isotopes, collection of thin sections for crys-tal-size studies, and electrical conductivity measurements

40-1775

Oxygen isotope studies at the South Pole.

Grootes, P.M., et al, Antarctic journal of the United States, 1984, 19(5), p.62-63, 15 refs

Stuiver, M. Snow composition, Snow stratigraphy, Antarctica-South Pole.

Snow in three pits near Amundsen-Scott South Pole station has an average delta 18-O value of -51 to -52%. The amplitude of the seasonal delta 18-O cycle as recorded in the firn is 12 to 13%. The three profiles do not show a close correlation due

to (partially) missing summer snow layers in this low accumula-tion area. The two, about 200 m long South Pole cores will therefore show significant correlation only on a time scale of

Vostok tephra-an important englacial stratigraphic marker?.

Kyle, P.R., et al, Antarctic journal of the United States,

1984, 19(5), p.64-65, 12 refs. Palais, J., Thomas, E. Ice cores, Ice composition, Volcanic ash, Antarctica -Vostok Station.

—Vostok Station.

Tephra (volcanic ash) layers, if they are widespread, have the potential to provide important stratigraphic markers in ice cores. 0.05 m thick tephra layer was discovered in the bottom of a 101 m long toe core drilled at Vostok Station in Dec. 1979. An age of 3,300 yr was assigned to the tephra which is andesitic and characterized by high iron concentrations. Analyses are given. All available data at this time strongly suggest that the South Sandwich Islands—and in particular Candlemas Island—is the source of the Vostok tephra.

40-1777

Thermomechanical behavior of large ice masses.

Yuen, D.A., et al, Antarctic journal of the United States, 1984, 19(5), p.65, 2 refs.

Saari, M.R., Schubert, G. Ice sheets, Ice models.

Ice sheets, Ice models.

Work on this project has been concerned with developing 1) a faster way of obtaining one-dimensional steady-state velocity and temperature profiles of large ice masses, 2) a numerical code that can be used to monitor the time history of shear heating instabilities of ice flows, and 3) an essentially analytical model to account for the role played by the thinning of the ice sheet in glacial surges. A new class of solutions has been found in association with large accumulation rates. The character of the new solutions is briefly considered.

40-1778

Dating antarctic ice by the carbon-14 and uranium-

Dating antarctic ice by the carbon-14 and dramium-238 series methods. Fireman, E.L., Antarctic journal of the United States, 1984, 19(5), p 66-67, 2 refs. Ice dating, Ice sheets, Ice composition.

During the past year, work focussed on dating antarctic ice by the carbon-14 and uranium-238 series methods. Measurements were made on clean and dirty ice samples from the Cul de Sac site of Allan Hills and the Byrd ice core. The measurements included radium-226 from radon-222, uranium-234, uranium-234, and thorium-230. The techniques used are described and recliminary results are given. scribed and preliminary results are given.

40-1779

Ross Sea oceanography, 1984.

Jacobs, S.S., et al, Antarctic journal of the United States, 1984, 19(5), p.72-73, 17 refs. Smethie, W.M., Jr., Pillsbury, R.D., MacAyeal, D.R. Oceanography, Heat flux, Ice melting, Subglacial ob-

servations, Antarctica—Ross Sea.

The Ross Sea heat flux experiment is primarily concerned with the role of glacial ice in ocean circulation on the antarctic continental shelf. Specifically, an attempt is being made to monitor the transport of heat and salt from the ocean into the cavity beneath the Ross Ice Shelf. Various physical and geochemical beneath the Ross Ice Shelf. Various physical and geochemical measurements are being made to estimate basal melting rates, residence time of water on the continental shelf and the exchange of CO2 between the high-latitude atmosphere and oceans. Observations of oceanographic staticns occupied in the Ross Sea from the USCGC Polar Sea, in Jan.-Feb. 1984, are described.

40-1780

Diatoms from the McMurdo Ice Shelf, Antarctica.

Kellogg, D.E., et al, Antarctic journal of the United States, 1984, 19(5), p.76-77, 8 refs.

Kellogg, T.B. Algae, Cryobiology, Ice surface, Ecology, Ice shelves, Antarctica--McMurdo Ice Shelf.

Sediment samples collected from the surface of the McMurdo Sediment samples collected from the surface of the McMurco lee Shelf (southwestern Ross Sea) yielded low abundances of marine diatoms, probably because of the unavailability of needed light and nutrients for diatoms beneath the shelf. Non-marine diatoms, however, were abundant and diverse. This is consistent with the presence of numerous ponds on the shelf surface. The manne and non-marine species present in the samples are identified.

Interaction between volcanism and glaciation. [Vzai-

modefstvie vulkanizma s oledeneniem, Kotliakov, V.M., ed, Akademiia nauk SSSR. Mezhduvedomstvennyi geofizicheskii komitet. Gliatsiologicheskie issledovaniia, 1985, No.27, 140p. In Russian. For selected napars see 40,1782 through 40.

ologicheskie issledovaniia, 1985, No.27, 140p. In Russian. For selected papers see 40-1782 through 40-1788. Refs. passim.
Vinogradov, V.N., ed, Glazovskii, A.F., ed.
Volcanoes, Volcanic ash, Photogrammetry, Glacial hydrology, Seismology, Glacier ice, Slope processes, Mudilows, Glaciation, Ice volume, Mountain glaciers, Snow cover thickness, Pollution, Thermal regime, Hydrothermal processes.

40-1782

Volcanism and glaciation. (Vulkanizm i oledenenie1.

Vinogradov, V.N., Akademiia nauk SSSR. Mezhduvedomstvennyl geofizicheskil komitet. Gliatsiologicheskie issledovaniia, 1985, No.27, p.7-25, In Russian with English summary. 41 refs.

Russian with English summary. 41 refs. Volcanoes, Glacter oscillation, Glaciation, Slope processes, Mudflows, Volcanic ash, Snow composition, Hydrothermal processes, Pollution, Heat transfer, Mass transfer, USSR—Kamchatka Peninsula.

Glacier-volcano interactions and their manifestation in the regime and morphology of the glaciers. [Vzaimodelstvie oledenenia i vulkanizma i ego proiavlenie v rezhime i morfologii lednikovi,

Glazovskii, A.F., et al, Akademiia nauk SSSR. Mezhduvedomstvennyi geofizicheskii komitet. Mezhduvedomstvennyi geofizicheskii komitet. Gliatsiologicheskie issledovaniia, 1985, No.27, p.26-35, In Russian with English summary. 35 refs. Grosval'd, M.G.

Glacial hydrology, Glacier alimentation, Glacier abla-tion, Volcanoes, Topographic effects, Ice caves, Glaciation, Glacier beds, Snow cover distribution, Pollution.

40-1784

Regimes of glaciers in the volcanic regions of the Kamchatka Peninsula. Rezhim lednikov vulkanicheskikh ralonov Kamchatki, Vinogradov, V.N., et al. Akademiia nauk SSSR. Mezhduvedomstvennyl geofizicheski komitet.

Mezhduvedomstvennyi geofizicheskii komitet. Gliatsiologicheskie issledovaniia, 1985, No.27, p.36-50, In Russian with English summary. 8 rcfs. Murav'ev, IA.D.

Glacier ice, Ice volume, Glacier alimentation, Clacier ablation, Glacier mass bulance, Charts.

40-1785

Interglacial eruptions. [Vnutrilednikovye izverz-

heniiaj, Tsiurupa, A.I., Akademiia nauk SSSR. duvedomstvenny'i geofizicheskii komitet. Gliatsi-ologicheskie issledovaniia, 1985, No.27, p.67-76, ln Russian with English summary. 27 refs.

Russian with English summary. 27 refs.

Mudflows, Volcanoes, Glaciation, Glacier ice, Ice caves, Slope processes, Glacial hydrology.

Glacial deposits in areas of active volcanism in the Kamchatka Peninsula. Lednikovye obrazovaniia raionov aktivnogo vulkanizma (na primere Kamchat-

Kraevaia, T.S., et al, Akademiia nauk SSSR. duvedomstvennyi geofizicheskii komitet. Gliatsi-ologicheskie issledovaniia, 1985, No.27, p.77-89, In Russian with English summary. 5 refs. Kuralenko, N.P.

Dust, Mountain glaciers, Volcanoes, Snow composi-tion, Glacier ice, Glacier alimentation, Glacial depos-its, Pollution, Volcanic ash, Pyroclastic rocks.

40-1787

Microseismic investigations of glaciers. [Mikroselsmicheskie issledovanija lednikov₁,

Farberov, A.I., Akademiia nauk SSSR. Mezhduvedomstvenny geofizicheskii komitet. Gliatsiologicheskie issledovaniia, 1985, No.27, p.90-107, ln Russian with English summary. 39 refs. Mountain glaciers, Volcanoes, Glacier ice, Microse-

isms, Measuring instruments, Hydrothermal processes, Subglacial eruptions.

40-1788

Glaciological and volcanological studies on Mt. Wrangell volcano, Alaska. ¡Gliatsiovulkanologicheskie issledovanna na vulkane Vrangelia, Aliaska, Benson, K., et al, Akademiia nauk SSSR. Mezhduvedomstvennyi geofizicheskii komitet. Gliatsiologicheskie issledovaniia, 1985, No.27, p.114-133, ln Russian with English summary. 17 refs.

Mountain glaciers, Volcanoes, Glacier ice, Ice volume, Photogrammetry, Charts, Ice temperature,

Heat transfer, Heat flux, Ice melting.

Construction of NKK ice model basin.

Sudo, M., et al, Nippon Kokan technical report, Aug. 1984, No.41, p.135-144. Ice models, Ice strength, Tanks (containers), Ice

navigation, Ice breaking, Icebreakers, Air conditioning. Tests.

40-1790

Vegetation and environmental gradients of the Prudhoe Bay region, Alaska.

Walker, D.A., U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory, Sep. 1985, CR 85-14, 239p., ADA-162 022, Refs. p.122-135. Tundra, Vegetation, Temperature gradients, Plants

(botany), Coastal topographic features, Ice wedges, Snow depth, Temperature effects, Loess, Hummocks, Soil water, United States-Alaska.

Soil water, United States—Alaska.

The Prudhoe Bay region is a particularly interesting area of tundra because of its well-defined and steep environmental gradients, the combination of which has not been described elsewhere in the Arctic. It is a region of wet coastal tundra that has a unique substrate pH gradient, due in part to its coastal location. The prevailing northeast winds distribute locas from the Sagavanirktok River over most of the region. Areas downwind from the river have alkaline tundra with a pradient of declining soil pH values away from the river: the orthwest portion of the region is not downwind from the river and consequently has acidic tundra. The coastal temperature gradient is among the steepest in the Arctic. Three of Young's (1971) four floristic zones, which are based on the amount of total summer warmth, are present within the region. The effects of the temperature gradient can be seen in the increase of the total number of plants in the flora and the increased plant productivity, particularly of shrubs, as one moves inland. The predomity, particularly of shrubs, as one moves inland The predomi ty, particularly of shrubs, as one moves inland. The predominantly wel landscape also creates steep vegetation gradients within elevation changes of a few centimeters. Small hummocks and higher microsites associated with ice wedge polygon relief may be elevated only 10-25 cm above the level of saturated soils but can support rich mesic tundra plant communities

Meter for the conductivity and the dielectric constant of ice. Medidor de conductividad y constante dieléctrica del hieloj.

Caranti, J.M., et al. Revista telegráfica ele trónica, 1984, 73(855), p.1264-1267, In Spanish. Ré. M.A.

Ice electrical properties, Electrical resistivity, Dielectric properties, Measuring instruments.

40-1792

DTA studies of sol and gel structures in aqueous dis-

persions of pyrogenic silicas. Ehrburger, F., et al. Colloids and surfaces, Apr. 22, 1985, 14(1), p.31-45, 10 refs. Guérin, V., Lahaye, J. Preeze thaw cycles, Solutions, Dispersions, The mal

properties, Ice melting, Nuclear magnetic resonance, Colloids, Temperature effects, Aggregates.

Fundamentals of engineering geology (geological basis). [Teoreticheskie osnovy inzhenernol geologii (geologicheskie osnovy), Sergeev, E.M., ed, Moscow, Nedra, 1985, 332p., In

Russian with abridged English table of contents en-50 refs. closed.

Glaciation, Engineering geology, Permafrost hydrology, Permafrost distribution, Glacial lakes, Geological maps, Periglacial processes, Theories, Ground ice, Hydrothermal processes, Climatic factors, Tectonics.

Remote sensing of ice and snow.

Hall, D.K., et al, London, Chapman and Hall Ltd., 1985, 189p., Refs. passim. Martinec, J

Ice surveys. Snow surveys. Permafrost. Remote sensing, Water balance, Runoff, Mapping, Microwaves, Seasonal variations.

Seasonal variations.

In this book, the utility of remote sensing for identifying, mapping and analyzing surface and subsurface properties of world-wide ice and snow features is described. Emphasis is placed on the use of remote sensing for developing an improved understanding of the physical properties of ice and snow and understanding the interrelationships of cryospheric processes with atmospheric, hydrospheric and oceanic processes. Current and potential applications of remotely sensed data are also stressed. Approximately one dozen scattered pages are relevant to Antarctica.

40-1795

Islands in search of oil-land platforms in the Beaufort Sea. Nurski, J., Science dimension, 1985, 17(3), p.11-21.

Artificial islands, Ice loads, Offshore drilling, Countermeasures, Offshore structures, Ice pressure, Caissons, Beaufort Sea.

Canmar's berm-supported SSDC drilling advances

Canmar's bernisupported 355C utiling advances arctic technology.

Hewitt, K.J., et al, Oil and gas journal, July 1, 1985, 83(26), p.39-43, 2 refs.

Berzins, W.E., Fitzpatrick, J.P., Hogeboom, H.G.

Offshore drilling, Offshore structures, Caissons, Design, Canada.

40-1797

New elastomer developed specifically for arctic well-Copley, K., Oil and gas journal, July 1, 1985,

83(26), p.60-61.

Drills, Cold weather operation, Wells, Equipment.

40-1798

Ice algae—an intriguing arctic phenomenon. Waite, A., Canadian geographic, Oct.-Nov. 1985, 105(5), p.59-61.

Algae, Ice bottom surface, Marine biology, Cryobiology, Sea Ice, Plankton, Porosity, Northwest Passage.

40-1799

Ice-lubricated gravity spreading of the Olympus Mons aureole deposits.

Tanaka, K.L., Icarus, May 1985, 62(2), p.191-206, 34 refs.

Extraterrestrial ice, Mars (planet), Geomorphology, Shear strength, Ground ice, Volcanoes, Permafrost,

40-1800

Polar frost formation on Ganymede

Johnson, R.E., Icarus, May 1985, 62(2), p.344-347, 25

Extraterrestrial ice. Frost, Ice formation, Models, Ions, Ice temperature.

40-1801

Colorado will tap geothermal water to heat bridge decks. Better roads, Aug. 1984, 54(8), p.14-15.
Bridges, Road icing, Heat pipes, Geothermal prospecting, Heating, Heat transfer, Countermeasures. 40-1802

Tips on getting better, less expensive sand for winter operations.

alabro, M.F., Airport services management, Jan.

1985, 25(1), p.39-41. Snow removal, Ice removal, Aircraft landing areas, Sanding, Winter maintenance, Road maintenance, Damage, Runways.

40-1803

Natural production, storage, and utilization of ice in deep ponds for summer air conditioning. Bahadori, M.N., Solar energy, 1985, 34(2), p.143-149, 15 refs

Ice refrigeration, Cold storage, Ponds, Air conditioning, Ice water interface, Cost analysis, Ice volume, Buildings.

40-1804

Snow control program stresses preparedness. Amundson, W.W., et al, Public works, Aug. 1985,

116(8), p.60-62. Arnold, J.L.

Snow removal, Ice removal, Streets, Ice control, Abrasion, Road maintenance, Winter maintenance, Salting, Sanding, Equipment.

40-1805

Wetted salt: more muscle for snow and ice control. Shultz, S., *Public works*, Aug. 1985, 116(8), p.68. Salting, Ice removal, Roud icing, Snow removal, Ice melting, Snow melting, Moisture. 40-1806

Snow loading: snowblower versus front end loader. Meitin, L., Public works, Aug. 1985, 116(8), p.69. Snow removal, Equipment, Cost analysis.

40-1807

Denver's snow control plan blends judgment and technology Mrozek, J.S., Public works, Aug. 1985, 116(8), p.78-

80. Snow removal, Warning systems, Forecasting, Flood-

ing

40-1808

New radio system improves county snow control pro-

Nation, C., Public works, Aug. 1985, 116(8), p.82-84. Snow removal, Radio communication, Equipment.

Built-in snow and ice control for roadways

Kelley, J.F., Public works, Aug. 1985, 116(8), p.89-90. Snow removal, Ice removal, Ice control, Road icing, Road maintenance, Winter maintenance, Chemical ice prevention.

40-1810

Investigating the ice-water interface: two light-scattering experiments.

Brown, R.A., Davis, CA, University of California, 1984, 77p., University Microfilms order No.85-07291, Ph.D. thesis. 47 refs. For abstract see Dissertation abstracts international, 1985, 46(2-B) p.561.

Ice water interface, Ice optics, Light scattering.

Freezer model using a population balance approach for steady-state, direct-contact, secondary refrigerant, freeze desalination.

Byrd, L.W., Raleigh, NC, North Carolina State University, Department of Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering, 1984, 115p., University microfilms order No.85-07355, Ph.D. thesis. 29 refs. For abstract see Dissertation abstracts international, 1985, 46(2-B)

Desalting, Cryogenics, Artificial freezing.

40-1812

Response of cloud microphysical instruments to aircraft icing conditions.

Glass, M., et al, U.S. Air Force. Geophysics Laboratory. Meteorology Division. Technical report.
July 6, 1981, AFGL-TR-0192, Environmental Research Paper No.747, 57p., ADA-112 317, 21 refs. Grantham DD

Aircraft icing, Cloud physics, Meteorological instru-

40-1813

1985 Ice Island refraction surveys. Phase 1 report. Asudeh, I., et al, Canada. Dept. of Energy, Mines and Resources. Earth Physics Branch. Open file. Asuden, I., et al, Canada. Dept. of Energy, Mines and Resources. Earth Physics Branch. Open file, 1985, No.85-23, Geological Survey of Canada. Open file, No.1196, 25p. + appends., 4 refs. Ice islands, Seismic refraction, Ice spectroscopy, Water waves, Statistical analysis.

40-1814

Assessment of marine radars for the detection of ice and icebergs.

Ryan, J.P., et al, Environmental Studies Revolving Funds. Report, Aug. 1985, No.8, 127p., With French summary. 23 refs Harvey, M., Kent, A.

Ice detection, Icebergs, Radar photography, Sea ice distribution, Meteorological factors, Backscattering, Surface properties, Platforms.

40-1815

Methods for the fracturing of icebergs.

Gammon, P.H., et al, Environmental Studies Revolving Funds. Report, July 1985, No.11, 91p., With French summary. Refs. p.88-91. Lewis, J.C.

Icebergs, Ice cutting, Fracturing, Electric heating, Cables (ropes), Engineering, Hydraulic jets.

40-1816

Ice force results from the modified Yamachiche Bend

lee force results from the modified ramachine Beau lightpier, winter 1983-84.
Frederking, R.M.W., et al, National Research Council, Canada. Division of Building Research. Paper, 1985, No.1316, p.319-331, Reprinted from proceedings of the Canadian Coastal Conference, St. John's, Newfoundland, Aug. 13-16, 1985. With French summary. 10 refs. Sayed, M., Hodgsen, T., Berthelet, W. Ice loads, Offshore structure, Ice pressure, Piers, Loads (Force). Los colld interface.

Loads (forces), Ice solid interface.

40-1817

Québec North Shore Moraine System: a major fea-

ture of late Wisconsin deglaciation.

Dubois, J.M.M., et al, Geological Society of America Special paper, 1985, No.197, p.125-133, 43 refs. Dionne, J.C.

Moraines, Glacial deposits, Paleoclimatology, Hummocks, Glaciation, Distribution, Canada-Quebec. 40-1818

Morphologic diversity of microflora in the Angara River and the Bratsk reservoir. O morfologiches kom raznoobrazii mikroflory Angary i Bratskogo vodokhranilishcha₁,

dokhranilishcha,
Dutova, N.V., Mikroorganizmy v ekosistemakh ozer i
vodokhranilishch (Microorganisms in ecosystems of
lakes and reservoirs) edited by V.V. Driukker, Novosibirsk, Nauka, 1985, p.101-105, In Russian. 8 refs.
Microbiology, Permafrost beneath rivers, Bacteria,
Permafrost beneath lakes, Water temperature, Solar
callation.

40-1819

Preliminary cementation of water-bearing rocks for construction of the Severo-Muyskiy tunnel of BAM. Predvaritel'naia tsementatsija vodonosnykh porod pri prokhodke stvolov Severo-Mulskogo tonnelia BAM₁,

Florov, I.N., et al, Shakhtnoe stroitel'stvo, June 1985, No.6, p.19-22, In Russian. Solodovníkov, A.V., Logachev, N.T.

Artificial freezing, Tunneling (excavation), Grouting, Baykul Amur railroad, Walls, Cements, Cement ad-

40-1820

Designing railroads for the West Siberian Oil-and-Cas Combine. Procektirovanie zheleznykh dorog Zapadno-Sibirskogo neftegazovogo kompleksaj, Belishkin, L.N., et al, Transportnoe stroitel'stvo, Nov. 1985, No.11, p.6-7, In Russian.

Khralov, A.IA.

Petroleum transportation, Railroads, Permafrost beneath structures, Industrial buildings, Foundations, Thermal insulation, Heat loss, Embankments,

Application of radioactive isotope methods in surveys. Primenenie radioizotopnykh metodov pri izys-

kaniiakh_i, Tishkin, V.A., et al, *Transportnoe stroitel stvo*, Nov. Tishkin, V.A., et al, Transportnoe stroitel'stvo, Nov. 1985, No.11, p.7-8, In Russian.
Grebeshev, V.M., Mamzelev, A.P.
Well logging, Radioactive isotopes, Frozen rocks, En-

gineering geology, Surveys.

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Kudriavtsev, A.P., Transportno. 1985, No.11, p.8-9, In Russian.

Roadbeds, Thixotropy, Clays, Foundations, Frozen fines, Freeze thaw cycles, Wettability, Dynamic

Modern methods of design. Progressivnye resheniia

v proektakh₁, Satsyperov, I.F., Transportnoe stroitel'stvo, Nov. 1985, No.11, p.10-11, In Russian. Railroads, Electric power, Buildings, Foundations, Permafrost beneath structures, Modular construc-

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chaia rol' naledelj, Sokolov, B.L., *Vodnye resursy*, Jan.-Feb. 1986, No.1, p.3-14, In Russian. 14 refs. Naleds, River basins, Permafrost beneath rivers, Water reserves, Icebound rivers, Permafrost hydrology, Ice cover thickness, Water balance, Analysis (mathematics).

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Remote sensing, Spacecraft, Clouds (meteorology),

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Fish, A.M., MP 1988, Hanover, NH, USA CRREL, 1978, 196p., Ph.D. thesis. Refs. p.181-196.
Ice creep, Rheology, Ice strength, Acoustic measurement, Cracking (fracturing), Compressive properties, Pressure, Ice crystal structure, Ice mechanics, Time

factor, Measuring instruments, Settlement (structural).

Theoretical and experiment studies of time-dependent deformation and failure of columnar-grained ice are presented.
Laboratory uniaxial compression tests at constant and steadily
increasing stresses were accompanied by simultaneous recording of acoust** emissions. Strength criteria and constitutive
equations we established, describing grain disintegration, microcrack inti ation and acoustic emission dynamics during
creep, and their relationship to the rheological properties of ice.
The rheological properties of ice were studied under laboratory
and field conditions using a pressuremeter, leading to the development of an in situ method for determining the mechanical
properties of ice taking into account the time factor. The results of the studies were applied in analyses of settlements of
foundations on high-tee-content soils and ground ice. Based
on the comparison of experimental data with calculated
settlements, it is shown that the characteristics of ice used in the
analysis can be determined either from laboratory tests or in
situ, by means of a pressuremeter. Theoretical and experiment studies of time-dependent deforma40-1844

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Schmidt, R. Sedimentation, Palynology, Lacustrine deposits, Paleoclimatology, Climatic changes, Alpine glaciation, Pollen, Austria—Funtensee.

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Paleoclimatic and paleoecologic investigation of sediment cores from southern Bayarian and Alpine lakes. Michler, G., Zeitschrift für Gletscherkunde und Glazialgeologie, 1985, Vol.21, p.59-66, 12 refs., German summary.

Lacustrine deposits, Climatic changes, Paleo-climatology, Paleoecology, Sedimentation, Drill core analysis, Alpine glaciation, Geochemistry, Germany -Bayaria.

Meerfelder Maar Lake deposits.

Negendank, J.F.W., et al, Zeitschrift für Gletscher-kunde und Glazialgeologie, 1985, Vol.21, p.67-70, 5

kunde und Giaziaigeologie, 1903, vol.21, p. 07-10, p. crefs., With German summary.

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Krouse, H.R. Lake water, Isotope analysis, Water chemistry, Salinity, Ice cover effect, Paleoclimatology, Canada

-Ellesmere Island.

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Recent glacier distribution and present climate in the central Andes of South America.

Jordan, E., Zeitschrift für Gletscherkunde und Glezialgeologie, 1985, Vol.21, p.213-224, Refs. p.222-224. With German summary.

Mountain glaciers, Climatic factors, Snow line,

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matic changes, Paleoclimatology, New Zealand-Alps.

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Ice models, Ice sheets, Profiles, Ice physics, Ice temperature, Ice mechanics, Glacier flow, Mathematical models, Temperature distribution.

Heat budget of the antarctic ice sheet.

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Ice sheets, Ice thermal properties, Ice temperature, Glacier mass balance, Thermodynamics, Drainage, Ice growth, Surface temperature, Ice cover thickness,

Averaged over an entire drainage basin of a polar ice sheet, the Averaged over an entire drainage basin of a polar ice sheet, the thermodynamic equation takes a simple form. In particular, disaipative heating can be obtained directly from the release of gravitational energy. When ice-accumulation rate, surface temperature, elevation and ice thickness are known, the mean temperature of the ice leaving the drainage basin can be calculated in the case of equilibrium. We have applied this procedure to the drainage basins of the Antarctic Ice Sheet. Mean basal outlet temperatures appear to vary between -21.3 and -8.3 C. The latter value was found for the basin that feeds the Ross Ice Shelf. Drainage basins with higher surface elevation generally have lower outlet temperatures, in spite of the fact that ice thickness is generally greater. Assigning a characteristic ally have lower outlet temperatures, in spite of the fact that ice thickness is generally greater. Assigning a characteristic length scale to a drainage basin makes it possible to estimate the typical base stress, and by assuming a balance between dis-charge and accumulation, the global flow parameter. Sensitivi-ty to changes in mass balance can be studied, including the temperature feedback on ice flow. The procedure is applied to one drainage basin, which shows that temperature feedback almost doubles the sensitivity of mean ice thickness to changes in accumulation.

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Review of glacier changes in West Greenland.

Weidick, A., Zeitschrift für Gletscherkunde und Glazialgeologie, 1985, Vol.21, p.301-309, 17 refs., With German summary.

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Accumulation gradients in Greenland and mass balance response to climatic changes.

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Glacier mass balance, Climatic changes, Glacier heat balance, Glacier alimentation, Cloud cover, Altitude, Glacier ablation, Greenland,

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Kodama, Y.

Glacial meteorology, Meteorological data, Ice edge, Temperature gradients, Wind velocity, Wind direction, Air temperature, Atmospheric pressure, Antarctica-Adélie Coast.

Meteorological data from six automatic weather stations in Adelie Land stretching from Dome C (3280 m) to the ocean were analyzed. Some of the findings are the following, a) The temperature gradient along the slope of Eactern Antarctica is above adiabatic for 10 months of the year. Only during two midsummer months does it reach th. diabatic rate. b) When going down from the dome towards the ocean, the wind speed increases, but reaches its maximum some distance from the ice edge. c) While the absolute minimum at Dome C is -84.6 C the temperature at Dumont d'Urville some 1080 km NNE of Dome C, never dropped below -40.0 C. d) For all stations a coreless winter was observed. e) Positive pressure anomalies were correlated with positive temperature deviations, and a more cross-slope wind. f) Except for Dome C the directional constancy of the wind is pronounced (monthly mean values around 0.9). (Auth mod.) Meteorological data from six automatic weather stations in

Recent retreat and ice velocity at Austre Okstindbre. Norway.

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Glacier flow, Glacier ablation, Ice edge, Photogram metric surveys, Ice creep, Velocity, Rheology, Basal sliding, Ice cover thickness, Strains.

Holocene glacier fluctuations in eastern Iceland.

Sharp, M., et al, Zeitschrist für Gletscherkunde und Glazialgeologie, 1985, Vol.21, p.341-349, 23 refs., With German summary.

Dugmore, A.

Glader oscillation, Stratigraphy, Climatic changes, Paleoclimatology, Glaciation, Iceland.

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40-1006 Attempt to reconstruct glaciological and climatologi-cal characteristics of 18 ka BP Ice Age glaciers in and around the Swiss Alps.

Haeberli, W., et al, Zeitschrift für Gletscherkunde und Glazialgeologie, 1985, Vol.21, p.351-361, 17 refs., With German summary.

Glacier surveys, Climate, Glaciology, Glacier flow, Shear stress, Paleoclimatology, Switzerland—Alps.

Quantitative palaeoclimatic inferences from lateglacial snowline, timberline and rock glacier data, Tyrolean Alps, Austria.

Kerschner, H., Zeitschrift für Gletscherkunde und Glazialgeologie, 1985, Vol.21, p.363-369, 28 refs., With German summary.

Rock glaciers, Glaciation, Snow line, Paleoclimatology, Climatic changes, Forest lines, Glacier surveys, Precipitation (meteorology), Austria—Alps.

Cirque glacier regime and neoglaciation, Brooks Range, Alaska. Calkin, P.E., et al, Zeitschrift für Gletscherkunde und

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Ellis, J.M., Haworth, L.A., Burns, P.E.
Cirque glaciers, Glaciation, Glacial meteorology, Climatic changes, Glacier flow, Lichens, History, Glacier mass balance, Paleoclimatology, United States—Alaska—Brooks Range.

40-1871

Information on paleo-precipitation on a high-altitude glacier Monte Rosa, Switzerland.
Schotterer, U., et al, Zeitschrift für Gletscherkunde

und Glazialgeologie, 1985, Vol.21, p.379-388, 12 refs., With German summary.
Oeschger, H., Wagenbach, D., Münnich, K.O.

Mountain glaciers, Precipitation (meteorology), Paleoclimatology, Ice cores, Drill core analysis, Atmospheric composition, Switzerland-Monte Rosa.

Comparison of the H-2 and O-18 content of ice cores from a temperate Alpine glacier (Vernagtferner, Austria) with climatic data.

Austria) with climatic data.

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tigraphy, Temperature variations, Radioactive age determination, Austria—Alps.

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radiation, Air temperature, Precipitation (meteorology), Wind velocity, Meltwater, Heat flux, Austria—Vernagtferner.

40-1874

Period of glacier advances in the raips, account Gla-Patzelt, G., Zeitschrift für Gletscherkunde und Gla-Val 21 - 403-407. 6 refs., With zialgeologie, 1985, Vol.21, p.403-407, 6 refs., German summary.

Glacier oscillation, Glacier mass balance, Climatic factors, Air temperature, Precipitation (meteorology), Austria—Alps, Switzerland—Alps. 40-1875

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Glacier oscillation, Glacier mass balance, Climacic factors, Glacier flow, Climatic changes, Topography, Time factor, Altitude, Austria-Alus.

Engineering and geological processes. [Inzhenerno-

geologicheskie protsessyj, Molokov, L.A., Moscow, Nedra, 1985, 206p., In Rus-

Dams, Thixotropy, Engineering geology, Environmental impact, Construction, Slope processes, Industrial buildings, Permafrost beneath structures, Roads, Hydrothermal processes, Airports, Heat transfer, Frozen fines, Underground facilities, Clays, Hydraulic characters. lic structures.

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Machines and equipment for the construction of bases and foundations. [Mashiny i oborudovanie dlia ustroistva osnovanii fundamentov],
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Foundations, Paludification, Soil compaction, Prozen fines, Soil stabilization, Artificial freezing, Drying, Pile driving, Construction materials, Clavs, Water level, Cold weather construction, Pumps.

Space variations of glacial deposits. [Prostranstvennaia izmenchivost' lednikovykh otlozhenii], Bondarik, G.K., et al, Moscow, Nedra, 1965, 239p., In

Bolidaris, O.K., et al., Moscow, Nedia, 1903, 239p., in Russian with abridged English table of contents en-closed. 50 refs. Goral'chuk, M.I., Ierusalimskaia, E.N.

Glacial lakes, Glacial deposits, Moraines, Lacustrine deposits, Ground ice, Ice rafting, Engineering geology, Topographic effects, Minerals, River basins, Val-

40-1879

Breakup of ice fields at the concentration overfall. [Razrushenie ledianykh polel na sosredotochennom perepades.

Raspopin, G.A., et al, Russia. Ministerstvo vysshego i srednego spetsial'nogo obrazovanija. Izvestija vys-shikh uchebnykh zavedenih. Stroitel'stvo i arkhitektura, 1985, No.8, p.94-99, In Russian. 5 refs.

Dams, Spillways, Ice passing, Ice floes, Hydraulic structures, Ice breaking, Analysis (mathematics).

Universal assembly for studying the processes of cutting frozen ground, ice and hard rocks. [Universal'nyl stend dlia issledovaniia protsessov rezaniia merzlogo

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equipment.

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Piege, 1986, p.238-241, 11 refs.
Piers, Vibration, Ice loads, Shear strength, Mathematical models, Computer applications.

ematical models, Computer applications.

To determine its dynamic characteristics, the Yamachiche lighter located in Lac St. Pierre, Quebec, was instrumented with geophones, accelerometers, and an inclinometer. Fifteen breakable botts with failure strengths from 45,000 to 450,000 N were used to apply a step unloading force on the pier. The damping and stiffness were obtained from the data in the time domain. The natural frequencies and mode shapes were obtained from the data transformed into the frequency domain. A model analysis computer necessary was used to verify the A modal analysis computer program was used to verify the natural frequencies and mode shapes. A mathematical model was developed that includes translation, rotation, and shear beam deformation of the pier.

Modal analysis as a tool to evaluate off-road vehicle body mounts.

Rakheya, S., International Modal Analysis Conference, 4th, Los Angeles, CA, Feb. 3-6, 1986, Proceedings. Vol.2, Schenectady, N.Y., Union College, 1986, p. 471-1475, 7 refs.

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Matveev, A.V., Stepanov, O.A., IAkovlev, E.I. Gas pipelines, Permafrost benath structures, F. action, Gas production, Transportation, Storage, Cold weather operation.

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clouds, Artificial nucleation, Cloud seeding, Smoke generators, Ice growth, Nucleating agents, Lead io-dide, Silver iodide, Organic nuclei.

40-1885

Spectrum and ice-forming properties of aerosol particles in hallstones. Spektri l'doobrazuiushchie svoïstva aerozol'nykh chastits soderzhashchikhsia v gradi-

nakhı, Tlisov, M.I., et al, Vsesoiuznyi seminar po fizike oblakov, aktivnym vozdelstvijam na gradovyc pro-tsessy i probleme izyskanija novykh reagentov dlia bor'by s gradom, Nal'chik, Oct. 26-28, 1981 (All-Union seminar on cloud physics, modification of hail processes and the problem of research for new hail prevention reagents) edited by L.M. Fedchenko, Moscow, Gidrometeoizdat, 1985, p.16-21, In Russian. 7 refs

Berezinskil, N.A.

Cloud seeding, Aerosols, Nucleating agents, Ice crystal nuclei, Hailstones.

40-1886

Hailstone growth processes stipulated by the nonstationary thermodynamic structure of hail nuclei. Osobennosti protsessa rosta grada obuslovlennye nestatsionarnost'iu termodinamicheskoi struktury grado-

statisonarnost'iu termodinamicheskof struktury grado-vol iachefkij,
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Bibilashvili, N.Sh., Koval'chuk, A.N.
Cloud seeding, Ice crystal nuclei, Ice growth, Hailstones, Aerosols.

New stage in the search for effective ice-forming reagents. [Novyl etap v izyskanii effektivnykh l'doo-

brazuiushchikh reagentovi, Plaude, N.O., et al, Vsesoiuznyi seminar po fizike oblakov, aktivnym vozdefstviiam na gradovye pro-tsessy i probleme izyskaniia novykh reagentov dlia bor'by s gradom, Nal'chik, Oct. 26-28, 1981 (All-Union seminar on cloud physics, modification of hail processes and the problem of research for new hail prevention reagents) edited by L.M. Fedchenko, Moscow, Gidrometeoizdat, 1985, p.129-133, In Russian. 4 refs.

Supercooled clouds, Artificial nucleation, Aerosols, Ice crystal nuclei, Smoke generators, Lead iodide, Silver iodide, Organic nuclei.

Studies of the ice-forming properties of liquid nitro-gen. [Issledovanie l'doobrazuiushchikh svoistv zhid-

Zhikharev, A.S., et al, Vsesoiuznyi seminar po fizike oblakov, aktivnym vozdelstviiam na gradovye proteessy i probleme izyskanija novykh reagentov dlia bor'by s gradom, Nal'chik, Oct. 26-28, 1981 (All-lain seminar op cloud physics, medification of hail Union seminar on cloud physics, modification of hail processes and the problem of research for new hail prevention reagents) edited by L.M. Fedchenko, Moscow, Gidrometeoizdat, 1985, p.133-136, In Russian. Kondratenko, V.A.

Smoke generators, Weather modification, Coolants, Cloud seeding, Cloud physics, Silver iodide.

Dependence of ice-forming activity of natural aerosols on size and supersaturations. (Zavisimost) l'doobrazuiushchel aktivnosti estestvennogo aerozolia

ot razmerov i peresyshcheniti,
Berezinskit, N.A., et al, Vsesoiuznyt seminar po fizike
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bor'by s gradom, Nal'chik, Oct. 26-28, 1981 (AllUnion seminar on cloud physics, modification of hail processes and the problem of research for new hail prevention reagents) edited by L.M. Fedchenko, Moscow, Gidrometeoizdat, 1985, p.136-141, In Russian. 7 refs.

Stepanov, G.V.

Cloud seeding, Nucleating agents, Ice crystal nuclei,

Possibility of obtaining organic ice-forming aerosols by sublimation in pyrotechnical compounds. (O voz-mozhnosti polucheniia l'doobrazuiushchikh aerozolei organicheskikh veshchestv vozgonkol v pirotekhni-

cheskikh sostavakh, Liadov, V.S., et al, Vsesoiuznyi seminar po fizike oblakov, aktivnym vozdejstviiam na gradovye protsessy i probleme izyskaniia novykh reagentov dlia bor'by s gradom, Nal'chik, Oct. 26-28, 1981 (All-Union seminar on cloud physics, modification of hail processes and the problem of research for new hail prevention reagents) edited by L.M. Fedchenko, Moscow, Gidrometeoizdat, 1985, p.141-144, In Russian.

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plants to Siberia. Iltogi introduktsii severoamerikan-skikh vidov drevesnykh rastenii v Sibiri, Vstovskaia, T.N., Moscow. Glavnyi botanicheskii sad. Biulleten', 1985, Vol.136, p.10-15, In Russian. 11 refs.

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National winter storms operations plan.

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systems, Forecasting, Winter, Shores, Maps.

Interpretation of soil cover in the non-chernozem area on space photographs of different kinds, for the compilation of small-scale soil maps. [Deshifrirova-nic pochvennogo pokrova nechernozem'ia na kosmicheskikh fotosnimkakh raznykh tipov pri sostavlenii

melkomasshtabnykh pochvennykh kart, Simakova, M.S., Issledovanie Zemli iz kosmosa, Nov. Dec. 1985, No.6, p.22-27, In Russian with Eng-

lish summary. 3 refs.

Spaceborne photography, Photointerpretation, Soil mapping, Podsol, Peat, Organic soils.

40-1894

Role of litter in the post-fire dynamics of pine forests in southern taiga of western Siberia. [Rol' podstilki v poslepozharnol dinamike iuzhnotaezhnykh sos-

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Furiaev, V.V., et al, Ekologiia, Nov.-Dec. 1985,
No.6, p.18-24, In Russian. 25 refs.
Zlobina, L.P.

Litter, Forest soils, Forest fires, Taiga, Revegetation, Plant ecology, Ecosystems.

Seasonal growth of pine shoots and coniferous needles in southern and northern Karelia. [Sezonnyl rost pobegov i khvoi sosny obyknovennol v iuzhnol i severnol Karelii],

noi Kareinj, Kishchenko, I.T., et al, *Ekologiia*, Nov.-Dec. 1985, No.6, p.61-63, In Russian. 5 refs. Grudinin, I.V. Plant ecology, Cryogenic soils, Taiga, Plant location,

Massive, artificial geotechnical foundations for engineering structures built on loess. [Sozdanie geotekhnogennykh massivov v osnovanii inzhenernykh sooruzhenii na lessakh,

ruzhenii na lessakh, Mel'nikov, B.I., et al, Inzhenernaia geologiia, Nov.-Dec. 1985, No.6, p.3-14, In Russian. 11 refs. Nesterov, A.I., Osipov, V.I. Loess, Foundations, Rheology, Thixotropy, Bearing strength, Construction materials, Wettability.

Charts for evaluating potential thermokarst development induced by technology in western Siberia.

Karty otsenki potentsial'nol vozmozhnosti razvitija tekhnogennogo termokarsta na severe Zapadnoï Sibi-

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Foundations, Permafrost beneath structures, Thermokarst, Permafrost thermal properties.

40-1899

Seismic methods of controlling earth structures built on loess. ¡Opyt primeneniia seismicheskikh metodov dlia kontrolia kachestva vozvedeniia zemlianykh sooruzhenil iz lessovykh gruntovj,

Chebkasova, E.V., Inzhenernaia geologiia, Nov.-Dec. 1985, No.6, p.95-101, In Russian. 14 refs. Earth dams, Soil compaction, Loess, Earth fills, Seismic surveys, Seismic velocity.

40-1899

Modelling of the structure of amorphous ice.
Popescu, M., Journal of non-crystalline solids, Oct.
1985, 75(1/3), p.483-488, 11 refs.
Ice structure, Ice models, Temperature effects, Pres-

sure, Extraterrestrial ice.

Soll freezing response: influence of test conditions. McCabe, E.Y., et al, Geotechnical testing journal, June 1985, 8(2), MP 1990, p.49-58, 22 refs. Kettle, R.J.

Soil freezing, Frost heave, Soil compaction, Frost resistance, Soil pressure, Temperature gradients, Tests. The response of soils to freezing has been assessed in terms of frost heave, and the heaving pressure developed when the specimen is restrained. As both techniques have been suggested for assessing frost susceptibility, it was considered essential to determine the influence of the test conditions on the soil response. This investigation was concerned with specimen preparation, specimen size, and freezing procedure. The test material consisted of an artificially produced matrix, into which controlled amounts of coarse suggregate could be blended. This reduced the likelihood of variation in the results because of random changes in the test materials. The results clearly demonstrated the sensitivity of both heave and heaving pressure to the test conditions. When modified or new test methods are being formulated, it is essential to consider the influence of such factors, particularly when making comparisons between different testing techniques. Such modifications may also require changes in the particular criteria used to assess frost susceptibility. sistance, Soil pressure, Temperature gradients, Tests.

40-1901

Dye aggregation in freezing aqueous solutions.
Schirra, R., Chemical physics letters, Sep. 13, 1985, 119(5), p.463-466, 11 refs.
Preezing, Solutions, Luminescence, Water structure,

Spectra, Ions, Temperature effects.

40-1902

Forms and marks of glacial erosion on bedrock: significance, terminology, illustration. (Les formes et les marques de l'érosion glaciaire du plancher rocheux:

signification, terminologie, illustration, Laverdière, C., et al, *Palaeogeography*, *palaeo-climatology*, *palaeoecology*, Oct. 1985, 51(1-4), p. 365-387, In French with English summary. 21 refs.

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fac. 15. sedimentaires glacieis des estrans vaseux des régions froides;, Dionne, J.C., Palaeogeography, palaeoclimatology, palaeoecology, Oct. 1985, 51(1-4), p.415-451, in French with English summary. Refs. p.447-451. Glacial deposits, Frost action, Ice mechanics, Ice scoring, Paleoclimatology, Grain size, Surface properties, Tides.

40-1904

Tips for winter storage and start-up. Construction equipment, Dec. 15, 1985, 72(7), p.68-69. Equipment, Cold weather operation, Winter mainte-

Walker, H.J., World's coastline. Edited by E.C.F. Bird and M.L. Schwartz, New York, Van Nostrand Reinhold, 1985, p.1-10, 20 refs.

Coastal topographic features, Climatic factors, Ice conditions, Sea ice distribution, Geology, United States-Alaska.

40-1906

Two native antarctic vascular plants, Deschampsia antarctics and Colobanthus quitensis: a new southern-most locality and other localities in the Antarctic

Penins (R. 1979).

Komarkey, V., et al, Arctic and alpine research, Nov. 1985, 17(4), p.401-416, Refs. p.414-416.

Poncet, S., Poncet, J.

Polynyas, Plants (botany), Polar regions, Vegetation patterns, Antarctica—Antarctic Peninsula.

patterns, Antarctica—Antarctic Peninsula.

The only two native antarctic vascular plants, Deschampsia antarctica Deav. and Colobanthus quitensis (Kunth.) Bartl., occur mainly in the three areas with the most extensive ice-free surfaces along the Antarctic Peninsula: South Shetlands, area between Cierva Point and Cape Garcia, and Marguerite Bay Deschampaia antarctica has a considerably wider ecological range than C. quitensis and occurs alone in the majority (58%) of the 116 localities listed; C. quitensis occurs alone only in 3% of the localities. Twenty-four new localities are reported. The new southernmost locality for both species are the Terra Firma Is. Cape Calmette is the new southernmost locality of D. antarctica on the Antarctic Peninsula mainland. A newly found thick moss-bank dominated by Polytrichum alpestre Hoppe is reported from Lainez Point, Pourquoi Pas I., Marguerite Bay. (Auth. mod.)

40-1907

40-1907

Moisture availability and lichen growth: the effects of snow cover and streams on lichenometric measurements.

Innes, J.L Arctic and alpine research, Nov. 1985, 17(4), p.417-424, 23 refs.

Lichens, Snow cover effect, Streams, Moisture, Growth, Distribution, Soil water.

40-1908

Estimation of soil temperature from climatic varia-

bles at Barrow, Alaska, U.S.A.
MacLean, S.F., Jr., et al, Arctic and alpine research,
Nov. 1985, 17(4), p.425-432, 15 refs.
Ayers, M.P.

Soil temperature, Active layer, Tundra, Permafrost thermal properties, Meteorological data, Models, Air temperature, Cloud cover, Diurnal variations, United States-Alaska-Barrow

40-1909

40-1909 Grain-size distribution of the insoluble component of contemporary colian deposits in the alpine zone, Front Range, Colorado, U.S.A. Thorn, C.E., et al, Arctic and alpine research, Nov. 1985, 17(4), p.433-442, 28 refs. Darmody, R.G.

Eolian soils, Grain size, Periglacial processes, Glacial deposits, Alpine tundra, Paleoclimatology, Geochemistry, Mountains, Particle size distribution, United States-Colorado-Front Range.

40-1910

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Eolian soils, Grain size, Alpine tundra, Particle size distribution, United States—Colorado—Niwot Ridge.

40-1911

Channel form adjustment in supraglacial streams, Austre Okstindbreen, Norway.

Knighton, A.D., Arctic and alpine research, Nov. 1985, 17(4), p.451-466, 30 refs.

Channels (waterways), Glacial rivers, Stream flow, Glacier surfaces, Ice loads, Glacier ablation, Velocity, Norway-Austre Okstindbreen.

40-1912

Antarctic meteorites. [Meteority Antarktidy], Tsvetkov, V.I., et al. Meteoritika, 1983, Vol.42, p.93-101, In Russian. 25 refs.

Ivanov, A.V. DLC QB755.A4

Cosmic dust, Glacier flew, Glacier ablation, Antarctica Queen Fabiola Mountains, Antarctica-Hills.

The large number of meteorites found in Antarctica as of Dec 1969 is discussed. It is reported that currently there are more than 6000 meteorite samples in Antarctica, which is a significant contribution to the world meteorite collection. Their distribution by class, type and location and date of finding is tabu-lated and mapped. The principal locations of the findings—th

Yamato Mountains and the Allan Hills are described in terms of the topographic and glactological conditions conducive to meteorite accumulation.

Calculating the distribution of ice-forming aerosols in convective clouds when introduced into the layer beneath the cloud. Raschet rasprostraneniia v konvektivnykh oblakakh l'doobrazuiushchikh aerozolel

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Smoke generators, Ice crystal nuclei, Weather modification, Aerosols, Distribution, Cloud seeding, Analysis (mathematics).

Influence of stationary electric fields on the dispersion of freezing temperatures of supercooled drops. [Vliianie postoiannogo elektricheskogo polia na dis-persiiu temperatury zamerzaniia pereokhlazhdennykh

kapel'ı, Klingo, V.V., Leningrad. Klingo, V.V., Leningrad. Glavnaia geofizicheskaia observatoriia. Trudy, 1984, Vol.482, p.123-125, In Russian. 3 refs

Cloud droplets, Freezing points, Electric fields, Ice crystal growth, Analysis (mathematics).

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ity, Permafrost, Glaciology, Sea ice, Land ice, Freeze thaw cycles.

40-1916

Geology and seismicity of the BAM zone (from Lake Baykal to Tynda). Hydrogeology. [Geologiia i sels michnost' zony BAM (ot Baikala do Tyndy).

drogeologiia, Lomonosov, I.S., ed, Novosibirsk, Nauka, 1984, 167p. In Russian with English table of contents enclosed. Refs. p.162-166.

Hydrogeology, Artesian water, Permafrost hydrology, Subpermafrost ground water, Suprapermafrost ground water, Baykal Amur railroad, Naleds, Ground ice. Frost heave.

Freezing of small rivers in Transbaikal. [Promerza-

Freezing of small rivers in Transdaman. [Fromet Zanie malykh: rek Zabańkal'ia),
Tikhotskii, K.G., et al, Voprosy geografii, 1981,
Vol.118, p.183-187, In Russian.
Tiunina, I.K., Evstigneev, V.M.
Permafrost distribution, River ice, Ice cover thickness, Icebound rivers, Discontinuous permafrost,
Runoff, River basins, Discharge, Landscape types.

Studies of paluded natural complexes in the central Russian Plain. [logi izucheniia zabolochennykh prirodnykh kompleksov tsentra Russkol Ravninv], Viktorov, S.V., et al, Voprosy geografii, 1982, Vol.121, p.122-135, in Russian.

Smirnova, E.D., Shvidchenko, L.G. Land reclamation, Swamps, Peat, Landscape types, Classifications, Human factors, Snow cover effect, Drainage.

Modeling mountain river discharge when information is limited. [Modelirovanie stoka gornykh rek v uslovijakh ogranichennol informatsii,

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Soil water migration, Show water equivalent, Kirels, Seasonal freeze thaw, Alimentation, Soil freezing, Discharge, River basins, Permeability, Runoff, Snow cover distribution, Mathematical models.

40-1926

Changes of infiltration parameters during soil freezing and thawing. [Ob izmenenii infil'tratsionnogo parametra pri promerzanii i ottaivanii pochvogrun-

tov₁, Golubtsov, V.V., Moscow. Kazakhskii regional'nvi

Nauchno-issledovatel'skh institut. Trudy, 1985, Vol.91, p.18-25, In Russian 30 refs. Soil freezing, Frost penetration, Soil water migration, Seepage, Permeability, Phase transformations, Freeze thaw cycles, Modeling.

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chagaiskom vodokhranilishchej, Popova, V.P., Moscow. Kazakhskii regional'nyi nauchno-issledovatel'skii institut. Trudy, 1985, Vol.91, p.98-102, In Russian.

reezeup, Icebound lakes, Ice conditions, Ice formation. Ice cover thickness.

40-1922

Changes in ice regime of the Aral Sea. (Ob izmenenii

Changes in the regime of the Arad Sea. Col Etherenin ledovogo rezhima Aral'skogo moria, Chistiaeva, S.P., Moscow. Kazakhskii regional'nyl nauchno-issedovatel'skii institut. Trudy, 1985, Vol.91, p. 102-111, In Russian. 10 refs. Salt lakes, Ice formation, Fast ice, Ice conditions, Sea

water, Ice cover thickness, Water level, Evaporation.

Snow avalanche regimes in low mountains of western Altai and their forecasting. Rezhim snezhnykh lavin v nizkogor iakh Zapadnogo Altaia i metody ikh prog-

nozirovaniia₃, Kolesnikov, E.I., et al, Moscow. Kazakhskil regional'nyi nauchno-issledovatel'skii institut. Trudy, 1985, Vol.91, p.111-127, In Russian. 16 refs. Popov, V.I.

Avalanche triggering, Avalanche engineering, Snow accumulation, Avalanche forecasting, Snow depth, Statistical analysis, Snow density,

Oxygen isotope-climate record from the Law Dome,

Morgan, V.I., Climatic change, Dec. 1985, 7(4), p.415-426, 25 refs.

Ice cores, Ice dating, Oxygen isotopes, Climatic changes, Antarctica—Law Dome.

changes, Antarctica—Law Dome.

loc cores from a 473 m deep borehole at the summit of the Law Dome have been snallysed for oxygen isotope ratio variations. Values averaged over each core section (nominally 2 m long) are used to compile a continuous record for climatic studies and the fine detail measurements which show annual variations are used to establish a date of deposition versus depth relationship. The temperature record derived from the isotope data shows a warm period from 300 to 1000 AD followed by a cooling which, after a partial recovery between 1400 and 1600 AD reaches a maximum around 1800. Temperatures then increase during the nineteenth and twentieth centuries to almost the same values as prior to 1000 AD. (Auth.)

40-1925

Antarctic ice sheet: a surface model for satellite altimeter studies

Drewry, D.J., et al, Models in geomorphology, edited by M.J. Woldenberg, Boston, Allen & Unwin, 1985, p.1-23, 30 refs. McIntyre, N.F., Cooper, P. DLC GB21.M56 1985

Ice sheets, Height finding, Airborne radar, Ice cover thickness, Spacecraft, Models.
The authors discuss the use and potential of new satellite-based

The authors discuss the use and potential of new satellite-based radar which will measure, with great accuracy, the surface elevations of the ice in Antarctica. This will allow the calculation of changes in ice volume and could make possible monitoring of climatic change in real time. Knowing the slopes on the icc surface will make it possible to infer the dynamics of ice flow and the pattern of katabatic winds. Mathematical models describe the surface topography, incorporating large, medium-and small-scale features. These equations applied to satellite data can be used to generate a series of block diagrams which are visual models for various features of the ice sheet. (Auth.)

40-1926

Antarctic ice sheet: an analog for Northern Hemisphere paleo-ice sheets.

Hughes, T.J., et al, Models in geomorphology, edited by M.J. Woldenberg., Boston, Allen & Unwin, 1985, p.25-72, Refs. p.67-72. Denton, G.H., Fastook, J.L. DLC GB21.M56 1985

Ice sheets, Topographic features, Mass balance, Sea level. Polar regions.

level, Polar regions.

The authors identify features in Antarctica and suggest analogous features in the Arctic during the Quaternary. They locate terrestrial and manne components of the ice sheets, divides with their domes and saddles, and the ice streams and their relation to changing sea level. They propose a late Wisconsin ice divide over western and southern Hudson Bay and a major ice stream through Hudson Strait. Finally, they suggest that while the antarctic ice sheet mass balance is affected by prespitation and by calving caused by changing sea level, the decline of the northern ice sheet was mainly caused by summer melting on the margins and to a lesser degree by marine instability mechanisms and precipitation. (Auth.)

[Proceedings]. Snow Symposium, 1st, Hanover, NH, August 1981, U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory, June 1982, SR 82-17, 324p., ADB-091 442, Refs. passim. For individual papers see 40-1928 through 40-1946.

Snow surveys, Snowfall, Blowing snow, Military op-eration, Snow optics, Snow acoustics, Transmission, Meetings, Scattering, Snow water equivalent, Infra-red radiation, Visibility.

40-1928

SNOW ONE atmospheric and transmission measure-

ments.
Olsen, R., et al, U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and Olsen, R., et al. U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory. Special report, June 1982, 82-17, Snow Symposium, 1st, Hanover, NH, Aug. 1981. Proceedings, p.1-16. ADB-091 442. Brown, D., Butterfield, J.

Cold weather operation, Military operation, Snowfall, Snow optics, Optical properties, Acoustic measurement, Fog, Visibility, Transmission.

40-1929

Airborne-Snow Concentration Measuring Equip-

Lacombe, J., U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory. Special report, June 1982, 82-17, MP 1981. Snow Symposium, 1st, Hanover, NH, Aug. 1981. Proceedings, p.17-46, ADB-091 442, 12 refs.

Snowfall, Snowflakes, Falling bodies, Measuring instruments, Visibility, Airborne equipment, Accuracy,

Transmission.

A brief introduction to the function of the Airborne-Snow Concentration Measuring Equipment (ASCME) and its usefulness for characterizing the winter environment is given. The deficiencies of alternative systems are identified. ASCME hardware and basic system operation are described in detail. The governing design equation and choice of design parameters are discussed, along with estimates of system accuracy. Evidence of ASCME's satisfactory performance during its inaugural operation at SNOW-ONE is presented and design improvements to be incorporated and used during SNOW ONE-A are mentioned. Snowfall rate and airborn-snow concentration data tioned. Snowfall rate and airborne-snow concentration data are also compared, showing a weak correlation between the two parameters at low concentration levels.

40-1930

Snow and fog particle size measurements.

Berg. 1, R.H., U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory. Special report, June 1982, 82-17, MP 1982, Snow Symposium, 1st, Hanover, NH, Aug. 1981. Proceedings, p.47-58, ADB-091 442, 6 refs.

Snowflakes, Fog, Particle size distribution, Electromagnetic prospecting, Transmission, Snow crystal structure, Light scattering, Infrared radiation, Falling bodies, Data processing.

Ing bodies, Data processing.

During the SNOW-ONE field measurements Knollenberg 2-D
grey imaging probes were used to characterize airborne snow.

This application of the probes presents problems due to the
shape and orientation of the snow particles. The techniques
used to surmount these problems are described. Results are
presented in a comparison between the total snowflake area
concentration and the transmittance in the visible and infrared.

Meteorology and observed snow crystal types during the SNOW-ONE experiment.

Bilello, M.A., U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory. Special report, June 1982, 82-17, MP 1983, Snow Symposium, 1st, Hanover, NH, Aug. 1981. Proceedings, p.59-75, ADB-091 442, 8 refs.

Snow crystal structure, Snowfall, Meteorological factors, Snowflakes, Falling bodies, Electrical measure-

tors, Snowflakes, Falling bodies, Electrical measurement, Optical properties, Snowstorms.

A survey of the surface pressure systems, weather fronts, and air masses that influenced northern Vermont during the periods of snowfall in January and February 1981 was conducted. Vertical profiles of the temperature and moisture, and observations of the falling snow crystals made at the SNOW-ONE site were also retrieved for the same time period. This information was used to conduct a study on associations between meteorological conditions and observed snow crystal characteristics. Examples of the results obtained from the various snowfall events that occurred during the field test period are presented. This study was conducted with the ultimate objective of associating large-scale weather patterns with the on-site frozen particle characterization measurements, and the data obtained concurrently by the electro-optical sensor systems.

40-1932

Meteorological measurements at Camp Ethan Allen Training Center, Vermont.

Bates, R., U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory. Special report, June 1982, 82-17, MP 1984, Snow Symposium, 1st, Hanover, NH, Aug. 1981. Proceedings, p.77-112, ADB-091

Meteorological instruments, Snowfall, Precipitation gages, Air temperature, Snowstorms, Dew point, Ha-midity, Wind velocity, Wind direction, Snow water equivalent, Visibility, Snow depth.

equivalent, Visionity, Snow depth.

This paper contains a detailed description of the meteorological instruments used by CRREL at SNOW-ONE, together with information on their performance and rel'i-bility. Some of the data collected are discussed and aralyzed Redfield (1981) presented a substantial amount of the meteorological data obtained by CRREL during SNOW-ONE, including the hourly summaries of observations recorded by a meteorological team from the Atmospheric Sciences Laboratory (ASL), Maynard, Magnachusetts

40-1933

Geometry and permittivity of snow.
Colbeck, S.C., U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory. Special report, June 1982, 82-17, MP 1985, Snow Symposium, 1st, Hanover, NH, Aug. 1981. Proceedings, p.113-131, ADB-091 442, 37 refs.

Snow physics, Electromagnetic properties, Snow electrical properties, Snow crystal structure, Porosity, Snow water content, Unfrozen water content.

ty, Snow water content, Unfrozen water content. The geometry and porosity of dry snow varies widely depending on the history of conditions. The permittivity of dry snow increases with increasing ice content but is not greatly affected by the shapes of the ice particles. In wet snow the permittivity increases with liquid content and the geometry is very important. However, the liquid-like layer has little effect on permittivity. The permittivity is described using Polder and van Santeen's mixing formulae and approximations of the geometries at high and low liquid contents. It is shown that the common assumption of liquid shells over ice spheres is both physically incorrect and leads to large errors.

40-1934

Snow calorimetric measurement at SNOW-ONE. Fisk, D., U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory. Special report, June 1982, 82-17, MP 1986, Snow Symposium, 1st, Hanover, NH, Aug. 1981. Proceedings, p.133-138. ADB-091

Snow thermal properties, Snow water content, Unfrozen water content, Calorimeters, Temperature measurement, Snow melting, Freezing, Accuracy,

Free water content of fallen snow was measured near the surface and with depth during the SNOW-ONE Field Experiment using both freezing and melting calorimetric methods. The principles and procedures of each method are described. Test data are presented, possible sources of error are examined, and the problems and relative merits of each method are discussed. Subsequent work and future plans are described.

Problems in snow cover characterization.
O'Brien, H.W., U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory. Special report, June 1982, 82-17, MP 1987, Snow Symposium, 1st, Hanover, NH, Aug. 1981. Proceedings, p.139-147, ADB-091 442. 5 refs

Snow optics, Snow physics, Infrared spectroscopy, Light transmission, Unfrozen water content, Grain size, Military operation, Re lectivity, Wave propagation, Snow cover, Snow del sity, Snowflakes.

Comparison of spectral reflectance measurements of snow cover with theoretical predictions based on hypothetical snow grain size indicate that the appropriate dimensions for commensuration in ay be illusive indeed. Measurements of near-infrared reflectance of snow covers in situ are presented in illustration and some potential ramifications inferred.

High-angle snow reflectivity measurements at 35

Knox, J.E., U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and Rightering Laboratory. Special report, June 1982, 82-17. Snow Symposium, 1st, Hanover, NH, Aug. 1981. Proceedings, p.149-160. ADB 091 442. Snow acoustics, Reflectivity, Military operation, Transmission, Snow surface, Air temperature, Polari-

40-1937

Some natural obscurant categories. Harper, M.W., et al, U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory. Special report, June 1982, 82-17, Snow Symposium, 1st, Hanover, NH, Aug. 1981. Proceedings, p.163-175, ADB-091 442, 50 refs. Gibson, F.P.

Snow physics, Snowfall, Military operation, Infrared radiation, Visibility, Radiation, Attenuation, Precipitation (meteorology), Fog, Rain.

40-1038

Visible and infrared transmittance measurements.

Curcio, J.A., et al, U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory. Special report, June 1982, 82-17, Snow Symposium, 1st, Hanover, NH, Aug. 1981. Proceedings, p. 177-183, ADB-091 442, 2

Haught, K.W., Woytko, M.A. Light transmission, Snowfall, Blowing snow, Transmissivity, Spectra, Visibility.

40-1939

Near-millimeter wave measurements at SNOW-ONE.

Nemarich, J., et al, U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory. Special report, June 1982, 82-17, Snow Symposium, 1st, Hanover, NH, Aug. 1981. Proceedings, p.185-206, ADB-091 442, 7

Neilman, R.J., Rocha, D., Jr., Wetzel, G.B. Snowfall, Attenuation, Backscattering, Sound waves, Snow water equivalent, Military operation, Radar tracking, Electronic equipment, Meteorological factors. Polarization (waves).

40-1940

Millimeter wavelength radar propagation measure-ments at SNOW-ONE.

Bauerle, D.G., U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory. Special report, June 1982, 82-17, Snow Symposium, 1st, Hanover, NH, Aug. 1981. Proceedings, p. 207-222. ADB-091 442. Light transmission, Snowfall, Blowing snow, Electromagnetic properties, Attenuation, Military operation, Spectra, Wave propagation, Snow water equivalent. Spectra Wave propagation, Snow water equivalent. Spectra wave affect Tester Backet Each Spectra Research

lent. Snow cover effect. Tests. Radar tracking.

Particle size measurement of man-made obscurants. Farmer, W.M., et al. U.S. Army Cold Regions Re-June 1982, 82-17, Snow Symposium, 1st, Hanover, NH, Aug. 1981. Proceedings, p.223-242, ADB-091 442, 2 refs.

Schwartz, F.A., Binkley, M.A.

Attenuation, Optical properties, Military operation, Particle size distribution, Light transmission, Tests, Cold weather operation, Spectra.

Performance of an airborne infrared sensor. Glick, B., et al, U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and

Grick, B., et al. 0.5. Artily Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory. Special report, June 1982, 82-17, Snow Symposium, 1st, Hanover, NH, Aug. 1981. Proceedings, p.243-254. ADB-091 442. Kohr, R., Malone, P., Tuchman, A. Infrared equipment, Airborne radar, Military operation.

tion, Snow cover effect, Electronic equipment, Detec-tion, Tests, Infrared photography, Temperature effects.

Empirical modeling of visible and infrared extinction

Seagraves, M.A., U.S. Army Cold Regions Research Seagraves, M.A., U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory. Special report, June 1982, 82-17, Snow Symposium, 1st, Hanover, NH, Aug. 1981. Proceedings, p.255-267, ADB-091 442,

Snowfall, Light transmission, Electromagnetic properties, Infrared equipment, Attenuation, Snow crystals, Wave propagation, Mathematical models, Optical properties, Meteorological factors

40-1944

Modeling the dynamics and optical effects of snowstorms, Part I. Optical considerations. Ebersole, J.F., et al, U.S. Army Cold Regions Reserve

Ebersofe, J.F., et al, U.S. Army Cold Regions Reser It. and Engineering Laboratory. Special report, June 1982, 82-17. Snow Symposium, 1st, Hanover, NH, Aug. 1981. Proceedings, p.269-273. ADB-091 442. Caulfield, H.J., Spaulding, T.E. Snow optics, Snowstorms, Snowfall, Light transmission, Infrared equipment, Models, Meteorological factors. Wave propagation, Snow crystal structure, Snowflakes, Tests.

Importance of scattering effects of snow crystals. Winchester, L.W., Jr., et al, U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory. Special report, June 1982, 82-17, Snow Symposium, 1st, Hanover, NH, Aug. 1981. Proceedings, p.277-287, ADB-091 442, 20 refs.

Ommestad, G.G., Lee, S.R., Wetzel, K.B.
Snow optics, Electromagnetic properties, Light scattering, Electronic equipment, Snow crystal structure,
Snowfall, Blowing snow, Military operation, Ex-

40-1946

Effects of snow cover on contrast for clear and hazy atmospheres.

atmospheres.

Turner, R.E., U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laborstory. Special report, June 1982, 82-17, Snow Symposium, 1st, Hanover, NH, Aug. 1981. Proceedings, p.289-324, ADB-091 442, 8 refs. Snow optics, Snow cover effect, Military operation, Reflectivity, Light transmission, Atmospheric physics, Solar radiation, Albedo, Visibility, Wave propagation, Electronic equipment, Spectra, Mathematical

40-1947
Milne Point Unit—small but welcome. Oil and gas journal, June 24, 1985, 83(25), p.55-58.

Drilling, Oil wells, Permafrost preservation, United States—Alaska—North Slope.

Odeco designs massive deepv ater Arctic rig. Chabot, L., Oil and gas journal, June 24, 1985, 83(25), p.59-63, 4 refs.

Offshore structures, Offshore drilling, Ice loads, Engineering, Design, Ice models, Tests.

First Arctic offshore field, Endicott, on decade-long

way to production.

Curtis, M.I., et al, Oil and gas journal, June 24, 1985, 83(25), p.64-70.

Offshore structures, Offshore drilling, Artificial islands, Oil wells, Gravel, Pipelines, Roads, Beaufort

40-1950

Bechtel studies subsea freezing behavior. Oil and gas

journal, June 24, 1985, 83(25), p.72.
Preezing, Foundations, Artificial islands, Underwater ice, Subsea permafrost, Bearing strength, Shear strength.

Operating tips boost arctic diesel efficiency. Gardner, W.J., Oil and gas journal, June 24, 1985, 83(25), p.73-77.

Diesel engines, Cold weather operation, Fuel additives, Lubricants.

Computer program uses simulation method to help manage weather-sensitive projects.

Chen, H., Oil and gas journal, June 24, 1985, 83(25), p.80-86, 12 refs.

Offshore drilling, Ice conditions, Offshore structures, Ice floes, Computer applications, Weather forecasting.

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Arctic waterflood pipelines in Prudhoe Bay injection project require protection analysis.
Arnold, C.L., Oil and gas journal, June 24, 1985, 83(25), p.89-92.
Pipelines, Flooding, Freezing points, Protection, Heating, Design, Sea water, United States—Alaska—Prudhoe Bay.

Wärtsilä Vasa experience in the Canadian Arctic. Naval architect, Mar. 1985, p.E139-E140. Icebreakers, Cold weather operation, Diesel engines, Marine transportation.

40-1955 Ice models and a lattice version of the Dirac equation. Schotte, K.D., et al, Zeitschrift für Physik B: Con-densed matter, 1985, 60(2-4), p.255-263, 11 refs. Iwabuchi, S., Truong, T.T. Ice models, Latticed structures, Hydrogen bonds, Wave propagation, Oxygen, Ions, Analysis (math-amatics)

Freezing of water in porous solids, glass transition or phase transition. Zum Gefrieren von Wasser in porösen Festkörpern, Glas- oder Phasenübergang, Pfeifer, H., et al. Annalen der Physik, 1985, 42(4-6), p.496-506, ln German with English summary.

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Ochme, W., Siegel, H.
Freezing, Solids, Phase transformations, Porosity,
Liquid solid interfaces, Aggregates, Molecular structure. Protons.

Existence for a problem in ground freezing.
Di Benedetto, E., et al, Nonlinear analysis, theory, methods and applications, 1985, 9(9), p.953-967, 12

Elliott, C.M.

Soil freezing, Heat transfer, Conduction, Convection, Soil water, Artificial freezing, Artificial thawing, Phase transformations, Soil stabilization, Analysis (mathematics).

Model analysis of the measured concentration of organic gases in the Norwegian Arctic.

gamic gases in the Norwegam Arctic.

Isaksen, I.S.A., et al, Journal of atmospheric chemistry, June 1985, 3(1), p.3-27, Refs. p.23-27.

Hov, O., Penkett, S.A., Semb, A.

Air pollution, Haze, Hydrocarbons, Aerosols, Models, Gases, Chemical analysis, Human factors.

Field observations of electromagnetic pulse propagation in dielectric slabs.

Arcone, S.A., Geophysics, Oct. 1984, 49(10), MP 1991, p.1763-1773, 15 refs.

Electromagnetic properties, Ice cover effect, Wave propagation, Dielectric properties, Ice sheets, Pro-files, Velocity, Reflection, Refraction.

files, Velocity, Reflection, Refraction.

The propagation of electromagnetic pulses in naturally occurring dielectric surface layers has been examined. Pulse duration used in field experiments reported here has been on the order of nanoseconds with pulse bandwidths in the high VHF to low UHF band. The layers were sheets of fresh water ice and granite at thicknesses ranging between 4 and 4 m. Both transverse electric (TE) and transverse magnetic (TM) modes were attempted but only the TE propagation could be interpreted. Analog recordings of wide-angle reflection and refraction (WARR) profiles were taken and recorded in a continuous graphic display. The displays allowed easy identification of phase fronts thereby facilitating study of the dispersion of the pulses. The phase and group velocities of the wave-group packets agree well with the velocities predicted from dispersion curves derived from the modal waveguide equation. In one case the Airy phase of wave-packet propagation occurred. The best measure of the dielectric constant of the layer was the frequency of the air wave. frequency of the air wave.

Estimating regional snow water equivalent with a

Estimating regional snow water equivalent with a simple simulation model. Kattelmann, R.C., et al, Water resources bulletin, Apr. 1985, 21(2), p.273-280, 20 refs. Berg, N.H., Pack, M.K. Snow water equivalent, Snowmelt, Watersheds, Precipitation (meteorology), Air temperature, Models, Water balance, Mountains, United States—California, Science Nicolay. fornia-Sierra Nevada.

rProceedings].

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Penetration tests, Ice cover strength, Ice breaking, Military operation, Ice drills, Ice cover thickness, Meetings, Sea ice, Submarines.

Shopper's guide to ice penetration.
Mellor, M., U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory. Special report, Dec. 1984, SR 84-33, MP 1992, Workshop on Penetration Technology, Hanover, NH, June 12-13, 1984. Proceedings, p.1-35, ADB-093880, 11 refs.

Ice drills, Ice cover thickness, Penetration, Ice cover strength, Rotary drills, Projectile penetration, Hy-draulic jets, Percussion drills, Lasers, Thermal drilis, Explosion effects, Analysis (mothematics), Ice blast-

40-1963

Sea ice characteristics and ice penetration probabili-

ties in the Arctic Ocean.

Weeks, W.F., U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and Regineering Laboratory. Special report, Dec. 1984, SR 84-33, MP 1993, Workshop on Penetration Technology, Hanover, NH, June 12-13, 1984. Proceedings, p.37-65, ADB-093880, 21 refs.
Sea ice distribution, Penetration, Pack ice, Drift, Ice

cover thickness, Ice crystal structure, Ice salinity, Ice temperature. Ice deformation. Arctic Ocean.

40-1964

Modeling of Arctic sea ice characteristics relevant to

Modeling of Arctic sea tee characteristics relevant to naval operations.

Hibler, W.D., III, et al, U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory. Special report, Dec. 1984, SR 84-33, MP 1994, Workshop on Penetration Technology, Hanover, NH, June 12-13, 1984. Proceedings, p.67-91, ADB-093880, 21 refs. Weeks, W.F

Ice navigation, Sea ice distribution, Ice mechanics, Drift, Ice cover thickness, Surface roughness, Ice surface, Ice electrical properties, Ice loads, Ice strength, Models, Rheology, Velocity.

40-1965

Hugoniot of water ice.

Caffney, E.S., U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory. Special report, Dec. 1984, SR 84-33, Workshop on Penetration Technology, Hanover, NH, June 12-13, 1984. Proceedings, p.93-124, ADB-093880, 50 refs.

Ice physics, Ice structure, High pressure ice, Ice elasticity, Shock waves, Stresses, Ice density, Porosity, Phase transformations, Velocity, Pressure, Temperature effects.

40-1966

Ice drilling and coring systems—a retrospective view. Sellmann, P.V., et al, U.S. Army Cold Regions Re-Search and Engineering Laboratory. Special report, Dec. 1984, SR 84-33, MP 1999, Workshop on Penetration Technology, Hanover, NH, June 12-13, 1984. Proceedings, p.125-127. ADB-093 880.

Ice cores, Ice drills, Ice coring drills, Equipment,

40-1967

Field experience with thermal drilling in sea ice. Francois, R.E., U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and

Engineering Laboratory. Special report, Dec. 1984, SR 84-33, Workshop on Penetration Technology, Hanover, NH, June 12-13, 1984. Proceedings, p. 129. ADB-093 880.

Ice drills, Thermal drills, Sea ice, Ice melting, Ice cutting, Penetration.

40-1968

Penetration of ice by shaped explosive charges.

Jones, J.M., U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and

Engineering Laboratory. Special report, Dec. 1984, SR 84-33, Workshop on Penetration Technology, Hanover, NH, June 12-13, 1984. Proceedings, p.131-136, ADB-093 880, 1 ref.

Ice cover strength, Explosives, Penetration tests.

40-1969

enetration of shaped charges into ice.

Penetration of shaped charges into ice.
Mellor, M., U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and
Engineering Laboratory. Special report, Dec. 1984,
SR 84-33, MP 1995, Workshop on Penetration Technology, Hanover, NH, June 12-13, 1984. Proceedings, p.137-148, ADB-093 880, 7 refs.
Ice cover strength, Military operation, Penetration tests, Explosives, Ice deformation.

Shaped charges fired from air into ice give holes of typical form for cohesive solids. There are only a few reported results from test shots in ice, but supplementary data can be obtained by adjusting the results from tests in ice-bonded soil in accordance adjusting the results from tests in ice-bonded soil in accordance with target density. Present indications are that charges with narrow angle cones (appr. 45 deg) can penetrate about 16 cone diameters, giving a hole diameter near mid-depth of about 1/3 of the cone diameter. Charges with wide-angle cones (60-90 deg) might penetrate about 1/2 cone diameters, giving a hole diameter near mid-depth of about 2/3 cone diameters. Optimum standoff in air seems to be around 4 cone diameters. So far, we have no data for shaped charges fired into ice under water.

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40-1970
Thermal water jet ice drill.
Beverly, C.N., U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory. Special report, Dec. 1984, SR 84-33, Workshop on Penetration Technology, Hanover, NH, June 12-13, 1984. Proceedings, p. 149-

Ice drills, Hydraulic jets, Thermal drills, Models, Penetration tests.

40-1971
Sea Ice penetration—experimental program.
Young, C.W., U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and
Engineering Laboratory. Special report, Dec. 1984,
SR 84-33, Workshop on Penetration Technology,
Hanover, NH, June 12-13, 1984. Proceedings, p.165-192. ADB-093 880.

Military operation, Ice cover strength, Penetration tests, Sea ice, Ice cover thickness, Impact strength, Temperature effects.

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DREP research into ice penetration.
Verrail, R., U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory. Special report, Dec. 1984, SR 84-33, Workshop on Penetration Technology, Hanover, NH, June 12-13, 1984. Proceedings, p. 193-195. ADB-093 880.

Ice drills, Ice cover thickness, Penetration tests, Thermal drills, Projectile penetration.

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Ice temperature, Ice solid interface, Ice mechanics, Icebergs, Projectile penetration, Impact strength, Ice strength, Ice thermal projecties.

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Garcia, N.B., et al, U.S. Army Cold Regions Research Oarcia, N.B., et al, U.S. Arthy Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory. Special report, Dec. 1984, SR 84-33, MP 1996, Workshop on Penetration Technology, Hanover, NH, June 12-13, 1984. Proceedings, p.209-240, ADB-093 880, 6 refs. Farrell, D., Mellor, M.

Penetration tests, Ice strength, Grain size, Flexural strength, Brittleness, Impact strength, Velocity, Ice density, Projectile penetration, Ice temperature. 40.1075

Mechanics of ice cover breakthrough.

Kerr, A.D., U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory. Special report, Dec. 1984, SR 84-33, MP 1997, Workshop on Penetration Technology, Hanover, NH, June 12-13, 1984. Proceedings, p.245-262, ADB-093 880, 12 refs. Ice cover strength, Ice breaking, Penetration tests,

Impact strength, Loads (forces), Floating ice, Bearing strength, Time factor, Military operation, Analysis

40-1976

Ice penetration by scale models and theory. Stirbis, P.P., U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and Shirbis, F.F., O.S. Army Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory. Special report, Dec. 1984, SR 84-33, Workshop on Penetration Technology, Hanover, NH, June 12-13, 1984. Proceedings, p. 265-283. ADB-093 880.

Ice strength, Penetration tests, Loads (forces), Models, Soil strength, Stresses.

40-1977

Penetration into geological targets.

renetration into geological targets.

Forrestal, M.J., et al, U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory. Special report, Dec. 1984, SR 84-33, Workshop on Penetration Technology, Hanover, NH, June 12-13, 1984. Proceedings, p.285-308, ADB-093 880, 10 refs Dalton, C.

Penetration tests, Ice strength, Sea ice, Soil strength, Mathematical models, Experimentation, Military operation.

40.1079

Surfacing submarines through ice.

Surfacing submarines through ice.
Assur, A., U.S. Army Cond Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory. Special report, Dec. 1984, SR 84-33, MP 1998, Workshop on Penetration Technology, Hanover, NH, June 12-13, 1984. Proceedings, p. 309-318, ADB-093 880, 8 refs.
Submarines, Ice cover effect, Penetration, Ice mechanics, Ice breaking, Stresses, Strains, Sea ice, Analysis (methamentes). Lock (Greek)

ysis (mathematics), Loads (forces).

40-1979

Thermal regime of Arctic ice cap in winter during

artificial variation of the radiation balance of its upper surface. Bogorodskit, V.V., et al. Soviet meteorology and hydrology, 1984, No.5, p.54-61, For Russian original see 40-248. 7 refs. 7 refs.

Sukhorukov, K.K.

Ice cover thickness, Ice surface, Heat transfer, Radia-tion balance, Mathematical models, Arctic Ocean.

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Soil formation, Soil composition, Taiga, Saline soils,

Alpine landscapes, Human factors, Cryogenic soils, Mountain soils, Forest soils.

Daily course of convection under ice in a lake. Petrov, M.P., et al., Soviet meteorology and hydrology, 1985, No.1, p.73-79, Translated from Meteorologia i gidrologiia. 5 refs.

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mation of the mouth area of the Taz River. Levashov, A.A., Soviet meteorology and hydrology. 1985, No.1, p.92-94, Translated from Meteorologiia i

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Permafrost beneath rivers, Shore erosion, Shoreline modification, Frozen ground thermodynamics, Ground ice, Ice veins, Ice melting.

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Possibilities of remote detection of dynamic pro-In a snow-ice medium by electromagnetic radiation. Belotserkovskii, A.V., et al, Soviet meteorology and hydrology, 1985, No.1, p.99-103, Translated from Meteorologiia i gidrologiia. 8 refs.

Mikhnevskii, N.D.

Avalanche mechanics, Remote sensing Measuring in

struments.

Modeling artificial crystallization and formation of crystallization in supercooled stratiformis clouds. Bulkov, M.V., et al, Soviet meteorology and hydrology, 1985, No.2, p.96-106, Translated from Meteorology.

gy, 1903, 1903, p. 90-100, franslated from Meteorologia i gidrologia. 31 refs.
Bakhanov, V.P.
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Method of comprehensive short-term prediction of ice

and hydrological conditions in Arctic seas.

Krutskikh, V.A., et al, Soviet meteorology and hydrology, 1985, No.3, p.74-79, Translated from Meteorologia i gidrologiia. 4 refs.

Vanda, IU.A., Mustafin, N.V.

Sea ice distribution, Ice conditions, Ice forecasting, Polar regions.

Lukii., L.R., et al, Soviet meteorology and hydrology, 1985, No.4, p.60-65, Translated from Meteorologiia i gidrologiia. 6 refs.
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gian I gid. ologia. 11 refs.
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Avalanche forecasting.

Investigation of distant transport of sulfates in the Investigation of distant transport of sulfates in the Soviet Arctic according to snow cover pollution. Vasilenko, V.N., et al, Soviet meteorology and hydrology, 1985, No.4, p.101-104, Translated from Meteorologiia i gidrologiia. 13 refs. Nazarov, I.M., Fridman, Sh.D. Wastes, Snow cover distribution, Pollution, Snow impublish.

purities, Arctic regions.

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1985, No.5, p.43-47, Translated from Meteorologia i gidrologia. 6 refs.

Taiga, Steppes, River basins, Water pollution, Soil pollution, Snow cover distribution.

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Wet snow, Microwaves, Radiometry, Snow water equivalent, Snow depth, Brightness, Snow temperature, Scattering, Polarization (waves).

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Problems of mechanics in glaciology and geocryology. rZadachi mekhaniki v gliatsiologii i geokriologii, Grigorian, S.S., ed, Moscow, Universitet, 1984, 151p., In Russian. For individual papers see 40-1991 through 40-1999. Refs. passim.

through 40-1999. Reis. passim.
Krass, M.S., ed.
Ice physics, Glacier flow, Permafrost structure, Extraterrestrial ice, Ground ice, Snow physics, Prost shattering, Climatic changes, Glacier oscillation, Thermokarst, Theories, Ice cracks, Ice surface, Permafrost hydrology, Frost heave, Mathematical models, Computerized simulation.

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Guseva, E.V., Krass, M.S. Thermokarst, Permafrost s.ructure. changes, Permafrost hydrology, Mathematical mod-

40-1993

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Permafrost thermal properties, Ventilation, Timbering, Supports, Walls.

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(meteorology), Climatic factors, Drill core analysis,

Volcanoes, Glacier mass balance, Temperature distribution, Peru—Andes.

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Mountains

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Soil water, Frozen ground temperature, Unfrozen water content, Water content, Seasonal variations, Diurnal variations, Frost penetration, Snow cover effect, Neutron activation analysis, Rain, Soil tempera-

Numerical analysis of heat flow under freezing conditions in groundwater system.

Služalec, A., Jr., Acta geophysica polonica, 1985, 33(1), p.91-96, With Polish summary. 13 refs. Heat transfer, Freezing, Ground water, Phase transformations, Freeze thaw cycles, Mathematical mod-

Degradation of in-cloud forward scattering spectrom-eter probe measurements in the presence of ice parti-

Gardiner, B.A., et al. Journal of atmospheric and oceanic technology, June 1985, 2(2), p.171-180, 9 refs. Hallett, J.

Ice crystal structure, Cloud droplets, Spectroscopy, Unfrozen water content, Supercooled clouds.

40-2060

Icing wind tunnel tests on the CSIRO liquid water probe. King, W.D., et al, Journal of atmospheric and oceanic

technology, Sep. 1985, 2(3), p.340-352, 11 refs. Icing, Wind tunnels, Water flow, Unfrozen water content. Temperature effects. Damping.

40-2061

Improved fliter technique for ice nucleus measurements.
Shih, C.-F., et al, Journal of atmospheric and oceanic

technology, Sep. 1985, 2(3), p.412-419, 21 refs. Ohtake, T.

Ice nuclei, Nucleation, Filters, Ice volume, Distribution. Measurement.

Interpretation of geophysical well logs in permafrost. Scott, J.H., et al, Alaska. University. Geophysical Institute. Report, Dec. 1985, UAG-R (303), 125p., Refs. passim.

Petersen, J.K., Osterkamp, T.E., Kawasaki, K. Permafrost thermal properties, Well logging, Permafrost hydrology, Frozen ground temperature, Ground ice, Soil water. Boreholes, Geophysical surveys, Unfrozen water content, Thermal conductivity, Thermal diffusion.

Ductile-to-brittle transition in steel weldments for Arctic structures.

Zia-Ebrahimi, F., U.S. National Bureau of Standards. [Report], Apr. 1985, NBSIR 85-3020, 61p., 24 refs. Steel structures, Brittleness, Fracturing, Welding, Temperature effects, Cracking (fracturing), Tensile properties, Microstructure, Loads (forces).

Evaporative cooling.

Klots, C.E., Journal of chemical physics, Dec. 1, 1985, 83(11), p.5854-5860, 21 refs.

Cooling, Evaporation, Heat transfer, Low tempera-ture tests, Liquids, Molecular structure.

40-2065

On the positivity of the density in molecular theories of freezing.
Harrowell, P.R., et al, Journal of chemical physics,

Dec. 1, 1985, 83(11), p.6058-6059, 8 refs. Oxtoby, D.W., Haymet, A.D.J.

Freezing, Density (mass/volume), Molecular structure, Phase transformations, Analysis (mathematics).

Provenance and sedimentary processes of ice-scored surficial sediments, Labrador Shelf.

Gilbert, G.R., et al. Canadian journal of earth sciences, July 1985, 22(7), p. 1066-1079, With French summary. Refs. p. 1077-1079.

Barrie, J.V

Ocean bottom, Marine deposits, Ice scoring, Sedimentation, Bottom sediment, Bottom topography, Paleoclimatology, Sediment transport, Icebergs, Canada—Labrador.

Holocene tephrostratigraphy and glacial fluctuations in Waterton Lakes and Glacier national parks, Alberte and Montana.

Osborn, G., Canadian journal of earth sciences, July 1985, 22(7), p.1093-1101, With French summary. 32

Glacial deposits, Glacier oscillation, Stratigraphy, Paleoclimatology, Ice flow, Moraines, Chronology, United States—Montana, Canada—Alberta.

40-2068

Iceguard Horne, T.A., AOPA pilot, Nov. 1985, 28(11), p.35-40. Aircraft icing, Ice accretion, Ice prevention, Meteorological factors, Propellers, Temperature effects, Hoarfrost, Ice formation, Countermeasures.

Development of quantitative and qualitative microscopic control of concrete quality and durability and of a frost-salt resistance test with rapid cycles.
Wilk, W., et al, International Conference on Cement

Microscopy, Albuquerque, New Mexico, Mar. 26-29, 1984. Proceedings, Duncanville, Texas, International Cement Microscopy Association, [1984], p.309-329 20 refs

Dobrolubov, G., Romer, B.

Concrete durability, Concrete strength, Frost resistance, Salting, Microanalysis, Tests, Equipment,

40-2070

Transient thermal strain of concrete: literature reriew, conditions within specimen and behaviour of individual constituents.

Khoury, G.A., et al, Magazine of concrete research, Sep. 1985, 37(132), p.131-144, 41 refs. Grainger, B.N., Sullivan, P.J.E.

Concrete heating, Thermal properties, Strains, Temperature effects, Thermal stresses, Concrete aggregates, Concrete strength, Temperature distribution.

40-2071

Soviet glaciological studies in 1984. ¡Sovetskie gliatsiologicheskie issiedovaniia v 1984 godu₁, Kotliakov, V.M., et al, Akademiia nauk SSSR. In-

stitut geografii. Materialy gliatsiologicheskikh is-sledovanii, 1985, Vol.53, p.3-11, ln Russian. Shlykhova, O.M.

sheets, Rock glaciers, Avalanche engineering, Mapping, Glacier ice, Radar echoes, Spaceborne photography, Photography, Glacial hydrology, Subglacial observations, Volcanoes, Ice (construction material), Moorings, Aerial surveys, Topographic surveys, veys, Airports, Helicopters.

veys, Airports, Helicopters.

Soviet glaciological research in 1984 is reviewed by region and institution. Velocities of ice sheet movement (0.4 to 0.8 m/year) were determined in four areas of Dome C by the technique of repeated recording of reflections from the ice bed; also water accumulations were located near the bed, beneath 300 m of ice. Repeated measurements of temperature, diameter and slope were made in a Vostok Station well (2083 m deept) showing -56 and -35 C at 25 and 2083 m deept). Studies in engineering glaciology, concerning snow-tim transformations, continued in both Molodezhnaya and Vostok Stations in relation to the construction of heavy aircraft fields. tions in relation to the construction of heavy aircraft fields. Underwater studies, conducted near Molodezhnaya, included Underwater studies, conducted near Molodezhnaya, inc'uded ice-shore morphology, melting intensity of the underwater barrier and experimental construction of moorings by artificial build-up of ice. Ice melting in sea water, the melting-accretion of ice and permafrost distribution beneath the Antarctic sheet were measured and mapped. In addition to these studies by the Arctic and Antarctic Research Institute, glaciological, paleoclimatic and other projects conducted by the Academy's Institute of Geography, and Kazan University are also reported.

40-2072

Trends in the development of Soviet glaciology (scien-

Irends in the development of Soviet glaciology (scientific statistics). [Nekotorye tendentsii razvitiia sovetskol gliatsiologii (naukometricheskii analiz), Glazyrin, G.E., et al, Akademiia nauk SSSR. Institut geografii. Materialy gliatsiologicheskikh issledovanii, 1985, Vol.53, p.11-18, In Russian with English summary. 7 refs. Pershukova, M.M.

Research projects, Bibliographies, Theories, Statistical analysis.

40-2073

Experience in developing an automated classifier for

naled formation. [Opyt razrabotki avtomatizirovan-nogo klassit. ora naledeobrazovaniia], Grakovich, V.F., et al, Akademiia nauk SSSR. In-stitut geografii. Materialy gliatsiologicheskikh is-sledovanii, 1985, Vol.53, p.19-28. In Russian with English summary. 16 refs. Koreisha, M.M., Leibman, M.O.

Naleds, Alimentation, Ice accretion, Measuring instruments. Design.

Reconstructions of ice-formation conditions on a subpolar glacier from core analyses. [Rekonstruktsiia uslovii l'doobrazovaniia na subpoliarnom lednike po rezul'tatam issledovanii kernaj,

Zagorodnov, V.S., et al, Akademiia nauk SSSR. Institut geografii. Materialy gliatsiologicheskikh issledovanii, 1985, Vol.53, p.36-44, In Russian with

English summary. 22 refs. Arkhipov, S.M., Macheret, IU.IA

Mountain glaciers, Glacier ice, Ice formation, Drill core analysis, Isotope analysis, Subpolar regions, Hydrothermal processes, Ice structure, Impurities, Paleoclimatology.

Mass balance of the Golubin glacier for 1959/60-1981/82. (Balans massy lednika Golubina za 1959/60-1981/82 gg), Alzin, V.B., Akademiia nauk SSSR. Institut geografii. Materialy gliatsiologicheskikh issledovanh, 1985, Vol.53, p. 44-45, In Russian with English summers. mary. 18 refs.

Glacier ice, Glacier mass balance, Glacier alimenta-tion, Glacier ablation, Heat transfer, Snow cover ef-

40-2076

Regional relations between the total ablation of Pamir-Alai glaciers and absolute altitude. ¡Re-gional'nye zavisimosti summarnol ahliatsii lednikov Pamiro-Alaia ot absoliutnol yysoty.

pamiro-Alaia ot absoliutnoi vysoty, Shchetinnikov, A.S., et al, Akadem ia nauk SSSR. Institut geografii. Materialy gliatsiologicheskikh isaledovanh, 1985, Vol.53, p.55-62, In Russian with English summary.

5 refs.

Moskalev, IU.D. Mapping, Glacier ice, Glacier ablation, Altitude, Air

40-2077

Formation of glacial mudflow centers during glacier degradation in the Elbrus area. Formirovanie gliatsial'nykh selevykh ochagov pri degradatsii lednikov Priel'brus'ias, Dokukin, M.D., Akademiia nauk SSSR. Institut geo-

grafii. Materialy gliatsiologicheskikh issledovanii, 1985, Vol.53, p.62-71, In Russian with English sum-22 refs.

Glacier ice, Glacier melting, Glacier oscillation, Glacial hydrology, Mudflows.

40-2078
Wind effect on snow cover. (Vliianic vetra na snezh-

Wind effect on snow cover. [vilianie vetra na snezhnyî pokrov,
Diunin, A.K., Akademiia nauk SSSR. Institut geografii. Materialy gliatsiologicheskikh issledovanh,
1985, Vol.53, p. 72-83, In Russian with English summary. 48 refs.
Wind erosion, Snow evaporation, Snow depth, Ice
sublimation, Snow accumulation, Snowdrifts, Blowing snow, Drying, Wind factors.

40-2079

Statistical evaluation of the limits of snow cover occurrence. [Statisticheskaia otsenka granitay raspros-

traneniia snezhnogo pokrovaj, Loktionova, E.M., Akademiia nauk SSSR. geografii. Materialy gliatsiologicheskikh is-sledovanii, 1985, Vol.53, p.83-90, In Russian with

English summary. 5 refs.

Maps, Air temperature, Snow cover distribution, Snow line, Statistical analysis.

Geographic and mathematical description of the snow cover field in mountains, based on terrestrial surveys, remote airborne sensing and satellite data.
[Matematiko-geograficheskoe opisanie polia snezhnogo pokrova v gorakh na osnove nazemnoľ, aviadis-

tantsionnol i sputnikovol informatsii, Shentsis, I.D., Akademiia nauk SSSR. Institut geografii. Materialy gliatsiologicheskikh issledovanii, 1985, Vol.53, p.91-96, In Russian with English sum-

mary. 7 refs.
Snow depth, Snow water content, Snow water equivalent, Alpine landscapes, Mathematical models, Snow surveys, Snow cover distribution, Route surveys, Remote sensing, Spaceborne photography.

40-2081

Calculating snow reserves in small mountain basins. [Metodika rascheta snegozapasov v malykh gornykh

basselnakh₁, Freidlin, V.S., et al, Akademiia nauk SSSR. Institut geografi. Materialy gliatsiologicheskikh is-sledovanii, 1985, Vol.53, p.96-99, in Russian with English summary. 6 refs.

Shnyparkov, A.L. River basins, Snow water equivalent, Snow depth, Snow cover distribution, Mathematical models.

Radar method of measuring snow cover thickness. rRadiolokatsionnyl metod izmerenija tolshchiny

snezhnogo pokrovaj, Karpukhin, V.I., et al, Akademiia nauk SSSR. stitut geografii. Materialy gliatsiologicheskikh is-sledovanh, 1985, Vol.53, p.99-104, In Russian with English summary. 3 refs. Peshkov, A.N.

Snow physics, Dielectric properties, Snow depth, Snow water equivalent, Radar echoes.

40-2083

Structure and contents of a data bunk on the regime of anow cover and avalanches in mountains. (Struk tura i sostav banka rezhimnykh dannykh o lavinakh i

snezhnom pokrove v gorakhj, Chirkova, A.A., Akademiia nauk SSSR. grafii. Materialy gliatsiologicheskikh issledovanii, 1985, Vol.53, p.104-108, In Russian with English sum-

mary. 6 refs.

Avalanches, Data processing, Snow cover, Mountains, Data transmission.

40-2084

Mathematical modeling of snow avalanches. [Matematicheskoe modelirovanie vliianiia parametrov lavinnykh ochagov i fizicheskikh svolstv snega na dvizhenie lavinj,

Blagoveshchenskil, V.P., et al, Akademiia nauk SSSR. Institut geografii. Materialy gliatsiologicheskikh is-sledovanh, 1985, Vol.53, p.108-113, In Russian with English summary. 7 refs.

Avalanche engineering, Models, Avalanche forma-tion, Snow physics, Avalanche mechanics, Math-ematical models.

40-2085

Calculating avalanche flow on the basis of a two-di-mensional hydraulic model. Chislennyi raschet lavinnykh potokov na osnove dvumernoi gidravliches-

kol skhemyj.
Mironova, E.M., Akademiia nauk SSSR.

Alexandra eliatsiologichesi geografii. Materialy gliatsiologicheskikh is-sledovanii, 1985, Vol.53, p.113-115, In Russian with English summary. 7 refs.

Simulation, Avalanche engineering, Turbulence, Avalanche mechanics, Avalanche modeling.

Mathematical model of a powder-snow avalanche. [Issledovanie matematicheskikh modeleĭ pylevoĭ

Issledovanie inatematicistic snezhnol laviny, Eglit, M.E., et al, Akademiia nauk SSSR. Institut geografii. Materialy gliatsiologicheskikh issledovanii, 1985, Vol.53, p.116-119, In Russian with English summary. 9 refs. Vel'tishchev, N.N.

Snow slides, Avalanche modeling, Simulation, Avalanche formation, Avalanche mechanics.

40-2087

Avalanche mapping as a method of studying avaanche activity. [Kartografirovanie lavin kak metod issledovaniia lavinnoi deiatel'nosti, Rzhevskii, B.N., Akademiia nauk SSSR.

Institut geografii. Materialy gliatsiologicheskikh issledovanii, 1985, Vol.53, p.120-124, In Russian with English sum-

mary. 3 refs.

Snow cover stability, Avalanche triggering, Avalanche engineering, Mapping, Maps, Snow depth, Snow cover structure. 40-2088

Evolution of natural avalanche complexes in relation to climatic changes. [Evoliutsiia lavinnykh prirodnykh kompleksov v sviazi s izmeneniiami klimata, Losev, K.S., Akademiia nauk SSSR. Institut geo-grafii. Materialy gliatsiologicheskikh issledovanii, 1985, Vol.53, p.124-128, In Russian with English sum-5 refs

Glaciation, Climatic changes, Avalanche formation, Altitude, Snow cover distribution, Mountains, Snow cover stability.

Relation of avalanche dynamics in Caucasus to climatic changes in the twentieth century. [Dinamika lavinnol deiatel'nosti na Kavkaze v sviazi meneniem klimata v XX stoletii, OleInikov, A.D., et al, Akademiia nauk SSSR.

stitut geografii. Materialy gliatsiologicheskikh is-sledovanii, 1985, Vol.53, p.128-133, In Russian with English summary. 13 refs. Volodicheva, N.A.

Glaciation, Snow cover distribution, Snow cover sta-bility, Climatic changes, Alpine landscapes, Avalanche triggering, Avalanche formation. 40-2090

Analyzing the dynamics of snow conditions and avalanche regime in the Caucasus during the last decades. Analiz dinamiki snezhnosti i lavinnogo rezhima

Analiz dinamiki snezhnosti i lavinnogo rezhima Kavkaza za poslednie desiatiletiia; Kondakova, N.L., et al, Akademia nauk SSSR. Institut geografii. Materialy gliatsiologicheskikh issledovanii, 1985, Vol.53, p.133-139, In Russian with English summary. 4 refs.
Troshkina, E.S., Nezhinskii, V.A.

Alpine landscapes, Snow cover stability, Snow acmulation, Avalanche formation, Glaciation.

40-2091

Forecasting avalanches associated with heavy snow-fall in western Altai. [Fonovy] prognoz lavin sviazannykh s obil'nymi snegopadami dlia Zapadnogo Altaias

Kondrashov, I.V., et al, Akademiia nauk SSSR. stitut geografii. Materialy gliatsiologicheskikh is-sledovanh, 1985, Vol.53, p.139-145, In Russian with English summary. 10 refs. Popov, V.I. Avalanche forecasting, Snowfall, Synoptic meteorolo-

gy, Meteorological data.

40-2092

Possibility of using satellite information for developing universal empirical methods for predicting ava-lanche-hazard periods. [Vozmozhnosti ispol'zovaniia sputnikovoj informatsii dlia postroeniia universal'nykh empiricheskikh metodik prognoza lavinoopasnykh

periodovi, Dziuba, V.V., et al, Akademiia nauk SSSR. geografii. Materialy gliatsiologicheskikh is-sledovanii, 1985, Vol.53, p.150-155, in Russian with English summary. 10 refs.

Cherepov, L.V.
Snowfall, Avalanche triggering, Avalanche forecasting, Snow accumulation, Snow cover stability, Spaceborne photography, Air temperature. Avalanche for-

Annual stratification of glacier ice in cold firm zones.

Anneas stratification of gacter fee in cold firm zones. [Godovoe stratificisrovanie lednikovykh tolshch v kholodnof firnovol zone],
Zagorodnov, V.S., et al, Akademiia nauk SSSR. Institut geografii. Materialy gliatsiologicheskikh issledovanii, 1985, Vol.53, p.160-163, In Russian with English summary. 7 refs.

Samollov, O.IU. Mountain glaciers, Glacier ice, Drill core analysis, Firn stratification, Norway—Spitsbergen.

40-2094

Improvement of actinometric observations on mountain glaciers. O sovershenstvovanii aktinometriches-

kikh nabliudenil na gornykh lednikakh_l, Moskalenko, I.G., Akademiia nauk SSSR. geografii. Materialy gliatsiologicheskikh is-sledovanii, 1985, Vol.53, p.164-169, In Russian with

English summary. 9 refs.

Mountain glaciers, Albedo, Solar radiation, Radiation measuring instruments, Glacier surfaces, Heat balance.

40-2095

Application of a digital gamms-ray density gauge in glaciological studies of Central Antarctica. [O primenenii tsifrovogo gamma-plotnomera v praktike gliatsiologicheskikh issledovanii v Tsentral'noi Antarctica.

Anshakov, O.M., et al, Akademiia nauk SSSR. stitut geografii. Materialy gliatsiologicheskikh is-sledovani, 1985, Vol.53, p.170-172, In Russian with English summary. 4 refs. Emel'ianov, IU.N., Chudakov, V.A.

Gamma irradiation, Measuring instruments, Snow

density, Ice density.

density, Ice density.

In 1974-79, several types of digital radio-isotope instruments were designed at the Faculty for Nuclear Physics of the Bielonussian University, for measuring densities of light media including ice and snow. One of these instruments was previously used in glaciological measurements by the Moscow State University in some expeditions, but the test described was its first in Central Antarctica. From Jan. 16 to March 14, 1980 a sled-caterpillar vehicle expedition was organized, to start at Mirnyy Station and proceed to Pionerskaya Station and to Dome C. Glaciological and magnetic studies were performed by associates of the Institute of Geography and the Institute of Terrestrial Magnetism, Academy of Sciences, USSR Objects investigated, methods used and results obtained are described and briefly discussed.

40-2096

Influence of temperature and stratigraphic peculiarities of snow cover on the descent of slab avalanches. Vlijanie stratigraficheskikh i temperaturnykh osobennostel snezhnogo pokrova na skhod plastovykh la-

Bozhinskii, A.N., Akademiia nauk SSSR. geografii. Materialy gliatsiologicheskikh is-sledovanii, 1985, Vol.53, p.173-177, In Russian with English summary. 2 refs.
Snow slides, Snow cover stability, Avalanche forma-

tion, Snow stratigraphy, Snow temperature.

Ice density variations in the ablation zone of Tuyuksu Glacier. [Variatsii plotnosti l'da oblasti abliatsii led-nika Tuiuksu],

nika Tuiuksuj, Vilesov, E.N., et al, Akademiia nauk SSSR. Institut geografi. Materialy gliatsiologicheskikh is aledovanii, 1985, Vol.53, p.177-181, In Russian with English summary. 7 refs. Valdeev. A.E.

Ice density, Glacier ice, Ablation, Mapping.

40-2008

rmation of surface moraines on mountain glaciers. (Mekhanizmy obrazovaniia poverkhnostnykh moren

gornykh lednikov, Medvedev, A.S., et al, Akademiia nauk SSSR. stitut geografii. Materialy gliatsiologicheskikh issledovanh, 1985, Vol.53, p.181-185, In Russian with English summary. 15 refs.

Barykov, A.A. Mountain glaciers, Ice surface, Glacial deposits, Mo-

40-2099

Lichenometric studies of Tlen Shan moraines. [Lik-

henometriia moren Tian'-Shania₁, Solomina, O.N., Akademiia nauk SSSR. Institut geografii. Materialy glistsiologicheskikh issledovanh, 1985, Vol.53, p.186-191, In Russian with English sum-

mary. 8 refs.
Glacial deposits, Moraines, Age determination, Avalanche deposits, Lichens, Plant physiology.

Changes in glaciers of the Baksan River basin during the last centuries according to lichenometric data.

the last centuries according to lichenometric data. [Izmenenie lednikov basselna r. Baksan v poslednie stoletiia (po dannym likhenometrii)₁, Zolotarev, E.A., et al, Akademiia nauk SSSR. Institut geografii. Materialy gliatsiologicheskikh issledovanh, 1985, Vol.53, p.192-196, In Russian with English summary. 12 refs. Selnova, I.B.

Mountain glaciers, Glacial deposits, Moraines, Age determination, Lichens.

40-2101

Annotated list of the Soviet literature on glaciology

Annotated hat of the Soviet interactive on glacology for 1981. [Annotirovanny] spisok sovetsko! literatury po gliataiologii za 1981 g.], Kotliakov, V.M., et al, Akademiia nauk SSSR. Institut geografii. Materialy gliatsiologicheskikh issledovanii, 1985, Vol.53, p.202-236, In Russian with

English summary. 630 refs.
Chemova, L.P., Voevodin, V.A.
Glaciology, Snow cover, Avalanches, Ice physics,
Mudflows, Ice composition, Sea ice, Naleda, Ground ice, Glaciers, Ice sheets, Paleoclimatology, Bibliographies. Atmospheric ice.

phies, Atmospheric ice.
The list presented contains all the Soviet literature on glaciology published in 1981 in Russian. It is a continuation of the annotated bibliography for 1956-1980, published in issues 48 and 49 of this periodical. All the papers and books mentioned in the bibliography were analyzed de visu. This list also contains some papers published earlier but found after publication of the bibliography for 1956-1980. The citations are divided into 10 sections: basic problems of glaciology, physics and chemistry of snow and ice, atmospheric ice, snow cover, snow avalanches and glacial mudflows, sea ice, river and lacustrine ice, aufeis and underground ice, glaciers and ice sheets, paleoglaciology. The list is concluded by a name index. (Auth. mod.)

40-2102

Resolving Alaska's water resources conflicts: pro-

Dwight, L.P., Alaska. University. Institute of Water Resources. Report, Nov. 1985, IWR-108, 204p., Refs. passim. For selected papers see 40-2103 through 40-2108.

Glacial hydrology, Water reserves, Runoff, Limpology, Glacial lakes, Glacial rivers, Seesonal variations, United States—Alaska.

Effects of glacial silt on primary production, through altered light regimes and phosphorus levels in Alaska lekes

Edmundson, J.A., et al, Alaska. University. Inst. tute of Water Resources. Report, Nov. 1985, tute of Water Resources. IWR-108, p.3-19, 27 refs.

Koening, J.P. Biomass, Suspended sediments, Glacial deposits, Glacial lakes, Meltwater, Limnology, Light effects, Nutrient cycle, Particle size distribution, United States -Alaska.

Influences of suspended glacial particles on the macrozooplankton community structure within glacial

Edmundson, J.M., et al, Alaska. University. tute of Water Resources. Report, Nov. 1985, IWR-108, p.21-35, 13 refs. Koenings, J.P.

Glacial lakes, Plankton, Suspended sediments, Meltwater, Limnology, Glacier melting, Algae, Biomass, Nutrient cycle, United States—Alaska.

Potential for circumventing internal nutrient-recycling in Lucile Lake at Wasilla, Alaska.

Woods, P.F., Alaska. University. Institute of Water Resources. Report, Nov. 1985, IWR-108, p.39-49,

Lake water, Ice cover effect, Nutrient cycle, Plankton, Limnology, Bottom sediment, Vegetation, United States—Alaska—Lucile Lake.

40-2106

Glacier runoff in the Upper Susitna and Maclaren River basins, Alaska.

Clarke, T.S., et al, Alaska. University. Report, Nov. 1985, IWR-108, Water Resources. p.99-111, 20 refs.

Johnson, D., Harrison, W.D.
Glacial hydrology, Runoff, Glacier mass balance, Ice
melting, Firn, Snow melting, United States—Alaska
—Susitna River, United States—Alaska—Maclaren

40-2107

Growth of Wolverine Glacier, Alaska; determined from surface altitude measurements, 1974 and 1985. Mayo, L.R., et al. Alaska, University. Institute of Water Resources. Report, Nov. 1985, IWR-108, p.113-121, 4 refs.

March, R.S., Trabant, D.C.

Glacier alimentation, Glacier mass balance, Glacier surfaces, Ice growth, Climatic factors, Altitude, Ice volume, United States-Alaska-Wolverine Glacier.

Sediment transport in the Susitna River basin, 1982-1023

Lipscomb, S.W., et al, Alaska. University. Institute of Water Resources. Report, Nov. 1985, IWR-108, p.191-204, 3 refs. Knott, J.M.

Sediment transport, River flow, Glacial rivers, Ice cover effect, Seasonal variations, Distribution, United States-Alaska-Susitna River.

40-2109

Waves due to a steadily moving source on a floating ice plate.

ice plate.

Davys, J.W., et al, Journal of fluid mechanics, Sep. 1985, Vol.158, p.269-287, 16 refs.

Hosking, R.J., Sneyd, A.D.

Wave propagation, Floating ice, Elastic waves, Ice elasticity, Dynamic loads, Flexural strength, Analysis (mathematics).

Properties of hot concrete and its use in winter con-

creting.
Kilpi, E., et al, Nordic concrete research, 1982,
Vol.1, p.(15)1-(15)11, 2 refs.

Winter concreting, Concrete heating, Temperature effects, Thermal insulation, Tests.

Strength development and frost resistance of concrete at low temperatures.

Kivekis, L., et al, Nordic concrete research, 1983, Vol.2, p.137-148, 3 refs.
Concrete strength, Frost resistance, Winter concret-

ing, Concrete admixtures, Freeze thaw cycles, Air entrainment.

Properties of cryogenic concrete. Kronen, H., et al, Nordic concrete research, 1983, Vol.2, p.149-165, 12 refs.

Andersen, J.H.

Concrete strength, Low temperature tests, Cryogenic structures, Dynamic loads, Temperature effects, Liquefied gases.

Prevention of frost-salt action on concrete by use of

Vesikari, E., Alaska. University. Institute of Water Resources. Report, Nov. 1985, IWR-108, p.205-214, 2 refs

Concrete durability, Frost action, Protective contings, Salting, Bridges, Pavements, Surface properties, United States—Alaska.

40-2114

Behaviour and design of concrete structures under

thermal gradients.

Jokela, J., Nordic concrete research, 1983, Vol.3, p.100-128, 10 refs.

Concrete structures, Thermal stresses, Reinforced concretes, Heat transfer, Temperature gradients, Temperature effects, Design.

40-2115

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78. In Russian. 8 refs. Supercooled clouds, Aerosols, Cloud seeding, Smoke

40-2244

generators.

Influence of admixtures on photoactivation of ice-

forming AgI serosols. (Vilianie primesel na fotoaktivatsiiu l'doobrazuiushchikh aerozolei AgI₁, Oleinik, R.V., et al, *Ukrainskii regional'nyi nauchno issledovatel'skii institut.* Trudy, 1984, Vol.3, p.79-83, In Russian. 13 refs. Bakhanova, R.A.

Aerosols, Cloud seeding, Silver iodide, Artificial nucleation, Admixtures.

40-2245

Data on trabalence in the central parts of stratiform clouds and artificial crystallization zones. (Nekotorye dannye o turbulentsnosti v sloistoobraznykh kakh srednego iarusa i zonakh iskusstvenno! l

Kudriavtseva, S.K., Ukrainskii regional'nyi nauchno issledovatel'skii institut. Trudy, 1984, Vol.3, p.102-106, In Russian. 8 refs.

Cloud seeding, Dry ice (trademark), Artificial nucleation. Ice crystal nuclei.

Characteristics of heavy icing in the Ukraine. [Nekotorye kharakteristiki sil'nykh gololedov na Ukraine, Volevakha, V.A., et al, *Ukrainskii regional'nyi nauch* no-issledovateľskii institut. Trudy, 1985, Vol.204, p.74-81, In Russian. 12 refs.

Bashkirova, L.E. Icing, Hoarfrost, Glaze, Ice accretion, Ice loads, Meteorological charts, Meteorological data.

Synoptic-aerological conditions for the formation of heavy icing in the Ukraine. [Sinoptiko-aerologicheskie usloviia formirovaniia sil'nogo gololeda na Ukrainer

Volevakha, V.A., et al, Ukrainskii regional'nyi nauch-no-issledovatel'skii institut. Trudy, 1985, Vol.204, p.81-87, In Russian. 6 refs. Bashkirova, L.E.

Icing, Ice loads, Hoarfrost, Ice formation, Glaze, Ice accretion.

Investigations of the POLEX South-78 program.

Sarukhanian, E.I., ed, New Delhi, Amerind Publishing Co., 1955, 146p., TT 51 52155, Refs. passin. Translation of Arkticheskii i Antarkticheskii nauchno-is-Trudy. Vyp. 369. sledovatel'skii institut. Trudy. Vyp. 369. grad, Gidrometeoizdat, 1981. For individual I-33210, J-33198 through 33204, J-33206, J-33207

and J-33211. Smirnov, N.P., ed.

Sea ice, Research projects.

Sea Ice, Research projects.

This volume presents the results of scientific studies of the POLEX South program carried out from Dec. 1977 to Feb. 1978. The new data on the structure and dynamics of the Antarctic Circumpolar Current, Polar Front Zone and the water masses in the Scotia Sea are analyzed, based on oceanographic survey and on records from underwater buoy stations. The dysurvey and on records from underwater buoy stations. The dynamics of the ice mass of Weddell Sea and the atmospheric processes over the Scotia Sea and the Drake Passage are also reviewed (Auth mod.)

Sea ice in the Weddell Sea: meteorological satellite

Provorkin, A.V., Investigations of the POLEX South-78 program, edited by E.I. Sarukhanian and N.P. Smir-nov, New Delhi, Amerind Publishing Co., 1985, p.82-90, For Russian original see 37-3447 or 13F-28122.

Sea ice distribution, Ice volume, Icebergs, Polynyas, Antarctica—Weddell Sea.

Antaretrica—wedgeti Sea.

Characteristics of the conditions in the Weddell Sea during the summer of 1977-78 were determined from satellite data. The dependence of variations of the position of the ice edge, ice zones of varying concentration, flaw polynya and ice thawing on climatic factors is analyzed on the basis of 5-day maps.

40-2250

ome characteristics of distribution and interaction of water masses in the Davis Sea during autumn. Botnikov, V.N., et al, Investigations of the POLEX South-78 program, edited by E.I. Sarukhanian and N.P. Smirnov, New Delhi, Amerind Publishing Co., 1985, p. 107-115, For Russian original see 37-3448 or 131 28124. 4 refs.

Crugui, 1. v.
Sea ice, Ocean currents, Salinity, Water temperature,
Seasonal variations, Antarctica—Davis Sea.

Seasonal variations, Antarctics—Davis Sea. An analysis is made of the circulation and the fundamental characteristics of the distribution of the Davis Sea water masses and their movement during the fall. Construction and analysis of maps show the distribution of temperature, salinity, and oxygen at different surfaces and on five vertical sections. Three water masses are identified: antarctic shelf mass, circumpolar deep mass, and antarctic bottom mass. The shelf waters are divided into three layers: fall, summer, and winter.

New icelery detection system; ground wave Doppler

radar.
Walsh, J., et al, Memorial University of Newfoundand. Centre for Cold Ocean Resources Engineering.
-CORE publication 1985, No. 85-15, Proceedings of the IEEE Electronicom '85, Toronto, Ontario, Oct. 7-9, 1985, Paper No.85094, 5p. + figs., 10 refs. Dawe, B.J., Srivastava, S.K.

Icebergs, Ice detection, Radar echoes, Wave propaga-tion, Offshore structures, Models.

40-2252

How some condensation and ice nuclei depend on

plant activity.
Garczynski, F., Centre national du machinisme agricole du Génie rural des eaux et des forêts, Note No.12, Grenoble, France, 1985, 12p., Unpublished manuscript. Refs. p.10-12.

Ite nuclei, Ice formation, Plant ecology, Climatic changes, Soll water, Vegetation, Cloud droplets, Water table, Diurnal variations, Evapotranspiration.

Forecasting fast ice breakup and decay in Puck Bay. Prognozowanie rozpadu i zaniku lodu na zatoce Puckieji,

Zakrzewski, W., Instytut meteorologii i gospodarki wodnej. Wiadomości, 1978, (2-3), p.39-63, In Polish with Russian and English summaries. 16 refs.

Fast ice, Ice breakup, Ice forecasting, Sea ice, Ice melting, Ice deformation, Ice mechanics, Thermal radiation, Dynamic properties, Drift, Poland—Puck

40-2254

Ice budget of Puck Bay. [Bilans lodowy zatoki Puck-

iej₁, Zakrzewski, W., Przeglad geofizyczny, 1981, 26(3), p.161-170, in Polish with English summary. 12 refs. Sea ice distribution, Ice conditions, Ice volume, Hydrology, Meteorological factors, Seasonal variations, Poland—Puck Bay.

Ice regime of Puck Bay. [Ustrój lodowy zatoki Puck-

iej, 200 p. 15-57, In Polish with English summary. 13

Ice conditions, Sen ice distribution, Ice volume, Wind factors, Ice formation, Ice deformation, Drift, Ice breakup, Climatic factors, Topographic effects, Hydrology, Poland-Puck Bay.

40-2256

Tee drift in Puck Bay. Dryf lodu w zatoce Puckiej, Zakrzewski, W., Polska Akademia Nauk. Studia i materialy oceanologiczne, 1983, No.40, p.321-337, In Polish with English summary. 18 refs. Ice mechanics, Ice conditions, Drift, Sea ice, Math-

ematical models, Wind factors, Shear stress, Wind velocity, Poland—Puck Bay.

40-2257

Influence of hydrological and meteorological factors on the development of the ice situation and ice budget of Puck Bay. [Wplyw elementów hidrologicznych i meteorologicznych na rozwój zlodzenia i bilan na rozwój zlodzenia i bilans lodowy zatoki Puckiej_j, Zakrzewski, W., Polska Akademia Nauk.

materialy occumologiczne, 1984, No. 43, p. 150-193, In Polish with English summary. 17 refs.

Sea ice distribution, Ice conditions, Hydrology,

Meteorological factors, Ice growth, Ice volume, Fast ice, Ice melting, Drift, Ice breakup, Poland—Puck

40-225R

Cutting-milling bits for drilling wells in perennially frozen gravel-shingle rock. [Rezhushche-vrash-chatel'noe burenie skvazhin v mnogoletnemerzlykh

gravino-galechnykh porodakh, Peretolchin, V.A., et al, Gornyi zhurnal, July 1985, No.7, p.50-52, In Russian.

Drills, Placer mining, Rotary drilling, Permafrost, Lithology, Gravel, Clays, Sands.

Gas inclusions in lake ice and microwave brightness temperature of ice cover. [Gazovye vkliucheniia v ozernykh l'dakh i radioiarkostnaia temperatura

ledianogo pokrova, Bordonskii, G.S., et al. Geologiia i profizika, Sep. 1985, No.9, p.66-73, In Russian with English sum-mary. 6 refs. Krendelev, F.P., Poliakov, S.V.

Lake ice, Ice structure, Gas inclusions, Ice physics, Brightness, Microwaves.

Water-snow streams and their place in the series of similar destructive phenomens. ¡Vodosnezhnye potoki i ikh mesto v riadu skhodnykh razrushitel'nykh

V.N., Moscow. Universitet. Vestnik. Sapunov. Seriia 5 Geografiia, Nov.-Dec. 1985, No.6, p.31-37, In Russian. 9 refs.

Wet snow, Slope processes, Snowmelt, Glacial rivers, Alpine landscapes, Stream flow, Soil erosion.

40-2261

Regionalization of the West-Siberian plate according to the distribution and mean annual temperatures of perennially frozen and thawed rocks. [Rajonirovanie territorii Zapadno-Sibirskoi plity po rasprostraneniiu srednegodovym temperaturam mnogoletnemerzlykh i

talykh porod₁, Trofimov, V.T., et al, *Moscow. Universitet. Vest-nik. Seriia 4 Geologiia*, Sep.-Oct. 1985, No.5, p.69-76, In Russian. 10 refs. Kashperiuk, P.I., Firsov, N.G.

Mapping, Permafrost thermal properties, Permafrost distribution, Permafrost thickness, Permafrost struc-ture, Maps, Phase transformations, Frozen rock temperature.

40-2262

Conditions and criteria of the resistance of bituminous concrete road pavements to low temperature fracturing. [Uslovie i kriterii nizkotemperaturno] treshchinoustoichivosti dorozhnogo asfal'tobetonaj, Gubach, L.S., et al. Russia. Ministerstvo vysshego srednego spetsial'nogo obrazovania. Izvestiia vysshikh uchebnykh zavedenii. Stroitel'stvo i arkhitektura, 1985, No.12, p.98-101, In Russian. 4 refs. Ponomareva, S.G.

Roads, Fracturing, Pavements, Bituminous concretes, Frost action.

40-2263

Effect of gas cutting on the frost resistance of steel structure details. [Vliianie gazovol rezki na khladostolkost' detalel stal'nykh konstruktsili.

Kudrin, V.G., et al, Russia. Ministerstvo vysshego i srednego spetsial'nogo obrazovaniia. Izvestiia vysshikh uchebnykh zavedenii. Stroitel'stvo i arkhitektura, 1985, No.12, p.114-118, In Russian. 6 refs. Shafrai, S.D., Vorotyntsev, A.G.

Steel structures, Steels, Frost resistance.

40-2264

Antarctic Committee reports, No.19.

Avsiuk, G.A., ed, New Delhi, Amerind Publishing Co., 1985, 287p., TT 81-52174, Refs. passim. Translation of Antarktika. Doklady Komissii. Vyp. 19. Co., 1963, 26/p., 11 61-321/4, Rets. passim. Iranslation of Antarktika. Doklady Komissii. Vyp. 19. Moscow, Nauka, 1980. For individual papers see 4C 2265 through 40-2279 or E-33222 through E-33225, E-33227, E-33228, E-33232 through E-33236, F-33229 through F-33231, I-33238, J-33237, V-23230, and V-23230 K-33239 and K-33240

Meetings, Research projects, Antarctica.

Meetings, Research projects, Antarctica. This book contains reports read at the first conference on the History of Antarctic Glaciation, organized in May 1978, by the Paleogeography Section of the Interdepartmental Committee for the Study of the Antarctic. These reports highlight the main stages of changes in the natural conditions of the Southern Hemisphere in the Late Cencouce and the factors causing these changes (lithospheric plate drift, rebuilding of ocean currents, development of land relief, general cooling), and the development of the Antarctic tice cover. Also discussed are the problems of dividing the periods in the history of glaciation, heat regime and biostratigraphic significance of stromatolites. (Auth.)

40-2265

Continental drift and the Late Cenozoic glaciation of Antarctica.

Zonenshain, L.P., Antarctic Committee reports, 1985, No. 19, p.1-15, For Russian original see 38-2400 or 14E-29413. 15 refs.

The geological history of Antarctica is reviewed, with illustra-tions showing the disruption of the supercontinent Aus-tramerica and the reconstruction of coatinents and oceans of the Southern Hemisphere by the drifting land masses. Aus-tralia was separated from Antarctica about 50 m.y.a. The oceanic passage between South America and Antarctica, the Bellingshausen Sea and the Drake Passage, appeared about 25 m.y.a. At that time the Antarctic Circumpolar Current developed and the antarctic ice sheet began to form.

40-2266

Paleoglaciology of Antarctica (from the viewpoint of tectonics of the lithospheric plates).

Losev, K.S., et al, Antarctic Committee reports, 1985, No.19, p.16-25, For Russian original see 38-2401 or 14E-29414. 15 refs.

2401 or 14E-29414. 15 refs.
Podgornaia, L.I., Ushakov, S.A.
Paleoclimatology, Glaciation.
Changes of the earth's shape in connection with the motion of lithospheric plates—continental drift in polar regions, changes of ocean circulation, changes of planetary albedo—are discussed in the light of geophysical evidence of the lowering of temperature of the earth's middle latitudes at the onset of Pleistocene, approximately 70 m.y.s. This phenomenon resulted in the development of Cenozoic glaciation of our planet, with midlatitude temperatures of 10 to 12 C. Temperature variations were crucial in the formation of massive glaciation and its subsequent collapse. Impulses created by excentric changes of the earth's orbit are discussed in that connection.

Causes of Antarctic glaciation.

Verbitskil, M.IA., et al, Antarctic Committee reports, 1985, No.19, p.26-49, For Russian original see 38-2402 or 14E-29415. Refs. p.45-49.

Kvasov, D.D.

Glacier ice, Paleoclimatology, Glaciation, Drake Pas-

sage.

The causes of Antarctic glaciation are analyzed by numerical experiments based on a thermohydrodynamic model of a large ice sheet. The cooling at the Eccene-Oligocene boundary was caused by the opening of a strait south of Australia and the formation of the Southern Ring Current. Calculations show that as a result of this the East Antarctic Ice Sheet formed. It exists despite the relatively high temperatures of the surrounding ocean and air. New cooling in the Middle Miocene is associated with the fact that the Southern Ring Current began to sust through the Drake Passage: the glaciers spread over West. pass through the Drake Passage; the glaciers spread over West Antarctica. At the Mid ene-Pliocene boundary, as a result of the regression of the World Ocean, the glaciation of the South ine regression or the world Ocean, the glacition of the South Polar regions reached its maximum dimensions. During the Quaternary period, glaciations of the Northern Hemisphere re-duced the level of the ocean, which led to an increase in the glaciation of Antarctica. The future warming associated with human activity may cause the growth of glaciers in East Antarc-tica and their reduction in West Antarctica. (Auth.)

40-2268

Antarctic glaciation in light of paleogeographical data.

Serebriannyt, L.R., Antarctic Committee reports, 1985, No.19, p.50-59, For Russian original see 38-2403 or 14E-29416. 30 refs.

Glaciation, Glacier ice.

Arguments are advanced supporting the prolonged and continuous existence of the Antarctic Ice Cover in the Late Cenozoic The origin of the continental glaciation of Antarctica goes back to the Paleogene-Noogene boundary. The ice sheet finally formed in the Middle Miocene, and reached maximum dimensional control of the c formed in the Middle Miocene, and reached maximum dimen-sions at the end of this geologic period, about 5 million years ago. These ideas are clearly linked with the new paleogeo-graphic reconstructions based on the concept of tectonic plates. The glacial history of the Antarctic is correlated with the evolu-tion of the marine basins of the Mediterranean and the Ponto-A time conjunction is observed between the maximum Antarctic glaciation and the epoch of the Messinian evaporate basin existence. A review is given of the development of Antarctic glaciation in the Quaternary period as well as an indication of the prospects for future research (Auth.)

40-2269

Isotopic studies of a core from Vostok Station and

their paleoglaciological interpretation.

Kotliakov, V.M., et al, Antarctic Committee reports,
1985, No.19, p.60-72, For Russian original see 382404 or 14F-29417. 25 refs.

2404 or 14F-29417. 25 refs. Gordienko, F.G., Barkov, N.I., Korotkevich, E.S. Glaciation, Ice composition, Paleoclimatology, An-

tarctica-Vostok Station.

tarctica—Vostok Station.

Oxygen isotope measurements of antarctic ice cores up to 950 m deep at Vostok Station are analyzed. For paleoclimatic reconstruction Vostok Station is much more favorable than Byrd Station, western Antarctica, or Camp Century, Greenland, where ice was drilled down to the bedrock. Numerical corrections of the paleodynamics and growth of the ice cover in the Vostok Station area show that delta-0-18 isotope data reached their present values 10,000 y a. The culmination of

the late Wisconsin occurs 15 to 29 thousand y.a. with a short interval around 17 th.y. The period between 29 and 52 th.y.a. is characterized by a generally cold background temperature, with little variation, which, in relation to today's temperature, was 4 to 5 deg. lower. 52 to 63 th.y.a. the temperature was even lower that that by 1 deg. On the basis of ice analysis of West Antar-tica, it is concluded that in the era representing Wisconsin the climate there was somewhat warmer than today, reachible, but 2 to 3 deep. possibly by 2 to 3 deg.

40-2270

Glaciation of the continental shelf of Antarctica. Grosval'd, M.G., Antarctic Committee reports, 1985, No. 90, p. 73-110, For Russian original see 38-2405 or 14E-29418. Refs. p. 105-110. Glaciation, Glacier ice, Ice shelves, Glacier surges.

Giaciation, Giacier ice, Ice shelves, Giacier surges. This paper presents a summary of Soviet and foreign data on the paleoglaciology of Antarctica. Early glaciers originated on the continent no later than the beginning of the Eocene. At the first stage (55-25 m.y.a.) the glaciation here was mountain type; at the second (25-5 m.y.a.) themperate type; and at the third, Pliocene-Quaternary stage (from 5 m.y.a. to the present)—polar type. Only during the last stage did the Antarctic ice cover go outside the land limit and spread on the shelf. The marine parts of this cover were more variable than the land-based parts. Under climatic coolings, they reached the shelf edges, and during the interglacials they decayed. Surges played a great role in these processes. (Auth.)

40-2271

Paleoglaciological aspects of the study of marine and continental Cenozole deposits in Antarctica.

Bardin, V.I., Antarctic Committee reports, 1985, No.19, p.111-124, For Russian original see 38-2406 or 14E-29419. Refs. p.120-124.

Moraines, Glaciation, Paleoclimatology.

Development of antarctic glaciation in the Cenozoic is discussed, and literature of investigations carried out by marine geologists in the southern ocean, with data of paleoglaciological interest is reviewed, as are paleogeographic surveys carried out on the continent. A map is presented showing the areas where these investigations took place.

40-2272

Evolution of mountain glaciers of the McMurdo Oasis

in the last million years. Shumskil, P.A., et al, Antarctic Committee reports, 1985, No.19, p.125-143, For Russian original see 38-2407 or 14F-29420. 18 refs.

Miagkov, S.M.

Glacier Ice. Ice accretion. Ice temperature, Paleoclimatology, Glaciation, Antarctica-McMurdo Sound.

The history of glaciation of the McMurdo Oasis since its origin is described with an absolute age determination of the main phases. A method is proposed for calculating ice temperature and the rate of accumulation from data on the form and dimensions of the horizontal projection of a stationary glacier. Based on a study of the old moraines of Meserve Glacier, an attempt is made to determine the course of the changes in air temperature and the amount of attemptation recipitation in ture and the amount of atmospheric precipitation in the McMurdo Oasis during the last million years. (Auth.)

40-2273

Principles of dividing the history of Antarctic glacia-

Principles of ulvising the committee reports, 1985, Miagkov, S.M., Antarctic Committee reports, 1985, No.19, p.144-169, For Russian original see 38-2408 or 14F-29421. Refs. p.165-169.

Ice cover, Glacier ice, Ice age theory, Paleoclimatolo-

Beginning dates of cover glaciation are given and the causes of its buildup are discussed. The author has evaluated the cooling its buildup are discussed. The author has evaluated the cooling effect of Antarctic glaciation on the planet's climate. Also examined are the structure of the South Polar glaciation and the factors controlling its dimensions. Qualitatively evaluated is the response of continental glaciation to the changes in climate and the level of the World Ocean. On this basis, and considering existing data on the history of the change in ocean level, the history of the East Antarctic ice cover is divided into periods. The tasks and several lines of further research on the problem are indicated in this paper. (Authority Control of the Polar Ocean. are indicated in this paper. (Auth.)

40-2274

On the origin of the glaciers of the McMurdo Sound region based on the oxygen isotope analysis of ice. Barkov. N.I., et al, Antarctic Committee reports, 1985, No.19, p.170-188, For Russian original see 38-2409 or 14F-29422. 29 refs.

Gordienko, F.G.

Moraines, Glaciation, Glacier ice, Ice composition, Ice shelves, Antarctica - McMurdo Sound.

Ice shelves, Antarctica—McMurdo Sound.

Oxygen-isotopic measurements were obtained from ice samples in McMurdo Sound area to determine the origin of ancient ice and its link with the surrounding glaciers. Findings show that the central part of McMurdo Sound shelf ice, that is the entire glacier area covered by a moraine, has been formed from sea water, while in ice samples originating from atmospheric precipitation a certain amount of sea water is found, which has filtered through the glacier's side wall. Isotopic analyses of moraines with ice cores show that a large moraine field between Hobbs and Blue glaciers, from sea level to heights of 300 m, was deposited not by a land glacier by the aglacier of the McMurdo deposited not by a land glacier but by a glacier of the McMurdo shelf-ice type, formed by sea water at a time of a lowering of sea level. Analysis of ice samples taken from Hobbs, Erebus and Wright Valley glaciers shows that they were formed by atmospheric precipitation. It is concluded that this precipitation occurred at low atmospheric temperatures, at higher altitudes or during a general cooling of the climate.

40-2275

Cenozoic rolcanism and the history of Antarctic glaciation.
Poliakov, M.M., Antarctic Committee reports, 1985,

No.19, p.189-199, For Russian original see 38-2410 or 14E-29423. 11 refs.

Glaciation.

Glaciation.

This paper presents the results of a study on Cenozoic volcano-clastites, developed on the Indian/Pacific Oceans sector of Antarctica, bounded by 90 deg W and 160 deg E. The material composition, accumulation, and genesis of hyaloclastitic strata are discussed on the basis of which a conclusion is drawn about the subgracial nature of the hyaloclastites. Geochronological the subglacial nature of the hyaloclastites. Geochronological data are given on subglacial volcanites, which indicate that Antarctic glaciation may have started on the territory under study in the Oligocene or possibly even earlier. (Auth.)

40-2276

Main paleogeographical features of the East Antarctic coast in the Upper Pleistocene and Holocene based on marine geological data.

Znachko-lAvorskii, G.A., Antarctic Committee reports, 1985, No.19, p.200-208, For Russian original see 38-2411 or 14E-29424. 15 refs.

Ice sheets, Glacier ice, Paleoclimatology, Glaciation. The paper substantiates the stratigraphic division of the upper part of the bottom deposit stratum of the coastal part of the Indian and part of the Atlantic sectors of the southern ocean. Data are cited on the sedimentation, dynamics of ice cover, and sea level oscillations in the Upper Pleistocene and Holocene epoch of relative coolings and warmings. (Auth.)

40-2277

Topography and glaciation of the southern Prince Charles Mountains.

Kolobov, D.D., Antarctic Committee reports, 1985, No.19, p.209-216, For Russian original see 38-2412 or 14E-29425. 9 refs.

Moraines, Glaciation, Glacial geology, Glacier ice, Antarctics-Prince Charles Mountains.

topography which developed in the Prince Charles Mountains (East Antactica) are reported: denudation, furrowing (glacial), and periglacial. The paper discusses the history of their forma-tion in the preglacial and glacial periods. Special attention is given to the evolution of glaciation in a mountainous region. (Auth).

40-2278

Spatial relation of the Antarctic glacial topography to the subglacial basement topography
Berliant, A.M., et al. Antarctic Committee reports.

1985, No.19, p.231-240, For Russian original see 38-2413 or 14E-29427. 9 refs.
Vasil'eva, T.F., Suetova, 1.A.
Ice structure, Jce cover, Mapping.

The discussion of the spatial relations of the antarctic subglacial basement topography to the relief of the ice cover is based on a detailed cartographic analysis, the calculation of moving average correlation indices, and the compilation of correlation maps. The correlation maps between the antarctic glacial and

40-2279

Thermal regime of the Ross Sea under the Ross Ice Shelf.

1985, No.19, p.241-249, For Russian original see 38-2414 or 14J-29428. 4 refs.

Zagorodnov, V.S.

Ice shelves, Antarctica—Ross Ice Shelf.

This paper discusses the thermal model of the water masses under the Ross Ice Shelf. Also reported are the instrumental data on water temperature obtained by the authors using a highly sensitive quartz thermometer. Two inhomogeneous isothermal layers of water are distinguished by these data. Currents under the ice shelf are discovered and their velocity is measured. An estimate is made of the heat fluxer controlling the processes of melting and freezing at the lower surface of the ces shelf. The authors describe a program of further operations aimed at studying the mass exchange at the lower surface of the Ross Ice Shelf by using underwater ultrasonic sounding. (Auth.) is measured. An estimate is made of the heat fluxes controlling (Auth.)

40-2280

40-2280

AMERIEZ 1983: a summary of activities on board the R/V Melville and USCGC Westwind.

Ainley, D.G., et al, Antarctic journal of the United States, 1984, 19(5), p.100-103.

Oceanography, Pack ice, Sea ice, Ice edge, Cryobiology, Scotia Sea, Antarctica-Weddell Sea.

gy, Soulis Sea, Antarctic Merine Ecosystem Research at the ice-Edge Zone (AMERIEZ), 41 scientists on two ships collaborat-ed in an interdisciplinary oceanographic project in the southern Scotia and north-western Weddell Seas. Studies focused on

two major hypotheses: (1) the pack-ice edge is associated with a major oceanographic front where, due to little-understood processes, enhanced biomass and productivity occur and (2) the seasonal advance and retreat of the ice margin, which is an ecological interface between two communities, strongly affects the natural history of most organisms residing in the vicinity, R/V Melville, from Scripps Institution of Oceanography, prov-K. V. Metville, trom Scripps Institution of Oceanography, provided a research platform in open waters. Simultaneously, on a complementary track, USCGC Westwind provided a research platform in the pack ice. Observations included sea-ice characteristics and concentrations, and the physical, chemical, and biological properties of the marginal ice zone. Spatial changes in biological activity/conditions were evident, as w is a seasonal changes precipitated by the retreating ice.

40-2281

Growth rates, distribution, and abundance of factoria in the ice-edge zone of the Weddell and Scotia Seas, Antarctics.

Miller, M.A., et al, Antarctic journal of the United States, 1984, 19(5), p.103-105, 9 refs.
Krempin, D.W., Manahan, D.T., Sullivan, C.W.

Sea ice, Ice edge, Cryobiology, Antarctica-Weddell Sea, Scotia Sea.

Sea, Scotia Sea.

The overall hypothesis of the Antarctic Marine Ecosystem Research at the Ice-Edge Zone (AMERIEZ) project is that the marginal ice zone is associated with an oceanographic front where biomass and biological productivity are enhanced. The specific goal of this work was to examine the hypothesis that bacterial production contributes significantly to enhanced productivity and biological activity in the marginal ice zone. To test this hypothesis, data were collected on board the R/V Melville and USCGC Westwind from \$ Nov. through 2 Dec. 1983 at 59 stations in a 70.000-square kilometer region of the Wed-

ville and USCGC Westwind from 5 Nov. through 2 Dec. 1983 at 59 stations in a 70,000-square kilometer region of the Weddell and Scotia Seas. The vertical and horizontal distribution, activity and growth rates (u) of bacteria were examined in the sea ice and water column. In addition, cores of sea ice were obtained at selected Westwind stations for analysis of nutrients, obtained at selected Westwind stations for analysis of nutrients, biomass, and metabolic activities of the sea-ice microbial community. To assess the levels of potential heterotrophic substrates present, measurements were made of naturally occurring dissolved free amino acids (DFAA) using newly developed techniques involving high-performance liquid chromatography (HPLC). The coupling between primary and secondary (bacterial) production was also examined.

Phytoplankton dynamics of the marginal ice zone of

Weddell Sea, November and December 1983.

Nelson, D.M., et al, Antarctic journal of the United States, 1984, 19(5), p.105-107, 10 refs.
Gordon, L.I., Smith, W.O.
Cryobiology, Ice edge, Sea ice, Antarctica—Weddell

During the AMERIEZ cruise, Nov.-Dec. 1983, a coordinated

two-ship study was made of the phytoplankton and nutrient dynamics of the marginal ice zone of the Weddell Sea aboard the R/V Melville and the USCGC Westwind. During the

the R/V Melville and the USCGC Westwind. During the cruise, a phytoplankton bloom was observed in the marginal ice zone of the Weddell Sea that was of approx the right magnitude to confirm earlier predictions that there should be an ice-edge bloom here of sufficient magnitude to increase estimates of the annual primary productivity of the Weddell Sea by approx 100 percent. It is speculated that; processes other than nutrient transport to the surface by wind-driven upwelling are involved in producing the Weddell Sea bloom.

Phytoplankton, ice algae, and choanoflagellates from AMERIEZ, the southern Atlantic and the Indian

Strates, 1984, 19(5), p.107-109, 13 refs.
Theriot, E.C., Buck, K.R.
Algae, Cryobiology, Sea ice, Plankton, South Atlantic

The phytoplankton in the net hauls deep in the ice on the USCGC Westwind on the AMERIEZ project in the austral spring were sparse but were mostly in the vegetative stage. Few resting spores were seen, even in ice cover conditions that approached winter, but small grazers were abundant, as were fecal pellets. In the ice were diatoms, although there were

fecal pellets. In the ice were diatoms, although there were many empty cells. However, in the golden slushy lay, ir just below the water line, healthy diatoms and prymnesiophytes dominated. As the ship came out of the ice, a bloom of gelations colony formers, Phaeocystis and Thalassiosirs, was encountered. Phaeocystis could have been seeded from the ice; the diatom Thalassiosirs was not. This work is compared to that done in the southwest Atlantic in cooperation with the British Antarctic Survey.

States, 1984, 19(5), p.109-111, 5 refs.
Buck, K.R., Silver, M.W.

Plankton, Ice edge, Sea ice, Cryobiology, Ecology.

Microheterotrophs in the ice-edge zone.

40-2282

40-2283

Ocean, Indian Ocean.

The morphological characteristics of three major types of topography which developed in the Prince Charles Mountains

maps. The contention impact between the antarcing gactar and subglacial relief show these distinct types of regions; areas of direct positive relations, areas of inverse regative relations and transition areas. Despite the fact that the viscoclastic properties of ice generally determine the elliptic form of the antarctic ice cover profile, the peculiarities of the basement relief show up distinctly on the topography of the ice surface. (Auth.)

Zotikov, I.A., et al. Antarctic Committee reports

Sullivan, C.W.

As part of the Antarctic Marine Ecosystem Research in the Ice-Edge Zone (AMERIEZ) program aboard the USCGC West-wind, a study was conducted to assess the importance of mi-croheterotrophs (protozoans and small metazoans) in the ice-edge system. Among water samples abundance and biumass was generally low at ice-covered stations, but both numbers and biomass increased reaching a maximum at ite-edge stations. The general abundance of microheterotrophs in sea ice suggests these are active sites of production and may be particularly important in late winter or early spring when the water column

40-2284

is mostly ice covered and pelagic production low. The diversity among micropopulations in ice was somewhat surprising. Among autotrophic forms, flagellates and naked dinoflagellates often dominated biomass (and probably the activity as well) in spite of the prevailing view that ice distoms predominate in these communities. The variety of heterotrophic forms auggests a complex food web within ice communities.

Reproductive dynamics of ciliates in the ice-edge

Heinbokel, J.F., et al, Antarctic journal of the United States, 1984, 19(5), p.111-113, 4 refs. Coats, D.W.

Plankton, Ice edge, Sea ice, Cryobiology, Ecology.

Plankton, Ice edge, Sea ice, Cryobiology, Ecology.

During the Antarctic Marine Ecosystem Research at the Ice

Edge Zone (AMERIEZ) cruise in the Weddell Sea (4 Nov. to

14 Dec. 1983) aboard R/V Melville, populations of two genera

of tintinnia's (free-living ciliates of the suborder Tintinnian)

were sampled and examined to define the reproductive dynamics of these plankters. This phase of work was focused on two

goals: to characterize the diel periodicity (if any) in the cell

division cycle of these ciliates, and to determine how the repro
ductive dynamics of these ciliates respond to the gradients of

bacterial and phytoplanktonic biomass and productivity expect
ed near the edge of the seasonal pack ice. There was no indica
tion of a diel periodicity in the division process. Division freed near the edge of the seasonal pack ice. I here was no indica-tion of a die periodicity in the division process. Division fre-quencies, however, appear to be related to latitude with higher proportions of dividing Leactmanniella found at the more southern stations; Cymatocylis is characterized by the inverse pattern. Relationships of tintinnid reproduction to bacterial dynamics have not yet been examined.

40-2286

Observations of plankton organisms obtained by bongo nets during the November-December 1983 iceedge investigations.

Brinton, E., Antarctic journal of the United States,

1984, 19(5), p.113-115, 2 refs. Plankton, Ice edge, Ecology, Sea ice, Scotia Sea.

Plankton, Ice edge, Ecology, Sea Ice, Scotia Sea. The objectives of this study conducted aboard R/V Melville during the AMERIEZ cruise were to determine kinds and amounts of net-plankton and their distribution in relation to the ice-cover history of the waters in the vicinity of the ice edge. The area encompassed part of the Scotia-Weddell Sea confluence, from the banks of the South Scotia are, northward. Predominant organisms collected were pelagic tunicates, or salps (Salpa thompsoni), concentrations of large phytoplankton cells and emphasisid crustaceans. Euphasis superbs (krill) salps (Salpa thompsoni), concentrations of large phytoplankton cells, and euphausidi crustaceans. Euphausis superbs (krill) have been analyzed for size-frequency and state of maturity. Amphipod crustaceans, at varying abundances, were associated with the salps. Copepods were sparse but consistently present; a single tow was dominated by copepods (Calanoides acutus). Gymnosome and thecosomatous Petropods (Linacina and Ciospp.) were regularly present, as were Chaetognatha, and polychaetous annelids (Tomopteris). Fish larvae averaged only 3 or 4 per sample. Salpa thompsoni was consistently at higher density than had been observed during the 1981 season, when salps were rate. salps were rare

40-2287

Acoustic and net assessment of the distribution and abundance of micronekton and nekton in the Weddell

Sea, November and December 1983.

Macaulay, M.C., et al, Antarctic journal of the United States, 1984, 19(5), p.115-117, 8 refs.

Daly, K.L., English, T.S.

Plankton, Ice edge, Sea Ice, Ecology, Cryobiology, Pack Ice, Antarctica—Weddell Sea.

The use of hydroaccustic methods in conjunction with net cat-ches to survey and assess the abundance and distribution of micronekton and nekton in relation to the ice-edge zone in the Meddell Sea is discussed. Acoustic observations were con-ducted in open water aboard the R/V Melville, both underway and at fixed stations. Acoustic observations were made and net samples collected at the ice edge and in the pack ice aboard the USCGC Westwind at fixed stations. The observation techthe USCOC Westwind at tixed stations. The observation techniques are described. Acoustic observations made in open water indicated very few occurrences of krill in patches; instead, large concentrations of salps were found. The small patches were found near the ice edge with a rapid decrease in occurrence away from the ice edge. Acoustic and net data collected were found near the fee edge. Acoustic and net data collected aboard the Westwind showed concentrations of salps at the fee edge but not within the pack fee. Patches of krill were not observed at the fice edge. However, three species of krill of several life stages were collected. Chart records from the pack ice are characterized by small scattered patches of krill present at all stations in the upper 100 m of the water column. Net samples indicate that juvenile Euphausia superba and adult Thysanoessa macrura were present throughout the pack ice.

40-2288

AMERIEZ 1983: Oceanographic factors affecting seabird occurrence in the Scotia and Weddell Seas. Ainley, D.G., et al, Antarctic journal of the United States, 1984, 19(5), p.119-121, 1 ref Fraser, W.R.

Cryobiology, Pack ice, Sea ice, Ecology, Scotia Sea, Antarctica—Weddell Sea.

In conjunction with AMERIEZ, the pack-ice/open-water sys-tem was studied in detail to determine whether occurrence pat-terns of seabirds were responses to changes in prey availability and prey types or to changes in the physical features of the environment. Birds were most abundant at the pack-ice edge and at the confluence of the Scotia and Weddell Seas about 600 km north of ice-edge zone. South of the ice edge, concentrations were associated with both increasing biological activity in to the transfer of the above to the about the about the above to

the lower food web and with distinct ice types, including floes exhibiting especially high organic activity. In the pack ice large amphipod and decapod crustaceans were predominant in seabi. I dieta, while euphausiids and myctophid fishes increased in importance in the marginal ice zone. In open water, the predominance of myctophids, euphausiids, amphipods, and salps shifted in the diets. The results indicate that physical features of the environment are important in affecting seabird occurrence in the pack-ice/open-water situation, however for a few species exhibiting more specialized diets, i.e., squid esters, prey availability may be more important.

40-2289

Ecology of sea-ice microbial communities in McMurdo Sound.

Kottmeier, S.T., et al, Antarctic journal of the United States, 1984, 19(5), p.129-131, 14 refs. Muscat, A.M., Craft, L.L., Kastendiek, '.E., Sullivan,

Microbiology, Cryobiology, Sea ice, Ecology, Microbiology, Antarctics—McMurdo Soand.

Research experiments investigating the physiology and ecology of sea ice communities in McMurdo Sound are described. The following questions are addressed: What is the influence of temperature on microalgal photosynthesis? What are the rates of primary and bacterial production in the annual sea ice and undrylying water column during the austral spring/summer? What microfauna and macrofauna are associated with the sea ice, and do they graze on microalgae of the sea ice microbial community? The results of temperature experiments showed each firsten of carbon by the seasice microbial community. community? The results of temperature experiments showed peak fixation of carbon by the sea-ice microbial cummunity between 4C and 8C. In a light perturbation experiment, a snow-free quadrat (100 sq m), and a snow-covered quadrat (100 sq m) were maintained on the annual sea ice. Downwelling irradiance beneath the snow-free quadrat was maximally 3% of ruface irradiance, while beneath the snow-covered quadrat it was 0.02%. The low irradiance beneath the snow-covered quadrat prevented significant microalgal photosynthesis. Maximum amounts of chlorophyll a, carbon fixation, and bacterial production were 1-2 orders of magnitude greater in the snow-free quadrat than the snow-covered one. Maximum chlorophyll a, carbon fixation and bacterial production were found in the water column below sea ice during a Phaeocystis chlorophyll a, carbon fixation and bacterial production were found in the water column below sea ice during a Phaeocystis sp. bloom. This research suggests that the sea ice microbial communities contribute significant primary and secondary production to polar marine ecosystems by growth in sea ice at temperatures close to -1.81C, despite optimal metabolism at temperatures above freezing. Large accumulations of microal-gae result from growth with adequate nutrients and light, and possibly low grazing pressure by macrofauna.

40-2290

Photoadaptation in sea-ice microalgae in McMurdo Sound

Palmisano, A.C., et al, Antarctic journal of the United States, 1984, 19(5), p.131-132, 5 refs. SooHoo, J.B., Sullivan, C.W.

biology, Ecology, Sea Ice, Amurenca McMurdo Sound.

McMurdo Sound.

Studies of the relationship between photosynthesis and irradiance in sea-ice microalgae collected from the bottom of congelation ice at Cape Armitage are summarized. A maximum photosynthetic rate (P max) of 0.06 mg of carbon per milligram of chlorophyll a per hour was reached at 5 microEinsteins per sq m per sec. This P max is significantly lower than those for temperate phytoplankton whose P max rates usually range from 2.10 mg of carbon per mg of chlorophyll a per hour (Falkowski). temperate phytoplankton whose P max rates usually range from 2-10 mg of carbon per mg of chlorophyll a per hour (Falkowski 1981). Photosynthesis was inhibited at irradiances > 60 micro Einsteins per sq m per sec. The data demonstrate the extremely shade-adapted nature of photosynthesis in ice microalgae. Sea-ice microalgae are currently being used as a model to study the rate of photosadaptation to altered light fields.

40-2291

Thalassiosica antarctica (Bacillariophyceae): vegetative and resting stage ultrastructure of an ice-related marine distom.

Doucette, G.J., et al, Polar biology, 1985, 4(2), p.107-112, 27 refs. Fryxell, G.A.

Algae, Ice edge, Marine biology.

Algae, Ice edge, Marine biology.

The ultrastructure of Thalassiosia antarctica vegetative and reating stages are compared using light and transmission electron microscopy. Resting spores contain noticeably—rea ligid reserves than do vegetative cells. Numerous mitochondis and generally fewer numbers of other organelles are eliminated itom spores into an abortive daughter cell when the spore formation division sequence is terminated. The remaining spore contents are a compact arrangement of organelles with lipid bodies predomatiating. These two stages are thus ultrastructurally distinct, and differences in their chemical composition can be manifested as cytological modifications. (Auth.) manifested as cytological modifications. (Auth.)

40-2292

Kesting spore formation in the antircirc matoms Cos cinodiscus furcatus Karsten and Thalassiosira australis Peragalio.

Syvertsen, E.E., Polar biology, 1985, 4(2), p.113-119, 19 refs.

Algae, Sea ice, Marine biology.

The resting spore morphology of the diatoms Coscinodiscus furcatus Karsten and Thalassiosira australis Peragallo is described. The spore valve of C. furcatus differs from those of the vegetative cells primarily by a greater convexity and a coarser and more distinctly fasciculated areolation. This resting spore is identical to the diatom traditionally identified as C. stellaris

var. symbolophorus (Grunow) Jörgensen. The resting spore of T. australia differs from .he vegetative cells by a lack of clusters of strutted processes in a modified ring on valve face, a coarser areolation and tangential rows of areolae, and a narrower and more simply structured girdle. The resting spore valve of T. australis has been described as belonging to a separate species, Actinocyclus excentricus Peragallo. (Auth.)

40-2293

Vegetation and ecology of ice-free areas of northern Victoria Land, Antarctica. 2. Ecological conditions in typical microhabitats of lichens at Birthday Ridge. Kappen, L., Polar biology, 1985, 4(4), p.227-236, 30

Lichens, Mosses, Snow cover effect, Antarctica-Victoria Land.

At Birthday Ridge, a small ice free area in northern Victoria At Birthoay Ringe, a small ice free area in northern victoria Land, cryptogamic vegetation is mostly confined to gaps between granitic rock. The sheltering effect en lichens and mosses was analyzed by continuous measurements of the microclimate at various levels between the rocks. Although warming by solar radiation was favorable for the existence of cryptogams, rocks strongly insolated were mostly devoid of lichens and mosses. The presence of lichens was dependent on the moisture conditions of the habitat. It was observed that snow, the only source of moisture, accumulated in summer only in deeper levels between rocks, and that the snov rapidly melted on contact with the lichens. After a snow shower, Usnes supplures gained 67% and Umbilicaria decussata 94% of their maximum water capacity. (Auth. mod.)

Stefan problem with one space variable. [Zadacha Stefana s odnol prostranstvennol peremennol, Kaliev, I.A., et al, Akademiia nauk SSSR. Doklady, 1985, 285(4), p.861-865, In Russian. 8 refs. Meirmanov, A.M. Stefan problem, Heat transfer, Boundary value prob-

Pollution of Arctic seas by radioactive wastes from West European nuclear reprocessing plants.

Vakulovskii, S.M., et al, Soviet atomic energy, June 1985 (publ. Dec. 85), 58(6), p.509-514, Translated from Atomnaia energiia. 10 refs. Nikitin, A.I., Chumichev, V.B.

Water pollution, Radioactive wastes, Sea water, Ocean currents, Charts.

40-2296

Proceedings.

Symposium on Snow and Ice Processes at the Earth's Symposium on Snow and Ice Processes at the Earth's Surface, Sapporo, Japan, Sep. 2-7, 1964, Aumais of glaciology, 1985, Vol.6, 329p., Refs. passim. For individual papers see 40-2297 through 40-2388 or F-33287, F-33289 through 33297, F-33299 through 33306, I-33288 and J-33298.

Snow surveys, Ice surveys, Glaciology, Hydrology, Meetings, Ice physics, Meltwater, Snow physics.

The symposium was held at Sapporo, Japan, in Sep. 1984. There were 186 registered participants, 2/3 of whom were Japanese. The proceedings include: 92 full papers and several abstracts (p. 321-329). The main topics are glaciology, snow, ice and meltwater.

40-2297

Contribution to the prediction of slush avalanches. Hestnes, E., Annals of glaciology, 1985, Vol.6, Symposium on Snow and Ice Processes at the Earth's Surface, Sapporo, Japan, Sep. 2-7, 1984. Proceedings,

p.1-4, 6 refs.

Slush, Avalanche formation, Geomorphology, Snow cover stability, Mountains, Avalanche forecasting, Damage, Climatic factors, Snow ice interface, Grain

40-2298
Avalanche flow dynamics with material locking.

A reals of staciology, 1985, Vol.6, Lang, T.E., et al, Annals of glaciology, 1985, Vol.6, Symposium on Snow and Ice Processes at the Earth's S' face, Sapporo, Japan, Sep. 2-7, 1984. Proceed-

ngs, p.5-8, 11 refs.
Nakamura, T., Dent, J.D., Martinelli, M., Jr.
Avalanche mechanics, Liydrodynamics, Flow rate, Friction, Velocity, Dynamic properties.

Characteristics of flowing snow and avalanche impact pressures.

McClung, D.M., et al, Annals of glaciology, 1985, Vol.6, Symposium on Snow and Ice Processes at the Earth's Surface, Sapporo, Japan, Sep. 2-7, 1984. Proceedings, p.9-14, 12 refs. Schaer P.A.

Avalanche mechanics, Impact strength, Flow rate, Snow loads, Pressure, Snow density, Grain size.

40-2300

Computer study of snow avalanche st. . tup dynamics. Nakamura, T., et al, Annels of glaciology, 1985, Vol.6, Symposium on Snow and Ice Processes at the

Vol.o, Symposium on Snow and ite Processes at the Earth's Surface, Sapporo, Japan, Sep. 2-7, 1984. Proceedings, p.15-18, 10 refs.

Abe, O., Numano, N., Lang, T.E.

Avalanche mechanics, Avalanche formation, Hydrodynamics, Wet snow, Computer applications, Friedran Viscous Computer applications, Friedran Viscous Computer applications. tion, Viscous flow, Analysis (mathematics). 40-2301

Measurement of avalanche speeds and forces; instrumentation and preliminary results of the Ryggfonn Project.

Norem, H., et al, Annals of glaciology, 1985, Vol.6, Symposium on Snow and Ice Processes at the Earth's Surface, Sapporo, Japan, Sep. 2-7, 1984. Proceedings, p.19-22 9 refs

isteroy, T.K., Evensen, B.D.

Avaianche mechanics, Impact strength, Concrete structures, Snow loads, Time factor, Dams, Pressure. 40-2302

Meteorological conditions that initiate slushflows in

the Central Brooks Range, Alaska. Onesti, L.J., Annals of glaciology, 1985, Vol.6, Symposium on Snow and Ice Processes at the Earth's Surface, Sapporo, Japan, Sep. 2-7, 1984. Proceedings, p 23-25, 13 refs.

Slush, Snow accumulation, Avalanche formation, Flow rate, Snowmelt, Meteorological factors, Alpine glaciation.

40-2303

Messurement and analysis of the motion of dense flow avalanches.

Salm, B., et al, Annals of glaciology, 1985, Vol.6, Symposium on Snow and Ice Processes at the Earth's Surface, Sapporo, Japan, Sep. 2-7, 1984. Proceedings, p.26-34, 10 refs. Gubler, H.

Avalanche mechanics, Flow rate, Slope orientation, Flow measurement. Profiles. Analysis (mathematics). 40-2304

Errors and corrections in calculation of heat flux in

Antarctic surface snow.

Kikuchi, T., et al, Annals of glaciology. 1985, Vol.6, Symposium on Snow and ice Processes at the Earth's Surface, Sapporo, Japan, Sep. 2-7, 1984. Proceed-

ings, p.35-38, 10 refs. Wada, M., Yamanouchi, T.

Snow heat flux, Temperature measurement.

This paper describes errors and corrections in snow heat flux when it is calculated using the numerical differentiation and integration method. The data obtained by the 20th Japanese Antarctic Research Expedition during GARP-POLEX in 1979 Antarctic Research Expedition during GARP-POLEX in 1979 are used as test case. Four factors are considered as causes of errors: a) temperature resolution, b) integration, c) determination of snow density and d) the deepest boundary condition. Factors a) and b) are significant in short term estimation, and the total error exceeds 90% if a daily value is calculated. The errors from a) can be reduced if the temperature is averaged over a long period, while those from b) become small in long term flux calculations. The total error can be reduced to 10% in nonthly flux, while the improvement is limited by c) and d). If a constant thermal diffusivity is assumed between two levels of temperature measurement, a numerical filter which compenof temperature measurement, a numerical filter which compensates for the effect of b) is composed. By using running as ages in deep layers (z > 0.5 m) and he numerical filter shallow layers (z < 0.5 m), hourly flux can be calculated w errors of about 30%. (Auth.)

40-2305

Air and water vapour convection in snow.

Klever, N., Annals of glaciology, 1985, Vol.6, Symposium on Snow and Ice Processes at the Earth's Surface, Sapporo, Japan, Sep. 2-7, 1984. Proceedings, p.39-42, 26 refs.
Snow cover, Convection, Water vapor, Snow air inter-

face, Heat transfer, Mass transfer, Meltwater, Thermal effects. Analysis (mathematics), Snowmelt. 40-2306

Experiments on thermal convection in snow.

Powers, D. et al. Appels of placicles, 1985, Vol.6, MP 2006, Symposium on Snow and Ice Processes at the Earth's Surface, Sapporo, Japan, Sep. 2-7, 1984. Proceedings, p.43-47, 16 refs.

Snow physics, Convertion, Heat transfer,

Snow physics, Convection, Heat transfer. Thermal convection is observed in snc w and in a compact of water-saturated glass beads. While uncertainty in the permeability of the snow limits our ability to compare the observed and calculated onset of convection, agreement between the observed and calculated effects of convection on heat transfer in snow is good. Experimental results with glass beads agice with both the calculated onset of and heat transfer by convection. Attentits are made to assess the effects of convection on snow Attempts are made to assess the effects of convection on snow metamorphism While much is still uncertain about the significance of thermal convection in snow, it is clear that the

Modelling a snowdrift by means of activated clay particles.

Anno, Y., Annals of glaciology, 1985, Vol.6, MP 2007, Symposium on Snow and Ice Processes at the Earth's Surface, Sapporo, Japan, Sep. 2-7, 1984. Proceedings, p.48-52, 12 refs.

Snowdrifts, Snow mechanics, Water content, Models,

Wind velocity, Clay soils, Snow fences.

40-2308

Two-dimensional solutions for a turbulent continuum theory for the atmospheric mixture of snow and sir. Decker, R., et al, Annals of glaciology, 1985, Vol.6, Symposium on Snow and Ice Processes at the Earth's Surface, Sapporo, Japan, Sep. 2-7, 1984. Proceedings, p.53-58, 5 refs. Brown, R.L.

Snow air interface, Turbulent flow, Snow mechanics, Air flow, Snowflakes, Buoyancy, Theories, Velocity,

40-2309

Effect of blowing snow on katabatic winds in Antarc-

Kodama, Y., et al, Annals of glaciology, 1985, Vol.6, Symposium on Snow and Ice Processes at the Earth's Surface, Sapporo, Japan, Sep. 2-7, 1984. Proceedings, p.59-62, 21 refs.
Wendler, G., Gosink, J.
Wind velocity, Blowing snow, Snow density, Antarctica, Addis Coart

tica-Adélie Coast.

tica—Adélie Coast.

An acceleration of the katabatic winds during periods of blowing snow was observed in Adélie Land. Data collected by Automatic Weather stations showed a change in the relationship between the katabatic term of the surface geostrophic wind (katabatic force) and the wind speed for periods of blowing anow. When measurements of the katabatic force were piotted against the cube of the wind speed, the slope was steeper for wind speeds at less than a threshold speed for blowing snow. The difference between these two slopes was partly explained by the effect of blowing snow entrained into the atmospheric boundary layer (Auth.)

40-2310

Wind-tunnel experiments on blowing snow.

Maeno, N., et al, Annals of glaciology, 1985, Vol.6, Symposium on Snow and Ice Processes at the Earth's Surface, Sapporo, Japan, Sep. 2-7, 1984. Proceed-

ings, p.63-67, 11 refs. Wind tunnels, Blowing snow, Heat transfer, Electric charge, Air temperature, Wind velocity, Pressure.

Design criteria and location of snow fences.

Norem, H., Annals of glaciology, 1985, Vol.6, Symposium on Snow and Ice Processes at the Earth's Surface, Sapporo, Japan, Sep. 2-7, 1984. Proceedings, p.68-70, 9 refs.

Snow fences, Snowdrifts, Drifting snow, Design criteria, Wind velocity.

Characteristics of drifting snow at Mizuho Station, Antarctica.

Takahashi, S., Annals of glaciology, 1985, Vol.6, Symposium on Snow and Ice Processes at the Earth's Stiface, Sapporo, Japan, Sep. 2-7, 1984. Proceedings, p.71-75, 11 refs.

Snowdrifts, Wind velocity, Antarctica— fizuho Sta

tion.

tion.

Observations of drifting snow were carried out at Aizmo Station, 230 m above sea level, in 1982. Drift flux was preportional to about the 8th power of wind velocity above 1 m and about the 4th power below 0.1 m, while snow drift transport rate was proportional to about the 5th power. For drift flux at 1 m height, the power had a temperature dependence, decreasing above -20 C. Visibility was proportional to about the -8th power of wind velocity; this is explained by the power relation between drift flux and wind velocity. The repose angle of drifting snow particles was observed by the inclination of a conshaped deposit on a disk, it was more than 80 deg when snow was falling and less than 80 deg without precipitation. The fall velocity of drifting snow particles, obtained by time-marked trajectories of particles, was between 0.3 and 0.9 m/s, and depended on wind velocity and snow particle shape. (Auth.)

40-2313

Climatic shift of the equilibrium line; Kuhn's concept applied to the Greenland Ice Cap.

Ambach, W., Annals of glaciology, 1985, Vol.6, Symposium on Snow and Ice Processes at the Earth's Surface, Support Juper Sep. 2-7, 1984. Proceedings, p.76-78, 17 refs.

Ice sheets, Heat balance, Heat transfer, Glacier ablation, Climatic changes, Cloud cover, Altitude, Tem-perature gradients, Analysis (mathematics), Seasonal ablation.

40-2314

Grain growth and mechanical behaviour of polar ice. Duval, P., Annals of glaciology, 1985, Vol.6, Symposium on Snow and Ice Processes at the Earth's Surface, Sapporo, Japan, Sep. 2-7, 1984. Proceedings, p.79-82, 21 refs.

Grain size, Ice mechanics, Ice deformation, Ice crystal growth, Antarctics—Byrd Station.

tal growth, Antarctica—Byrd Station.

Crystal size in polar ice cape increases with depth from the snow surface down to several hundred meters. Data on crystal growth in isothermal polar snow and ice show the same linear relationship between the size of crystals and their age. This paper reviews the mechanical behavior of polar ice which exhibits grain growth. Grain boundary migration associated with grain growth appears to be an efficient accommodation process for grain boundary sliding and dislocation glide. For grain growth to occur, strain energy must always be lower than the free energy of boundares. The sintering of ice particles in polar firn is energized by the pressure due to the overburden of snow. Dislocation creep must be taken into account to explain the densification rate in the intermediate and final stage. Constants of power law creep should depend on the crystal growth rate. (Auth.)

Experimental studies on densification and pressuresintering of ice.

Ebinuma, T., et al, Annals of glaciology, 1985, Vol.6, Symposium on Snow and Ice Processes at the Earth's Surface, Sapporo, Japan, Sep. 2-7, 1984. Proceedings, p. 83-86, 6 refs.
Maeno, N.

Ice sintering, Ice density, Ice creep, Temperature effects, Pressure, Time factor.

40-2316

Field frost heave prediction related to ice segregation

Processes during soil freezing.
Fukuda, M., et al, Annals of glaciology, 1985,
Vol.6, Symposium on Snow and Ice Processes at the Earth's Surface, Sapporo, Japan, Sep. 2-7, 1984. Proceedings, p.87-91, 16 refs. Kinoshita, S.

Prost heave, Soil freezing, Soil water migration, Ground Ice, Capillarity, Forecasting, Models, Frost penetration, Temperature gradients.

Acidity of snow and its reduction by alkaline aerosols. Kumai, M., Annals of glaciology, 1985, Vol.6, MP 2008, Symposium on Snow and Ice Processes at the Earth's Surface, Supporo, Japan, Sep. 2-7, 1984. Proceedings, p.92-94, 9 refs.

Snow composition, Chemical properties, Aerosols, Countermeasures, Scanning electron microscopy, Hydrogen ion concentration, Fly ash.

Hydrogen ion concentration, Fly ash.

Snow crystals scavenge aerosols in the atmosphere during the processes of growth and precipitation. Several kinds of flyash are found in acid snow by scanning electron microscope examination. Flyash particles from coal fired electric power plants in Fairbanks, Alaska, were found to be spherical or irregular in shape with a 0.2 to 50 micron diamieter, and were rich in calcium, silicon, aluminum and iron. The pH of 35 snow samples in Fairbanks ranged from 5.60 to 7.48. The acid snow was changed to alkaline snow by dry fallout of calcium-rich flyash from the electric power plants, which were using calcium-rich Alaskan coal. from the elec

40-2318

Settlement force on a beam in snowpack by computer

Settlement force on a beam in snowpack by computer indelling.

Lang T.E., et al., Ann. In guillings, 1985, Vol.6, This issum on Snorman for Processes a the Earth's Surface, 15, 5070, Japan, Sep. 2-7, 1984. Indeedings, p. 95-99, 4 refs.

Nakamura, H. Abe, O.

Snow cover structure, Settlement (structural), Snow cover structure, Settlement (Structural).

compression, Bearing strength, Snow creep, Snow depth, Viscoelasticity, Snow density, Computer applications, Models, Analysis (mathematics), Beams (supports).

40-2319

Measurements of thermal parameters in antarctic snow and firn.

Lange M.A., Annals of glaciology, 1985, Vol.6, Symposium on Snow and Ice Processes at the Earth's Surface, Sapporo, Japan, Sep. 2-7, 1984 Proceedings, p.100-104, 18 refs.

p.100-104, 18 refs.

Pirn, Thermal conductivity, Snow thermal properties,
Snow density, Antarctica—Filchner Ice Shelf.

Values of effective thermal conductivities of snow and firn were
obtained at Filchner Ice Shelf. A transient line source method
(a needle probe with a diameter of 1.6 mm) for conductivity
determination, which allows give is measurements with high actial resolution, was employed. The data yield a linear relationship between effective thermal conductivity and density of
snow, which implies a strong dependence of thermal conductivit, on densit.—Comparison of thermal conductivities and
other snow pit data suggests that density alone is a poor measure other snow pit data suggests that density alone is a poor measure of effective thermal conductivities of snow and firm. It is

proposed that grain structure is probably the governing parameter in determining heat transport in the upper firm layers (Auth)

40-2320

Studies on structures and physical properties of snow on Mizuho Plateau, Antarctica.

Nishimura, H., et al, Annals of glaciology, 1985, Vol.6, Symposium on Snow and Ice Processes at the Earth's Surface, Sapporo, Japan, Sep. 2-7, 1984. Proceedings, p.105-107, 5 refs.

Macno, N.

Danth N.

Danth S.

Depth hoar, Snow cover structure, Snow physics, Antarctica-Mizuho Plateau.

tarctica—Mizuho Plateau.

Relations between structures and physical properties of snow of four 30-m cores in Mizuho Plateau were investigated by measuring their specific areas of internal free surfaces and air permeabilities, which decreased with increasing depth. Both of the depth profiles showed a kink at a depth of a critical density 550 kg/cu m, indicating a change in the physical mechanism of densification. The drastic decrease of the specific areas above the depth of the kink was considered to be mainly caused by rounding and growth of ice particles; the gradual decrease below the kink were attributed to the development of bonding and particles. Measured air permeability was compared with the theoretical one for randomly packed powders of uniformly sized solid particles. The discrepancy between the measured and theo: ucal permeabilities was explained by the change in shapes and sizes of air channels in the snow. The depth hoar formation, which was active in regions with smaller accumulation of snow, was considered to result in the favorable shapes tion of snow, was considered to result in the favorable shapes of channels for air permeation. (Auth.)

40-2321

Enclosure of air during metamorphosis of dry firn to

Stauffer, B., et al, Annals of glaciology, 1985, Vol.6, Symposium on Snow and Ice Processes at the Earth's Surface, Sapporo, Japan, Sep. 2-7, 1984. Proceedings, p.108-112, 21 refs.

Schwander, J., Oeschger, H.
Ice dating, Air entrainment, Firn, Metamorphism (snow), Ice composition, Bubbles.

If cold firn has reached a density of about 0.55 Mg/cu m, further If cold firm has reached a density of about 0.55 Mg/cu m, further densification occurs by a sintering process which increases the contact surface between the firn grains. The pore volume is decreasing continuously but the firm remains permeable to air up to a density of 0.82 Mg/cu m. At about this density the remaining air in the pore volume is closed off in isolated bubbles. The age and the age distribution of the air enclosed in bubbles relative to the age of the surrounding ice, and the development of the pore volume in firn, are investigated. A newly constructed measuring device allows the field measurement of the amount of air which is already enclosed in bubbles of firn samples. Measurements have been made during summer 1983 in Greenland and during winter 1983/84 at the South Pole. The results are discussed and compared with results obtained with a simplified statistical sintering model, using some results of percolation theory. (Auth.)

Estimation and effects of internal accumulation on five glaciers in Alaska.

Trabant, D.C., et al., Annals of glaciology, 1985, Vol.6, Symposium on Snow and Ice Processes at the Earth's Surface, Sapporo, Japan, Sep. 2-7, 1984. Proceedings, p.113-117, 18 refs.

Mayo, L.R.

Glacier alimentation. Firm. Glacier mass balance. Thermal re place, I sterfaces, I emperature effects, Climatic factor., se temperature, Ranoff.

40-2321

Extinction and absorption of solar radiation within a

Fukami, H., et al, Annals of glacrology, 1985, Vol.6, Symposium on Snow and Ice Processes at the Earth's Surface, Sapporo, Japan, Sep. 2-7, 1984. Proceedings, p.118-122, 9 refs.

Ings, p. 116-122, 9 rets.

Kojima, K., Aburakawa, H.

Snow cover, Solar radiation, Radiation absorption,
Snow compaction, Snow water content, Radiation
measuring instruments, Snow density, Metamorphism (snow), Snow temperature, Snow depth.

40-2324

Effect of snow cover on time lag of runoff from a

watershed.

Kobayashi, D., et al, Annals of glaciology, 1985,
Vol 5, 33 n postum on Staw and Lee Processes at the

Earth's Surface, Sapporo, Japan, Sep 1, 7, 1984. Proceedings, p. 123-125, 8 refs.

Motoyama, H Runoff, Snow cover effect, Watersheds, Meltwater, Snow depth, Snow stratigraphy, Time factor.

Grain coarsening of snow particles immersed in water and solutions.

Tushima, K., Annals of glaciology, 1985, Vol.6, Symposium on Snow and Ice Processes at the Earth's Surface, Sapporo, Japan, Sep. 2-7, 1984. Proceedings, p.126-129, 13 refs.

Snow crystal structure, Water, Solutions, Grain size, Particles, Snow pellets, Time factor, Metamorphism (snow), Impurities.

40-2326

Formation processes of ice fabric pattern in ice sheets.

Azuma, N., et al, Annals of glaciology, 1985, Vol.6, Symposium on Snow and Ice Processes at the Earth's Surface, Sapporo, Japan, Sep. 2-7, 1984. Proceedings, p.130-134, 15 refs.

Higashi, A.

Ice crystal structure, Compressive properties, Ice deformation, Ice sheets, Strains, Experimentation, Analysis (mathematics).

40-2327

Thermally and mechanically induced regulation of ice. Horiguchi, K., et al, Annals of glaciology, 1985, Vol.6, Symposium on Snow and Ice Processes at the Earth's Surface, Sapporo, Japan, Sep. 2-7, 1984. Proceedings, p.135-137, 10 refs. Miller.

Regelation, Supercooling, Ice formation, Ice melting, Cold chambers, Temperature effects, Analysis (mathematics).

40-2328

On the internal melting phenomenon (puddle formation) in fast sea ice, East Antarctica.

Ishikawa, N., et al, Annals of glaciology, 1985, Vol.6, Symposium on Snow and Ice Processes at the Earth's Surface, Sapporo, Japan, Sep. 2-7, 1984. Proceedings, p. 138-141, 10 refs. Kobayashi, S.

Albedo, Meltwater, Sea ice, Thermal conductivity, Antarctica-Lutrow-Holm Bay.

Extensive internal melting (puddle formation) was observed on the sheet of fast sea ice near Ongul Island in Nov., 1980. Sur-face melting was not seen and puddles did not form beneath anow cover with a high albedo (0.7 to 0.8) but were present in bare sea ice with low albedo (0.2 to 0.3). Electro-conductivisnow cover with a high albedo (0.7 to 0.8) but were present in bare sea ice with low albedo (0.2 to 0.3). Electro-conductivi-ties of puddle water ranged from 3.3-6.6 mS/cm, these were higher than for drinking water from an iceberg or snow drift (below 0.9 mS/cm). Puddle water is therefore considered to originate from the internal melting of sea ice, as a result of the internal absorption of solar radiation from the surface down to internal absorption of solar radiation from the surface down a certain depth. The mechanism of puddle formation is plained by numerical analysis of a differential equation of plained by numerical analysis of a differential equation of plained by numerical analysis of a differential equation of plained by numerical analysis of a differential equation of plained by numerical analysis of a differential equation of plained by numerical analysis of a differential equation of the numerical analysis of a differ n, which includes the amoun heat evolved by the absorbed solar radiation. (Auth.)

40-2320

Effect of roughness on the rate of ice accretion on a

Makkonen, L., et al, Annals of glaciology, 1985, Vol.6, Symposium on Snow and Ice Processes at the Earth's Surface, Sapporo, Japan, Sep. 2-7, 1984. Proceedings, p.142-145, 10 refs. Stallabrass, J.R.

Icing, Ice accretion, Surface roughness, Boundary layer, Pipes (tubes), Heat transfer, Mathematical models. Tests. Ice loads.

40-2330

On the relationship of thermodynamic and physical

properties of polymers with ice adhesion.

Murase, H., et al, Annals of glaciology, 1985, Vol.6, Symposium on Snow and Ice Processes at the Earth's Surface, Sapporo, Japan, Sep. 2-7, 1984. Proceedings, p.146-149, 12 refs.

Ice adhesion, Polymers, Shear strength, Hydrogen

40-2331

Ice formation and ice structure on Law Dome, Antarc-

Xie, Z., Annals of glaciology, 1985, Vol.6, Symposium on Snow and Ice Processes at the Earth's Surface, Sapporo, Japan, Sep. 2-7, 1984. Proceedings, p.150-

Ice crystals, Ice formation, Ice structure, Antarctica -Law Dome.

Studies of ice from two boreholes near Cape Folger show changes of microtexture and fabric of ice crystals with depth. Six different layers of ice can be identified, a deposition layer with polygonal shaped crystals, an ice fabric which is dependent on the ice formation process; a transition layer with porphyrob-lastic crystals and a girdle fabric pattern developing toward a two-pole fabric; a fine grained layer with cataclastic crystals and atrong, nearly vertical single pole c-axis fabric; a coarse grained layer with large, interlocking, branched crystals and a diamond pattern of fabric; a second fine grained layer with a single max imum fabric; a second coarse grained layer with multi-maxima fabric. The origin of the second fine grained layer, found in the ice of the last glaciation is discussed. It is suggested that this ice results from conditions during the last glaciation. (Auth.

40-2332

artination of the control of the con

Energy exchange and its influence factors on moun-

tain glaciers in West China. Bai, Z., et al, Annals of glaciology, 1985, Vol.6, Symposium on Snow and Ice Processes at the Earth's Surface, Sapporo, Japan, Sep. 2-7, 1984. Proceedings, p.154-157, 5 refs.
Yu, X.

Mountain glaciers, Heat transfer, Glacier ablation, Glacier surfaces, Climatic factors, Snow line, Solar radiation, China.

40-2333

Energy balance calculations for the ablation period 1982 at Vernagtferner, Oetztal Alps.

Escher-Vetter, H., Annals of glaciology, 1985, Vol.6, Symposium on Snow and Ice Processes at the Barth's Surface, Sapporo, Japan, Sep. 2-7, 1984. Proceedings, p.158-160, 3 refs.

Glacier heat balance, Glacier ablation, Glacier melting, Radiation balance, Climatic factors, Runoff, Meltwater, Latent heat, Air temperature, Humidity, Wind factors.

40-2334

Temperature and accumulation of high altitude firm in the Alps.

the Aips.
Haeberli, W., et al, Annals of glaciology, 1985,
Vol.6, Symposium on Snow and Ice Processes at the
Earth's Surface, Sapporo, Japan, Sep. 2-7, 1984. Proceedings, p.161-163, 19 refs.

Firn. Ice growth. Ice temperature, Mass balance, Heat transfer, Glacier flow, Carbon dioxide, Altitude, Temperature gradients, Wind erosion, Topographic effects, Alpine glaciation, Switzerland—Alps.

Bidirectional reflectance of polar and alpine snow surfaces.

Kuhn, M., Annals of glaciology, 1985, Vol.6, Symposium on Snow and Ice Processes at the Earth's Surface, Sapporo, Japan, Sep. 2-7, 1984. Proceedings, p.164-

Albedo, Reflectivity, Snow optics, Solar radiation, Antarctica.

The reflectance distribution of polar and alpine snow was mea sured under various conditions at 450, 514, 750 and 1,000 nm wavelength. A reflectance peak appears in the azimuth directions up to 60 deg to both sides of the solar azimuth, is more prominent at high zenith angles of incidence and of reflectance and is better developed in coarse than in fine-grained snow. Under natural conditions, when only hemispherical-directional reflectivity can be determined, the anisotropy is spread in the blue part of the spectrum where the diffuse component dominates global irradiance. Bidirectional reflectance of a laser beam at 514 nm over alpine snow is comparable to that at 1,000 (Auth.)

40-2336

Rate determining processes of sea ice growth. Kuroda, T., Annals of glaciology, 1985, Vol.6, Sym-

posium on Snow and Ice Processes at the Earth's Surface, Sapporo, Japan, Sep. 2-7, 1984. Proceedings, p.168-170, 4 refs.

Ice growth, Sea ice, Heat transfer, Ice crystal growth, Thermal conductivity, Ice water interface, Ion diffusion, Mathematical models, Salt water, Latent heat. 40-2337

Oceanic heat flux as a component of the heat budget of sea ice.

Langleben, M.P., Annals of glaciology, 1985, Vol.6, Symposium on Snow and Ice Processes at the Earth's Surface, Sapporo, Japan, Sep. 2-7, 1984. Proceedings, p.171-173, 7 refs.

Sea ice, Heat capacity, Ice cover effect, Ice salinity, Heat flux, Sea water, Ice cover thickness, Latent heat. Freezing.

40-2338

Heat balance at the snow surface in a katabatic wind zone. East Antarctica.

Ohata, T., et al, Annals of glaciology, 1985, Vol.6, Symposium on Snow and Ice Processes at the Earth's Surface, Sapporo, Japan, Sep. 2-7, 1984. Proceedings, p.174-177, 13 refs.

Ishikawa, N., Kohavashi, S., Kawaguchi, S.

Heat balance, Wind factors, Snow thermal properties, Snow surface, Condensation, Antarctica-

Each component of the heat balance equation was obtained independently for 24 days in winter and 8 days in summer in 1980 at Mizuho Station. In winter, cloud amount and variations in the strength of katabatic wind were important factors determining the variation in heat balance components. Condensation of water vapor occurred in winter and sublimation in

ummer, the latter had a significant effect on the heat balance The small condensation may be due to the structure of the temperature inversion at Mizuho which is related to the katabatic wind. Results show that at Mizuho, the radiation loss is greater than at any other site on the continent excluding the coastal stations. (Auth. mod.)

Heat exchange and surface conditions in North Water, northern Baffin Bay.

Steffen, K., et al, Annals of glaciology, 1985, Vol.6, Symposium on Snow and Ice Processes at the Earth's Surface, Sapporo, Japan, Sep. 2-7, 1984. Proceedings, p.178-181, 10 refs. Ohmura, A.

Heat transfer, Sea water, Ice cover effect, Remote sensing, Heat balance, Polynyas, Seasonal variations, Ice conditions, Arctic Ocean.

40-2340

Annual sait and energy budget beneath an antarcic fast ice cover.

Allison, I., et al, Annals of glaciology, 1985, Vol.6, Symposium on Snow and Ice Processes at the Earth's Surface, Sapporo, Japan, Sep. 2-7, 1984. Proceed-

ings, p.182-186, 8 refs. Tivendale, C.M., Copson, G.R.

Meltwater, Ice melting, Ice salinity, Water temperature, Salt water, Ice cover effect, Sea ice, Heat balance, Ice cover thickness, Kista Strait.

ance, Ice cover thickness, Kista Strait.

Water temperature and salinity profiles were measured to a depth of 300 m below a fast ice cover near Mawson Station over a full annual cycle. Throughout the winter there is a net advection of salty water to the site which enhances the salinity increase in the water due to brine ejected from ice. After the ice reaches its maximum thickness there is considerable advection of warmer water which both raises the water temperature at the site and provides heat for the large oceanic heat flux previously reported for Mawson. The rate of this heat advection increases as the ice extent around Antarctica decreases. The ice partially melts in situ and breaks out in mid January. This effective ly melts in situ and breaks out in mid January. removal of fresh water is balanced by a large influx of melt water from the continental ice sheet. The fresh water, initially near the surface, becomes well mixed to depths of greater than 200 m by strong storms in the ice free period from mid January to early April. (Auth. mod.)

40-2341

Ice front fluctuation in the eastern and southern Weddell Sea.

Lange, M.A., et al, Annals of glaciology, 1985, Vol.6, Symposium on Snow and Ice Processes at the Earth's Surface, Sapporo, Japan, Sep. 2-7, 1984. Proceedings, p.187-191, 17 refs.

Ice edge, Ablation, Ice shelves, Ice mechanics, Mans.

Weddell Sea.

New data on the position of ice edges in the eastern and southern Weddell Sea for the years 1983 and 1984 are reported. The data are derived from ship-borne radar measurements of individual points along the ice edge together with ship's positions obtained by a satellite navigation system. They are accurate within 0.23 to 0.4 nm (426-741 m). Comparisons of ice shelf margins for the years 1980, 1983 and 1984 allow estimates of apparent ice advance rates during this period. Together with quantitative ice edge velocity estimates first conclusions about quantitative ice edge velocity estimates first conclusions about net changes along the ice front and the ablation along the margin of ice shelves in the eastern and southern Weddell Sea are derived. (Auth.)

40-2342

Movements of marginal pack ice off the Okhotsk Sea coast of Hokkaido.

Ono, N., Annals of glaciology, 1985, Vol.6, Symposium on Snow and Ice Processes at the Earth's Surface, Sapporo, Japan, Sep. 2-7, 1984. Proceedings, p.192-194 1 ref

Pack ice, Ice edge, Remote sensing, Ice floes, Drift, Ice mechanics, Radar photography, LANDSAT, Okhotsk Sea.

40-2343

Arctic iceberg determention field study and model simulation.

Venkatesh, S., et al, . nuals of gl. .ology, 1985, Vol.6, Symposium on Simus and Corrocesses at the Earth's Surface, Sapporo, James Corrocesses, Lee Melting, Lee deterioration, Convection, Convectio

Mass balance, Calving, Meteorological data, Oceanography, Profiles, Ocean waves, Aerial surveys, Stereophotography.

On brine drainage channels of young sea ice.

Wakatsuchi, W., et al, Annals of glaciology, 1985, Vol.6, Symposium on Snow and Ice Processes at the Earth's Surface, Sapporo, Japan, Sep. 2-7, 1984. Proceedings, p.200-202, 6 refs. Saito, 7

Brines, Channels (waterways), Drainage, Young ice, Sea ice distribution, Ice growth, Ice cover thickness.

1

Denoth, A., Annals of glaciology, 1985, Vol.6, Symposium on Snow and Ice Processes at the Earth's Surface, Sapporo, Japan, Sep. 2-7, 1984 р.203-206, 15 refs.

now electrical properties, Snow recrystallization, Metamorphism (snow), Snow cover structure, Snow water content, Unfrozen water content, Dielectric properties, Grain size, Porosity.

40-2346

Snow stratigraphy measured by an active microwave system.

Fujino, K., et al, Annals of glaciology, 1985, Vol.6 Symposium on Snow and Ice Processes at the Earth's Surface, Sapporo, Japan, Sep. 2-7, 1984. Proceedings, p.207-210, 4 refs.

ings, p.201-210, 4 less. Snow stratigraphy, Microwaves, Snow playsics, Remote sensing, Profiles, Electromagnetic prospect-ing, Spectra, Snow depth.

40-2347

Effect of snow distribution on gamma-ray survey of snow cover.

Johnsrud, M., Annals of glaciology, 1985, Vol.6, Symposium on Snow and Ice Processes at the Earth's Surface, Sapporo, Japan, Sep. 2-7, 1984. Proceedings, p.211-214, 6 refs.

now cover distribution, Snow depth, Gamma irradiation, Topographic effects, Snowdrifts, Snow water equivalent, Models.

40-2348

Determination of the principal stresses of a snow cover on a mountain slope using snow pressure gauges. Oh'izumi, M., et al, Annals of glaciology, 1985, Vol.6, Symposium on Snow and Ice Processes at the Earth's Surface, Sapporo, Japan, Sep. 2-7, 1984. Proceedings, p. 215-217, 6 refs. Huzioka, T.

Snow cover, Stresses, Slope orientation, Mountains, Compressive properties, Measuring instruments, Viscosity, Plasticity.

40-2349

Experimental study on direct shear strength of sea ice.

Saeki, H., et al, Annals of glaciology, 1985, Vol.6, Symposium on Snow and Ice Processes at the Earth's Surface, Sapporo, Japan, Sep. 2-7, 1984. Proceedings, p.218-221. Ono, T., Niu, E.Z.

Ice strength, Sea ice, Shear strength, Ice loads, Offshore structures, Shear stress, Ice physics, Ice salinity, Porosity, Grain size, Internal friction.

40-2350

Morphological instability of polyhedral ice crystals growing in air at low temperature.

Gonda, T., et al, Annals of glaciology, 1985, Vol.6, Symposium on Snow and Ice Processes at the Earth's Surface, Sapporo, Japan, Sep. 2-7, 1984. Proceedings, p.222-224, 16 refs. Gomi, H.

Snow crystal structure, Snow crystal growth, Grain size, Polar regions, Low temperature tests, Atmo-Direction Dresidence

The morphology of snow crystals growing at a low temperature The morphology of show crystals growing at a low temperature has been experimentally studied. The habit and the morphological instability of the crystals vary remarkably with air pressure. In addition, the morphological instability of the crys is depenus not only on air pressure but also on supersaturation, crystal size, the ratin of growth rates and the ratio of axial lengths. It is supposed from the experimental results that long prisms with small skeletal structures forming at low supersaturation are precipitating in polar regions. Special reference is made to supersaturation are precipitating in polar regions. tion are precipitating in polar regions. Special reference is made to single snow crystals and diamond dust type ice crystals observed in Antarctica by other authors. (Auth. mod.)

40-2351

Ice accretion under natural and laboratory condi-

tions.

Itagaki, K., et al, Annals of glaciology, 1985, Vol.6, MP 2009, Symposium on Snow and Ice Processes at the Earth's Surface, Sapporo, Japan, Sep. 2-7, 1984. Proceedings, p.225-228, 13 refs.

Lemieux, G.E., Bosworth, H.W.

Alrcraft icing, Ice accretion, Wind tunnels, Unfrozen

water content, Temperature factors, Humidity, Propellers.

To compare results of icing studies conducted in wind tunnels with natural icing conditions, a series of rotor icing studies were made on top of Mt Washington, New Hampshire The results indicated that considerable differences exist between the two indicated that considerable differences exist between the two under conditions of similar liquid water content and temperature. The wet-to-dry growth transition temperature, for instance, with comparable temperature and liquid water content, may be more than 10 C higher under natural conditions than in wind tunnel studies. The possible cause of such discrepancies was found to be the vapor saturation existing in most laboratory experiments. The transition temperature of ice accretion measured in natural fog on board an aircraft agreed better with the results of the Mt. Washington study

Katabatic anow storms in stable atmospheric conditions at Mizuho Station, Antarctica.

Kobayashi, S., et al, Annals of glaciology, 1985, Vol.6, Symposium on Snow and Ice Processes at the

Vol.6, Symposium on Snow and Ice Processes at the Earth's Surface, Sapporo, Japan, Sep. 2-7, 1984. Proceedings, p.229-231, 12 refs. Ishikawa, N., Ohata, T. Snowfall, Snowstorms, Blowing snow, Snowdrifts, Wind factors, Antarctica—Mizuho Station.

This paper describes the results of snow drift measurements made on a strong katabatic wind slope at Mizuho Station, 2230 m above mean sea level. From the vertical profile of the mass flux of blowing snow up to 28 m above the snow surface underconditions of snow fall, the snow fall densities have been estimated as asymptotes of the profile. Snow fall densities as asymptotes were estimated between 1 and 80 mg/cu m. Assuming a fall velocity of blowing snow particles as 0.5 m/s, above values correspond to value of the vertical flux of snow fall between 2 micron and 0.1 mm N (Auth.)

Formation mechanisms of snow crystals at low tem-

perature. Sato, N., et al, Annals of glaciology, 1985, Vol.6, Symposium on Snow and Ice Processes at the Larth's Surface, Sapporo, Japan, Sep. 2-7, 1984. Proceedings, p.232-234, 8 refs. Kikuchi, K.

Ice crystal growth, Low temperature research, Snow crystal structure. Cold chambers.

crystal structure, Cold chambers.

Different kinds of peculiar shapes of snow crystals, that have been discovered in the Antarctic, are discussed. To study crystal shapes, and formation and growth mechanisms of snow crystals formed below -20 C, a new type of diffusion chamber was constructed. Using this chamber, different kinds of peculiar shaped crystals previously observed in nature have been produced together with normal types of snow crystals. Gohei twins, one of the most typical polycrystalline shapes in nature have been produced artificially. The vapor pressure was at or near water saturation at the time of nucleation. Analysis of photomicrographs and replicas of Gohei twins that were replicated in the polar regions show that the number frequency of the tip angle has a maximum frequency at about 77 deg and a minor one at about 54 deg. On the basis of these results, a formation mechanism for some Gohei twins is proposed in this paper. (Auth.)

Thermal modification of air moving over melting snow surfaces.

Takahara, H., et al, Annals of glaciology, 1985, Vol.6, Symposium on Snow and Ice Processes at the Earth's Surface, Sapporo, Japan, Sep. 2-7, 1984. Proceedings, p. 235-237, 6 refs. Higuchi, I

Snow melting, Air flow, Thermal effects, Heat transfer, Cooling, Heat flux, Temperature factors, Solar radiation, Humidity, Wind velocity, Air temperature, Boundary layer.

Effects of drifting snow on surface radiation budget in the katabatic wind zone, Antarctica.

Yamanouchi, T., et al. Annals of slaciolog. 1985. Vol.6, Symposium on Snow and Ice Processes at the Earth's Surface, Sapporo, Japan, Sep. 2-7, 1984. Proceedings, p.238-241, 14 refs.

Kawaguchi, S.

Radiation, Snowdrifts, Blowing snow, Snow depth, Wind factors, Antarctica-Mizuho Station.

Effects of drifting snow are examined from measurements of radiation fluxes at Mizuho Station in the katabatic wind zone. A good correlation is found between the difference of downward longwave fluxes measured at two heights and wind speed used as an index of drifting snow. The wind increases the downward flux at a rate of 2 W sq m/s when wind speed is higher than 13 m/s. Drifting snow suppresses the net long-wave cooling at the surface pirect solar radiation is depleted greatly by the drifting snow. At Mizuho Station, the effect on longwave radiation prevails throughout the year. The relation between snow drift content and wind speed is obtained from shortwave optical depth measurements as a function of wind speed. A simple parameterization of radiative properties is given (Auth)

Comparison of ice crystals grown from vapour in varying conditions.

Yamashita, A., et al, Annals of glaciology, 1985, Vol.6, Symposium on Snow and Ice Processes at the Earth's Surface, Sapporo, Japan, Sep. 2-7, 1984. Proceedings, p.242-245, 7 refs.

Asano, A., Ohno, T.
Ice crystal growth, Supercooled clouds, Ice crystal structure, Air flow, Temperature factors, Dendritic

40-2357

Calorimeter for measuring free water content of wet

Akitaya, E., Annals of glaciology, 1985, Vol.6, Sym-Akitaya, E., Annais of glactology, 1983, Vol.6, Symposium on Snow and Ice Processes at the Earth's Surface, Sapporo, Japan, Sep. 2-7, 1984. Proceedings, p.246-247, 2 refs.

Wet snow, Calorimeters, Water content, Analysis (mathematics), Accuracy, Measuring instruments.

40-2358

Ice avalanche activity and mass balance of a high-

altitude hanging glacter in the Swiss Alps.
Alean, J., Annals of glaciology, 1985, Vol. 6, Symposium on Snow and Ice Processes at the Earth's Surface, Sapporo, Japan, Sep. 2-7, 1984. Proceedings, p.248-

Glacier ablation, Ice mechanics, Avalanche formation, Glacier mass balance, Altitude, Ice volume, Mountain glaciers, Switzerland—Alps.

40-2359

Remote sensing of snow in high mountain basins in Norway.

Andersen, T., et al, Annals of glaciology, 1985, Vol.6, Symposium on Snow and Ice Processes at the Earth's Surface, Sapporo, Japan, Sep. 2-7, 1984. Proceedings, p.250-251, 6 refs. Haakensen, N.

Snow surveys, Snow cover distribution, Remote sensing, Snow accumulation, River flow, Mapping, Mountains, Flood forecasting, Electric power, Norway.

Detection of an ice-forming area by radar and satel-

Ite.

Aota, M., et al, Annals of glaciology, 1985, Vol.6, Symposium on Snow and Ice Processes at the Earth's Surface, Sapporo, Japan, Sep. 2-7, 1984. Proceedings, p.252-253, I ref.
Oi, M., Ishikawa, M., Fukushi, H.
Ice detection, Pack ice, Sea Ice distribution, Radar echoes, Remote sensing, Ice cover thickness, Spacecraft, Air temperature, Snow surface temperature, In-

frared mapping.

40-2361

Measurements of daily variations in the subsurface

wetness gradient.

Denoth, A., et al, Annals of glaciology, 1985, Vol.6, Symposium on Snow and Ice Processes at the Earth's Surface, Sapporo, Japan, Sep. 2-7, 1984.

Proceedings, p.254-255, 6 refs.

Foglar, A. Snow water content, Unfrozen water content, Snow surface, Dielectric properties, Diurnal variations,

Release mechanisms of an avalanche on a slope covered with bamboo bushes.

Endo, Y., Annals of glaciology, 1985, Vol.6, Symposia at the Earth's an on Show and less Process pporo, Japan, Sep. 2-7, 1984. Proceedings, p.256-257. 3 refs.

Snow cover, Avalanche mechanics, Snow slides, Slope orientation, Snow fences, Friction, Stresses, Vegetation, Velocity, Analysis (mathematics).

Fluctuations of sedimentary environments of the Gyajo Glacler, Khumbu Region, East Nepal. Fushimi, H., et al, Annals of glaciology, 1985, Vol.6, Symposium on Snow and Ice Processes at th

Earth's Surface, Sapporo, Japan, Sep. 2-7, 1984. Proceedings, p.258-260, 6 refs.

Kamiyama, K., Kitaoka, K., Ikegami, K.

Glacial deposits, Snow stratigraphy, Sediment transport, Radioactive age determination, Mountain glaciers, Nepal—Gyajo Glacier.

Effects of precipitation on the isotopic composition of falling snow particles.

Higuchi, K., et al, Annals of guaciology, 1985, Vol.6, Symposium on Snow and Ice Processes at the Earth's Surface, Sapporo, Japan, Sep. 2-7, 1984. ings, p.261-262, 3 refs.

Tokuoka, A., Watanabe, O. Snowfall, Isotope analysis, Snow composition, Precipitation (meteorology), Snow pellets, Oxygen isotopes. Air temperature.

Transition in preferred orientation of polycrystalline ice from repeated crystallization.

Huang, M., et al, Annals of glaciology, 1985, Vol.6, Symposium on Snow and Ice Processes at the Earth's Surface, Sapporo, Japan, Sep. 2-7, 1984. ings, p.263-264, 6 refs.

Ohtomo, M., Wakahama, G.

Ice crystal structure, Recrystallization, Compressive properties, Glacier ice, Glacier flow, Experimenta-

40-2366

Visibility in blowing snow observed by the luminance

Ishimoto, K., et al. Annals of glaciology, 1985 Vol.6, Symposium on Snow and Ice Processes at the Earth's Surface, Sapporo, Japan, Sep. 2-7, 1984. Proceedings, p.265-266, 3 refs.

Fukuzawa, Y.

Blowing snow, Visibility, Luminance, Transmissivity, Cloud cover.

40-2367

Hardness of wet snow.

Izumi, K., et al, Annals of glaciology, 1985, Vol.6, Symposium on Snow and Ice Processes at the Earth's Surface, Sapporo, Japan, Sep. 2-7, 1984. Proceedings, p.267-268, 4 refs. Akitaya, E.

Wet snow, Snow hardness, Snow mechanics, Snow water content, Experimentation.

Structure and falling motion of early snow flakes.

Kajikawa, M., Annals of glactology, 1985, Vol.6, Symposium on Snow and Ice Processes at the Earth's Sur-

position of solutions and receptoresses at the Earth's Sur-face, Sapporo, Japan, Sep. 2-7, 1984. Proceedings, p.269-271, 7 refs. Snowflakes, Snow crystal structure, Snow crystal growth, Falling bodies, Dynamic properties, Dendrit-

Macropores in snowpacks of Sierra Nevada. Kattelmann, R., Annals of glaciology, 1985, Vol.6, Symposium on Snow and Ice Processes at the Earth's Surface, Sapporo, Japan, Sep. 2-7, 1984. Proceedings, p.272-273, 7 refs.

Snow cover structure, Porosity, Drainage, Stream

flow, Meltwater, Channels (waterways), Grain size.

Movement of grain boundary of sea ice.

Kawamura, T. Annals of glaciology, 1985, Vol.6, Symposium on Snow and Ice Processes at the Earth's Surface, Sapporo, Japan, Sep. 2-7, 1984. Proceedings, p.274-275, 5 refs.

Ice growth, Ice crystal structure, Sea ice, Boundary layer, Ice salinity, Grain size, Experimentation.

Melting and heat exchange at the bottom of a snow cover.

Kojima, K., et al, Annals of glaciology. 1985, Vol.6, Symposium on Snow and Ice Processes at the Earth's Surface, Sapporo, Japan, Sep. 2-7, 1984. ings, p.276-277, 3 refs. Motoyama, H.

Snow melting, Heat transfer, Snow cover, Heat flux, Subglacial observations, Interfaces, Ground tempera-

40-2372

Mechanical properties of first year sea ice in Saroma

Lagoon.

Matsushita, H., et al, Annals of glaciology, 1985, Vol.6, Symposium on Snow and Ice Processes at the Earth's Surface, Sapporo, Japan, Sep. 2-7, 1984. Proceedings, p. 278-280, 12 refs.

Yashima N

ice mechanics, Sea ice, Young ice, Ice strength, Compressive properties, Temperature effects, Ice loads, Air temperature, Offshore structures.

Development of an automatic ice fabric analyser.

Mori, Y., et al, Annals of glaciology, 1985, Vol. 6, Symposium on Snow and Ice Processes at the Earth's Surface, Sapporo, Japan, Sep. 2-7, 1984. Proceedings, p.281-283, 2 refs. Hondoh, T., Higushi, A. Ice crystal structure, X ray diffraction, Accuracy, Ice

Measurement of settlement forces on horizontal

Nakamura, H., et al, Annals of glaciology, 1985, Vol.6, Symposium on Snow and Ice Processes at the Earth's Surface, Sapporo, Japan, Sep. 2-7, 1984. Proceedings, p.284-286, 7 refs.

Snow compression, Settlement (structural), Snow loads, Snow physics, Loads (forces), Snow depth, Beams (supports).

Structural characteristics of snow drifts and cornices. Naruse, R., et al, Annals of glaciology, 1985, Vol.6, Symposium on Snow and Ice Processes at the Earth's Surface, Sapporo, Japan, Sep. 2-7, 1984. Proceedings, p.287-288, 5 refs.
Nishimura, H., Maeno, N.

Snowdrifts, Snow cover structure, Snow cornices, Snow pellets, Snowfall, Mass balance, Snow cover distribution, Grain size, Snow density, Snow hardness, Models.

40-2376

Internal radio-echo reflections of polar snow cover in relation to acidic layers and density fluctuations

Nishio, F., et al, Annals of glaciology, 1985, Vol.6, Symposium on Snow and Ice Processes at the Earth's Surface, Sapporo, Japan, Sep. 2-7, 1984. ings, p.289-291, 6 refs. Ohmae, H.

Firn, Ice cores, Snow density, Snow impurities, Radio echo soundings, Electrical resistivity, Snow cover, Polar regions, South Sandwich Islands.

To confirm radio-echo layering due to changes in density varia-tions and in specific conductivity in the amount of acid impuri-ties, radio-echo sounding surveys with impulse radar technique were carried out. The continuous and strong internal layers of were carried out. The continuous and strong internal layers of the snow covers were found to give good correlation with strong peaks of specific conductivity of melted samples from ice cores rather than the differences in density fluctuations between depositional layers. Measured high conductivity due to acidity variations in ice cores may be correlated with recent volcanic eruptions in the Northern Hemisphere, and in the Scotia Arc and the Scotia Sandwich Islands. (Auth.) and the South Sandwich Islands. (Auth.)

40-2377

Mechanical instability of snow cover with saturated

Nohguchi, Y., Annals of glaciology, 1985, Vol.6, Symposium on Snow and Ice Processes at the Earth's Surface, Sapporo, Japan, Sep. 2-7, 1984.

p.292-294, 7 refs. Snow cover stability, Snow mechanics, Saturation, Snow density, Snow surface, Analysis (mathematics),

40-2378

Thickness and structure of Antarctic sea ice measured by drilling and impulse radar.

Ohmae, H., et al, Annals of glaciology, 1985, Vol.6, Symposium on Snow and Ice Processes at the Earth's Surface, Sapporo, Japan, Sep. 2-7, 1984. Proceedings, p.295-297, 3 refs. Nishio, F.

Brines, Radar echoes, Sea ice, Ice physics, Electro-magnetic properties, Ice structure, Ice salinity, An-tarctica—Showa Statioa.

tarctica—Shows Station.

Ice cores 155 cm long were drilled for analysis of their internal structure, which showed that a brine-soaked layer existed at the depth of 90 cm. This layer corresponded to an internal echo fevery strong intensity. It is concluded that two types of sea ice covers the area near Showa Station: one with a brine-soaked layer; the other without. Irregularities in shape of the bottom echo suggest that the sea ice plane is composed of accumulated small plates of sea ice. (Auth. mod.)

40-2379

Surface layer salinity of young sea ice.
Ono, N., et al, Annals of glaciology, 1985, Vol.6, Symposium on Snow and Ice Processes at the Earth's Surface, Sapporo, Japan, Sep. 2-7, 1984. Proceedings, p.298-299, 2 refs.
Kassi T.

Kasai, T

Ice salinity, Young ice, Ice temperature, Loads (forces), Brines, Permeability, Surface temperature,

40-2380

Net accumulation and oxygen isotope composition of

snow on Mizuho Plateau, Antarctica. Satow, K., et al, Annals of glaciology, 1985, Vol.6, Symposium on Snow and Ice Processes at the Earth's Surface, Sapporo, Japan, Sep. 2-7, 1984. ings, p. 300-302, 7 refs. Proceed-

Watanabe, O. Models, Depth hour, Snow accumulation, Metamor phism (snow), Oxygen isotopes, Snow composition, Snow temperature, Antarctica—Mizuho Plateau.

Variation of annual net anow accumulation was determined, at Mizuho Plateau from 1914 to 1981, by the analysis of a 30 s core bored in a high accumulation zone. Power spectral ana yais of the annual accumulations shows two predominant periodicities, one of 45 years, and the other of 18 years. With small
accumulation and strong temperature gradient at the surface,
developments of depth hoar and the metamorphism of oxygen
isotope composition (delta O-18) profile of snow take place near the snow surface. From experimental results, the authors pro-pose some models of the metamorphism of delta O-18 profile of snow with temperature gradient. These models can be di-vided into two groups: one where a cap, such as an ice crust, is present, and the other without. (Auth.)

Measurement of strains and pressure in snow cover on a slope.

Shimizu, H., et al, Annals of glaciology, 1985, Vol.6, Symposium on Snow and Ice Processes at the Earth's Surface, Sapporo, Japan, Sep. 2-7, 1984. Proceedings, p. 303-304, 2 refs. Akitaya, E., Oh'zumi, M., Hirabayashi, Y. Snow cover, Strains, Pressure, Slope orientation, Snow physics, Measuring instruments, Stresses.

40-2382

Comparison of mechanical tests on the Dye-3, Greenland ice core and artificial laboratory ice

Shoji, H., et al, Annals of glaciology, 1985, Vol.6, Symposium on Snow and Ice Processes at the Earth's Sur face, Sapporo, Japan, Sep. 2-7, 1984. Proceedings, p.305, 6 refs.

angway, C.C. Ice cores, Ice mechanics, Flow rate, Strains, Com-pressive properties, Shear flow, Ice impurities, Chemical analysis, Velocity.

40-2383

Sensing of snow-pack melting by active microwave

System with fixed frequency.
Suzuki, M., et al, Annals of glaciology, 1985, Vol.6,
Symposium on Snow and Ice Processes at the Earth's Surface, Sapporo, Japan, Sep. 2-7, 1984. ings, p.306-308, 2 refs.

Snow melting, Microwaves, Snow depth, Snow temperature, Wave propagation, Snow surface, Detection, Experimentation, Diurnal variations.

40-2384

Salination of snow on sea ice and formation of snow

Takizawa, T., Annals of glaciology, 1985, Vol.6, Symposium on Snow and Ice Processes at the Earth's Surface, Sapporo, Japan, Sep. 2-7, 1984. Proceedings, p.309-310, 5 refs.

Snow ice, Snow composition, Chemical analysis, Salinity, Sea ice, Ice formation, Snow ice interface, Fast ice, Wet snow, Slush.

40-2385

Light attenuation and visibility in blowing snow

Takeuchi, M., et al, Annals of glaciology, 1985, Vol.6, Symposium on Snow and Ice Processes at the Earth's Surface, Sapporo, Japan, Sep. 2-7, 1984. Proceedings, p. 311-313, 6 refs. Fukuzawa, Y.

Blowing snow, Visibility, Light transmission, Attenuation, Measuring instruments, Particles, Distribution, Snowfall, Mass transfer.

40-2386

Mechanism of formation of radially-grown melt patterns on the surface of ice.

Toukairin, A., Annals of glaciology, 1985, Vol. 6, Symposium on Snow and Ice Processes at the Earth's Surface, Sapporo, Japan, Sep. 2-7, 1984. Proceedings, p.314-315, 4 refs.

Ice melting, Ice surface, Lake ice, Artificial melting. 40-2387

Ablation rates on the ceiling of a snow tunnel over a

Uematsu, T., Annals of glaciology, 1985, Vol.6, Symposium on Snow and Ice Processes at the Earth's Surface, Sapporo, Japan, Sep. 2-7, 1984. Proceedings, p.316-317, 4 refs.

Snow tunnels, Ablation, Heat transfer, Streams, Heat flux, Snow cover, Analysis (mathematics).

40-2388

Mass balance study of a glacier system from hydrological observations in Langtang Valley, Nepal Hima-

Yamada, T., et al, Annals of glaciology, 1985, Vol.6, Symposium on Snow and Ice Processes at the Earth's Surface, Sapporo, Japan, Sep. 2-7, 1984. Proceedings, p.318-320, 7 refs.

Motoyama, H., Thapa, K.B.

Glacier mass balance, Glacial hydrology, Rivers, Watersheds, Scasonal variations, Glacier ablation, Glacier alimentation, Degree days, Precipitation (meteorology), Himalaya Mountains.

Proceedings

Proceedings.

Symposium on Snow and Ice Chemistry and the Atmosphere, Peterborough, Ontario, Aug. 19-24, 1984,

Annals of glaciology, 1985, Vol.7, 215p., Refs. passim.

For individual papers see 40-2390 through 40-2423, or

E-33313, F-33308 through F-33324 (with gaps), I-33310, I-33320, and I-33322.

Snow composition, Ice composition, Isotope analysis,

Chemical analysis, Ions, Meetings, Meltwater.

The Symposium was held at Peterboroush Ontario, from Aug.

The Symposium was held at Peterborough, Ontario, from Aug. 19 to 24, 1984. The papers include materials from the Arctic and Antarctic and cover subjects on snow surveys, ice surveys and the stmosphere.

40-2390

Glaciochemical studies and estimated net mass bal-

ances for Renaick Glacier area, Antarctica.
Boyd, A., III., et al, Annals of glaciology, 1985,
Vol.7, Symposium on Snow and Ice Chemistry and the Vol., Symposium on Snow and Ice Chemistry and the Atmosphere, Peterborough, Ontario, Aug. 19-24, 1984. Proceedings, p.1-6, 24 refs.

Mayewski, P.A., Lyons, W.B., Spencer, M.J.

Snow composition, Ice composition, Mass balance, Antarctics—Rennick Glacier.

Antarctica—Rennick Glacier.

Two snow and ice cores from the Rennick Glacier area were analyzed for the chemical species: chloride, sodium, reactive silicate, sulfate and nitrate. Core E10 (6.35 m) was taken from Evans Névé. Core M1 (4.35 m) was extracted from the accumulation zone on the central plateau of the Morozumi Range. Core E10 and M1 span the time periods from 1929 to 1981 and from 1971 to 1981, respectively, as dated using seasonal variations in chloride (E10) and sulfate (M1) concentrations. An estimated net balance of 50 kg/sq m /s was derived for site E10 and of 182 kg/sq m /s for site M1. The difference in net mass balance is explained by elevational differences. Recent increases in sodium, silicate and sulfate at site E10 is linked to decreases in antarctic pack-ice extent for the same period. (Auth.)

40-2391

Assessing laboratory procedures for the decontamina tion of polar snow or ice samples for the analysis of toxic metals and metalloids.

Boutron, C.F., et al, Annals of glaciology, 1985, Vol.7, Symposium on Snow and Ice Chemistry and the Atmosphere, Peterborough, Ontario, Aug. 19-24, 1984. Proceedings, p.7-11, 25 refs. Batifol, F.M.

Chemical analysis, Snow composition, Impurities, Ice composition, Polar regions, Antarctica.

Most polar snow and ice samples to be analyzed for toxic metals and metalloids such as Pb, Hg, Sb, Cd, Ag, Se, As, Cu and Zn become more or less contaminated by these elements on their outsides, mainly during field collection. Assessed here are the various procedures which have been developed to try to deconvarious procedures which have been developed to the decon-taminate the samples. They include both mechanical and rins-ing techniques. The efficiency of the procedures is established by determining the geometry of contamination of the analyzed samples and by evaluating procedural blanks carefully. Such careful evaluation has been achieved only for mechanical procedures and for a few metals. (Auth.)

40-2392

Trace elements in antarctic air and snowfall.

Dick, A.L., et al, Annals of glaciology, 1985, Vol.7, Symposium on Snow and Ice Chemistry and the Atmosphere, Peterborough, Ontario, Aug. 19-24, 1984. Proceedings, p.12-19, 23 refs.

Peci, D.A.
Aerosols, Chemical analysis, Snow impurities, Snow composition, Snowfall, Antarctica—Antarctic Penin-

sula.

Trace-element concentrations have been measured on samples of aerosol and freshly fallen snow collected simultaneously from two sites in the Antarctic Peninsula during summer. Following improvements in contamination control, the reported concentrations and crustal enrichment factors of Cd, Cu, Pb and Zn in the aerosol are lower than any values previously reported from Antarctica. Even tighter controls will be required in the future. In a crustal element (A1) and for the marine cations (Na, Ca. ind K) a consistent ratio for the concentration in air concentration in snow is obtained for simultaneously collected amples. This supports a simple model of aerosol scavenging proposed by Junge which considers aerosol removal over polar ice sheets to be dominated by in-cloud processes. Averaged data for Cd, Cu, Pb and Zn from samples collected at different times appear to behave similarly. These findings suggest that there is no preferential scavenging by snowfall of either crustal or heavy metal components in contemporary aerosol. (Auth.) 40-2393

40-2393

Spatial and temporal variations of snow chemistry in Terre Adélie (East Antarctica).

Legrand, M., et al, Annals of glaciology, 1985, Vol.7, Symposium on Snow and Ice Chemistry and the Atmosphere, Peterborough, Ontario, Aug. 19-24, 1984. Proceedings, p.20-25, 18 refs. Delmas, R.J.

Snow composition, Snow impurities, Chemical analysis, Antarctica-East Antarctica.

The chemistry of recently deposited snow sampled in 1982-83 along a 430 km coast-interior traverse in Terre Adélie is report-

ed. In addition, three firm samples, covering the same time period (1959 to 1969) and collected on the traverse at D 55, D 80 and Dome C stations, respectively at 200, 430 and 1970 km from the sea, are also studied. Concentrations of major soluble impurities were determined on more than 200 samples. Conditions of sampling and analysis were carefully controlled in order to avoid contamination problems. A balanced ionic budget was generally obtained for each of the samples. For stations occupying an intermediary position between the coastal areas and the central Antarctic Plateau, results demonstrate that the two unajor impurities are H2SO4 and HNO3. HCl is also present, but at a lower level of concentration; the sea-salt contribution is dominant only at the most coastal sites. (Auth. mod.)

40-2394

Snow stratigraphic record at South Pole: potential for

Snow stratigraphic record at South Pole: potential for paleoclimatic reconstruction.

Mosley-Thompson, E., et al, Annals of glaciology, 1985, Vol.7, Symposium on Snow and Ice Chemistry and the Atmosphere, Peterborough, Ontario, Aug. 19-24, 1984. Proceedings, p.26-33, 28 refs.

Snow composition, Paleoclimatology, Snow stratigraphy, Radioactivity, Antarctica—Amundsen-Scott

phy, R Station.

An extensive investigation of the visible stratigraphy, microparticle concentration, liquid conductivity, oxygen isotopes and beta-radioactivity was conducted in pits excavated at Amundsen-Scott Station. The objectives of the investigation were to assess the spatial representativeness of the geochemical and physical records preserved within the snow strata and to ascertain the temporal resolution which can be obtained from such ice-core records. Accurate interpretation of the time scale and reconstruction of climatic conditions from these time series requires the analysis of as many stratigraphic parameters as possible, and the synthesis of data from a suite of cores in the study area. For periods of 10 a or less, regionally representative accumulation rates cannot be obtained from annual accumulation time series reconstructed at a single site. Although An extensive investigation of the visible stratigraphy, microparcumulation time series reconstructed at a single site. Although the microparticle concentrations, liquid conductivity and oxygen isotopic abundances all exhibit a seasonal cycle in the Although firn, the construction of an accurate time scale requires all three parameters in conjunction with the beta-radioactivity. (Auth. mod.)

40-2395

Volcanic ash layers in bare ice areas near the Yamato Mountains, Dronning Maud Land and the Allan Hills, Victoria Land, Antarctica.

Nishio, F., et al, Annals of glaciology, 1985, Vol.7, Symposium on Snow and Ice Chemistry and the Atmosphere, Peterborough, Ontario, Aug. 19-24, 1984. Proceedings, p.34-41, 29 refs. Katsushima, T., Ohmae, H. Ice sheets, Volcanic ash, Antarctica—Queen Maud Land, Antarctica—Victoria Land.

Dit layers of tenbra were found on the bare ice surface in the

Land, Antarctica—Victoria Land.

Dirt layers of tephra were found on the bare ice surface in the Meteorite lee Field near the Yamato Mountains and near the Allan Hills. The grain-size analyses of volcanic ash fragments show that the mean grain size in the Allan Hills region is larger than that in the Yamato Mountains region. Their constituent fragments are well-sorted and composed mainly of volcanic glass shards with minor amounts of crystal fragments. A young volcano of the McMurdo volcanic group is suggested as a possible source of this tephra. Glass shards of the tephra from the Yamato Mountains region have a composition of tholeitic andesite which is low in alkali and high in iron but not so enriched in titanium, and the associated crystal fragments consist of calcic plagioclase, subcalcic clinopyrozene, ortopyrozene and magnetite. The nature of island are tholeite of the tephra indicates that its source is some volcano in the South Sandwich Islands. (Auth. mod.)

40-2396

Particle morphology, composition and associated ice chemistry of tephra layers in the Byrd ice core: evi-dence for hydrovolcanic eruptions.

Palais, J.M., Annals of glaciology, 1985, Vol.7, Symposium on Snow and Ice Chemistry and the Atmoposition of situation and the Chemistry and the Athlosphere, Peterborough, Ontario, Aug. 19-24, 1984. Proceedings, p. 42-48, 30 refs.

Paleoclimatology, Volcanic ash, Ice composition, Dust, Antarctica—Byrd Station.

Dust, Antarctics—Byrd Station.

In 1968 an use core 2164 m long was recovered from Byrd Station. About 2000 tephra layers were observed in the core and have been differentiated into ash and dust bands according to the grain size and concentration of particles to the layers Mount Takahe, a local volcano in Marie Byrd Land, is the probable source. Detailed examinations of the particle morphology, composition and ice chemistry associated with some of the tephra layers have led to the conclusion that the eruptions which produced the layers were probably hydrovolcanic Melted glacier ties is considered the most likely source of the water involved in the eruptions. Processes associated with hydrovolcanism, such as particle aggregation, rapid conversion of sulfur dioxide to sulfuric acid, and scavenging of acid droplets by the fine dust particles, are inferred to have taken place Such processes would greatly reduce the atmospheric readence time of the eruptive products and thus their atmospheric and cimatic impact. (Auth. mod.)

Investigations of the oxygen-18 content of samples from snow pits and ice cores from the Flichner-Ronne ice shelves and Ekström ice shelf.

ice shelves and Ekström ice shelf.
Reinwarth, O., et al, Annals of glaciology, 1985,
Vol.7, Symposium on Snow and Ice Chemistry and the
Atmosphere, Peterborough, Ontario, Aug. 19-24,
1984. Proceedings, p.49-53, 10 refs.
Ice shelves, Oxygen isotopes, Isotope analysis, Snow
accumulation, Ice composition, Snow composition,
Snow stratigraphy, Antarctica—Filchner Ice Shelf,
Antarctica—Ronne Ice Shelf, Antarctica—Ekström
Ice Shelf.

Ice Shell.

The investigations of snow pits on the Filchner-Ronne ice shelves yield a standard deviation for the annual average delta O-18 values of approximately 1 per mill over the last five years, and a decrease of delta O-18 with distance from the ice edge of about 1 per mill per 50 km. The variation of delta O-18 for stratigraphically matching snow layers from snow pits at the same location in different years is about 0.3 per mill of the Filchner-Ronne ice shelves, and 0.8 per mill at Georg-von-Neumayer station. The mean annual accumulation rate in the intermediation of George von Neumayer stations. Neumayer station. The mean annual accumulation rate in the surroundings of Georg-von-Neumayer station was determined to be 34 g/sq cm for the years 1977-81. On the Filchner-Ronne ice shelves the mean annual accumulation rate (1979-83) decreases from 22 g/sq cm at Filchner station to 15 g/sq cm at traverse point T340, located 200 km southeast of Filchner station. (Auth. mod.)

Gaseous components in the atmosphere and the historic record revealed by ice cores.

Stauffer, B., et al, Annals of glaciology, 1985, Vol.7, Symposium on Snow and Ice Chemistry and the Atmosphere, Peterborough, Ontario, Aug. 19-24, 1984. Proceedings, p.54-59, 29 refs.

Oeschger, H.

Bubbles, Ice cores, Ice composition, Carbon dioxide, Atmospheric composition, Polar regions, Antarctica. Analyses of ice samples representing the past 40 ka show that there were significant changes in concentration of atmospheric CO2 at the end, and probably during part, of the last glaciation. Delta C-13 measurements on CO2 extracted from ice cores can indicate possible mechanisms causing these changes in the concentration of atmospheric CO2. (Auth. mod.)

40-2399

Closer to a true value for heavy metal concentrations in recent antarctic snow by improved contamination

control.

Wolff, E.W., et al, Annals of glaciology, 1985,
Vol.7, Symposium on Snow and Ice Chemistry and the Atmosphere, Peterborough, Ontario, Aug. 19-24, 1984. Proceedings, p.61-69, 27 refs.

Peel, D.A. Ice cores, Chemical analysis, Snow composition, Snow impurities, Ice composition, Polar regions, Antarctica—Antarctic Peninsula.

tarctice—Antarctic Peniasula.

Recent snow from two sites in the Antarctic Peninsula has been analyzed for Al, Cd, Cu, Pb and Zn. Measurement of full procedural blanks and of the extent of penetration of surface contamination has allowed a rigorous appraisal of both sampling and analytical methods. Whilst the particular samples of credit in used here have been shown to be unsuitable due to penetration of surface contamination into their interiors, surface samples of cortected directly into acrylic tubes showed very limited penetration of contamination. The average concentrations of surface samples are given; the values for Cd, Cu and Zn are about ten times lower than have been reported previously, even for ancient antarctic ice. For concentrations of Cd, Cu, Pb and Zn in ancient antarctic ice, the following limits are suggested for increases over natural background levels due to anthropogenic emissions: Pb 1 to 40 times, Cd 1 to 180 times, Cu 1 to 4.5 times and Zn 1 to 6 times. (Auth. mod.)

Sulphuric and nitric acid concentrations and spikes along a 200 m deep ice core at D57 (Terre Adélie, Antarctica).

Zanolini, F., et al, Annals of glaciology, 1985, Vol.7, Symposium on Snow and Ice Chemistry and the Atmosphere, Peterborough, Ontario, Aug. 19-24, 1984. Proceedings, p.70-75, 20 refs. Delmas, R.J., Legrand, M.

Ice cores, Ice dating, Ice composition, Antarctica-Adélie Coast.

Adélie Coast.

D57 station in Terre Adélie lies between the coast and the central Antarctic Plateau. A 200 m ice core was recovered in summer 1980-81 at this location and analyzed by an electroconductometric method. Acid levels, linked to fallout from major volcanic cruptions, were found; in particular, two cruptions identified as Tambora (1815) and Galunggung (1822). The background concentration of sulphate was found to be relatively low. The nitrate values were higher than at coastal or central antarctic locations (except for the South Pole). Two spikes were found in the nitrate profile at depths of 140 and 148 m. With the aid of these sulphate and nitrate exceptional events, a dating of the D57 ice core can now be proposed which corresponds to a mean show accumulation rate of 22 cm of ice equivalent per year over the last four centuries. (Auth mod.)

Stratigraphic noise in time series derived from ice

Fisher, D.A., et al, Annals of glaciology, 1985, Vol.7, Symposium on Snow and Ice Chemistry and the Atmosphere, Peterborough, Ontario, Aug. 19-24, 1984. Proceedings, p.76-83, 13 refs. Rech, N., Clausen, H.B. Ice dating, Ice cores, Snowdrifts, Firn, Oxygen isotopes, Noise (sound), Models, Snow depth, Spectra.

40-2402

Glaciochemistry of snow-pits from Quelccaya ice cap, Peru, 1982.

Lyons, W.B., et al, Annals of glaciology, 1985, Vol.7, Symposium on Snow and Ice Chemistry and the

Vol., Symposium on Show and Ice Chemistry and the Atmosphere, Peterborough, Ontario, Aug. 19-24, 1984. Proceedings, p.84-88, 24 refs.

Mayewski, P.A., Thompson, L.G., Allen, B., III.

Snow composition, Chemical analysis, Drill core analysis, Ions, Spectroscopy, Climatic factors, Mountains, Photometry, Peru-Andes.

40-2403

Isotope studies of ice cores from a temperate Alpine glacier (Vernagtferner, Austria) with respect to the meltwater flow.

Oerter, H., et al, Annals of glaciology, 1985, Vol.7, Symposium on Snow and Ice Chemistry and the Atmosphere, Peterborough, Ontario, Aug. 19-24, 1984.

mosphere, Peterborough, Ontario, Aug. 19-24, 1964. Proceedings, p. 90-93, 9 refs. Baker, D., Stichler, w., Rauert, W. Glacier ice, Ice cores, Isotope analysis, Electrical resistivity, Meltwater, Water flow, Boreholes, Water table, Firn, Profiles, Mountain glaciers, Austria— Vernagtferner.

40-2404

Applications of isotope geochemistry to research on Chinese glaciers.

Wang, P., Annals of glaciology, 1985, Vol.7, Symposium on Snow and Ice Chemistry and the Atmosphere, Peterborough, Ontario, Aug. 19-24, 1984. Proceedings, p.94-99, 9 refs.

Mountain glaciers, Ice composition, Isotope analysis, Geochemistry, Glacial hydrology, Snow composition, Runoff, Meltwater, China.

Atmospheric particles: their physical and chemical characteristics, and deposition processes relevant to the chemical composition of glaciers.

Barrie, L.A., Annals of glaciology, 1985, Vol.7, Symposium on Snow and Ice Chemistry and the Atmosphere, Peterborough, Ontario, Aug. 1 Proceedings, p.100-108, Refs. p.107-108. 19-24, 1984.

Aerosols, Atmospheric composition, Ice composition, Snow impurities, Snowfall, Polar regions. Antarctica -Amundsen-Scott Station.

—Amundsen-Scott Station.

It is estimated that man's contribution to the total particle mass loading of the atmosphere ranges from 5 to 48%, appearing initially in the form of gases, then converting to particles while being transported to glacial receptors where they are incorporated into snow. The complex physical and chemical processes involved in the deposition of atmospheric particles to glaciers are reviewed. Both wet and dry deposition contribute to the pollutant loading of a snowfield. However, except in the case of low snowfall (-60 kg/sq m/a) or exceptionally large particle sizes, such as might be released by volcanoes or when unrimed snowfall predominates, wet deposition is dominant. (Auth. mod.)

40-2406

Airborne pollen: a unique air mass tracer, its influx to the Canadian High Arctic.

Bourgeois, J.C., et al, Annals of glaciology, 1985, Vol 7, Symposium on Snow and Ice Chemistry and the Atmosphere, Peterborough, Ontario, Aug. 19-24, 1984. Proceedings, p.109-116, 22 refs. Koerner, R.M., Alt, B.T.

Ice composition, Snow composition, Pollen, Distribution, Wind factors, Palynology, Forest lines, Polar regions, Canada.

40-2407

Global oxygen isotope model-semi-empirical, zonal-

Fisher, D.A., et al, Annals of glaciology, 1985, Vol.7, Symposium on Snow and Ice Chemistry and the Atmosphere, Peterborough, Ontario, Aug. 19-24, 1984. Proceedings, p.117-124, Refs. p.123-124.

Sea ice, Ice cores, Water vapor, Oxygen isotopes, Atmospheric composition, Precipitation (meteorolo-

A simple model, which is zonally averaged, for the transport atmospheric water vapor is presented which uses as input the zonally averaged evaporation field and the mean meridional travel distance of tropospheric water vapor as functions of lati-tude. The model demonstrates that for polar regions each of the 10 deg latitude strips poleward of 25 deg is of equal importance as a moisture source. The model is used to predict zonal averages of delta O-18 for the present day and 18 ka BP. Both annual average values and seasonal amplitudes are presented and compared to observations. Sea-ice cover is an important factor in determining both annual averages and seasonal amplitudes today and at 18 ka BP. An earlier model linking delta O-18, the deuterium excess, and sea-salt content in an antarctic ice core to the relative humidity of the source region is based on a single source utmospheric water-vapor cycle type model and is re-evaluated using the present model. (Auth.)

40-2408

Influence on atmospheric composition of volcanic

raptions as derived from ice-core analysis.

Hammer, C.U., Annals of glaciology, 1985, Vol.7,
Symposium on Snow and Ice Chemistry and the Atmosphere, Peterborough, Ontario, Aug. 19-24, 1984.
Proceedings, p.125-129, 24 refs.

Ice cores, Impurities, Ice composition, Ice dating. Ice cores, Impurities, Ice composition, Ice dating. Polar ice cores offer datable past snow deposits in the form of annual ice layers, which reflect the past atmospheric composition. Trace substances in the cores are related to the past midtropospheric impurity load, this being due to the vast extent of the polar ice sheets (or ice caps), their surface elevations and remoteness from most aerosol sources. Volcanic eruptions add to the rather low background impurity load via their eruptive products. This paper concentrates on the widespread influence on atmospheric impurity loads caused by the acid gas products from volcanic eruptions. In particular the following subjects are discussed: acid volcanic signals in ice cores, latitude of eruptions as derived by ice-core analysis, inter-hemispheric dating of the two polar ice sheets by equatorial eruptions, volcanic deposits in ice cores during the last glacial period and climatic implications. (Auth.)

40-2409

Simulation of airborne impurity cycles using atmo-

spheric general circulation models.

Joussaume, S., Annals of glaciology, 1985, Vol.7, Symposium on Snow and Ice Chemistry and the Atmosphere, Peterborough, Ontario, Aug. 19-24, 1984. Proceedings, p.131-137, 26 refs. Ice composition, Dust, Atmospheric composition, Im-

purities, Atmospheric circulation, Models.

partites, Atmospheric circulation, Models.

Atmospheric general circulation models are believed to be appropriate tools for studying airborne impurity cycles. Some results from a first simulation including desert dust and water isotope cycles are presented and compared to observations, with particular emphasis on ice-sheet data. In western Antarctica, Australian and South American dust dominate by an order of magnitude. In central Antarctica, dust originating either from Australia or South Africa is four times smaller than South American dust, whereas in eastern Antarctica, Australian dust dominates by a factor of three

Be-10 in polar ice and atmospheres.

Raisbeck, G.M., et al, Annals of glaciology, 1985, Vol.7, Symposium on Snow and Ice Chemistry and the Atmosphere, Peterborough, Ontario, Aug. 19-24, 1984. Proceedings, p.138-140, 14 refs. Yiou, F.

Ice cores, Ice dating, Ice composition, Aerosols.

Reviewed is the application of cosmogenic Be-10 measurements in ice and polar atmospheres to the dating of ice cores, the deduction of past accumulation rates, information on the influx of stratospheric aerosols in polar regions, and the mechanism of incorporation of aerosols into the ice. It is found that at high latitudes (>7 4 deg), the Be-10 deposition rate in the ice is more constant than the Be-10 concentration. (Auth)

Relocation and preferential elution of acidic solute through the snowpack of a small, remote, high-altitude Scottish catchment.

Brimblecombe, P., et al, Annals of glaciology, 1985, Vol.7, Symposium on Snow and Ice Chemistry and the Atmosphere. Peterborough, Ontario, Aug. 19-24, 1984. Proceedings, p.141-147, 12 refs. Snow composition, Ions, Snowmelt, Chemical analysis, Meltwater, Ablation, Drill core analysis.

Distribution of grain sizes and internal surface area and their role in snow chemistry in a sub-Arctic snow

Granberg, H.B., Annals of glaciology, 1985, Vol.7, Symposium on Snow and Ice Chemistry and the Atmosphere, Peterborough, Ontario, Aug. 19-24, 1984 Proceedings, p.149-152, 5 refs.

Snow composition, Chemical analysis, Grain size, Snow cover, Particle size distribution, Surface prop-

Acid content of snow from a mid-troposphere sampling site on Mount Logan, Yukon Territory, Canada. Holdsworth, G., et al, Annals of glaciology, 1985, Vol.7, Symposium on Snow and Ice Chemistry and the Atmosphere, Peterborough, Ontario, Aug. 19-24, 1984. Proceedings, p.153-160, 28 refs. Peake F

Snow composition, Ice composition, Chemical analysis, Firn, Ice formation, Ions, Ice cores, Precipita-tion (meteorology), Climatic factors, Electrical resistivity, Volcanic ash, Canada—Yukon Territory—Logan Mountain.

Chemistry of snow and meltwaters within the mesos-

tructure of a boreal forest snow cover.

Jones, H.G., Annals of glaciology, 1985, Vol.7, Symposium on Snow and Ice Chemistry and the Atmosphere, Peterborough, Ontario, Aug. 19-24, 1984. Proceedings, p.161-166, 12 refs.

Snow composition, Meltwater, Snow cover structure,

Chemical analysis, Forest canopy, Oxygen isotopes, Ions, Rain, Runoff.

Chemical characteristics of snow cover in a northern

boreal forest during the spring run-off period.

Jones, H.G., et al, Annals of glaciology, 1985,
Vol.7, Symposium on Snow and Ice Chemistry and the
Atmosphere, Peterborough, Ontario, Aug. 19-24,
1984. Proceedings, p.167-174, 25 refs. Sochanska, W.

Snow composition, Chemical analysis, Ions, Snow cover, Forest canopy, Runoff, Drill core analysis, Precipitation (meteorology).

Sulphur and heavy metal pollution in urban snow: multi-elemental analytical techniques and interpreta-

Landsberger, S., et al, Annals of glaciology, 1985, Vol.7, Symposium on Snow and Ice Chemistry and the Atmosphere, Peterborough, Ontario, Aug. 19-24, 1984. Proceedings, p.175-180, 39 refs. Jervis, R.E.

Snow composition, Chemical analysis, Pollution, Environmental impact, Detection, Human factors.

Hydrometeorological interpretation of isotopic data

Nyurometeroriogical interpretation of isotopic data on atmospheric moisture and precipitation.

Saxena, R.K., et al, Annals of glaciology, 1985, Vol.7, Symposium on Snow and Ice Chemistry and the Atmosphere, Peterborough, Ontario, Aug. 19-24, 1984. Proceedings, p.181-184, 6 refs. Eriksson, E.

Humidity, Precipitation (meteorology), Freezing, Isotope analysis, Oxygen isotopes, Water vapor, Cold chambers, Molecular structure.

Spatial and temporal variability of surface snowfall and snowpack chemistry in central Ontario.

Schemenauer, R.S., et al, Annals of glaciology. 1985, Vol.7, Symposium on Snow and Ice Chemistry and the Atmosphere, Peterborough, Ontario, Aug. 19-24, 1984. Proceedings, p.185-190, 3 refs. Summers, P.W., Wiebe, H.A., Anlauf, K.G. Snowfall, Snow cover distribution, Snow composi-

tion, Ions, Snow cover structure, Snow physics, Climatic factors, Canada-Ontario.

40-2419

Study of atmospheric deposition onto the snowpack in northern Saskatchewan. Shewchuk, S.R., Annals of glaciology, 1985, Vol.7,

Symposium on Snow and Ice Chemistry and the Atmosphere, Peterborough, Ontario, Aug. 19-24, 1984. Proceedings, p.191-195, 10 refs.

Ions, Snow composition, Chemical analysis, Precipi-

tation (meteorology), Snow cover, Snow surveys, Snowmelt, Water chemistry, Air temperature, Canada Saskatchewan.

Elution of ions through field and laboratory snow-

Tsiouris, S., et al, Annals of glaciology, 1985, Vol.7, Symposium on Snow and Ice Chemistry and the At-Symposium of Side and the Actions of the Action of the Act

40-2421

Roles of snow, lake ice and lake water in the distribu-

tion of major ions in the ice cover of a lake.

Adams, W.P., et al, Annals of glaciology, 1985,
Vol.7, Symposium on Snow and Ice Chemistry and the Atmosphere, Peterborough, Ontario, Aug. 19-24, 1984. Proceedings, p.202-207, 15 refs.

Lasenby, D.C.

Lake ice, Ice composition, Ions, Snow cover effect, Ice cover thickness, Lake water, Snow depth, Ice growth, Colored ice, Electrical resistivity.

40-2422

Effects of ice and snow cover on the chemistry of nearshore lake water during spring melt.

nearsnore take water during spring mett. Gunn, J.M., et al, Annals of glaciology, 1985, Vol.7, Symposium on Snow and Ice Chemistry and the Atmosphere, Peterborough, Ontario, Aug. 19-24, 1984. Proceedings, p.208-212, 21 refs.

Lake water, Water chemistry, Snow cover effect, Ice cover effect, Meltwater, Snowmelt, Ice melting, Run-

40-2423

Byrd ice core: continuous acidity measurements and solid electrical conductivity measurements.

Hammer, C.I., et al, Annals of glaciology, 1985, Vol.7, Symposium on Snow and Ice Chemistry and the Atmosphere, Peterborough, Ontario, Aug. 19-24, 1984. Proceedings, p.214.

Clausen, H.B., Lengway, C.C., Jr. Ice cores. Ice dating. Ice composition.

Preliminary results of the project are as follows: dating of the Byrd core; evidence of accumulation rates 2.5 times lower than present from 30 to 18 ka BP, increasing towards present values from 18 to 11 ka BP, detection of some 20 to 30 major volcanic reuptions which strongly increased ice acidity; and discovery of a major volcanic event. One of the signals shows an eruptive period of some 150 a with tremendous volcanic acid deposition. The average acidity is 5 to 6 times that of any other section of

40-2424

Cold regions engineering; Proceedings of the 4th International Conference.

International Conference on Cold Regions Engineer

ing, 4th, Anchroage, Alaska, Feb. 24-26, 1986, New York, American Society of Civil Engineers, 1986, 788p., Refs. passim. For individual papers see 40-2425 through 40-2488.

Ryan, W.L., ed.

Cold weather construction, Permafrost beneath structures, Offshore structures, Ice loads, Engineering, Maintenance, Snow surveys, Waste disposal, Sewage treatment, Water treatment, Meetings.

Special pile foundations for a coastal permafrost site. nomas, n., et al, International Conference on Cold Regions Engineering, 4th, Anchorage, Alaska, Feb. 24-26, 1986. Proceedings. Edited by W.L. Ryan, New York, American Society of Civil Engineers, 1986, p.1-10, 5 refs. Mobley, K.

Permafrost beneath structures, Pile structures, Foundations, Saline soils, Frost penetration, Loads (forces), Design.

40-2426

Adfreeze strength of ice to steel pipe piles as a function of temperature.

Foster, M.L., International Conference on Cold Regions Engineering, 4th, Anchorage, Alaska, Feb. 24-26, 1986. Proceedings. Edited by W.L. Ryan, New York, American Society of Civil Engineers, 1986,

p.11-20, 4 refs. Ice formation, Piles, Ice adhesion, Ice strength, Ice solid interface, Steel structures, Strains, Temperature effects, Pipes (tubes), Offshore drilling, Permafrost.

40-2427

Design of tension member insulated anchor for Arctic

pipelines. Shackelford, J.A., et al, International Conference on Cold Regions Engineering, 4th, Anchorage, Alaska, Feb. 24-26, 1986. Proceedings. Edited by W.L. Ryan, New York, American Society of Civil Engineers, 1986, p.21-30. Wineland, J.D.

Pipelines, Thermal expansion, Anchors, Cold weather construction, Thermal insulation, Design, Loads 40-2428

Costs of truck related highway damage to Alaska.

Connor, B., International Conference on Cold Regions Engineering, 4th, Anchorage, Alaska, Feb. 24-26, 1986. Proceedings. Edited by W.L. Ryan, New York, American Society of Civil Engineers, 1986, 31-40, 2 refs.

Road maintenance. Winter maintenance. Pavements. Damage, Cost analysis, Trafficability.

40-2429

Survey of airport pavement distress in cold regions. Vinson, T.S., et al, MP 2002, International Conference on Cold Regions Engineering, 4th, Anchorage, Alaska, Feb. 24-26, 1986. Proceedings. Edited by W.L. Ryan, New York, American Society of Civil Engineers, 1986, p.41-50, 5 refs.

Ryan, New 1 ork, American Society of Civil Engineers, 1986, p. 41-50, 5 refs.

Zomerman, I., Berg, R., Tomita, H.

Airports, Pavements, Preeze thaw cycles, Cracking (fracturing), Damage, Climatic factors, Design.

In early fall 1984, USACRREL conducted a study of airport pavements in cold regio: a of the United States. The most common pavement problems were associated with non-traffic related phenomena and include (1) pre-existing cracks reflecting through asphalt concrete overlays (in two years or less), (2) thermal cracking, and (3) longitudinal cracking (at a construction joint). Most of the airpor's experienced (1) water pumping up through cracks and joints in the pavements during spring thaw, or (2) additional roughness due to differential frost heave in the winter, or both problems. Many airport managers reported that debris was generated at cracks during the winter and spring. Many pavement problems with lighting in the winter and spring. Many pavement problems can be traced to the evolutionary history of general aviation airports and the lack of consideration for site drainage.

40-2430

Hot sand for improved traction on icy roads.

Reckard, M.K., International Conference on Cold Re-Recasiu, N. R., international Conference on Cold Regions Engineering, 4th, Anchorase, Alaska, Feb. 24-26, 1986. Proceedings. Edited by W.L. Ryan, New York, American Society of Civil Engineers, 1986, p.51-57, 6 refs.

p.51-57, 6 refs. Road icing, Sands, Heating, Traction, Skid resistance, Ice removal, Tests.

40-2431

Artificial ice islands for deep water and production structures

Connolly, S T., International Conference on Cold Regions Engineering, 4th, Anchorage, Alaska, Fet. 24-26, 1986. Proceedings. Edited by W.L. Ryan, New York, American Society of Civil Engineers, 1985, p.58-68, 20 refs.

Artificial islands, Ice islands, Offshore structures, Seasonal ablation, Ice loads, Ice erosion, Ice melting, Mathematical models, Ocean waves, Ice strength, Meteorological factors.

Drilling unit approval and sea ice, Alaska OCS

Kuranel, R.Y., et al, International Conference on Cold Regions Engineering, 4th, Anchorage, Alaska, 24-26, 1986. Proceedings. Edited by W.L. Ryan, New York, American Society of Civil Engineers,

1986, p.69-81, 2 refs.
Tyagi, R., Walker, J.
Offshore drilling, Sea ice distribution, Ice conditions, Offshore structures, Ice surveys, Safety, Ice forecast-

Iceberg impact load on a gravity based structure.

Duthinh, D., et al, International Conference on Cold Regions Engineering, 4th, Anchorage, Alaska, Feb. 24-26, 1986. Proceedings. Edited by W.L. Ryan, New York, American Society of Civil Engineers, 1986, p.82-92, 4 refs Marsden, S.

Offshore structures, Ice loads, Icebergs, Impact strength, Friction, Ice solid interface, Computer applications, Ice strength.

Building foundation on thawed soil and permafrost. Weston, H.K., et al, International Conference on Cold Regions Engineering, 4th, Anchorage, Alaska, Feb. 24-26, 1986. Proceedings. Edited by W.L. Ryan, New York, American Society of Civil Engineers, 1986, p.93-105, 8 refs. Williams, T.R.

Permafrost beneath structures, Foundations, Pile structures, Ground thawing, Discontinuous permatrost, Buildings, Geophysical surveys, Particle size distribution, Electromagnetic properties, Tests.

40-2435

35-Year old foundations, Thule Air Base, Greenland. Mangus, A.R., International Conference on Cold Regions Engineering, 4th, Anchorage, Alaska, Feb. 24-26, 1986. Proceedings. Edited by W.L. Ryan, New York, American Society of Civil Engineers, 1986,

p.106-117, 6 refs.

Permafrost beneath structures, Foundations, Buildings, Cold weather construction, Military facilities.

Stabilization of a permetrost subsidence in the airport runway at Bethel, Alaska.

cFadden, T., et al, International Conference on Cold Regions Engineering, 4th, Anchorage, Alaska, Feb. 24-26, 1986. Proceedings. Edited by W.L. Ryan, New York, American Society of Civil Engineers, 1986, p.118-133.

Siebe, C.

Permafrost beneath rowds, Soil stabilization, Airports, Runways, Ground thawing, Cold weather construction, Thermal insulation, Pavements. Design,

40-2437

Laboratory study of factors affecting wetted snow roads.

Nelson, W.G., International Conference on Cold Regions Engineering, 4th, Anchorage, Alaska, Feb. 24-26, 1986. Proceedings. Edited by W.L. Ryan, New York, American Society of Civil Engineers, 1986,

p.134-142, 5 refs.
Snow roads, Snow removal, Water, Snow temperature, Temperature effects, Wet snow, Tests, Wettabil-

40-2438

40-2438
CBR test applied to processed and compacted snow.
Haas, W.M., et al, International Conference on Cold
Regions Engineering, 4th, Anchorage, Alaska, Feb.
24-26, 1986. Proceedings. Edited by W.L. Ryan,
New York, American Society of Civil Engineers,
1986, p.143-154, 16 refs.
Bott, M.W.

Snow roads, Snow cover effect, Trafficability, Bearing strength, Snow compaction, Tests, Stresses, Loads (forces), Penetration.

Soil strength recovery using a Clegg Impact Device. Alkire, B.D., et al, International Conference on Cold Regions Engineering, 4th, Anchorage, Alaska, Feb. 24-26, 1986. Proceedings. Edited by W.L. Ryan, New York, American Society of Civil Engineers, 1986, p.155-166, 6 refs.

Subgrade soils, Soil strength, Ground thawing, Freeze thaw cycles, Roads, Loads (forces), Tests, Impact strength, Frost action.

10-2440

Design and monitoring of an ice drill pad. Le, K.M., et al, International Conference on Cold Re-

Le, K.M., et al. international Conference on Cold Regions Engineering, 4th, Anchorage, Alaska, Feb. 24-26, 1986. Proceedings. Edited by W.L. Ryan, New York, American Society of Civil Engineers, 1986, p.167-180, 8 refs. Winfree, M.B.

deformation, Tundra, Thermal diffusion, Ice creep, Computer programs, Design, Temperature effects, Stability. Ice drills, Ice cover strength, Bearing strength, Ice

40-2441

Self-refrigerated gravel pad foundation for large thermal loads

Cronin, J.E., et al, International Conference on Cold Regions Engineering, 4th, Anchorage, Alaska, Feb. 24-26, 1986. Proceedings. Edited by W.L. Ryan, New York, American Society of Civil Engineers, 1986, p.181-191, 3 refs.

Kinney, T.C., Jain, S.K.

Permafrost beneath structures, Permafrost thermal properties, Gravel, Foundations, Refrigeration, Thermal stresses, Settlement (structural), Design criteria, Thermal insulation, Temperature variations.

40-2442

Development of a self-heating thermal probe for saline permafrost.

Nixon, J.F., International Conference on Cold Regions Engineering, 4th, Anchorage, Alaska, Feb. 24-26, 1986. Proceedings. Edited by W.L. Ryan, New York, American Society of Civil Engineers, 1986, p. 192-199. 3 refs.

Permafrost thermal properties, Saline soils, Unfrozen water content, Geothermy, Temperature measure-ment, Subsea permafrost, Frozen ground tempera-

Installation of thermistor strings in test borings: a comparison of methods and results.

Klein, C.A., et al, International Conference on Cold Regions Engineering, 4th, Anchorage, Alaska, Feb. 24-26, 1986. Proceedings. Edited by W.L. Ryan, New York, American Society of Civil Engineers, 1986, p.200-206.

Wilson, C.R., Benson, B.D., Carpenter, G.W. Soil temperature, Thermistors, Boreholes.

Monitoring techniques for thermosyphons. Yarmak, E., et al, International Conference on Cold Regions Engineering, 4th, Anchorage, Alaska, Feb. 24-26, 1986. Proceedings. Edited by W.L. Ryan, New York, American Society of Civil Engineers, 1986, p.207-219, 6 refs. Long, E.L.

Soil freezing, Refrigeration, Pipes (tubes), Sub-grades, Heat transfer, Temperature measurement, Monitors, Design.

40-2445

Ground temperature monitoring Cominco's Red Dog

Hammer TA et al International Conference on Cold Regions Engineering, 4th, Anchorage, Alaska, Feb. 24-26, 1986. Froceedings. Ldited by W.L. Ryan, New York, American Society of Civil Engi-neers, 1986, p.220-234. Krzewinski, T.G., Booth, G.G.

Monitors, Soil temperature, Temperature measurement, Frozen ground temperature, Thermal regime, Thermistors, Vegetation, Soil water, Snow cover effect. Climatic factors.

40-2446
Design evaluations in support of offshore facilities

Design evaluations in support of offshore facilities and gravel islands in the Arctic.

Manikian, V., et al, International Conference on Cold Regions Engineering, 4th, Anchorage, Alaska, Feb. 24-26, 1986. Proceedings. Edited by W.L. Ryan, New York, American Society of Civil Engineers, 1986, p.235-351, 10 refs.

Machemehl, J.L., Gadd, P.E.

Offshore structures, Artificial islands, Gravel, Ice loads, Foundations, Ice conditions, Damage, Design criteria, Soil strength, Piles, Soil stabilization. 40-2447

Testing of admixtures for seabed strengthening.

Mahmood, A., et al, International Conference on Cold Regions Engineering, 4th, Anchorage, Alaska, Feb. 24-26, 1986. Proceedings. Edited by W.L. Ryan, New York, American Society of Civil Engineers, 1986, p.252-263, 6 refs. Merrill, K.S., Le, K.M.

Offshore structures, Ocean bottom, Soil stabilization, Cement admixtures, Bottom sediment, Tests, Marine deposits, Concrete curing, Shear strength, Temperature effects, Beaufort Sea.

Design of modular structures for the Arctic.

Muratoglu, O.H., et al, International Conference on Cold Regions Engineering, 4th, Anchorage, Alaska, Feb. 24-26, 1986. Proceedings. Edited by W.L. Ryan, New York, American Society of Civil Engineers, 1986, p.264-276.

Ganguly, P.
Offshore structures, Marine transportation, Snow loads, Ice loads, Foundations, Prozen ground strength, Ice adhesion, Design criteria, Loads (forces).

40-2449

Lessons learned from examination of membrane roofs in Alaska.

Tobiasson, W., et al, MP 2003, International Conference on Cold Regions Engineering, 4th, Anchorage, Alaska, Feb. 24-26, 1986. Proceedings Edited by W.L. Ryan, New York, American Society of Civil Engineers, 1986, p.277-290, 10 refs. Osgood, S.

Roofs, Moisture detection, Freeze thaw cycles, Damage, Thermal expansion, Thermal effects.

age, Thermal expansion, Thermal effects.

During 1984 and 1985 airborne infrared roof moisture surveys were conducted of membrane roofs at army installations in Alaska. Many of these roofs were also visually inspected and cored to verify infrared findings. Numerous areas of wet insulation were found but often they were small enough and the surrou-uding roofing system was in good enough condition to warrant removal and replacement of just the wet areas. Essentially all moisture entered from the exterior threagh flaws in the membrane and flashings. The lack of problems from internal moisture indicates that current vapor retarders, even though imperfect, are adequate. Some "cold regions" appurtenances such as membrane control joints, and insulation breather vents appear to do more harm than good. The protected membrane (upside-down) roofing system is well suited to Alaska but some

problems have occurred when the membrane lacks slope to drain. Low-strength concrete navers used for mof hallest have drain. Low-strength concrete pavers used for roof ballast have been deteriorated by freeze-thaw action.

40-2450

Snow load design for Colorado Mountains.

Berry, D.L., International Conference on Cold Regions Engineering, 4th, Anchorage, Alaska, Feb. 24-26, 1986. Proceedings. Edited by W.L. Ryan, New

26, 1986. Proceedings. Edited by W.L. Kyan, New York, American Society of Civil Engineers, 1986, p.291-308, 9 refs. Snow loads, Buildings, Roofs, Snow slides, Snow cover effect, Mountains, Skis, Wind effects, Solar radiation, Snow accumulation, Models, United States Colorado.

Ester West slide-a case history

Johnson, E.G., International Conference on Cold Re-Johnson, E.G., international Conference on Cold Regions Engineering, 4th, Anchorage, Alaska, Feb. 24-26, 1986. Proceedings. Edited by W.L. Ryan, New York, American Society of Civil Engineers, 1986, p.309-319.

Permafrost, Soil creep, Sliding, Slope processes, Em-

bankments, Frozen ground mechanics, Slope orienta-tion, Mudflows, Stability.

40-2452

Reinforced roads bridging voids.

Kinney, T.C., International Conference on Cold Regions Engineering, 4th, Anchorage, Alaska, Feb. 24-26, 1986. Proceedings. Edited by W.L. Ryan, New York, American Society of Civil Engineers, 1986,

p. 320-329, 2 refs.

Pavements, Thermal effects, Freeze thaw cycles, Construction materials, Mathematical models, Ground thawing, Settlement (structural), Loads (forces), Design. Computer applications.

40-2453

Characterization of the Dalton highway foundation

Vita. C.L., et al, International Conference on Cold Regions Engineering, 4th, Anchorage, Alaska, Feb. 24-26, 1986. Proceedings. Edited by W.L. Ryan, New York, American Society of Civil Engineers, 1986, p.330-340, 12 refs.

Rooney, J.W.

Permatrost beneath roads, Soil compaction, Soil teature, Ground thawing, Roudbeds, Landforms, Strains, Foundations, Settlement (structural), Erosion, Road maintenance.

An economical approach to receiving coal by rail in the sub-Arctic environment.

Swigart, B., et al, International Conference on Cold Regions Engineering, 4th, Anchorage, Alaska, Feb. 24-26, 1986. Proceedings. Edited by W.L. Ryan, New York, American Society of Civil Engineers, 1986, p.341-350.

Peratrovich, R., Jr. Railroads, Coal, Cold weather construction, Cargo, Loading, Design, United States-Alaska.

40-2455

Cold regions features of the Whittier access tunnel. Slakey, D.M., et al, International Conference on Cold Regions Engineering, 4th, Anchorage, Alaska, Feb. 24-26, 1986. Proceedings. Edited by W.L. Ryan, 24-26, 1986. Proceedings. Edited by W.L. Ryan, New York, American Society of Civil Engineers, 1986, p.351-363, 6 refs. Klein, S.J.

Tunnels, Tunneling (excavation), Cold weather construction. Trafficability.

40-2456

Long term performance of the Goldstream Creek

Baldassari, D.J., International Conference on Cold Regions Engineering, 4th, Auchorage, Alaska, Feb. 24-26, 1986. Proceedings. Edited by W.L. Ryan, New York, American Society of Civil Engineers, 1986, 364-368, 3 refs.

Permafrost beneath structures, Bridges, Soil temperature, Settlement (structural), Freeze thaw cycles, Piles, Thermal regime, Damage, Thermocouples, Streams, United States—Alaska—Fairbanks.

40-2457

Thermal analysis of pavement thawing.

Rutherford, M., et al, International Conference on Cold Regions Engineering, 4th, Anchorage, Alaska, Region Regions Engineering, 4th, Anchorage, Alaska, Feb. 24-26, 1986. Proceedings. Edited by W.L. Ryan, New York, American Society of Civil Engineers, 1986, p.369-383, 10 refs.

Mahoney, J.P.

Pavements, Ground thawing, Thermal analysis, Freeze thaw cycles, Frost penetration, Frost resistance, Subgrades, Air temperature.

40-2458

Ice cover research—present state and future needs. Kerr, A.D., et al, MP 2004, International Conference on Cold Regions Engineering, 4th, Anchorage, Alaska, Feb. 24-26, 1986. Proceedings. Edited by W.L. Ryan, New York, American Society of Civil Engineers, 1986, p.384-399, Refs. p.392-399. Frankenstein, G.E.

Ice cover strength, Floating ice, Ice loads, Ice pressure, Offshore structures, Dynamic loads, Bearing strength, Engineering, Ice cover thickness, Stresses. Presentation reviews, at first, a number of problem areas in ice Presentation reviews, at tirst, a number of problem areas in ice engineering, such as the determination of vertical and horizontal forces floating ice covers exert on fixed structures, the bearing capacity of ice covers subjected to loads of short or long duration, and the response of ice covers subjected to moving loads. The analytical fundamentals are then briefly reviewed and their relationship to actual field conditions is discussed. The presentation concludes with a discussion of problems encountered in laboratory tests. Throughout the presentation areas that require further study and clarification are indicated.

Terrain analysis from space shuttle photographs of

Kreig, R.A., et al, MP 2J97, International Conference on Cold Regions Engineering, 4th, Anchorage, Alaska, Feb. 24-26, 1986. Proceedings. Edited by W.L. Ryan, New York, American Society of Civil Engineers, 1986, p.400-409, 14 refs. Guodong, C., Brown, J.

Permatrost distribution, Alpine landscapes, Remote sensing, Topographic features, Continuous permatrost, Mapping, Spaceborne photography, Aerial survevs. Tibet.

40-2460

Anchorage taps Eklutna Lake for new water supply. Miller, R.E., et al, International Conference on Regions Engineering, 4th, Anchorage, Alaska, Feb. 24-26, 1986. Proceedings. Edited by W.L. Ryan, New York, American Society of Civil Engineers, 1986, p.410-418, 8 refs.

Blackmer, W.H.
Water supply, Water pipelines, Cold weather construction, Design, Water resources. Water treatment, United States—Alaska—Anchorage.

Eklutna water project.

Harris, G.S., International Conference on Cold Regions Engineering, 4th, Anchorage, Alaska, Feb. 24-26, 1986. Proceedings. Edited by W.L. Ryan, New York, American Society of Civil Engineers, 1986, p.419-432, 3 refs.

Water pipelines, Cold weather operation, Water

treatment, Freezeup, Sludges, Permafrost distribu-tion, Damage, Countermeasures, Cold weather construction. River diversion.

Water treatment facility design for a glacial lake. Kreft, P., et al. International Conference on Cold Re-From the control of t

Glacial lakes, Water treatment, Freeze thaw cycles, Suspended sediment, Water supply, Design criteria, Sludges, Water chemistry, United States-Alaska Eklutna Lake.

Slope investigation and repair MP 6981-Trans

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The upper one-third of the Delaware River is characterized by a steep gradient with a general riffle/pool sequence. Due to seasonal low flows, a considerable volume of ice is generated seasonal low flows, a considerable volume of ice is generated and transported throughout the winter months. During February 1981 is catastrophic breakup ice; am occurred along a reach of the Delaware River near Port Jervis, NY, causing \$14.5 million in damages. In February 1982 another breakup ice jam occurred at the same location, causing much concern but minimal flooding and damages. These events prompted the Philadelphia District, U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, to conduct an investigation of the Upper Delaware River to determine if some form of ice control structure could be implemented in order to reduce ice jam-induced flooding. This paper focuses on the field investigations and analyses performed by the U.S. Army Cold Regions. Research and Engineering Laboratory for the Philadelphia District during the period 1983-1985. The study included both on site and remote monitoring of ice conditions and hydraulic analysis of several ice control structure alternatives.

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Glacier ice, Gas inclusions, Atmospheric composition. We report noble gas abundance data for four antarctic glacial ice samples which were selected to test the hypothesis that the apparent Xe deficiency in the Earth's atmosphere relative to meteoritic abundance is due to incorporation of Xe in glacial ice. Our measurements indicate that the concentrations of Xe in glacial ice fall far short of what the hypothesis requires. The present results complete the survey of all significant atmospheric reservoirs and show that the "missing Xe" is not contained in any of them. It must either be in the solid earth in yet unsampled reservoirs, or else it simply does not exist and the noble gas abundance pattern () the Earth is dissimilar to that in meteorites. (Auth.)

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Sea ice biota.

Horner, R.A., ed, Boca Raton, CRC Press, 1985, 215p., Refs. passim. For individual papers see 40-2535 through 40-2542 or B-33364, B-33366 through B-33370 and F-33365. DLC QH95.56.S43 1985

DLC QH95.56.S43 1985
Marine biology, Algae, Sea ice, Ice physics, Cryobiology, Microbiology.

The biota are described and explained in the circumstances of both Arctic and Antarctic regions. The book begins with a chapter on the history of ice algal studies starting with the earliest reports of ice algae in the literature and extending to the most recent studies. An extensive chapter on the physical properties of sea ice follows, which may provide answers to some of the questions concerning the ability of the organisms to live and grow in the ice. Three chapters on the ecology, chemical composition and biochemistry, growth, metabolism, and dark survival follow, based on data obtained in the last 20 years. The taxonomy of the microalgae found in sea ice is discussed in chapter 6, and a preliminary check list of algal species reported from sea ice is given in the Appendix. The chapter on bacteria reviews the sparse data on this important component of the ice community. Most of the information is from studies in the Antarctic and has been obtained since 1980. The complexities of Arctic faunal communities associated with sea complexities of Arctic faunal communities associated with sea ice are discussed in the final chapter.

History of ice algal investigations. Horner, R.A., Sea ice biota. Edited by R.A. Horner, Boca Raton, CRC Press, 1985, p.1-19, 105 refs. DLC QH95.56.S43 1985

Algae, Sea ice, Polar regions.

The history of ice algal studies is reviewed, starting with reports on sea ice diatoms from nearly 150 years ago and extending to studies since 1960 to the present. Researchers in arctic and antarctic regions are identified, their significant contributions are noted, and their spheres of influence are assessed.

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Sea ice, Ice physics, Cryobiology, Ice growth, Ice structure, Ice salinity, Ice heat flux, Mass balance, Polar regions.

This extensive review on existing knowledge of sea ice covers the extent and morphology of the polar ice pack, the formation and growth of sea ice, its structure and salinity, thermal, mechanical and optical properties, energy fluxes, and response of ice to environmental changes.

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Ecology of sea ice microalgae. Horner, R.A., Sea ice biota. Edited by R.A. Horner, Boca Raton, CRC Press, 1985, p.83-103, 114 refs. DLC QH95.56.S43 1985

Algae, Ecology, Plankton, Cryobiology, Sea ice, Microbiology, Polar regions.

This article discusses the formation and disintegration of com-I'ms article discusses the formation and uninegration of com-munities in bottom, surface, and interior ice; the geographic distribution of ice algae, their origin, annual cycle, and environ-mental factors such as light, temperature and nutrient concen-trations and salinity. Various hypotheses concerning phyto-plankton bloom and the use of ice algae as environmental in-dicators are reviewed.

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Chemical composition and biochemistry of sea ice microalgae.

McConville, M.J., Sea ice biota. Edited by R.A. Horner, Boca Raton, CRC Press, 1985, p.105-129, 156

DLC OH95.56.S43 1985

Algae, Sea ice, Cryobiology, Growth, Microbiology. It is found that the gross chemical composition and pathways of carbon assimilation of ice algae are similar to related species from other marine ecosystems; morphologically and chemically trom other marine ecosystems; morphologically and chemically they most closely resemble benthic microalgal species. Their fatty acids are highly unsaturated; the cellular levels of reserve material are markedly influenced by environmental factors, its accumulation not being observed under winter conditions. It is suggested that the considerable variability found in cellular pigment composition may result from spatial heterogeneity of under ice irradiance, and that measurements of the physiological state of uncrealized may be useful for improved assertions. cal state of microalgae may be useful for improving estimates of primary productivity in the ice community.

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Growth, metabolism, and dark survival in sea ice mi-

Palmisano, A.C., et al, Sea ice biota. Edited by R.A. Horner, Boca Raton, CRC Press, 1985, p.131-146, 108 refs.

C.W DLC OH95.56.S43 1985

ice, Microbiology, Photosynthesis, Growth, Cryobiology, Algae.

Cryobiology, Algae.

Much of the work published to date on the physiology and acclimatization in sea ice microalgae is reviewed. In situ growth rates estimated by Bunt et al. are considered (showing that rates of 0.08 to 0.21/day can be calculated for the spring bloom in McMurdo Sound in 1967) as are findings by other authors. Microalgal photosynthesis, heterotrophy, and dark survival are reviewed at length.

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Taxonomy of sea ice microalgae. Horner, R.A., Sea ice biota. Edited by R.A. Horner, Horner, R.A., Sea ice biota. Edited by R.A. Horn-Boca Raton, CRC Press, 1985, p.147-:57, 85 refs. DLC QH95.56.S43 1985

Algae, Sea ice, Cryobiology.

Literature on organisms from antarctic and arctic sea ice is reviewed, showing that many algal classes are found in sea ice, with diatoms being the most abundant organisms. Some spe-cies are found over wide geographic areas in both the ice and the water column near the ice. A number of unusual organisms have been found in the ice and in seawater near drifting ice. It is suggested that additional taxonemic studies are needed, especially in the Antarctic where species lists from McMurdo Sound and Mirnyy had no species in common, and that organisms other than diatoms should be identified and studied.

Sea ice bacteria: reciprocal interactions of the organ-

Sea ice bacteria: reciprocal interactions of the organisms and their environment.
Sullivan, C.W., Sea ice biota. Edited by R.A. Horner, Boca Raton, CRC Press, 1985, p.159-171, 65 refs.
DLC QH95.56.S43 1985

Sea ice, Ice nuclei, Bacteria, Cryobiology.

Areas in which ice bacteria are suspected to play an important role include: secondary microbial production mediated through the microbial loop; remineralization and recycling of ice-as-sociated organic matter; maintenance of balance in the ice mi-croenvironment with regard to detoxification and oxygen con-sumption; trace gas production, and ice nucleation and early stages of sea ice formation. 40-2542

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Sea ice, Cryobiology, Marine biology, Ecology, Microbiology.

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Roofs, Thermal insulation, Polymers, Cellular plastics, Moisture, Temperature gradients, Tests.

When subjected to a sustained temperature gradient in the presence of moisture in laboratory wetting tests, urethane and expanded polystyrene roof insulations accumulate enough moisture to significantly reduce their insulating ability. Extruded polystyrene is quite resistant to moisture in such tests. But the vapor drive is not as great in actual roofs and it may reverse direction, thereby seasonally drying the insulation. To determine how well the laboratory tests could prefict the wetting rate of insulation in actual protected membrane toofs, extruded and expanded polystyrene and urethane insulations were in-stalled in a protected membrane roof in Hanover, N.H. After three years of exposure, little moisture had accumulated in the extruded polystyrene and it still retained essentially all of its initial insulating ability. 40-2550

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cheloveka na prirodnye kompleksyj, Emel'ianov, A.G., ed, Kalinin, Universitet, 1983, 145p., In Russian. For selected paper see 40-2591 Swamps, Land reclamation, Forest land, Snow surveys.

Snow cover properties in geocomplexes of the Meshchera valley-outwash plain landscape (for land reclamation). (Svojstva snezhnogo pokrova geokom-pleksov dolinno-zandrovogo landshafta Meshchery

(dlia ratonov osushitel'nykh melioratsit), D'iakonov, K.N., et al, Izuchenie posledstvit vozdetstviia cheloveka na prirodnye kompleksy (Studying the consequences of human impacts on natural complexes) edited by A.G. Emel'ianov, Kalinin, Universitet, 1983, p.28-35, In Russian. 4 refs. Ivanov, A.N.

Land reclamation. Swamps, Drainage, Snow depth, Snow water equivalent, Snow surveys, Snow density, Landscape types, Plains, Valleys.

80-2992
Reinforced concrete structures for continental shelves. [Sooruzheniia iz zhelezobetona dlia kontinental'nogo shel'faj.
Volkov, IU.S., et al, Moscow, Strolizdat, 1985, 292p., In Russian with abridged English table of contents enclosed. 99 refs.

Rybalov, I.I.

loads, Offshore structures, Concrete structures, Reinforced concretes, Ocean waves, Floating struc-tures, Airports, Wind factors, Urban planning, Sea ice distribution, Buildings, Frost action, Electric power.

40-2593

Electrical freezing potentials and corrosion rates in

clay sludge.
Hanley, T.O., Canadian geotechnical journal, Nov. 1985, 22(4), p.599-604, 18 refs.
Freezing potential (electrical), Sou freezing, Sludges,

Corrosion, Clay soils, Unfrozen water content, Models.

On a plausible explanation of the connection of point defect parameters with the melting point.

Varotsos, P., et al, Journal of physics and chemistry of

Varotsos, P., et al, Journal of physics and enemistry of solids, 1986, 47(1), p.79-82, 19 refs.
Varotsos, C., Hatjicontis, V., Lazaridou, M.
Melting points, Enthalpy, Thermodynamics, Soil physics, Analysis (mathematics).

Predicting two-dimensional steady-state soil freezing fronts using the CVBEM.

II, Journal of heat transfer, Feb. Hromadka, T.V.,

1986, 108(1), p.235-237, 9 refs.
Soli freezing, Freezing points, Heat transfer, Freeze thaw cycles, Geothermy, Analysis (mathematics).

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Permafrost, Glaciology, Environments, Oceanography, Bibliographies.

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Russian with abridged English table of contents enclosed. Refs. p.192-201.

Tolstykh, E.A., ed.
Slope processes, Classifications, Glacial hydrology,
Engineering geology, Environmental protection,
Landslides, Talus, Rock streams, Mudflows, Solifluc-

Reforestation and forest protection in Karelia. [Voprosy lesovosstanovlenija i lesozashchity v Karelij, Shubin, V.I., ed, Petrozavodsk, 1983, 115p., In Russian. For selected papers see 40-2599 through 40-2603. Refs. passim

Krutov, V.I., ed. Sokolov, A.I., ed.

Taiga, Environmental protection, Cryogenic soils, Forestry, Revegetation, Soil formation, Plant ecology, Plant physiology, Ecosystems.

40-2599

Soil conditions of clear-cut aress in Karel, a during the last decade. ¡Pochvennye uslovija vyribok Karelii

poslednego desia.iletiiaj, Fedorets, N.G., Voprosy lesovosstar.ovleniia i lesozashchity v Karelii (Reforestation and forest protection in Karelia) edited by V.I. Shubin, V.I. Krutov and A.I. Sokolov, Petrozavodsk, 1983, p.4-13, In Russian. 14 refs.

Cryogenic soils, Soil composition, Taiga, Freeze thaw cycles, Lichens, Mosses, Forestry, Soil fornation.

40-2600

Estimation of artificial revegetation of clear-cut areas. Otsenka iskusstvennogo lesovosstanovlenija

na vyrubkakh₁, Shubin, V.I., et al, Voprosy lesovosstanovleniia i lesozashchity v Karelii (Reforestation and forest protection in Karelia) edited by V.I. Shubin, V.I. Krutov and A.I. Sokolov, Petrozavodsk, 1983, p.13-34, In Russian. 10 refs

Forestry, Revegetation, Cryogenic soils, Subarctic re-

40-2601

Cultivation of soils for forest cultures in clear-cut areas of the northwestern European USSR. Present state and prospects. Obrabotka pochvy pod lesnye kul'tury na vyrubkakh Zapadnoš chasti evropešskogo

Severa. Sostoianie i perspektivy, Shubin, V.I., Voprosy lesovosstanovleniia i lesozashchity v Karelii (Reforestation and forest protection in Karelia) edited by V.I. Shubin, V.I. Krutov and A.I. Sokolov, Petrozavodsk, 1983, p.45-53, In Russian.

Taiga, Plant ecology, Cryogenic soils, Soil composi-tion, Swamps, Soil water migration, Forest land, Freeze thaw cycles.

40-2602

Afforestation and the formation of soil profiles on land affected by industrial activities. [Lesovosstanovlenie i formirovanie pochvennogo profilia na tekh-

when the formirovanie poerwennego profilia na teknnogennykh zemliakhj, Kuz'min, I.A., et al, Voprosy lesovosstanovleniia i lesozashchity v Karelii (Reforestation and forest protection in Karelia) edited by ¼ Shubin, V.I. Krutov and A.I. Sokolov, ≥etrozav Ask, 1983. p.71-78, In

Strelkova, A.A.

Forest land, Cryogenic soils, Revegetation, Soil composition, Forestry, Soil profiles.

40-2603

Appearance of seedlings and the preservation of pine seeds in soil in Karelia. Poiavlenie vskhodov i sokhrannost' semian sosny v pochve v v slovijakh Karelij, Sokolov, A.I., Voprosy lesovosstanovlenija i lesozashchity v Karelii (Reforestation and forest protects in in Karelia) edited by V.I. Shubin, V.I. Krutov and A.I. Sokolov, Petrozavodsk, 1983, p.78-85, In Russian. 19 refs

Taiga, Cryogenic soils, Soil composition, Soil microbiology, Plant physiology, Soil moisture migration.

40-2604

Accounting for the ice- and thermal regime of pools and construction objects when building pumped-storage electric power plants. [Uchet ledovogo i termicheskogo rezhimov basselnov i sooruzhenil pri soz-danii GAES₁, Skladnev, M.F., et al, *Leningrad. Politekhnicheskii* institut. Trudy, 1984, No.401, p.86-92, In Russian.

Lianin V.E. Sokolov I.N.

Hydraulic structures, Slopes, Ice accretion, Ice loads, Dams, Electric power.

40-2605

Changes of the ice regime in Swedish rivers due to the development of the hydro-electric power.

Fremling, S., Inadvertent effects of man on the hydro-

logical cycle. Edited by E. Hansen, Pordic IHD report, No.8, Oslo, 1975, p.80-83. Ice conditions, River ice, Water reserves, Lake water, Dams, Electric power, Water level, Human factors,

40-2606

Changes in ice conditions in regulated Norwegian

watercourses.
Roen, S., Inadvertent effects of man on the hydrologi-

Roen, S., madvertent enects of man on the hydrological cycle. Edited by E. Hansen, Nordic IHD report, No.8, Oslo, 1975, p.84-90.

Ice conditions, River ice, Lake ice, Stream flow, Water level, Seasonal variations, Flow rese, Water temperature, Norway.

40-2607

Downstream transition of river ice lams.

Beltaos, S., et al, Journal of hydraulic engineering, Feb. 1986, 112(2), p.91-110, 18 refs.

Wong, J.

Ice jams, River ice, Ice mechanics, Ice breakup, Grounded ice, Mathematical models.

40-2608

Flow resistance of river ice cover.

Shen, H.T., et al, Journal of hydrerlic engineering, Feb. 1986, 112(2), p.142-156, 16 refs. Yapa, P.D.

River flow, Ice cover effect, Hydraulics, River ice, Flow rate, Mathematical models.

Effects of brine content on the strength of frozen Ottawa sand.

Pharr, G.M., et al, Cold regions science and technology, Nov. 1985, 11(3), p.205-212, 15 refs. Merwin, J.E.

Frozen ground strength, Saline soils, Brines, Sands, Compressive properties, Stress strain diagrams, Temperature effects.

X-ray technique for observation of ice lens growth in partially frozen, saturated soil.

partially trozen, saturated soil.

Ishizaki, T., et al., Cold regions science and technology,
Nov. 1985, 11(3), p.213-221, 16 refs.

Yoncyama, K., Nishio, N.

Ground ice, Ice lenses, Frost heave, Ice growth, Frozen ground mechanics, Soil water migration, X ray
analysis, Ice pressure, Temperature effects, Tests.

Ice penetration tests.

Garcia, N.B., et al, Cold regions science and technology, Nov. 1985, 11(3), MP 2014, p.223-236, 6 refs. Farrell, D., Mellor, M. Ice cover strength, Military research, Projectile

penetration, Impact strength, Flexural strength, Brittleness, Penetration tests.

Itleness, Penetration tests.

Exploratory tests of ice penetration were made by driving smalblunt cylinders into semi-infinite ice at normal incidence.

There types of laboratory tests were made: (1) drop-weight
impact (impact speed 1 4-3.1 m/s), (2) high-speed ballistic
penetration (impact speed 8 3 434 m/s), (3) deep penetration at
low speed (0.42-4.23 m/s). Penetration by indenters and projectiles could be characterized by the energetics of the process,
with little varietion of specific energy as negetation speed jectiles could be characterized by the energetics of the process, with little variation of specific energy as penetration speed changed by orders of magnitude. For blunt penetrators entering ice at -5 C, specific energy was typically in the range 1.5-15 MJ/cu m. Low speed tests provided data on penetration force (and energy) as a function of displacement. The test results were compared with other published laboratory data, and with field tests results for bigger projectiles.

40-2612

Observations on polygonal patterns in a Jurassic sandstone, Kohlan group, Yemen Arab Republic.

El-Nakhal, H.A., Cold regions science and technology, Nov. 1985, 11(3), p.237-240, 7 refs. Tundia, Polygonal topography, Cracks, Paleo-climatology, Frost action, Pleistocene, Yemen Arab

40-2613

Visco-elastic buckling analysis of floating ice sheets. Sjölind, S.-G., Cold regions science and technology, Nov. 1985, 11(3), p.241-246, 12 refs. Floating ice, Viscoelasticity, Loads (forces), Ice cover

strength, Analysis (mathematics), Buckling.

Stress-relieving techniques for cantilever beam tests

in an Ice cover.
Frederking, R.M.W., et al, Cold regions science and technology, Nov. 1985, 11(3), p.247-253, 12 1efs.
Svec, O.J.

Ice cover strength, Flexural strength, Ice loads, Ice solid interface, Bearing strength, Stresses, Tests.

40-2615

Statistical prediction of iceberg trajectories.

Garrett, C., Cold regions science and technology, Nov. 1985, 11(3), p.255-266, 15 refs. Icebergs, Drift, Ice mechanics, Ocean currents, Off-

shore structures, Analysis (mathematics), Forecasting.

40-2616

Some strength features of natural snow surfaces that affect snow drifting.
Martinelli, M., Jr., et al, Cold regions science and tech-

nology, Nov. 1985, 11(3), p.267-283, 9 refs Ozment, A.

Snow strength, Snow hardness, Snow surface, Blowing snow, Loads (forces), Snowfall, Snowdrilts, Brittleness, Wind factors, Sunlight, Impact strength.

Creep of polycrystalline ice.

Ashby, M.F., et al, Cold regions science and technology, Nov. 1985, 11(3), p.285-300, 28 refs. Duval, P.

Ice creep, Ice crystal structure, Ice deformation, Tensile properties, Analysis (mathematics), Plastic prop-

Production of HSLA seamless steel pipes for offshore structures and line pipes by direct-quench and tem-

pering.
Iwasaki, Y., et al, Iron and Steel Institute of Japan. Transactions, 1985, (10), p.1059-1068, 10 refs. Kobayashi, K., Ueno, K., Koyama, Y.

Steel structures, Cold weather tests, Pipes (tubes), Welding.

40-2619

Properties of heavy gauge steel plates for offshore structures.

Nishizaki, H., et al, Iron and Steel Institute of Japan. Transactions, 1985, 25(10), p.B269. Offshore structures, Steel structures, Cold weather

tests, Chemical composition, Tensile properties.

Melting in rectangular enclosures: experiments and numerical simulations.

Bénard, C., et al, Journal of heat transfer, Nov. 1985, 107(4), p.794-803, 30 refs.

Gobin, D., Martinez, F. Heat transfer, Melting points, Solid phases, Convection, Phase transformations, Analysis (mathematics).

Freezing in the presence of rotation.

Nelson, J.S., et al. *Journal of heat transfer*, Nov. 1985, 107(4), p.804-811, 14 refs. Sparrow, E.M.

ezing, Heat transfer, Phase transformations, Solid phases, Analysis (mathematics).

40-2622

Transient simultaneous condensation and multing of a vertical surface.

Galamba, D., et al, Journal of heat transfer, Nov. 1985, 107(4), p.812-818, 7 refs. Dhir. V.K.

Melting, Condensation, Water vapor, Thermal conductivity, Saturation, Temperature distribution, Analysis (mathematics).

40-2623

Radar cross-sections of two cold icebergs.

Rossiter, J.R., et al, *Iceberg research*, Oct. 1985, No.11, p.3-9, 7 refs. Currie, B.W., Lewis, E.O.

Icebergs, Radar echoes, Reflectivity, Canada-Northwest Territories—Borden Peninsula.

Formation of iceberg keel marks on the antarctic sea

Miller, R.G., et al, Iceberg research, Oct. 1985, No.11, p.10-12, 3 refs. Barnes, P.W.

Icebergs, Ice scoring, Antarctica-Moubray Bay,

A grounded toeberg in Moubray Bay near Cape Hallett is de-scribed. It appears that the toe of the berg was grounded since it rotated in alternating directions 130-180 degrees. An esti-mate of current direction and velocity was obtained when se-aice on which they were walking gave way under a colleague Rescue was made with difficulty because the current forced the man's legs upward to the underside of the ice. Given these ob-servations, several scenarios are suggested for the formation of bed forms on the sea flow, from the grounded toe keels. bed forms on the sea floor from the grounded ice keels

40-2625

U.S. Coast Guard use of the Argos Data Collection O.S. Coast Guard use of the Argos Data Collection System for monitoring and tracking of icebergs. Hayes, R.M., *Iceberg research*, Oct. 1985, No.11, p.13-15, 4 refs. Icebergs, Drift stations. Ocean currents, Data trans-

Geometrical aspects of sorted patterned ground in recurrently frozen soil.

Gleason, K.J., et al, Science, Apr. 11, 1986, 232(4747), p.216-220, 17 refs.
Krantz, W.B., Caine, N., George, J.H., Gunn, R.D.

Prozen ground, Patterned ground, Ground thawing, Ground ice, Ice melting, Models.

40-2627

Report of the 25th Soviet Antarctic Expedition for 1979-1980. [Itogi rabot sezonnogo sostava dvadtsat' piatot Sovetskof Antarkticheakof Ekspeditsii (1979/80

8.)]. Kornilov, N.A., et al, Sovetskaia antarkticheskaia ekspeditsiia. Informatsionny'i biulleten', 1985, No.107, p.10-16, In Russian. Kozlovskii, A.M.

Ice cores, Ice shelves, Antarctica-Vostok Statioa.

The outline of the 25th Soviet Antarctic Expedition for the season 1979-1980 is presented as follows: geophysical and geological investigations in the Weddell Sea coastal area; investigations under the International Antarctic Glaciological Program and the Geophysical Polygon in Antarctica project; research and the Geophysical Polygon in Antarctica project, research conducted on board ships cruising in antarctic waters, re-supplying of the Soviet antarctic stations and bases; activities related to the construction of Russkays Station at Cape Burks and those in connection with the first flight between Moscow and Molodezhnays Station of the laboratory-aircraft II-18D.

40-2628

Glaciological and geodetic work on Hays Glacier in 1977-1978. Gliatsiogeodezichskie raboty na lednike Khetsa v 1977/78 g₁,

Hoyer, R., et al, Sovetskaia antarkticheskaia ekspeditsiia. Informatsionnyi biulleten', 1985, No.107, p.27-32, 12 refs., In Russiar Majer, S., Reppchen, G. In Russian.

Geodetic surveys, Glacier surfaces, Snow accumula-tion, Glacier oscillation, Firm, Glacier flow, Glacier surveys, Antarctica—Hays Glacier.

surveys, Antarctica—Hays Glacier.

Results are reported of the follow-up of investigations begun in 1972 on the Hays Outlet Glacier 15 km east of Molodezhnaya Station, continuing in 1975-1976 200 km further, and ending in 1978. Extension and repetition measurements are given. Glacier motion tables and scheme are presented, showing horizontal and vertical velocities in m/year, direction; location of observation points during the 6-years research; ice-free areas; and glacier fissures, thickness, snow accumulation, and firn temperature and density. It is noted that Hays Glacier displays a constant calving rhythm, in contrast to Campbell Glacier, southwest of Molodezhnaya, which shows a calving rhythm differentiated in time, oscillating between 0.5-0.1/year. Hays Glacier is at least 10,000 years old.

40-2629

Surface water dynamics in eastern Sodruzhestvo Sea from iceberg drift observations. [Nekotorye cherty dinamiki poverkhnostnykh vod v vostochno! chasti moria Sodruzhestva po nabliudenijam za drešfom als-

bergov_j, Botnikov, V.N., et al, Sovetskaia antarkticheskaia ekspeditsiia. Informatsionny'i biulleten', 1985, No.107, p.59-62, 6 refs., In Russian. Dmitrash, A.Zh.

Icebergs, Ocean currents, Drift, Antarctica-Prydz

Bay.

Study of 80 images of the course of two drifting icebergs in a northeastern section of Prydz Bay, taken between Jan. 15, 1978, and Apr. 9, 1979, is reported. The first iceberg, 34 x 26 km in size, moved on a westerly course at 3.2-6.5 mil/d in mid ocean, increasing the speed to 7.2 mil/d 10 mi from the coast. The second iceberg, 37 x 24 km in size, was observed Dec. 10-15, 1978, in the eastern section of Sodruzhestvo Sea between 350 and 150 km off the coast, drifting in a southeasterly direction at 5.5-7 9 mil/d. On Dec. 15-29 its course changed abrupt-ly toward the southwest at 1.5-3.6 mil/d. In the next 40 days the drift changed its course again, progressing in a general northeastern direction at 0.8 mil/d.

40-2630

Study of propulsion system operations of the research vessel Mikhail Somov navigating through antarctic ice. [Issledovanic raboty dvizhitel nogo kompleksa NES Mikhail Somov v usloviiakh ledovogo plavaniia

v Antarktike, Svistunov, B.N., Sovetskaia antarkticheskaia ekspedit-siia. Informatsionnyi biulleten', 1985, No.107, p.75-80. In Russian.

Sea ice.

Sea (ce. Interaction between the propeller of the moving ship and sea ice was studied during the 1981-1982 season. No such interaction was noted in flat surfaced ice up 19.70 cm thick, nor with large ice pieces 80-90 cm thick. This is attributed to the ship's slow speed of 3-4 knots. In thicker ice, the propeller interacted with ice in both forward and reverse motion, achieving its maximum level in the latter, as in the former the propeller is shielded by the ship. Interaction data, including description of the ice conditions, are tabulated. The main characteristics of the vessel Mikhail Somov are presented, giving its proportions and the list and measurements of its equipment.

40-2631

BERGSEARCH '84: Assessment of airborne imaging

radars for the detection of icebergs.
Rossiter, J.R., et al, Environmental Studies Revolving Funds. Report, Sep. 1985, No.16, 321p., With French summary. Refs. passim.
Icebergs, Ice detection, Airborne radar, Remote sensing, Accuracy, Ice navigation, Offshore structures.

40-2632

Climatology of severe storms affecting coastal areas of eastern Canada. Brown, R.D., et al, Environmental Studies Revolving

Funds. R=port, Feb. 1986, No.20, 233p., Refs. p.229-233. With French summary. Roebber, P., Walsh, K.

Climatology, Ice cover effect, Storms, Ocean waves, Shores, Wind factors, Meteorological data, Canada.

40-2633

Modeling of soil processes. [Modelirovanie pochven-

nykh protsessovj, Pachepskii, IA.A., ed, Pushchino, 1985, 151p., In Russian. For selected papers see 40-2634 through 40-2636. Refs. passim.

Meltwater, Cryogenic soils, Heat transfer, Land rec-lamation, Mass travsfer, Mathematical models, Soil freezing, Soil water migration, Permeability, Freeze thaw cycles, Soil chemistry, Phase transformations, Soil composition.

40-2634

Theoretical bases and mathematical modeling of meltwater retention in agricultural fields. [Teoreticheskie osnovy i matematicheskoe modelirovanie zaderzhanija talykh vod na sel'skokhozialstvennykh po-

Kaliuzhnyř, I.L., et al, Modelirovanie pochvennykh protessov (Modeling of soil processes) edited by I.A.A. Pachepskiř, Pushchino, 1985, p.37-44, In "ussian. 6 refs.

Lavrov, S.A., Pavlova, K.K.

Snow retention, Freeze thaw cycles, Snow water equivalent, Meltwater, Snow cover distribution, Seepage, Porosity.

Adequacy test of a model simulating moisture transfer in space between drains. [Proverka adekvatnosti modeli vlagoperenosa v mezindrennom prostranstve, Nerpina, N.S., et al, Modelirovanie pochvennykh protsessov (Modeling of soil processes) edited by IA.A. Pachepskii, Pushchino, 1985, p.44-51, In Rus-7 refs.

Land reclamation, Mathematical models, Drainage, Drains, Soil water migration, Soil composition, Clays, Peat, Permeability.

Mathematical models of mass transfer in ground and soils subject to melioration. (Matematicheskie modeli massoperenosa v melioriruemykh pochvogrun-

Pen kovskii, V.I., et al, Modelirovanie pochvennykh protsessov (Modeling of soil processes) edited by IA.A. Pachepskii, Pushchino, 1985, p.66-76, In Russian. 35 refs. Emikh, V.N.

Land reclamation, Saline soils, Irrigation, Drainage, Mass transfer, Soil water migration, Soil chemistry, Mathematical models.

Pipeline transportation (Physico-technical and technical-economic analysis). (Magistral'nyi trubo-provodnyi transport (fiziko-tekhnicheskii i tekhnikoekonomicheskii analiz), Krivoshein, B.L., et al, Moscow, Nauka, 1985, 237p.,

In Russian with abridged English table of contents enclosed. Refs. passim. Tugunov, P.I.

Gas pipelines, Environmental impact, Petroleum industry, Petroleum transportation, beneath structures, Taiga, Paludification. Permafrost

40-2638

Ways of solving the problem of rational use and protection of natural resources in Leningrad and the Leningrad region. [Puti resheniia voprosov ratsional'-Demingraa region. Fruit resirenta volposov volposov nestorar nogo ispol'zovaniia i okhrany prirodnykh resursov Leningrada i Leningradskot oblasti, Voropaeva, G.M., ed, Leningrad, 1984, 200p., In Russian. For selected papers see 40-2639 and 40-2640.

Refs. passim.

Snow composition, Sea ice distribution, Pollution, Hydraulic structures, Air pollution, Ice navigation, Snow surveys, Wind factors, Ice cover thickness, Analysis (mathematics).

Peculiarities of ice regime in areas of hydraulic constructions. Osobennosti ledovogo rezhima v raione stroitel'stva gidrotekhnicheskikh sooruzhenii, Drabkin, V.V., Puti resheniia voprosov ratsional'nogo

ispol'zovanija i okhrany prirodnykh resursov Leningrada i Leningradskol oblasti (Ways of solving the problem of rational use and protection of natural resources in Leningrad and the Leningrad region) edited by G.M. Voropaeva, Leningrad, 1984, p.121-124, In Russian

Sea ice distribution, Hydraulic structures, Ice conditions, Ice navigation, Ice cover thickness, Design, Fast ice.

40-2640

Influence of hydrometeorological conditions on coli-an pollution of snow cover. [Vliianic gidrometeorologicheskikh uslovil na eolovoe zagriazne-

nie snezhnogo pokrovaj, Dronov, V.N., et al, Puti resheniia voprosov ratsional'nogo ispol'zovaniia i okhrany prirodnykh resursov Leningrada i Leningradsko'i oblasti (Ways of solving the problem of rational use and protection of natural resources in Leningrad and the Leningrad region) edited by G.M. Voropaeva, Leningrad, 1984, p.157-160,

In Russian.

stomina, M.E., Fedosimov, B.A., Fridrik, E.V.

Air pollution, Eolian soils, Soil pollution, Wind factors. Snow surveys.

40-2641

Formation and prediction of hydrochemical regime of water reservoirs in the northeastern USSR. [Formirovanie i prognozirovanie gidrokhimicheskogo rez-hima vodokhranilishch Severo-Vostoka SSSR₃, Labutina, T.M., Yakutsk, SO AN SSSR, 1985, 115p.,

In Russian with English table of contents enclosed.

Plankton, Water reserves, Lakes, Plant ecology, Hydrothermal processes, Permafrost beneath lakes, Ice conditions, Water chemistry, Water composition.

40-2642

Victoria Land Basin: part of an extended crustal comlex between East and West Antarctica.

plex between East and West Antarctica. Kim, Y., et al, Reflection seismology: the continental crust, Geodynamics series Vol.14, Washington, D.C., American Geophysical Union, 1986, p.323-330, Refs.

p.329-330. McGinnis, L.D., Bowen, R.H.

Sea ice, Subglacial observations, Seismic reflection, Seismic refraction, Antarctica—Transantarctic Mountains, Antarctica—McMurdo Sound, Antarctica-Victoria Land.

tica—Victoria Land.

Seismic reflection soundings to 12 seconds two-way time in the southern Victoria Land Basin of the western Ross Sea indicate the presence of a deep sedimentary basin overlying a thinned crust. In addition to reflection data, seismic refraction and gravity studies provide control on the configuration of crystalline basement and depth to the Mohorovicte Discontinuity. Dipping reflectors suggest a basin depth of 13 km and a 200 km long reversed refraction profile provides a MOHO depth of 21 km below sea level. The basin contains undeformed sediments dropping seaward and is similar to continental margins which were formed by rifting. Two areas of normal faulting bound the rifted basin on the east and west. Flat-lying glacula manner sediments with few internal reflections cover the basin. Present day high heat flow and active volcanism suggest that the basin beneath McMurdo Sound is undergoing a second phase of trifting. (Auth mod.) of fifting (Auth mod)

Polar class antarctic 1984 ice impact tests.

Dale, C. et al. Trans, rt. Canada. Reg. rt. Mar. 1985, TP 7184E, 188p., 8 refs.
Brown, R., St. John, J., Myers, J., Arctec Canada Ltd. Icebreakers, Ice loads, Ice pressure, Sea ice, Impact tests.

This report presents the results of the local ice loads data collec-This report presents the results of the local ice loads data collection aboard USCGC Polar Sea in Antarctica in January 1984. The measurement system was developed for the Ship Structure Committee and the Canadian Ministry of Transport to be used in the Alaskan Arctic. The objective was to gather data in thick level ice to be used for theoretical model validation and as a comparison with the ice pressures experienced in the Arctic 309 impacts were recorded in the that varied in thickness from 3 to 6 ft. The impacts were well centered on the panel 10. 309 impacts were recorded in ice hat varied in thickness from 3 to 6 ft. The impacts were well centered on the panel Vessel speeds varied from 1 to 10.5 kts. Highest single subpanel pressures were about 600 psi and peak measured force was 270 LT. These values are one-third to one-half of levels measured in the Arctic. Measured forces are compared with varieties. ous incorres with good agreement. A statistical analysis of the extremes was conducted to provide information on the type of distribution that was appropriate. A Gumbel distribution appears appropriate to the data of the data. acquired to predict long return periods, however (Auth)

40-2644

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Osterkamp, T.E.

Permafrost physics. Electromagnetic properties, Ice detection, Ground ice, Remote sensing, Soil strength, Geophysical surveys, Foundations.

40-2645

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Oil spills, Oil recovery, Ice conditions, Countermeas-

ures, Tests, Temperature effects.

40-2646

Enhancement of the radar detectability of Icehergs. Ryan, J.P., Environmental Studies Revolving Funds. Report, Jan. 1986, No.22, 83p., With French summary. 24 refs.

Icebergs, Ice detection, Radar echoes, Backscatter-ing, Wind factors, Analysis (mathematics).

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ologiske undersökelser i Norge 1983, Roland, E., et al. Norway. Vassdrags- og energiverk. Hydrologisk avdeling. Rapport, 1986, No.1-86, 52p. + map, In Norwegian with English summary. 6 refs.

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Lake water, River flow, Climatic changes, Human factors, Water temperature, Water storage, Drainage,

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40-2649

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40-2650

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Marine geology, Bottom topography, Icebergs, Paleoclimatology, Ocean bottom, Canada—Newfoundland—Grand Bank.

40-2651

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D. III. Le mentantes, Ellet Les Geolog. Boltomodoment, Chemical analysis, Canada—Labrador—Flow-

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Marine geological program in the Byam Martin Channel-Longheed Island region, District of Frank-

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Marine geology, Bottom sediment, Ice cover thickness, Core samplers, Soil texture, Canada—Byam Martin Channel.

40.2657

Optimizing technological parameters of underground mines. Optimizatsiia parametrov tekhnologii pod-zemnykh rudnikovj, Shemiakin, E.I., ed, Novosibirsk, 1984, 126p., In Rus-

sian. For selected paper see 40-2658. 5 refs. Mine shafts, Quarries, Rock excavation, Continuous permafrost.

40-2658

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nologii podzemnykh rudnikov (Optimizing technological parameters of underground mines) edited by E.I. Shemiakin, Novosibirsk, 1984, p.105-112, In Russian 5 refs.

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Snow water content, Particle size distribution, Slush, Wet snow, Saturation, Statistical analysis.

The particle size distributions in water-saturated snow are distinctly log-normal at all times. The rate of increase of the aver-The particle size distributions in water-saturated snow are distributedly log-normal at all times. The rate of increase of the average volume decreases somewhat with time. Both of these conclusions are contrary to the LSW theory, which should apply to this system. Also, the particles are distinctly spheroidal, probably prolate. These discrepancies might be explained by extending the LSW theory to nonspherical particles with the reportive contacts. When normalized to the meen the distribution is invariant with only the mean changing with time.

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chanics, Ice sheets, Ice cover strength, Ice cover thickness, Strains, Piles, Analysis (mathematics),

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40-2665

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Egorov, A.N., ed. Lake ice, Permafrost hydrology, Permafrost beneath lakes, Tundra, Watersheds, Drill core analysis, Bottom sediment, Subarctic regions, Snow accumulation, Hydrothermal processes, Permafrost hydrology, Surveys, Heat balance, Mass balance, Measuring instruments, USSR-Taymyr Peninsula.

Environmental impact of human activities. [Problemy antropogennogo vozdelstviia na okruzhaiushchuiu

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Peat, Soil pollution, Land reclamation, Soil erosion, Oil recovery, Petroleum transportation, Taiga, Organic soils, Cryogenic soils, Continuous permafrost, Paludification, Drainage.

40-2667

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Petroleum products, Drilling, Oil recovery, Soil pollution, Petroleum transportation, Taiga, Paludification, Mapping.

40-2668

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40-2669

Swamp drainage and environmental protection. Osushenie bolot i okhrana prirodyj, Piavchenko, N.I., Problemy antropogennogo voz-

deistviia na okruzhaiushchuiu sredu (Environmental impact of human activities) edited by N.I. Piavchen-ko, Moscow, Nauka, 1985, p.79-83, In Russian. 21 refs.

Active layer, Land reclamation, Permafrost hydrology, Swamps, Drainage, Peat, Evaporation, Organic soils, Subarctic regions.

Environmental protection in the North. Okhrana

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Active layer, Cryogenic soils, Podsol, Forest soils Taiga, Soil profiles, Soil composition, Soil water, Soil chemistry, Nutrient cycle, Soil temperature. 40-2672

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the north-taigs subzone of the Komi ASSK, [1em-peraturnyl rezhim tselinnykh i osvoennykh pochv severotaezhnol podzony Komi ASSR, Kazakov, V.G., Akademiia nauk SSSR. Komi filial. Trudy, No.71, Taezhnye pochvy Komi ASSR i ikh plodorodie (Taiga soils of the Komi ASSR and their fertility) edited by I.V. Zaboeva, Syktyvkar, 1985, p.76-89, In Russian. 8 refs. Peat, Organic soils, Soil temperature, Podsol, Arctic

regions, Snow cover effect, Cryogenic soils, Slope orientation, Soil composition.

40-2673

Bioproductivity and chemical element cycles in pine forests of northern taigs. Bioproduktivnost i krugovorot khimicheskikh elementov v el'nike severnoī taīgij, Rusanova, G.V., et al, Akademija nauk SSSR. Komi

Hillal. Trudy, No.71, Taezhnye pochvy Komi ASSR i ikh plodorodie (Taiga soils of the Komi ASSR and their fertility) edited by I.V. Zaboeva, Syktyvkar, 1985, p.90-102, In Russian. 8 refs.

Continuous permafrost, Active layer, Taiga, Biomass, Soil temperature, Soil composition, Soil chemistry, Nutrient cycle.

40-2674

Equilibrium-line altitudes and paleoenvironment in the Merchants Bay area, Baffin Island, N.W.T., Canada.

Hawkins, F.F., Journal of glaciology, 1985, 31(109), p.205-213, 29 refs., With French and German sum-

Glacier mass balance, Ice edge, Moraines, Paleo-climatology, Altitude, Environments, Statistical analysis, Canada—Northwest Territories—Baffin Island. 40-2675

Towards identification of optimum radar parameters for sea-ice monitoring.

Kim, Y.-S., et al, Journal of glaciology, 1985, 31(109), p.214-219, 19 refs., With French and German summaries.

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Ice physics, Sea ice, Radar echoes, Microwaves, Surface roughness, Ice salinity, Backscattering, Ice temperature, Ice density, Air entrainment, Bubbles.

Till fabric and deformational structures in drumlins

stanford, S.D., et al, Journal of glaciology, 1985, 31(109), p.220-228, 59 refs., With French and German summaries

Mickelson, D.M. Glacial deposits, Geomorphology, Landforms, Sub-glacial observations, Glacier flow, Sands, Sediments, Soil structure, United States—Wisconsin—Waukesha.

40-2677

DeltaD-DeltaO-18 relationships in ice formed by sub-

glecial freezing: paleoclimatic implications.
Souchez, R.A., et al, Journal of glaciology, 1985, 31(109), p.229-232, 12 refs., With French and German summaries.

Groote, J.M. de

Freezing, Slopes, Glacier beds, Oxygen isotopes, Subglacial observations, Ice temperature, Isotope analysis, Ice solid interface, Paleoclimatology, Ice cores, Computer applications.

40-2678

Preliminary assessment of the potential application of glaciochemical investigations on Heard Island,

South Indian Ocean. Spencer, M.J., et al, Journal of glaciology, 1985, 31(109), p.233-236, 19 refs., With French and German summaries.

Mayewski, P.A., Lyons, W.B., Hendy, M.R. Snow composition, Mass balance, Snow impurities, Heard Island.

Analyses of fluoride, chloride, sodium, sulfate, bromids, nitrate, and iron from a 3 m snow pit on Heard 1, collected at an elevation of 2450, m are used to assess the potential of glacio-chemical studies on Heard 1 glaciers.—Sources for the chemical

species are identified and, in particular, chloride, sodium, and sulfate are found to be useful seasonal indicators. The total record measured is believed to be less than one mass-balance year

40-2679

Drift-ice abrasion marks along rocky shores.

Dionne, J.C., Journal of glaciology, 1985, 31(109), p.237-241, 48 refs., With French and German sum-

Drift, Ice scoring, Abrasion, Striations, Shores, Topographic features, Rocks.

40-2680

Creep buckling of ice shelves and the formation of

pressure rollers.
Collins, I.F., et al, Journal of glaciology, 1985, 31(109), p.242-252, 26 refs., With French and German summaries.

Ice models, Ice shelves, Pressure ridges, Ice deformation, Ice surface, Strain tests, Ice creep.

tion, Ice surface, Strain tests, Ice creep.

Much of the surface of an ice shelf is covered with series of undulations, or pressure roilers, which are particularly noticeable in the neighborhood of ice rises or ice streams. This paper investigates the stability of ice shelves to perturbations in the background stress and strain-rate distributions. The perturbation analysis is based on Glen's creep law and leads to a continuous eigenvalue problem for the wavelength of the disturbance as a function of growth-rate. It is shown that, provided these strain-rates are sufficiently compressive, waves of the type observed can be expected to form. It is shown that lateral extensional strain-rates have a destabilizing effect and pressure roilers are more likely to form when these are present. Comparison of predicted wavelengths is made with available field data. (Auth. mod.)

40-2681

Dielectric behaviour of firn and ice from the Antarctic

Peninsula, Antarctica. Reynolds, J.M., Journal of glaciology, 1985, 31(109), p.253-262, Refs. p.261-262., With French and German summaries.

Ice relaxation, Dielectric properties, Firn, Ice thermal properties, Thermal conductivity, Antarctica-Antarctic Peninsula.

Dielectric experiments have been undertaken at temperatures between -2 and -70 C in the frequency range 10Hz to 100 kHz on 14 firn and ice samples retrieved from the Antarctic Peninsula. This investigation shows that the dielectric behavior of polar samples from the Antarctic Perinsula is very similar to that of polar firn and ice from Greenland and from elsewhere in Antarctica. In contrast, temperate sa nples from the Antarctic Peninsula have relaxation times up to ten times shorter for a given temperature between -20 and -10 C, and have higher for a given temperature between -20 and -10 C, and nave nighter values of high-frequency conductivity than those of polar samples. Consequently, the thermal regime (temperate or polar) can be distinguished by the dielectric behavior of the samples, which should not be warmed to above -10 C for risk of irreversibly altering their dielectric behavior. (Auth. mod.)

40-2682

On supercooling and ice formation in turbulent sea-

Omstedt, A., Journal of glaciology, 1985, 31(109), p.263-271, 19 refs., With French and German sum-

Ice formation, Supercooling, Sea water freezing, Frazil ice, Boundary layer, Buoyancy, Mathematical models, Turbulent flow, Temperature gradients.

History of jökulhlaups from Strandline Lake, Alaska, U.S.A.

Sturm, M., et al, *Journal of glaciology*, 1985, 31(109), p.272-280, 12 refs., With French and German summaries. Benson, C.S.

Glacial lakes, Ice dams, Subglacial drainage, Calving, Floods, United States-Alaska-Strandline Lake.

Mathematical model of ice sheets and the calculation

of the evolution of the Greenland ice sheet. Grigorian, S.S., et al, Journal of glaciology, 1985, 31(109), p.281-292, 26 refs., With French and German summaries.

Bujanov S.A. Krass M.S. Shumskit P.A.

Ice sheets, Ice volume, Ice temperature, Ice cover thickness, Ice models, Ice melting, Climatic factors, Mathematical models, Forecasting, Mass balance, Maps, Greenland.

40-2685

On the analysis of longitudinal stress in glaciers. McMeeking, R.M., et al, Journal of glaciology, 1985, 31(109), p 293-302, 17 refs., With French and German summaries Johnson, R.E.

Glacier ice, Shear stress, Basal sliding, Glacier beds, Topographic features, Strains, Analysis (mathematics), Slope orientation.

Medial moraines of the Haut Glacier d'Arolla, Valais, Switzerland: debris supply and implications for moraine formation.

Gomez, B., et al, Journal of glaciology, 1985, 31(109), p.303-307, 9 refs., With French and Germaries.

Small, R.J.

Glacial deposita, Moraines, Glacier aurfaces, Glacier flow. Switzerland—Haut Glacier d'Arolla.

40-2687

Transfer of basal sliding variations to the surface of a

linearly viscous glacier.

Balise, M.J., et al, Journal of glaciology, 1985, 31(109), p.308-318, 15 refs., With French and German summaries. Raymond, C.F.

Glacier flow, Basal sliding, Viscous flow, Glacier surfaces, Rheology, Velocity, Strains, Mathematical

40-2688

Seasonal surface-velocity variations on a sub-polar glacier in West Greenland.

Andreasen, J.-O., Journal of glaciology, 1985, 31(109), p.319-323, 27 refs. With French and Ger-

man summaries.
Glacier flow, Glacier surfaces, Basal sliding, Meltwater, Glacier ablation, Glacier alimentation, Velocity, Greenland.

40-2689

Ice avalanches: some empirical information about their formation and reach.

Alean, J., Journal of glaciology, 1985, 31(109), p.324-333, 41 refs., With French and German summaries. Ice mechanics, Avalanche formation, Ice friction, Ice breaking, Slope orientation, Glacier beds, Avalanche forecasting, Switzerland—Alps.

40-2690

Mass-balance and ice-flow-law parameters for East

Antarctica.

Hamley, T.C., et al, Journal of glaciology, 1985, 31(109), p.334-339, Refs. p.338-339., With Frence

and German summaries.
Smith, I.N., Young, N.W.
Mass balance, Mass flow, Ice sheets, Antarctica East Antarctica.

A comprehensive set of ice-velocity and thickness data from traverses within the IAGP study area (bounded by long, 90 E and 135 E, and north of lat. 80 S) is compared with steady-state mass-flux calculations based on Scott Polar Research Institute (SPRI) map compilations. The results of previous regional mass-budget estimates are reviewed and followed by a description of the new field mass-turners and the basis upon which tion of the new field measurements and the basis upon which a computer "grid-point" program is used to calculate balance fluxes. A comparison of measured and balance fluxes indicates that the ice sheet in this region of bast Antarctica is unlikely to be significantly out of balance. The ratio of average column to surface velocity is discussed and calculated to be 0.89. {Auth. mod.)

40.2691

Studies on crescentic fractures and crescentic gouges

with the help of close-range photogrammetry.
Wintges, T., Journal of glaciology, 1985, 31(109), p.340-349, 18 refs., With French and German summaries.

Alpine glaciation, Glacier flow, Photogrammetry, Fracturing, Ice scoring, Paleoclimatology, Mountains, Austria—Tyrol.

Two-dimensional, time-dependent modeling of an arbitrarily shaped ice mass with the finite-element tech-

Hodge, S.M., Journal of glaciology, 1985, 31(109), p.350-359, 22 refs., With French and German summaries

Glacier flow, Glacier mass balance, Glacier beds, Topographic features, Ice cover thickness, Computer applications, Ice models, United States—Washington—South Cascade Glacier.

40-2693

Ice-core drilling at 5700 m powered by a solar voltaic

array.

Koci, B.R., Journal of glaciology, 1985, 31(109), p.360-361, 1 ref., With French and German summar-

Ice coring drills, Ice cores, Equipment, Solar radiation, Peru.

40-2694

System for mounting end caps on ice specimen Cole, D.M., et al, Journal of glaciology, 1985, 31(109), MP 2016, p.362-365, 3 refs., With French

and German summaries. Gould, L.D., Burch, W.B

Ice cores, Ice sampling, Equipment, Freezing, Water temperature, Compressive properties.

temperature, Compressive properties.
This short note describes the equipment and procedures developed to mount end caps on ice-core specimens. The system typically achieves end-plane parallelism within 0.5 micron/mm of specimen diameter (i.e. a total indicator run-out of 0.002 in for a 4.0 in diameter apecimen). The essential elements of the system are a holder and an alignment fixture. The holder firmly grips the ice core about its circumiverence by the compression of two series of O-rings. The alignment fixture clamps the holder to align the ice core precisely with the end caps. To bond the ice to the end cap we form a layer of 0.0 water on the end cap; the water freezes immediately upon contact with the cice and forms a strong intimate bond. To date, this system has been used to install phenolic end caps on 101.6 mm diameter cores and aluminum end caps on 76.2 mm diameter cores and aluminum end caps on 76.2 mm diameter cores of saline ice. A somewhat better tolerance was obtained with the A somewhat better tolerance was obtained with the aluminum caps, due primarily to the geometric stability of that material under the prevailing conditions. These specimens have been successfully tested in uniaxial and triaxial compression, and with appropriate end caps the system should be suita-ble for preparing tension specimens as well.

40-2695

Jökulhlaup near Söndre Strömfjord, West Greenland,

and some effects on the Ice-sheet margin.
Sugden, D.E., et al, Journal of glaciology, 1985, 31(109), p.366-368, 1 ref., With French and German summaries.

Summaries. Clapperton, C.M., Knight, P.G. Subglacial drainage, Glacial lakes, Calving, Ice me-chanics, Ice edge, Greenland.

40-2696

On the long-term behaviour of glacial ice under mov-

ing traffic load: a case study.

Vombatkere, S.G., Journal of glaciology, 1985, 31(109), p.369-371, 2 refs., With French and German summaries.

Ice mechanics, Loads (forces), Bridges, Bearing strength, Cold weather construction, Glacier flow, Trafficability, Seasonal variations, Meltwater, Ice physics.

Isotope ratios of large ice masses.

Jones, A.S., Journal of glaciology, 1985, 31(109), p.372-374, 8 refs., With French and German sum-

Ice models, Ice sheets, Oxygen isotopes, Ice composition, Polar regions.

A model is proposed for determining the relative proportions of O-16 and O-18 in large ice sheets. Values calculated using this model are in agreement with published values for Antarctica and Greenland. It is intended to use the model for compariand Greenland. It is intended to use the moder for companions between the known ocean isotopic records and postulated ice-sheet masses during the last ice age. (Auth.)

40-2698

On re-assessment of the mass balance of the Lambert Glacier drainage basin, Antarctica.

Allison, I., et r., Journal of glaciology, 1985, 31(109), p.378-382, With French and German summaries., 8 + 10 refs. For article commented on see F-32012 or 39-3722. Reply by N. McIntyre, ibid p.381-382.

p.361-362. Young, N.W., Medhurst, T., McIntyre, N. Mass flow, Glacier surfaces, Glacier mass balance, Subsurface drainage.

This letter concerns the interpretation of tonal variations in Landsat multispectral scanner imagery over the antarctic ice sheet—with comments on accumulation rates in Lambert Glacier's interior drainage basin—and a reply to the letter support-ing the author's contention of a lower value for net mass input.

Studies, utilization and preservation of the vegetation of highlands. [Izuchenie, ispol'zovanie i okhrana ras-

titel'nogo mira vysokogorilj, Vsesoiuznoe soveshchanie po flore i rastitel'nosti vysokogoril, 9th, Sosnovka, July 22-28, 1985, Dal'-nevostochnyl nauchnyl tsentr, AN SSSR, 1985, 205p., Summary proceedings. In Russian. I summaries see 40-2700 through 40-2706. For selected

Kharkevich, S.S., ed.
Plant ecology, Alpine landscapes, Ecosystems, Forest land, Deserts, Alpine tundra, Vegetation, Classification, Distribution, Geography.

40-2700

Vascular plants of the Kuril Islands highlands. Sosudistye rasteniia vysokogorii Kuril'skikh ostrovov₃,

Barkalov, V.IU., Izuchenie, ispol'zovanie i okhrana rastitel'nogo mira vysokogorii (Studies, utilization and preservation of the vegetation of highlands) edited by S.S. Kharkevich, Dal'nevostochnyi nauchnyi tsentr, AN SSSR, 1985, p.9-11, In Russian. Alpine landscapes, Forest land, Deserts, Alpine tun-

dra, Environmental protection

40-2701

Present state and problems in studying taxonomic composition and geographic distribution of vascular plants in highlands of the Soviet Par East. [Sostoianie i zadachi izucheniia taksonomicheskogo sostava i geograficheskogo rasprostraneniia sosudistykh rastenit

yysokogorii sovetskogo Dal'nego Vostokaj, Kharkevich, S.S., Izuchenie, ispol'zovanie i okhrana rastitel'nogo mira vysokogorii (Studies, utilization and preservation of the vegetation of highlands) edited by S.S. Kharkevich, Dal'nevostochnyi nauchnyi tsentr, AN SSSR, 1985, p.50-53, In Russian.

Alpine tundra, Plant ecology, Plant physiology, Distribution, Geography.

40-2702

Far Eastern forests growing below bald-peaks. Podgol'tsovye lesa sovetskogo Dal'nego Vostokaj, Vasil'ev, I.G., et al, Izuchenie, ispol'zovanie i okhrana rastitel'nogo mira vysokogo. Y (Studies, utilization and preservation of the vegetation of highlands) edited by S.S. Kharkevich, Dal nevostochi if nauchnyi tsentr, AN SSSR, 1985, p.64-65, In Russian

Rozenberg, V.A. Alpine landscapes, Deserts, Forest land, Cryogenic soils, Plant ecology, Soil erosion, Ecosystems, Environmental protection.

Alpine tundra vegetation as presented on the new geobotanical map of the USSR. {Tundrovaia vysokoornaia rastitel'nost' na novol geobotanicheskol karte

Gribova, S.A., Izuchenie, ispol'zovanie i okhrana rastitel'nogo mira vysokogorii (Studies, utilization and preservation of the vegetation of highlands) edited by S.S. Kharkevich, Dal'nevostochnyi nauchnyi tsentr, AN SSSR, 1985, p.73-74, In Russian.

Alpine tundra, Mapping, Maps, Geobotanical inter-pretation, Mosses, Lichens, Forest tundra, Plant ecology, Ecosystems.

40-2704

Types and classification of altitudinal belts of Siberian mountains. ¡Klassifikatsiia tipov poiasnosti gor Sibiri],

Ogureeva, G.N., Izuchenie, ispol'zovanie i okhrana rastitel'nogo mira vysokogorii (Studies, utilization and preservation of the vegetation of highlands) edited by Kharkevich, Dal'nevostochnyl nauchnyl tsentr,

AN SSSR, 1985, p.90-91, in Russian. Alpine landscapes, Vegetation, Classifications, Tundra, Taiga, Steppes, Cryogenic soils.

40-2705

High altitude forest-biocenoses of northern Caucasus. Lesnye biotsenozy vysokogorii Severnogo Kav-

Ostapenko, B.F., et al. Izuchenie, ispol'zovanie i okhrana rastitel'nogo mira vysokogorii (Studies, utiliza-tion and preservation of the vegetation of highlands) edited by S.S. Kharkevich, Dal'nevostochnyi nauchnyi tsentr, AN SSSR, 1985, p.92-94, In Russian. Ivchenko, S.I.

Alpine landscapes, Plant ecology, Forest soils, Plant physiology, Protective vegetation, Forest strips. 40-2706

Distribution of plant communities in the Byrranga mountain system (Arctic Taymyr Peninsula). [Ras-predelenie rastitel'nykh soobshchestv v gornol sisteme

Byrranga (Arkticheskii Taimyr), Rapota, V.V., Izuchenie, ispol'zovanie i okhrana rastitel nogo mira vysokogorii (Studies, utilization and preservation of the vegetation of highlands) edited by Kharkevich, Dal'nevostochnyl nauchnyl tsentr, AN SSSR, 1985, p.99-100, In Russian.

Tundra, Continuous permafrost, Cryogenic soils, Active layer, Plant ecology, Arctic regions, Ecosystems. 40-2707

Studies of ice crystal habit development in a new wedge-shaped ice thermal diffusion chamber.

Wang, A., et al, Scientia sinica. Series B, Sep. 1985, 28(9), p.979-987, 14 refs. Fukuta, N

Ice crystal growth, Thermal diffusion, Experimentation, Ice crystal structure. Ice crystal size.

Past Antarctic Peninsula climate (1850-1980) deduced from an ice core isotope record.

Aristarain, A.J., et al, Climatic change, Feb. 1986, 8(1), p.69-89, 34 refs.

Jouzel, J., Pourchet, M.

Journal of the Company of the Compan James Ross Island.

James Ross Island.

A detailed climatic study has been carried out through the analysis of deuterium content in the snow layers of Dalinger Dome on James Ross Island. It is based on the high correlation found between mean deuterium contents at this site and temperature data from stations within this region going back as far as April 1903 for the Argentine Orcadas station. The strong correlation between isotopes and temperatures first reveals a 1956 isotope reference for the region considered. Secondly, the isotope-temperature gradient is estimated at 4.5 per mill. deg. C for deuterium. After checking that the major temperature are tope-temperature gradient is estimated at 4.5 per mit/ deg C for deuterium. After checking that the major temperature anomalies on the Antarctic Peninsula recorded since 1904 correspond to annual mean stable isotope peaks at Dalinger Dome, the amplitude of four prior anomalies are estimated in deg C. Finally, a cooling of about 2 C since 1850 is suggested for the region. (Auth.)

40-2700

Heat balance for the Bering Sea ice edge.

Hendricks, P.J., et al, Journal of physical oceanogra-phy, Dec. 1985, 15(12), p.1747-1758, 22 refs. Muench, R.D., Stegen, G.R. Sealce, Ice edge, Heat flux, Water temperature, Heat

balance, Bering Sea.

40-2710

Comparative study of geocryogenic (periglacial) conditions, features and processes in the Andes and Himalayas. The Andes.

Corte, A.E., Acta geocriogenica, 1985, No.3, p.35-48, 26 refs.

Geocryology, Permafrost distribution, Periglacial processes, Altiplanation, Rock glaciers, Prost action, Andes.

40-2711

Comparative study of geocryogenic (periglacial) conditions, features and processes in the Himalayas and Andes. The Himalayas.

Cui, Z., Acta geocriogenica, 1985, No.3, p.49-59, 2 refs.

Permafrost distribution, Geocryology, Periglacial processes, Snow line, Climatic factors, Frost heave, Frost action, Thermokarst development, Snow mechanics, Himalaya Mountains.

Conclusions of geocryogenic conditions in the Andes and Himalayas.

Corte, A.E., et al, Acta geocriogenica, 1985, No.3, p.62-63. Cui, Z.

Geocryology, Permafrost distribution, Periglacial processes, Altiplanation, Freeze thaw cycles, Andes, Himalaya Mountains.

40-2713

Loess in soils of stratigraphic importance in the peri-glacial zone of Mount Kenya, East Africa.

Mahaney, W.C. Acta geocriogenica, 1985, No.3, p.64-85, Refs. p.72-74.

Periglacial processes, Clacial deposits, Soil composi-

tion, Loess, Soil dating Mountains, Stratigraphy, Pleistocene, Radioactive sue determination, Kenya— Kenya Mountain

40-2714

Fossil ice wedges in Southern Pategonia and their

Fossil ice wedges in Southern rategonia and their paleoclimatic significance. Galloway, R.W., Acta geocriogenica, 1985, No.3, p.106-113, 18 refs.

Ice wedges, Fossil ice, Paleoclimatology, Periplacial processes, Glacial deposits, Temperature effects, Aratematical Pateoconia. gentina-Patagonia.

40-2715

Models of rock glacier formation and movement. Whalley, W.B., Acta geocriogenica, 1985, No.3, p.122-123.
Rock glaciers, Ice models, Glacier flow, Ice forma-W.B., Acta geocriogenica, 1985, No.3,

tion, Ice mechanics.

40-2716

Loess of Tajik SSR.

Goudie, A.S., et al, International Karakoram Project. Edited by K.J. Miller. Vol.1, Cambridge University Press, 1984, p.399-412, 27 refs. Rendell, H.M., Bull, P.A.

Loess, Soil composition, Soil dating, Pleistocene, Mountain soils, Age determination, Grain size, Mountain glaciers, Chemical analysis, Mineralogy, Scanning electron microscopy, USSR—Tajikistan.

International Karakoram Project: an appraisal.
Miller, K.J., International Karakoram Project. I
ed by K.J. Miller. Vol.2, Cambridge University P Vol.2, Cambridge University Press, 1984, p.5-16.

ch projects, International cooperation, Mountain glaciers, Glaciology, Geology, Geomorphology, Engineering, Surveys, Pakistan—Karakoram.

Preliminary study of ancient trees in the Hunza Valley and their dendroclimatic potential.

Bilham, R., et al, International Karakoram Project. Edited by K.J. Miller. Vol.2, Cambridge University Press, 1984, p.599-606.

Pant, G.B., Jacoby, G.C.

Trees (plants), Forestry, Age determination, Climatic changes, Mountain glaciers, Glacier flow, Soil erosion, Plant ecology, Pakistan—Karakoram.

Rock temperature observations and chemical weathering in the Hunza region, Karakoram: preliminary data.

Whalley, W.B., et al, International Karakoram Project. Edited by K.J. Miller. Vol.2, Cambridge University Press, 1984, p.616-633, 14 refs.

McGreevy, J.P., Ferguson, R.I.
Rocks, Weathering, Cracking (fracturing), Chemical
analysis, Climatic factors, Temperature variations,
Mountains, Precipitation (meteorology), Pakistan—

Non-solar influences on temperatures of south coastal

Alaskan streams.
Bishop, D.M., Alaska. University. Institute of Water Resources. Report, Nov. 1983, IWR-105, Managing water resources for Alaska's development; proceedings, edited by J.W. Aldrich, p.13(1)-13(19),

Heat transfer, Temperature variations, Meteorology, Glacial rivers, Ice cover effect, Streams, Wind chill, Snowfall, Freezeup, Soil temperature.

40-2721

Development and use of a resource atlas for the Chu-

gach National Forest.

Blanchet, D., Alaska. University. Institute of Water Resources. Report, Nov. 1983, IWR-105, Managing water resources for Alaska's development; proceedings, edited by J.W. Aldrich, p.15(1)-15(18), 20 refs.

Forestry, Mapa, Climatic factors, Hydrology, Geology, gy, Environmental protection, United States-

40-2722

Comparison of climate model sensitivity with data from the last glacial maximum.

Manabe, S., et al, Journal of the atmospheric sciences, Dec. 1, 1985, 42(23), p.2643-2651, 21 refs. Broccoli, A.J.

Climatic changes, Glacial meteorology, Sea ice distribution, Carbon dioxide, Paleoclimatology.

bution, Carbon dioxide, Paleoclimatology. An attempt has been made to use paleoclimatic data from the last glacial maximum to evaluate the sensitivity of two versions of an atmosphere/mixed-layer ocean model. Each of these models has been used to study the CO2-induced changes in climate. Given the distributions of continental ice sheets, surface albedo, and the reduced carbon dioxide concentration of the ice age, the climate of the last glacial maximum (LGM) is simulated by each model and compared with the corresponding simulation of the present climate. Both models generate differences in sea surface temperature and surface air temperature which compare favorably with estimate: of the actual differences in temperature between the LGM and the present. However, it is difficult to determine which version of the model is more realistic in simulating the ice age climate. (Auth mod.) is more realistic in simulating the ice age climate (Auth mod.)

Engineering problems in drafting master plans for industrial enterprises. Inzhenernye voprosy procktirovaniia general'nykh planov promyshlennykh pred-

Reznikov, A.L., et al, Leningrad, Strotizdat, 1985, 237p., In Russian with abridged English table of contents enclosed. 16 refs. Neverov. V.A.

Urban planning, Environmental protection, Paludification, Industrial buildings, Residential buildings, Permafrost distribution, Permafrost hydrology, Baykal Amur railrond, Design, Drainage, Permafrost beneath structures, Soil erosion, Gullies, Slope stabilization, Permafrost thermal properties.

Studying the structures of bridge piers. [Issledovanic

konstruktsii opor mostovy, Baliuchik, E.A., ed, Moscow, Transport, 1985, 80p., In Russian. For selected paper see 40-2725. 3 refs. Bridges, Piers, Foundations, Prefabrication, Frost action.

40-2725

Ways of improving bridge pier structures for different climatic conditions. [O putiakh sovershenstvovaniia konstruktsii opor mostov dlia razlichnykh klimaticheskikh uslovil stroitel'stva,

Baliuchik, E.A., Issledovanie konstruktsii opor mostov (Studying the structures of bridge piers) edited by E.A. Baliuchik, Moscow, Transport, 1985, p.5-12, In Rus-

sian. 3 refs. Bridges, Piers, Foundations, Baykal Amur railroad, Prefabrication, Concrete structures, Frost action, Winter concreting.

40-2726

Thermophysical studies in transportation engineering. Teplofizicheskie issledovanija v transportnom

stroitel'stvej,
Tsukanov N.A., ed, Moscow, Transport, 1985, 89p., In Russian. For selected 40-2739. Refs. passim. For selected papers see 40-2727 through

Concrete structures, Bridges, Permafrost beneath structures, Reinforced concretes, Piers, Foundations, Permafrost bases, Moorings, Walls, Frost action, Ice

40-2727

Construction of hollow, thick-walled, no-cap bridge supports under severe climatic conditions. [Stroi-

supports under severe climatic conditions, (Stroi-tel'stvo bezrostverkovykh opor mostov iz polykh tol-stostennykh obolochek v surovykh usloviiakh), Tiulenev, E.A., et al, Teplofizicheskie issledovaniia v transportation engineering) edited by N.A. Tsukanov, Moscow, Transport, 1984, p.8-13, In Russian. 5 refs. Concrete structures, Bridges, Reinforced concretes, Piers, Permafrost beneath structures, Drilling, Construction equipment.

40-2728

Calculating ground temperature regime at the base of columnar supports of small- and medium-size bridges, equipped with cooling devices. [Raschety temperaturnogo rezhima gruntov v osnovanii stolbchatykh opor mostov osnashchennykh okhlazhdaiushchimi

sanovkamij, Sloev, L.N., Teplofizicheskie issledovaniis v transportnom stroitel'stve (Thermophysical studies in transportation engineering) edited by N.A. Tsukanov, Moscow, Transport, 1984, p.14-21, In Russian. 3 refs. Bridges, Foundations, Artificial freezing, Piers, Perservet hearth structure. Perservet control mafrost beneath structures, Permafrost control.

40-2729

Temperature regime of ground beneath a reinforced concrete seawall. [Issledovanie temperaturnogo rez-hima gruntov v osnovanii bol'verka iz zhelezobeton-

nogo shpunta₁, Gerasimova, E.I., Teplofizicheskie issledovaniia transportnom stroitel'stve (Thermophysical studies in transportation engineering) edited by N.A. Tsukanov, Moscow, Transport, 1984, p.21-28, In Russian. Moorings, Reinforced concretes, Walls, Permafrost

beneath structures, Soil temperature, Water pressure, Ice loads. Heat transfer.

40-2730

Thermophysical studies of auxiliary processes in welding of bridge structures. [Teplofizicheskie issledovaniia vspomogatel'nykh protsessov pri svarke mostovykh konstruktsilj,

mostovykn konstruktsin, Passek, V.V., et al, Teplofizicheskie issledovaniia v transportnom stroitel'stve (Thermophysical studies in transportation engineering) edited by N.A. Tsukanov, Moscow, Transport, 1984, p.28-29, In Russian.

Dushnitskii, V.M.
Steel structures, Bridges, Welding, Joints (junctions), Deformations, Frost action.

40-2731

Influence of the dam construction season on thermal regime of bases. [Vliianie sezona proizvodstva rabot vozvedeniju nasypi na teplovoj rezhim os-

novaniia).
Sokolov, V.S., Teplofizicheskie issledovaniia v transportnom stroitel'stve (Thermophysical studies in transportation engineering) edited by N.A. Tsukanov, Moscow, Transport, 1984, p.30-34, In Russian.

Hydraulic structures, Earth dams, Embankments, Permafrost bases, Ground thawing, Design, Permafrost depth, Active layer, Permafrost structure.

Thermal stresses in bridge piers built in river chan-[Termonapriazhennoe sostoianie ruslovykh

opor mostovi, Sokolov, V.V., Teplofizicheskie issledovaniia v transportnom stroitel'stve (Thermophysical studies in transportation engineering) edited by N.A. Tsukanov, Moscow, Transport, 1984, p.34-37, In Russian. Bridges, Plers, Concrete structures, Ice pressure,

Frost action, Erosion.

Calculating the applicability of different reinforcing steels in bridge construction. Metod rascheta dopustimosti primeneniia v mostakh razlichnykh marok ar-

maturnol stalij, Denisov, I.I., Teplofizicheskie issledovanija v transportnom stroitel stve (Thermophysical studies in transportation engineering) edited by N.A. Tsukanov, Moscow, Transport, 1984, p.37-43, In Russian. 6

Steel structures, Bridges, Steels, Prost resistance, Frost action, Reinforced concretes.

40-2734

Studying moisture regime of columnar bridge supports in the water-level fluctuation zone. rissledova nie vlazhnostnogo rezhima stolbchatykh opor mostov v zone peremennogo urovnia vody,. Tsimerinov, A.I., Teplofizicheskie issledovaniia v

transportnom stroitel'stve (Thermophysical studies in transportation engineering) edited by N.A. Tsukanov, Moscow, Transport, 1984, p.43-48, In Russian. 6

Bridges, Piers, Permafrost bases, Water level, Moisture transfer.

40-2735

State of thermal stresses of composite bridge piers. [Termonapriazhennoe sostoianie sborno-monolit-

nykh opor mostov₁,

Drobyshevskit, B.A., et al. Teplofizicheskie issledovaniia v transportnom stroitel'stve (Thermophysical studies in transportation engineering) edited N.A. Tsukanov, Moscow, Transport, 1984, p.52-55, In Russian. Klimova, V.P.

Concrete structures, Prefabrication, Bridges, Piers, Foundations, Thermal stresses, Permafrost beneath structures, Water temperature, Air temperature.

40-2736

Calculating frost-heave resistant roadbed structures. [Raschet protivopuchinnykh konstruktsil zemlianogo polotna

Dydyshko, P.I., Teplofizicheskie issledovaniia v transportnom stroitel'sive (Thermophysical studies in transportation engineering) edited by N.A. Tsukanov, Moscow, Transport, 1984, p.55-62, In Russian.

Railroads, Embankments, Roadbeds, Frost action, Frost penetration, Frost heave, Design.

40-2737

Calculating thermal insulation for limiting frost penetration depth. [Raschet teploizoliatsii dlia ograni-

cheniia glubiny promerzaniia grunta₁, Tsukanov, N.A., et al, Teplofizicheskie issledov mia v transportnom stroitel'stve (Thermophysical studies in transportation engineering) edited by N.A. Tsukanov, Moscow, Transport, 1984, p.67-73, In Russian.

Roadbeds, Hydraulic structures, Moorings, Concrete structures, Reinforced concretes, Prefabrication, Thermal insulation.

40-2738

Design and field observations of no-cap, hollow support bridge piers in their thermal effect zone. (Naturnye nabliudenija v zone teplovogo vlnanija bezrostverkovykh opor mostov s polymi stojkami i

osobennosti ikh proektirovaniiaj, Petrov, V.I., Teplofizicheskie issledovaniia v transportnom stroitel'stve (Thermophysical studies in transportation engineering) edited by N.A. Tsukanov, Moscow, Transport, 1984, p.75-80, In Russian. 2

Bridges, Piers, Permafrost beneath structures, Thermal effects.

40-2739

Temperature regime of concrete samples during the of their frost resistance according to the and the accelerated methods developed by the GOST 10060-76. [Temperaturnyl rezhim betonnykh obraztsov v protsesse opredelenija morozostorkosti po GOST 10060-76 osnovnym i uskorennym metodamj,

Ibragimov, R.S., et al, Teplofizicheskie issledovaniia v transportnom struitel'stve (Thermophysical studies in transportation engineering) edited by N.A. Tsukanov, Moscow, Transport, 1984, p.80-84, In Russian. 2

Nikanorov, V.P.

Standards, Building codes, Concretes, Sampling, Low temperature tests.

40-2740

Marine radio communication. [Morskaia radiosviaz'ı, Ulanova, E.A., ed, Leningrad, Transport, 1985, 145p.,

In Russian. For selected articles see 40-2741 and 40-2742. Refs. passim.

Radio communication, Ice navigation, Ice reporting.

40-2741

Reception of satellite ice information on board ships. Priem sputnikovot ledovot informatsii na sudakh₁, Kapustin, A.N., et al, Morskaia radiosviaz' (Marine radio communication) edited by E.A. Ulanova, Leningrad, Transport, 1985, p.57-60, In of Russian. 2 refs. Likhachev, A.V.

Ice navigation, Side looking radar, Ice surveys, Ice reporting, Icebreakers.

40-2742

Present state and prospects for the development of means for spaceborne ice surveying. (Sovremenno sostoianie i perspektivy razvitiia kosmicheski sredstv ledovoľ razvedki). kosmicheskikh

Ionikas P.S. Morskaja radiosviaz' (Marine radio communication) edited by E.A. Ulanova, Leningrad, Transport, 1985, p.84-88, In Russian. 10 refs. Sea ice distribution, Spaceborne photography, Ice

surveys, Side looking radar, Remote sensing, Snow cover effect, Polynyas.

40-2743

Nucleation of ice crystals in supercooled clouds caused by passage of an airplane.

Vonnegut, B., Journal of climate and applied meteorology, Jan. 1986, 25(1), p.98, 7 refs.

Ice crystal nuclei, Condensation trails, Ice crystal

growth, Airplanes, Supercooled clouds.

40-2744

Antarctic journal of the United States, Vol.20, No.4, Dec. 1985.

U.S. National Science Foundation, Washington, D.C.,

Sea ice, Ice sheets, Optical properties, Marine biolo-

This resuc contains articles on seal diving physiology, a role for sea ice organisms, snow and sky optics, antarctic ice drainage system, the Byrd papers being acquired by Ohio State University, geology of Chilean canalis; update of antarctic sating directions, and the availability of an antarctic sea ice atlas and translations of Russian antarctic research data. NSF funding awards for July I-Sep. 30, 1985 are listed and weather summaries at McMurdo, Palmer, and Amundsen-Scott Stations for Aug. Sep., and Oct. 1985 are given. For selected individual papers see: 40-2745 and 40-2746 or F-33421, F-33422, and A-33423. This caue contains articles on seal diving physiology, a role for

Optics of the snow and sky.

Foster, J., Antarctic journal of the United States, Dec. 1985, 20(4), p.3-5, 7 refs.

Snow optics, Ice optics, Cloud physics.

Various antarctic optical phenomena resulting from a combina-tion of low temperature, unusual sun angles, clarity of the atmo-sphere, and the abundance of snow and ice are described. These phenomena include Firnspiegel, blue snow and green ice. halos, coronas, iridescent clouds, glories, and fogbows

Surface balance in ice drainage systems in Antarctica. Giovinetto, M.B., et al, Antarctic journal of the United States, Dec. 1985, 20(4), p.6-13, 59 refs. Bentley, C.R

Ice sheets, Mass balance, Surface drainage, Glacier ice. Ice shelves.

ice, Ice shelves.

Antarctica has six major drainage systems. The three that issue through the Amery, Ross, and Ronne-Filchner Ice Shelves drain most of the deep interior. The other three drain the periphery of the continent and are coastal in character. These systems are described and shown on charts. Procedures for constructing the systems are set forth, comparisons with earlier drainage charls are made, data sets are evaluated, and balance toopleth, are drawn on the charts. Tables depict the areas of the drainage systems, data source updates, and surface mass balance rates.

40-2747
All-Union conference "Geochemistry of areas affect-

All-Onion conference "Geochemistry of Breas anected by industrial activities", 1st, Irkutsk, Oct. 29-31, 1985. Summaries. (Tezisy dokladov), Vsesoiuznoe soveshchanie "Geokhimiia tekhnogeneza", 1st, Irkutsk, Oct. 29-31, 1985, Irkutsk, 1985, 3 vols, In Russian. For selected articles see 40-

2748 through 40-2750.
Bacteria, Hot springs, Wooden structures, Icing, Ice sampling, Blomass, Minerals.

40-2748

Bacterial transformation of sulfur forms in the system "thermal spring-wooden hut". ¡Bakterial'noe preo-brazovanie form nakhozhdeniia sery v sisteme "ter

mal'nyi istochnik-dereviannaia postroika",, Chashchina, N.M., et al, Vsesoiuznoe soveshchanie "Geokhimiia tekhnogeneza", Tezisy dokladov (All-Union conference "Geochemistry of arese affected by industrial activities", 1st, Irkutsk, Oct. 19-31, 1985, Summaries), Vol.1, Irkutsk, 1985, p.164-168, In Rus-

Pogrebniak, IU.F., Kondratenko, L.A.

Bacteria, Hot springs, Wooden structures, Icing, Ice sampling, Sulfur, Oxidation, Ice composition.

40-2749

Pirst results of studying sphagnum mosses and high-bog peat for atmospheric pollution by heavy metals. Pervye itogi issledovaniia sfagnovykh mkhov i torfa verkhovykh bolot dlia indikatsii zagriazneniia atmos-

fery tiazhelymi metallami_], Badenkova, S.V., et al, Vsesoiuznoe soveshchanie "Geokhimiia tekhnogeneza", Tezisy dokladov (All-Union conference "Geochemistry of areas affected by industrial activities", 1st, Irkutsk, Oct. 19-31, 1985, Summaries), Vol.1, Irkutsk, 1985, p.15-18, In Russian.

Dobrodeev, O.P.

Air pollution, Swamps, Metals, Ice cores, Ice composition.

40-2750

Dynamics of chemical elements in snow cover. Dinamika khimicheskikh elementov v snegovom pokrove₁,

Fedoseeva, V.I. , et al, Vsesoiuznoe soveshchanie "Geokhimiia tekhnogeneza", Tezisy dokladov (All-Union conference "Geochemistry of areas affected by industrial activities", 1st, Irkutsk, Oct. 19-31, 1985, Summaries), Vol.3, Irkutsk, 1985, p.30-31, In Russian.

Makarov, V.N., Fedoseev, N.F. Pollution, Snow surveys, Sampling, Ice composition, Chemical composition, Soil composition.

Experiments with unsalted roads: final report.

Oberg, G., et al, Sweden. Statens vag- och trafikinstitut. Rapport, 1985, No.282A, 86p. + appends., 16

Road icing, Salting, Damage, Corrosion, Accidents, Chemical ice prevention, Meteorological factors, Sweden.

40-2752

M.V. Arctic seminar 1985: abstracts of presentations. Peirce, T.H., et al, Operational Dynamics, No. TP 7235E, Ste Marthe, Quebec, Peirce Operational Dynamics, Inc., Nov. 1985, 25p.
Gillies, T.K.

Ships, Ice navigation, Offshore structures, Ice loads. 40-2753

Oil in ice computer model.

Wotherspoon, P., et al, Environmental Studies Revolving Funds. Report, Dec. 1985, No.19, 129p., With French summary. 4 refs. Swiss, J., Kowalchuk, R., Armstrong, J.

Oil spills, Ice cover effect, Sea Ice, Ice conditions, Mathematical models, Computer applications, Distri-

40-2754

Subsea permafrost: probing, thermal regime and data analyses 1975-1981.

Osterkamp, T.E., et al, Fairbanks, University of Alaska, Geophysical Institute, Apr. 1985, 108p., Refs.

Harrison, W.D.

Subsea permafrost, Thermal regime, Permafrost dis-tribution, Permafrost physics, Petroleum industry, Offshore drilling, Exploration, Hydrocarbons, Offshore drilling, Exploration, Hy-Ground thawing, United States—Alaska.

40-2755

Field tests of the Oil Mop Arctic Skimmer. Laperrière, F., Spill technology newsletter, May-Dec. 1984, 9(3-6), p.52-53

Oil spills, Ice conditions, Countermeasures, Tests.

Electrostatic, thermal and vapor density fields surrounding stationary columnar ice crystals.

Wang, P.K., et al, Journal of the atmospheric sciences,

Nov. 15, 1985, 42(22), p.2371-2379, 11 refs. Chuang, C.H., Miller, N.L.

Ice crystal structure, Electric fields, Temperature effects, Water vapor, Density (mass/volume), Mathematical models.

40-2757

Weighted-density-functional theory of inhomogeneous liquids and the freezing transition.

Curtin, W.A., et al, Physical review A: General physics, Nov. 1985, 32(5), p.2909-2919, 25 refs. Ashcroft, N.W.

Liquids, Freezing, Density (mass/volume), Analysis (mathematics), Theories, Heterogeneity.

40-2758

Theory for the anomalous light scattering in growing ice crystals.

Keizer, J., et al, Physical review A: General physics, Nov. 1985, 32(5), p.2944-2962, 41 refs. Mazur, P., Morita, T.

Ice crystal growth, Light scattering, Hydrodynamics, Analysis (mathematics), Theories.

40-2759

China's antarctic scientific expedition. Beijing, China Ocean Press, 1985, 119p., In Chinese and English. Expeditions, Photography, Antarctica.

Expeditions, Photography, Antarctica. Following a review of the antarctic environment and a general statement of China's experience and research goals in Antarctica, brief accounts are given of the ocean journey to King George Island, construction of the Great Wall Station, some research projects conducted on the island and in surrounding oceans, meetings with groups from other nations, and the return to Beijing. All texts are quite short, for the main thrust of the book are the photographs of the antarctic environment, its inhabitants, and the Chinese expeditioners who were its visitors

40-2760

Petroleum effects in the Arctic environment. Engelhardt, F.R., ed, London, Elsevier Applied Science Publishers, 1985, 281p., Refs. passim. For

selected papers see 40-2761 through 40-2764.
Oil spills, Environmental impact, Ice cover effect,
Marine biology, Tundra, Pollution, Crude oil, Sea ice, Hydrocarbons, Forecasting.

Arctic marine ecosystem.

Dunbar, M.J., Petroleum effects in the Arctic environ-ment. Edited by F.R. Engelhardt, London, Elsevier Applied Science Publishers, 1985, p.1-35, Refs. p.31ment

Marine biology, Ocean environments, Ecosystems, Ice cover effect, Oceanography, Climatic factors.

40-2762

Physical and chemical fate of spilled oil.

Mackay, D., Petroleum effects in the Arctic environment. Edited by F.R. Engelhardt, London, Elsevier Applied Science Publishers, 1985, p.37-61, Refs. p.59-

Oil spills. Ice cover effect. Physical properties. Chemical properties, Sea ice, Crude oil, Forecasting, Environmental impact, Ocean environments, Models.

40-2763

Effects of hydrocarbons on microorganisms and netroleum biodegradation in Arctic ecosystems.

Atlas, R.M., Petroleum effects in the Arctic environ-ment. Edited by F.R. Engelhardt. London, Elsevier Applied Science Publishers, 1985, p.63-99, Refs. p.91-

Tundra, Hydrocarbons, Microbiology, Crude oil, Ma-rine biology, Ecosystems, Degradation, Ocean environments, Lakes.

Effects of oil on Arctic invertebrates.

Wells, P.G., et al, Petroleum effects in the Arctic environment. ronment. Edited by F.R. Engelhardt, London, Elsevier Applied Science Publishers, 1985, p.101-156, Refs. p.144-156.

Percy, J.A.

spills, Marine biology, Plankton, Water pollution, Ice cover effect, Ecosystems.

40-2765

Deicing/anti-icing fluid: runways and taxiways.

Society of Automotive Engineers, Aerospace material specification, 1986, SAE AMS 1426A, 8p., Supersedes AMS 1426

Road icing, Chemical ice prevention, Runways, Corrosion, Damage, Ice removal, Airports, Liquids,

40-2756

Some empirical evidence for the influence of snow

cover on temperature and precipitation. Namias, J., Monthly weather review, Sep. 1985, 113(9), p.1542-1553, 8 1efs.

Snow cover effect, Air temperature, Precipitation Surface temperature, Synoptic (meteorology), meteorology.

Model of acoustic backscatter from Arctic sea ice. Greene, R.R., et al, Acoustical Society of America. Journal, Nov. 1985, 78(5), p.1699-1701, 14 refs. Stokes, A.P.

Ice acoustics, Backscattering, Sea ice, Models, Analysis (mathematics), Slope orientation, Surface roughness, Spectra.

Examination of heavy-duty, ultra-thick coating systems for offshore steel structures.

Kitayama, M., et al, Iron and Steel Institute of Japan. Transactions, 1985, 25(11), p.1163-1170, 2 refs. Protective coatings, Offshore structures, Steel structures, Cold weather tests, Corrosion, Resins, Counter-

40-2769

Characteristic frequency of force variations in continuous crushing of sheet ice against rigid cylindrical structures.

Sodhi, D.S., et al, Cold regions science and technology, Feb. 1986, 12(1), MP 2018, 9.1-12, 20 refs. Morris, C.E.

Ice loads, Offshore structures, Ice cover strength, Ice

Ice loads, Offshore structures, Ice cover strength, Ice solid interface, Ice pressure, Piles, Ice breaking, Velocity, Ice cover thickness, Tests, Damage.

The ice forces generated during continuous crushing of an ice sheet against a cylindrical vertical structure vary with time, according to the resistance offered by ice as it fails and clears from the path of the structure. Small-scale experiments were performed to measure the ice forces by pushing rigid cylindrical structures of different diameters at different velocities through an ice sheet. The dominant frequency of ice force variations, defined as the characteristic frequency, was determined from structures of different diameters at different velocities through an ice sheet. The dominant frequency of ice force variations, defined as the characteristic frequency, was determined from the frequency pectra of the force records. The characteristic frequency plot with respect to the velocity-to-thickness ratio reveals a linear relationship, which implies that the average length of the damage zone is proportional to the ice thickness. On the basis of the data presented here, the average length of the damage zone is about one-third of the ice thickness.

Confined compression tests: outlining the failure en-

Continued compression tests: outlining the failure envelope of columnar sea ice.

Timco, G.W., et al, Cold regions science and technology, Feb. 1986, 12(1), p.13-28, 33 refs.

Frederking, R.M.W.

Ice breaking, Offshore structures, Ice crystal struc-

ture, Sea ice, Compressive properties, Ice loads, Loads (forces), Tests, Ice cover strength, Strains, Ice salinity, Ice temperature, Ice density, Analysis (mathematics).

Refreezing of cracks formed by bending of floating ice

Christensen, F.T., Cold regions science and technology, Feb. 1986, 12(1), p.29-37, 5 refs.
Ice cracks, Freezing, Floating ice, Flexural strength,

Compressive properties, Flooding.

Mathematical models of the temperature and water-Mathematical models of the temperature and water-heat transfer in the percolation zone of a glacier. Cai, B., et al, Cold regions science and technology, Feb. 1986, 12(1), p.39-49, 8 refs. Xie, Z., Huang, M. Glacier heat balance, Heat transfer, Meltwater, Freezing, Snow cover, Mathematical models, Ther-modynamics, I stert heat

modynamics, Latent heat.

40-2773

Wavelength-dependent extinction by falling snow Noh. G., Cold regions science and technology, Feb. 1986, 12(1), MP 2019, p.51-55, 9 refs.

Snowfall, Light transmission, Infrared radiation, Light scattering, Visibility, Wave propagation, Parti-

cles. Wavelength-dependent extinction in the visible and infrared regions of the electromagnetic spectrum has been observed during studies of transmission through falling snow. The wavelength dependence was particularly noticeable during periods of light snowfall. Particles comparable in size to the wavelength were also present during these periods. These particles were assumed to be water droplets, and their extinction cross-sections were determined from the scattering calculations. The calculations suggest that these particles were responsible for the wavelength-dependent extinction observed during snowfall.

40-2774

Flow of nonfreezing water interlayers and frost heav-

Deriagin, B.V., et al, Cold regions science and technology, Feb. 1986, 12(1), p.57-66, 45 refs. Churaev, N.V.

Frost heave, Thermodynamics, Mass transfer, Water flow, Unfrozen water content, Soil water migration, Ground ice, Boundary layer, Temperature effects, Analysis (mathematics).

40-2775

Electromagnetic measurements of multi-year sea ice using impulse radar.

using impuise radar.

Kovacs, A., et al, Cold regions science and technology,
Feb. 1986, 12(1), MP 2020, p.67-93, 11 refs.

Morey, R.M.

Sea ice, Ice bottom surface, Electromagnetic proper-

ties, Ice structure, Brines, Air entrainment, Radio echo sounding, Dielectric properties, Ice physics, echo sounding Radar echoes.

Radar echoes.

Sounding of multi-year sea ice, using impulse radar operating in the 80- to 500-MHz frequency band, has revealed that the bottom of this ice cannot always be detected. This paper discusses a field program aimed at finding out why this is so, and at determining the electromagnetic (EM) properties of multi-year sea ice. It was found that the bottom of the ice could not be detected when the ice structure had a high brine content. Because of brine's high conductivity, brine volume dominates the loss mechanism in first-year sea ice, and the same was found true for multi-year ice. A two-phase dielectric mixing formula, used by the authors to describe the EM properties of first-year sea ice, was modified to include the effects of the gas pockets found in the multi-year ice. This three-phase mixture model was found to estimate the EM properties of the multiyear ice studied over the frequency band of interest.

Modeling of evaporation of water into a sub-zero air

Puskas, J., et al, Cold regions science and technology, Feb. 1986, 12(1), p.95-97, 3 refs.

McBean, E.A.

McBean, E.A.

Evaporation, Water temperature, Cold weather performance, Air flow, Models, Mass transfer, Air temperature, Heat balance, Velocity.

40-2777

Estimated basal ice temperatures at Crête, Greenland, throughout a glacial cycle. Paterson, W.S.B., et al, Cold regions science and tech-

nology, Feb. 1986, 12(1), p.99-102, 14 refs. Waddington, E.D.

Vacatington, Climatic changes, Ice cores, Heat transfer, Paleoclimatology, Boreholes, Heat flux, Greenland—Crête.

40-2778

Experimental study of ice flow around a bump: com-

parison with theory. Hooke, R.L., et al, Geografiska annaler, 1985, 67A(3-4), p.187-1974, 27 refs. Iverson, N.R.

Ice creep, Rheology, Ice deformation, Shear stress, Ice temperature, Experimentation, Flow measurements, Thermistors, Theories, Velocity.

40-2779

Pingos in northernmost Sweden.

Lagerback, R., et al, Geografiska annaler, 1985, 67A(3-4), p.239-245, 18 refs. Rodhe, L

Pingos, Permafrost, Frost mounds, Ground ice, Hummocks, Glacial deposits, Sediments, Climatic factors,

40-2780

Geomorphological evidence of avalanche activity in Scotlana

Ward, K.G.W.. Geografiska annaler, 1985, 67A(3-4), p.247-256, 26 refs.

Avalanche formation, Geomorphology, Landforms, Lichens, Slope orientation, Paleoclimatology, Talus, United Kingdom-Scotland.

40-2781

Road transport vehicles facing icing restrictions: present state and suggestions. ¡Les transporteurs rou-tiers face aux barrières de dégel. Constat et propositions₁,

tions, François, J.C., Revue générale des routes et des aéro-dromes, Jan. 1986, No.626, p.15-17, In French. Road icing, Ice removal, Snow removal, Winter maintenance, Road maintenance, Trafficability.

40-2782

Winter traffic on concessionary highways. [Circulation hivernale sur les autoroutes concédées], Carreau, M., Revue générale des routes et des aérodromes, Jan. 1986, No.626, p.17-18, In French. Road icing, Ice removal, Snow removal, Trafficabili-

Urban winter traffic: experience of a person in charge. La circulation hivernale en site urbain: l'expérience d'un responsable,

Guilion, J., Revue générale des routes et des aéro-dromes, Jan 1980, No.626, p.18-20, In French. Road icing, Ice control, Ice removal, Snow removal, Winter maintenance, Road maintenance, Trafficabili-

40-2784

tv.

Salt: a valued ally of winter road services. (Un allié précieux des services de viabilité hivernale: le sel1, Lettermann, G., Revue générale des routes et des aérodromes, Jan. 1986, No.626, p.20-22, In French. Salting, Road icing, Ice removal, Saow removal, Road maintenance, Winter maintenance.

40-2785

Determination of the maximum ice-forming activity of metal oxides. Powders of metal oxides.
Baklanov, A.M., et al, Colloid journal of the USSR,
Mar.-Apr. 1985 (Pub. Sep. 85), 47(2), p.193-200 Mar. Apr. 1985 (Pub. Sep. 85), 47(2), p.193-200, Translated from Kolloidnyl zhurnal. 53 refs. Bibliographics, Cloud physics, Aerosols, Nucleating

agents, Metals, Ice crystal nuclei, Ice formation.

40-2786

Determination of the maximum ice-forming activity of metal oxides. Determination of the ice-forming characteristics of a "pure" Aluminum oxide.

Gorbunov, B.Z., et al, Colloid journal of the USSR, Mar. Apr. 1985 (Pub. Sep. 85), 47(2), p.217-223, Translated from Kolloidnyi zhurnal. 22 refs. Kutsenogii, K.P., Pashchenko, S.E., Safatov, A.S. eather modification, Smoke generators, Aerosols, Metals.

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lines in stagmant water.
Gorislavets, V.M., et al, Journal of engineering physics, Apr. 1985 (Pub. Oct. 85), 48(4), p.450-456,
Translated from Inzhenerno-fizicheskii zhurnal. 13

Semenov, L.P.

Gas pipelines, Icing, Ice forecasting, Artificial freezing.

40-2788

Geography of destructive natural phenomena in the light of accelerated scientific and technical progress. Problemy geografii razrushitel'nykh prirodnykh iavlenil v svete zadachi uskoreniia nauchno-tekhniches-

kogo progressa₁, Miagkov, S.M., Moscow. Universitet. Vestnik. Serila 5 Geografiia, Jan. Feb. 1986, No.1, p.9-15, In

Russian. 12 refs. Floods, Ground thawing, Slope processes, Avalanches, Thermokarst, Permafrost hydrology, Mountain glaciers, Mudflows, Glacier surges, Permafrost thermal properties, Landslides.

40-2789

Geomorphology of river deltas of the Siberian Arctic coast. Geomorfologiia rechnykh del't Arkticheskogo

poberezh'ia Sibirij, Korotaev, V.N., Moscow. Universitet. Vestnik. Seriia 5 Geografiia, Jan-Feb. 1986, No.1, p.42-49, In Russian. 7 refs.

Estuaries, Coastal topographic features, Permafrost beneath rivers, Arctic Ocean.

40-2790

Space variation of snow cover structure and properties on mountain slopes. [Prostranstvennaia izmer chivost' stroeniia i svoistv snezhnogo pokrova na sklo-

nakh gorj, Voltkovskil, K.F., et al, Moscow. Universitet. Vestnik. Seriia 5 Geografiia, Jan.-Fel 85, In Russian. 1 ref. Golubev, V.N., Voltkovskii, V.K. Seriia 5 Geografiia, Jan.-Feb. 1986, No.1, p.80-

Slope orientation, Snow depth, Snow accumulation, Snow cover distribution, Snow recrystallization, Mountains, Wind factors.

40-2791

Simplified physical model of heat transfer in thermal insulation of above-ground heat-conveying pipelines at low ambient temperatures.

Shtopko, D.F., et al, *Heat transfer Soviet research*, Nov.-Dec. 1984, 16(6), p.93-98, 3 refs. Translated from Izvestiia Vuzov. Energetika, No.8, 1984, p.101-103

Kochetkov, D.A., Chuveleva, Z.V

Models, Heat transfer, Construction materials, Ther-mal insulation, Heat pipes, Heat loss, Arctic regions,

40-2792

Solution of one inverse problem of coefficients for a nonlinear heat conduction equation.

Grazdev, V.A., et al. Heat transfer Soviet research.

Nov.-Dec. 1984, 16(6), p.99-113, 12 refs. Translated from Teplofizicheskie svotstva rastvorov, AN SSSR, SO, Teplofiz. Inst., 1983, p. 06-119. Kovalenko, IU.A.

Materials. Thermal properties. Physical properties. Thermal conductivity, Heat transfer, Analysis (math-

Enhancement of heat and mass transfer in high-rate crystallization on multiple nuclei by increasing the relative velocity of the phases.

Bazhal. I.G., et al, Heat transfer Soviet research, .-Dec. 1984, 16(6), p.128-132, 3 refs. from Promyshlennaia teplotekhnika, 7(2), 1985, p.63-

Chernenko, V.F., Gulyi, I.S., Stepanets, L.F. Crystal growth, Mathematical models, Heat transfer, Mass transfer, Diffusion, Phase transformations.

Snow cover distribution in mountains. [Vürkhu razpredelenieto na snezhnata pokrivka v planinski ralonij,

Stanev, S., et al, Khidrologija i meteorologija, 1970, 19(2), p.33-40, In Bulgarian with Russian and English summaries. 3 refs. Simeonov, P.

Snow cover distribution, Snow depth, Snow density, Alpine landscapes, Snow water equivalent, Snow surveys.

40-2795

Ice formation processes developing in cold fog chambers. ¡Vürkhu protsesite na ledoobrazuvane koito se rezvivat v edna studena kamera za mūglaj, Genadiev, N., Khidrologiia i meteorologiia, 1979, 28(5), p.50-52, In Bulgarian. 11 refs. Supercooled fog, Nucleating agents, Cold chambers, Ice formation, Ice crystal nuclei, Aerosols, Ice crystal

40-2796

Radio wave scattering by snow crystals, (Razselvane na radiovůlnite ot snezhni kristalij,

Petrov, R., Khidrologiia i meteorologiia, 1983, 32(3), p.26-33, In Bulgarian with English and Russ an

summaries. 8 refs.

Radar echoes, Snow crystals, Radio waves, Remote sensing, Snow physics, Polarization (waves).

Microparticles in snow from the South Greenland ice sheet.

Steffensen, J.P., Tellus, Sep.-Nov. 1985, 37B(4-5), p.286-295, 18 refs

Ice sheets, Impurities, Dust, Particle size distribution, Oxygen isotopes, Snow cover, Greenland.

Variations of the CO2 concentration of occluded air and of anions and dust in polar ice cores.

Oeschger, H., et al, American Geophysical Union Geophysical monograph 32, The carbon cycle and atmospheric CO2: natural variations Archean to present. Edited by E.T. Sundquist and W.S. Broecker, Washington, D.C., 1985, p.132-142, 33 refs.
Stauffer, B., Finkel, R., Langway, C.C., Jr.
DLC QE516.5.C37 1985

Ice cores, Gas inclusions, Carbon dioxide, Atmospheric composition.

After discussing the mechanism by which atmospheric gases are After discussing the mechanism by which at mospheric gases are entrapped in ice, CO2 concentrations in ice core samples up to 100,000 years old are reported from deep drilling projects in Greenland and the Antarctic Results from ice deposited during the last 2,000 years provide an estimate of the preindustrial atmospheric CO2 level, an important boundary condition for modelling the anthropogenic CO2 increase. Using older samples from a deep ice core drilled at Dye 4, Greenland, it is shown that the CO2 concentration was 180 to 200 ppmv at the end of the Wisconsin and increased during the transition to the Holocene to values in the 200 to 300 ppmv range. Detailed CO2 measurements on sections of the Wisconsin part of the Dye 3 core, which were deposited during times of significant climatic core. neasurements on sections of the Wisconsin part of the Dye 3 core, which were deposited during times of significant climatic variation, show that the changes in 0-18 variations were accompanied by simultaneous correlated rapid CO2 variations Other parameters, including micro-particle concentration and concentrations of certain anions also showed significant variations which correlate with the measured changes in 0-18 shifts. Measured and calculated data came from drill sites at Siple Vostok, South Pole, and Byrd Stations and Dome C. (Auth

Glacial to interplacial changes in atmospheric carbon dioxide: the critical role of ocean surface water in high latitudes.

Toggweiler, J.R., et al, American Geophysical Union. Geophysical monograph 32, Washington, D.C., 1985, p.163-184, 55 refs.
Sarmiento, J.L.
DLC QE516.5.C37 1985

Sea water, Chemical composition, Carbon dioxide, Models.

Models.

A further examination is made of a 1984 proposal that glacial to interglacial changes in pCO2 are related to changes in the nutrient content of high-latitude surface water. A four-box model of the ocean and atmosphere is developed which includes low- and high-latitude surface boxes, an atmosphere, and a deep ocean. High latitude regions are defined as those North Atlantic areas poleward of 60N, and those areas of the South Atlantic, South Pacific and Indian oceans necessarily 65S. In simplest to areas poleward of OUN, and those areas of the South Atlantic, South Pacific, and Indian oceans poleward of 50s. In simplest form the model equations show that the CO2 content of high-latitude surface water is directly connected to the huge reservoir of CO2 in deep water through the nutrient content of high-latitude surface water. Various relationships are discussed as latitude surface water. Various relationships are discussed as chemical ingredients in sea water and atmosphere are transported each to the other, from low to high latitudes, with and without the presence of sea ice. (Auth. mod.)

40-2800

High-latitude ocean as a control of atmospheric CO2. Wenk, T., et al, American Geophysical Union. Geophysical monograph 32, Washington, D.C., 1985, p. 185-194, 32 refs.

Siegenthaler, U. DLC QE516.5.C37 1985

Ice cores, Carbon dioxide, Sea water, Chemical composition, Models.

It is suggested that the rapid natural atmospheric CO2 varia-It is suggested that the rapid natural atmospheric CO2 varia-tions during and at the end of the last glaciation which are indicated by ice core studies may have been caused by changes in the high-latitude oceans, particularly in the Antarctic. Con-centrations of nutrients (N, P) in surface water are near zero in large ocean areas, but relatively high in high-latitude oceans. A circulation change could lead to more complete nutrient utili-zation and thus to a lower pCO2 of surface waters in these regions. Possible changes are discussed, and their effects on at-mospheric CO2 concentrations, carbon isotope ratios and dis-solved oxygen in the deep sea are estimated by means of a solved oxygen in the deep sea are estimated by means of a simple box model. Time-dependent calculations show that simple box model. Inne-dependent calculations show that after a sudden change of circulation rate, the atmospheric CO2 concentration would approach its new steady state value with a relaxation time of about 200 years. (Auth.)

40-2801

Effect of high pressure on the Raman spectra of ice VIII and evidence for ice X.

Hirsch, K.R., et al, *Journal of chemical physics*, Mar. 1, 1986, 84(5), p.2771-2775, 22 refs. Holzapfel, W.B.

High pressure ice, Hydrogen bonds, Spectra, Pressure, Heavy water, Phase transformations, Light scattering.

40-2802

Molecular theory for freezing: comparison of theo-

ries, and results for hard spheres. Haymet, A.D.J., Journal of chemical physics, Feb. 1, 1986, 84(3), p.1769-1777, 48 refs.

Freezing, Phase transformations, Density (mass/volume), Molecular structure, Thermodynamics, Pressure, Computer applications, Temperature effects, Liquid solid interfaces, Analysis (mathematics). 40-2803

Freezing of aqueous solutions in a porous medium. Part 1. Preezing of air-entraining agent solutions. Chatterji, S., Cement and concrete research, Jan. 1985, 15(1), p.13-20, 10 refs.

Freezing, Solutions, Porous materials, Air entrainment, Ice formation, Cements, Ice lenses, Pressure,

Ice growth.

40-2804

Part 2. Freezing of mixed solutions of air-entraining agents and water reducers.

Chatterji, S., et al, Cement and concrete research, July 1985, 15(4), p.729-733, 1 ref.

Jensen, A.D. Thaulow, N., Christensen, P. Freezing, Solutions, Porous materials, Air entrainment, Concrete structures, Ice formation, Saturation, Ice strength, Freeze thaw cycles, Frost resistance. 40-2805

Free boundary problems arising in the freezing of soils in a bounded region, Pts. 1-3. Mohamed, F.A., et al, Journal of mathematical anal-

ysis and applications, Oct /Nov. 1985, 111(1,2), p.1-13, 475-534, 36 refs.

Guenther, R.B.

Soil freezing, Phase transformations, Density (mass/volume), Boundary value problems, thaw cycles, Stefan problem, Temperature distribu-tion, Analysis (mathematics).

40-2806

Corrosion of concrete in the presence of thawing-out agenta. [Korroziia betona pod deistviem razmoraz-

hivaiushchikh sredstv₁, Felikan, J., et al, Razrabotka meroprijatil po zashchite metallov ot korrozii (Development of methods for protecting metals from corrosion. Reports for the international scientific-technical conference on problems of the North, 3rd, 1980. Vol.5), Warsaw, Institut pretsi-zionnol mekhaniki, 1980, p.270-273, In Russian. 4

Reinforced concretes, Concrete freezing, Concrete admixtures, Antifreezes, Metals, Corrosion, Prost resistance.

40-2807

Hydration processes in cement concretes during freeze-thaw cycles. (O protscssakh gidratatsii v tsementnom betone pri ego tsiklicheskom zamorazhivanii₁,

nivanii, Chekhovskii, IU.V., et al, Kolloidnyi zhurnal, Sep.-Oct. 1985, 47(5), p.998-1001, In Russian with English summary. 7 refs. English summary. 7 refs. Spitsyn, A.N., Ganiev, A.G.

Ice formation, Concrete freezing, Concretes, Preeze thaw cycles, Cryogenic structures, Cements, Porosity, Moisture transfer.

Studying the properties of aqueous microemulsions at low temperatures using the NMR method. [1s-sledovanie svolstv vodnykh mikroemul'sil metodom IAMR v oblasti nizkikh temperatur,

Veselova, O.V., et al, Kolloidny's zhurnal, Nov. Dec. 1986, 47(6), p.1027-1033, In Russian with English summary. 18 refs.
Nikolaev, B.P., Shliakov, A.M.

Water structure, Supercooling, Molecular structure, Hygroscopic water, Intermolecular forces.

Studies of surfaces stimulating the freezing of water.

Studies of surfaces stimulating the freezing of water. [Issledovanie poverkhnoster stimuliruiushchikh zamerzanie vody],
Dubrovich, N.A., et al, Kolloidnyi zhurnal,
Nov.-Dec. 1986, 47(6), p.1172-1175, In Russian with English summary. 15 refs.
Kuz'min, V.L., Shiniaev, B.M.
Phase transformations, Supercooling, Ice formation,
Nucleation Ice supply Appeared (mathematics).

Nucleation, Ice nuclei, Analysis (mathematics).

Detecting the climatic effects of increasing carbon

MacCracken, M.C., rd, Washington, D.C., U.S. Department of Energy Dec. 1985, 198p., DOE/ER-0235, Refs. passim. For selected papers see I-33442 and F-33443, or 40-2811.

Ice sheets, Temperature, Carbon dioxide, Climatic changes, Sea ice distribution, Snow cover distribution, Permafrost, Ice.

tion, Permafrost, Ice.
The objective of this volume of the State-of-the-Art series is to document what is known about detecting the CO2-induced changes in climate and to describe the uncertainties and unknowns associated with this monitoring and analysis effort. The various approaches for detecting CO2-induced climate changes are discussed first, followed by a review of applications of these strategies to the various climatic variables that are expected to be changing. Finally, recommendations are presented for research and analysis activities that would contribute to a more definitive identification of the CO2-induced climate signal.

40-2811

Cryosphere and climate change.

Barry, R.G., Washington, D.C., U.S. Department of Energy, Dec. 1985, p.109-148, DOE/ER-0235, Refs. p.140-148.

ce sheets, Climatic changes, Snow cover distribution, Sea ice.

World distribution of snow cover and sea ice, and their interaction with climate, are discussed and illustrated. Tables are in cluded showing the area and volume of antarctic grounded ice sheet and of the floating ice shelves; the time series of sea ice areas for the Antarctic, standardized by the 1973-1984 base period mean and standard deviations, are also shown. From a literature review it is concluded that the clearest indication of CO2-induced climate changes in the cryosphere will be provided by trends in annual lake freeze-up and break-up dates. These show a strong relationship to transition season temperatures. Snow cover and sea ice are important components of the global climate system, but these cryospheric variables are each affected by many climatic factors and show large interannual and regional variability World distribution of snow over and sea ice, and their interac-

40-2812

Isotopic composition of atmospheric O2 in ice linked with aeglaciation and global primary productivity.

Bender, M., et al, Nature, Nov. 28, 1985, 318(6044), p.349-352, 25 refs.
Labeyrie, L.D., Raynaud, D., Lorius, C.
Bubbles, Tsotopes, Ice models, Ice composition, Paleoclimatology, Antarctica—Dome C.

Paleoclimatology, Antarctica—Dome C. In photosynthesis, O2 is continuously formed from H2O and released to the atmosphere. Coupled with respiration, photosynthesis forms a loop in which oxygen isotopes are exchanged between O2 and H2O. Here, data are presented on the changes, during the past 22 kyr approximately, in the delta O-18 of atmospheric O2 trapped in the ice core Dome C. The results show that the isotopic composition of atmospheric O2 has indeed varied along with that of sea water, and that the delta O-18 (O2) record offers a tool for studying several important aspects of the global cycles of O2 and H2O in relation to the climate. (Auth. mod.)

Non-steady ice-sheet model incorporating longitudi-

nal stresses.
Alley, R.B., Ohio State University. Institute of Polar Studies. Report, 1984, No.84, 100p., 46 refs. Ice sheets, Ice mechanics, Ice creep, Ice deformation. Sea level, Models, Antarctica—East Antarctica.

In order to study the effect of sea-level changes on inland ice sheets, a new ice-flow : tel has been developed that explicitly includes longitudinal sic les. Two-dimensional flow is assumed, and the flow-law parameter and longitudinal-deviatoric surned, and the now-law parameter and longitudinal-aeviatoric stress are taken to be weighted averages over depth. The flow-law equations for longitudinal and shear deformation are then averaged over thickness. The resulting equations, together with continuity and a bottom-sliding relation, form a simple one-dimensional system of equations that describes changes in ice-sheet configuration over time. Sea-level rise causes a wave ice-sheet configuration over time. Sea-level rise causes a wave of thinning to propagate upgiacer ir, an ice sheet with terminal position controlled by sea level. The wave of thinning slows, diffuses, and its damped as it moves upglacier; thus, perturbations near the coast must be large and long lasting to affect inland regions. Model calculations show that post-wisconsinan sea-level rise has caused 110 m thinning at Dome C, East Antarctica, and that response is now 70 percent complete. Accumulation rate probably increased at the same time, however, and including this in the model reduces calculated thinning. For a 10 percent increase in accumulation rate from Wisconsinan to Holocene, there has been 75 m post-Wisconsinan thinning due to combined effects of sea-level rise and accumulation-rate increase (Auth.)

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The Transantarctic Mountains form a mountainous division between East and West Antarctica extending 2900 km from the Pensacola Mountains to northern Victoria Land. The mountains constrict the flow of East Antarctic ice, creating outlet glaciers which form a connection between the inland ice sheet and the Ross Ice Shelf. Glacial deposits recording former ice surface levels of outlet glaciers can therefore be used to interpret East Antarctic ice sheet and Ross Ice Shelf fluctuations. A glacial history is formulated based upon the investigation and comparison of two areas: (1) the Queen Maud Mountains, a 450-km stretch from Scott Glacier to Beardmore Glacier and (2) southern Victoria Land. a 130-m succul. from Taylor Valley to Fry Glacier. Four glacial events are recognized, differentiated, and correlated with datable deposits in the Transantarctic Mountains. The general implications derived from the resultant glacial history and ice surface reconstruction suggest four conclusions which are set forth and explained. (Authmod.)

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Military equipment, Winter maintenance, Polar regions, Snowstorms.

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zimoly, Ermachenkov, V., et al, *Tekhnika i vooruzhenie*, Jan. 1986, No.1, p.18-19, In Russian. Chechenkov, M.

Military equipment, Military engineering, Military transportation, Winter maintenance.

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Testing the propeller drive of the icebreaker Kapitan Erdokimor. ¡Ispytaniia valoprovodov ledokola "Kapitan Evdokimov",, Chernov, S., Rechnol transport, 1985, No.7, p.34-35,

In Russian Ice navigation, Icebreakers, Propellers, Tests.

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Ice passages. (Ledovye relsy), Liudogovskit, V., Rechnol transport, 1985, No.7, p.40-

41. In Russian. Icebreakers, Icebound rivers, Polynyas, Ice navigation, Water level, USSR-Lena River.

Optimal number of wells in a cluster under West Siberian conditions. (Optimal'noe chislo skvazhin v kuste v uslovijakh Zapadnol Sibirij, Kalinin, S.G., et al, Nestianoe khoziaistvo, June 1985, No.6, p.17-19, In Russian. Arkhipov, I.G., Golov, V.A.

Drilling, Oil wells, Frozen rocks.

Complex of machines and equipment for preparing paluded surfaces for construction. (Kompleks mashin mekhanizmov dlia podgotovki zabolochennol poverkhnosti k stroitel'sivuj, Arens, V.Zh., et al, Stroitel'nye i dorozhnye mashiny,

Sep. 1985, No.9, p.18-19, In Russian. 5 refs.

Shpak, D.N.

Swamps, D.N.
Swamps, Drilling, Land reclamation, Drainage, Forest land, Paindification, Construction equipment, Permafrost distribution, Sands.

Machines for winter maintenance of roads. (Mashiny

dlia zimnego soderzhaniia dorogy, Stanovol, L.V., et al, Stroitel'nye i dorozhnye mashiny, Aug. 1985, No.8, p.13-14, In Russian. ksenkov, A.G.

Road maintenance, Winter maintenance, Snow removal, Loading.

40-2887

Machines for spreading antifreezes. (Mashiny dlia raspredeleniia antigololednykh materialov),

Gornyi, 3.Z., Stroitel'nye i dorozhnye mashiny, Aug. 1985, No.8, p.14-15, In Russian. Winter maintenance, Road maintenance, Glaze,

Chemical ice prevention, Snow removal.

40-2888

Report on the 1983 glaciological survey. [Relazioni della campagna glaciologica 1983, Comitato glaci-ologico italiano. Bollettino. Ser.3: Geografia fisica e dinamica quaternaria, 1984, 7(2), p.59-88, In Italian. Glacier surveys, Mountain glaciers, Alpine glaciation, Precipitation (meteorology), Statistical analysis.

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Stress corrosion cracking of subzero treated SUS 301 steel single crystal

Uchida, H., et al, Society of Materials Science, Japan. Journal, July 1985, 34(382), p.809-815, In Japanese.

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perature change between 110 K and 300 K. Ehara, S., et al, Society of Materials Science, Japan. Journal, July 1985, 34(382), p.857-863, In Japanese. 18 refs

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Thermal expansion, Rock mechanics, Cracking (fracturing), Temperature variations, Strains, Cooling,

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Thermal expansion of saturated rocks subjected to cyclic temperature change between 110 K and 300 K. Ehara, S., et al, Society of Materials Science, Japan. Journal, July 1985, 34(382), p.864-870, In Japanese.

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Thermal expansion, Rock mechanics, Cracking (fracturing), Freezing, Melting, Ice formation, Capillary ice, Strains, Temperature effects, Low temperature tests.

40-2892

Scattering phase matrix for hexagonal ice crystals computed from ray optics.

Takano, Y., et al, Applied optics, Oct. 1, 1985, 24(19), p.3254-3263, 25 refs.

Jayaweera, K. Ice crystal optics, Light scattering, Analysis (mathematics), Backscattering.

40-2893

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Slater, W.M., Canadian journal of civil engineering, June 1985, 12(2), p.325-333, With French summary.

Preezing, Tanks (containers), Ice formation, Concrete structures, Ice pressure, Stresses, Tensile properties, Defects, Seepage, Temperature gradients. 40-2894

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40-2895

Observation of a dislocation source in ice by synchro-

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Ice crystal structure, Ice deformation, X ray analysis.

40-2896

Calculating ice pressure resistance of ships. [Raschet ledovogo soprotivleniia sudov₁, Zuev, V., Rechnoi transport, 1986, No.1, p.38-39, In

Russian. Ice navigation, Ice cover thickness, Ice pressure, Icebreakers, Ice conditions, Analysis (mathematics).

Extension of navigation on the Volga-Balta sluiced section. (Prodlenie navigatsii na Volgo-Balte, Porozhskii, R., et al, Rechnol transport, 1985, No.12, p.38-39, In Russian. Vorontsov, V.

River ice, Ice floes, Slush, Sluices (hydraulic engineering), Ice jams, Walls, Ice prevention, Icing.

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River ice, Ice navigation, Ice breaking, Ice removal.

Experimental winter anchorage of the icebreaker Kapitan Babichev with shut-off engines. Opyt kholodnogo otstoia ledokola "Kapitan Babichev Burygin, L., et al, Rechnol transport, 1985, No.4, p.34-

36, In Russian.
Volovikov, V., Korolev, V.
Icebreakers, Winter maintenance, Diesel engines, Heating.

40-2900

Testing rotary cutting-bits designed for frozen ground. [Ispytaniia vrashchaiushchikhsia reztsov dlia razrabotki merzlykh gruntovi.

Bondarenko, V.P., Stroitel'nye i dorozhnye mashiny, Dec. 1985, No.12, p.6-7, In Russian.

Earthwork, Excavation, Rotary drilling, Permafrost.

40-2901

Construction of water-impervious screens under permafrost conditions. [Sozdanie protivofil'tratsionnykh

zaves v usloviiakh mnogoletnei merzloty, Kipko, E.IA., et al. Shakhtnoe stroitel'stvo, July 1985, No.7, p.12-13, In Russian. Mining, Excavation, Permafrost hydrology, Prozen

rocks, Impervious screens, Ground water control.

40-2902

Increasing the efficiency and safety of shaft sinking by artificial freezing of rocks. [Puti povysheniia nadezhnosti i effektivnosti rabot po prokhodke shakhtnykh stvolov sposobom zamorazhivaniia gornykh po-

rod₃, Shparber, P.A., Shakhtnoe stroitel'stvo, Aug. 1985, No.8, p.2-4, In Russian. Mining, Shaft sinking, Ground water, Artificial freez-

Peculiarities of architectural and artistic design for industrial buildings of eastern Siberia. [Osobennosti arkhitekturno-khudozhestvennykn resnem politika kunnykh zdanii dlia rajonov Vostochnot Sibirij, politika kunnye stroitel'stvo, Dec. arkhitekturno-khudozhestvennykh reshenil promysh-Butaev, O.S., Promyshlennoe stroitel'stvo, 1985, No.12, p.17-21, In Russian.

Industrial buildings, Permafrost beneath structures, Design.

Urgent problems concerning stable performance of railroad tracks in freezing weather. [Neotlozhnye zadachi po obespecheniiu ustolchivol raboty rel'-

sovogo puti v zimnikh usloviiakh, Baraboshin, V.F., Moscow. Vsesoiuznyi nauchno-is-sledovateľskii institut zhelez-o-lorozhnogo transpor-ta. Vestnik, 1985, No.8, p.1-5, In Russian.

Snow removal, Railroad tracks, Winter maintenance, Railroad equipment, Snowstorms, Electric heating, Snowdrifts.

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Peat, Artificial thawing, Defrosting, Transportation, Electric heating.

40-2906

Predictions of glacial runoff. [Prognoz lednikovogo stokan.

Diurgerov, M.B., Priroda, Feb. 1985, No.2, p.47-59, In Russian. 6 reis.

Glacier ablation, Mountain glaciera, Glacier ice, Glacial hydrology, Snow line, Mass balance, Heat balance, Glacier alimentation.

Are Arctic ice conditions getting worse. [Ukhudshaiutsia li ledovye usloviia v Arktike₁, Arikainen, A., et al, *Morskoi flot*, 1985, No.6, p.36-37,

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Icebreakers, Ice navigation, Ice surveys, Ice forecasting, Ice reporting, Northern Sea Route, Ice conditions, Ice cover distribution.

40.2008

Satellite-observed reflectance of snow and clouds. Robock, A., et al, Monthly weather review, Nov. 1985, 113(11), p.2023-2039, 19 refs.

Kaiser, D. Snow optics, Cloud cover, Reflectivity, Albedo, Snow cover, Light (visible radiation), Remote sensing.

40-2909

Periglacial environment.

Worsley, P., Progress in physical geography, 1985, 9(3), p.391-401, 20 refs.

Periglacial processes, Glacial geology, Ice wedges, Permatrost distribution, Landforms, Prost action, Sediments, Climatic factors, Sands.

40-2910

Pipeline in Canada's far north in service.

Pick, A.R., et al, *Oil and gas journal*, Aug. 19, 1985, 83(33), p.71-76, 1 ref. Smith, J.D.

Pipelines, Permafrost beneath structures, Cold weather construction. Design.

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Two combined cryogenic processes cut sour naturalgas processing cost.
Denton, R.D., et al, Oil and gas journal, Aug. 19,

1985, 83(33), p.120-124. Rule, D.D.

Liquefied gases, Cryogenics, Natural gas, Cost anai-

40-2912

Engineering geology hazards of rock glaciers.
Giardino, J.R., et al, Association of Engineering Geologists. Bulletin, May 1985, 22(2), p.201-215, 28 Vick. S.G.

Rock glaciers, Engineering geology, Periglacial processes, Glacier melting, Permafrost, Landforms, Glacier flow, Ice creep, Landslides.

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Ozawa, A., et al, Mitsubishi denki giho, 1985, 59(5), p.8-13, In Japanese.

Hirayama, Y., Arai, T., Takahashi, Y. Electric equipment, Snow accumulation, Icing, Climatic factors, Rain, Temperature variations, Tests.

Measurement of areal water equivalent of snow by natural gamma radiation—experiences from northern

Bergström, S., et al, Hydrological sciences journal, Dec. 1985, 30(4), p.465-477, With French summary. 8 refs.

Snow water equivalent, Gamma irradiation, Forecasting, Models, Sweden.

Seasonal oceanic heat transports computed from an atmospheric model.

atmospheric model: Russell, G.L., et al, Dynamics of atmospheres and oceans, Aug. 1985, 9(3), p.253-271, 11 refs. Miller, J.R., Tsang, L.-C.

Oceanography, Ice cover effect, Heat transfer, Atmospheric circulation, Thermodynamics, Models, Seasonal variations, Surface temperature, Heat flux.

Modification of hydrographic characteristics, tides, and normal modes by ice cover.

Murty, T.S., Marine geodesy, 1985, 9(4), p 451-468,

Hydrography, Ice cover effect, Tides, Water waves, Coastal topographic features, Spectra.

Freeze-thaw durability versus freezing rate. Pigeon, M., et al., American Concrete Institute. nal, Sep.-Oct. 1985, No.5, p.684-692, 12 refs. Prévost, J., Simard, J.-M.

Concrete durability, Concrete freezing, Freeze thaw tests, Freezing rate, Air entrainment, Microstructure, Freeze thaw cycles.

40-2918

Further study of particulate admixtures for enhanced freeze-thaw resistance of concrete.

Litvan, G.G., American Concrete Institute. Journal,

Litvan, G.G., American Concrete Institute. Journal, Sep.-Oct. 1985, No.5, p.724-730, 7 refs.
Concrete durability, Freeze thaw tests, Concrete strength, Concrete admixtures, Compressive properties. Cement admixtures.

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Prost resistance, Concrete freezing, Mortars, Freeze thaw cycles, Frost action, Air entrainment.

40-2920

Two-dimensional hydrometeor machine classifier derived from observed data.

Hunter, H.E., et al, Journal of atmospheric and oceanic

Hunter, H.E., et al, Journal of atmospheric and oceanic technology, Mar. 1984, 1(1), p.28-36, 14 refs. Dyer, R.M., Glass, M. Microwaves, Ice crystal structure, Lasers, Particles, Supercooled clouds, Cloud physics, Remote sensing.

40-2921

Evaluation of a 35 GHz radar for cloud physics re-

Hobbs, P.V., et al, Journal of atmospheric and oceanic technology, Mar. 1985, 2(1), p.35-48, 18 refs. Cloud physics, Ice crystals, Radar echoes, Reflectivity, Supercooled clouds.

40-2922

Sea ice microbial communities in Antarctica.

Garrison, D.L., et al, BioScience, Apr. 1986, 36(4), MP 2026, p.243-250, 38 refs. Sullivan, C.W., Ackley, S.F. Sea Ice, Microbiology, Bacteria, Marine biology, Cryobiology, Antarctica—McMurdo Sound, Antarctica—Weddell Sea.

Tica—weadest Sea.

The role of sea ice community inhabitants as the sub-bottom element in the antarctic food web is reviewed. Sea ice formation is described and the several denizens of this habitat are identified. They serve as food for krill which have been found in brine channels in the ice of McMurdo Sound and the Weddell. Sea. Their behaviors, geographic distributions, and populations in antarctic waters are the objects of continuing long term studies.

40-2923

Importance of ice edge phytoplankton production in

the southern ocean.

Smith, W.O., Jr., et al, BioScience, Apr. 1986, 36(4), p.251-257, 35 refs.

Nelson, D.M.

Biomass, Ice edge, Sea ice, Marine biology, Plankton, Antarctica—Weddell Sea, Antarctica—Ross Sea.

Antarctica—Weddell Sea, Antarctica—Ross Sea.

Prior studies indicate that the southern ocean as a whole is a region of low biological productivity which seems paradoxical since tremendous concentrations of krill have been reported and the stocks of whales, birds, and seals are extremely large. A possible explanation is that a large source of high productivity has been missed in previous investigations because production is spatially and temporally restricted. The marginal ice edge may be the area which can produce the biomass needed to sustain the large famula propulstions which occur there. The inequality of the production of the pro may be the area which can produce the blomass needed to sustain the large faunal populations which occur there. The ice edge zones of the Ross and Weddell Seas are compared and mechanisms favorable to population blooms are discussed. To gain insight into the potential impact of ice edge blooms on the entire southern ocean, their productivity is calculated relative to that of open water for a single location.

40-2924

Ice edges and seabird occurrence in Antarctica. Fraser, W.R., et al, *BioScience*, Apr. 1986, 36(4), p.258-263, 36 refs. Ainley, D.G.

Sea ice, Ice edge, Marine biology, Animals.

Sea ice, Ice edge, Marine biology, Animals.

Two assumptions are made and discussed regarding the presence of two bird species at the tre edge, one species being associated with pack ice and the other with open water north of the pack. It is assumed that the two species are organized into recognizable communities structured by the juxtapositioning of appropriate foraging and breeding habits. It is also assumed that seabird distribution within the broad limits of their oceanic habitats results from the active search for food. Two schools of thought focus on the question. Which set of factors exercises greater influence on bird populations to congregate at the ice edge zones: the physical cues or the biological cues?

40-2925

Antarctic automatic weather station data for the calendar year 1980.

enar year 1980.
Savage, M.L., et al, Madison, University of Wisconsin, 1985, 72p.
Steams, C.R., Fleming, D.
Weather observations, Weather stations, Climate,

Remote sensing.

Remote sensing.

Automatic Weather Stations (AWS) provide surface weather observations at a number of locations in Antarctica. Data consist of air temperature, wind speed, and wind direction at approximately three meters above the surface. Data are telemetered via polar-orbiting satellite to McMurdo and to New Zealand, Australia, and the United States. Data storage design and the geometry of the satellite orbit result in 50 minutes of data at ten minute intervals for each 100 minute orbit of the satellite, yielding between 70 and 144 observations per station per day depending on the number of operational satellites. Data have been selected at three-hourly intervals to produce a one page monthly summary for each station. Maximum and minimum values have been selected from the complete data set. It is likely that the AWS underestimate the true maximum winds due to discrete sampling. A station identification list and locator charts are included for the array of stations. In addition to the three-hourly data summaries, monthly climate dition to the three-hourly data summaries, monthly climate summaries are given for five of the stations. (Auth.)

40-2926

Antarctic automatic weather station data for the cal-

endar year 1981. Savage, M.L., et al, Madison, University of Wisconsin,

1985, 149p.
Stearns, C.R., Fleming, D.
Weather observations, Weather stations, Climate, Remote sensing.

Remote sensing.

Automatic Weather Stations (AWS) provide surface weather observations at a number of locations in Antarctica. Da'a consist of air temperature, wind speed, and wind direction at approximately three meters above the surface. Data are telemetered via polar-orbiting satellite to McMurdo and to New Zealand, Australia, and the United States. Data storage design and the geometry of the satellite orbit result in 50 minutes of data at ten minute intervals for each 100 minute orbit of the satellite, yielding between 70 and 144 observations per station per day depending on the number of operational satellites. Data have been selected at three-hourly intervals to produce a one page monthly summary for each station. Maximum and minimum values have been selected from the complete data set. It is likely that the AWS underestimate the true maximum winds due to discrete sampling. A station identification list and locator charts are included for the array of stations. In addition to the three-hourly data summaries, monthly climate summaries are given for seven of the stations. Also included is Field report: Antarctic automatic weather stations, November-December 1980, by M.L. Savage, p.112-146. is Field report: Antarctic automatic weather stations, November-December 1980, by M.L. Savage, p.112-146.

40-2927

Antarctic automatic weather station data for the calendar year 1982. Savage, M.L., et al, Madison, University of Wisconsin,

1985, 185p. Stearns, C.R., Fleming, D.

Weather observations, Weather stations, Climate, Remote sensing.

Automatic Weather Stations (AWS) provide surface weather observations at a number of locations in Antarctica. Data consist of air temperature, wind speed, and wind direction at approximately three meters above the surface. Data are telemetered via polar-orbiting satellite to McMurdo and to New Zealand, Australia, and the United States. Data storage design and the geometry of the satellite orbit result in 56 minutes of data at ten minute intervals for each 100 minute orbit of the satellite, yielding between 70 and 144 observations per station per day depending on the number of operational satellites. Data have been selected at three-hourly intervals to produce a one page monthly summary for each station. Maximum and minimum values have been selected from the complete data set. It is likely that the AWS underestimate the true maximum winds dus to discrete sampling. A station identification list and locator charts are included for the station array. In addition to the three-hourly data summaries, monthly climate summaries are given for 12 stations. Also included is Field report: Antarctic automatic weather stations, November-December 1981, by M.L. Savage and C.R. Stearns, p.157-183. (Auth. mod.) Automatic Weather Stations (AWS) provide surface weather

40-2928

Antarctic automatic weather station data for the calendar year 1983. Savage, M.L., et al, Madison, University of Wisconsin,

1985, 192p. Stearns, C.R., Weidner, G. Fleming, D. Weather observations, Weather stations, Climate, Remote sensing.

Remote sensing.

Automatic Weather Stations (AWS) provide surface weather observations at a number of locations in Antarctica — Data consist of air temperature, wind speed, and wind direction at approximately three meters above the surface — Data are telemetered via polar-orbiting satellite to McMurdo and to New Zesland, Australia, and the United States — Data storage design and the geometry of the satellite orbit result in 50 minutes of data at ten minute intervals for each 100 minute orbit of the satellite, yielding between 70 and 144 observations per station per day depending on the number of operational satellites

Data have been selected at three-hourly intervals to produce a Data have been selected at three-hourly intervals to produce a one page monthly summary for each station. Maximum and minimum values have been selected from the complete data set. It is likely that the AWS underestimate the true maximum winds due to discrete sampling. A station identification list and locator charts for the array of stations are included. In addition to the three-hourly summaries, monthly climate summaries are given for 10 stations. Also included is: Antarctic automatic weather stations AS 32-83; Field report, McMurdo area Peninsula area deployment, by C.R. Stearns and G.W. Weidner, p.149-188. (Auth. mod.)

Antarctic automatic weather station data for the cal-endar year 1984.

Savage, M.L., et al, Madison, University of Wisconsin, 1985, 244p.

Stearns, C.R., Weidner, G., Fleming, D.
Weather observations, Weather stations, Climate,

Remote sensing.

Remote sensing.

Automatic Weather Stations (AWS) provide surface weather observations at a number of locationa in Antarctica. Data consist of air temperature, wind speed, and wind direction at approximately three meters above the surface. Data are telemetered via polar-orbiting satellite to McMurdo and to New Zealand, Australia, and the United States. Data storage design and the geometry of the satellite orbit result in 50 minutes of data at ten minute intervals for each 100 minute orbit of the satellite, yielding between 70 and 144 observations per station per day depending on the number of operational satellites. Data have been selected at three-hourly intervals to produce a one page monthly summarry for each station. Maximum and minimum values have been selected from the complete data set. It is likely that the AWS underestimate the true maximum winds due to discrete sampling. A station identification list and locator charts for the array of stations are included. In addition to the three-hourly data summaries, monthly climate summaries are given for fourteen stations. Also included as Field report, antarctic automatic weather stations AS 1983/84, by C.R. Stearns, and G. Weidner, p.198-241. (Auth. mod.)

40-2930

Regional utilization of natural resources in Siberia; problems and prospects. [Regional'noe prirodopol'zovanie v Sibiri; problemy i perspektivy], Ishmuratov, B.M., ed, Irkutsk, 1984, 196p., In Rus-

For selected paper see 40-2931.

Mapping, Snow surveys, Snow water equivalent, Snow depth, Topographic effects, Snow cover distribution, Water reserves.

Determining snow cover parameters in East Siberia and the Far East. [Opredelenie parametrov snezhnogo pokrova na territorii Vostochnoï Sibiri i Dal'nego

Naprasnikov, A.T., et al, Regional'noe prirodopol'zovanie v Sibiri; problemy i perspektivy (Regional utilization of natural resources in Siberia; problems and

nzation of natural resources in Siberia; problems and prospects) edited by B.M. Ishmuratov, Irkutsk, 1985, p.159-186, In Russian. 6 refs. Kirichenko, A.V. Maps, Snow surveys, Snow water equivalent, Snow cover distribution, Glaciology, Snow depth, Topographic effects, Climatology, Water reserves.

Ecology of cooling ponds under polar conditions. Ekologiia vodoemov-okhladitelei v usloviiakh Zapo-

rEkologiia vodoeinov-oannatia liar'ia, Kriuchkov, V.V., et al, Apatity, 1985, 131p., In Russian with abridged English table of contents enclosed. Refs. p.122-130. Moiseenko, T.I., IAkovlev, V.A. Water chemistry, Microbiology, Ecology, Aigae, Cooling ponds, Electric power, Thermal regime, Thermal power plants, Nuclear power.

40-2933

Studies of tribotechnical systems under cold climatic

Studies of tribotechnical systems under cold climatic conditions. Itssledovanie tribotechnicheskikh sistem v usloviiakh kholodnogo klimata₁, Cherskii, I.N., ed, Yakutsk, Yakut. Filial SO AN SSSR, 1985, 113p., In Russian. For selected papers see 40-2934 and 40-2935. Refs. passim. Machinery, Internal friction, Ice friction, Cold weather performance, Frost resistance.

40-2934

Development of a method for studying the performance of rubber sleeves at low temperature. [Razrabotka metoda issledovanija rabotosposobnosti rezinovykh manzhet pri nizkikh temperaturakh₁, Malanichev, V.I., et al, Issledovanie tribotekhniches-kikh sistem v uslovijakh kholodnogo klimata (Studies of tribotechnical systems under cold climatic condi-tions) edited by I.N. Cherskii, Yakutsk, Yakut. Filial SO AN SSSR, 1985, p.65-72, In Russian. 7 refs. Morova, L.IA., Fedorov, N.I., Filatova, V.IA.

Rubber, Machinery, Cold weather performance, Frost resistance.

Strength of adhesion of materials to ice as a function Strength of anesion of materials to lee as a function of conditions of its formation. [Vilianie uslovii formirovaniia na prochnost' adgezionnogo soedineniia materialov so [dom], Igoshin, V.A., et al, Issledovanie tribotekhnicheskikh sistem v usloviiakh kholodnogo klimata (Studies of

sistem v usiovinkin knormingo kiniata (studies si tribotechnical systems under cold climatic conditions) edited by I.N. Cherskii, Yakutsk, Yakut, Filial SO AN SSSR, 1985, p.85-89, In Russian. 12 refs. SSSR, 1985, p.85-89, In Russian.

Machinery, Materials, Ice adhesion, Icing.

40.2016

Sand, airport snow and ice control. Society of Automotive Engineers. Aerospace material specifica-tion, Oct. 1985, SAE AMS 1448, 4p

Ice control, Snow removal, Ice removal, Airports, Sanding, Road icing, Countermeasures.

40-2937

Abstracts.

Adstracts.

Workshop on Cenozoic Geology of the Southern High
Latitudes, Aug. 16-17, 1985, Columbus, Ohio State
University, (1985), 37p.
Gondwana Symposium, 6th.

Ice shelves, Geochronology, Paleoclimatology, Continental drift. Ice cores.

The program of the Workshop included 8 sessions covering In program of the Workshop included a sessions covering the following topics: Recent processes, Late Cretaceous-Early Cenozoic; Mid Cenozoic, Cenozoic, Late Cenozoic; and Synthesis and speculation. The program listing is followed by 35 abstracts of papers presented at the Workshop listed in alphabetical order by author, and falling into such categories as goechtonology, paleontology, paleontinatology, stratigraphy and continental drift.

40-2938

Unique community of pioneer mosses dominated by *Pterygoneurum cf. Ovatum* in the Antarctic. Smith, R.I.L., *Journal of bryology*, 1985, 13(4), p.509-

514. 12 refs

Moraines, Mosses, Antarctica-Signy Island.

During the course of an investigation of pioneer fellfield communities, an assemblage of colonizing mosses was found on a moraine system adjacent to Orwell Glacier in Moraine Valley, moraine system adjacent to Orwell Glacier in Moraine Valley, Signy 1. This system comprises a series of lateral moraines created during two major ice advances. Since the early 1960s continual ice-recession has revealed a series of small, parallel moraines partly over-riding older ones. At least 5-6 m thickness of ice has melted from the lower part of the glacier during the past 20 yrs. The young moraines are now subject to erosion, particularly by heavy rain, which causes large mudflows which wash out the debris. This raw glacial till is mobile and barren. However, along much of the crest of the older and outer-most of the new moraines the fine till has consolidated and has a pH between 7.0 and 8.0; it is here, where it is not severely disrupted by cryoturbation, that the soil has been celonized by an unusual assemblage of calcicolous mosses, which is described and illustrated in this paper. and illustrated in this paper

40-2939

U.S. Army Test and Evaluation Command test operation procedure; cold regions environmental test of nuclear, biological, and chemical decontamination of equipment; Final report. U.S. Army Cold Regions Test Center. Report, May 1985, TOP 8-4-007, 43p., ADA-1*8 593, 6 refs. Equipment, Cold weather operation, Decontamina-

40-2940

Extremal analysis of hindcast and measured wind and

Extremat analysis of indicast and measured wind and wave data at Kodiak, Alaska.

Andrew, M.E., et al, U.S. Army Engineer Waterways Experiment Station, Vicksburg, MS. Technical report, June 1985, CERC-TR-85-4, 58p + app., ADA-158 136, 19 refs.

mith, O.P., McKee, J.M.

Wind (meteorology), Ocean waves, Weather forecasting, United States—Alaska—Kodiak.

40-2941

Marine stratigraphy and amino-acid geochronology of the Gublik Formation, western Arctic Coastal Plain, Alaska.

Plain, Alaska.

Brigham, J K., U.S. Geological Survey. Open-file Report, 1985, No. 85-381, 218p. + plates.

Stratigraphy, Geochronology, Permafrost distribution, United States—Alaska.

40-2942

Botanical investigations beyond the Arctic Circle. Botanicheskie issledovantia za Poliarnym krugomi, Luk'ianova, L M, ed, Apatity, 1985, 129p., In Russian. For selected articles see 40-2943 through 40-2947. Refs. passim

2947. Refs. passim.

Arctic landscapes, Forest soils, Continuous perma frost, Active layer, Plant ecology, Biomass, Plant

40-2943

Parcellar structure of phytomass in the lower strata of secondary pine forests of the Kola Peninsula. Partselliamaia struktura fitomassy nizhnikh iarusov vtorichnykh sosnovykh lesov Kol'skogo Poluos-

Nikonov, V.V., et al. Botanicheskie issledovanija za Poliarnym krigom (Botanical investigations beyond the Arctic Chele) edited by L.M. Luk ianova, Apatity, 1985, p.70-81, In Russian. 4 refs. Banysheva, N IU.

Forest soils, J. omass, Plant ecology, Plant physiology, Lichens, P lar regions.

Resistance of fo.est Myrtillus shrubs to stresses of recreational activities. (Ob ustoichivosti lesnykh kustarnichkov Kol'skogo Severa k rekreatsionnol na-

gruzke Myrtillus₁, Kuz'mina, L.I., Botanicheskie issledovaniia za Poliarnym krugom (Botanical investigations beyond the Arctic Circle) edited by L.M. Luk'ianova, Apatity, 1985, p.88-93, It. Russian. 3 refs.
Active layer, Vegetation, Human factors, Arctic land-

40-2945

Dependence of carbon dioxide exchange on the age of plant leaves. (Zavisimost' CO2-gazoobmena rastenii ot vozrasta ikh list'evi,

Luk'ianova, L.M., et al, Botanicheskie issledovaniia za Poliarnym krugom (Botanical investigations beyond the Arctic Circle) edited by L.M. Luk'ianova, Apatity, 1985, p.93-98, In Russian. 4 refs. Bulycheva, T.M.

Plant physiology, Continuous permafrost, Active layer, Plant ecology, Polar regions, Photosynthesis, Carbon dioxide, Plant tissue.

Seasonal dynamics of plant respiration in the Khibiny Mountains, ¡Sezonnaia dinamika dykhatel'nol sposobnosti rastenii Khibinj, Lokteva, T.N., Botanicheskie issledovaniia za Poliar-

nym krugom (Botanical investigations beyond the Arctic Circle) edited by L.M. Luk'ianova, Apatity,

Plant ecology, Plant physiology, Ecosystems, Alpine landscapes, Arctic landscapes.

40-2947

Methods of vegetational multiplication of the Ethiopian Kalla under polar conditions. [Sposoby vegeta-tivnogo razmnozheniia Kally Efiopskoi v usloviiakh

Ivanova, I. A., Botanicheskie issledovanija za Poliarnym krugom (Botanical investigations beyond the Arctic Circle) edited by L.M. Luk'ianova, Apatity, 1985, p.109-115, In Russian. 8 refs.

Continuous permafrost, Grasses, Introduced plants, Polar regions.

40.2048

Prediction of ice formation on roads.

Thornes, J.E., Highways and transportation, Aug.-Sep 1985, 32(8), p.3-12, 6 refs. Road icing, Warning systems, Ice forecasting, Winter

maintenance, Road maintenance, Weather forecasting.

40-2949

Highlights from recent Beaufort Sea sedimentologic investigations.

Reimnitz, E., et al, U.S. Geological Survey. Open-file report, 1985, 85-502, 13p., 24 refs.

Sedimentation, Ocean bottom, Ice scoring, Bottom sediment, Sea ice distribution, Ocean currents, Beau-

40-2950

Economics of ground freezing for management of uncontrolled hazardous waste sites.

Sullivan, J.M., Jr., et al, MP 2030, 11985, 15p., National Conference on Management of Uncontrolled Hazardous Waste Sites, 5th, Washington, D.C., Nov

7-9, 1984. Proceedings. 26 refs. Lynch. D.R., Iskandar, I.K. Waste treatment, Soil freezing, Artificial freezing, Waste disposal, Soil water, Thermal properties, Latent heat, Environment protection, Refrigeration.

from the recursing for hazardous waste containment is an alterna-tive to the traditional and expensive slurry wall or grout curtain barner technologies. The parameters quantified in this anal-ysis of it include thermal properties, refrigeration line spacing, equipment mobilization and freezing time constraints. The economics of the process is discussed based on the Poetsch method for ground freezing. Vertical drill holes with concen-tric refrigeration lines are spaced along the desired freezing line A header or manifold system provides coolant to an interior pipe, with the return line being the outer casing. A self-con-

tained refrigeration system pumps coolant around the freezing loop. Temperature-measuring instrumentation is appropriately placed to monitor the progress of the freeze front.

40-2951

Potential use of artificial ground freezing for contaminant immobilization.

Iskandar, I.K., et al, MP 2029, [1985], 10p., Reprint-

for Hazardous Waste Management, Pittsburgh, PA, Sep. 15-18, 1985. Proceedings. 14 refs. Jenkins, T.F.

Waste treatment, Artificial freezing, Soil freezing, Preeze thaw cycles, Soil pollution, Countermeasures, Waste disposal, Environmental protection.

This paper summarizes a reliminary investigation of the potential use of ground freezing technology for contaminant immobilization. Freezing and thawing were found to significantly decrease the volume of soil slurry and increase the permeability of soils. Frozen metal-contaminated soils eliminated metal leaching to groundwater under the site. Freezing and thawing soils contaminated with moderately volatile organics significantly reduced the soil concentrations of these organics. Freezing the soil from the bottom apparently enhanced upward movement of the organics to the soil surface where losses occurred by volatilization. The amount lost depended on the mobility of the specific volatile component and was as high as 90% for chloroform, benzene and toluene and as low as 45% for tetrachloroethylene. Input to groundwater during freezing and thawing of three organics was much less than the unfrozen (control) treatment. Artificial ground freezing for decontamination of soils and for immobilization of contaminants is now being tested on a larger scale This paper summarizes a r reliminary investigation of the potencontaminants is now being tested on a larger scale

40-2952

Effect of freezing on the level of contaminants in uncontrolled hazardous waste sites. Part 1. Literature review and concepts.

Iskandar, I.K., et al, MP 2028, Annual Research Symposium on Land Disposal of Hazardous Waste, 11th, Cincinnati, Ohio, Apr. 29-May 1, 1985. Proceedings, Cincinnati, OH, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, [1985], p.122-129, 21 refs. Houthoofd, J.M.

Waste treatment, Waste disposal, Soil freezing, Artificial freezing, Ion diffusion, Frost action, Sludges, Countermeasures, Soil pollution, Environmental protection.

A literature search indicated that natural freezing may have detrimental effects at uncontrolled hazardous waste sites in the detrimental effects at uncontrolled hazardous waste sites in the cold-dominated areas because of frost action on buried materials and ion movement in soils. Natural and artificial freezing, however, can be used beneficially to concentrate effluents, and to dewater sludges, contaminated sediment and soils. The process of artificial ground freezing can also be used as an alternative to temporarily immobilize contaminant transport and potentially for decontamination of soils, sediments and sludges. A cost and economic analysis procedure was developed and used to evaluate ground freezing.

Water resources and hydrologic hazards of the Erit Glacler area near Seward, Alaska.

Sloan, C.E., U.S. Geological Survey. Water-resources investigation report, 1985, 85-4247, 8p., 1 ref. Glacial hydrology, kunoff, Water reserves, Soil water-reserves. ter, Glacier oscillation, Glacial deposits, Avalanche formation, Floods, Photographic reconnaissance, United States—Alaska—Exit Glacier.

40-2954

Fleid test evaluation of an inhibited deicing salt.

Jameston, R.A., et al. Society of Automotive Engineers. Mid-year meeting, Detroit, MI, May 20-24, 1968, 1968, No.680441, 9p., 4 refs. Ireland, D.T.

Salting, Vehicles, Corrosion, Chemical ice prevention, Road icing, Steel structures, Metals, Protective coatings, Tests. 40-2955

Inhibited deicing salt and stainless steel automotive

Zaremski, D.R., Society of Automotive Engineers. Mid-year meeting, Detroit, MI, May 20-24, 1968, 1968, No.680442, 19p., 3 refs.

Corrosion, Steel structures, Salting, Chemical ice

prevention, Vehicles, Countermeasures.

40-2956

Geodetic work on the Filchner-Ronne and Ekström lee Shelves 1979-1982. Geodätische Arbeiten auf den Filchner-Ronne- und Ekström-Schelfeisen 1979 bis 1982]. Lindner, K., et al. Polarforschung, 1985, 55(1), p.1-26,

In German with English summary and figure captions. 27 refs.

Ritter B

Geodetic surveys, Ice mechanics, Strains, Ice creep, Antarctica—Filchner Ice Shelf, Antarctica—Ronne Ice Shelf, Antarctica—Ekström Ice Shelf.

The determination of the strain and velocity behaviour of the ice surface near the two German antarctic stations on File-

hner/Ronne and Ekström ice shelves was performed by the use of various geodetic measuring techniques. The relative positions and heights of control points valid for reference data were deduced 'm terrestrial observations. After a second sampling of d..., these values served as the basis for the deformation analyses. Doppler-satellite observations made absolute positioning of special points possible. These Doppler observations, supported by azimuth measurements, provided the datum of control network. After repetition of these observations, the drift rates and azimuths of the control points as well as the rotation rates of the surface elements could be given. From vertical angles and horizontal distances, differences in height and refraction coefficients were calculated. On days without clouds the refraction coefficients increased by amounts of up to 3.0. Distances over 1 km have to be subdivided to reach a standard deviation level of height difference better than 0.05 m. In order to determine the heterogeneity of refraction, some height differences should be measured with higher accuracy and by subdivision of distances. (Auth.) hner/Ronne and Ekström ice shelves was performed by the use

40-2957

Roughness length of an antarctic ice shelf.
König, G., Polarforschung, 1985, 55(1), p.27-32, In
English with German summary. 9 refs.
Ice shelves, Surface roughness, Wind velocity, Antarctica—Georg von Neumayer Station, Antarctica—
Ekström Ice Shelf.

Ekström Lee Shelf.

From 1888 wind profiles, measured in 1982 under neutral conditions on a 15 meter mast near the German Antarctic research station Georg von Neumayer, the roughness length of the Ekström lee Shelf is calculated. The roughness length shows a dependence on wind velocity which is strongly correlated with snow drift. The remarkable increase of roughness length with decreasing wind as mentioned by earlier authors for the low wind regime, was not observed, but between 20 and 30 m/s, roughness length increase straidly with increasing wind. wind regime, was not observed, but between 20 and 30 m/s, roughness length increases rapidly with increasing wind. The Charnock relation, which generally characterizes the increase of the roughness length with increasing wind speed above the sea surface well, is in a qualified sense also valid for conditions over the Eckström Ice Shelf. (Auth.)

40-2958

German automatic weather stations in the Arctic 1942-1945. Deutsche automatische Wetterstationen in der Arktis 1942-1945, Selinger, F., Polarforschung, 1985, 55(1), p.55-67, In

German with English summary. 16 refs.
Weather stations, Military equipment, Measuring instruments, Remote sensing.

40-2959

Natural protection of ground waters in cryo-hydrogeological structures. Estestvennaia zashchish-chennost podzemnyku vod v kriogidrogeologiches-

Romanovskii, N.N., et al. Yakutsk, 1985, 118p., ln Russian with English table of contents enclosed. Refs. p.113-116.

Afanasenko, V.E., Volkova, V.P.
Permafrost hydrology, Environmental protection,
Water pollution, Permafrost structure, Suprapermafrost ground water, Subpermafrost ground water.

Geographic analysis of natural resources of the Ir-kutsk region. [Geograficheskil analiz prirodnykh

resursov Irkutskof oblasti₁, Antipov, A.N., ed, Irkutsk, 1985, 174p., In Russian. For selected papers see 40-2961 through 40-2963. Refs. passim.

reserves, Ice (water storage), Naleds, Glacial hydrology, Icebound lakes, Polynyas, Evaporation.

Natural and potential naled resources in the lrkutsk region. [Estestvennye i potentsial'nye nalednye resursy Irkutsko'i oblasti₁,

resursy Irkutskof oblasti, Petukhova, N.A., Geograficheskił analiz prirodnykh resursov Irkutskof oblasti (Geographic analysis of natural resources of the Irkutsk region) edited by A.N. Antipov, Irkutsk, 1985, p.6-21, In Russian. 25 refs. Ice (water storage), Ice (construction material), Ice crossings, Artificial ice, Water reserves.

40-2962

Regional evaluation of surface evaporation from small water bodies in southern Siberia. [Regional naia ot-senka resursov ispareniia s poverkhnosti malykh vodo-

emov iuga Vostochnof Sibiri, Aseev, V.V., Geograficheskif analiz prirodnykh resur-sov Irkutskof oblasti (Geographic analysis of natural resources of the Irkutsk region) edited by A.N. Antipov, Irkutsk, 1985, p.22-39, In Russian. 10 refs. Evaporation, Surface waters, Ice surface, Polynyas, Snow evaporation, Charts.

40-2963

Lake-bu-st floods in the Baykal area mountains.

Lake-burst floods in the Baykal area mountains. Proryvnye pavodki v gorakh Pribalkal'ia, Drobot, V.V., Geograficheski analiz prirodnykh resursov Irkutskof oblasti (Geographic analysis of natural resources of the Irkutsk region) edited by A.N. Antipov, Irkutsk, 1985, p.40-51, In Russian. 28 refs. Floods, River basins, Valleys, Moraines, Mudflows, Dams, Lakes.

40-2964

Landscape-ecological studies and the use of natural

resources. (Landshaftno-ekologicheskie issledovaniia i prirodopol zovanie), Chupakhin, V.M., ed, Moscow, 1985, 146p., In Russian. For selected papers see 40-2965 and 40-2966.

Refs. passim.

Landscape development, Ecology, Land reclamation,
Spaceborne photography, Geobotanical interpreta-

40-2965

Landscape-ecological method of using satellite photographs in studying soil covers. [Landshaftno-ekologicheskii metod izucheniia pochvennogo pokrova s primeneniem kosmicheskikh snimkovy,

Mikhallov, I.S., Landshaftno-ekologicheskie is-sledovaniia i prirodopol zovanie (Landscape-ecological studies and the use of natural resources) edited by V.M. Chupakhin, Moscow, 1985, p.73-81, in Russian. Spaceborne photography, Photointerpreta*on, Geobotanical interpretation, Soil mapping, Cryogenic soils, Alpine tundra, Taiga, Forest tundra, Meadow soils.

40-2966

Landscape-ecologic approach to compiling mediumscale soil maps from space photographs. [Landshaft-no-ekologicheskii podkhod pri sozdanii srednemasshtabnykh pochvennykh kart s primeneniem kosmiches-

kikh fotosnimkov₁, Mikhaflov, I.S., et al, Landshaftno-ekologicheskie issledovaniia i prirodopol'zovanie (Landscape-ecological studies and the use of natural resources) edited by V.M. Chupakhin, Moscow, 1985, p.92-103, In Russian.

Novozhilova, V.V.

Photointerpretation, Spaceborne photography, Photointerpretation, Geobotanical interpretation, Soil mapping, Forest land, Plains, Swamps.

40-2967

Methods of studying the efficiency of generators for ice-forming aerosols in two-phase streams. [Metodika issledovaniia effektivnosti delstviia generatorov l'doobrazuiushchikh aerozoleĭ potokej, Kim, N.S., et al, Leningrad.

Institut eksperimental'-Trudy, 1985, Vol.9, p.19-25, In noi meteorologii. Russian. 2 refs. Chikhabakh, B.K.

Smoke generators, Aerosols, Supercooling, Wind tunnels, Naleds.

40-2968

Direct evidence for antifreeze glycoprotein adsorp-Brown, R.A., et al, Biopolymers, July 1985, 24(7), p.1265-1270, 15 refs.
Yeh, Y., Burcham, T.S., Feeney, R.E.
Cryoblology, Ice water interface, Ice crystals.

Cryobiology, Ice water interface, Ice crystals. Certain fish native to subzero Arctic and Antarctic waters do not freeze even when in contact with ice. Glycoproteins that have the ...fect of lowering the freezing temperature of a water solution have been isolated from these fish, e.g., Pagothenia borchgrevinki, and are known as antifreeze glycoproteins (AFGP). Similar substances have been isolated from the sera of other cold-water fish. Aqueous solutions of AFGP exhibit hysteresis between the freezing and melting temperatures. In the present study, enhanced surface second-harmonic generation (SSHG) was observed in the presence of an active AFGP solution in contact with a pure single crystal of ice. The enhancement of SSPG is a positive indication that active AFGP molecules adsorb to the surface of ice crystals. (Auth. mod.)

40-2969

Evidence of changing concentrations of atmospheric

Evidence of changing concentrations of atmospheric CO2, N2O and CH4 from air bubbles in antarctic ice. Pearmar, G.I., et al, Nature, Mar. 26, 1986, 320(6059), p.248-250, 21 refs.
Etheridge, D., De Silva, F., Fraser, P.J.
Bubbles, Ice cores, Ice composition, Carbon dioxide, Air pollution, Antarctica—Law Dome.
Atmospheric carbon dioxide (CO2) levels during the seventeenth and eighteenth centurnes were determined from studies of air trapped in ice at the Law Dome. The data show an average concentration of 281 p.p.m.v. Measurements of two other greenhouse gases, methane CH4 and nitrous oxide N2O, show increases of about 90 and 8% respectively since 1600. This CH4 increase is similar to the recently reported doubling over the same period, and the N2O increase, the first direct evidence

of historical changes in N2O, is consistent with releases due to expanding anthropogenic combustion processes. (Auth. mod.)

Effect of the marginal ice zone on the directional wave spectrum of the ocean.

Wadhams, P., et al, Journal of physical oceanography,
Feb. 1986, 16(2), p.358-376, 24 refs.

Squire, V.A., Ewing, J.A., Pascal, R.W.
Sea ice, Ice edge, Ocean waves, Attenuation, Green-

40-2971

Investigations, calculations and forecasting of ice phenomena on rivers and lakes. (Issledovaniia, ras-

chety i prognozy ledovykh iavlenii na rekakh i vo-dokhranilishchakh₁, Don'enko, R.V., ed, Leningrad. Gosudarstvennyl gidrologicheskii institut. Trudy, 1985, Vol.309, 88p., In Russian. For individual papers see 40-2972 through 40-2980. Refs. passim.

through 40-2990. Reis. passan.
Chizhov, A.N., ed.
Icebound rivers, Hydraulic structures, Shores, Icebound lakes, Ice breakup, Ice jams, Ice cover thickness, Slush, Ice loads, Water level, Floods, Ice cover strength, Bearing strength.

Regularities governing the formation and distribution of ice jams on rivers in the USSR. (Zakonomernosti obrazovaniia i rasprostraneniia zazhorov na rekakh

SSSR₁, Donchenko, R.V., et al, *Leningrad*. Gosudarstvenny'i gidrologicheskii institut. Trudy, 1985, Vol.309, p.3-15, In Russian. 11 refs. S' :hegoleva, E.V.

Icebound rivers. Ice formation. Ice breakup. Ice jams.

Regularities of spatial distribution of ice cover thickness on rivers, lakes and reservoirs. ¿Zakonomernosti prostranstvennogo raspredeleniia tolshol ledianogo pokrova rek, ozer i vodokhranilishch₁, Chizhov, A.N., Leningrad. Gosudarstvennyi gi-drologicheskii institut. Trudy, 1985, Vol.309, p.15-23, In Russian. 7 refs.
Radar echoes, Ice cover thickness, Ice accretion, Ice-

bound rivers, Icebound lakes, Ice bottom surface.

Bearing capacity of ice covers. O nesushchel sposob-

nosti ledianugo pokrova, Kozitskii, I.E., Leningrad. Gosudarstvennyi drologicheskii institut. Trudy, 1985, Vol.309, p. drologicheskii institut. Trudy, 1985, Vol.309, p.24-33, In Russian. 16 refs.
Ice cover strength, Icebound ri ers, Bearing strength, Stresses, Icebound lakes, Static loads.

40-2975

Scheme for calculating the magnitude of ice pressure

Scheme for calculating the magnitude of ice pressure against shore slopes. [Skhema rascheta razmerov navala l'da na beregovoï otkos], Kozitskii, I.E., Leningrad. Gosudarstvennyï gidrologicheskii institut. Trudy, 1985, Vol.309, p.33-37, in Russian. 4 refs.
River ice, Fast ice, Ice volume, Ice loads.

Semi-empirical model of jam formation processes. [Poluempiricheskaia mc del' protsessa formirovaniia

Bolotnikov, G.I., Leningrad. Gosudarstvennyi gidrologicheskii institut. Trudy, 1985, Vol.309, p.37-44, In Russian. 5 re's. Icebound rivers, Ice b eakup, Ice jams, Mathematical

Forecasting maximum ice jam water levels for the Amur and Ussuri rivers. (Prognozy maksimal'nykh zatornykh urovne' vody rek Amura i Ussuri), Buzin, V.A., et al, Leningrad. Gosudarstvenny's gi-drologicheskii institut. Trudy, 1985, Vol.309, p.44-

52, In Russian. 2 refs. Shanochkin, S.V. River ice, Water level, Floods, Ice breakup, Slush,

Forecasting.

Influence of ice runoff from tributaries on ice-jam formation in the Lena and Amur rivers. (Vliianic stoka l'da pritokov na formirovanie zatorov na rekakh

Lene i Amure,, Alekseenko, R.IA., Leningrad. Gosudarstvennyi gi-drologicheskii institut. Trudy, 1985, Vol.309, p.52-58, In Russian. River ice, Ice breakup, Ice jams, Ice volume.

Laboratory studies of water passing capacities of riverbeds covered with ice and slush. [Laboratorny issledovanija propusknož sposobnosti rusel, pokrytykh l'dom i shugolj,

Kisclev. A.A.. Leningrad. grau. Gosudarstvennyt gi-Trudy, 1985, Vol.309, p.58-Gosudarstvennvi A.A., Leningrad. Costalisticiny gradiologicheskh institut. Trudy, 1985, Vol.309, p.58-65, In Russian. 2 refs.
River Ice, Ice passing, Stream flow, Ice floes, Slush,

Priction.

40-2980

Observing the winter regime elements of rivers in eastern Siberia and the Par East. (Voprosy nabliuden) za elementami zimnego rezhima rek Vostoch-

udenii za elemenianii zamoso not Sibiri i Dal'nego Vostokaj, Chizhov, A.N., et al, Leningrad. Gosudarstvennyl gi-drologicheskh institut. Trudy, 1985, Vol.309, p.66drologichesků institut. 76, In Russian. 5 refs. Kravchenko, V.V.

Icebound rivers, Subglacial drainage, Subglacial observations, Water level, Ice bottom surface, Ice accre-

40-2981

Study and preservation of vegetation in the North. (Izuchenie i okhrana rastitel nosti Severa), Chertovskof, V.G., ed, Syktyvkar, 1984, 144p., In Rus-

For selected papers see 40-2982 through 40-Refs. passim.

Forest soils, Environmental protection, I andscape types, Spaceborne photography, Geobo anical inter-pretation, Polar regions, Plant ecology, Ecosystems, Taiga, Paludification.

40-2982

Larch (Larix Sibirica) in sparse forests of the Polar Ural Mountains. Listvennichnye (Larix sibirica) redkoles'ia Pripoliarnogo Urala₁,

Nepomilueva, N.I., Izuchenie i okhrana rastitel'nosti Nepormiueva, N.I.. 12uchenie i okhrana rastitei nosti Severa (Study and preservation of vegetation in the North) edited by V.G. Chertovskoi, Syktyvkar, 1984, p.51-68, in Russian. 6 refs. Forest soils, Plant ecology, Cryogenic soils, Plant physiology, Ecosystems, Polar regions, Lichens, Al-pine landscapes, Mosses.

Some bio-ecological peculiarities of pines in the Far North. [Nekotorye biologo-ekologicheskie osobennosti sosny Krainego Severaj, Semenov, B.A., Izuchenie i okhrana rastitei'nosti Sev-

era (Study and preservation of vegetation in the North) edited by V.G. Chertovskol, Syktyvkar, 1984, p.69-75, In Russian. 16 refs. Vegetation, Forest soils, Plant ecology, Plant physi-

ology, Polar regions, Cryogenic soils, Patterned ground.

Regularities governing the growth of pine trees on Kola Peninsula. Zakonomernosti rosta sosny na Kol'skom Poluostrove1,

Tsvetkov, V.F., Izuchenie i okhrana rastitelinosti Severa (Study and preservation of vegetation in the North) edited by V.G. Chertovskoi, Syktyvkar, 1984, .76-85 In Russian. 23 refs.

Forestry, Taiga, Revegetation, Cryogenic soils. Plant ecology, Plant physiology.

Influence of microclimatic conditions on the beginning of the blossoming phase in paluded northern taiga. [Vliianie mikroklimaticheskikh uslovil na nastuplenie fazy tsveteniia rastenii v severotaezhnykh

zabolochennykh lesakh₁, Izotov, V.F., Izuchenie i okhrana rastite₁ nosti Severa (Study and preservation of vegetation in the North) edited by V.G. Chertovskof, Syktyvkar, 1984, p.86-89, In Russian. 4 refs.

Paludification, Continuous permafrest, Active laver. Phenology, Plant physiology, Taiga.

40-2986

Changes in specific composition and abundance of moss-lichen covers in relation to forest fires in pine forests of the North. (Izmenenie vidovogo sostava i zapasa i okhovo-lishalnikovogo pokrova v sviazi s

pozharami v sosniakakh Severaj, Zvonkova, A.A., Izuchenie i okhrana rastitel'nosti Severa (Study and preservation of vegetation in the North) edited by V.G. Chertovskol, Syktyvkar, 1984, p.96-101, In Russian. 5 refs.

Mosses, Lichens, Plant ecology, Ecosystems, Forest fires, Reveguation, Taiga.

40-2987

Vegetation as an indicator of soils, of soil-forming rocks and its interpretation on satellite photographs. (Rastitel'nost' kak indikator pochy, pochyoobrazui-ushchikh porod i ikh deshifrirovanie po aerosnim-

Bostrem, V.G., Izuchenie i okhrana rastitel'nosti Severa (Study and preservation of vegetation in the North) edited by V.G. Chertovskoi Syktyvkar, 1984,

p.102-107, in Russian. 7 refs.
Taiga, Spaceborne photography, Paludification,
Geobotanical interpretation, Swamps.

Temperature gradient snow metamorphosis. Ratkje, S.K., *Polar research*, Dec. 1985, 3(2), p.141-

Ice crystal growth, Metamorphism (snow), Temperature gradients, Heat transfer, Mass transfer, Analysis (mathematics).

40-2989

Large-scale karst features and open taliks at Var-deborgsletta, outer Isfjorden, Svalbard.

Salvigsen, O., et al, *Polar research*, Dec. 1985, 3(2), p.145-153, 23 refs.

Elgersma, A. Karst, Thermokarst, Ground water, Permafrost,

40-2990

Hydrographic observations from the Weddell Sea during the Norwegian Antarctic Research Expedition 1976/77.

Foldvik, A., et al, *Polar research*, Dec. 1985, 3(2), p.177-193, 23 refs.

Gammelsröd, T., Törresen, T.

Sea water, Ice shelves, Hydrography, Heat transfer, Polynyas, Antarctica—Weddell Sea, Antarctica— Filchner Ice Shelf.

CTD observations from the southern Weddell Sea in 1977 show that Ice Shelf Water originating under the floating Filchner Ice Shelf overflows at the sill of the Filchner Depression and can be identified on the continental slope at more than 2000 m depth. Intrusions of Weddell Deep Water upon the shelf are especially notices' in the region of dense shelf water outflow and are possibly driven by the outflow. Anomalous low core temperature of Weddell Deep Water is probably related to winter convection in the Weddell Polynya. Anomalous CTD stations at the periphery of the 1976 winter polynya region indicate that deep convection phenomena are perhaps quite co.n-mon. The observations indicate that double diffusive convec-tion is important for vertical heat transport in the central tion is important for vertical heat transport in the central Weddell Sea (Auth.)

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Hydrographic and current measurements are presented. Cold, dense Ice Shelf Water circulating under the floating ice shelves to observed to leave the shelf as a concentrated bottom flow. From moored current meters this discharge is estimated at 700,000 cu m/s at -2 0 C and with no appreciable seasonal variation. This contribution to the Weddell Sea Bottom Water is clearly ints contribution to the wedgell sea bottom water is clearly identified through extreme temperature gradients at our deepest stations. The core of Weddell Deep Water shows a considerable warming up since 1977, presumably due to the lack of polynya activity in the intervening period. Measurements in the coastal current at the ice shelf (70 S, 2 W) show step structures coastal current at the ice shelf (70 S, 2 W) show step structures which are probably due to cooling and melting at the vertical ice barrier. Slight supercooling due to circulation under the ice shelf is also seen. The net effect of the ice shelf boundary seems to be a deep reaching cooling and freshening of the coastal current providing the low salinity, freezing point Eastern Shelf Water. This process is considered a preconditioning which enhances production of the salini. Western Shelf Water which in turn is trail ormed to be Shelf Water.

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Hydrographic (CTD), curren; and water level measurements Hydrographic (CTD), current, and water level measurements obtained in the vicinity of the floating Ronne and Filchner Ice Shelves are presented. The distribution of Western Shelf Water and Ice Shelf Water are discussed. The general circulation in the area seems to consist of two large cyclonic gyres, one in the Filchner Depression and one north of the Ronne Ice Shelf. Each gyre shows a "wairm" southgoing flow of Modified Weddell. Deep Water and a cold northward flow of Ice Shelf Water. The mean surface current was found to be 8 and 5 towards the north west along the barrier. The mean flow below

the ice shelf shows significant components normal to the barrier, and mixing seems to be very efficient here. Well mixed layers down to more than 150 m were observed. North of Berkner Island the water level shows a typical mixed tide with tidal range apprx 3 m. In the tidal currents the semidiurnal constituents dominate and with the largest current components normal to the barrier (Auth)

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tion, Antarctica—Davis Station.

The three permanent Australian stations at Casey, Davis and Mawson are located on coastal ice free rocky outcrope. Since the establishment of Mawson Station in 1954 the buildings have generally been small panel structures with external guys. In 1981 the Australian Government approach the commencement of a 10 year Rebuilding Program at a cost of \$A58m to redevelop the three rapidly deteriorating stations. The paper discusses the Rebuilding Program with particular emphasis on the structural design philosophy and solutions adopted for foundations (in a ground anchors), concepts (institu and precast). souscurar design pintosophy and solutions adopted for foundations (inc. ground anchors), concrete (insitu and precast), the structural framing and eladding system. The results of the testing and development program both in mainland Australia and on site are examined. The structural engineering and construction problems unique to the antarcite region are reviewed. (Auth.)

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Piles, Reinforced concretes, Permafrost beneath structures, Foundations, Settlement (structural).

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Freeze thaw cycles, Piles, Adhesion, Steels, Stresses, Foundations, Concretes, Models.

Report of the oversnow traverse by the 25th Japane Antarctic Research Expedition in 1984-1985 field

Fuiii, Y., et al. Antarctic record. Dec. 1985, No.87, p.46-69, In Japanese with English summary Traverses, Ice sheets, Ice cover thickness, Radio echo soundings. Ice cores. Snow temperature. Antarctica-Queen Maud Land.

JARE-25 carried out an inland glaciological traverse as the third-year field work for the East Queen Maud I and Glaciological (EQGP) from October 1984 to January 1985. An eightman party including four glaciologists conducted the traverse of over 2500 km using four oversnow vehicles and 16.21 sledges. During the traverse for investigation of the conductive framework of the conductive framewor were resurveyed. Positioning (JMR 4A), surface elevation determination surface slope gravity (see this kness fradio echo sounding), installation of offset markers, 10-m ice coring and temperature measurement were carried out at 10-m snow temperature measurement were carried out at the other five glaciological grid points. An advance camp was established at 74 deg 12/02/8, 34 deg 59/08/E and 3193 m ASI on October 21, 1984. In addition to the strain grid installation and satellite positioning, a glaciological net similar to the one established at the base camp was set up. Unmanied meteorological observation at the camp was started with ARGOS system using NOAA-7, 8. The data have been sent in good condition to Japan via CNES, France. (Auth.)

Activities of Japanese earth science research in the McMurdo Sound region.

McMuruo Souna region.

Kaminuma, K., Antarctic record, Dec. 1985, No.87, p.70-77, In Japanese with English summary. 7 refs. Seismic surveys, Earthquakes, Gravity, Geological surveys, Antarctica—McMurdo Sound.

Sessimic sarveys, Ear-aquakes, corviry, serveys, Antarctica—McMurdo Sound.

Seismic observations have been carried out since December 1980 by a cooperative International Mount Erebus Seismological Studies (IMESS) which includes Japan, the United States and New Zealand. They were continued by JARE-25 at McMurdo Station from 11 November 1984 to 15 January 1983. Japanese scientists played back the magnetic tapes recorded since September 1984. Daily frequencies of eruptions and volcanic earthquakes occurring in and around Mount Erebus were counted and earthquakes were scaled. From 3 to 26 December 1984 seven seismic stations were established on the summit and the flank of Mount Erebus for explosion seismic experiments and for precise determination of earthquake locations. Five new gravity stations were established on Ross Island during the 1984-1985 field season. In order to enhance the study of the structure of the McMurdo volcanoes using both geophysical and geological methods, geological surveys were also carried out. Field studies were made on the volcanic rocks and the xenoliths of Cape Bird, Cape Crozier, Hut Point Peninsula and Black Island. (Auth. mod.)

40-3050

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3070. Rets. passim.
Voronin, A.D., ed, Dimo, V.N., ed.
Cryogenic solls, Microclimatology, Permafrost
depth, Active layer, Organic solls, Environmental
protection, Peat, Soil pollution, Remote sensing,
Soils, Taiga, Soil water, Soil freezing, Tundra, Soil temperature, Hydrothermal processes.

40-3051

Hydrothermal regime of talga and tundra soils. rGidrotermicheskil rezhim taezhnykh i tundrovykh

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es, Landscape types, Tundra, Taiga.

40-3052

Climate of soils in the vertical zones of Caucasus and its control. [Klimat pochv vertikal'nykh zon Kavkaza

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Mamedov, R.G., Klimat pochv (Climate of soils) edited by M.S. Kuznetsov, A.D. Voronin and V.N. Dimo, Pushchino, 1985, p.24-27, In Russian.
Mountain soils, Seasonal freeze thaw, Solar radiation, Thermal regime, Alpine landscapes, Radiation balance, Heat flux.

40-3053

Climate of soils in Buryat and its control. (Klimat

Dugarov, V.I., Klimat pochv (Climate of soils) edited by M.S. Kuznetsov, A.D. Voronin and V.N. Dimo, Pushchino, 1985, p.30-33, In Russian.

Meadow soils, Permafrost distribution, Forest soils,

Taiga, Seasonal freeze thaw, Hydrothermal processes, USSR—Transbaikal.

40-3054

Influence of human activities on hydrothermal regime of surface-gley taigs soils. (Vliianie antropogennogo faktora na gidrotermicheskii rezhim taezhnykh po-

verkhnostno-gleevatykh pochv₁.
Rudneva, E.N., Klimat pochv (Climate of soils) edited by M.S. Kuznetsov, A.D. Voronin and V.N. Dimo, Pushchino, 1985, p.33-37, In Russian.

Forest soils, Environmental protection, Taiga, Cryo genic soils, Thermal regime, Human factors. 40-3055

Hydrothermal regime of dark grey eroded forest soils. (Gidrotermicheskil rezhim temno-serykh lesnykh

erodirotermicneskii řeznim temno-serykh lesnýkh erodirovannykh pochv₁,
Makarova, G.P., Klimat pochv (Climate of soils) edited by M.S. Kuznetsov, A.D. Voronin and V.N. Dimo,
Pushchino, 1985, p.45-49, In Russian. 3 refs.

Forest soils, Soil erosion, Seasonal freeze thaw, Snow

cover effect, Hydrothermal processes

40-3056

Characteristics of soil types in the Tomsk area near the Ob' River according to hydrothermal regime.

Tipologicheskaia kharakteristika pochv Tomskogo Priob'ia po gidrotermicheskomu rezhimu₁, Az'muka, T.I., Klimat pochv (Climate of soils) edited by M.S. Kuznetsov, A.D. Voronin and V.N. Dimo, Pushchino, 1985, p.92-96, In Russian.

Taiga, Frost penetration, Cryogenic soils, Paludification, Soil Fearing, Tagging.

tion, Soil freezing, Thermal regime

40-3057

Climate of soil and snow melioration in the USSR. Climate of soil and snow melloration in the USSR. (Klimat pochy i snezhnaia melioratsiia v SSSR], Shul'gin, A.M., et al, Klimat pochy (Climate of soils) edited by M.S. Kuznetsov, A.D. Voronin and V.N. Dimo, Pushchino, 1985, p.99-102, In Russian.

Protective vegetation, Snow retention, Soil water migration, Snow cover effect.

40-3058

Climate of drained peat soils of Karelia and the fertility of perennial grasses. ¡Klimat osushaemykh tor-fianykh pochv Karelii i urozhalnost' mnogoletnikh

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Land reclamation, Drainage, Organic soils, Peat, Permafrost depth, Meltwater, Soil water migration,

40-3059

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tis control. (Klimat pochv osvoennykh nizinnykh bolot BSSR i ego regulirovanie), Shebeko, V.F., et al, Klimat pochv (Climate of soils) edited by M.S. Kuznetsov, A.D. Voronin and V.N. Dimo, Pushchino, 1985, p.108-112, In Russian.

Kiseleva A.I.

Land reclamation, Swamps, Organic soils, Soil temperature, Hydrothermal processes.

Improving the temperature regime of drained peat soils in the southwestern non-chernozem zone of the RSFSR. [Uluchshenie temperaturnogo rezhima osushaemykh torfianykh pochv iugo-zapada Nechernozemnoj zony RSFSR1,

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perature, Freeze thaw cycles.

Temperature conditions of drained floodplain soils. rTemperaturnye uslovija osushaemykh polmennykh

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Advisability of wide utilization of thermal wastes of ower plants for thermal melioration of soils. [O tselesoobraznosti shirokogo ispol'zovaniia teplovykh otkhodov elektrostantsil dlia teplovol melioratsii

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40-3063

Results and prospects of studying heat balance and hydrothermal regime of soils in research stations of the cryolithozone. [Itogi i perspektivy statsionarnykh retribution of the control of the co

Active layer, Cryogenic soils, Permafrost distribu-tion, Heat balance, Landscape types, Hydrothermal processes.

Heat balance of the earth surface, soils and ground in permafrost areas of the USSR. [Teplovol balans

permatrost areas of the USSK, [1eplovol balans zemnol poverkhnosti i poch vogruntov v oblasti vechnol merzloty na territorii S5.SR₃, Gavrilova, M.K., Klimat pochv (Climate of soils) edited by M.S. Kuznetsov, A.D. Voronin and V.N. Dimo, Pushchino, 1985, p.131-136, In Russian. 2 refs.

Permatrost distribution, Surface temperature, Perforat balance Host Deliver belowed mafrost heat balance, Heat flux, Radiation balance.

40-3065

Thermal resources of permafrost lands. (Termi-

cheskie resursy merzlotnykh zemel'), Chigir, V.G., Klimat pochv (Climate of soils) edited by M.S. Kuznetsov, A.D. Voronin and V.N. Dimo, Push-

chino, 1985, p.136-140, In Russian. Permafrost heat balance, Permafrost thermal properties, Solar radiation, Cryogenic solls, Active layer, Permafrost depth, Heat flux, Ice volume, Soil temperature.

40.3066

Mapping thermal regime of soils in the northern Ne-chernozemnaia zone of the RSFSR on small and medium scale. [Kartografirovanie teplovogo rezhima pochvogruntov severa Nechernozemnol zony RSFSR

pochogruntov severa Nechemozemnoi zony RSPSR v srednem i melkom masshtabe₃, Snopkov, A.E., Klimat pochv (Climate of soils) edited by M.S. Kuznetsov, A.D. Voronin and V.N. Dimo, Pushchino, 1985, p.147-149, In Russian.

Active layer, Permafrost depth, Permafrost distribu-

tion, Mapping, Thermal regime, Cryogenic soils.

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Use of remote sensing in studying soil temperature and humidity. [Ispol'zovanie distantsionnykh metodov dlia izucheniia vlazhnosti i temperatury pochvi, Andronikov, V.L., Klimat pochv (Climate of soils) edited by M.S. Kuznetsov, A.D. Voronin and V.N. Dimo, Pushchino, 1985, p.149-154, In Russian. Remote sensing, Snow cover distribution, Infrared photography, Soil water, Photointerpretation, Soil temperature.

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Khudiakov, O.I., et al, Klimat pochv (Climate of soils) edited by M.S. Kuznetsov, A.D. Voronin and V.N. Dimo, Pushchino, 1985, p.154-157, In Russian. Butsenko, A.N.

Meadow soils, Permafrost thermal properties, Swamps, Active layer, Organic soils, Permafrost depth, Thermal regime, Cryogenic soils, Snow cover effect.

40-3069

Cryogenic-thermal boundaries controlling agricultural development of the North Merzlotno-termicheskie rubezhi, kontroliruiushchie sel'skokhozialst-

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River flow, Permafrost distribution, Water temperature. Heat flux. Heat transfer, Subglacial drainage. Floods, Snow cover effect, Tundra.

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Structure and productivity of plant communities (phytoplankton, phytobentos, higher aquatic plants (All-Union limnologic conference on the cycle of matter and energy in water bodies, 6th, Listvenichnoe na Baykale, Sep. 4-6, 1985). Summaries, ¡Struktura i produktivnost' rastitel'nykh soobshchestv (fitoplank-ton, fitobentos, vysshaia vodnaia rastitel'nost'). Materialy₁, Galazit, G.I., ed, Irkutsk, 1985, 7 vols., In Russian.

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mafrost beneath lakes, Plankton, Algae, Biomass, Plant ecology, Water chemistry, Alpine landscapes,

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Lakes, Plankton, Algae, Biomass, Alpine landscapes, Permafrost beneath lakes.

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Rhythms in the development of phytoplankton in the Bratsk reservoir. (Ritmy razvitiia fitoplanktona Bratskogo Vodokhranilishcha₁,

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Shirobokova, N.P.
Plankton, Subglacial observations, Lakes, Biomass,

Seasonal variations, Permafrost beneath lakes.

40-3074

Studies of algae and their production characteristics in the lakes of southern Yakutia. [Al'gologicheskaia i produktsionnaia kharakteristika ozer IUzhno! IAku-

Vasil'eva, I.I., Vsesoiuznoe limnologicheskoe soveshchanie "Krugovorot veshchestva i energii v vodo-emakh", 6th, Listvenichnoe na Bafkale, Sep. 4-6, 1985 (All-Union limnologic conference on the cycle of matter and energy in water bodies, 6th, Listvenichnoe na Baykale, Sep. 4-6, 1985) edited by G.I. Galazii, Vol.2, Irkutsk, 1985, p.18-20, In Russian.

Plankton, Algae, Biomass, Lakes, Plant ecology, Ecosystems, Plant physiology.

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Long-term changes in the phytoplankton of the Angara reservoirs. Mnogoletnie izmeneniia fitoplanktona Angarskikh vodokhranilishch₁,

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Water storage, Reservoirs, Plankton, Algae, Biomass, Permafrost distribution, Permafrost beneath lakes.

40-3076

Dynamics of primary phytoplankton production in the Bratsk reservoir. [Dinamika pervicino] produkt-sii fitoplanktona v Bratskom vodokhranilishche], Kozhova, O.M., et al, Vsesoiuznoe limnologicheskoe soveshchanie "Krugovorot veshchestva i energii v soveshchanie "Krugovorot veshchestva i energ vodoemakh", 6th, Listvenichnoe na Balkale, Sep. 1985 (All-Union limnologic conference on the cycle of matter and energy in water bodies, 6th, Listvenichnoe na Baykale, Sep. 4-6, 1985) edited by G.I. Galazit, Vol.2, Irkutsk, 1985, p.41-42, In Russian. Pautova, V.N., Krashchuk, L.S. Lakes, Plankton, Plant ecology, Biomass, Seasonal

variations.

Destructive indices of plankton in the Bratsk reservoir. [Destruktsionnye pokazateli planktona Bratvodokhranilishcha₁,

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Lakes, Algae, Icebound lakes, Water chemistry, Oxygen, Plankton, Plant physiology, Plant ecology.

40-3078

Bacterial plankton of the Sayano-Shushenskoe reservoir during the first years of its filling. [Bakterio-plankton Saiano-Shushenskogo vodokhranilishcha v

pervye gody napolneniia, Avdeev, V.V., Vsesoiuznoe limnologicheskoe sovesh-chanie "Krugovorot veshchestva i energii v vodo-emakh", 6th, Listvenichnoe na Balkale, Sep. 4-6, 1985 (All-Union limnologic conference on the cycle of matter and energy in water bodies, 6th, Listvenichnoe na Baykale, Sep. 4-6, 1985) edited by G.I. Galazii, Vol.3, Irkutsk, 1985, p.4-5, In Russian.

Lakes, Plankton, Bacteria, Microbiology, Alpine

landscapes, Biomass, Seasonal variations, Floods.

Results of studying bacterioplankton in the Angara river and its reservoirs. [Nekotorye itogi issledovaniia bakterioplanktona r. Angary i ee vodokhranilishch₁,

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Bacteria, Water reserves, Plankton, Reservoirs, Lakes, Microbiology, Permafrost beneath rivers.

Microzonal distribution of zooplankton at the lower ice surface in the shore area of Lake Baykal. [Mikrozonal'noe raspredelenie zooplanktona u nizhnel po-

verkhnosti l'da v pribrezh'e Baïkalaj, Galazif, S.G., Vsesoiuznoe limnologicheskoe soveshchanie "Krugovorot veshchestva i energii v vodo-emakh", 6th, Listvenichnoe na Baĭkale, Sep. 4-6, 1985 (All-Union limnologic conference on the cycle of matter and energy in water bodies, 6th, Listvenichnoe na Baykale, Sep. 4-6, 1985) edited by G.I. Galaziĭ, Vol.3, Irkutsk, 1985, p.67, In Russian.

Icebound lakes, Ice bottom surface, Subglacial observations, Plankton, Distribution.

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Influence of climatic factors on the intensity of thermokarst lake development. [Vliianiia klimaticheskikh faktorov na intensivnosť razvitija termokar-

Bosikov, N.P., Vsesoiuznoe limnologicheskoe sovesh-chanie "Krugovorot veshchestva i energii v vodo-emakh", 6th, Listvenichnoe na Balkale, Sep. 4-6, 1985 (All-Union linnologic conference on the cycle of matter and energy in water bodies, 6th, Listvenichnoe na Baykale, Sep. 4-6, 1985) edited by G.I. Galazii, Vol.5, Irkutsk, 1985, p.9, In Russian. Thermokarst development, Thermokarst lakes,

Alassy, Soil erosion.

Geochemistry of lacustrine sedimentation in the cryolithozone (exemplified by Central Yakutia). [K geokhimii ozernogo osadkonakopleniia kriolitozony

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Zhirkov, I.I., Pestriakova, L.A. Lacustrine deposits, Bottom sediment, Permafrost distribution, Permafrost beneath lakes.

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Economic development of sapropel under permafrost conditions. [Osobennosti khozialstvennogo ispol'-

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Gavriley, K.D.

Continuous permafrost, Lacustrine deposits, Thermokarst lakes, Excavation, Sapropel.

Forecasting ice cover formation on Lake Baykal. Prognozirovanie zamerzaniia ledianogo pokrova na Baikale,

Kuimova, L.N., Vsesoiuznoe limnologicheskoe soveshchanie "Krugovorot veshchestva i energii v vodoemakh", 6th, Listvenichnoe na Barkale, Sep. 4-6, 1985 (All-Union limnologic conference on the cycle of matter and energy in water bodies, 6th, Listvenichnoe na Baykale, Sep. 4-6, 1985) edited by G.I. Galazii, Vol.6, Irkutsk, 1985, p.34-35, In Russian. Icebound lakes, Ice forecasting, Ice formation, Dat-

40-3086

Possible changes in ice and thermal regime of estuarine water-bodies induced by human activities. [V mozhnye izmeneniia ledovo-termicheskogo rezhima ust'evykh vodoemov pod vliianiem khoziaistvennoi deiatel'nostij,

Min'kovskaia, R.IA., Vsesoiuznoe limnologicheskoe soveshchanie "Krugovorot veshchestva i energii v vodoemakh", 6th, Listvenichnoe na Balkale, Sep. 4-6, 1985 (All-Union limnologic conference on the cycle of matter and energy in water bodies, 6th, Listvenichnoe na Baykale, Sep. 4-6, 1985) edited by G.I. Galazii, Vol.6, Irkutsk, 1985, p.35, In Russian.
Estuaries, Deltaa, Stream flow, Ice formation, Ice

conditions, Ice forecasting, Ice navigation, Hydraulic structures.

40-3087

Peculiarities of exchange mechanisms in subglacial currents. ¡Osobennosti mekhanizma obmena v pod-lednykh techenijakh],

Anisimova, E.P., et al, Vsesoiuznoe limnologicheskoe soveshchanie "Krugovorot veshchestva i energii v vodoemakh", 6th, Listvenichnoe na Balkale, Sep. 1985 (All-Union limnologic conference on the cycle of matter and energy in water bodies, 6th, Listvenichnoe na Baykale, Sep. 4-6, 1985) edited by G.I. Galazii, Vol.6, Irkutsk, 1985, p.54-55, In Russian.

Speranskala, A.A.
Icebound lakes, Subglacial drainage, Turbulent flow,
USSR—Baykal Lake.

40-3088

Influence of ice formation on hydrochemical regime of lakes in the Evoron-Chukchagirskaya basin. [Vliianie l'doobrazovaniia na formirovanie gidrokhimiches-kogo rezhima ozer Evoron-Chukchagirskoi vpadinyj, Ivanov, A.V., et al, Vsesoiuznoe limnologicheskoe so-veshchanie "Krugovorot veshchestva i energii v vodoemakh", 6th, Listvenichnoe na Balkale, Sep. 4-6, 1985 (All-Union limnologic conference on the cycle of mat-(All-Union immologic conference on the cycle of matter and energy in water bodies, 6., Listvenichnoe na Baykale, Sep. 4-6, 1985) edited by G.I. Galazii, Vol.7, Irkutsk, 1985, p.41-42, In Russian. Shesterkin, V.P., Poprich, G.I. Icebound lakes, Water chemistry, Ice formation, Chemical composition, Seasonal variations.

Role of land reclamation in the enrichment of natural waters in macrocomponents, biogenic and organic matter under conditions of the North. [Rol' melioratsii v obogashchenii prire nykh vod makrokomponentami, biogennymi i organicheskimi veshchestvami v

kuraptseva, S.V., et al, Vsesoiuznoe limnologicheskoe soveshchanie "Krugovorot veshchestva i energii v vodoemakh", 6th, Listvenichnoe na Bafkale, Sep. 4-6, 1985 (All-Union limnologic conference on the cycle of matter and energy in water bodies, 6th, Listvenichnoe na Baykale, Sep. 4-6, 1985) edited by G.I. Galazii, Vol 7, Irikutsk 1955, p. 54-56. In Russian Kharkevich, N.S.

Land reclamation, Swamps, Drainage, Water chemistry, Composition, Organic soils.

Mobility of mineral substances in shallow waters of the Bratsk reservoir. [Dinamika mineral'nykh vesh-chesty v melkovod'iakh Bratskogo vodokhranilish-

Semenova, L.I., et al, Vsesoiuznoe limnologicheskoe soveshchanie "Krugovorot veshchestva i energii v vodoemakh", 6th, Listvenichnoe na Batkale, Sep. 4-6, 1985 (All-Union limnologic conference on the cycle of matter and energy in water bodies, 6th, Listveni na Baykale, Sep. 4-6, 1985) edited by G.I. Galazii, Vol.7, Irkutsk, 1985, p.68-70, In Russian.

Lake water, Permafrost hydrology, Minerals, Water chemistry, Permafrost beneath lakes, Seasonal varia-

40-3091

Chemical composition of snow cover in the back-ground areas of the Lake Baykal zone. [K voprosu o khimicheskom sostave snezhnogo pokrova fonovykh

ratonov Pribatkal'ia, Khodzher, T.V., Vsesoiuznoe limnologicheskoe so-veshchanie "Krugovorot veshchestva i energii v vodoemakh", 6th, Listvenichnoe na Barkale, Sep. 4-6, 1985 CAll-Union limnologic conference on the cycle of matter and energy in water bodies, 6th, Listvenichnoe na Baykale, Sep. 4-6, 1985) edited by G.I. Galazii, Vol.7, Irkutsk, 1985, p.90, In Russian.

Snow cover distribution, Snow surveys, Snow composition.

sition, Chemical composition.

40-3092

Distribution and abundance of the planktic foraminifer Neogloboquadrina pachyderma in sea ice of the Weddell Sea (Antarctica).

Spindler, M., et al, *Polar biology*, 1986, 5(3), p.185-191, Refs. p.191. Dieckmann, G.S.

Sea ice, Ice cores, Antarctica-Weddell Sea.

Sea Ice, Ice cores, Antarctica—Weddell Sea.
All cores from the northeastern part of the Weddell Sea ice contained numerous living and dead planktic foraminifers of the species Neogloboquadrina pachyderma (Ehrenberg), while cores drilled in southern parts were barren of foraminifers with numbers up to 320 individuals per liter melted sea ice. Distribution of foraminifers appears to be patchy. Small dead tests were found in the upper parts of the sea ice cores while large living individuals mainly occurred in lower sections. Abundant diatoms probably serve as a food source for the foraminifiers. Correlation of foraminifieral abundance with salinity, chlorophyll and nutrient profiles are inconsistent. The possible mechanism of incorporation of N. pachyderma into the ice is discussed. (Auth. mod.)

40-3093

Retreat of ice scarps on an ice-co.ed moraine, Vest-

fold Hills, Antarctica. Pickard, J., Zeitschrift für Geomorphologie, Dec. 1984, 28(4), p.443-453, With German and French summaries. 10 refs.

Ablation, Ice creep, Moraines, Ice surface, Antarctica -Vestfold Hills.

—Vestfold Hills.

Retreat of till-capped ice cliffs on ice-cored Flanders Moraine was measured at 35 transects over nine weeks of austral summer 1980-81 in the Vestfold Hills Retreat of clean ice slopes was four times faster than of debris-covered slopes. Mean total retreat was 174 m on clean ice and 0.44 m on debris-covered ice, maximum mean rates of retreat were 0.46 and 0.13 m/week respectively. Retreat varied both spatially and temporally depending on the shape of the particular slope segment and weather. Slope evolution is postulated to vary with angle and depth of lakes at the foot of the slopes. Cliffs above deep lakes show parallel retreat due to block collapse whereas lower-angle slopes above shallow lakes decline. (Auth.)

40-3094

Ecosystem properties of antarctic streams. Howard-Williams, C., et al, New Zealand antarctic record, [1985], Vol.6 Special issue, p.21-31, 14 refs. Vincent, W.F.

Glacial hydrology, Meltwater, Limnology, Algae, Antarctica—McMurdo Sound.

tarctica—McMurdo Sound.
This paper provides a short ecological perspective of some of the properties of the melt streams of the McMurdo Sound area Discussed briefly are the stream discharge rates of glacial meltiwater, nutrients in the stream, onset of photosynthesis, sediments, solar radiation, low temperatures, and algal growth Identifiable ecosystem properties include low diversity, high instability, low efficiency, and high biomass potential and slow turnover. turnover

40-3095

Weathering within ice-cemented till and its signifi-

cance for climatic stability in Antarctica.
Claridge, G.G.C., et al, New Zealand antarctic record, [1985], Vol.6 Special issue, p.52-59, 5 refs.
Campbell, I.B.

Glacial deposits, Weathering, Climatic changes, Frozen ground, Minerals, Antarctica—Coombs Hills, Antarctica—Coombs Hills tarctica-Convoy Range.

Samples of ice-cemented soils formed from tills in the Coombs Hills and Convoy Ranges were obtained by drilling with a rock

auger. Ice-cement or frozen ground occurred between 5 and 40 cm below the surface. The uncemented soil was considered to be moderately weathered. Data for soluble salt content, particle size distribution and composition of the clay fraction are presented. It is shown that weathering has occurred to a depth of at least 1.4 m. It is believed that weathering took place when the ice-cement lay at a much greater depth. A subsequent change in moisture availability has caused the ice-cement to rise closer to the surface. (Auth.) closer to the surface (Auth)

40-3096

Precipitation in the Wright Valley.

Bromley, A.M., New Zealand antarctic record, [1985], Vol.6 Special issue, p.60-68.

Precipitation (meteorology), Snow accumulation, Weather observations, Ablation, Antarctica—Wright

Snowfall observations in the Wright Valley area are reviewed Showfall observations in the wright valley area are reviewed and a description is given of other weather parameters associated with snowfalls. Typical weather sequences are shown of conditions prior to and during snow periods. Other forms of precipitation and obstructions to vision are summarized. (Auth mod.)

Structure and equilibrium of the dry valleys glaciers.

Structure and equilibrium of the dry valleys glaciers. Chinn, T.J.H., New Zealand antarctic record, [1985], Vol.6 Special issue, p.73-88, 35 refs. Glacial geology, Glacier mass balance, Glacier flow, Cirque glaciers, Antarctica—Victoria Land.

The glaciers of the Dry Valleys area region may be classified into the three types: Outlet Glaciers which are large ice streams draining from the Polar Ice Sheet. Coastal Piedmont Glaciers, the low, wide glaciers lying along the coastline, which flow both seaward and into inland valleys. Local Alpine Glaciers or small glaciers flowing from alpine circupes which rarely reach the main valley floors. All except the largest of these glaciers are dry based, i.e., temperatures at the glacier base are below freezing so that there is no subglacial meltwater to permit movement by sliding. They have limited evidence of any recent fluctuations and are frequently encircled at the snouts by moraine arcs which have been dated between 2.2 and 3.6 m.y. BP. This paper discusses the mass balance, equilibrium and margin structures of these glaciers. (Auth.)

40-3098

Radio echo sounding of Canada Glacier, Taylor Dry

Valley, Antarctica.

Holdsworth, R., New Zealand antarctic record, (1985), Vol.6 Special issue, p.89-93, 3 refs.

Glacier ice, Radio echo soundings, Antarctica—Cana-

da Glacier. A brief account is given of the principles of taking radio echo soundings and the ease with which they may be used to measure glacier ice. Two profiles obtained on Canada Glacier are pre-

40-3099

Radio-echo sounding in McMurdo Sound, Antarctica and Mt. Ruapehu, North Island, New Zealand. Holdsworth, R., New Zealand antarctic record,

[1985], Vol.6 Special issue, p.92-96, 9 refs. Electronic equipment, Radio echo soundings, Ice cover, Antarctica McMurdo Sound.

er, Antarctica—McMurdo Sound.

A brief account is given of the operation of radio echo sounding equipment used to determine ice cover thickness or depth. Radio waves are transmitted through a dielectric material, reflected from a boundary, and detected as an attenuated pulse registered on an oscilloscope—Oscilloscopic interpretations are made based on the dielectric constant of the material: ice and/or rock, bubbles, firn, snow or any combination of these Samples of depth/thickness calculations are given.

40-3100

Structural design methods for surface ships operating

at the ice edge. St. John, J.W., et al, Naval engineers journal, May 1986, 98(3), p.88-94, 7 refs. Meyer, J.R.

Ships, Ice loads, Ice pressure, Impact strength.

40-3101

Ice crystal nucleation on antarctic hygroscopic aerosols.

Aerosois.

Ohtake, T., et al, Antarctic journal of the United States, 1984, 19(5), p.201-202, 3 refs.

Jee crystal nuclei, Aerosols, Antarctica—South Pole. Aerosols at the South Pole were sampled to (1) clarfy the mechanism of formation of polar atmospheric nec crystals and (2) test their ice nucleation ability under humidity conditions that were below water-saturation level. This was done to determine whether or not the aerosols would nucleate ice crystals through direct condensation of water vapor at temperatures lower than -25C. The ice nucleus concentrations on filters were measured at the South Pole with a vapor-diffusion type ice nucleus counter at temperatures of -25C and -37C and humidities at ice saturation and between ice- and water-saturations in Dec 1982 and Nov. 1983, respectively. It is suggested, on the basis of the observations, that many acrosols in the polar atmosphere deliquesce in ambient humid air of about 82°, relative humidity (in 1982) and 79°; relative humidity (in 1982) and 79°; relative humidity (in 1983) and are followed by freezing of the submicron-sized water droplets to ice crystals at temperatures below -25C and -37C, respectively Jce crystal nuclei, Aerosols, Antarctica-South Pole.

World Data Center-A for Glaciology Antarctic-related activities, 1983-1984.

Barry, R.G., et al, Antarctic journal of the United States, 1984, 19(5), p.245-246, 2 refs. Brennan, A.M. Ice, Snow, Glaclology.

Ice, Snow, Glaciology.

The World Data Center-A for Glaciology (Snow and Ice) (WDC-A) has been involved in 1983 with several antarctic data management, analysis, and archiving projects. Because of the climatic significance of antarctic snow- and ice-phenomena, WDC-A organized and convened a specialist workshop to address the problems of antarctic climate-related data. Twelve participants and six observers (from eight countries) representing the major disciplinary fields of antarctic climate research and specialists on data management took part. WDC-A has contributed a "Snow and Ice" chapter to the CODATA Directory of Data Sources for Science and Technology.

40-3103

Proceedings.
International Offshore Mechanics and Arctic Enginternational Offshore Mechanics and Arctic Engineering (OMAE) Symposium, 5th, Tokyo, Apr. 13-18, 1986, MP 2031, New York, American Society of Mechanical Engineers, 1986, 4 vols., Refs. passim. For selected papers see 40-3104 through 40-3199. Chung, J.S., ed.

Offshore structures, Offshore drilling, Ice loads, Ice conditions, Engineering, Meetings, Ice mechanics, Ice solid interface, Impact strength, Ice strength.

40-3104

Computer control system for ice-transiting ships. Computer control system for ice-transiting saips. Kashima, T., et al, International Offshore Mechanics and Arctic Engineering (OMAE) Symposium, 5th, Tokyo, Apr. 13-18, 1986. Proceedings, Vol. 1, New York, American Society of Mechanical Engineers, 1986, p.25-30, 19 refs.

Seireg, A.A. Ice navigation, Computer applications, Ships, Velocity, Propellers, Analysis (mathematics).

40-3105

Ice mass motions near an offshore structure. Isaacson, M. de St. Q., International Offshore Mechanics and Arctic Engineering (OMAE) Symposium, 5th, Tokyo, Apr. 13-18, 1986. Proceedings, Vol. I, New York, American Society of Mechanical Engineers, 1986, p.441-447, 8 refs.

Offshore structures Ice mechanics Drift Impact

Offshore structures, Ice mechanics, Drift, Impact strength, Forecasting, Ocean waves, Ocean currents, Hydrodynamics, Analysis (mathematics), Computer applications.

40-3:06

Steel plates for offshore structures and ice breaking vessels. Kitada, T., et al, International Offshore Mechanics and

Artic Engineering (OMAE) Symposium, 5th, Tokyo, Apr. 13-18, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.2, New York, American Society of Mechanical Engineers, 1986, p.332-337, 5 refs.

Tagawa, H., Matsumoto, K., Taira, T., Sugiyama, T. Offshore structures, Steel structures, Icebreakers, Chemical composition, Design, Temperature effects.

New high strength steel plate for ice-breaking ships designed to operate in low ambient temperatures.

Amano, K., et al, International Offshore Mechanics and Arctic Engineering (OMAE) Symposium, 5th, Tokyo, Apr. 13-18, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.2, New York, American Society of Mechanical Engineers, 1986, p. 338-345, 7 refs.

Icebreakers, Steel structures, Welding, Design, Tem-

40-3108

High strength bend pipe for low temperature service. Nagumo, M., et al, International Offshore Mechanics and Arctic Engineering (OMAE) Symposium, 5th, Tokyo, Apr. 13-18, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.2, New York, American Society of Mechanical Engineers, 1986, p.346-353, 5 refs.

Pipes (tubes), Steel structures, Cold weather per-

formance, Welding, Strength.

Developments in materials for Arctic offshore-struc-

Nakano, N., et al, International Offshore Mechanics Nakano, N., et al. International Offshore Mechanics and Arctic Engineering (OMAE) Symposium, 5th, Tokyo, Apr. 13-18, 1986. Proceedings, Vol. 2, New York, American Society of Mechanical Engineers, 1986, p.354-360, 10 refs. Bessyo, K., Iida, Y., Seta, I., Kamada, Y. Offshore structures, Construction materials, Steel structures, Icebergs, Chemical composition, Strength Walding.

structures, Icebe Strength, Welding.

Qualities of high-strength lightweight concrete used for construction of Arctic offshore platform.

Tachibana, D., et al, International Offshore Mechanics

and Arctic Engineering (OMAE) Symposium, 5th, Tokyo, Apr 13-18, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.2, New York, American Society of Mechanical Engineers, 1986, p.361-367, 11 refs. Imai, M. Okada, T.

Concrete structures, Offshore structures, Concrete concrete durability, Manufacturing, Compressive properties, Cracking (fracturing).

40-3111

Welding procedure and fracture toughness on heavy thickness plate for offshore structures in deep seas. Kohno, T., e al, International Offshore Mechanics and Arctic Engineering (OMAE) Symposium, 5th, Tokyo, Apr. 13-18, 1986 Proceedings, Vol.2, New York, American Society of Mechanical Engineers, 1986 p 397-402

Offshore structures, Welding, Steel structures, Fracturing. Brittleness, Countermeasures, Chemical composition, Temperature effects, Plates.

40-3112

Underwater support of marine operations in the Canadian Arctic.

English, J.G., International Offshore Mechanics and Arctic Engineering (OMAF) Symposium, 5th, Tokyo, Apr. 13-18, 1986. Proceedings, Vol 3, New York, American Society of Mechanical Engineers, 1986,

Offshore structures, Hydraulic structures, Equipment, Design, Welding, Ships, Winter maintenance.

Probabilistic method to determine system efficiency in an iceberg environment.

Brooks, L.D. et al. International Offshore Mechanics and Arctic Engineering (OMAE) Symposium, 5th, Tokyo, Apr. 13-18, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.4, New York, American Society of Mechanical Engineers, 1986, p 1-7, 6 refs

Petrauskas, C Offshore structures, Ice loads, Icebergs, Ice conditions, Floating structures, Models, Offshore drilling, Statistical analysis.

40-3114

Automatic weather station in a sub-Arctic environment.

Barton, J.S., et al, International Offshore Mechanics WIMARI Tokyo, Apr. 13-18, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.4, New York, American Society of Mechanical Engineers, 1986, p.8-12, 5 refs.

Quinn, A.J., Smith, S.D. Remote sensing, Weather stations, Icing, Wind velocity, Data transmission, Mountains.

Arctic environmental design using short data extremal techniques.

Maes, M.A., et al, International Offshore Mechanics and the Engineering Color, and Tokyo, Apr. 13-18, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.4, New York, American Society of Mechanical Engineers, 1986, p. 13-10-16, p 1986, p.13-19, 15 refs Jordaan, IJ

Offshore structures, Ice pressure, Icebergs, Ocean waves, Design, Statistical analysis, Analysis (mathematics).

40-3116

On the Arctic marine environment offshore northern

Houmb, O G, et al, International Offshore Mechanics and Arctic Engineering (OMAE) Symposium, 5th, Tokyo, Apr. 13-18, 1986 Proceedings, Vol 4, New ork, American Society of Mechanical Engineers, 1986, p.20-26, 8 refs Soras, P.E., Tryggestad, S.

Ship icing, Ocean environments, Ice accretion, Super-cooling, Water temperature, Air temperature, Weather forecasting, Spray freezing.

Prediction of the current structure under drifting

Myrhaug, D., International Offshore Mechanics and Arctic Engineering (OMAE) Symposium, 5th, Tokyo, Apr. 13-18, 1986 Proceedings, Vol 4, New York, American Society of Mechanical Engineers, 1986, 45-52, 11 refs.

Deen currents, Pack ice, Subglacial observations, Drift, Boundary layer, Turbulent flow, Shear stress, Mathematical models

40-311R

Performance of a frost heave cell for low-temperature-gradient experiments

O.J., International Offshore Mechanics and Arctic Engineering (OMAE) Symposium, 5th, Tokyo, Apr. 13-18, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.4, New York, American Society of Mechanical Engineers, 1986, p.53-57, 7 refs.

Frost heave, Temperature gradients, Heat transfer, Ice formation, Soil freezing, Low temperature tests, Design, Ice lenses, Thermistors.

Effects of stress redistribution on creep parameters determined by a borehole dilatometer te

Murat, J.R., et al. International Offshore Mechanics and Arctic Engineering (OMAE) Symposium, 5th, Tokyo, Apr. 13-18, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.4, New York, American Society of Mechanical Engineers, 1986, p.58-64, 16 refs. Huneault, P., Ladanyi, B

Boreholes, Soil creep, Stresses, Ice creep, Measuring instruments. Elastic properties. Rheology.

Buckling of heated oil pipelines in frozen ground. Vinogradov, A.M., International Offshore Mechanics

and Arctic Engineering (OMAE) Symposium, 5th, Tokyo, Apr. 13-18, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.4, New ork, American Society of Mechanical Engineers, 1986 n 65-72 39 refu

Hot oil lines, Frozen ground mechanics, Permafrost beneath structures, Rheology, Buckling, Soil creep, Thermal expansion, Compressive properties, Time factor, Temperature effects, Pipeline supports.

Arctic pipeline construction simultaneous trench and lay through landfast ice.

Healey, A.J., et al, International Offshore Mechanics and Arctic Engineering (OMAE) Symposium, 5th, Tokyo, Apr. 13-18, 1986. Proceedings, Vol 4, New York, American Society of Mechanical Engineers, 1986, p.73-80, 6 refs.

Roberts, R.A., Hazlegrove, B.M.

Pipe laying, Beaufort Sea, Fast ice, Trenching, Hydraulic structures, Ice cover thickness, Cold weather construction, Ice conditions, Stresses.

40.3122

40-3122
Iceberg generated pits: a theoretical study.
Bass, D.W., et al, International Offshore Mechanics and Arctic Engineering (OMAE) Symposium, 5m, Tokyo, Apr. 13-18, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.4, New York, American Society of Mechanical Engineers, 1986 p. 1-15 en.; p 81 3. 15 refs.

Gaskill, H.S., Carter, W Ice scoring, Icebergs, Ocean bottom, Bottom topogaphy, Impact strength, Pits (excavations), Theories, Mathematical models.

Man-made ice island performance.

 Showner Arctic Engineering (OMAE) Symposium, 5th, Tokyo Apr. 13-18, 1986 Proceedings, Vol.4, New York, American Society of Mechanical Engineers, 1986, p.89-95, 5 refs

Ice islands, Artificial islands, Ice loads, Underwater observations, Ice mechanics, Erosion, Ice breakup, Sea ice, Ice pressure, Ice temperature, Ice physics.

Observations on the strength properties of spray ice. Weaver, J.S., et al, International Offshore Mechanics and Arctic Engineering (OMAE) Symposium, 5th, Tokyo, Apr. 13-18, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.4, New York, American Society of Mechanical Engineers, 1986, p.96-104, 9 refs McKeown, S

Ice strength, Ice islands, Artificial islands, Stress strain diagrams, Shear strength, Spray freezing, Temperature effects, Fast ice, Tests, Offshore structures.

Construction of a sprayed ice island for exploration. Goff, R.D., et al. International Offshore Mechanics and Arctic Engineering (OMAE) Symposium, 5th, Tokyo, Apr. 13-18, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.4, New ork, American Society of Mechanical Engineers, 1986, p 105-112, 6 refs

Masterson, D.M.

Offshore drilling, Ice islands, Artificial islands, Spray freezing, Exploration, Experimentation, Design, 40-3126

I ceberg scouring model; a remedy for survey planning, data interpretation and technical evaluations

ien, R., International Offshore Mechanics and Arctic Engineering (OMAE) Symposium, 5th, Tokyo, Apr. 13-18, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.4, New York, American Society of Mechanical Engineers, 1986, p.113-119, 7 refs.

Ice scoring, Icebergs, Pipelines, Ocean bottom, Bottom topography, Models, Acoustic measurement, Seismic surveys.

40-3127

Ice used as a permanent construction material.

Marthinsen, A., International Offshore Mechanics and Arctic Engineering (OMAE) Symposium, 5th, Tokyo, Apr. 13-18, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.4, New York, American Society of Mechanical Engineers, 1986, p.120-128, 11 refs.

Ice (construction material), Aircraft landing areas, Ice strength, Compressive properties, Tests.

40-3128

Strengthening Alaskan Beaufort Sea soils with portland cement.

Nidowicz, B., et al, International Offshore Mechanics and Arctic Engineering (OMAE) Symposium, 5th, Tokyo, Apr. 13-18, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.4, New York, American Society of Mechanical Engineers, 1986, p.129-134, 19 refs. Bruggers, D.E.

Soil strength, Cements, Ocean bottom, Ice loads, Artificial islands, Gravity, Compressive properties, Soil physics. Resufort Sea.

40-3129

Tee properties in a grounded man-made ice island. Cox, G.F.N., et al, MP 2032, International Offshore Mechanics and Arctic Engineering (OMAE) Symposium, 5th, Tokyo, Apr. 13-18, 1986. Proceedings, Vol. 4, New York, American Society of Mechanical Engineers, 1986, p.135-142, 19 refs

Ice islands, Grounded ice, Ice salinity, Ice tempers ture, Ice density, Shear strength, Ice loads, Artificial islands, Tests, Offshore structures.

isiands, lests, Unshore structures. Salinity, temperature, density, and shear strength tests were performed on the confined flooded ice in the 1976-77 East Harrison Bay grounded ice island. The constructed ice had mean salinity of 13.8 ppt, a mean density of 877 kg/cu m, and a mean horizontal shear strength of 0.74 MPa. The shearing resistance of the constructed ice and the sliding resistance of the island on the sea floor were sufficient to prevent the island from being pushed off location by ice movement.

Creep movement of rigid particles embedded in ice. Domaschuk, L., et al, International Offshore Mechan-Domaschuk, L., et al, International Offshore Mechanics and Arctic Engineering (OMAE) Symposium, 5th, Tokyo, Apr. 13-18, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.4, New York, American Society of Mechanical Engineers, 1986, p.143-144, 2 refs. Shields, D.H., Rahman, M.G. Impurities, Particles, Rheology, Ice loads, Penetration, Creep, Loads (forces), Experimentation.

Design considerations for concrete offshore platforms

Subjected to techerg impact toads.

Zaleski-Zamenhof, L.C., et al, International Offshore Mechanics and Arctic Engineering (OMAE) Symposium, 5th, Tokyo, Apr. 13-18, 1986. Proceedings, Vol 4, New York, American Society of Mechanical Engineers, 1986, p.145-152, 30 refs.

Rojansky, M. Offshore structures, Concrete structures, Ice loads, Impact strength, Icebergs, Design, Safety. 40-3132

Economical Arctic structures using concrete

Zinserling, M., et al, International Offshore Mechanics and Arctic Engineering (OMAE) Symposium, 5th, Tokyo, Apr. 13-18, 1986. Proceedings, Vol. 4. New York, American Society of Mechanical Engineers, 1986, p.153-159, 6 refs. Cichanski, W

Offshore structures, Concrete structures, Floating structures, Ice loads, Offshore drilling, Walls, Loads (forces).

40-3133

Base skirts for Arctic offshore drilling platforms.

Buslov, V.M., International Offshore Mechanics and Arctic Engineering (OMAE) Symposium, 5th, Tokyo, Apr. 13-18, 1986 Proceedings, Vol.4, New York, American Society of Mechanical Engineers, 1986, p 160-167, 12 refs.

Offshore structures, Floating structures, Offshore drilling, Foundations, Ice loads, Soil strength, Bottom sediment, Gravity, Loads (forces), Ocean bottom, Ice scoring, Design.

Design studies for an Arctic heavy lift air cushion vehicle.

Tangren, R.F., et al, International Offshore Mechanics and Arctic Engineering (OMAE) Symposium, 5th, Tokyo, Apr. 13-18, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.4, New York, American Society of Mechanical Engineers, 1986, p.168-174, 8 refs. Dickins, D.F.

Air cushion vehicles, Ice cover strength, Sea ice, Off-shore drilling, Offshore structures, Design, Propeilers. Beaufort Sea.

40-3135

Towards the estimation of the icing hazard for mobile offshore drilling units.

Lozowski, E.P., et al, International Offshore Mechanics and Arctic Engineering (OMAE) Symposium, 5th, Tokyo, Apr. 13-18, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.4, New York, American Society of Mechanical Engineers, 1986, p.175-182, 24 refs.

Gates, E.M., Makkonen, L. Cing, Equipment, Offshore drilling, Sea spray, Ice accretion, Spray freezing, Ships, Models, Superstructures, Wind tunnels, Tests.

40-3136 Performance of Beaudril's new Beaufort Sea drilling

system. Hnatiuk, J., et al, International Offshore Mechanics and Arctic Engineering (OMAE) Symposium, 5th, Tokyo, Apr. 13-18, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.4, New York, American Society of Mechanical Engineers, 1986, p.183-191, 9 refs. Felzien, E.E

Offshore drilling, Ice conditions, Floating structures, Design, Exploration, Sea ice, Caissons, Icebreakers, Ships, Beaufort Sea.

Design study of a 200,000 DWT icebreaking tanker. Persign study of a 200,000 DW1 (cebreaking tanker, Fujita, Y., et al, International Offshore Mechanics and Arctic Engineering (OMAE) Symposium, 5th, Tokyo, Apr. 13-18, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.4, New York, American Society of Mechanical Engineers, 1986, p.192-199, 6 refs.
Narita, H., Kitagawa, H.

Icebreakers, Tanker ships, Sea ice distribution, Design, Marine transportation, Ice conditions, Models.

40-3138

Longitudinal strength of a large ice-breaking tanker. Longitudinal strength of a large ice-breaking tanker. Matsushima, Y., et al. International Offshore Mechanics and Arctic Engineering (OMAE) Symposium, 5th, Tokyo, Apr. 13-18, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.4, New York, American Society of Mechanical Engineers, 1986, p.200-205, 11 refs.

Okumoto, Y., Kumakura, Y.
Icebreakers, Tanker ships, Ice conditions, Ice cover thickness. Design Strength See ice distribution.

thickness, Design, Strength, Sea ice distribution.

Evaluation of a removable subarctic platform concept. Hollings, J.P., et al, International Offshore Mechanics and Arctic Engineering (OMAE) Symposium, 5th, Tokyo, Apr. 13-18, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.4, New York, American Society of Mechanical Engineers, 1986, p.206-211, 1 ref.

Offshore structures, Floating structures, Ice loads, Poundations, Ice solid interface, Offshore drilling, Impact strength, Gravity, Design

Daoud, N., et al, International Offshore Mechanics and Arctic Engineering (OMAE) Symposium, 5th, Tokyo, Apr. 13-18, 1986. Proceedings, Vol. 4, New York, American Society of Mechanical Engineers, 1986, p. 212-218, 16 refe 1986, p.212-218, 16 refs. Lee, F.C.

Offshore structures, Ice loads, Dynamic loads, Ice models, Ice solid interface, Fatigue (materials), Ice pressure, Ice breaking.

Study on tank heating in Arctic merchant vessels. Oka, M., et al, International Offshore Mechanics and Arctic Engineering (OMAE) Symposium, 5th, Tokyo, Apr. 13-18, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.4, New York, Apr. 13-18, 1966. Proceedings, vol.4, New York, American Society of Mechanical Engineers, 1986, p.219-226, 2 refs. Ice navigation, Tanks (containers), Ships, Heating, Sea water freezing, Heat transfer, Design, Analysis

40-3142

Free and forced convection heat transfer in water over

a melting horizontal ice sheet. Lunardini, V.J., MP 2033, International Offshore Mechanics and Arctic Engineering (OMAE) Symposium, 5th, Tokyo, Apr. 13-18, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.4, New York, American Society of Mechanical Engineers, 1986, p.227-236, 24 refs. Ice melting, Heat transfer, Water flow, Ice tempera-

Ice melting, Heat transfer, Water flow, Ice temperature, Ice sheets, Water temperature, Convection. Experiments were conducted to study the melting of a horizon tal ice sheet with a flow of water above it. The experiments were conducted in a refrigerated flume 35 m long with a cross section of $1.2 \times 1.2 \, \mathrm{m}$. Water depth, temperature, and velocity were varied as well as the temperature and initial surface profife of the ice sheet. It was found that the heat transfer regimes consisted of forced turbulent flow at high Reynolds numbers with a transition to free convection heat transfer at lower Reynolds numbers. There was no convincing evidence of a forced laminar regime.

Boundary integration equation method without matrices.

Hromadka, T.V., II, International Offshore Mechanics and Arctic Engineering (OMAE) Symposium, 5th, Tokyo, Apr. 13-18, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.4, New York, American Society of Mechanical Engineers, 1986, p.237-243, 3 refs.

Soil freezing, Soil water, Freezing rate, Mathematical models, Computer programs.

Heat loss factors affecting the design of deep Arctic

steam wells.

Galate, J.W., International Offshore Mechanics and Arctic Engineering (OMAE) Symposium, 5th, Tokyo, Apr. 13-18, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.4, New York, American Society of Mechanical Engineers, 1986,

p.244-253, p.17.
Heat transfer, Wells, Ground thawing, Permafrost thermal properties, Heat loss, St.am, Temperature effects, Models, Time factor, Boreholes.

40-3145

Effects of wall interaction on freezing materials.

Chen, C.-K., et al, International Offshore Mechanics and Arctic Engineering (OMAE) Symposium, 5th, Tokyo, Apr. 13-18, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.4, New York, American Society of Mechanical Engineers, 1986, p.254-259, 10 refs.

Chen, H.-T.

Freezing points, Walls, Stefan problem, Phase transformations, Melting points, Analysis (mathematics), Temperature variations, Liquid solid interfaces, Boundary layer.

Experimental study of ice accretion on structural members.

Grant, I., et al. International Offshore Mechanics and Arctic Engineering (OMAE) Symposium, 5th, Tokyo, Apr. 13-18, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.4, New York, American Society of Mechanical Engineers, 1986, p.260-265, 9 refs. Hayhoe, R.D.

accretion, Icing, Offshore structures, Air temperature, Wind velocity, Tests.

Thermodynamic stability of frazil ice crystals. Forest, T.W., International Offshore Mechanics and Arctic Engineering (OMAE) Symposium, 5th, Tokyo, Apr. 13-18, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.4, New York, American Society of Mechanical Engineers, 1986, p.266-270, 13 refs.

Frazil ice, Ice crystal growth, Thermodynamics, Tur-bulent flow, Water flow, Ice crystal structure.

Apparatus to perform experiments on soil freezing. Gori, F., et al, International Offshore Mechanics and Arctic Engineering (OMAE) Symposium, 5th, Tokyo, Apr. 13-18, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.4, New York, American Society of Mechanical Engineers, 1986, p.271-276, 10 refs. Grazzini, G.

Soil freezing, Equipment, Soil water, Thermal conductivity, Stefan problem, Experimentation, Temperature measurement. Unfrozen water content. Frost penetration, Sands.

40-3149

Cyclic freeze-thaw influence on frost heaving pressures and thermal conductivities of high water content clays.

tent clays.

Yong, R.N., et al, International Offshore Mechanics and Arctic Engineering (OMAE) Symposium, 5th, Tokyo, Apr. 13-18, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.4, New York, American Society of Mechanical Engineers, 1986, p.277-284, 12 refs.
Boonsinsuk, P., Tucker, A.E.

Freeze thaw cycles, Frost heave, Thermal conductivity, Soil water, Clays, Grain size, Water content, Pressure Thermal properties. Everymentation.

sure, Thermal properties, Experimentation.

40-3150

Heat transfer characteristics of thermosyphons with

ricat transfer characteristics of thermosyphons with inclined evaporator sections.

Haynes, F.D., et al, MP 2034, International Offshore Mechanics and Arctic Engineering (OMAE) Symposium, 5th, Tokyo, Apr. 13-18, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.4, New York, American Society of Mechanical Engineers, 1986, p.285-292, 21 refs.

Tacting I.P.

Zarling, J.P Zaffing, J.P.
Heat transfer, Evaporation, Permafrost thermal
properties, Thermal conductivity, Permafrost
beneath structures, Foundations, Wind velocity, Air
temperature, Tests, Thaw depth.

temperature, Tests, Thaw depth.

Laboratory tests were conducted on two commercial full-size thermosyphons, one charged with carbon dioxide and one with ammonis. The test variables were evaporator inclinational angle, wind speed and ambient air temperature. Empirical expressions are presented for thermal conductance as a function of these test variables. The laboratory test results were used in finite element simulations run on an IBM-PC microcomputer to study three design parameters influencing the thermal regime below slab-on-grade foundations in a permafrost location. Insulation thickness, thermosyphon conductance and vertical placement were varied in these simulations. The effect of these variables on the maximum deeth of thaw are given. variables on the maximum depth of thaw are given

40-3151

Effects of ice-growth rate on the flexural properties of urea ice.

Yamaguchi, E., et al, International Offshore Mechan-Yamaguchi, E., et al, International Offshore Mechanics and Arctic Engineering (OMAE) Symposium, 5th, Tokyo, Apr. 13-18, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.4, New York, American Society of Mechanical Engineers, 1986, p.293-297, 6 refs.
Iwata, S., Andoh, M., Kitazawa, T.
Ice strength, Plexural strength, Urea, Ice growth, Ice

crystal structure, Ice elasticity, Ice cover thickness.

40-3132 Strength and ductility of ice under tension. Lee, R.W., et al, International Offshore Mechanics and Arctic Engineering (OMAE) Symposium, 5th, Tokyo, Apr. 13-18, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.4, New York, American Society of Mechanical Engineers, 1986, p.298-302, 20 refs.

Schulson, E.M.
Ice strength, Tensile properties, Ice crystal nuclei, Ice cracks, Brittleness, Grain size, Tests, Crack propagation, Stress strain diagrams.

40-3153

Mechanical properties of antarctic sea ice. Urabe, N., et al, International Offshore Mechanics and Orabe, N., et al, International Orisinore Mechanics and Arctic Engineering (OMAE) Symposium, 5th, Tokyo, Apr. 13-18, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.4, New York, American Society of Mechanical Engineers, 1986, p.303-309, 24 refs. Inoue, M.

Ice mechanics. Ice acoustics. Compressive properties. Ice physics, Ice salinity, Temperature effects, Air entrainment, Grain size, Sea ice, Ice cracks, Antarctica -Lutzow-Holm Bay.

Lutzow-Holm Bay.

Let samples were extracted from a land-fast ice sheet of 90 cm thickness at Lutzow-Holm Bay. The ice samples were then shipped to a cold room in Tokyo, and unconfined uniaxial compression tests and fracture toughness tests were performed for a wide range of loading rate under temperature varying from 5 C to -30 C. During the tests, limited in number, acoustic emission measurements were also carried out. Distributions of salinity, density, air content fabric structure and grain size were examined along the thickness direction of the ice sheet. The ice sheet consisted of fine grained granular ice at the top surface layer and columnar grains below it. The fracture toughness (KIC) of the columnar grained ice showed a strong dependence on the grain size (diameter of the columnar ice). The compressive strength showed a linear relationship with the density which was a function of not only the brine volume but also the air content. (Auth mod.)

Variations of the local failure pressure with depth through first-year and multi-year ice.

Blanchet, D., International Offshore Mechanics and Arctic Engineering (OMAE) Symposium, 5th, Tokyo, Apr. 13-18, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.4, New York, American Society of Mechanical Engineers, 1986, p.310-319, 30 refs.

Ice pressure, Ice cover thickness, Ice floes, Strains,

hore structures, Ice salinity, Ice physics, Ice cracks. Ice loads. Ice strength.

Method to upgrade iceberg velocity statistics to include wave-induced motion.

Lever, J.H., et al. International Offshore Mechanics and Arctic Engineering (OMAE) Symposium, 5th, Tokyo, Apr. 13-18, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.4, New York, American Society of Mechanical Engineers, 1986, p.320-327, 30 refs.

Icebergs, Ice loads, Offshore structures, Drift, Ice solid interface, Ice mechanics, Ocean waves, Statistical analysis, Models, Velocity, Impact strength.

40-3156

Borehole jack: is it a useful arctic tool.
Sinha, N.K., International Offshore Mechanics and Arctic Engineering (OMAE) Symposium, 5th, Tokyo, Apr. 13-18, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.4, New York, American Society of Mechanical Engineers, 1986, 328-335, 11 refs

Equipment, Boreholes, Ice loads, Ice mechanics, Viscoelasticity, Ice deformation, Stresses, Tests, Rheolo-

40-3157

Preliminary study of scale effect on flexural strength of ice specimen.

Tozawa, S., et al, International Offshore Mechanics and Arctic Engineering (OMAE) Symposium, 5th, Tokyo, Apr. 13-18, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.4, New York, American Society of Mechanical Engineers, 1986, p.336-340, 7 refs. Taguchi, Y

Ice strength, Flexural strength, Tensile properties, Mathematical models, Tests.

40-3158

Effects of anisotropy and microcracks on the fracture

Effects of anisotropy and microcracks on the fracture toughness rK(ic)₁ of freshwater ice.

Timco, G.W., et al, International Offshore Mechanics and Arctic Engineering (OMAE) Symposium, 5th, Tokyo, Apr. 13-18, 1986 Proceedings, Vol.4, New York, American Society of Mechanical Engineers, 1986, p.341-348, 27 refs.

Frederking, R.M.W.

Ice strength, Ice loads, Ice cracks, Anisotropy, Stresses, Grain size, Tests, Loads (forces), Crack propagation, Microstructure, Fracturing.

Fracture toughness of ice over a range of grain sizes. Nixon, W.A., et al, International Offshore Mechanics and Arctic Engineering (OMAE) Symposium, 5th, Tokyo, Apr. 13-18, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.4, New York, American Society of Mechanical Engineers. 1986, p.349-353, 23 refs.

Schulson, E.M.

Ice cracks, Grain size, Fracturing, Ice strength, Ice crystal structure, Distribution, Temperature effects.

40-3160

Fracture toughness of Bohai Bay sea ice.

Shen, W., et al, International Offshore Mechanics and Arctic Engineering (OMAE) Symposium, 5th, Tokyo, Apr. 13-18, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.4, New York, American Society of Mechanical Engineers, 1986, p.354-357, 6 refs. Lin, S.

Ice cracks, Fracturing, Ice strength, Sea ice, Loads (forces), Stresses, Ice crystal structure.

Physical modeling and the fracture toughness of sea

Parsons, B.L., et al, International Offshore Mechanics and Arctic Engineering (OMAE) Symposium, 5th, Tokyo, Apr. 13-18, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.4, New York, American Society of Mechanical Engineers, 1986, p.358-364, 20 refs.

Snellen, J.B., Hill, B.
Ice cracks, Fracturing, Ice physics, Ice models, Sea ice, Ice crystal structure, Temperature effects, Microstructure, Tests.

40-3162

Confined compressive strength of multi-year pressure

Confined compressive strength of multi-year pressure ridge sea ice samples.

Cox, G.F.N., et al, MP 2035, International Offshore Mechanics and Arctic Engineering (OMAE) Symposium, 5th, Tokyo, Apr. 13-18, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.4, New York, American Society of Mechanical Engineers, 1986, p.365-373, 17 refs.

Richter-Menge, J.A.

Pressure ridges, Ice strength, Compressive properties, Loads (forces), Sea ice, Strain tests. Temperature effects, Pressure, Stresses.

Fifty-five constant-strain-rate transial tests were performed on vertically oriented multi-year pressure ridge samples from the Beaufort Sea. The tests were performed on a closed-loop electrohydraulic testing machine at two nominal strain rates (1/100.000) and 1/1,000 per sec) and two temperatures (-20 and 1-7 C). In all of the tests the confining pressure was ramped in constant proportion to the applied axial stress. This paper summarizes the sample preparation and testing techniques used in this investigation and presents data on the confined compressive strength and failure strain of the ice. Uniaxial data are also included for comparison.

Large-scale ice strength test at slow strain rates.

Chen, A.C.T., et al, International Offshore Mechanics and Arctic Engineering (OMAE) Symposium, 5th, Tokyo, Apr. 13-18, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.4, New York, American Society of Mechanical Engineers, 1986, p.374-378, 6 refs.

Ice strength, Strain tests, Compressive properties, Ice deformation, Sea ice, Loads (forces), Ice crystal structure. Ice temperature. Ice salinity.

Laboratory compression tests of sea ice at slow strain rates from a field test program.

rates from a field test program.

Wang, Y.S., et al, International Offshore Mechanics and Arctic Engineering (OMAE) Symposium, 5th, Tokyo, Apr. 13-18, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.4, New York, American Society of Mechanical Engineers, 1086 a 720, 284 6 a feet. 1986, p.379-384, 6 refs. Poplin, J.P.

Ice strength, Compressive properties, Strain tests, Sea ice, Ice crystal structure, Grain size.

Analysis and prediction of short-term ice drift.
McPhee, M.G., International Offshore Mechanics and

Arctic Engineering (OMAE) Symposium, 5th, Tokyo, Apr. 13-18, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.4, New York, American Society of Mechanical Engineers, 1986, p.385-394, 9 refs.

Ice mechanics, Drift, Ice models, Sea ice, Ice edge,

Forecasting.

40-3166

Nowcasting sea ice movement through the Bering

Strait.

Kozo, T.L., et al, International Offshore Mechanics and Arctic Engineering (OMAE) Symposium, 5th, Tokyo, Apr. 13-18, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.4, New York, American Society of Mechanical Engineers, 1986, p.394-402, 24 refs.

Stringer, W.J., Torgerson, L.J.

Drift, Ice mechanics, Sea ice, Ice jams, Stresses, Occap aureants Encessing Velocity, Wind velocity.

Ocean currents, Forecasting, Velocity, Wind velocity, Atmospheric pressure, Bering Strait.

Free drift sea ice motion forecasting: A comparative study of models.

Gaskill, H.S., et al, International Offshore Mechanics and Arctic Engineering (OMAE) Symposium, 5th, Tokyo, Apr. 13-18, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.4, New York, American Society of Mechanical Engineers, 1986, p.403-409, 8 refs.

Drift, Sea ice, Ice mechanics, Offshore drilling, Ice floes, Icebergs, Forecasting, Models, Wind factors, Ocean currents.

Methodology for the determination of drag coefficients for ice floes.

Madsen O.S. et al. International Offshore Mechanics and Arctic Engineering (OMAE) Symposium, 5th Tokyo, Apr. 13-18, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.4, New York, American Society of Mechanical Engineers, 1986, p.410-417, 17 rets Bruno, M.S.

Ice mechanics, Ice floes, Ice water interface, Ocean currents, Wind factors, Analysis (mathematics).

40-3169

Evaluation of a model for predicting the drift of iceerg ensembles.

El-Tahan, H., et al. International Offshore Mechanics Eli-Janan, H., et al, International Offshore Mechanics and Arctic Engineering (OMAE) Symposium, 5th, Tokyo, Apr. 13-18, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.4, New York, American Society of Mechanical Engineers, 1986, p.418-425, 16 refs.

Venkatesh, S., El-Tahan, M.

Icebergs, Drift, Ice mechanics, Forecasting, Mathematical models. Ice volume.

Standard statistical approach to modeling iceberg

Chandler, P.C.P. International Offshore Mechanics and Arctic Engineering (OMAE) Symposium, 5th, Tokyo, Apr. 13-18, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.4, New York, American Society of Mechanical Engineers,

1986, p.426-431, 10 refs.

Drift, Icebergs, Ice mechanics, Forecasting, Statistical analysis, Mathematical models, Grounded ice.

Whole-field measurement of ice displacement and strain-rates.

Strain-rates.

Conley, E., et al, International Offshore Mechanics and Arctic Engineering (OMAE) Symposium, 5th, Tokyo, Apr. 13-18, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.4, New York, American Society of Mechanical Engineers, 1986, p.432-435, 11 refs. Cloud, G.

Glacier flow, Ice mechanics, Geophysical surveys, Strains, Mapping, Photography.

Model tests of jacket structure in ice tank.

Nawata, T., et al, International Offshore Mechanics and Arctic Engineering (OMAE) Symposium, 5th, Tokyo, Apr. 13-18, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.4, New York, American Society of Mechanical Engineers, 1986, p.436-443, 11 refs.

Kawasaki, T., Yano, S., Ishikawa, S. Offshore structures, Ice conditions, Ice models, Ice loads, Ice solid interface, Tests.

40-3173

Indentation and penetration of edge-loaded freshwater ice sheets in the brittle range.

Arctic Engineering (OMAE) Symposium, 5th, Tokyo, Apr. 13-18, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.4, New York, American Society of Mechanical Engineers, 1986, p.444-452, 25 refs. Timco, G.W., International Offshore Mechanics and

Ice cracks, Ice cover strength, Brittleness, Loads (forces), Ice sheets, Penetration, Ice breaking, Tests, Ice cover thickness, Ice mechanics.

40-3174

Analysis of failure modes and damage processes of

freshwater ice in indentation tests.

Tomin, M.J., et al, International Offshore Mechanics and Arctic Engineering (OMAE) Symposium, 5th, Tokyo, Apr. 13-18, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.4, New York, American Society of Mechanical Engineers, 1986, p.453-460, 23 refs.

Cheung, M., Jordaan, I.J., Cormeau, A.

Ice cracks, Fracturing, Offshore structures, Ice solid interface, Ice loads, Penetration, Floating ice, Mathematical models, Velocity.

Total ice forces on the clusters of cylindrical piles. Saeki, H., et al, International Offshore Mechanics and Arctic Engineering (OMAE) Symposium, 5th, Tokyo,

Apr. 13-18, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.4, New York, American Society of Mechanical Engineers, 1986, p.461-466, 7 refs. Ono, T., Takeuchi, T., Suenaga, E.L., Sakai, M. Ice pressure, Piles, Ice loads, Offshore structures, Ice solid interface, Design, Ice sheets, Tests, Analysis

40-3176

Large scale versus small scale ice force predictions. Rojansky, M., International Offshore Mechanics and Arctic Engineering (OMAE) Symposium, 5th, Tokyo, Apr. 13-18, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.4, New York, American Society of Mechanical Engineers, 1986, p.467-471, 10 refs

Ice strength, Ice breakup, Offshore structures, Ice loads, Ice solid interface, Ice plasticity, Ice pressure, Forecasting, Tests, Brittleness, Design.

Three dimensional analysis of ice sheet indentation: lower bound solutions.

Karr, D.G., International Offshore Mechanics and Arctic Engineering (OMAE) Symposium, 5th, Tokyo, Apr. 13-18, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.4, New York, American Society of Mechanical Engineers, 1986, p.472-478, 21 refs.

Ice pressure, Ice plasticity, Ice sheets, Ice strength, Ice elasticity, Ice crystal structure, Ses ice, Anisotropy, Stresses.

40-3178

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Experimental study of indentation of columnar grained ice sheets in the transition zone.

Michel, B., et al, International Offshore Mechanics and Arctic Engineering (OMAE) Symposium, 5th, Tokyo, Apr. 13-18, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.4, New York, American Society of Mechanical Engineers, 1986, p.479-485, 16 refs. Jolicoeur, L.

Ice strength, Ice floes, Ice loads, Offshore structures, Impact strength, Brittleness, Tests, Ice cover thickness, Velocity.

Anisotropic sea ice indentation in the creeping mode. Sunder, S.S., et al, International Offshore Mechanics and Arctic Engineering (OMAE) Symposium, 5th, Tokyo, Apr. 13-18, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.4, New York, American Society of Mechanical Engineers, 1986, p.486-496, 41 refs.

Ganguly, J., Ting, S.-K.
Ice creep, Sea Ice, Anisotropy, Stresses, Ice pressure, Offshore structures, Models, Analysis (mathematics), Ice solid interface.

40-3180

Flexural failure of softening ice sheets.

Wierzbicki, T., et al, International Offshore Mechanics and Arctic Engineering (OMAE) Symposium, 5th, Tokyo, Apr. 13-18, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.4, New York, American Society of Mechanical Engineers, 1986, p.497-506, 19 refs.

Xirouchakis, P., Choi, S.K.
Ice strength, Flexural strength, Floating ice, Ice
deformation, Ice plasticity, Ice cracks, Loads (forces).

40-3181

Ice forces on fixed conical structures.

Clough, H.F., et al, International Offshore Mechanics and Arctic Engineering (OMAE) Symposium, 5th, Tokyo, Apr. 13-18, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.4, New York, American Society of Mechanical Engineers, 1986, p. 507-514, 13 refs.

Vinson, T.S. Ice loads, Offshore structures, Flexural strength, Ice cover thickness, Ice pressure, Ice floes, Velocity, Ice temperature. Tests.

40-3182

Ice forces on inclined structures.

Hirayama, K., et al, International Offshore Mechanics and Arctic Engineering (OMAE) Symposium, 5th, Tokyo, Apr. 13-18, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.4, New York, American Society of Mechanical Engineers, 1986, p.515-520, 16 refs. Obara, I.

Ice loads, Offshore structures, Ice pressure, Ice solid interface, Mathematical models, Tests, Ice breaking, Ice override.

40-3183

Effect of natural defects on sea ice loading. Aota, M., et al, International Offshore Mechanics and

Aota, M., et al, International Offshore Mechanics and Arctic Engineering (OMAE) Symposium, 5th, Tokyo, Apr. 13-18, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.4, New York, American Society of Mechanical Engineers, 1986, p.521-527, 7 refs.

Ice loads, Sea ice, Ice strength, Ice cracks, Defects,

Ice composition, Tests.

40-3184

Some effects of friction on ice forces against vertical structures.

Kato, K., et al, MP 2036, International Offshore Mechanics and Arctic Engineering (OMAE) Symposium, 5th, Tokyo, Apr. 13-18, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.4, New York, American Society of Mechanical Engineers, 1986, p.528-533, 17 refs. Sodhi, D.S., Haynes, D.

Ice loads, Ice friction, Offshore structures, Ice breaking, Ice solid interface, Ice conditions.

The contributions of frictional forces to the overall ice forces

exerted against sloping structures have been studied before, but their effect on the ice forces against vertical structures has not yet been studied. In this paper, the influence of frictional re-sistance on the crushing and buckling failure loads of ice sheets against flat, vertical structures is discussed. Small-scale experi-

ments were conducted to compare experimental results ω those from theoretical formulations. The main conclusions of this study are: a) the crushing ice forces increase with increasing coefficient of friction between ice and structure, and b) the buckling failure loads also increase due to changes in boundary condition induced by increasing frictional resistance at the ice/structure, interface. structure interface

Various materials.

Saeki, H., et al, International Offshore Mechanics and Arctic Engineering (OMAE) Symposium, 5th, Tokyo, Apr. 13-18, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.4, New York, American Society of Mechanical Engineers, 1986, n.534-540. 5 refs

Ono, T., Takeuchi, T., Kanie, S., Nakazawa, N. Ice loads, Offshore structures, Ice adhesion, Ice strength, Water level, Sea ice, Materials, Caissons,

Adfreeze forces on offshore platforms.

Addreeze forces on offshore platforms. Cammaert, A.B., et al, International Offshore Mechanics and Arctic Engineering (OMAE) Symposium, 5th, Tokyo, Apr. 13-18, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.4, New York, American Society of Mechanical Engineers, 1986, p.541-548, 14 refs.

Ice adhesion, Offshore structures, Ice loads, Ice

strength, Platforms, Tests, Air temperature, Models.

Multivear ice floe collision with a massive offshore

Gershunov, E.M., International Offshore Mechanics and Arctic Engineering (OMAE) Symposium, 5th, Tokyo, Apr. 13-18, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.4, New York, American Society of Mechanical Engineers, 1986, p.549-554, 16 refs. Ice floes, Offshore structures, Impact strength, Ice

loads, Ice solid interface, Ice pressure, Analysis (mathematics).

40-3188

Iceberg-structure interaction global and local loads. Brown, T.G., et al. International Offshore Mechanics and Arctic Engineering (OMAE) Symposium, 5th, Tokyo, Apr. 13-18, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.4, New York, American Society of Mechanical Engineers, 1986, p.555-560, 16 refs.

Kocaman, A., Punj, V., Bercha, F.G.
Ice loads, Offshore structures, Icebergs, Ice solid interfers.

terface, Ice pressure, Impact strength, Rheology Dynamic loads, Models.

Model tests on the dynamic behavior of a floating. cable-moored platform impacted by floes of annual

Matsuishi, M., et al, International Offshore Mechanics and Arctic Engineering (OMAE) Symposium, 5th, Tokyo, Apr. 13-18, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.4, New York, American Society of Mechanical Engineers, 1986, p.561-568, 10 refs. Ettema, R.

Ice loads, Floating structures, Ice floes, Platforms, Plexural strength, Dynamic loads, Models, Tests, Impact strength, Moorings.

Impact ice force and pressure: An experimental study with urea ice.

Sodhi, D.S., et al, MP 2037, International Offshore Mechanics and Arctic Engineering (OMAE) Symposium, 5th, Tokyo, Apr. 13-18, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.4, New York, American Society of Mechanical Engineers, 1986, p.569-576, 10 refs.

Ice loads, Ice pressure, Offshore structures, Impact strength, Piles, Velocity, Urea, Experimentation, Compressive properties.

Compressive properties.

An experimental study was undertaken of the total force and local pressure generated during the impact of a vertical cylindrical structure against the edge of an ice sheet. The test structure was an instrumented cylindrical pile that protruded under a massive ram suspended from two cranes in the form of a bifilar pendulum. Measurements were made of impact velocity, total ice force, and pressure at a point on the pile. The dependence of normalized maximum ice forces with respect to aspect ratio has the same trend as that for the crushing failure of an ice and has the same trend as that for the crushing failure of an ice sheet against a vertical structure. The results of this study indicate that the instantaneous maximum pressure can be an order of magnitude higher than the unconfined compressive strength of

Flexural-gravity wave refraction in an ice cover. Khrapatyi, N.G., et al, International Offshore Mechanics and Arctic Engineering (OMAE) Symposium, 5th, Tokyo, Apr. 13-18, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.4, New York, American Society of Mechanical Engineers, 1986, p.577-582, 4 refs.
Takhteev, V.A.

Wave propagation, Water waves, Ice cover effect, Refraction, Gravity waves, Flexural strength, Velocity, Ocean waves, Analysis (mathematics).

40-3192

Ice rheology finite element models.

Brown, T.G., et al, International Offshore Mechanics and Arctic Engineering (OMAE) Symposium, 5th, Tokyo, Apr. 13-18, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.4, New York, American Society of Mechanical Engineers, 1986, p.583-588, 15 refs. Cheung, M.S., Bercha, F.G. Ice creep, Ice pressure, Offshore structures, Rheolo-

gy, Ice models, Ice cracks, Strains, Stresses.

40.3103

Estimates of sea ice energy expenditure on the sea-floor of the Beaufort Sea, Alaska. Rearic, D.M., International Offshore Mechanics and

Arctic Engineering (OMAE) Symposium, 5th, Tokyo, Apr. 13-18, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.4, New York, American Society of Mechanical Engineers, 1986, p.589-592, 14 refs.

Ice scoring, Bottom sediment, Ocean bottom, Sea ice, Ice mechanics.

40-3194
Rubble-ice resistance for ships moving with creeping

Kitazawa, T., et al. International Offshore Mechanics RIBZAWA, 1., et al, International Offshore Mechanics and Arctic Engineering (OMAE) Symposium, 5th, Tokyo, Apr. 13-18, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.4, New York, American Society of Mechanical Engineers, 1986, p.593-600, 5 refs. Ettema. R.

Ice navigation, Ice strength, Ice conditions, Friction, Ships, Velocity.

40-3195

Simulation methodology of vessel-ice floes interaction problem.

Vinogradov, O.C., International Offshore Mechanics and Arctic Engineering (OMAE) Symposium, 5th, Tokyo, Apr. 13-18, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.4, New York, American Society of Mechanical Engineers, 1986, p.601-606, 6 refs.
Ice floes, Ships, Ice solid interface, Mathematical

models, Computer applications.

Dynamic loads and response of a ship during continuous ice breaking.
Matusiak, J.F., International Offshore Mechanics and

Arctic Engineering (OMAE) Symposium, 5th, Tokyo, Apr. 13-18, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.4, New York, American Society of Mechanical Engineers, 1986, p.607-613, 6 refs.

Ice breaking, Dynamic loads, Ice navigation, Ships, Icebreakers, Analysis (mathematics).

40-3197

Response of a floating sea ice sheet to a moving vehi-

Takizawa, T., International Offshore Mechanics and lakizawa, I., International Offshore Mechanics and Arctic Engineering (OMAE) Symposium, 5th, Tokyo, Apr. 13-18, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.4, New York, American Society of Mechanical Engineers, 1986, p.614-621, 13 refs.

Floating ice, Ice strength, Ice navigation, Ice deformation, Sea ice, Ice sheets, Velocity.

Ice floe distribution in the wake of a simple wedge. Tatinclaux, J.C., MP 2038, International Offshore Mechanics and Arctic Engineering (OMAE) Symposium, 5th, Tokyo, Apr. 13-18, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.4, New York, American Society of Mechanical Engineers, 1986, p.622-629, 6 refs

Ice breaking, Ice wedges, Ice floes, Sea ice distribu-tion, Icebreakers, Ice strength, Ice cover thickness, Ice models, Ice conditions, Tests.

Tests in level ice on an idealized icebreaker bow in the shape of a simple wedge were conducted and the floe size distribution in its wake was observed. The ice floe length and ice floe area were found to follow log-normal probability distributions defined by the length average and area average, and corresponding standard deviations

Study of strength requirements for nozzles of ice

Study of strength requirements for nozzles of Ice transiting ships.

Laskow, V., et al, International Offshore Mechanics and Arctic Engineering (OMAE) Symposium, 5th, Tokyo, Apr. 13-18, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.4, New York, American Society of Mechanical Engineers, 1986, p.630-637, 4 refs.

Bayly, I.M., Ghoneim, G.A.
Ice navigation, Ice loads, Ice pressure, Icebreakers, Streamth Decime

Strength, Design.

40-3200

Ultrasonic attenuation in ice crystals.

Tamura, J., et al, Japanese journal of applied physics, 1982, 21(Suppl. 21-3), p.95-97, 16 refs. Hiki Y

Ultrasonic tests, Ice crystals, Attenuation, Impurities, Ions, Temperature effects.

40-3201

Monitoring of snow covered area using satellite data. Ochiai, H., et al. Advances in earth oriented applications of space technology, 1981, 1(4), p.181-191, 4 refs.

Snow cover distribution, Remote sensing, Snow surveys, Snowfall, Snow depth, Monitors, Mountains, LANDSAT, Japan.

40-3202

Vapor drive maps of the U.S.A.
Tobiasson, W., et al, MP 2041, Hanover, NH, Cold
Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory,
[1986], 7p. + graphs, 9 refs. Presented at the
ASHRAE/DOE/BTECC Conference "Thermal Performance of the Exterior Envelopes of Buildings III", Clearwater Beach, FL, Dec. 1985.

Harrington, M.

Thermal insulation, Condensation, Moisture, Water vapor, Maps, Buildings, Meteorological factors, Design criteria. Seasonal variations.

sign criteria, Seasonal variations.

The thermal performance of most insulations used in building envelopes will be seriously degraded if the insulation becomes wet. Problematic moisture can come from within the building envelope. Guidance on when to use "air-retarders" needs improvement. As a step in this direction, weather records have been analyzed and two series of maps have been made that relate the relative humidity within a building to the vapor pressure gradients across the building envelope. Each map in the first series is for a specific ratio of cold weather wetting potential to warm weather drying potential. Each map in the second series is for a specific cold weather wetting potential.

40-3203

Roof moisture surveys: yesterday, today and tomor-

Tobiasson, W., et al, MP 2040, International Symposium on Roofing Technology, 1985. Proceedings. A decade of change and future trends in roofing, Chicago, IL, National Roofing Contractors Association, (1985), p. 438-443 + figs., 45 refs.

Roofs, Moisture detection, Thermal insulation, Condensation, Measuring instruments.

Roof moisture surveys are conducted with nuclear meters capacitance meters or infrared scanners. Nuclear meters and capacitance meters or infrared scanners. Nuclear meters and capacitance meters take readings at the spots on the roof with points spaced from 5 to 10 feet apart. Nuclear meters sense the amount of hydrogen in the roofing system at each spot. Since most dry roofs contain hydrocarbons, they do not give zero readings. When water also is present on the roof, nuclear readings increase since water is part hydrogen. Capacitance meters create an alternating current electrical field in the roofing system below. When there is water in the roof, its dielectric properties change and the reading on the capacitance meter increases. Capacitance meters do not "see" deeply (a few inches at most) into the roofing system. An infrared scanner senses the temperature of the surface of the roof. Wet insulation changes the ability of the roofing system to store and conduct thermal energy, thereby causing changes in its surface temperature which the infrared scanner can detect. Instead of a meter reading, the infrared results are presented as shades of brightness on a video monitor. This qualitative visual image brightness on a video monitor. This qualitative visual image provides information about every square inch of the roof, but the information is more subjective than the numbers generated at grid points by nuclear or capacitance meters.

40-3204

Condensation control in low-slope roofs.
Tobiasson, W., MP 2039, Moisture Control in Building: Workshop proceedings, Sep. 25-26, 1984. Edited by E. Bales and H. Trechsel, Washington, D.C., Building Thermal Envelope Coordinating Council, 10266

(1985), p. 47-59, 47 refs.

Roofs, Condensation, Moisture, Vapor transfer, Air flow, Countermeasures, Buildings, Damage, Con-struction materials, Maintenance.

Excessive moisture can damage wood, metal, and concrete roof decks, cause bituminous membranes to wrinkle, shrink, split, delaminate and blister and significantly reduce the insulating ability of most roof insulations. Low-sloped wood-frame roofs

with below-deck insulation have encountered a significant number of condensation problems. Few such problems occur for compact membrane roofs without intervening air spaces. Air leakage control probably explains the difference. However, serious condensation problems occur in some compact membrane roofs, particularly in cold regions. For most roofs, upward vapor flow in cold weather is generally exceeded by downward vapor flow in warm weather. Thus, the objective is to install air-vapor retarders to reduce winter wetting to an acceptable level. Ventilation of the space between the membrane and the retarder is also practiced.

40-3205

Ecology (including physiological aspects) of selected antarctic marine invertebrates associated with inshore macrophytes.

Richardson, M.G., Durham, University of Durham, 1978, 165p. + refs. and illus., Ph.D. thesis. 23p. of

Sea ice distribution, Cryobiology, Antarctica—Signy

Benthic surveys of Borge Bay, Signy I, showed that the habitat Dentific surveys of Borge Bay, Signy 1, snowed that the habitat provided by macroalgae is important as a source of food and shelter to a wide variety of benthic and demersal species. The biology of two contrasting invertebrates, the amphipod Pontogeneia antarctica and the bivalve Lissarcs miliaris., was investigated in the provided of the provided provided in the provided provid general antactuca and the oviewe Lissaics liminals, was investigated. The mollusc remained in the benthos throughout the year, whilst the crustacean exhibited a major migration to the undersurface of the fast ice during the winter. Despite such obvious ecological differences, some fundamental similarities were apparent in the reproductive biology of these animals. (Auth.

40-3206

Utilization of the polar platform of NASA's space station program for operational earth observations.

McElroy, J.H., et al, U.S. National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration. National Environmental Satellite, Data, and Informatic . service. NOAA Technical Report, Sep. 1984, NESDIS 12, 67p. PP85-15202

Schneider, S.R.

Spaceborne photography, Spacecraft, Seu ice distribution.

40-3207

Weather observations Wright Valley, Antarctica. Bromley, A.M., Wellington, New Zealand Meteorological Service, 1985, 37p., 12 refs.

observations, Snow. (meteorology), Wind (meteorology), Antarctica-Wright Valley, Antarctica-Vanda Station.

Wright Valley, Antarctica—Vanda Station.

Wright Valley is part of the dry valley system and is substantially free of snow and ice 1958 marks the start of weather reports from this area with data from Lake Vanda. In 1969 a permanent station was established at Vanda and a general study of climate and heat balance began. Vanous aspects of snow observations were made, are discussed, and statistical data are reported and assessed. For the snow data from another source see New Zealand antarctic record, Vol.6, Special supplement, 60-68, 1985 (40-3096 or 1-33613). Details are also given of the Föhn westerlies as they blow through various channels and cuts in nearby mountains and down glaciers. Physical features for determining onset times and characteristics and severity of individual westerlies patterns are pointed out.

40-3208

Study of the ice biota of Frobisher Bay, Baffin Island, 1979-81

Grainger, E.H., et al, Canadian manuscript report of fisheries and aquatic sciences, Feb. 1982, No.1647, 128p. MICROLOG 82-2004.

Algae, Cryobiology, Fast ice, Microbiology.

40-3209

Role of frost action on the development of shore plat-

forms: Gaspe, Quebec. Rudakas, P.A., Windsor, Ontario, University of Windsor, 1979, 125p., M.A. thesis, Canadian theses on microfiche no. 44472.

Shoreline modification, Prost action, Preeze thaw tests, Frost weathering, Shore erosion.

40-3210 On the contact heat transfer with melting: (1st re-

port: Experimental study).
Saito, A., et al, Japan Society of Mechanical Engineers.
Bulletin, June 1985, 28(240), p.1142-1149, 5 refs. Utaka, Y.,

Utaka, Y., Akiyoshi, M., Katayama, K. Melting, Heat transfer, Phase transformations, Stor-

age. Heat. Analysis (mathematics). 40-3211

On the contact heat transfer with melting: (2nd re-

port: Analytical study). Saito, A., et al, Japan Society of Mechanical Engineers. Bulletin, Aug. 1985, 28(242), p.1703-1709,

Utaka, Y., Akiyoshi, M., Katayama, K Heat transfer, Melting, Phase transformations, Sol-ids, Analysis (mathematics), Temperature distribution. Storage.

VIBROSEIS in the Canadian Arctic-a case study. Birnie, D., et al, Canadian Society of Exploration Geo-physicists. Journal, Dec. 1981, 17(1), p.7-23, 5 refs. Eastwood, F.

Permafrost physics, Seismic reflection, Acoustics, Explosion effects, Wave propagation, Noise (sound), Measuring instruments.

40-3213

Permafrost determination by seismic velocity ana-

Hatlelid, W.G., et al, Canadian Society of Exploration Geophysicists. Journal, Dec. 1982, 18(1), p.14-22, 6 refs

MacDonald, J.R.

Subsea permafrost, Permafrost distribution, Permafrost depth. Permafrost thickness, Seismic surveys, Permafrost forecasting, Seismic refraction, Seismic reflection, Beaufort Sea, Canada—Northwest Territories Mackenzie River Delta.

Melting process of ice inside a horizontal cylinder: effects of density anomaly.
Rieger, H., et al, Journal of heat transfer, Feb. 1986,

108(1), p.166-173, 20 refs.

Ice melting. Density (mass/volume). Heat transfer. Ice water interface, Phase transformations, Melting points, Temperature effects, Walls, Cylinders.

40-3215

USNS Potomac oil spill, Melville Bay, Greenland, August 5, 1977. A joint report on scientific studies and impact assessment by the NOAA-USCG Spilled Oil Research team and the Greenland Fisheries Investigations, Ministry for Greenland.

Grose, P.L., et al, U.S. National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration. Report, Aug. 1979, NOAA-80031106, 134p., PB80-173 727, 34 refs.

Mattson, J.S., Petersen, H. Oil spills, Water pollution, Degradation, Polar regions, Distribution, Environmental impact, Marine biology, Ecology, Greenland—Melville Bay.

Closed-system freezing of soil in earth dams and ca-

Jones, C.W., Canadian geotechnical journal, Feb. 1986, 23(1), p.1-8, With French summary. 11 refs. Soil freezing, Earth dams, Soil compaction, Frost action, Soil water, Channels (waterways), Snow depth, Water content, Tests.

40-3217

Early regional photointerpretation and geological studies of landslide terrain along the South Saskatch-

ewan and Qu'Appelle River valleys.

Mollard, J.D., Canadian geotechnical journal, Feb.
1986, 23(1), p. 79-83, With French summary. 13 refs.
Hummocks, Geomorphology, Banks (waterways),
Remote sensing, Rivers, Photointerpretation, Landslides, Landforms, Geology.

New regulations in force for maritime ice service. Neue Anordnung über den Eisdienst in der Seefahrt in Kraft,

Hinrichs, B., et al, Seewirtschaft, Dec. 1985, 17(12), p.584-585, In German. 6 refs. Koch, H.-J.

Ice navigation, Ice surveys, Icebreakers, Ice conditions, Ice breaking, Weather observations.

40-3219

Glacial margins of Austre Lovenbreen glacier, Spitsbergen: a peculiar environment sinked to subglacial rus off. ¡Les marges glacées du Loren Est, Spitsberg: ur. milieu original lié aux écoulements sous-glac'aires₁, Griselin, M., Revue de géographie alpine, 1985,

Vol.73, p.389-410, In French with English summary

Glacial hydrology, Glacial rivers, Subglacial drainage, Runoff, Ice formation, Mapping, Norway-Spitsbergen.

40-3220

ARKTIS III expedition with RV Polarstern 1985.
[Die Expedition ARKTIS III mit FS Polarstern

Gersonde, R., ed. Berichte zur Polarforschung, Jan. 1986, No.28, 113p., In German, with English suiter

Icebreakers, Ice breaking, Sea ice, Ocean currents, Oceanographic surveys, Geophysical surveys, Marine biology, Sediments.

Meteorological data of the Georg-von-Neumayer-Station for 1981 and 1982.
Gube-Lenhardt, M., et al, Berichte zur Polarforschung, 1986, No.30, 41p., 17 refs.
Obleitner, F.

Meteorological data, Meteorological instruments, Air temperature, Humidity, Wind (meteorology), Snow temperature.

This report describes the meteorological instrumentation at Georg von Neumayer Station for the years 1981 and 1982, explains the data processing and archiving procedures and presents some results of the recordings taken during these two years. Parameters reported include atmospheric temperature, pressure and humidity, firn temperature, cloudiness, wind speed and direction, vertical temperature gradients and surface inver-sions, global radiation, radiation flux, albedo, and radiation budget. (Auth. mod.)

40-3222 USARP/DF 86 cruise report.

Anderson, J.B., Houston, Texas, Rice University, 1986, 11 leaves, 1 ref.

Marine geology, Seismic surveys, Geologic structures, Bottom topography, Antarctica—Bransfield Strait, Antarctica—Gerlache Strait, Antarctica—Marguer-

ite Bay.

A multi-university scientific party of geologists conducted surveys of the Bransfield Basin, Gerlache Strait, the continental shelf west of Anvers Island, and Marguerite Bay. An account is given of the data collected and a summary of preliminary results is provided. Charts of the cruises are included along with a list of stations where samples were taken. The cover shows coastal shelf areas surveyed from DF 79 through DF 86.

Quaternary glaciomarine sedimentation interpreted from seismic surveys of flords on Baffin Island,

Gilbert, R., Arctic, Dec. 1985, 38(4), p.271-280, With

Glidert, K., Arcic, Dec. 1953, 38(4), p.271-280, With French summary. 23 refs.
Glaciation, Marine deposits, Quaternary deposits, Subsea permafrost, Sedimentation, Seismic reflection, Canada—Northwest Territories—Baffin Island.

40-3224

Surface disposal of waste drilling fluids, Ellef Ringnes Island, N.W.T.: short-term observations.
French, H.M., Arctic, Dec. 1985, 38(4), p.292-302,

With French summary. 21 refs.
Waste disposal, Tundra, Permafrost, Drilling fluids,
Soil pollution, Water pollution, Canada—Northwest
Territories—Ellef Ringnes Island.

Diurnal thermal regime in a peat-covered palsa, Too-

Diurnal thermal regime in a peat-covered palsa, Too-lik Lake, Alaska.

Nelson, F.E., et al, Arctic, Dec. 1985, 38(4), p.310-315, With French summary. 19 refs.

Outcalt, S.I., Goodwin, C.W., Hinkel, K.M.

Frost mounds, Thermal regime, Active layer, Peat, Permafrost thermal properties, Ice cores, Soil tem-perature, Temperature variations, Diurnal variations, United States—Alaska—Toolik Lake.

Heat flow sensors on walls-what can we learn. Flanders, S.N., American Society for Testing and Materials. Special technical testing publication, 1985, No.885, MP 2042, p.140-149, 10 rets.

Thermal insulation, Wans, Heat transfer, Heat flux, Heat loss, Buildings, Accuracy, Thermal conductivi-

This paper addresses the validity of employing heat flow sensors This paper addresses the validity of employing heat flow sensors (HFSs) on the indoor surfaces of building walls to determine thermal characteristics. It also reports on the results obtained in the field. Some of the factors affecting HFS measurement accuracy (together with a likely percentage standard deviation attributable to that factor) are as follows (a) the conductivities of HFS and its surroundings (3%), (b) convection mode change and the sensor cause a *2.1% has (2%), (c) the missing the sensor cause a *2.1% has (2%), (c) the missing the sensor cause a *2.1% has (2%), (c) the missing the sensor cause a *2.1% has (2%), (c) the missing the sensor cause a *2.1% has (2%), (c) the missing the sensor cause a *2.1% has (2%), (c) the missing the sensor cause a *2.1% has (2%), (c) the missing the sensor cause a *2.1% has (2%), (c) the missing the sensor cause a *2.1% has (2%), (c) the missing the sensor cause a *2.1% has (2%), (c) the missing the sensor cause a *2.1% has (2%), (c) the missing the sensor cause a *2.1% has (2%), (c) the missing the sensor cause a *2.1% has (2%), (c) the sensor cause a *2.1% has (2%), (c) the missing the sensor cause a *2.1% has (2%), (c) t of HFS and its surroundings (3%), (b) convection mode changing over the sensor, causing a + 21% bias (26%), (c) the mis-match of HFS absorptivity with the surroundings (6%), and (d) thermal contact of the HFS with the surface (1%). A propagation-of-errors analysis indicates that the resulting standard deviation of an HFS measurement would be approximately 10% of the mean of the measurements

Electrical surveys in the Alberta foothills.

Duckworth, K., Canadian Society of Exploration Geo-physicists. Journal, Dec. 1983, 19(1), p.57-66, 20

pround physics, Soll physics, Electrical properties, Clay soils, Models, Tests, Canada Alberta.

40-3228

Effect of permafrost on the IP response of lead zinc ores.

Kay, A., et al, Canadian Society of Exploration Geophysicists. Journal, Dec. 1983, 19(1), p.75-83, 8 refs. Duckworth, K.

Permafrost physics, Electrical properties, Minerals, Polarization (charge separation), Temperature effects, Electrical resistivity, Rocks, Tests.

40-3229

Regional meteorology of the Bering Sea during MIZEX (Marginal Ice Zone Experiment) West, February and March, 1983.

Wilson, J.G., et al, U.S. National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration. Pacific Marine Environmenspheric Administration. Pacific Marine Environmen-tal Laboratory. Contribution, Oct. 1984, CONTRIB-729, 115p., PB85-173 599, 6 refs. Comiskey, A.L., Lindsay, R.W., Long, V.L. Marine meteorology, Ice conditions, Weather sta-tions, Ice edge, Boundary layer.

Climate of large lakes in Siberia. (Klimat bol'shikh

ozer Sibiri, Shotskii, V.P., ed, Novosibirsk, Nauka, 1984, 145p., In Russian with abridged English table of contents en-closed. Refs. p.138-145. LadeIshchikov, N.P., ed.

Climatic factors, Radiation balance, Environmental protection, Wind factors, Precipitation (meteorology), Lakes, Meteorological charts, Mountains, Thermal regime, Meteorological data, Economic development, Air temperature, Solar radiation.

Dynamics of plastid pigment content in pine, in rela-tion to spring fertilizing of the north-taiga lichen forests. [Dinamika soderzhaniia plastidnykh pigmentov u sosny v sviazi s vneseniem udobrenil v severotaezhnykh lishalnikovykh borakh_l,

Konovalov, V.N., et al, Russia Ministerstvo vys-shego i srednego spetsial'nogo obrazovaniia. Izvestiia vysshikh uchebnykh zavedenň. Lesnot zhurnal. 1985, No.6, p.18-22, In Russian. 15 refs

Listov, A.A.
Taiga, Photosynthesis, Plant physiology, Lichens,
Plant ecology, Nutrient cycle, Cryogenic soils.

Construction of taiga forest roads in freezing weather. [Vozvedenie zemlianogo polotna lesovoznykh dorog v zimnikh usloviiakh₁, Migliachenko, V.P., Russia. Ministerstvo vysshego i

srednego spetsial'nogo obrazovaniis. Izvestila vvs-

srednego spetsial nogo obrazovania. Izvestila vysshikh uchebnykh zavedenh. Lesnol zhurnal, 1985, No.6, p.38-41, In Russian. 5 refs
Roadbeds, Cryogenic soils, Taiga, Soil freezing, Earthwork, Excavation, Frozen ground strength, Defrosting, Admixtures, Artificial thawing.

Near-surface water circulation in the subarctic frontal zone from satellite data. (O pripoverkhnostnol tsirkuliatsii vod v subarkticheskol frontal'nol zone (po

dannym ISZ₁, Ginzburg, A.I., et al, *Issledovanie Zemli iz kosmosa*, Jan.-Feb. 1986, No.1, p.8-13, In Russian with English summary. Fedorov K N

Spaceborne photography, Subpolar regions, Ocean currents. Turbulence.

Determining moisture content of inhomogeneously moistened soils, with surface transition layers, from the data of spectral superhigh frequency measurements. [Opredelenie vlazhnosti neodnorodno uvlazhnennykh pochvogruntov s poverkhnostnym perekhodnym sloem po dannym spektral'nykh SVCh-radiomet-

richeskikh izmereniij, Reutov, E.A., et al, *Issledovanie Zemli iz kosmosa*, Jan.-Feb. 1986, No.1, p.71-78, In Russian with English summary. 5 Shutko, A.M. 5 refs.

Remote sensing, Radiometry, Soil water, Moisture detection, Measuring instruments.

Problems in studying disperse soils. [Nekotorye problemy izucheniia dispersnykh gruntovi, Osipov, V.I., *Inzhenernaia geologiia*, Jan-Feb 1986, No.1, p.17-22, In Russian. 4 refs.

erals, Soil water, Adsorption, Quicksand.

40-3216

Regionalization of the West Siberian Plate according regionalization of the west Siperian Flate according to permafrost structure and thickness. (Ralonirovanie Zapadno-Sibirskof plity po kharakteru stroeniia i moshchnosti tolshch mnogoletnemerzlykh porod), Trofimov, V.T., et al, *Inzhenernaia geologiia*, Jan. Feb. 1986, No.1, p.65-70, In Russian. 13 refs. Kudriashov, V.G.

Mapping, Permafrost distribution, Permafrost thickness. Permafrost structure. Charts.

40-3237

Mapping of permafrost as a method of locating hydrothermally altered rocks and deteriorating structures. Kartirovanie merzlykh gruntov kak metod obnaruzheniia gidrotermal'no izmenennykh porod i struktur

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Ice veins Permafrost transformation Permafrost thermal properties, Permafrost hydrology, Hydrothermal processes.

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Modeling of radio wave scattering by ice covers. [Modelirovanie protsessov rasseianiia radiovoln

ledovymi pokrovamij, Timchenko, A.I., et al, Russia. Ministerstvo vysshego i srednego spetsial nogo obrazovaniia. Izvestiis vysshikh uchebnykh zavedenii. Radiofizika, 1985, 28(7), p.816-822, In Russian. 10 refs

Sinitsyn, IU.A., Efimov, V.B. Ice physics, Radio waves, Scattering, Ice cover, Roughness coefficient, Attenuation, Mathematical models.

40-3239

Materials for cryogenic wind tunnel testing.

Tobler, R.L., U.S. National Jureau of Standards. Na-Tooler, N.C., C.S. National Sureau of Stationals. National Measurement Laboratory. Report, May 1980, NBSIR 79-1624, 128p., N81-74903, NASA CR-165 716, Refs. p.110-128.

Cryogenic structures, Wind tunnels, Airplanes, Low temperature tests, Materials, Tensile properties, Fatigue (materials), Models, Design.

40-3240

Summary of NASA's research on the fluid ice protection system.

Albright, A.E., American Institute of Aeronautics and Astronautics, Aerospace Sciences Meeting, 23rd, Reno, NV, Jun. 14-17, 1985. AIAA paper, [1985], 14p., A85-19768, AIAA 85-0467, 9 refs. Ice prevention, Aircraft icing, Fluid flow, Wind tun-

nels, Tests, Ice removal, Flow rate.

40-3241

Results of experimental studies of mechanical properties of ice covers. [Nekotorye rezul'taty eksperimen-tal'nykh issledovanii mekhanicheskikh svoist

ledianogo pokrovaj,
Epifanov, V.P., Akademiia nauk SSSR. Izvestiia.
Mekhanika tverdogo tela, Mar.-Apr. 1985, No.2,
p.182-191, In Russian. 28 refs.
Ice physics, Ice cover strength, Tests, Ice mechanics,

Experimentation, Tensile properties, Compressive properties, Impact tests, Loading.

40-3242

Operating speeds of snow-and-ice control vehicles.

McDonald, J.M., et al. U.S. Federal Highway Administration. Engineering Research and Development Bureau. Research report, Aug. 1983,
FHWAINY/RR-83/106, 41p., PB84-151 281, 5 refs.

Anania. G.L. Snow removal, Ice removal, Equipment, Velocity, Ice control, Vehicles, Road maintenance, Winter maintenance, Road icing.

40-3243

Winter flow, ice and weather conditions of the upper St. Lawrence River, 1971-81. Volume 3: Water level, discharge and temperature.

Shen, H.T., et al, Clarkson College of Technology, Potsdam, NY. Dept. of Civil and Environmental Engineering. Report, July 1982, No.82-4, 182p, PB83-166 280, 2 refs. Yapa, P.N.D.D.

lcc conditions, Water level, River ice, River flow, Meteorological data, Ice reporting, Ice navigation, Ice models, Statistical analysis, St. Lawrence River.

Improving ships for ice navigation. (Uluchshaia le-

dovye kachestva sudov₁, Faddeev, O., Morskoi flot, 1985, No 10, p.39-40, In

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Ice navigation, Icebreakers, Ice breaking, Ships, Design.

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Icebreaker trafficability studies.

Sweet, L.R., Alaska. Department of Transportation and Public Facilities. Research notes. Mar. 1986.

Ship icing, Ice prevention, Icebreakers, Ice naviga-tion, Trafficability, Ice cores.

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Vegetation, Plant ecology, Tundra, Forest ecosystems, Forest lines, Geobotanical interpretation, Climatic factors, Polar regions, Mountains.

Lacustrine studies in the mountain region around Untersee, rissledovanie ozer gornogo oazisa Unter-

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Kaup, E.V., Loopmann, A.A.

Lake ice, Ice cover thickness, Lake water, Hydrogeo-chemistry, Microbiology, Antarctica—Untersee,

Lake.
In 1983 a first complex investigation of lakes of the Wohlthat Mountains was carried out by Soviet and German scientists from Novolazarevskaya. The two main lakes within the Untersee region were investigated by bathymetric measurements along some profiles. The ice thickness, the vertical temperature distribution and the concentration of dissolved oxygen were studied. The distribution of the water mineralization and the pH values were measured. Samples were collected for determination of nutrient content and concentrations of main the share weeks and oxygen incores (Calles). The distributions heavy means and oxygen incores (Calles). The distributions heavy means and oxygen incores (Calles). The distributions of main ions, heavy metals and oxygen isotopes (O-18). The distribu-tion of chlorophyll and the primary production of phytoplant-ton were determined by C-14 measurements. The vertical dis-tribution of photoactive radiation (380-710 nm) was noted. Samples of phytoplankton and phytobenthos were conserved for determination of species distribution. Sediment was Samples of phytopiankion and phytopeathos were conserved for determination of species distribution. Sediment was sampled for chemical analysis. The morphology of the lakes "Untersee" and "Obersee" and some chemical and biological data of fresh-water lakes, glaciers and snow of the ossis are presented in form of tables and figures. (Auth.)

40-3249

Hydrogeochemical studies of lakes and precipitation in the Schirmacher Hills area of Oneen Maud Land. East Antarctica. (Hydrogeochemische Untersuchungen an Seen und Niederschlägen in der Schirmacher-Oase, Königin-Maud-Land, Ostantarktika),

Wand, U., et al, Geodatische und geophysikalische Veröffentlichungen, 1985, Ser.I, No.12, Symposium zur Antarktisforschung der DDR, Garwitz 1984, p.33-56, In German with English and Russian summaries.

Hermichen, W.-D., Partisch, M., Zierath, R.

Lake water, Hydrogeochemistry, Snow composition, Salinity, Lake ice, Antarctica—Schirmacher Hills.

During the austral summers of 1980/81 and 1981/82 30 lake-During the austral summers of 1980/81 and 1981/82 30 lakewater samples and 16 snow samples (fresh atmospheric precipitation) were collected in the Schirmacher Hills and analyzed for their major cationic and anionic contents. Not only the snow samples but also most of the lake waters showed extremely low salt content (a few tens mg/l). Shallow and drainless pools and lakes which are strongly influenced by evaporation processes have higher salt concentrations, up to about 500 mg/l depending on fresh-water inflow, ice-cover thickness and state of concentration (evaporation). The epishelf lakes lying between the casis and shelf ice are tidal fresh-water lakes. They are hydrogeochemically very similar to seawater. The other lakes of the Schirmacher Osais represent a wide variety of hydrogeochemical conditions. According to the principal cations and anions the following types of lake water may be classified: Na-Cl, Na-SO4, Ca-SO4, Ca-HCO3, Ca-Cl. (Auth. mod.)

Shelf ice moraines as altitude markers in the Schir-macher Hills (Queen Maud Land, East Antarctica). Moranen des Schelfeises als Höhenmarken in der chirmacher-Oase (Dronning Maud Land, Ostantarktika)1.

Hebert, D., et al. Geodatische und geophysikalische Veröffentlichungen, 1985, Ser.I, No.12, Symposium zur Antarktisforschung der DDR, Garwitz 1984, p.88-94, In German with English and Russian summaries. 16 refs.

Moraines, Altitude, Glacier ice, Ice shelves, Isostasy, Antarctica—Schirmacher Hills.

Push moraines whose formation is caused by inland ice stream which flow around the casis, are widely distributed on the northern slope of the Schirmacher Oasis. The pushing powers of the ice streams are transferred to the shelf ice and by this against the northern edge of the casis. On the other hand, the distribution of moraines in different altitudes is caused by effective glacial isostatic rise. The indication of raised push moraines in the above assalanced in the amenorder as the tive glacial isoatatic rise. The indication of raised push moraines of about 125 m above sea-level is in the aame order as the recently calculated amount of the postglacial isoatatic rase of East Antarctica. It was possible to demonstrate that the relatively high elevation is related to the probability of a long period of ice-free surface of the oasis. The age of the Schirmacher Oasis is assumed to be about 10,000 years. This assumption coincides well with research done by Soviet scientists using records of stratified lake sediments to determine the exact age (Auth.)

40-3251

Horizontal flow of the Filchner/Ronne Ice Shelf glacler (West Antarctica). [Horizontales Fliessen der Ronne- und Filchner Schelfeisgletscher (Westantark-

Weber, W., et al, Geodatische und geophysikalische Veröffentlichungen, 1985, Ser I, No.12, Symposium zur Antarktisforschung der DDR, Garwitz 1984, p.103-107. In German with English and Russian summaries. 3 refs. Peukert, K.

Ice shelves, Glacier ice, Glacier flow, Fk w rate, Antarctica—Filchner Ice Shelf, Antarctica—Ronne Ice

Shell.

Variations is, the positions of polar research stations on the Filchner and the Ronne shelf ice show that ice streams of the shelf ice glacier are flowing with a velocity between 1300 m/y and 1900 m/y. Comparing locations of the recent ice front with those of older maps shows flow velocities up to 2400 m/y for the last twenty years. Direction and velocity of drift contribute to the variations. (Auth.)

4C-3252

Seasonal and interangual sea ice variations in the Weddell Sea 1973-1983. [Jahreszeitliche und interannuale Meereisvariationen in der Region Weddell-

terannuale Meereisvanationen in der Region wederlimmeer von 1973 bis 1983₁, Gernandt, H., et al. Geodätische und geophysikalische Veröffentlichungen, 1985, Ser.I, No.12, Symposium zur Antarktisforschung der DDR, Garwitz 1984, p.108-122, In German with English and Russian summaries. 16 refs. Drescher K

Sea ice distribution, Ice air interface, Ice water interface, Air temperature, Polynyas, Antarctica—Weddell Sea, Antarctica—Halley Bay Station, South

Regular satellite observations of 10 years from 1973 to 1983 over the Atlantic sector give qualitative results about the in-terannual variations of sea ice cover in the Weddell Sea region. It is shown that characteristic anomalies such as the Weddell polynya appear periodically and very strongly influence variapolynya appear periodically and very strongly influence varia-tions in sea ice cover. Comparison between annual mean tem-peratures at Grytviken and Halley Bay permits qualitative con-clusions on interactions of the system ocean-sea ice-atmo-sphere. The immediate influence on sea ice distribution of a special event is discussed. (Auth.)

Development rhythms and stability of woody plants at low temperatures. Ritm razvitia i ustoichivost' drevesnykh rastenil k nizkim temperaturam, Smirnov, I.A., Moscow. Glavnyi botanicheskii sad. Biulleten', 1985, Vol.136, p.21-25, In Russian. 10

Introduced plants, Plant ecology, Frost resistance, Plant physiology, Ecosystems, Seasonal freeze thaw, Deserts, Frost action.

40-3254

Ice shelves of Antarctica.

Barkov, N.I., New Delhi, Amerind, 1985, 262p., For Russian original see 6F-10768. Refs. p.231-262. DLC GB 2597.B313

Ice shelves. Ice accretion, Ice structure, Ice thermal properties, Rheology.

A summary of data on the antarctic shelf ice published by Soviet and non-Soviet scientists up to 1968 is presented in 9 chapters (1) Brief history of research; (2) conditions for existence, (3) morphology; (4) accumulation; (5) structure; (6) temperature

regime; (7) movement; (8) present conditions and development of shelf ice in the past; and (9) classification.

Antarctica; notes on geography, economics and natural environment. L'Antartide, Notizie geografiche,

rai estrudimenta (p. Antartide, reduze geografice, economiche, naturalistiche),
Desio, A., ed, Turin, Unione Tipografico-Editrice
Torinese, (1983), 248p., In Italian. Refs. passim.
Sea ice, Ice sheets, Glaciers.

The 9 chapters of this book, and their respective introductions, In 9 chapters of this book, and their respective introductions, were written by the participants in the Round Table Meeting on Antarctica, held by the Italian Geographic Society on Mar. 8, 1980. The reviews cover, in a general way, the history of antarctic exploration, antarctic geography, seronomic research and climate, gravimetric, seismic and magnetic investigations, the antarctic ocean, geology, terrestrial and marine ecology, and additional control of the property of t politico-legal aspects, particularly thos: concerning territorial claims of the signatories of the Antarctic Treaty The latter is reproduced in its ertirety, in English, in the book's appendix A detailed map of Antarctica and its surrounding oceans is

Cold Weather Transit Technology Program. Vol.2:

Cold Weather Transit Technology Program. Vol.2: Transit system survey.

Albach, W.C., et al, U.S. Urban Mass Transportation Administration. Report, May 1983, UMTA-IN-06-0009-83-2, 18p. PB83-219 527. Koonce, B.L., Randolph, D.G., Jr. Ice accretion, Motor vehicles, Cold weather operation, Railroad tracks, Freezing, Snow accumulation,

Traction.

40-3257

Cold Weather Transit Technology Program. Vol.3: Investigation of the high incidence of rail pull aparts

on continuous welded rail.

Elizondo, Y.J., et al, U.S. Urban Mass Transportation
Administration. Report, May 1983,
UMTA-IN-06-0009-83-3, 54p. + appends., PB83-218 263, 13 refs.

Railroad tracks, Welding, Temperature effects, Ultra-sonic tests, Cracking (fracturing), Cold weather performance.

Cold Weather Transit Technology Program. Vol.4: Investigation of rail heater reliability.

Payne, I.N U.S. Urban Mass Transportation Administration. Report, Nov. 1983, UMTA-IN-06-0009-83-4, 57p. PB84-155 381.

Railroad tracks, Ice prevention, Heating, Ice control, Snow removal, Ice removal.

Cold Weather Transit Technology Program. Vol.5:

Third rail deicing system research.
Larson, A.R., Jr., U.S. Urban Mass Transportation Administration. Report, Nov. 1983, UMTA-IN-06-0009-83-5, 120p., PB84-159 987, 2

Ice prevention, Railroad tracks, Ice removal, Snow removal, Hydraulic jets, Heating, Tests.

Cold Weather Transit Technology Program. Vol.6: Winterization of self-ventilated traction motors on

rapid transit vehicles.
Koonce, B.L., U.S. Urban Mass Transportation Administration. Report, Nov. 1983, UMTA-IN-06-0009-83-6, 144p., PB84-136 753, 5

Ice prevention, Engines, Motor vehicles, Railroad tracks, Snow removal, Cold weather operation, Venti-lation, Tests, Ice formation, Ice melting, Design.

Cold Weather Transit Technology Program. Vol 7:

Track switch deicing system research.

Lawson, S.J., Jr., et al, U.S. Urban Mass Transportation Administration. Report, Nov. 1983, UMTA-IN-06-0009-83-7, 65p. + appends. PB84-155

Barrilleaux, H.P., Randolph, D.G.

Heating, Reilroad tracks, Ice prevention, Snow removal, Ice removal, Climatic factors, Tests.

40-3262

Cold Weather Transit Technology Program. Vol.8:

Bus wheel housing deicing project. Payne, J.N., et al, U.S. Urban Mass Transportation Administration. Report, Nov. 1983, UMTA-IN-06-0008-8, 39p., PB84-137 462, 2 refs.

Lawson, S.J., Jr., Barrilleaux, H.P. Ice prevention. Vehicle wheels, Cold weather operation, Ice removal, Snow removal, Design.

Cold Weather Transit "echnology Program. Vol.10: Composite rail and as tated surface phenomenon.

Miller A.E., et al. U.5 Urban Mass Transportation Administration. R. port, Nov. 1984, UMTA-IN-06-0009-83-10, 118p., PB86-120 037,

Refs. passim.
Day, M.S., Zeller, M.V.
Ice physics, Railroad tracks, Ice adhesion, Ice solid interface, Ice prevention, Surface properties, Metals, Spectroscopy.

40-3264

CONTRACTOR

Cold Weather Transit Technology Program. Vol.11: Prediction of ice formation.

McComas, S.T., et al, U.S. Urban Mass Transportation

Administration. Report, Nov. 1983, UMTA-IN-06-0009-83-11, 78p., PB84-159 995, 6 refs.

Uhran, J.J., Flentz, J.L., Ham, A.E.

Ice formation, Ice detection, Ice forecasting, Ice electrical properties, Meteorological data, Humidity, Condensation, Freezing, Precipitation (meteorology), Experimentation.

40-3265

Cold Weather Transit Technology Program. Vol.14: RF coupling to complex geometric shapes. Kwor, R.Y.C., et al, U.S. Urban Mass Transportation

Administration. Report, Jan. 1984, UMTA-IN-06-0009-83-14, 80p. + appends., PB85-103 794, 5 refs. Gajda, W.J., Jr.

Ice prevention, Railroad tracks, Icing, Radio waves, Ice melting, Ice control, Ice removal, Snow removal.

Cold Weather Transit Technology Program. Vol.15: Modeling and analyses of thermal conduction in sev-

Modeling and analyses of thermal conduction in screen ice melting problems.

Strieder, W.C., et al, U.S. Urban Mass Transportation Administration. Report, Nov. 1983, UMTA-IN-06-0009-83-15, 27p., PB84-138 957, 14

Javaram, B.S.

Ice melting, Thermal conductivity, Heat transfer, Ice removal, Ice solid interface, Models, Boundary value problems.

Cold Weather Transit Technology Program. Vol.16:

Cold Weather Transit Lecture.
Modeling of ice fracture.
Lee, L.H.N., et al, U.S. Urban Mass Transportation
Administration. Report, Nov. 1983,
UMTA-IN-06-0009-83-16, 158p., PB84-155 399,

Refs. passim. Huang, N.C., Ettestad, K., Liu, K.H., Liu, C.H. Ice cracks, Railroad tracks, Ice removal, Fracturing, Ice strength, Hydraulic jets, Models, Stresses, Design, Analysis (mathematics).

Cold Weather Transit Technology Program. Vol.17: Tasks status and continuation recommendations.

Berry, W.B., ed, U.S. Urban Mass Transportation Administration. Report, June 1985, UMiTA-IN-06-0009-83-17, 209p., PB86-130 606, Refs. passim.

Randolph, D.G., ed.

Cold weather performance, Ice detection, Ice removal, Heat transfer, Ice prevention, Snow removal, Ice physics, Meteorological factors, Models, Tests.

40-3269

Snow in the construction of ice bridges.
Coutermarsh, B.A., et al, U.S. Army Cold Regions
Research and Engineering Laboratory, Oct. 1985, SR
85-18, 12p., ADA-163 118, 6 rcfs.
Phetteplace, G.
Ice crossings, Military operation, Snow (construction
material). Snow cover effect. Surface properties, Ice

material), Snow cover effect, Surface properties, Ice surface. Ice cover strength.

surface, Ice cover strength.

Snow's contribution as a wearing surface, leveling material or reinforcement to ice bridges is discussed. It is shown that it has limited value as a reinforcement and then only by adding water and freezing the resulting slurry. Snow can be used effectively as either a leveling or wearing surface but natural ice thickening is inhibited by the insulating property of the snow. The snow should be of uniform depth and not mounded or windrowed to avoid deflecting the ice away from the water surface. This would substantially weaken the carrying capacity of the ice bridge.

40-3270

Description of the building materials data base for iew Haven, Connecticut.

Merry, C.J., et al, U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory, Nov. 1985, SR 85-19, 129p., ADA-166 457, 13 refs. aPotin, P.J.

Construction materials, Chemical properties, Sam-pling, Damage, Statistical analysis, Computer aplications, Precipitation (meteorology), Environmental protection.

tal protection.

A building material sampling program for the New Haven, Connecticut, region was conducted in March and April of 1984 to examine the type, and aniounts of building surface materials exposed to acid depos, ion. A stratified, systemetric, unsligned random sampling approach was used to generate sample points across the five sampling frame areas. At least 107 sample points were examined per sampling frame to yield a total sample size of 576 points. Building sizes, surface materials, roof characteristics, roof-mounted annaratus, chimneys, gutters. size of 2/0 points. Building sizes, surface materials, roof characteristics, roof-mounted apparatus, chimneys, gutters, downspouls, fences and miscellaneous outdoor accessories were recorded. This report provides an initial summary of the data collected. Sample sizes indicate that additional satisfies required to produce the desired 70 sites (with buildings) per frame.

40-3271

Potential of remote sensing in the Corps of Engineers

dredging program.

McKim, H.L., et al U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory, Nov. 1985, SR 85-27, 42p., ADA-166 334, Refs. p.23-37. Klemas, V., Gatto, L.W., Merry, C.J. Dredging, Remote sensing, Aerial surveys, Channels

(waterways), Sediment transport, Suspended sediments, Environmental impact.

ments, Environmental impact.

The potential of remote sensing in the Corps of Engineers Dredging Program for providing data on channel surveys, sediment drift and dispersion during dredging, water quality and suspended sediment concentrations, and selection of disposal sites and monitoring environmental effects at disposal sites was reviewed. The recommended remote sensor combination for recording dredging and environmental changes was a small, single-engine aircraft equipped with at least two 70-mm or 35-mm cameras. The first camera should be loaded with color film and the accord cameras with color infrared film for tenests. film and the second camera with color infrared film for vegetatilm and the second camera with color intrared tilm tor vegeta-tion or land use mapping, or panchromatic film with special filters for water studies. For bathymetric mapping, the cam-eras will have to be supplemented by airborne impulse radar or laser profilers, and possibly sonar depth finders. A combina-tion of small aircraft and boats is optimum for mapping currents and observing prime dynamics.

Co. .. . ison of extraction techniques and solvents for exp. : residues in soil.

Jeni ins, T.F., et al, U.S. Army Cold Regions Research

d Engineering Laboratory, Nov. 1985, SR 85-22, ADA 166 474, 11 refs.

rett, D.C.

Sod chemistry, Explosives, Soil pollution, Ultrasonic

Scale chemistry, Explosives, Soil pollution, Ultrasonic aces.s., Chemical analysis.

Ext action of TNT, TNB, RDX and HMX from two soils was studied in terms of process kinetics and recovery. Two soilerts, acetonitrile and methanol, and four extraction techniques, Soxhlet, ultrasonic bath, mechanical shaker and hover genizer-sonicator were compared. The results were complex in that some interactions among analyte, method and solvent were found. Acetonitrile was found to be clearly superior to methanol for RDX and HMX. Soxhlet and ultrasonic bath generally recovered more than homogenizer or shaker, although a complicating factor is that all techniques were not mecessarily at equilibrium. In terms of sample throughput, the although a complicating factor is that all techniques were not necessarily at equilibrium. In terms of sample throughput, the ultrasonic bath and shaker are preferred over Soxhlet and homogenizer-sonicator. The ultrasonic bath generally approached equilibrium more rapidly than the shaker so it appears to be the best overall choice. Another complicating factor is that times to reach equilibrium were different for the two soils and for the different analytes. This points to the need for more kinetic studies on other soils and sediments.

Rand, J.H., et al, U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory, Dec. 1985, CR 85-21, 22p., ADA-166 630, 12 refs.

Mellor, M.

Mellor, M.
Augers, Ice coring drills, Permafrost, Frozen ground, Ice sampling, Drilling, Equipment.
The development of lightweight coring augers for ice is reviewed. Emphasis is on equipment designed by the Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory and its predecessor organizations for sampling to depths less than 20 m or so. Design and operation of the ACFEL/SIPRE/CRREL 3-in-1D correr is discussed, and modifications of the basic design for powere 1 operation and for drilling in frozen soil are outlined Recent replacements for the traditional coring auger are described, and details are given for the construction and operation of the new 4 1/4-in-1D coring equipment. A powered 12-in-1D drill for shallow-depth coring is also described.

40-3274

40-32/4 Level ice breaking by a simple wedge. Tatinclaux, J.C., U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory, Dec. 1985, CR 85-22, 46p., ADA-166 629, 6 refs. Ice breaking, Icebreakera, Ice floes, Ice friction, Ice loads, Loads (forces), Ice models, Ice physics, Tests.

loads, Loads (forces), Ice models, Ice physics, Tests.
Tests in level ice on an idealized icebreaker bow in the shape
of a simple wedge were conducted in the test basin. The horizontal and vertical forces on the wedge were measured, and floe
size distribution in the wake of the wedge was observed. From
the force measurements, the ice wedge/hull friction factor was
calculated and in general agreement with the friction factor measured in separate friction tests. The ice floe length and ice
floe area measured in the current study followed log-normal
probability distributions defined by the length average and area
average and corresponding standard deviations S(L) and S(A).

Question of Sound from Icebreaker Operations: proceedings of a workshop, 23 and 24 February 1981 at

Peterson, N.M., ed, Calgary, Alberta, Arctic Pilot Pro-

ject, 1981, 350p., Refs. passim. Sound transmission, Underwater acoustics, Icebreakers, Ice cover effect, Sound waves, Noise (sound), Meetings, Animals.

Sea ice climatic atlas: Volume I Antarctic.
U.S. Naval Oceanography Command Detachment,
Asheville, NC, U.S. Naval Air Systems Command.
Report, May 1985, NAVAIR 50-1C-540, 132p. Joint Ice Center.

Sea ice distribution, Climatology, Charts, Antarctica. Sea fee distribution, Climatology, Charts, Antarctica. This atlas, measuring 56m x 43cm, presents summaries of five parameters of sea ice coverage. It is during from 521 weekly Joint Ice Center (JIC) sea ice analyses produced from 1973-1982. 98% of the raw data used in the roudy came from all weather passive microwave imagery from satellite instrumentation; other sources were shore station reports, ship reports, and serial reconnaissance. The data are digitized, located at predetermined grid points, and stored in a standardized format. Groups of charts are composited over a semi-monthly period centered on the last and 15th days of each month. Composite classifications are: Maximum, mean, and minimum extent of 5/10 or more ice concentration; mean ice concentration when ice is present; and maximum, mean, and minimum extent of 5/10 or more ice coverage. Tables, chart details, and text explain the analyses and interpretations; define the composite classifications; and show ice covertions; define the composite classifications; and show ice coverage in various sectors of antarctic waters

40-3277

Making the permatrost regions suitable for living.

rObzhivaia merzlotuj, Mel'nikov, P.I., et al, Moscow, Sovetskaia Rossiia, 1984, 41p., In Russian with abridged English table of contents enclosed.

Il'mina, T.E. Permafrost forecasting, Permafrost distribution, Permafrost beneath structures, Permafrost thermal properties, Permafrost hydrology, Permafrost transformation, Water supply, Permafrost control, Permafrost physics, Thermokarst.

Recultivation of disturbed lands in the North. [Rekul'tivatsiia narushennykh zemel' na Severej, Kriuchkov, V.V., Priroda, July 1985, No.7, p.68-77, ln Russian. 6 refs. Tailings, Revegetation, Soil erosion, Mining, Cryo-

genic soils, Excavation.

Electrokinetic generation of electromagnetic fields during ice deformation. [Elektrokineticheskii mek-hanizm vozbuzhdeniia elektromagnitnogo polia pri

deformatsii l'daj, Stepaniuk, I.A., et al, Khidrologiia i meteorologiia, 1984, 33(6), p.3-8, In Russian with English summary. 9 refs.

Mikhnevski, N.D.

Plates, Ice physics, Glacier ice, Sea ice, Porous

Application of the frequency distribution method to the analysis of atmospheric ice nuclei. [Opyt primeneniia v analize atmosfernykh ledianykh iader

metoda chastotnykh raspredelenii, Vychuzhanina, M.V., et al, *Khidrologiia i meteorologiia*, 1984, 33(5), p.29-36, In Russian with English

summary. 8 refs.

Air pollution, Aerosols, Ice nuclei, Condensation nu-

Methods of studying snow cover in mountain expeditions. (Vürkhu metodikata na ekspeditsionnite izsledovaniia na snezhnata pokrivka v planinite₁, Gerasimov, S., et al, Khidrologiia i meteorologiia. 1984, 33(1), p.41-44, In Bulgarian. 14 refs. Krustev, L

Alpine landscapes, Snow cover distribution, Snow surveys.

40-3282

Biophysics and biochemistry at low temperatures. Franks, F., Cambridge, University Press, 1985, 210p., Refs. p.194-205

Cryobiology, Ice crystal growth, Ice crystal nuclei, Cold tolerance, Solutions, Freezing, Cold weather

40-3283

Ice island calvings and ice shelf changes, Milne Ice Shelf and Ayles Ice Shelf, Ellesmere Island, N.W.T. Jeffries, M.O., Arctic, Mar. 1986, 39(1), p.15-19, 15 With French summary.

Ice islands, Ice shelves, Calving, Ice growth, Ice cover thickness, Aerial surveys, Photography.

40-3284

Permafrost distribution, zonation and stability along the Eastern Ranges of the Cordillers of North Ameri-

ca. Harris, S.A., Arctic, Mar. 1986, 39(1), p.29-38, 47 With French summary.

Permafrost distribution, Permafrost thermal properties, Snow depth, Soll water, Mountains, Air masses, Alpine glaciation, United States, Canada

40-3285

Research activities on the forest line in Northern Fin-

Kallio, P., et al, Arctic, Mar. 1986, 39(1), p.52-58, 40 With French summary.

Forest lines, Ecosystems, Tundra, Forestry, Climatic changes, Mountains, Vegetation, Finland.

40-3286

Modification by an ice cover of the tide in James Bay

and Hudson Bay. Godin, G., Arctic, Mar. 1986, 39(1), p.65-67, 8 refs.

With French summary.
Ice cover effect, Tides, Water level, Canada—Hudson Bay.

40.3383

Survey of vegetated areas and muskox populations in

east-central Ellesmere Island. Henry, G., et al, Arctic, Mar. 1986, 39(1), p.78-81, 16 refs.. With French summary. Freedman, B., Svoboda, J.

Vegetation, Ecology, Animals, Ice cover, Distribu-tion, Canada—Northwest Territories—Ellesmere Island.

40-3288

Study of the agreement between the classical technique of granulometry and the modern one of microgranulometry. Etude de raccord entre les techclase ques de granulométrie

niques: class. Jues de granulometrie et ini-croguanulométrie], Lebret, P., et al, Centre de géomorphologie de Caen. Bulletin, Sep. 1985, No 30, p 7-22, In French with English summary. 15 refs. Levant, M., Dupont, J.P., Lafitte, R. Loess, Soil structure, Microstructure, Grain size.

Frost heaving of small rocks by ice lenses: triggering role of cryodesiccation. [Soulèvement cryogénique de petites pierres par la glace en lentilles, rêle initiateur de la cryodessiccation

Van Vliet-Lanoe, B., et al, Centre ae géomorphologie de Caen Bulletin, Sep. 1985, No.30, p.77-83, in French with English summary. 17 refs. Dupas, A. Coutard, J.P.

rost heave, Rocks, Ice lenses, Geocryology, Desiccation, Soil freezing, Frost resistance, Cracking (frac-

Vars Crest, High Alps; utilization of thermal data. La crête de Vars (Hautes-Alpes); exploitation de données thermiques,

Coutard, J.P., Centre de geomorphologie de Caen. Bulletin, Sep. 1985, No. 30, p. 85-98, In French with English summary. 3 refs.

English summary. 3 refs.

Frost shattering, Alpine glaciation, Freeze thaw cycles, Mountains, Statistical analysis, Thermal regime, Air temperature, Temperature effects, Weather sta-

40-3291

Variations of the temperature field in a natural rocky cliff; as seen in the Vars Crest. (Evolution du champ de température dans une paroi rocheuse naturelle: le

cas de la crête de Vars, Manté, C., Centre de géomorphologie de Caen. Bulletin, Sep. 1985, No.30, p.99-139, In French with English summary. 9 refs. Soil temperature, Rocks, Geomorphology, Moun-

tains, Temperature variations, Analysis (mathematics).

40-3292

Experiences with alarm apparatus for sheet ice of the province Westfalen-Lippe. Erfahrungen mit Glatteismeldegeräten beim Landschaftsverband Westfal-

en-Lippej, Kutter, M., et al, Strasse und Autobahn, Dec. 1985, 36(12), p.498-503, In German. 5 refs.

Niebrugge, L. Road icing, Warning systems, Ice forecasting, Weather forecasting.

When snow falls in a small town.

Quinn, B., et al, American city and county, Apr. 1986, 101(4), p 60-67, Includes 2 additional articles: Millereek creates 20ning plan for efficient snow removal, by K.L. Stone; and High point fights ice south of the snowbelt, (anon.).

Snowfall, Snow removal, Ice removal, Road icing, Salting, Forecasting, Chemical ice preventon.

Stochastic models and predictability of some oceanological processes.

Prival'skil, V.E., Akademiia nauk SSSR. Atmospheric and ocear ic physics, July 1983, 18(12), p.985-987, Tran. d from its Izvestiia. Fizika atmosfery i okeana. 8 refs.

Sea ice distribution, Sea water, Surface temperature, Mathematical models.

One-dimensional model of the atmosphere as a block of the ocean-atmosphere-ice climatic system.

Verbitskii, M.IA., et al, Akademiia nauk 555R. vestiya. Atmospheric and oceanic physics, 1983, 18(10), p.781-785, Translated from its Izvestiia. Fizika atmosfery i okeana. 8 refs.

Climatic changes, Ice air interface, Ice water interface. Atmospheric circulation. Sea water. Heat transfer, Moisture transfer, Mathematical models.

Lidar identification of droplet and crystalline clouds. Samokhvalov, I.V., et al, Akademiia nauk SSSR. Izvestiya. Atmospheric and oceanic physics, 1983, 18(10), p.809-813, Translated from its Izvestiia. Fizika atmosfery i okeana. 16 refs. Shamanaev, V.S.

Lasers, Ice physics, Ice crystals, Radar echoes, Aerosols, Cloud physics, Cloud droplets, Supercooled clouds. Polarization (waves).

40-3297

Nuclear-physics method of determining density and salinity of sea ice. Filippov, E.M., Akademiia nauk SSSR.

Izvestiva Atmospheric and oceanic physics, 1983, 18(10), p.835-838, Translated from its Izvestiia. Fizika atmosfery i okeana. 14 refs.

Gamma irradiation. Sea ice distribution. Remote

sensing, Ice density, Ice salinity, Scattering, Measuring instruments.

40-3298

Radiation properties of ice clouds.
Pavlova, L.N., et al, Akademiia nauk SSSR. tiya Atmospheric and oceanic physics, 1983, 18(10), p.318-319, Translated from its Izvestiia. Fizika atmosfery i okeana. 10 refs. Petrushin, A.G., Tarasova, T.A. Cloud droplets, Radiation, Scattering.

Glaciers as climate indicators.

Kotliakov, V.M., et al, Akademiia nauk SSSR. tiya. Atmospheric and oceanic physics, 1983, 18(10), p.936-946, Transleted from its Izvestiia Fizika atmosfery i okeana. 37 refs.

Krenke, A.N. Glacier ice, Mountain glaciers, Ice temperature, Climatic changes, Ice composition, Impurities, Heat transfer, Mass transfer.

Fundamentals of glaciological forecasting. [Osnovy

gliatsiologicheskogo prognoza₁, Kotliakov, V.M., et al. Akademiia nauk SSSR. Izves-Seriia geograficheskaia, July-Aug. 1985, No.4, p.5-17, In Russian. 18 refs. Diurgerov, M.B., Krenke, A.N.

Ice sheets, Glacier ice, Ice forecasting, Oxygen isotopes, Snow accumulation, Glacier mass balance, Antarctica-East Antarctica.

Methods and prospects for global and regional glaciological forecasting are reviewed on the basis of some 200 scientific papers published on the subject in the last 10 years. Charts from glaciological studies along the Pionerskaya-Dome C route in 1977-1982, showing anow cover density and thickness, are presented and discussed, along with charts showing 10-50 m oxygen-isotope profiles from ice cores obtained at Vostok Station. Surface velocities of glacier motion and mass balance computations are also shown.

40-3301

Sedimentation processes on the antarctic continental margin at Kapp Norvegia during the Late Pleistoceae. Grobe, H., Geologische Rundschau, 1986, 75(1), p.97-104, With German, French and Russian summaries. 20 refs.

Polynyas, Pack ice, Ice cores, Ice shelves, Ice compo

sition, Paleoclimatology, Antarctica—Weddell Sea. Sedimentological analyses concerning ice rafted debris, grain size distribution, biogenous components, and clay mineral com-position of four sediment cores from the antarctic continental margin off Cape Norvegia reveal a cyclical pattern of three different schiment facies. These are classified into warm and cold types representing warm and cold climatic periods and a short transition period from cold to warm events. The sedishort transition period from cold to warm events. The sedi-mentological parameters reflect the variations within the cryos-phere and the hydrosphere, which are directly influenced by the climatic fluctuations. The unusually high content of carbona-ceous planktonic and benthonic foraminifers in these polar sedirectus planktonic and benincia foramininera in incess polar seaments, as well as the interfingering of terrigenous and biogenous-rich sediments with increasing distance from the continent, might reflect the influence of the Weddell Sea Polynya and the oscillations of polynya, pack ice and ice shelf extent during the late Pleistocene. (Auth.)

40-3302

Preliminary investigations of mine detection in cold

regions using short-pulse radar.

Arcone, S.A., U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory, Nov. 1985, SR 85-23, 16p., ADB-100 401, 10 rets.

Detection, Snow cover effect, Radar echoes, Mines (ordnance), Dielectric properties, Frozen ground physics, Polarization (waves), Polar regions.

panys :s. Polarization (waves), Polar regions.

mines in cold regions. The specific problem is the detection of mines buried in a snowpack characterized by a dectric constant. In this preliminary investigation air and fire in sand are used to roughly approximate the dielectric extre is of a dry snowpack. The radar signal used had a duration or 3-4 ns and are broad frequency spectrum centered near 800 MHz. The responses of mines suspended in air were first recorded as a function of roll prization and orientation. Mine responses were then sponses of mines suspended in all well into recorded as a func-tion of polarization and orientation. Mine responses were then recorded for emplacement in a fairly homogeneous dielectric of frozen sand. The waveform amplitudes depended strongly on mine orien ion and weakly on polarization. Resonances in air at all e. entations and polarizations for a particular mine type were sir har. Responses in the sand were easily recognizable for an antenna standoff of 1 m, but depended on target size. Investigations in a spowpack are now beginning.

40-3303

Regression models for predicting building material distribution in four northeastern cities.

Merry, C.J., et al, U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory, Dec. 1985, SR 85-24, 50p., ADA-166 335, 12 refs. LaPotin, P.J.

Construction materials, Buildings, Polar regions, Models. Distribution.

The Corps of Engineers conducted a field sampling progration of mixentorying building materials in the northeastern United States, and the data from the field program were compiled into a data base for statistical analysis. Correlation coefficients were derived between the independent variables and the surface action of the building material times. The correlation professions are seen of the flux building material times. area of the five building material types. The correlation coefficient area of the tive building material types. The correlation coeffi-cients were used in an optimal stepwise regression model devel-oped for each material class for each city. A number of factors appear to be significantly associated with the distribution of building material exposure. However, the variables do not correlate at levels required for constructing adequate predictive models that would be applicable to other sampling locations.

40-3304

Blasting and blast effects in cold regions. Part 1: Air

Mellor, M., U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory, Dec. 1985, SR 85-25, 62p., ADA-166 315, 23 refs.

Blasting, Explosion effects, Shock waves, Attenua tion, Analysis (mathematics), Polar regions, Aerial explosions.

Air blast phenomena are reviewed and a digest of data is given mainly in graphical form. To the extent possible, correspond-

ing data are given for air blast in cold regions, provided that the prevailing conditions are significantly different from those of temperate regions.

USACRREL precise thermistor meter.

Trachier, G.M., et al, U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory, Dec. 1985, SR 85-26, 34p., ADA-166 470, 4 refs.

Morse, J.S., Daly, S.F.

Frazil ice, Water temperature, Thermistors, Ice for-

Frazil Ice, Weater temperature, Thermistors, Ice for-mation, Measuring instruments, Accuracy.

To facilitate the study of frazil ice in the field, a highly accurate, portable water temperature meter was required. The USACR-REL Precise Thermistor Meter was designed and built to meet this need. The meter is rugged, battery-operated, waterproof, and able to operate over a wide range of ambient temperatures. A unique feature of this instrument is the use of software to A unique feature of this instrument is the use of software to compensate for temperature-dependent variation in the analog electronics. The circuitry consists of an analog printed circuit board and a low power microcomputer. The resistance of a calibrated thermistor is determined and its temperature calculated using the Steinhart-Hart equation. The accuracy of the meter was determined both theoretically and in cold room tests. The hardware and software used in the meter are described

40.3306

Review of antitank obstacles for winter use.

Review of antitank obstacles for winter us. Richmond, P.W., U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory, Sep. 1984, CR 84-25, 12p., ADB-100 767L, 24 refs.

Tanks (combat vehicles), Detonation waves, Military

operation, Snow cover effect, Ice cover effect, Bore-holes, Models, Drilling, Augers, Barriers.

This report is a review of information, equipment and proce-dures related to the use of antitank obstacles in winter.

dures related to the use of antituans obstacles in winter. Demo-lition and construction of expedient and existing obstacles are discussed. Obstacle performance models are identified and their methodology is discussed. Five tasks are identified as areas requiring further research: 1) investigation of the use of areas requiring intener research. I) investigation of the use of light-veight augers for drilling bore holes in frozen soil, 2) investigation of the effectiveness of Soviet-style snow obstacles, 3) development of a model of vehicle performance on snow-covered slopes, 4) development of a design procedure and performance model for step-type obstacles when snow covered, and 5) development of construction procedures for creating ice

40-3307

Large-size coaxial waveguide time domain reflectometry unit for field use. Delaney, A.J., et al, IEEE transactions on geoscience

and remote sensing, Sep. 1984, GE-22(5), MP 2048, p.428-431, 10 refs.

Arcone, S.A.

Prozen ground physics, Ice electrical properties, Die-lectric properties, Ground thawing, Wave propagalectric properties, Ground thawing, Way tion, Reflection, Measuring instruments.

A large-diameter open-ended coaxial waveguide has been inter A large-diameter open-ended coaxial waveguide has been interfaced with a commercially available time domain reflectometry (TDR) unit for field measurements of the dielectric properties of frozen and thawed soils and ice. A core barrel developed by the U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory (CRREL) and modified for use in frozen soil was used to auger an annular slot airound which the waveguide fits. Time domain traces of waveforms reflected from the sample-air interface and from a metal short are recorded in the field and later analyzed to give complex dielectric permittivity between 0.05 and 1.0 GHz.

Characterization of sea ice types using synthetic aperture radar.

Lyden, J.D., et al, *IEEE transactions on geoscience* and remote sensing, Sep. 1984, GE-22(5), p.431-439,

Burns, B.A., Maffett, A.L.

Sea ice distribution, Ice conditions, Remote sensing, borne radar, Ice surface, Radar echoes, Mapping,

40-3309

Solar and terrestrial radiation in the Antarctic and its parameterization by means of synoptic observations. Die solare und terrestrische Strahlung in der Antarktis und ihre Parameterisierung mit Hilfe von synoptisc-

hen Beobachtungen; Wamser, C., et al, Meteorologische Rundschau, Feb. 1986, 39(1), p.25-31, In German with English sum-mer;. 20 refs.

mery. 20 refs. König, G. Albedo, Solar radiation, Antarctica—Georg von Neumayer Station.

Neumayer Station.

Measurements of solar and terrestrial radiation and net radiation at the Georg von Neumayer Station is investigated and compared with the calculated actual and mean radiation for a 3 month period. For parameterization only the surface observations of the station were used. The formulas were adjusted to the special conditions of the antarctic shelf free. The high albedo of the snow-covered surface may lead to multiple reflections of solar radiation between the surface and the clouds. A simple procedure considers this effect. The parameterization of the long wave irradiance is done by means of recursion for-

ore using mean radiative omparison of computed and emuchod to be reliable. mulas for a 3 layer atmeasured parameters

40-3310

Spatial variability o, oclinic water transfer by the Antarctic Circumpolar Current. Prostranstvenniaia Antarette Circumpolar Current, prostransivenina izmenchivost baroklinnogo perenosa vod Antarkicheskim tsirkumpoliarnym techeniem, Treshnikov, A.F., et al, Geograficheskoe obshchestvo SSSR. Izvestiia, Mar.-Apr. 1986, 118(2), p.113-121,

In Russian. 22 refs.
Botnikov, V.N., Lesenkov, S.B.

Icebergs.

Icebergs.

On the basis of data collected in ten years of Polex South, as well as other available data, a chert showing shape and water transport of the Antarctic Circumpolar Current is constructed. It shows highest values at the 0 deg meridian and lowest in the Drake "assage. Flow rate there is slower than in other areas by several tens of sverdrups. Tabulated data include meridional profiles, name of ship, date of investigation, the latitudinal borders of the current and vertical distribution of the flow in swerdrups. averdrups

Formation of relief and deposition in the recent glaciation area of Severnaya Zemlya. Formirovanie otlozhenil i rel'efa v oblasti sovremennogo oledeneniia

Severnot Zemlij,
Makeev, V.M., et al. Geograficheskoe obshchestvo
SSSR. Izvestiia, Mar.-Apr. 1986, 118(2), p.127-132,
In Russian. 9 refs.

Bolshiianov, D.IU.

Glacier beds, Mountain glaciers, Periglacial processes, Moraines, Glacial erosion, Ground ice, Ice structure, USSR—Severnaya Zemlya.

40-3312 Changes in geocryological conditions, induced by economic development of forests, in southern Central yakutia. [Izmenenie geokriologicheskikh uslovii pri osvoenii lesnykh prirodnykh kompleksov na iuge Tsentral'noī IAkutii,

Stashenko, A.I., Geograficheskoe obshchestvo SSSR. Izvestiia, Mar.-Apr. 1986, 118(2), p.150-153, In Rus-

Soil erosion, Frozen fines, Permafrost depth, Active layer, Permafrost structure, Taiga, Cryogenic soils. 40-3313

international perspective on large-scale snow studies. Rango, A., Hydrological sciences journal, Jun. 1985, 30(2), p.225-238, In English with French summary. 18 refs.

Snow cover distribution, Snow cover effect, Research projects, Data processing, Climate, Hydrology, Measurement.

40-3314

Optimization of a snow network by multivariate sta-

tistical analysis.
Galeati, G., et al, Hydrological sciences journal,
Mar. 1986, 31(1), p.93-108, In English with French
summary. 15 refs.

summary. 15 refs. Rossi, G., Pini, G., Zilli, G. Snow cover, Snow water equivalent, Snow hydrology, Statistical analysis, Italy-Alps.

Initial attempt at interpreting the structure of mountainous areas in the western Antarctic with space im-

Bud'ko, V.M., et al, Mapping sciences and remote sensing, Apr.-June 1985, 22(2), p.106-113, For Russian original see 39-2892 or 14E-31654. 10 refs.

Glacial geology, Geologic structures, Topographic features, Photointerpretation, Antarctica—Antarctic Peninsula.

The second of two reports on the use of space imagery in the interpretation of Antarctica's geologic structure applies interpretation procedures described in an earlier article to produce a geologic map of a portion of the Antarctic Peninsula Features identified on space imagery and depicted on the map include: a deep periorational fault zone, a Mesozoic fold belt interrupted by a complex system of faults, and ring or annular structures of volcanic origin. (Auth.)

40-3316

Geologic interpretation of Antarctica's mountainous

regions with space imagery.
Bud'ko, V.M., Mapping sciences and remote sensing,
Jan.-Mar. 1985, 22(1), p.27-33, For Russian original
see 39-2893 or 14E-31655.

Glacial geology, Topographic features, Glacier ice, Glacier surfaces, Photointerpretation, Antarctica—

It is demonstrated how ice-surface relief identified on space imagery can be used in mapping selected elements of the geo-logic structure of the Antarctic Pennsula. The mapping proce-dure is based on the fact that all major subglacial relief forms appear, albeit in subdued form, on the surface of slow moving and relatively thin ice sheets. Since subglacial bedrock relief

reflects geologic structure, particular surface configurations of ice identified on space imagery can be used as indicators of major structural elements. Examples of the procedure, including imagery of ice relief and corresponding cartographic representations of underlying structure are provided for faults and ring structures. (Auth.)

40-3317

Morphometric maps of glacial surface topography. Petrova, T.M., Mapping sciences and remote sensing, Jan.-Mar. 1985, 22(1), p.63-71, For Russian original

Mountain glaciers, Glacier ice, Glacier surfaces, Topographic features, Marping.

40-3318

Avalanche-hazard maps for planning purposes.

Zolotarev, E.A., et al. Mapping sciences and remote sensing, Jul.-Sep. 1985, 22(3), p.238-248, For Russian original see 40-878. 12 refs.

Dziuba, V.V.

Avalanche engineering, Avalanche forecasting, Mapping.

40-3319

40-319
World atlas of snow and ice resources.
Kotliakov, V.M., et al, Mapping sciences and remote sensing, Jul.-Sep. 1985, 22(3), p.249-256, For Russian original see 40-857. 4 refs.
Dreter, N.N.
Maps, Snow, Ice.

40-3320

Proceedings of the ISTVS Workshop on Measurement and Evaluation of Tire Performance under Winter Conditions, Alta, Utah, 11-14, April 1983.

ter Conditions, Aita, Utah, 11-14, April 1983. ISTVS Workshop on Measurement and Evaluation of Tire Performance under Winter Conditions, Aita, Utah, Apr. 11-14, 1983, U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory, Sep. 1985. SR 85-15, 177p., ADA-161 129, Refs. passim. For individual papers see 40-3321 through 40-3335. Blaisdell, G.L., ed, Yong, R.N., ed.

Tires, Cold weather performance, Motor vehicles, Road icing, Military equipment, Snow cover effect, Traction, Meetings, Mobility.

40-3321

Need for snow tire characterization and evaluation. Yong, R.N., et al, U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory. 1985, No.SR 85-15, MP 2° Special report, Sep. VS Workshop on Measurement and Evaluation of Tire Performance under Winter Conditions, Alta, Utah, Apr. 11-14, 1983. Proceedings Editer Blaisdell and R.N. Yong, p.1-2. A.DA-161 Blaisdell, G.L.

Tires, Cold weather pert ...ked vehicles, Snow cover effect, Traction.

40-3322 General Motors single wheel test truck.

Altenberndt, S., U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory. Special report, Sep. 1985, No.SR 85-15, ISTVS Workshop on Measurement and Evaluation of Tire Performance under Winter Conditions, Alta, Utah, Apr. 11-14, 1983. Proceedings. Edited by G.L. Blaisdell and R.N. Yong, p.5-8. ADA-161 129.

Vehicle wheels, Traction, Cold weather performance,

Loads (forces), Tests.

40-3323

Design and use of the CRREL Instrumented Vehicle for cold regions mobility measurements.

Blaisdell, G.L., U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and

Engineering Laboratory. Special report, Sep. 1985, No.SR 85-15, MP 2044, ISTVS Workshop on Measurement and Evaluation of Tire Performance under Winter Conditions, Alta, Utah, Apr. 11-14, 1983.
Proceedings. Edited by G.L. Blaisdell and R.N.
Yong, p.9-20, ADA-161 129, 2 refs.
Motor vehicles, Cold weather performance, Traction,
Vehicle wheels, Rubber snow friction, Rubber ice fric-

tion, Design, Velocity, Loads (forces), Measuring instruments.

struments.

The U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory has recently acquired an instrumented vehicle for the measurement of forces at the tire/surface material interface. The CRREL instrumented vehicle (CIV) is equipped with moment-compensated tilaxi-1 load cells mounted in the front wheel assemblies. For issure measured in the vertical, longitudinal (in the direct in of motion) and side directions. In addition, accurate wheel and vehicle speeds and rear asle torque and speed are measured. Modifications to the vehicle (to facilitate the performance of traction and motion resistance tests) include four lock-out type hubs to allow front-, rear- or four-wheel drive and a dual brake system for front-, rear- or four-wheel braking. A mini-computer-based data acquisition system is installed in the vehicle to control data collection and for data processing, analysis and display. Discussion of the vehicle includes its operation and use for the evaluation of the

tire performance and surface material properties of motion resistance and traction

40-3324

NATC Dynamic Force Measurement Vehicle

Hodges, H.C., Sr., U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory. Special report, Sep. 1985, No.SR 85-15, ISTVS Workshop on Measurement and Evaluation of Tire Performance under Winter Conditions, Alta, Utah, Apr. 11-14, 1983. Proceedings. Edited by G.L. Blaisdell and R.N. Yong, p.21-25, ADA-161 129, 1 ref. Motor vehicles, Cold weather operation, Dynamic loads, Loads (forces), Traction, Trafficability, Design, Velocity, Vehicle wheels.

40-3325

Use of a single wheel traction truck for winter trac-

tion testing.

Janowski, W.R., U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory. Special report, Sep. 1985, No.SR 85-15, ISTVS Workshop on Measurement and Evaluation of Tire Performance under Winter Conditions, Alta, Utah, Apr. 11-14, 1983. Proceedings. Edited by G.L. Blaisdell and R.N. Yong, p.27-31, ADA-161 129, 6 refs.
Vehicle wheels, Traction, Cold weather performance,

Snow cover effect. Ice cover effect, Tires, Tests, Dy-

40-3326

Passenger car and light truck tire dynamic driving traction in snow: SAE recommended practice. SAE Snow Test Ad Hoc Committee, U.S. Army Cold

Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory. Special report, Sep. 1985, No.SR 85-15, ISTVS Workshop on Measurement and Evaluation of Tire Performance under Winter C.nditions Alta, Utah, Apr. 11-14, 1983. Proceedings. Edited by G.L. Blaisdell and R.N. Yong, p.35-43. ADA-161 129.

Motor vehicles, Snow cover effect, Traction, Tires, Snow compaction, Trafficability, Tests, Equipment, Velocity.

40-3327

Winter tire testing as seen by the independent tester. Domeck, D.C., U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory. Special report, Sep. 1985, No.SR 85-15, ISTVS Workshop on Measurement and Evaluation of Tire Performance under Winter Conditions, Alta, Utah, Apr. 11-14, 1983. Proceedings. Edited by G.L. Blaisdell and R.N. Yong, p.45-57, ADA-161 129, 4 refs.

Tires, Traction, Cold weather performance, Snow cover effect, Tests, Snow surface, Computer applications, Velocity, Brakes (motion arresters), Mobility.

Thre performance evaluation for shallow snow and ice. Harrison, W.L., U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory. Special report, Sep. 1985, No.SR 85-15, ISTVS Workshop on Measurement and Evaluation of Tire Performance under Win-

ter Conditions, Alta, Utah, Apr. 11-14, 1983. Proceedings. Edited by G.L. Blaisdell and R.N. Yong, p.59-65, ADA-161 129, 22 refs. Tires, Cold weather performance, Snow depth, Ice cover effect, All terrain vehicles, Snow strength, Forecasting, Snow surface, Traction, Snow cover effect, Mathematical model. Mathematical models.

40.3320

Evaluation of empirical tread design predictions of snow traction as measured with a self-contained trac-

tion vehicle. Centner, R.W., et al, U.S. Army Cold Regions Re search and Engineering Laboratory. Special report. Sep. 1985, No.SR 85-15, ISTVS Workshop on Measurement and Evaluation of Tire Performance under Winter Conditions, Alta, Utah, Apr. 11-14, 1983. Proceedings. Edited by G.L. Blaisdell and R.N. Yong, p.67-75, ADA-161 129, 5 refs. Knowles, T.M.

Tires, Traction, Snow cover effect, Cold weather performance, Design, Tests, Forecasting, Motor vehicles. 40-3330

General Motors tire performance criteria specifica-

Peterson, K.G., et al, U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory. Special report, Sep. 1985, No.SR 85-15, ISTVS Workshop on Measurement and Evaluation of Tire Performance under Winter Conditions, Alta, Utah, Apr. 11-14, 1983. Proceedings. Edited by G.L. Blarsdell and R.N. Yong, p.79-91, ADA-161 129, 7 refs. Smithson, F.D., Hill, F.W., Jr.

Tires, Cold weather performance, Motor vehicles, Priction, Snow cover effect, Design criteria, Noise

40-3331

Army basic criteria for tires.

Army basic criteria for tires.

Collins, N., U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory. Special report, Sep. 1985, No.SR 85-15, ISTVS Workshop on Measurement and Evaluation of Tire Performance under Winter Conditions, Alta, Utah, Apr. 11-14, 1983. Proceedings. Edited by G.L. Blaisdell and R.N. Yong, p.93-97. ADA-161 129.

Tires, Military equipment, Road icing, Snow cover effect, Trafficability, Cold weather performance, Motor vehicles.

Comparison test of M151A truck tires. Lane, J.W., U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory. Special report, Sep. 1985, No.SR 85-15, ISTVS Workshop on Measurement and Edited by G.L. Blaisdell and R.N. Yong, p.99-133, ADA-161 129, 11 refs.

Tires, Motor vehicles, Cold weather performance, Road icing, Snow cover effect, Military equipment, Ice cover effect, Tests.

40-3333

Winter tire tests: 1980-81.

Blaisdell, G.L., et al, U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory. Special report, Sep. 1985, No.SR 85-15, MP 2045, ISTVS Workshop on Measurement and Evaluation of Tire Performance on measurement and Evaluation of The Performance under Winter Conditions, Alta, Utah, Apr. 11-14, 1983. Proceedings. Edited by G.L. Blaisdell and R.N. Yong, p.135-151, ADA-161 129, 2 refs. Harrison, W.L.

Tires, Ice cover effect, Snow cover effect, Motor vehicles Cold months and company Surface proportion.

cles, Cold weather performance, Surface properties, Tests, Road icing, Traction, Mobility.

40-3334

NATO reference mobility model and the WES dimensional analysis method of describing tire performance. Turnage, G., U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory. Special report, Sep. 1985, No.SR 85-15, ISTVS Workshop on Measurement and Evaluation of Tire Performance under Winter Conditions, Alta, Utah, Apr. 11-14, 1983. Proceedings. Edited by G.L. Blaisdell and R.N. Yong, p.157-175, ADA-161 129, 7 refs.

Tires, Cold weather performance, Military equip-ment, Surface properties, Traction, Tests, Design, Clays, Sands.

Field demonstration of traction testing procedures. Blaisdell, G.L., U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory. Special report, Sep. 1985, No.SR 85-15, MP 2046, ISTVS Workshop on Measrement and Evaluation of Tire Performance under Winter Conditions, Alta, Utah, Apr. 11-14, 1983. Proceedings. Edited by G.L. Blaisdell and R.N. Yong, p.176. ADA-161 129.

cover effect, Traction, Motor vehicles, Tires, Tests, Measuring instruments.

Geothermal conditions of petroleum occurrences of

Geothermal conditions of petroleum occurrences of the Siberian platform.

Vozhov, V.I., et al, International geology review, Feb. 1984, 26(2), p.206-213, Translated from Sovetskaia geologiia, 1983, No.10, p.49-56. 15 refs. Gurari, F.G., Surnin, A.I.

Permafrost distribution, Hydrocarbons, Exploration,

ermafrost hydrology, Permafrost depth, Permafrost thickness, Frozen rock temperature.

Structural bonds and types of contacts in perennially frozen rocks. (Strukturnye sviazi i tipy kontaktov v

merzlykh porodakh₁, Ershov, E.D., Inzhenernaia geologiia, Mar.-Apr. 1986, No.2, p.25-30, In Russian 3 refs. Ice crystals, Permafrost structure, Cohesion, Frozen

rock strength, Breccia, Fines, Clays, Organic soils, Ground ice.

Quantitative estimate of the intensity of rock weathering processes on slopes. [Kolichestvennaia otsenka intensivnosti protsessov vyvetrivanija gornykh porod

Makhinov, A.N., Inzhenernaia geologia, Mar. Apr. 1986, No.2, p 86-91, In Russian. 11 refs. Solifluction, Soil freezing, Slope processes, Weathering, Soil erosion.

40-3339

Ways of improving methods of testing permafrost soils and foundations. [Puti sovershenstvovaniia metodov ispytanii merzlykh gruntov i osnovanii], Mirenburg, IU.S., Inzhenernaia geologiia, Mar.-Apr. 1986, No.2, p.114-118, In Russian. 19 refs. Foundations, Piles, Permafrost bases, Frozen rock strength. Rheology.

Ground freezing during sedimentation. Khalikov, G.A., Akademiia nauk SSSR. Izvestiyi. Physics of the solid earth, 1983 (Pub. Jan. 84), 19(6), p.496-497, Translated from its Izvestiia. ka Zemli. 3 refs. Soil freezing, Phase transformations, Sedimentation,

Mathematical models, Soil water migration.

Study of the particle sizes and ice-forming activity of silver iodide aerosols generated by pyro-compounds. Baklanov, A.M., et al, Akademiia nauk SSSR. Izvestiya. Atmospheric and oceanic physics, 1982, 18(5), p.386-391, 9 refs., Translated from its Izvestiia. Fizika atmosfery i okeana.

Cloud seeding, Acrosols, Silver iodide, Smoke genera-

tors. Ice nuclei.

Numerical model of the wind drift of ice, taking into account the appearance of zones of maximum solidity. Semenov, E.V., et al, Akademiia nauk SSSR. Izvestiya. Atmospheric and oceanic physics, 1982 (Pub. Apr. 83), 18(9), p.775-778, 6 refs., Translated from its Izvestija. Fizika atmosfery i okeana. Taran, B.M.

Ice cover, Drift, Stresses, Strains.

Conditions for the origination of hail nuclei in clouds. Tisov, M.I., et al, Akademiia nauk SSSR. Izvestiya. Atmospheric and oceanic physics, 1982, 18(3), p.197-200, 18 refs., Translated from its Izvestiia. Fizika atmosfery i okeana. Khorguani, V.G.

Supercooled clouds, Aerosols, Ice nuclei, Hailstone growth. Hailstone structure.

Environmental studies of the proposed Terror Lake Hydroelectric Project, Kodiak Island, Alaska: raptor Hydroelectric Project, Kodiak Island, Alaska: raptor studies; intragravel water temperature studies. Wilson, W.J., et al, Alaska, University, Arctic Environmental Information and Data Center, Sep. 1980, 57p., AEIDC No. QH 541.5 R5 H5E5, 11 refs. Evans, C.D., Trudgen, D.E. Environmental impact, Electric power, Water temperature, Lake water, River diversion, Drainage, Ecology, Diurnal variations, United States—Alaska—Terror Lake, United States—Alaska—Kizhuyak River

Influence of surface hydroxyl groups on the ice-form-

ing activity of silicon dioxide particles.
Gorbunov, B.Z., et al, Akademiia nauk SSSR. Izvestiya. Atmospheric and oceanic physics, 1982, 18(2), p.155, Translated from its Izvestiia. Fizika at-

mosfery i okeana. Kutsenogii, K.P., Safatov, A.S. Aerosols, Ice formation, Cold chambers.

Thermal influence of submerved buoyant jet on sea ice

Bogorodskil, V.V., et al. Akademiia nauk SSSR. vestiya. Atmospheric and oceanic physics, 1983 (Pub Feb. 84), 19(7), p.545-548, For Russian original see 40-249. 5 refs. see 40-249. 5 re Sukhorukov, K.K.

Sea ice distribution, Subglacial observations, Ocean currents, Hydraulic jets, Buoyancy, Turbulence.

Physical conditions of bottom melting of the Arctic sea ice pack.

Bogorodskii, V.V., et al, Akademiia nauk SSSR. vestiya. Atmospheric and oceanic physics, 1983 (Pub Mar. 84), 19(8), p.667-669, For Russian original see 40-250 1 ref.

Sukhorukov, K.K.

Ice bottom surface, Sea ice distribution, Pack ice, Ice melting, Subulacial drainage.

Spectroscopic measurements of the total CO, CH4 and N2O content in the atmospheric layer in Arctic

regions.
Gabrielian, A.G., et al, Akademiis nauk SSSR. Izves Gabnelian, A.G., et al, Akademia nauk SSSK. 1zves-tiya. Atmospheric and oceanic physics, 1983, 19(4), p. 316-318, 9 refs., Translated from its Izves-tiia. Fizika atmosfery i okeana. Grechko, E I., Dianov-Klokov, V.I. Gasea, Air pollution, Trace elements, Polar regions, Atmospheric composition.

40-3349

Polarization structure of backscattering by liquid drop and crystalline clouds.

Zuev, V.E., et al, Akademiia nauk SSSR. Atmospheric and oceanic physics, 1983 (Pub. Jan. 84), 19(6), p.433-448, 12 refs., Translated from its lzvestiia. Fizika atmosfery i okeana. Krekov, G.M., Krekova, M.M. Cloud physics, Cloud droplets, Ice crystals, Polarization (Parker) Representation.

tion (waves), Backscattering.

Investigation of the spectral transmission of a crystal

Volkovitskii, O.A., et al, Akademiia nauk SSSR. vestiya. Atmospheric and oceanic physics, 1983, 19(5), p. 368-372, 16 refs., Translated from its Izvestiia. Fizika atmosfery i okeana. Ice fog, Microstructure, Spectra, Transmission, Measuring instruments, Cold chambers.

40-3351

Extinction and scattering of infrared radiation by polydisperse systems of ice plates and cylinders. Petrushin, A.G., Akademiia nauk SSSR. Izvestiya. Atmospheric and oceanic physics, 1983, 19(3), p. 197-201, 21 refs., Translated from its Izvestiia. Fizika 201, 21 refs., Translated from its Izvestiia. Fizika atmosfery i okeana. Ice physics, Infrared radiation, Albedo, Dispersions,

Extinction, Scattering, Absorption. 40-3352

Observations on the Quaternary in the Boyer River, south shore of the St. Lawrence Estuary, Quebec. Observations sur le Quaternaire de la rivière Boyer,

Conservations sur le Quaternaire de la rivière Boyer, côte sud de l'estuaire du Saint Laurent, Québec₁, Dionne, J.C., Géographie physique et Quaternaire, 1985, 39(1), p.35-46, In French with English and German summaries. 20 refs.

Quaternary deposits, Glacial deposits, Erosion, Paleoclimatology, Estuaries, Particle size distribution, Canada—St. Lawrence River.

40-3353

Quebec. Le modelé glaciaire du centre de la Gaspésie, Quebec. Le modelé glaciaire du centre de la Gaspésie septentrionale, Québec, Hétu, B., et al, Géographie physique et Quaternaire, 1985, 39(1), p.47-66, In French with English and Germanne commence. man summaries. Refs. p.64-66.

Gray, J.T. Glacial erosion, Glaciation, Paleoclimatology, Quaternary deposits, Ice scoring, Glacier flow, Glacial deposits, Canada—Quebec—Gaspé Peninsula. 40-3354

Neoglacial gelifluction in a snow bed at the tree line (northern Quebec). [Célifluxion néoglaciaire dans une combe à neige à la limite des arbres, Québec nor-

Payette, S., et al, Géographie physique et Quaternaire, 1985, 39(1), p.91-97, in French with English summary. 31 refs.

mary. 31 fcts.

Boudreau, F., Gagnon, R.

Snow cover distribution, Topographic effects, Paleoclimatology, Vegetation, Soils, Snow cover effect, Radioactive age determination, Carbon isotopes,

40-3355

Differences in ionic compositions and behavior in winter rain and snow.

Topol, L.E., Atmospheric environment, 1986, 20(2), p.347-355, 18 refs.

Snow composition, Ion density (concentration), Precipitation (meteorology), Chemical analysis, Rain, Winter, United States.

40-3356

Reversed-phase high-performance liquid chromatographic determination of nitroorganics in munitions

wastewater.

Jenkins, T.F., et al, Analytical chemistry, Jan. 1986, 58(1), MP 2049, p.170-175, 32 refs.

Leggett, D.C., Grant, C.L., Bauer, C.F.

Waste treatment, Water treatment, Water chemistry,

Detection, Water pollution, Ground water.

Concentrations of HMX, RDX, TNT, and 2,4-DNT are determined in munitions wastewater. Aqueous samples are diluted

with an equal volume of 76/24 (v/v) methanol-acetonitrile, filtered through a 0.4 micron polycarbonate membrane, and analyzed by reversed-phase HPIC using an LC-8 column with 50/38/12 (v/v/v) water-methanol-acetonitrile. The method provided linear calibration curves to at least several hundred micrograms per liter. Detection limits were conservatively estimated to be 26, 22, 14, and 10 microgram/L for HMX, RDX, TNT, and 2,4-DNT, respectively, with corresponding standard deviations of 3.4, 3.3, 4.4, and 4.6 microgram/L up to concentrations, of 250 microgram/L. A higher concentrations, the percent relative standard deviation values were approximately 2% for HMX and RDX and 4% for TNT and DNT. A ruggedness test involving the major manipulative steps in the process 2% for HMX and RDX and 4% for TNT and DNT. A ruggedness test involving the major manipulative steps in the procedure indicated that consistent results required glass sample containers, preconditioning of filters, and careful maintenance of sample-to-organic solvent ratio. The method was tested with munition wastewater from several Army ammunition plants and found to perform adequately for load and pack wastewaters, wastewater from HMX/RDX manufacture, and contaminated groundwater.

Interlaboratory evaluation of high-performance liquid chromatographic determination of nitroorganics

in munition plant wastewater.

Bauer, C.F., et al, Analytical chemistry, Jan. 1986, 58(1), MP 2050, p.176-182, 11 refs.

Grant, C.L., Jenkins, T.F.

Waste treatment, Water treatment, Water pollution. Chemical analysis, Water chemistry, Countermeas ures, Tests.

ures, Tests.

A reversed-phase HPLC method for the determination of nitroorganic compounds (DNT, TNT, RDX, HMX) in munitions wastewaters was evaluated in a collaborative study. Nine laboratories analyzed four aqueous matrices, including groundwater and treated wastewater, which were spiked with the analytes at levels from 30 to 600 microgram/L. Recoveries of analytes were similar regardless of matrix: DNT and RDX being recovered quantitatively, and TNT and HMX showing losses of about 5%. Intralaboratory precisions, based on the average of oulpicate determinations, were less than 15 microgram/L, which corresponds to 9% relative standard deviation at the average concentration examined. Interlaboratory values. Valid statistical analysis required rejection of about 10% of the data set as outliers. The rationale for applying a variety of statistical evaluations is discussed. set as outliers. The ratio

40-3358

Trashrack vibrations in hydroelectric power plants: causes, design criteria and constructive measures. (Schwingungen von Einlaufrechen bei Wasserkraft-anlagen: Ursachen, Bemessungsansätze und konstruktive Massnahmen,

Schleiss, A., Wasser, Energie, Luft-Eau, energie, air, 1985, No.10, p.299-303, In German with French and English summaries. 11 refs.

Waste treatment, Ice formation, Vibration, Fatigue (materials), Design, Countermeasures, Electric pow-

40-3359

40-3399
Thermal analysis of a shallow utilidor.
Phetteplace, G., et al, MP 2021, [1986], 10p., 4 refs.
Prepared for presentation at the 77th Annual Conference of the International District Heating and Cooling
Association, June 8-12, 1986, Ashville, NC.

Richmond, P.W., Humiston, N.
Waste disposal, Thermal properties, Utilities, Thermal conductivity, Heating, Water pipelines, Air temperature, Design, Countermeasures, Freezing. 40-3360

Survey of ice problem areas in navigable waterways. Zufelt, J., et al, U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory, Apr. 1985, SR 85-02, 32p. ADA-157 477.

Calkins, D.J.

Ice navigation, Icing, Locks (waterways), Dams, Ice control, River ice, Ice conditions, Ice jams, Ice break-

This report presents the findings of a survey of ice problems This report presents the findings of a survey of ice problems encountered on the nation's major navigable waterways. A survey questionnaire was developed and, through a field review group, was distributed to lock and dam facilities on the Allegheny, Monongahela, Ohio, Kanawha, Kaskaskia, and Mississippi Rivers and the Illinois Waterway. Analysis of the completed questionnaires identified 13 ice problem categories. The report describes each category of ice problem encountered, as well as the cited methods, operational and/or structural, undertaken to reduce the impact of each ice problem.

Impact of slow-rate land treatment on groundwater

quality: toxic organics.

Parker, L.V., et al, U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory, Dec. 1984, CR 84-30, 36p., ADA-153 253, Refs. p.19-21.

Jenkins, T.F., Foley, B.T.

Ground water, Waste treatment, Water treatment, Land reclamation, Seepage, Organic nuclei, Environ-

The removal efficiency for 16 organic substances in wastewater was studied on an outdoor, prototype slow-infiltration system.

The initial concentration of each of these substances in the wastewater was approximately 50 microgram/L. Removal was via volatilization during apray application and subsequent adsorption in the soil. The percent removal during apraying could be estimated from the liquid-phase transfer coefficient; losses were up to 70% for the most volatile components. The total percent removal for the system, based on the concentration in the percolate, was more than 98% for all substances. Only chloroform, which has a low octanol-water coefficient and according to the literature is not degradable aerobically, was continuously detected in the percolate. The major final removal mechanisms are believed to be volatilization and biodegradation-biotransformation. Breakthrough of several other organics in early spring as a result of application during the colder months was also observed. The two substances that were most persistent in the soil were PCBs and diethylphthalate. PCBs were apparently slowly lost from the system, probably by volatilization. The behavior of diethylphthalate was different in the two soils tested but was more recalcitrant than expected. 40-3362

Numerical modeling of sea ice dynamics and ice thick-

ness characteristics. A final report.

Hibler, W.D., III, U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory, Mar. 1985, CR 85-05, 50p., ADA-154 600, Refs. p. 35-38.

Ice mechanics, Drift, Sea ice, Ice cover thickness, Ice edge, Mathematical models, Heat balance.

A dynamic-thermodynamic sea ice model is extended to in-clude a full thermodynamic code and a complete multilevel ice thickness distribution. The variable thickness formulation in-cludes a more realistic parameterization of ice ridging than used ciudes a more reaissue parameterization of tee noging than used in previous models. Seasonal simulations have been performed using this model and the results have been analyzed with particular emphasis of the ridge buildup results off the Canadian Archipelago and off the North Slope. This report presents a complete description of this model and discusses progress made on examining and testing the variable thickness extensions.

TNT, RDX and HMX explosives in soils and sedi-

nents. Analysis techniques and drying losses.
Cragin, J.H., et al, U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory, Oct. 1985, CR 85-15, 11p., 13 refs.
Leggett, D.C., Foley, B.T., Schumacher, P.W.
Explosives, Freeze drying, Soll pollution, Sediments, Chemical analysis, Countermeasures, Drying, Adsorption, Absorption, Tests.

sorption, Absorption, Tests.

A method for the analysis of TNT, RDX and HMX explosives in soils and sediments has been developed. It consists of methanol extraction followed by reversed-phase high performance liquid chromatography using 10% actonitrile/40% methanol/50% water as the eluant. This method was used to study the effect of various drying techniques upon the recovery of TNT, RDX and HMX from soil and sediment samples contaminated with high (%) and low (microgram/g) levels of these explosives. For highly contaminated samples, complete recovery of TNT and RDX was obtained using freeze drying while air drying at room temperature resulted in greater than '0% recovery for both explosives. Other techniques, such as oven drying at 105C, oven drying at 45C, microwave oven drying, and drying under infrared lamps, all resulted in greater losses, with TNT and RDX recoveries ranging from 76 to 90%. Drying losses were not due to simple volatilization but rather to chemical reaction and/or sorption. For soil and sediment samples containing, low levels of TNT, RDX and HMX, recoveries of all three explosives were quantitative for all of the above drying techniques.

Mechanical properties of multi-year sea ice. Phase 2: Test results.

Cox, G.F.N., et al, U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory, Oct. 1985, CR 85-16, 81p., ADA-166 333, 10 refs. Richter-Menge, J.A., Weeks, W.F., Bosworth, H., Perron, N., Mellor, M., Durrell, G. Ice mechanics, Ice strength, Sea ice, Strains, Com-

pressive properties, Ice physics, Pressure ridges, Tensile properties, Loads (forces).

sile properties, Loads (forces). This report presents the results of the second phase of a test program designed to obtain a comprehensive understanding of the mechanical properties of multi-year sea ice from the Alaszian Beaufort Sea. In Phase 11, 62 constant-strain-rate uniasial compression tests were performed on horizontal and vertical ice samples from multi-year pressure ridges to examine the effect of sample orientation on ice strength. Also conducted were 36 constant-strain-rate tension tests, 55 conventional triaxial tests and 35 constant-lated compression tests on multi-year pressure. constant-strain-rate tension tests, 55 conventional triaxial tests and 35 constant-load compression tests on multi-year pressure ridge samples to provide data for developing ice yield criteria and constitutive laws. Data are presented on the strength, failure strain and modulus of multi-year sea ice under different loading conditions. The effects of ice temperature, porosity, structure, strain rate, confining pressure and sample orientation on the mechanical properties of multi-year sea ice are examined.

40-3365

Field tests of the kinetic friction coefficient of sea ice. Tatinclaux, J.C., et al, U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory, Oct. 1985, CR 85-17, 20p., ADA-163 170, 4 refs.

Murdey, D.

Ince friction, Sea ice, Surface properties, Steel structures, Ships, Ice crystal structure, Pressure, Ice strength, Velocity, Tests.

This report presents the results of tests of the ice friction coeffi-cient carried out during the May 1984 expedition of the F.S. Polarstern off the coast of Labrador. The test surfaces were lnerta-160-coated steel plates and bare steel plates, hand rough-Inerta-160-coated steel plates and bare steel plates, hand roughened and sandblasted. The main findings of the studies were:

1) columnar and granular sea ice showed no significant differences in friction coefficient; 2) for columnar ice, friction coefficientient was independent of ice crystal orientation with respect to test surface; 3) friction coefficient was independent of normal pressure applied on ice sample; 4) friction coefficient initially decreased with increasing relative velocity between the ice sample and the test surface and reached a steady value at higher speeds; 5) friction coefficient increased with increasing surface roughness; 6) a wetting surface exhibited a higher friction coefficient than a non-wetting surface of the same or even higher roughness average.

Sorption of military explosive contaminants on ben-

Sorption of military explosive contaminants on bentonite drilling mads.

Leggett, D.C., U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory, Nov. 1985, CR 85-18, 33p., ADA-163 231, Refs. p.14-16.

Explosives, Drilling fluids, Military operation, Pollution, Mud, Chemical composition, Environmental protection, Adsorption, Absorption, Analysis (mathamatica) ematics).

ematics).

Concern over the environmental fate of explosives has brought about development of sensitive analytical methods for measuring them in groundwater. In turn this concern has been extended to validating the sampling procedures for groundwater. This report addresses the potential effects of residual drilling muds on the analysis for explosive contaminants (TNT, DNT, RDX and HMX) in monitoring wells. The approach was to determine sorption is otherms for each contaminant. Sorption appeared to be independent of solids concentration. Linear isotherms were obtained for RDX and HMX over a range of analytic concentrations; therefore, a single constant can be used to estimate the amount sorbed when the solution concentration to estimate the amount sorbed when the solution concentration is known. Isotherms for TNT and DNT were not linear, however. Scatchard analysis suggested that the isotherms for these analytes could be resolved into two predominant components: a linear component above a certain sorbed quantity and a Langa mear component above a certain sorted quantity and a Lang-muir-type component below this quantity. The experimental data were fitted by regression analysis using the appropriate model. The equations developed can be used to predict the sorbed fraction (analytical bias) for any combination of solids and analyte concentration. The amounts of bentonite found in some existing wells do not appear to be sufficient to cause significant bias in analyses for these explosive contaminants.

40-3367

Constitutive relations for a planar, simple shear flow of rough disks.

Shen, H.H., et al, U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory, Dec. 1985, CR 85-20, 17p., ADA-163 147, 10 refs. Hopkins, M.A.

Shear flow, Surface roughness, Flow rate, Friction, Stresses, Avalanches, Computer applications, Tests. Stresses developed in a rapid, simple ahear flow of disks are quantified. Collisional momentum transfer is considered to be the dominant stress generating mechanism. The disks are inelastic and frictional. The restitution coefficient and the coefficient of friction together determine the transfer of momentum transfer of mo emicient of friction together determine the transfer of momen-tum and dissipation of energy during a collision. The frictional coefficient generates and maintains a rotational motion of disks. The total fluctuation motion of disks consists of two translation-al modes and one rotational mode. The rotational mode is found to depend on both the restitution and friction coefficient. Equipartitions of energy among all modes of motion is absent. The mean rotation, however, depends only on the mean flow radient. The analysis assumes a constant magnitude for all fluctuation modes. Comparison with a computer simulated disk flow shows good agreement. This implies that the distribution of velocity magnitude may not be crucial to the quantification of stresses.

40-3368

Angular characteristics of an acoustic field in air created by a vibroseismic generator set up on an ice

Gushchin, V.V., et al, Akademiia nauk SSSR. tiya. Physics of the solid Earth, 1982 (Pub. June 83), 18(11), p.902-904, Translated from its Izvestiia. Fizika zemli. 5 refs. Zaslavskii. IU.M.

Ice floes, Lakes, Ice cover thickness, Measuring instruments, Vibret ..., Acoustic measurement, Arctic Ocean.

Taking account of the mutual shading of winter glazed hothouse sheds in calculating the distance between hothouses under conditions of the extreme North. hothouses under conditions of the extreme North. Sharupich, V.P., Applied solar energy, 1984, 20(1), p.65-69, Translated from Geliotekhnika. Glass, Icing, Illuminating, Solar radiation, Hothouses, Design.

Statistical model of the mean field of the ocean-surface temperature east of Newfoundland.

Abramov, R.V., et al, *Oceanology*, 1983 (Pub. June 84), 23(6), p.714-718, Translated from Okeanologiia.

Gushchin, O.A., Kool', L.V., Stont, Zh.I.

Ocean environments, Air water interactions, Surface temperature, Heat transfer, Statistical analysis,

Exchange of oxygen and CO2 between water and atmosphere in the Arctic seas.

Liakhin, IU.I., et al, Oceanology, 1983 (Pub. June 84), 23(6), p.722-726, Translated from Okeanologiia. Rusanov, V.P.

ases. Ocean currents. Sea water. Composition. Arctic regions.

40-3372

Water dynamics of the subarctic frontal zone in the Pacific.

Ovchinnikov, I.M., et al, Oceanology, 1984 (Pub. Aug. 84), 24(1), p.29-32, Translated from Okeanologiia. 4 refs. Shcherbinin, A.D.

Ocean currents, Oceanographic surveys, Subarctic regions, Measuring instruments, Water transport.

Sorbent preparations for oil pollution cleanup in northern seas.

Mesiata, S.P., et al, *Oceanology*, 1984 (Pub. June 85), 24(6), p.692-694, Translated from Okeanologiia.

Nesterova, M.P., Gornitakii, A.B.

Oil spills, Water pollution, Minerals, Sea water.

40-3374

Global sea level: estimating and explaining apparent changes.

Barnett, T.P., Symposium on Coastal and Ocean Man-Barnett, 1.P., Symposium on Coasta and Ocean Management, 3rd, 1983, San Diego, Calif. Proceedings. Edited by O.T. Magoon and H. Converse, New York, American Society of Civil Engineers, 1983, p.2777-2783, 12 refs. DLC HT391.S935

Sea level, Ice sheets, Ice melting, Sea water, Thermal

Sea level, Ice sheets, Ice melting, Sea water, Thermal expansion, Antarctics.

A new analysis of "global" sea level has been made that largely avoids space/time bias of previous works. A coherent pattern of increasing relative sea level (RSL) existed on average at all stations analyzed between 1903-1969. Subject to considerable assumption, the rate of RSL increase associated with this pattern was 15 cm/century. A similar analysis of the period 1930-1975 again showed RSL increasing on average everywhere but in the western half of the North Pacific Ocean. Decrease of RSL in this area was substantiated by hydrographic data. Thus, in recent years the concept of a "global" sea level rise is not supported. The temporal behavior of the near global signals from both time periods was well approximated by a simple linear trend. There was no evidence of a more rapid rise in RSL in recent years. Potential cause of the above RSL change were investigated and assessed. They include: approximately equal melting of Greenland/Antarctica, changes in the length of dsy, change in sea surface temperature, thermal expansion of equal metung of oreeniand/Antarctica, changes in the length of day, change in sea surface temperature, thermal expansion of the oceans, and changes in ocean circulation and/or subsidence along all the coastal margins occurred simultaneously. In summary, it is not possible at this time to explain reliably the apparent increase in RSL. (Auth. mod.)

Nordic seas

Hurdle, B.G., ed, New York, Springer-Verlag, 1986, 777p., Refs. passim. For selected papers see 40-3376 through 40-3379.

Sea ice distribution, Ice conditions, Ice physics, Oceanography, Climatology, Hydrology, Underwater acoustics, Tides, Tectonics, Seismology, Arctic Ocean.

40-3376

Climatology.
Gathman, S.G., Nordic seas. Edited by B.G. Hurdle, New York, Springer-Verlag, 1986, p.1-20, 27 refs.

Climatology, Sea water, Water temperature, Ice edge, Marine meteorology, Sea ice, Remote sensing, Arctic

40-3377

Ice cover.

Wadhams, P., Nordic seas. Edited by B.G. Hurdle, New York, Springer-Verlag, 1986, p.21-86, Refs. p.78-

Sea ice distribution, Ice conditions, Ice edge, Ice mechanics, Ice formation, Water chemistry, Water temperature, Ice melting, Drift, Ocean waves, Fast ice, Arctic Ocean.

Physical properties of the sea ice cover. Weeks, W.F., MP 2047, Nordic seas. Edited by B.G. Hurdle, New York, Springer-Verlag, 1986, p.87-102, Refs. p.98-100.

Ice structure, Ice composition, Sea ice, Ice physics, Ice cover thickness, Ice formation, Snow cover, Ice crystal structure, Arctic Ocean.

Arctic waters.

Swift, J.H., Nordic seas. Edited by B.G. Hurdle, New York, Springer-Verlag, 1986, p.129-154, Refs. p.151-

Oceanography, Sea water, Water temperature, Hydrography, Water chemistry, Density (mass/volume), Seasonal variations, Arctic Ocean.

40-3380

Studies on genesis and time of the deposits of "The

Baitushan Ice Age" in Northeast China.
Qiu, S., et al, Journal of glaciology and geocryology,
Sep. 1985, 7(3), p.195-203, 9 refs., In Chinese with English summary.

Lacustrine deposits, Glaciation, Paleoclimatology, Sediments, Pleistocene, Glacial deposits.

Analysis of relationship of normal frost-heave force with respect to foundation base area.

Zhou, Y., Journal of glaciology and geocryology, Sep. 1985, 7(3), p.205-212, 3 refs., In Chinese with

English summary.

Froat heave, Soil pressure, Foundations, Loads (forces), Frost penetration, Slope orientation.

Calculating the counter-forces of heaving in the foun-

dation of piles in seasonally frozen regions.
Sui, X., Journal of glaciology and geocryology, Sep.
1985, 7(3), p.213-220, 4 refs., In Chinese with English summary.

Frost heave, Pile extraction, Loads (forces), Frozen

ground mechanics, Foundations, Countermeasures, Experimentation, Seasonal freeze thaw.

Feature and appraisal of the bedrock-crevice water in the permafrost region of the Great Xinan Mountains. Lin, F., Journal of glaciology and geocryology, Sep. 1985, 7(3), p.221-225, In Chinese with English sum-

Permafrost hydrology, Ground water, Mountains, China—Great Xinan Mountains.

Paleomagnetic age of the borehole No.1 of Dabuxun

Lake, Qaidam Basin.

Derbyshire, E., et al, Journal of glaciology and geocryology, Sep. 1985, 7(3), p.227-232, 15 refs., In Chinese with English summary. Shaw, J., Wang, J.

Sediments, Boreholes, Drill core analysis, Magnetic properties, Carbon isotopes.

Role of meltwater supply to the rivers in some mountains of south Tibet.

Yang, X., Journal of glaciology and geocryology, Sep. 1985, 7(3), p.233-238, 5 refs., In Chinese with English summary.

Meltwater, River flow, Snowmelt, Glacier ablation, Mountains, Tibet.

On the valley climate of Urumqi River in the Tianshan Mountains.

Wang, D., et al, Journal of glaciology and geocryology, Sep. 1985, 7(3), p.239-248, 4 refs., In Chinese with English summary.

Zhang, P.

Snowfall, Climatology, Precipitation (meteorology), Mountains, China-Tian Shan.

Glacier wind in the Rongbu Valley of Mt. Qomolang-

Gao, D., Journal of glaciology and geocryology, Sep. 1985, 7(3), p.249-256, In Chinese with English summary. 6 refs.

Glacial meteorology, Wind (meteorology), Air temperature, Slope orientation, Glacier surfaces, Mountain glaciers, Seasonal variations, Diurnal variations, China—Qomolangma Mountain.

Sporo-pollen assemblages of the Late Quaternary in angfanggou of Uramqi River and their significance. Pan, A., Journal of glaciology and geocryology, Sep. 1985, 7(3), p.257-264, 5 refs., In Chinese with Eng-1985, /(a), Lish summary.

Paleoclimatology. Palynology, Vegetation, China-Cangfanggou.

Current situation of the study on road construction in cold regions of North America.

Cheng, G., Journal of glaciology and geocryology, Sep. 1985, 7(3), p.265-278, In Chinese.

Cold weather construction, Runds, Prost penetration, Prost heave, Stress strain diagrams, Seepage, Construction materials, Friction, Rheology, Analysis (mathematics).

40-3390

Research of sea ice in China.

Dong, X., Journal of glaciology and geocryology, Sep. 1985, 7(3), p.279-282, In Chinese with English summary. 14 refs.
Sea ice, Ice navigation, Drift, Acoustics, Ice pressure,

Echo sounding, China.

Doubt about the quaternary glaciation in southeast

Wang, C., Journal of glaciology and geocryology, Sep. 1985, 7(3), p.283-290, 9 refs., In Chinese with

English summary.
Glaciation, Quaternary deposits, Karst, Earthquakes, Geological maps, Glacial erosion.

40-3392 Methods of gathering information on snowfall in the Cordillera from historical data. [Métodos para deri var información sobre precipitaciones nivales de fuentes históricas en la Cordillera de los Andes₁, Prieto, M. del R., Zentralblatt für Geologia und Pahontologie. Teil I, Jan. 1984, Nos.11/12, p.1615-1624, In Spanish with English and German summaries. 6 refs.

Snowfall, Precipitation (meteorology), Paleclimatology, Mountains, Climatic changes, Andes.

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Placer mining, Permafrost, Blasting, Explosives, Storage.

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Vostova 353R), Egupov, A.A., et al, *Vzryvnoe delo,* 1985, No.87/44, p.195-201, In Russian. 2 refs. Samoflov, V.I., Zhuchenko, E.I.

Placer mining, Permafrost, Blasting, Explosives.

Mechanized application of locally produced explosives in the "Medvezhiy Ruchey" mine of the Norll'sk combine. (Opyt mekhanizirovannogo primeneniia VV mestnogo izgotovleniia na rudnike "Medvezhii ru-

chel" Noril'skogo kombinata,
Mamashev, IU.P., et al, Vzryvnoe delo, 1985,
No.87/44, p.220-224, In Russian.
Placer mining, Permafrost, Blasting, Explosives,

Oceanology of Arctic Ocean. Okeanologiia Sever-

nogo Ledovitogo okeanaj, ticheskii nauchno-issledovatel'skii institut. Trudy, 1985, Vol. 389, 128p., In Russian. For selected papers see 40-3457 through 40-3461. Refs. passim. Kochetov, S.V., ed.

Frazil ice. Ice cover thickness, Oceanographic surveys, Ice sampling. Sea ice distribution, Ice cores, Ocean currents, Sea water freezing, Air water in-teractions, Ice growth, Subglacial observations, Stratification.

40.3457

Heat transfer between ocean and the atmosphere through thin ice of the Arctic Ocean. [K otsenke teploobmena mezhdu atmosferol i okeanom cherez

tonkie l'dy v Arkticheskom basseine, Kochetov, S.V., Leningrad. Arkticheskii i antarkti-cheskii nauchno-issledovatel'skii institut. Trudy, 1985, Vol. 389, p. 11-15, in Russian. 8 refs. Air water interactions, Ice cover thickness, Sea ice

distribution, Heat transfer, Air temperature, Charts.

Changes in the thermohaline structure of Arctic sur-

changes in the thermohaline structure of Arctic surface waters. Ob izmenchivosti termokhalinnoi struktury poverkhnostnykh arkticheskikh vody, Bannov-Balkov, IU.L., et al, Leningrad. Arkticheskil i antarkticheskil nauchno-issiedovateľskil institut. Trudy, 185, Vol.389, p.23-26, In Russian. 6 refs. Bulatov, L.V

Surface vs. vs. Sea water freezing, Air water interactions, vast transfer, Water chemistry, Ice growth, Ice cover thickness, Stratification, Arctic Ocean.

40-3459

Experimental study of the thawing rate of frazil ice in the sea. [Eksperimental'noe issledovanie skorosti

vnutrivodnogo taianiia l'da v more,
Beliakov, L.N., Leningrad. Arkticheskii i antarkticheskii nauchno-issledovatel'skii institut. Trudy,
1985, Vol.389, p.35-39, In Russian. 6 refs.
Ice melting, Prazil ice, Ice sampling, Ice cores, Water temperature, Sea ice distribution.

40-3460

Medium-scale subglacial currents in the Arctic Ocean. [Mezomasshtabnye podpoverkhnostnye te-

cheniia v Articheskom basseine, Beliakov, L.N., et al, Leningrad. Arkticheskii i antarkticheskii nauchno-issledovatel'skii institut. Trudy, 1985, Vol.389, p.46-51, ln Russian. 10 refs. Volkov V A

Ocean currents, Subglacial drainage, Oceanographic surveys, Drift stations.

40-3461

Poincare waves beneath ice cover and in the ice-free water. [Volny Puankare pod ledianym pokrovom i na

chistof vode₁, Kulakov, M.IU., et al, Leningrad. tarkticheskii nauchno-issledovatel'skii institut. Trudy, 1985, Vol.389, p.59-71, ln Russian. 3 refs. Legen'kov, A.P.

Water waves, Wave propagation, Subglacial observations, Oceanographic surveys.

Size and shape of ice floes in the B ttic Sea in spring. Leppäranta, M., Geophysica, 1983, 19(2), MP 2061, p.127-136, 4 refs.

Ice floes, Sea ice distribution, Remote sensing, Ice melting, Aerial surveys, Seasonal variations, Photography, Baltic Sea.

Proposed method to improve springtime areal snow water equivalent maps by using satellite imagery. Kuittinen, R, et al, Geophysica, 1983, 19(2), p.193-

Perala, J.

Snow water equivalent, Remote sensing, Mapping, Vegetation factors, Snow melting, Aerial surveys,

40-3464

Mathematical simulation of nitrogen interactions in soils.

Selim, H.M., et al, Mathematics and computers in simulation, June 1983, 25(3), MP 2051, p.241-248, 21

Mehran, M., Tanji, K.K., Iskandar, I

Soil chemistry, Gas inclusions, Waste disposal, Ground water, Nitrogen, Water flow, Interfaces, Mathematical models, Convection, Agriculture.

Mathematical models, Convection, Agriculture. Four mathematical models were evaluated for their ability to describe the fate of nitrogen (N), in the soil environment. The first model is a general one which accounts for convective-dispersive N transport under transient water flow conditions with active N uptake by plants. Model II considers N transport to be only of the convective type, whereas m.del III considers N transport under conditions of steady water flow in the convective model (II) and the steady state model (IV) are inferior in describing N flow in the soil system as well as the convective dispersive transport mechanisms must be considered for reliable simulation of N behavior in the soil environment

40.3465

Isothermal compressibility of water mixed with Nasaturated montmorillonite.

Oliphant, J.L., et al, Journal of colloid and interface science, Sep. 1983, 95(1), MP 2066, p 45-50, 14 refs. Low, P.F.

Water chemistry, Compressive properties, Clays, Freeze drying, Thermodynamics, Minerals, Analysis (mathematics).

40.3466

Measurement of the resistance of imperfectly elastic

Measurement of the resistance of imperfectly elastic rock to the propagation of tensile cracks.

Peck, L., et al, Journal of geophysical research,
Aug. 10, 1985, 90(B9), MP 2052, p. 7827-7836, 35 refs.

Nolen-Hoeksema, R.C., Barton, C.C., Gordon, R.B.

Rocks, Crack propagation, Elastic properties, Tensile properties, Practuring, Strength, Tests.

Laboratory tests confirm the accuracy of the compliance equa-dors for wedge-loaded, linearly elastic, double cantilever beam test to suners used for the measurement of fracture energy (in the confirmation of the same design). The depend-ty in tests on rock specimens of the same design. The dependry in rests or took specimens of the same design. The dependence of the compliance on the length of the crack in the test operimen is not correctly predicted by theory for the experimens on nock. The said load applied to the arms of the double cantilever beam as a result of wedge loading reduces Y is so modulus by as much as 44% and decreases the measured elastic anisotropy of specimens of granite. The ye modulus by as much as 44% and decreases the mea-red elastic anisotropy of specimens of granite. The experiments show that useful measurements of G(I) can be made on rock provided that the Young's modulus used in the determination of G(I) is measured on the same specimen under the same conditions of loading as are used in the fracture experiments

40.3467

Thermal insulation device.

Lemercier, G., U.S. Patent Office. Patent, Dec. 27, 1983, 8 col USP-4,423,003.

Thermal insulation, Sealing, Nuclear power, Equipment.

40-3468

Electric heating apparatus for de-icing pipes. Varney, P.V., Sr., U.S. Patent Office. Patent, Dec.

Varney, P.V., Sr., U.S. Patent Office. 27, 1983, 6 col. USP-4.423.311. Electric heating, Frozen liquids, Pipes (tubes), Freez-

ing, Countermeasures, Equipment.

Snow plow.
Blau, J.R., U.S. Patent Office Patent, Apr. 3, 1984, 8 col. USP-4,439,939

Snow removal, Motor vehicles, Road maintenance, Winter maintenance.

40-3470

reeze-proof livestock watering device and method. Lilyerd, J.R., U.S. Patent Office. Patent, Apr. 3, 1984, 6 col. USP-4,440,112.

Thermal insulation, Heating, Reservoirs, Turbulent flow, Freezing, Countermeasures, Thermostats, Winter maintenance.

40-3471

Polyethylene-polybutadiene blend.
Kent, E.G., U.S. Patent Office Patent, Dec 27, 1983, 6 col. USP-4,423,181.
Protective coatings, Polymers, Low temperature tests, Cold tolerance, Impact strength.

40-3472

Apparatus and method for measuring concentrations

of supercooled liquid water.
Hill, G.M., et al, U.S. Patent Office. Patent, Apr.
10, 1984, 18 col. USP-4,441,363. Chadwick, D.G.

Supercooled clouds, Unfrozen water content, Ice accretion, Measuring instruments, Vibration, Meteorological instruments, Radiosondes.

Means for removing snow from road. Huotari, V.E., U.S. Patent Office. Patent, Apr. 24, 1984, 4 col. USP-4,443,958.

Snow removal, Ice removal, Winter maintenance, Road maintenance.

Stefan problem. ¡Zadacha Stefana], Mefrmanov, A.M., Novosibirsk, Nauka, 1986, 239p., In Russian with abridged English table of contents enclosed. 223 refs.

Mathematical models, Melting, Crystal growth, Phase transformations, Stefan problem.

Terminology of glacial geomorphology. (Terminologia gliataial not geomorfologii), Timofeev, D.A., et al. Moscow, Nauka, 1986, 256p., In Russian with English table of contents enclosed. Refs p.205-214. Makkaveev, A.N.

Terminology, Glaciology, Geomorphology.

Snow melioration and the climate of soil. Snezhnaia

melioratsiia i klimat pochvyj, Shul'gin, A.M., Leningrad, Gidrometeoizdat, 1986, In Russian with English table of contents enclosed 85 refs

Land development, Soil water migration, Snow water equivalent, Snow cover distribution, Snow depth, Snow_retention, Protective vegetation, Soil temperature, Freeze thaw cycles, Frost penetration.

Thermosyphons in northern construction. [Termosifony v severnom stroitel'stve₃, Makarov, V.I., Novosibirsk, Nauka, 1985, 169p., In

Russian with abridged English table of contents enclosed. Refs. p.166-167.

Permafrost thermal properties, Permafrost control, Thermopiles, Design, Heat transfer, Foundations, Permafrost bases.

40-3478

Lichen flora of the Sangilen Highlands. [Likhencflora nagor'ia Sangilen, Sedel'nikova, N.V., Novosibirsk, Nauka, 1985, 180p.,

In Russian with English table of contents enclosed. Refs. p.172-179.

Lichens, Plant ecology, Alpine landscapes, Climate, Cryogenic soils, Vegetation patterns, Ecosystems.

Hydrological investigations made during expeditions. [Ekspeditsionnye gidrologicheskie issledovaniia], Vodogretskii, V.E., et al, Leningrad, Gidrometeoizdat,

1985, 231p., In Russian with abridged English table of contents enclosed. 63 refs.
Krestovskif, O.I., Sokolov, B.L.
Expeditions, Hydrology, Glacial hydrology, Snow hy-

drology, Surveys.

40-3480

Utah's Great Salt Lake-a classic lake effect snowstorm.

Carpenter, D.M., Weatherwise, Dec. 1985, 38(6). p.309-311.
Snowstorms, Snowfall, Topographic effects, Snow ac-

cumulation, Wind direction, United States—Utah—Great Salt Lake.

40-3481

What becomes of a winter snowflake

Colbeck, S.C., Weatherwise, Dec. 1985, 38(6), MP 2060, p.312-215.

Snowflakes, Snow crystal structure, Snow crystal

growth, Temperature gradients, Temperature effects, Vapor diffusion.

40-3482

Weather in the small scale, Weatherwise, Dec.

1985, 38(6), p.316-317. Snow crystal structure, Microstructure, Scanning electron microscopy, Photography.

40-3483

On zero-inertia and kinematic waves.

Katopodes, N.D., American Society of Civil Engineers. Hydraulics Division. Journal, Nov. 1982, 108(HY11), MP 2053, p.1381-1387, 5 refs. Discussion by M.G. Ferrick, Journal of hydraulic engineering, Mar. 1984, 110(3), p.352-357, 8 refs. Ferrick, M.G.

River flow, Wave propagation, Water waves, Chan-nels (waterways), Mathematical models.

40-3484

Vacuum thermal insulation panel.

Young, J.R., et al, U.S. Patent Office. Patent, Apr. 24, 1984, 6 col. USP-4,444,821. Schreck, R.M.

Thermal insulation, Materials, Thermal conductivity,

40-3485

Camouflage covering for snowy soils. Robicci, P.L., U.S. Patent Office. Patent, Sep. 4, 1984, v. col. USP-4,469,745.

Military facilities, Covering, Coatings, Snow cover effect.

40-3486

Microwave ice accretion meter.
Magenheim, B., et al, U.S. Patent Office. Patent,
Sep. 4, 1984, 14 col. USP-4,470,123

Ice accretion, Microwaves, Measuring instruments, Ice cover thickness, Ice growth.

40-3487

Offshore platform structure intended to be installed In arctic waters, subjected to drifting icebergs.

Kure, G., et al, U.S. Patent Office. Patent, Sep.
11, 1984, 8 col. USP-4,470,725.

Jenssen, D.N., Naesje, K.

Offshore structures, Ice loads, Drift, Icebergs, Concrete structures, Design.

40-3488

Prost sensor

Goto, N., U.S. Patent Office. Patent, Sep. 20, 1983, 12 col. USP-4,404,852.

Ice detection, Frost, Acoustic measurement, Freezers.

40.3489

Method for heat absorption from a sea bottom or the

Backlund, E.L., U.S. Patent Office, Patent, Oct. 4. 1983, 4 col. USP-4,407,351. Pipeline freezing, Thermal insulation, Turbulent flow,

Laminar flow, Heat recovery, Ocean bottom.

Ice-breaking and conveying system.

Wagner, J.C., U.S. Patent Office. Patent, Oct. 18, 1983, 6 col. USP-4,409,918.

Ice breaking, Icebreakers, Channels (waterways), Ice conditions, Ice navigation.

Atmospheric methane in the recent and ancient atmo spheres: concentrations, trends, and interhemispheric gradient. Rasmussen, R.A.,

Rasmussen, R.A., et al, Journal of geophysical research, Dec. 20, 1984, 89(D7), p.11,599-11,605, 18 refs

Air pollution, Ice cores, Bubbles, Ice composition.

Air pollution, Ice cores, Bubbles, Ice composition. The concentrations of methane in the old and ancient atmospheres of the earth was deduced by analyzing some 80 ice core samples from both polar regions. Concentration of methane 250 years ago and earlier was only 700 ppby, or about 45% of present levels. A rapid and significant increase of atmospheric methane started about 150 years ago. The rate of increase has escalated since then and is about 13% yr at present. The concentration of methane in the atmosphere 250 years ago and earlier, when methane was not increasing, was 10% higher in the Arctic as compared to the Antarctic. This finding is consistent with the expected ratio of about 107-111 obtained from a global mass balsince model and the orimarily land-based natural global mass balence model and the primarily land-based natural sources of methane, estimated to be about 280 Tg/yr, which may have been the only sources several hundred years ago, when human activities did not contribute significantly to the global methane cycle (Auth)

40-3492

Bismuth-207 in environmental samples.

Komura, K., Radioisotopes, Oct. 1985, 34(10), p.555-558, In Japanese with English summary. 6 refs. Soil pollution, Ice sheets, Pallout, Radioactivity, Antarctica-Scott Station.

tarctica—Scott Station.

Measurements of fallout Bi-207 in environmental samples are reported for water filters used at Scott Base and for surface soils containing high amount of fallout nuclides. The level of Bi-207 in these samples was nearly the same or a bitle higher than 104 at of fallout Co-60 and the Bi-207/Cs-137 activity ratios were in the range of 0.001-0.018. Contamination of bismuth by Bi-207 was found in "high purity" bismuth and its level was 1.9 mBq/g-Bi. (Auth.)

Distribution and regime of mountain glaciers, (Raspredelenie i rezhim gornykh lednikov₁,

Glazyrin, G.E., Leningrad, Gidrometeoizdat, 1985, 181p., In Russian with English table of contents en-171 refs

Mountain glaciers, Glacier alimentation, Glacier ice, Distribution, Mathematical models, Thermal regime. Ablation, Floods, Glacial hydrology.

40-3494

Means of extending navigation on internal waterways. ¡Sredstva prodleniia navigatsii na vnutrennikh vodnykh putiakh],

ykh putiakh₁, V.A., Leningrad, Sudostroenie, 1986, 207p., In Zuev Russian with English table of contents enclosed.

Icebound rivers. Air cushion vehicles, Icebound lakes, Ice navigation, Icebreakers, Transportation, Ice cover thickness, Ice cover strength, Ice mechanics,

40-3495

Continental lithogenesis and the formation of placer deposits in the cryolithozone. [Kontinental'nyl litogenez i rossypeobrazovanie v kriolitozone], Shumilov, IU.V., Novosibirsk, Nauka, 1986, 173p., In

English table of contents enclosed. Russian with Refs. p.163-170.

Placer mining, Minerals, Formation, Permafrost, Geochemistry, Geocryology, Sedimentation, Hydrothermal processes.

40-3496

Onset of Tertiary continental glaciation in the Antarctic Peninsula sector (West Antarctica).

Birkenmajer, K., Acta geologica polonica, 1985, 35(1-2), p.1-31, With Polish summary Refs. p.27-30. Fossils, Glaciation, Paleobotany, Geochronology, Glacial geology, Paleoclimatology, Glacial deposits, Antarctica—Antarctic Peninsula, Antarctica—King Gaorga Labard George Island.

The onset of continental glaciation (ice-sheet at sea level) in the The onset of continental glaciation (ice-sheet at sea level) in the Antarctic Peninsula sector, slightly post-dates the Oligocene/Miocene boundary — Early Miocene brachiopod-bearing shallow-marine sediments contain pieces of carbonized wood, and are still devoid of convincing glacial-climate indicators. The succeeding Early Miocene highly fossiliferous glacio-marine strata are crowded with iceberg-rafted debris, often of large dimensions, of antarctic continent provenance. Andesite dykes which cut through these strata have been K-Ar dated at about 20 Ma. The K-Ar dating of the geological events leaves a narrow bracket for the onset of continental glaciation in the Antarctic Peninsula sector at between 24 and 20 Ma. (Auth. mod.)

Airfoil aerodynamics in icing conditions. Bragg, M.B., et al. Journal of aircraft, Jan. 1986, 23(1), p.76-81, 21 refs. Gregorek, G.M., Lee, J.D.

Aircraft icing, Ice accretion, Air flow, Aerodynamics, Ice cover effect, Boundary layer, Experimentation, Safety, Hoarfrost, Glaze,

40-3498

Arctic offshore zones geographical framework Montarges, R., Oil and enterprise, Dec. 1985,

Sea ice distribution, Ice conditions, Climatic factors, Fast ice, Pack ice, Geography, Ocean bottom, Subsea permafrost, Ice scoring, Bottom schiment, Arctic Ocean.

40.3400

Arctic petroleum geology.

Stevaux, J.R., Oil and enterprise, Dec. 1985, No 29,

p.13.
Petroleum industry, Landscape types, Ocean bottom, Geology, Crude oil, Sedimentation, Tectonics, Stratigraphy, Canada, Beaufort Sea.

Brief history of the search for Arctic offshore oil. Xuong, N.D., Oil and enterprise, Dec. 1985, No.29, p.14-19.

Hydrocarbons, Oil recovery, History, Polar regions, Offshore drilling, Distribution, Arctic Ocean, Cana-

40-3501

Effects of ice on structures.

Putot, C., Oil and enterprise, Dec. 1985, No.29, p.19-24. 2 refs

loads, Ice deformation, Offshore structures, Sea ice distribution, Ice mechanics, Ice crystal structure, Ice creep, Ice cracks, Ice pressure, Ice cover effect,

40-3502

Geotechnical problems in Arctic Seas.

Le Tirant, P., 6 p.25-30, 7 refs. Oil and enterprise, Dec. 1985, No.29,

Artificial islands, Ice loads, Subsea permafrost, Ocean bottom, Stability, Exploration, Ice pressure, Caissons, Engineering, Permafrost preservation, Ice scoring, Pipelines, Beaufort Sea.

40.3503

Exploration and production structures for Arctic

Putot, C., Oil and enterprise, Dec. 1985, No.29, p.30-

Offshore structures, Ice conditions, Sea ice distribution, Ice loads, Design, Construction materials, Crude oil. Exploration, Petroleum industry, Caissons, Plat-

40-3504

Ice-breakers for the Canadian Arctic.

Huther, M., et al, Oil and enterprise, Dec. 1985, No.29, p.40-45, 9 refs.
Beghin, D., Pelissier, M.

Icebreakers. Ice navigation, Ice conditions, Ice breaking, Sea ice, Design.

Proceedings of the Seventh Symposium on Polar

Proceedings of the Section of Polar Meteorology and Glaciology.

Meteorology and Glaciology.

National Institute of Polar Section issue Kawaguchi, S., ed, Tokyo. National Institute of Pola Research. Memoirs, Dec. 1985, Special issue No.39, 252p., For selected papers see 40-3506 through 40-3521 or E-33834, E-33835, F-33824 through F-33833, F-33836, F-33837, I-33821 through I-33823 and J-33838.

Meetings, Glaciology, Meteorology, Oceanography. 61 papers were presented at the symposium. The main topics were aerosols and atmospheric constituents, clouds and snow-fall, snow crystals, radiation, ice cores, snow cover, ice sheet, climatic change, see ice and oceanography. The present volume contains 28 full-length papers and 13 abstracts; full-length papers are arranged in order of scientific areas of meteorology, glaciology and oceanography. (Auth.)

40.3506

Surface micromorphology of columnar ice crystals growing in air at high and low supersaturation Gonda, T., et al, Tokyo. National Institute of Polar Research. Memoirs, Dec. 1985, Special issue No.39, p.108-116, 11 refs. Sei, T., Gomi, H.

Ice crystal growth, Supersaturation, Ice crystal structure, Microstructure, Antarctica—Mizuho Station.

The growth mechanisms of long prisms with skeletal structures precipitating in the polar regions are studied by observing the surface micromorphology of columnar ice crystals growing in air at high and low supersaturations. It is concluded that long surface micromorphology of columnar ice crystais growing in air at high and low supersaturations. It is concluded that long hollow prisms, that is, long prisms with large skeletal structures grow by a two-dimensional nucleation mechanism under supersaturation above about 10%, while long prisms with small skeletal structures grow by a screw dislocation mechanism under supersaturation below about 2% (Auth.)

Annual precipitation estimated by blowing snow ob servations at Mizuho Station, East Antarctica, 1980. Kobayashi, S., Tokyo. National Institute of Polar Research. Memoirs, Dec. 1985, Special issue No.39, p.117-122, 8 refs.

Snowfall, Snowdrifts, Snow water equivalent, Snow density, Antarctica-Mizuho Station.

This paper describes annual precipitation estimated by blowing snow observations made on a strong katabatic wind slope at Mizuho Station. Snowfall densities have been estimated from the asymptotes of the vertical profiles of snow drift density, a method which separates the amount of snowfall from the drift density in a snowstorm. Using the snowfall densities, fall velocity of blowing snow particles (0.5 m/s) and the distribution of number of days with snowfall, the value of annual precipitation in 1980 was estimated as about 140 mm in water. (Auth)

Estimation of precipitation from drifting snow observations at Mizuho Station in 1982.

Takahashi, S., Tokyo. National Institute of Polar Research. Memoirs, Dec. 1985, Special issue No.39, 123-131, 11 refs

Snowfall, Snow density, Snowdrifts, Snow water equivalent, Antarctica-Mizuho Station.

Precipitation at Mizuho Station in 1982 was estimated in two ways. From the drift flux at a 1 m height, the daily precipitation was estimated by assuming that an increase of the drift flux compared with an empirical formula is all due to precipitation. Precipitation was also estimated from the drift density at a 30 m height, where the drift density is assumed all due to precipitation. in neight, where the drift density is assumed all oue to precipitation. The estimated precipitation by both ways was small in summer, large in winter, and especially large in June. The annual precipitation in 1982 was estimated at 230 mm from the drift flux at the 1 m height, and 260 mm from the drift density at the 30 m height. Taking accuracy into account, these are in the range between 100 and 300 mm. The estimated amount is considerable larger than the real accumulation of 70 mm obconsiderably larger than the net accumulation of 70 mm ob-tained by earlier measurements. (Auth.)

40-3509

Variability of surface mass balance in the Mizuho

Variability of surface.

Plateau, Antarctica.

National Institute of Polar ReSecond K. Tokyo. National Institute No.39. Satow, K., Tokyo. National Institute or rotal search. Memoirs, Dec. 1985, Special issue No.39,

Snow cover, Mass balance, Periodic variations, Antarctics-Mizuho Plateau.

On the basis of the data of surface mass balance along the traverse routes in 1968-1983, mean and variation of the annual balance were obtained in the Mizuho Plateau. A year-to-year balance were obtained in the Mizuho Plateau. A year-to-year variation of the surface mass balance showed a general increase during the period of the measurement. The climatic effect and the effect of surface microrelier, such as assirugi and dunes, on the mass balance variability were assessed. The former prevailed in a high accumulation zone of the coastal region, and the latter became larger inland. (Auth.)

Density profile of a 413.5 m deep fresh core recovered at Mizuho Station, East Antarctica.

Nakawo, M., et al, Tokyo. National Institute of Polar Research. Memoirs, Dec. 1985, Special issue No.39, p.141-156, 18 refs. Narita, H.

Ice sheets, Ice cores, Ice density, Cracking (fracturing). Antarctica-Mizuho Station.

ing), Antarctics—Mizuho Station.

Within a month after core recovery, density data were obtained from the dimensions and the weights of the core samples and by the hydrostatic method. The density data were corrected for the surface effect with considerations of the bubble concentration and the average bubble size. A method has been presented to estimate the in situ density value (without cracks) from the nominal density data with cracked samples based upon the data on total gas content. This method has been applied to the data of deep portion (below 135 m depth), where the core was cracked considerably. A reasonable depth profile of in situ density was thus estimated, which indicated that the shrinkage of trapped air bubbles was the main densification process of ice after the bubble closs-off. (Auth) after the bubble close-off. (Auth.)

Structure of 413.5-m deep ice core obtained at Mizuho Station. Antarctica.

Narita, H., et al, Tokyo. National Institute of Polar Research. Memoirs, Dec. 1985, Special issue No.39, p.157-164, 6 refs. Nakawo, M.

Ice cores, Ice structure, Gas inclusions, Bubbles, Antarctica—Mizuho Station.

tarctica—Mizuho Station.

Ice cores down to a depth of 413.5 m were obtained at Mizuho Station (70 deg 41.9%, 44 deg 19.9%), East Antarctica, in April to July, 1983. Grain features (size, periphery length and shape factor) and air bubble morphology were examined from thin section photographs taken within a month after the recovery of the ice cores. They showed discernible differences from those of the similar examinations previously done of ice cores of the same place recovered in 1972. The differences are attributed to the feet that latter examinations examinations examinations described to the feet that latter examinations described to the feet that the latter examinations described to the feet that the latter examinations described to the feet that the latter examination described to the feet that the latter examination described to the feet that the latter examination described the feet that the latte tributed to the fact that the latter examinations were based on photographs taken much later after the recovery. Fabric patterns were also examined at selected depths also within one month after the recovery.

40-3512

Measurement of velocities of P and S waves in boreholes at Mizuho Station and Minami-Yamato Nunataks. East Antarctica.

Ishizawa, K., et al, Tokyo. National Institute of Polar Research. Memoirs, Dec. 1985, Special issue No.39, p.165-172, 6 refs.

Ice sheets, Boreholes, Seismic velocity, Wave propa-

Ice sheets, Boreholes, Seismic velocity, Wave propagation, Antarctica—Mizuho Station.

At Mizuho Station velocity profiles of P and S waves to a depth of 208 m were measured on 30 July and 1 August 1983. The waves were generated by hitting an iron block set on the snow surface and traveled waves were detected by geophones set in boreholes. It was revealed that the velocities of P and S waves continuously increased with depth. At Minami-Yamato Nunataks, velocities of both waves were obtained to a depth of 100 m in a bare ice region on 29 Dec. 1983. The obtained velocities were constant from the surface to a depth of 100 m, being 3.83 km/s for P wave and 2.01 km/s for S wave. P and S wave velocities at a depth of 100 m at both sites were compared. The differences in the S wave velocity are discussed on the basis of differences in crystal orientation. (Auth.)

40-3513

low pattern near Massif A in the Yamato bare ice field estimated from the structures and the mechanical properties of a shallow ice core.

Azuma, N., et al, Tokyo. National Institute of Polar Research. Memoirs, Dec. 1985, Special issue No.39, p.173-183, 10 refs. Nakawo, M., Higashi, A., Nishio, F.

Ice structure, Ice cores, Ice sheets, Ice mechanics, Ice creep, Antarctica-Queen Maud Land.

A shallow ice core, 30 m long, was collected at the Yamato bare ice field in East Queen Maud Land. From the uniaxial compression tests with the core, the flow law of the ice was obtained, which was different considerably from that obtained for the artificial polycrystalline ice with random orientation fabric. Additional structural analyses of the core allowed estimation of

the stress configuration and the flow field around the nunataks As a result, a longitudinal stress of 0.15 MPa was obtained at the drilling site. Also, the variation of surface velocities, interthe drilling site. Also, the variation of surface velocities, internal flow lines and isochrones upstream of Massif A were calculated. The results showed that the origin of the ice emerging near the nunataks is not far from its present position and the catchment area is rather small. The ice is considered nearly stagnant in the region adjacent to the nunataks. (Auth.) 40-3514

New explanation of bending of a snow density profile. Ebinuma, T., et al, Tokyo. National Institute of Polar Ebinuma, T., et al, Tokyo. National Institute of Pola Research. Memoirs, Dec. 1985, Special issue No.39, p.184-188, 10 refs.

Nishimura, H., Maeno, N. Snow density, Snow deformation.

Snow density, Snow deformation.

The physical meaning of bending of a snow density profile at G2 in Antarctica (665 kg/cu m, 32 m depth below the snow surface) was investigated. It was found that the bending occurred at pressures around 0 1-0 2 MPa. Examination of snow densification mechanisms as a pressure-sintering phenomenon suggested that the bending is related to the initiation of dominance of the dilocation were anothering. (Auth.) (Auth.) of the dislocation creep mechanism.

On the contraction of borehole at Mizuho Station. East Antarctica.

Hasemi, T., et al, Tokyo. National Institute of Polar Research. Memoirs, Dec. 1985, Special issue No.39, p.189-192, 4 refs.
Takahashi, A., Ikegami, K., Tanaka, Y.
Ice drills, Boreholes, Ice mechanics, Ice creep.

Ice drills, Boreholes, Ice mechanics, Ice creep.

Changes of borehole diameters at different depths down to 400 m were estimated. Results are as follows: Tertiary creep will start after about half a year and the diameter of the hole will be 2.3 of the initial in a year and 1/10 after 2 years at a depth of 400m, provided that the shifting from the secondary to the tertiary occurs at total strain. The rate is 3 to 4 times larger when a different flow law derived from the flow observations at Mizuho Plateau is used. Borehole closure rate varies widely depending on the flow law of ice. In order to determine a representative flow law of ice in Mizuho Plateau, the importance of borehole observation and technical development of boring is emphasized. (Auth. mod.) emphasized (Auth. mod.)

40.3516

Volcanic ash in dirt layers from the Allan Hills bare ice area in Victoria Land, Antarctica.

Katsushima, T., et al, *Tokyo. National Institute of Polar Research. Memoirs*, Dec. 1985, Special issue No.39, p.193-208, 26 refs.
Nishio, F.

Ice sheets, Volcanic ash, Rocks, Antarctica-Allan

Dirt layers were found in the Allan Hills bare ice area in Vic-toria Land, Antarctica. They contain volcanic ash consisting of abundant glass shards with subordinate crystal fragments of of abundant glass shards with subordinate crystal fragments of plagicclase, titanaugite, olivine, kaersutite, titanamomagnetite, etc. Tephra samples collected from each of 8 dirt layers are classified into three groups based on petrography, morphology and major element chemistry, suggesting that these tephras may have been derived from at least two different volcances. Possible volcanic sources within Victoria Lan. are discussed on the basis of composition and grain size of the tephra (Auth. mod.)

40-3517

Report of natural remanent magnetization of dirt ice layers collected from Allan Hills, southern Victoria Land, Antarctica.

Funaki, M., et al, Tokyo. National Institute of Polar Research. Memoirs, Dec. 1985, Special issue No.39, p.209-213, 10 refs.

Nagata, T.

Remanent magnetism, Ice cover, Impurities, Antarctice....Allan Hills.

tica—Allan Hills.

Paleomagnetic studies are performed for the dirt ice specimens collected from the Allan Hills. These specimens have fairly stable NRM against AF demagnetization up to 500 Oe. Every specimen has normal magnetization in the 000025 emu/g intensity, 69 deg inclination and 164 deg declination. The NRM carriers are estimated to be almost pure magnetite with a pseudosingle domain structure. Although the NRM acquisition mechanism cannot be explained at this time, it may be important to evaluate the possibility of NRM acquisition when the snow containing voicanic ash changes to ice under pressure. Since the nondipole components of the geomagnetic field are large in the southern polar cap area, the NRM cannot estimate the age and the place of NRM acquisition from the VGP position of these specimens. (Auth.)

40-3518

Ice core drills usable for wet ice.

Suzuki, Y., et al, Tokyo. National Institute of Polar Research. Memoirs, Dec. 1985, Special issue No.39, p.214-218, 10 refs. Shimbori, K

Ice drills, Ice composition, Wet ice.

40-3519

Tandem diameter gauge for use in antarctic ice hole. Naruse, R., et al, Tokyo. National Institute of Polar Research. Memoirs, Dec. 1985, Special issue

No.39, p. 219-222, 5 refs. Shimbori, K., Akitaya, E., Suzuki, Y. Ice drills, Boreholes, Measuring instruments, Antarctica-Mizuho Station.

A diameter gauge, which has two diameter calipers 0.53 m apart, was developed for the Japanese Antarctic Research Exapart, was developed for the Japanese Antarctic Research Ex-pedition. Each caliper has three contact wheels which are a spring-loaded through the supporting rods. The use of two calipers makes a better alignment between the axes of the hole and the gauge. Diameters in the range from 90 to 190 mm can be measured with an accuracy of 1.5 mm. (Auth.)

Rise of snow temperatures caused by the sewage dis-

posal, Mizuho Station, Antarctica. Nakawo, M., Tokyo. National Institute of Polar Research. Me noirs, Dec. 1985, Special issue No.39, p.223-232, 15 refs.

Snow temperature, Sewage disposal, Temperature variations, Antarctica—Mizuho Station.

Measurements of snow temperature distribution indicated that the temperature was considerably higher in the vicinity of the station than in the natural snow layers far from it. It was constation than in the natural snow layers far from it. It was considered that the temperature rise was caused by the human activities at the station, in particular by the sewage discharge into the surface snow layer. A simple calculation of the temperature rise was compatible with the field data on the temperature distribution around the station. Vertical profiles of the snow temperature, obtained through shallow/medium depth boreholes, are discussed in terms of the artificial temperature

40.3521

Convective mixing and sea ice formation in the Wed-

Convective mixing and sea ice formation in the Weddell-Enderby basin in 1974 and 1975.

Motoi, T., et al, Tokyo. National Institute of Poler Research. Memoirs, Dec. 1985, Special issue No.39, p.233-243, 15p.
Ono, N., Wakatsuchi, M.
Sea ice, Sea water, Water temperature, Water chemistry, Sallnity, Antarctica—Weddell-Enderby basin is examined using a one-dimensional convective mixing model. Oceanographic data obtained in late summer of 1974 and 1975 aboard the icebreaker Fuji are used as the initial conditions in the model. The results by the present model indicate that no sea ice forms in the Weddell Polynya region in 1974 and 1975. The major oceanographic criterion for sea ice formation in the winter is salinity of water in a mixed layer in the preceding summer; high salinity gives no sea-ice formation, which is due to an upward heat flux from deep water by deep convection (Auth.)

Hydrology and glaciology: dry valleys, Antarctica,

annual report for 1981-82.
Chinn, T.J.H., et al., New Zealand. Ministry of Works and Development. Report, July 1984, WS 1017, 63p. Woods, A.D.H.

Glacial hydrology, Meltwater, Weather observations, Antarctica-Victoria Land.

Antarctica—Victoria Land.

This program investigates long and short term climatic fluctuations in the dry valleys region by the study of glaciers, summer meltwater streams, and the levels of enclosed lakes. Flow records of the Onyx River were made at two sites, and the total measured seasonal discharge into Lake Vanda was 3.8 million cu m. Lake Vanda rose approximately 500 mm over the summer while the levels of the other 8 lakes measured had level changes from -41 mm (Upper Victoria) to +253 mm (L Fryxell) Glacier mass balance measurements (Heimdall Glacier) and, blation measurements on various slaciers continue to show cell) Glacier mass balance measurements (Heimdall Glacier) and blation measurements on various glaciers continue to show small sins and losses consistent with past years. Maximum ablation losses in mm water equivalent were Heimdall Glacier -100. Wilson Piedmont Glacier-35; Wright Lower Glacier-155. Clark Glacier-236, Wright Upper Glacier-238. Apart from a number of periods of cloudy weather with minor snowfalls during late December and January, there were no notable meteorological events over this summer. On Heimdall Glacier, two holes were drilled to near 15 m using a motorized "SIPRE" ice drill and a rig. A temperature probe was lowered into the holes to obtain temperature profiles from which mean annual air temperatures were estimated for altitudes of 1350 m and 1450 m. (Auth.)

40-3523

Interactions among turbulence, radiation, and microphysics in Arctic stratus clouds.

Curry, J.A., Journal of the atmospheric sciences, Jan. 1, 1986, 43(1), p.90-106, 32 refs.

Cloud physics, Boundary layer, Thermal radiation, Turbulence, Beaufort Sea.

Mesoscale frequencies and seasonal snowfalls for different types of Lake Michigan snow storms. Kelly, R.D. Journal of climate and applied meteorology, Mar. 1986, 25(3), p.308-312, 7 refs.

Snowfall, Snowstorms, Lake effects.

Lake Erie-Niagara River ice boom.

Churchill, R.R., Geographical review, Apr. 1985, 75(2), p.111-124, Numerous refs.

Ice booms, Lake ice, River ice, Electric power, Environmental impact.

40-3526

Repeated load triaxial testing of frozen and thawed soils.

Cole, D.M., et al, Geotechnical testing journal, Dec. 1985, 8(4), MP 2068, p.166-170, 4 refs Durell, G., Chamberlain, E.J.

Frozen ground strength, Ground thawing, Stresses, Loads (forces), Thaw weakening, Soil strength, Preeze thaw cycles, Strain tests, Detormation, Soil water, Equipment.

water, Equipment.

This paper describes the equipment and methodology used to determine the resilient properties of granular soils that exhibit thaw-weakening behavior. Such soils suffer a significant loss in stiffness as the result of freezing and thawing and subsequently experience an increase in stiffness during a recovery phase. The recovery phase results from gradual desaturation of the thawed soil and is characterized by an increase in the soil moisture tension level. We have developed a means to simulate this freeze-thaw-recovery process in the laboratory that calls for testing specimens several times at soil moisture tension levels corresponding to field observations.

40-3527

Vertically stable benchmarks: a synthesis of existing

information.
Gatto, L.W., MP 2069, U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Surveying Conference, Jacksonville, FL, Feb. 4-8, 1985. Proceedings, 1985, p.179-188, Refs. p.183-

Frost action, Measuring instruments, Permafrost, Bench marks, Topographic surveys, Hydrology, Structures, Deformation, Design.

Techniques used for topographic, hydrographic and structural movement surveys are no more accurate than the benchmarks used as reference. In northern areas, frost action can cause substantial vertical movement of benchmarks. Benchmarks can also subside or shift in wetland and coastal areas. Various benchmark designs and installation procedures reduce or eliminate movement, but information on the designs and procedures is widely scattered and not available to Corps of Engineers Districts in one report. This paper gives the preliminary results of a synthesis of existing information compiled from surveys of Crops of Engineers Districts and Divisions, U.S. and Canadian accurate the accurate and private industry and from movement surveys are no more accurate than the benchmarks veys of Crops of Engineers Districts and Divisions, U.S. and Canadian government agencies and private industry and from a literature review. A matrix for selecting benchmarks appropriate for various climatic and soil conditions will be prepared from the synthesized information. This matrix and a description of the procedures required for installing various types of benchmarks will be available in September 1985.

40-3528

Cold weather O&M.

Reed, S.C., et al, *Operations forum*, 1985, 2(2), MP 2070, p.10-15, 6 refs. Niedringhaus, L.

Waste treatment, Water treatment, Cold weather operation, Temperature effects, Viscosity, Inbricants. 40-3529

Computational mechanics in arctic engineering

Computational mechanics in arctic engineering. Sodhi, D.S., MP 2072, Computer Methods in Offshore Engineering Specialty Conference, Halifax, Nova Scotia, May 23, 1984. Proceedings, [1984], p.351-374, Refs. p.367-374. Ice mechanics, Ice solid interface, Offshore structure.

tures, Engineering, Ice loads, Impact strength, Cold weather construction, Computer applications, Mathematical models, Drift, Floating ice.

ematical models, Drift, Floating ice.

A review of numerical modeling in arctic engineering is presented, and emphasis is given to the work which deals with computational mechanics. For large-scale problems the dynamic model for sea ice and iceberg drift is discussed. For medium-scale problems the bearing capacity of floating ice sheets and ice-structure interaction for bending, buckling and crushing failures of ice sheets are discussed. A brief discussion is also presented on the impact ice forces and the kinematic model for ridge formation.

40-3530

Tank E/O sensor system performance in winter: an overview. Lacombe, J., et al, MP 2073, Hanover, NH, U.S. Army

Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory, (1985), 26p., Presented at the Smoke/Obscurants Symposium, 9th Adelphi MD, April 2, 25, 1085 Symposium, 9th, Adelphi, MD, April 23-25, 1985. refs

Redfield, R.K.

Military operation, Tanks (combat vehicles), Cold weather operation, Meteorological factors, Lasers, Instruments, Winter, Visibility, Optical properties, Electrical properties, Snowfall.

Electrical properties, Snowfall.

This paper describes the SNOW-III-WEST experiment and a related study conducted in the Federal Republic of Germany that was designed to increase the understanding of the effects of winter weather on the performance of electro-optical sensor systems in main battle tanks. SNOW-III-WEST was conducted at Camp Grayling, Michigan, during December 1984 and January 1985. Its objectives were to document the performance of the MI tank EO sensor suite in winter and gather data from threat vehicle EO sensors and MI tank developmental superior for users in development and the sensor of the sensor was a superior of the sensor of the sensors for use in developing system capability comparisons. To accomplish this, an M1 tank gunners primary sight (GPS) was positioned to view and range to vehicular targets at distances out to 1600 m. The GPS contains a day sight, night sight and laser rangefinder. Other U.S. and threat EO systems were co-located with the GPS. Day and night sight imagery through the device optics was recorded using video equipment while simultaneous target observations by the sight operator were documented. Detailed measurements were made to characterize important target scene and environmental factors. were documented. Detailed measurements were made to characterize important target scene and environmental factors. These included: meteorological, airborne-anow, scene illumination, and atmospheric transmission measurements, as well as inherent and apparent visible and infrared target/background signature measurements. PM Smoke's personnel response and evaluation system for target obscuration (PRESTO) was used to document the sight operator's target detection responses.

40-3531

Effects of snow on vehicle-generated seismic signs-

tures.

Albert, D.G., MP 2074, Sensor Technology Symposium, 4th, Apr. 26-28, 1983. Report. Vol.1: Unclassified papers, U.S. Army Engineer Waterways Experiment Station, Vicksburg, MS, Environmental Laboratory, July 1984, p.83-109, 9 refs.

Snow cover effect, Military operation, Seismic surveys, Attenuation, Acoustics, Seasonal variations, Valuetee

Vehicles.
Vehicles enerated seismograms recorded under summer and winter conditions at Fort Devens, Massachusetts, are analyzed and compared. The data were recorded using three-component geophones located just beneath the ground surface and microphones mounted on tripods 0.3 m tall. Winter data were recorded with a 0.7-m-thick snow cover present at the test site. The 14-track FM field tapes were digitized in the laboratory at a sampling rate of 500 Hz in preparation for filtering and spectral analysis. The filtering effect of the snow cover on the seismic data is striking. Because the acoustic-to-assimic coupled energy is attenuated by the snow, the appearance and frequency content of the recorded ground motion is changed dramatically. Automatic vehicle classification algorithms will have to account for these effects if they are to operate successfully in the presence of snow.

40-3532

Frozen precipitation and concurrently observed meteorological conditions.

Bilello, M.A., MP 2075, [1985], 11p., Presented at the 42nd Meeting of the Eastern Snow Conference, Montreal, Canada, June 1985. 8 refs.

Snowfall, Precipitation (meteorology), Meteorological data, Statistical analysis, Freezing, Air temperature, Hamidity, Wind velocity, Fog, Visibility, Diurnal varietions. nal variations.

mal variations.

This study evaluates statistical data for two or more meteorological parameters, recorded concurrently during the winter. The analysis considers only freezing forms of precipitation, placed into seven categories, and correlated with simultaneously observed atmospheric conditions, such as temperature, humidity and wind speed. Computer tabulated data from 11 years of winter weather for München/Riem, West Germany, were obtained for the investigation. Typical results are: 1) the variations in absolute humidity values that can be expected during periods of fog or ground fog at different air temperatures, 2) the likelihood that freezing rain or freezing drizzle will occur least frequently between 1200 and 1700 hours, and 3) the diurnal and monthly six temperatures, relative humidity and examples of the unusual and interesting environmental knowledge that can be gained from available climatic records; similar investigations can be conducted for other sites that have long-term weather can be conducted for other sites that have long-term weather records in computer-based files.

40-3533

Evaluation of seasonal variation in resilient modulus

of granular soil affecting pavement performance.

Johnson, T.C., MP 2076, [1985], c21p., Presented at the 33rd Annual Conference on Soil Mechanics and Foundation Engineering, St. Paul, MN, Jan. 1985. 27

Pavements, Freeze thaw cycles, Frozen ground mechanics, Road maintenance, Seasonal variations, Loads (forces), Damage, Forecasting, Tests, Moisture transfer, Soil structure.

40-3534

Scientific report of Second Indian Antarctic Expedition to Antarctica.

tion to Antarctica.

India. Department of Ocean Development, New Delhi, 1985, 132p., Tech. pub. No.2, For individual papers see 40-3535 through 40-3543 or E-33841 through E-33845, F-33852 through F-33858, G-33861, I-33859, I-33862, I-33846, K-33848 through K-33850, K-33860, L-33847 and L-33851.

Expeditions, Glaciology, Antarctica—Princess Astrid

Coast.

The 2nd Indian Antarctic Expedition operated in Princess Astrid Coast during the antarctic summer of 1982-83. Its primary goals were to select a site for a permanent station; carry out scientific research projects; establish a communications link between India and Antarctica; prepare and maintain an sirstrip; and reconnoitre the area within a 100 km radius of the base site. Seven government scientific agencies were involved in the research program undertaken by 28 scientists supported by contingents of the Indian Army, Navy, and Air Force and by an electronics agency. The 22 papers sub-divide into geology, 5; geophysics and geomagnetism, 6; glaciology, 7; and meteorology and radio physics, 4.

ዸ፟ዀዀዸቔኯዼ፟ኯፚቜፚ፞ቔቝ፟ጜጜፙፙዸቔፙፙፙጜጜጜጜጜጜጜጜጜጜጜጜዄዄዀጜጜዄኯፚጜ

40-3535

Acoustic studies at and around Dakshin Gangotri, Anterctice.

Sastry, H.R.S., Scientific report of the Second Indian Antarctic Expedition, Technical publication no.2, New Delhi, India, Department of Ocean Develop-ment, 1985, p.39-46. Ice acoustics, Ice shelves, Sciamic surveys, Hydrogra-

pky.

phy.

A program of studies in the fields of acoustics, seismology, physical oceanography and hydro-acoustics was successfully carried out. The details of the experiments and the results are presented. Seismic studies indicated the existence of a sedimentary layer below the ice shelf with characteristics similar to those of strata off the Indian Coast. Acoustic studies of ice cracks led to the determination of characteristic frequencies of these sounds. Ocean thermal structure was recorded to 450 m. cracks led to the determination of characteristic frequencies of these sounds. Ocean thermal structure was recorded to 450 m by using XBT in the Southern Indian Ocean. Existence of sound channels in shallow depths of 10-100 meters was established in the ocean near Antarctica. Sonar ranges in these sound channels were calculated. The advantage of cylindrical propagation in the sound channels is offset to some extent by the higher attenuation coefficient values at low temperature and high salinity. Noise spectra of the sounc, from birds, penguin and skua, are presented. Recommendations are made for the benefit of future expeditions to Antarctica. (Auth.)

Ice shelf studies at and around Indian scientific re-search station, Dakshin Gangotri, Antarctica.

search station, Daksain Gangotri, Antarctica.
Raina, V.K., et al, Scientific report of the Second Indian Antarctic Expedition, Technical publication no.2, New Delhi, India, Department of Ocean Development, 1985, p.75-80, z refs.
Kaul, M.K., Chakraborty, S.K.
Ice shelves, Fast ice, Coastal topographic features, Antarctica—Schirmacher Hills.

Astarcaca—Scaliffmscaer Hills.

A survey of a part of the permanent ice shelf which surrounds the continent of Antarctica, was carried out between 15 E to 15 W longitude at and around 70 S latitude to select a site for a permanent Indian station. The survey has revealed that this part of the shelf has undergone no major topographical change during the last forty years or so except for the breaking of a large protruded portion along zero degree meridian. Stability of the shelf is due to its being in contact with the submarine continental shelf which has, at places, been subjected to ice rises. (Auth.)

40-3537
Abi: ton on the antarctic shelf ice.
Kau .f.K., et al, Scientific report of the Second Indian Antarctic Expedition, Technical publication no.2, New Delhi, India, Department of Ocean Development, 1985, p.81-86.
Chakraborty, S.K., Raina, V.K.
Ice shelves, Ablation, Solar radiation, Markers, Wind

(meteorology).

The antarcia climate is directly related to the melting of its ice. Monitoring of the melt pattern was carried on the shelf ice near the Indian base research station. Wind was found to be the most important agent influencing ablation of antarctic ice, whereas solar radiation played a subordinate role. (Auth.)

40-35.8 Icoberg studies in antarctic waters.

Kaul, M.K., et al, Scientific report of the Second Indian Antarctic Expedition, Technical publication no.2, New Delhi, India, Department of Ocean Development, 1985, p.87-90.

Chakraborty, S.K., Raina, V.K.

Icebergs, Ice cores, Ice physics.

Icebergs, Ice cores, Ice physics.
Icebergs are one of the most important physical forms of ice around the Antarctic continent. During the 2nd Indian expedition the appearance of solid icebergs was noticed at 59 S latitude. Onwards from this spot continuous occurrence of icebergs was longed, and several distinctive physical forms of bergs were identified. For detailed examination of the iceberg the authors landed on an iceberg on Jan. 10, 1983, which was adrift at a location fixed as 59 deg 53 min 12 sec S latitude and 11 deg 46 min 18 sec E longitude. A shallow borehole was drilled by a portable power driven machine and a complete core was obtained up to a depth of 4.62 m. Physical appearance, location and nature of stratification indicate that this iceberg has been generated by calving of the main shelf of the Princess Astrid Coast. (Auth.)

40-3539

Note on the snout of Dakshin Gangotri Glacier, An-

Kaul, M.K., et al, Scientific report of the Second Indian Antarctic Expedition, Technical publication no.2, New Delhi, India, Department of Ocean Development, 1985, p.91-93. Chakraborty, S.K., Raina, V.K. Glaciers, Antarctica—Schirmacher Hills.

Graciers, Antarctica—Schirmacher Hills.
The nearest exposed landmass to the Indian research station is the Schirmacher Range (Dakshin Gangotri). A characteristic feature of the southern property of this range is a number of glacier outlets overrizing the rock surface. The nature and morphology of these glaciers differ conspicuously from the shelf ice north of this range. One of these glaciers was selected, as part of glaciological studies in this area and detailed mapping of the snout position was carried out. (Auth.)

40-3540

Experiment on artificial augmentation of ablation on the shelf ice, Antarctica.

Kaul, M.K., et al, Scientific report of the Second Indian Antarctic Expedition, Technical publication no.2, New Delhi, India, Department of Ocean Development, 1985, p.95-97. Chakraborty, S.K., Raina, V.K.

Ice shelves, Ablation, Ice melting, Dusting, Antarctics—Princess Astrid Coast.

The melting rate of snow/ice can be changed substantially by altering the albedo of its surface. Such an experiment was carried out on the antarctic shelf ice during the present expedition using coal dust as the medium resulting in enhanced melting of

40-3541

40-3541
Stratigraphic studies of antarctic ice.
Kaul, M.K., et al, Scientific report of the Second Indian Antarctic Expedition, Technical publication no.2, New Delhi, India, Department of Ocean Development, 1985, p.99-102.
Chakraborty, S.K., Raina, V.K.
Ice shelves, Ice cores, Stratigraphy, Fallout, Antarctica—Priacess Astrid Coast.
For the stratigraphic studies of antarctic ice, which has an ac-

tica—Princess Astrid Coast.

For the stratigraphic studies of antarctic ice, which has an accumulation record of thousands of years, various methods were attempted: direct measurement through a network of stakes, differentiation of accumulated layers through difference in stratigraphic character, establishment of reference horizon through radioactive fallout, and the O18/O16 and D/H values of the deposited snow and ice. On the basis of stratigraphic and physical characteristics an ice core study revealed two categories: ice or depth hoar which shows compaction, larger crystal grains, greater hardness and dull grey to green color; and firm, which is less compact with smaller grain size and white to off white color. In addition to these major stratigraphic layers, a 1.5 cm thick sandy layer about 36 cm below the ice surface was also recorded in one bore-hole. (Auth.)

Isotopic and TL studies of antarctic ice samples. Nijampurkar, V.N., et al, Scientific report of the Sec-

Nijampurkar, V.N., et al, Scientific report of the Second Indian Antarctic Expedition, Technical publication no.2, New Delhi, India, Department of Ocean Development, 1985, p.103-106, 7 refs.

Fallout, Radioactive isotopes, Ice shelves, Luminescence, Antarctica—Princess Astrid Coast.

Shallow ice core samples near Dakhin Gangotri station from the transition zone between the inland polar ice and shelf ice were studied for Po210, Ca137, deltaO18 and thermoluminescence of trapped dust in ice layers. The total beta-activity shows a small peak around 1.5 m but Ca137 activity is below the detection limit in all the samples. The Po210 activity indicates an average fallout of about 1.1 dpm/L in various samples. The vertical profile of deltaO18 in 3 m ice core indicates a mean annual surface air temperature of -9 C at the time of deposition. Natural thermoluminescence levels of the trapped dust are smaller than the geological levels consistent with data obtained earlier. (Auth.) earlier. (Auth.)

40-3543

40-3543
Meteorological studies at Antarctica.
Sreedharan, C.R., et al, Scientific report of the Second Indian Antarctic Expedition, Technical publication no.2, New Delhi, India, Department of Ocean Development, 1985, p.107-118.
Sharma, A.K.
Weather observations, Meteorological data, Ultraviolatical Lieuter and the property of the pr

let radiation, Ice temperature.

Meteorological data were collected over the seas between India Meteorological data were collected over the seas between India and Antarctics and over Antarctics itself. In Antarctica a full-fledged surface observatory was set up with remote recording facilities for atmospheric temperature, wind speed and direction, humidity, global-reflected and ultraviolet radiation and temperature of ice at different depth levels. (Auth.)

40-3544

Effect of snow on vehicle-generated seismic signa-

Albert, D.G., U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory, Aug. 1984, CR 84-23, 24P., ADB-090 976, 10 refs.

Military operation, Snow cover effect, Seismology, Detection, Vehicles, Attentuation, Acoustics, Season-lawfold, Acoustics, S

al variations.

al variations.

Vehicle-generated seismograms recorded under summer and winter conditions at Fort Devens, Massachus-tts, are analyzed and compared. The data were recorded using three-component geophones located just beneath the ground surface and microphones mounted on tripods 0.3 m tall. Winter data were recorded when a 0.7-m-thick snow cover was present. The filtering effect of this snow cover on the seismic data was striking. The appearance and frequency content of the recorded ground tering effect of this snow cover on the seismic data was striking. The appearance and frequency content of the recorded ground motion changed dramatically from summer to winter because snow attenuates the acoustic-to-seismic coupled energy. These changes were verified by magnitude-squared coherence analysis and by a simple Wiener prediction model. Automatic vehicle classification algorithms will have to account for these effects if the algorithms are to operate successfully in the presence of snow.

Shoreline erosion processes: Or well Lake, Min-

Reid, J.R., U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory, Dec. 1984, CR 84-32, 101p.,

Reid, J.R., U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory, Dec. 1984, CR 84-32, 101p., ADA 152 952, Refs. p.54-56.

Shore erosion, Slope processes, Lake water, Banks (waterways), Ground thawing, Sediment transport, Water waves, Reservoirs, Shoreline modification, Rain, Seasonal variations, Meteorological factors.

Orwell Lake, in west-central Minnesota, is a flood-control, water-management reservoir first impounded in 1953. Subsequent erosion of the shoreline and a lack of knowledge of slope erosion processes in this region prompted this study to identify and quantify the processes there. The processes were measured at selected sites between June 1980 and June 1983. Erosured at selected sites between June 1980 and June 1983. Ero-sion of the banks is primarily caused by three processes rain, frost thaw, and waves. The first two processes tend to move sediment to the base of the steep slopes, forming a relatively gentle surface of accumulation. Wave action then tends to move this sediment into the lake. Analysis of the data collectmove this sediment into the lake. Analysis of the data collected over three years has confirmed that wave action is the dominant crossion process, providing almost 77% of the crossion during the 1981-82 study year. During the 1981 high pool level, 2,089 Mg of sediment, mostly colluvium, was removed from the lower slopes by wave action striking the 1.62 km of croding shortline. More than 4,300 Mg was erroded by waves accompanying the higher pool levels of 1982.

Impact of dredging on water quality at Kewaunee

Impact of dredging on water quality at Kewaunee Harbor, Wisconsin.
Iskandar, I.K., et al, U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory. Aug. 1984, CR 84-21, 16p., ADA-148 321, 16 refs.
Cragin, J.H., Parker, L.V., Jenkins, T.F.
Dredging, Sediments, Waste disposal, Water pollution, Lacustrine deposits, Water chemistry, Ports, United States—Wisconsin—Kewaune.
Six aediments and four water samples were collected from Ke-

tio.n. Lacustrine deposits, Water chemistry, Ports, United States—Wisconsin—Kewaunee.

Six sediments and four water samples were collected from Kewaunee, Wisconsin, in 1981, prior to dredging of this Lake Michigan harbor. A modified clutrate test was used to estimate potential impact on water quality upon harbor dredging and disposal of the sediments in a confined facility. The modification of the test included a comparison between containment release under aerated vs unaerated conditions and filtered vs unfiltered conditions and streed and unfiltered samples were significant for soluble reactive P and all the tested metals except Cu—Significant but low amounts of heavy metals (Cd, Pb, Zn, Ni, Fe, Mn) and soluble reactive P will be released to the water if the effluent is not filtered. Under aerated conditions, COD in both the filtered and unfiltered samples was higher than under unaerated conditions. In contrast, total organic carbon was much higher under the unaerated condition than under aerated conditions. The study concluded that sediment and contaminant releases from the confined disposal facility (CDF) to the harbor water were less than those from the Kewauner River input. Also, retention of effluent in the CDF for about four days decreased the suspended solids in the effluent to about 40 to 50 mg/L, which is similar to the concentration in the lake water. The use of sand filters should not be for routine operation but rather for emergency cases when there is not enough time for effluent retention in this CDF. emergency cases when there is not enough time for effluent retention in this CDF.

40-3547

CRREL investigations relevant to offshore petroleum production in ice-covered waters. Tucker, W.B., MP 2086, International Symposium on

Remote Sensing of Environment. Second Thematic Conference "Remote Sensing for Exploration Geology," Fort Worth, Texas, Dec. 6-10, 1982, Proceedings. Vol.1, [1983], p.207-215, Refs. p.213-215.

Offshore structures, Ice loads, Sea ice distribution,

Remote sensing, Drift, Ice conditions, Ice crystal structure, Design, Ice mechanics, Ice strength.

structure, Design, Ice mechanics, Ice strength. The U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory has studied the sea ace environment of the Beaufort Sea for many years. Offshore development is now proceeding beyond the barrier islands and many of these studies have relevance to the planned activities. Sea ice presents a formidable hazard to the design and construction of production platforms and sea floor pipelines. CRREL investigations have addressed a number of the problems associated with these activities and armote sensing has played a major role in some of these studies Specific efforts at CRREL have addressed the measurement of the motion the distribution and mornhology of pressure ridges. specific cliffs at CRNEL have addressed the measurement of the motion, the distribution and morphology of pressure ridges and shore ice pile-ups, ice conditions and thickness, the deter-mination of ice strength, ice crystal structure, and the modeling of ice dynamics and thermodynamics

Potential use of SPOT HRV imagery for analysis of

co atal sediment plumes.
Band, L.E., et al, MP 1744, 1984 SPOT Symposium. book, American Society of Photogrammetry, 1984,

p. 199-204, 5 refs.
McKim, H.L., Merry, C.J.
Bottom sediment, Sediment transport, Remote sensing, Water pollution, Spectroscopy, Distribution,

Simulated SPOT (HVR) 20-in multispectral data were obtained on 7 July 1984 over the Hart-Miller Island diked spoil containment facility located in the upper Chesapeake Bay—Sediment plumes were clearly visible and indicated the sediment transport direction at the time the image was taken. The portion of plumes were clearly visible and indicated the sediment transport direction at the time the image was taken. The portion of the image along the bay side of the island had strong specular reflection. The linage was preprocessed to remove the majority of the specular reflection. The Sobel operator was applied to the enhanced imulated SPOT image. A set of edge segments were generated that follow the boundaries of the major sediment plumes. The strength of the edges was quite variable, reflecting the varying diffusion of the plume border. The Sobel edge-enhanced image showed two sets of plumes. The edge intensity was generally stronger nearer the source. Profiles of pixel digital number were taken at two distances, normal to the long axes of two sediment source areas. The cross sections taken through the plumes were plotted.

40-3549

Wildlife habitat mapping in Lac qui Parle, Minnesota.

Merry, C.J., et al, MP 2085, 1984 SPOT Symposium. Proceedings. SPOT simulation application hand-book, American Society of Photogrammetry, 1984, p.205-208. Green, G., Anderson, S.

Vegetation, Remote sensing, Spectroscopy, Photoin-terpretation, Mapping, Classifications, Agriculture, United States—Minnesota—Lac qui Parle.

United States—Minnesota—Lac qui Parle.

SPOT High Resolution Visible (HRV) simulated data were obtained over Lac qui Parle. Minnesota, to determine their usefulness for mapping wildlife habitat categories associated with Corps projects. Ground truth data were available from photointerpreted wildlife habitat unit maps and the agricultural corp inventory prepared for the summer of 1983. A geometric correction could not be applied to the data set, so only the spectral reflectance quality of the data was assessed. The sample size of \$12 x \$12 pixels was selected for the analyses. An unsupervised classification land cover map was generated with the Earth Resources Laboratory Application Software package The classification was successful in discriminating wheat and alfalfa and other uniformly colored areas, but pasture and correction of grasslands and legumes. Our results indicated that the 20-m HRV data can be used to photointerpret wildlife habitat using the false color image, but a digital classification cannot be performed. To obtain a habitat map using the HRV data would require a multitemporal analysis.

Spatial analysis in recreation resource management for the Berlin Lake Reservoir Project.

Edwardo, H.A., et al, MP 2084, 1984 SPOT Symposium. Proceedings. SPOT simulation applications handbook, American Society of Photogrammetry, 1984, p 209-219.

1984, p. 209-219. Merry, C.J., McKim, H.L. Landforms, Reservoirs, Remote sensing, Topographic features, Classifications, Environment simulation, Water chemistry, Lake water, Geography.

water cnemistry, Lake water, Geography.

The simulated SPOT data acquired from aircraft over the study site had several radiometric characteristics which would not be encountered in the nadir-looking satellite observations. These differential scene brightness features were removed from the data. The corrected data were used in two studies to assess their information content for water quality assessment and land cover classification. Both studies indicate that the SPOT data are comparable to high shifted colors infrared aexist process. are comparable to high altitude color-infrared aerial photogra-phy in digital form. The implication for land cover mapping is that techniques developed for LAN DSAT MSS will need to be modified to allow for interactive user input and the use of textural and contextual features in automatic digital classification. The results of the water quality analysis point to the po-tential of the SPOT data for assessing the presence of materials in the light-interactive zone of the water column.

Ohio River main stem study: the role of geographic information systems and remote sensing in flood damage assessments.

Edwardo, H.A., et al, MP 2083, International Symposium on Remote Sensing of Environment, 18th, Paris, France, Oct. 1-5, 1984. Proceedings, Vol.i., [1984], p.265-281, 3 refs.

Merry, C.J., McKim, H.L.

Remote sensing, River flow, Topographic features, Floods, Damage, Landforms, Geography, Classifications, Mapping United States—Ohio River. The Pittsburgh District, Corps of Engineers, has conducted fea-sibility analyses of various procedures for performing flood

Procedures using traditional, although highly automated, techniques and those based on geographic information systems have been evaluated at a test site, the City of New Martinsville, Wetzel County, West Virginia. The flood damage assessments of the test site developed from an automated, conventional structure-by-structure appraisal served as the ground truth data

40-3552

Dynamic friction of bobsled runne, s on ice.

Huber, N.P., et al, MP 2082, Le sport: Enjeu technologique. Edited by A. Midol and T. Mathia, Dec. 4, 1982, 26p., 10 refs.

1 1983, 200., 10 reis. Itaga'.i, K., Kennedy, F.E., Jr. Metal ice friction, Sleds, Ice surface, Ice friction, Ice deterioration, Dynamic loads, Models, Experimentation. Statistical analysis.

tion, Statistical analysis.

The challenge we have been presented with, to perfect the runners of the US. Bobsled Team's sled for the 198R Winter Olympics in Calgary, requires an understanding of the experimentation performed by other researchers, the conclusions reached, and the limitations of their findings. Most of the ice friction studies to date have been made under more or less idealized conditions. Thus, in the highly dynamic situation of a bobsled or a skier sliding on a rough ice surface, a variety of unknown and disregarded factors may contribute greatly to the friction phenomena. For instance, none of the previous studies addressed the mechanical destruction of the ice surface, though carving or melting a track in the 'ee could account for most of the frictional energy loss. This paper describes the results of a preliminary study performed using a model sled

Frontiers in hydraulic engineering.

Conference on Frontiers in Hydraulic Engineering, Cambridge, MA, Aug. 9-12, 1983, New York, American Society of Civil Engineers, 1983, 617p., Refs. passim. For selected papers see 40-3554 through 40-3556

Hydraulics, River ice, River flow, Ice cover effect, Ice mechanics, Ice jams, Meetings, Freezeup, Ice breakup, Ice forecasting, Floods.

40-3554

Frazil ice.

Frazil ice, Ice crystal growth, Ice structure, River ice. Nucleation rate, Streams, Analysis (mathematics).

Nucleation rate, Streams, Analysis (mathematics). The study of crystal growth and its application to large scale industrial crystallization can provide many insights and quantitative approaches to the problem of frazilice. Number continuity and heat conservation equations are presented in which the key parameters are crystal growth and nucleation rates. These parameters and frazil morphology are discussed. The problems of applying these equations to lastural waterbodies are discussed. Further research needs are outlined

40-3555

Hydraulic resistance of river ice.

Shen, H.T., Conference on Frontiers in Hydraulic Engineering, Cambridge, MA, Aug. 9-12, 1983. Proceedings. Edited by H.T. Shen, New York, American Society of Civil Engineers, 1983, p.224-229, 25 refs. River ice, River flow, Ice cover effect, Flow rate, Floating ice, Analysis (mathematics), Ice cover thickness. Ice iams.

Ice jams

Beltaos, S., Conference on Frontiers in Hydraulic Engineering, Cambridge, MA, Aug. 9-12, 1983. Proceedings. Edited by H.T. Shen, New York, American ceedings. Society of Civil Engineers, 1983, p.230-235, 16 refs. Ice jams, Ice breakup, River ice, Freezeup, Floating ice, Grounded ice, Ice cover thickness, Ice control.

Simulation of lake ice dynamics.

Simulation of nake (see dynamics.)
Rumer, R.R., Conference on Frontiers in Hydraulic Engineering, Cambridge, MA, Aug. 9-12, 1983. Proceedings. Edited by H.T. Shen, New York, American Society of Civil Ergineers, 1983, p.236-241, 11 refs. Lake ice, Ice mechanics, Ice forecasting, Ice models, Analysis (mathematics).

Effects of an ice cover—a conceptual model.

Santeford, H.S., et al, Conference on Frontiers in Hydraulic Engineering, Cambridge, MA. Aug. 9-12. York, American Society of Civil Engineers, 1983, p.242-247, 1 ref. Alger, G.R.

lice cover effect, River ice, Freezeup, Hydraulics, Ice breakup, Ice jams, Ice formation, River flow, Analysis (mathematics).

Analysis of the variation of river stage in the freezing

Analysis of the variation of river stage in the freezing season for some cases on the Yellow River.

Zanting, C., et al, Conference on Frontiers in Hydraulic Engineering, Cambridge, MA, Aug. 9-12, 1983.

Proceedings. Edited by H.T. Shen, New York, American Society of Civil Engineers, 1983, p 248-253.

Zhaochu, S., Wencai, W. River ice, Freezeup, Ice cover effect, River flow. Hydrography, Ice jams, Ice dams, China-Yellow River. 40-3560

40-3500
Unsteady river flow beneath an ice cover.
Ferrick, M.G., et al, MP 2079 Conference on Frontiers in Hydraulic Engineering, Cambridge, MA, Aug. 9-12, 1983. Proceedings Edited by H.T. Shen, 9-12, 1983. Proceedings Edited by H.T. Shen, New York, American Society of Civil Engineers, 1983, p.254-260, 9 refs.

Lemieux, G.E. River flow, Ice cover effect, River ice, Ice breakup, Frazilice, Flooting, Ice jams, Water waves, Ice water interface.

40-3561

Floodplain delineation in ice-jam prone regions

Vogel, R.M., et al, Conference on Frontiers in Hydraulic Engineering, Cambridge, MA, Aug. 9-12, 1983. Proceedings. Edited by H.T. Shen, New York, American Society of Civil Engineers, 1983, p.261-266,

Stedinger, J.R.

Ice jams, River ice, Floods, River flow, Hydraulics, Models, Periodic variations.

40-3562

Computer modeling of ice jams.

Churchill, A., Conference on Frontiers in Hydraulic Engineering, Cambridge, MA, Aug. 9-12, 19⁶3. Proceedings. Edited by H.T. Shen, New York, American Society of Civil Engineers, 1983, p.267-272, 12 refs. Ice jams, Ice models, Computer applications, River flow, Flood forecasting, Water level, Warning systems.

40-3563

First-generation model of ice deterioration.

Ashton, G.D., MP 2080, Conierence on Frontiers in Hydraulic Engineering, Cambridge, MA, Aug. 9-12, 1983. Proceedings. Edited by H.T. Shen, New York, American Society of Civil Engineers, 1983, 232 328 12 266.

Ice deterioration, Ice models, Floating ice, Ice structure, River ice, Lake ice, Ice cover strength, Ice breakup, Heat transfer, Diurnal variations.

breakup, Heat transfer, Diurnal variations.
The phenomenon of deterioration of ice, particularly of floating ice on rivers and lakes, is commonly observed during the spring period. The result of the deterioration is a porous, honeycomb-like structure, generally of low strength, and the greatly reduced strength contributes to the timing of ice break-up as well as significantly reducing the load-carrying capacity of the ice cover. A combined radiation-conduction heat transfer analysis is research that prefers the during laternath variation associations. presented that predicts the diurnal strength variations associated with low surface albedo and internal melting. The results are compared with field data

40.3564

Laboratory study of river and ground icings.

Ettema, R., et al., Conference on Frontiers in H drau-lic Engineering, Cambridge, MA, Aug. 9-12, 1983. Proceedings. Edited by H.T. Shen, New York, American Society of Civil Engineers, 1983, p.279-284,

3 refs.
Schohl, G., Klindera, B.

Naleds, Icing, River ice, Freezing, Soil water, Ice formation, Surface temperature, Air temperature, Ice surface, Experimentation.

40-3565

p.285-290, 7 refs. River flow, River ice, Ice mechanics, Drift, Ice models, Heat transfer, Experimentation, Temperature effects, Hydraulics, Freezeup.

fects, Hydraulics, Freezeup.

A thermal modeling criterion for the ice discharge in refrigerated physical river models is presented along with laboratory results. Ice production was evaluated for freshwater and for 0.3% and 1% urea concentrations in water. Discharges of 0.0056 and 0.0094 cu m/s were run in the model river at air temperatures of 5, 10 and 15C. Preliminary results show that as the concentration of urea in the water is increased, the model ice outflow increases. The measured ice discharge at river outleand the use accumulation on the riverbed are both linearly. let and the ice accumulation on the riverbed are both linearly related to the air-water temperature difference. The ice acrelated to the air-water temperature difference. The see ac-cumulation rate on the riverbed was also found to be a linear function of time. The freshwater flow had a greater bed ac-cumulation rate than urea-doped solutions. A slight increase in model see production was noted for the higher water flow

rates. Proper scaling of the ice discharge through a model reach may require relaxing the heat transfer coefficient scaling law because sufficient ice cannot be generated in the river, and ice must be introduced at the inlet of the model. By changing the urea concentration in the water or using a separate ice production flume, a wide range of values for the input of model ice discharge can be selected.

40-3566

Studying sea-ice regime in the northwestern North Atlantic Ocean to develop ice forecasting methods for separate areas. [Rezul'taty issledovanit ledovogo rezhima severo-zapadno! Atlantiki i razrabotka metodik prognozirovanija ledovykh uslovil v otdel'nykh ee

ralonakh_i, Kogan, B.A., et al, *Problemy Arktiki i Antarktiki*, 1985, Vol.61, p.16-22, In Russian. / reis. Orlov, N.F.

Ice navigation, Ice surveys, Ice forecasting, Sea ice distribution. Ice conditions.

Studying ice cover dynamics of the Barents Sea. [ltogi issledovanii dinamiki ledianogo pokrova Ba-

rentseva moria_j, Zubakin, G.K., et al, Problemy Arktiki i Antarktiki, 1985, Vol.61, p.22-30, In Russian. 25 refs.

Ice reporting. Sea ice distribution. Ice surveys. Drift. Tides, Ice edge, Polynyes.

Investigating the pollution of Arctic sea waters. [Za-

griaznenie vod severnykh moret i problemy ego is-sledovanity. Potanin, V.A., et al, *Problemy Arktiki i Antarktiki*, 1985, Vol.61, p.42-47, In Russian. 14 refs. Shcherbakov, O.N.

Water pollution, Water transport, Sea ice distribu-tion, Water chemistry, Statistical analysis, Arctic Ocean.

40-3569

Forecasting dangerous and hazardous hydrometeorological events in the Norwegian, Greenland and Barents seas, and the Kola Peninsula. [Prognoz opasnykh i osobo opasnykh gidrometeorologicheskikh iav-lenii na akvatorii Norvezhskogo, Grenlandskogo i Ba-

rentseva morel i Kol'skom poluostrove₁, Polkhov, A.P., *Problemy Arktiki i Antarktiki*, 1985, Vol.61, p.47-52, In Russian. 14 refs. Ice storms, Ocean environments, Snowstorms, Alpine

landscapes, Slope processes, Sea ice disbribution, Drift, Avalanches.

Design values of wind speeds of various probability for construction on Kola Peninsula. [O ra skorostiakh vetra ra. lichnol veroiatnosti dlia stroitel'nogo proektirovaniia na Kol'skom poluostrovej. Zykova, G.G., et al, *Problemy Arktiki i Antarktiki*, 1985, Vol.61, p.52-59, In Russian. 12 refs.

Permafrost beneath structures, Ice loads, Wind velocity, Arctic regions, Snow loads, Construction.

Meteorological reports for economic development of Arctic regions. (Nekotorye problemy meteorologicheskogo obespechenia osvoenia Severnykh morely, Dement'ev, A.A., Problemy Arktiki i Antarktiki. 1985, Vol. (i., p.59-64, In Russian. 17 refs. Ice navigation, Offshore drilling, Ice surveys, Hyendelican and the contractions of the contraction of the contrac

draulic structures, Ice reporting, Ice loads, Sea ice distribution, Ice edge, Ice breakup.

Meteorological and aerological conditions for the Novaya Zemlya bora winds. Meteorologicheskie i aerologicheskie usloviia novozemel'skol bory1. Dement'ev, A.A., et al, Problemy Arktiki i Antarktiki. 1985, Vol.61, p.64-70, In Russian. 6 refs. Orlov, N.F., Skvortsova, T.N. Ice navigation, Wind velocity, Turbulence, Air tem-

perature, Ship icing.

Revegetation techniques in arctic and subarctic envi-

Kubanis, S.A., Alaska Natural Gas Transportation System, Office of Environment, Biological Programs,

Aug. 1982, 40p., Refs. p.28-40. Revegetation, Plant ecology, Growth, Soil erosion, Soil structure, Pipelines, Grasses, United States40-3574

Sea shuttle: a multi-discipline multi-mission capable vehicle for deep ocean and under-ice applications. Port Boody, B.C., Canada, Energy Conversion Systems, Inc., International Submarine Engineering, Ltd., [1983], 7p. + figs., 5 refs.

Subglacial navigation, Ocean bottom, Vehicles, Ice

cover effect, Petroleum industry, Exploration.

Field investigation of tracks left by ice breaking ves-

Danielewicz, B.W., et al, Calgary, Alta., Dome Petroleum Ltd., Apr. 1983, 25p. + figs., 8 refs. Pessah, E., Cornett, S.
Ice breaking, Freezing, Ice cover strength, Ice cross-

ings, Icebreakers, Bearing strength, Refreezing.

Air muchion achiele demonstration in Bathel, Algebra

costs, performance and impact.

McCall, O., et al, U.S. Urban Mass Transportation
Administration. Report, Mar. 1982, UMTA-MD-06-0058-83-1, 69p. PB83-175 398. Scalzo, M.

Air cushion vehicles, Cold weather operation, Trans-portation, Climatic factors, Cost analysis, Seasonal variations, Environmental impact, United States— Alaska—Bethel.

Polyethylene glycol as an ice control coating.

Itagaki, K., U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory, Dec. 1984, CR 84-28, 11p.,

ADA-150 466, 13 refs.

Protective coatings, Ice control, Ice prevention, Resins, Melting points, Snow accumulation, Ice accretion, Countermeasures, Tests.

The properties of polyethylene glycol (PEG) as a sacrificial ice control coating are discussed. PEG is effective longer than many single component coatings, and it has low toxicity and a high flash point. The results of preliminary experiments on PEG's ability to control snow accumulation on a panel and ice accumulation on a cryogenic tank are also discussed.

40-3578
Reverse phase HPLC method for analysis of TNT, RDX, HMX and 2,4-DNT in munitions wastewater. Jenkins, T.F., et al, U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory, Dec. 1984, CR 84-29, 95p., ADA-155 983, Refs. p.36-38.
Bauer, C.F., Leggett, D.C., Grant, C.L.
Water pollution, Waste disposal, Explosives, Chemical States The Military for the States Total Control of the States

cal analysis, Detection, Tests, Military facilities, Statistical analysis.

An analytical method was developed to determine the concentrations of HMX, RDX, TNT and 2.4-DNT in munitions was-tewater. The method involves dilution of an aqueous sample with an equal volume of methanol-acetonitrile solvent mixture, with an equal volume of methanol-acetonitrile solvent mixture, filtration through a 0.4 micron polycarbonate membrane and analysis of a 100 microl. subsample by Reverse-phase, high-performance liquid chromatography using an LC-8 column. Retention times of these four analytes, their degradation products, and impurities expected in wastewater matrices were determined for two eluent compositions. An eluent of 50% water, 38% methanol and 12% acetonitrile successfully separated HMX, RDX and TNT from each other and the potential interferents. The method provided linear calibration curves over a wide range of concentrations. wide range of concentrations.

Prototype drill for core sampling fine-grained peren-

nially frozen ground. Brockett, B.E., et al, U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory, Jan. 1985, CR 85-01, 29p., ADA-152 388, 11 refs. Lawson, D.E.

Drills, Augers, Permafrost thermal properties, Frozen ground temperature, Coring, Sampling, Ground ice, Grain size, Temperature effects, Cost analysis.

An inexpensive drill has been modified to provide researchers

An inexpensive drill has been modified to provide researchers with the ability to auger an open hole or to acquire continuous, undisturbed 76-mm-diam core samples of a variety of perennally trozen materials that are suitable for chemical and petrographic analysis. It was developed by field testing in support of research from 1980 to 1983. Operation of the drill is based mainly on using a minimum of power to cut through frozen ground with tungaten carbide cutters on a CRREL coring auger. The ice content, temperature and grain size of the frozen sediments are important variables determining the sampling depth Perennally frozen sediments with temperatures in the range of 0.5 C to -8.5 C have been continuously cored with this drill. Drilling and sampling are, most efficiently conducted when ambient air temperatures, are below freezing and the active layer strozen. The self-contained lightweight drill is readily transportable off-road by helicopter or tracked vehicle, or by towing over roads. It is locally self-mobile by use of a winch. Total cost of the drill and modifications is estimated at approximately \$10,000.

Conventional land mines in winter: Emplacement in frozen soil, use of trip wires and effect of freezing rain. Rich and, P.W., U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory, Nov. 1984, SR 84-30, 23p., ADB-091 027, 9 refs.

Military engineering, Augers, Frozen ground, Snow cover, Mines (ordnance), Raia, Freezing, Seasonal variations.

This report presents information relating to land mine use in winter. Three areas are addressed: the emplacement of mines in frozen soil, the use of trip wires in snow, and the effect of freezing rain on antitank mines. Data from a minefield installation exercise provide information on the installation of a 100m minefield under summer and winter conditions

40-3581

Nitrogen removal in cold regions trickling filter systems.

Reed, S.C., et al, U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory, Feb. 1986, SR 86-02, 39p., ADA-167 118, 19 refs.

Diener, C.J., Weyrick, P.B. Waste treatment, Water treatment, Seepage, Chemical analysis, Temperature effects, Design, Heat loss, Polar regions.

Trickling filters are found in about 50% of the operating was-tewater treatment systems owned by the U.S. Army, and more are likely for any new construction. Control of nitrogen, parare likely for any new construction. Control of nitrogen, particularly ammonia in wastewater effluents, is a growing necessity. Ammonia can be removed in trickling filters but the process is temperature-dependent. This study combined an intensive literature review with data collection at fall-scale and pilot-scale systems. These results are presented and evaluated. A liquid temperature of at least 7 C is necessary in the filter bed for effective ammonia removal, and a separate single-purpose filter bed dedicated for nitrification is recommended when significant ammonia removal is required at cold regions locations. Criteria and equations are derived for future cold region. System designs. region system designs.

40-3582

Comparison of winter climatic data for three New Hampshire sites.

Govoni, J.W., et al, U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory, Mar. 1986, SR 86-05, 78p., ADA-167 427, 5 refs.

, S.J

Ice detection, Icing, Meteorological data, Climate, Dew point, Wind velocity, Wind direction, Precipitation (meteorology), Altitude, Humidity, United States—New Hampshire.

This data report contains climatological measur states for the winters of 1980-81 and 1981-82 made at three sites in New Hampshire situated at elevations of 155 m, 870 m and 1910 m above sea level. Parameters measured included wind speed above sea level. Parameters measured included wind speed and direction, precipitation, temperature, humidity, and duration of icing events. Comparison of the data provides the opportunity to examine the influence of elevation on atmosphere icing occurrence and intensity. In New Hampshire, icing appears to occur only at elevations above about 900 m.

Description of the building materials data base for Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.
Merry, C.J., et al, U.S. Army Cold Regions Research

and Engineering Laboratory, Apr. 1986, SR 86-08, 87p., ADA-167 285, 15 refs. LaPotin, P.J.

Construction materials, Precipitation (meteorology), Buildings, Environmental protection, Roofs, Chemical analysis, Statistical analysis, Cost analysis, United States-Pennsylvania-Pittsburgh.

ed States—Pennsylvania—Pittsburgh.

A building materials sampling program for the Pittsburgh,
Pennsylvania, region was conducted in December 1984 through
February 1985 to examine the types and amounts of building
surface materials exposed to acid deposition. A stratified, systematic, unaligned random sampling approach was used to generate sample points across six sampling frame areas. A minimum of 70 sample points was examined per sampling frame to
yield a total sample size of 541 points. Building sizes, surface
materials, roof characteristics, roof-mounted apparatus, chimneys, gutters, downspouts and fences were recorded. This report provides an initial summary of the data collected

40-3584

Autoria and the second and the secon

Pipeline freezing, Pipe flow, Ice formation, Heat transfer, Ice surface, Turbulent flow, Heat flux, Flow rate, Experimentation, Surface roughness.

Results of experiments in two pipe sizes with annular freezing are reported. A wavy ice relief generally formed. The results are compared to a correlation previously proposed by Gilpin based on a thermal criterion and to a correlation developed by Ashton based on a kinematic criterion. The results are discussed within the context of these criteria.

40-3585

Model of 2-dimensional freezing front movement

using the complex variable BE method. Hromadka, T.V., II, et al, Microsoftware for engineers, Oct. 1985, 1(2), MP 2077, 9p., 7 refs.

Soli freezing, Heat transfer, Freeze thaw cycles, Boundary value problems, Mathematical models, Soli water, Thermal regime, Computer applications, Latent heat, Phase transformations, Roads.

tent heat, Phase transformations, Roads.

The Complex Variable Boundary Element Method or CVBEM is used to develop a computer model (CVBFR1) for estimating the location of the freezing front in soil-water phase change problems. Because the numerical technique is a boundary integral approach, the control volume thermal regime is modeled with respect to the boundary values and, therefore, the CVBFR1 data entry requirements are significantly less than that ususally required of domain methods such as finite-differences or finite alternate. Soil water phase changes have the second of the ences or finite-elements. Soil-water phase change along the freezing front is modeled as a simple balance between computed heat flux and the evolution of soil-water volumetric latent heat

Ground ice in the northern Yenisey River area. [Pod-

zemnye l'dy Eniseiskogo Severa, Karpov, E.G., Novosibirsk, Nauka, 1986, 133p., In Russian with English table of contents enclosed. Refs. p.123-133.

Ice structure, Permafrost beneath rivers, Permafrost structure, Ice sheets, Polar regions, Ice veins, River basins, Ice wedges.

40-3587

Seasonal cryolithozone of western Siberia, Sezon-

Gilichinskii, D.A., Moscow, Nauka, 1986, 144p., In Russian with English table of contents enclosed. Refs. p.122-129.

Mauping, Hydrothermal processes, Seasonal freeze thaw, Frost penetration, Frozen rocks, Human fac-tors, Soil moisture migration, Geography, Lithology.

Propeller shafts for the icebreaker Rossila. [Grebnye valy dlia ledokola "Rossiia"1,

Filimonov, G.N., et al, Sudostroenie, Apr. 1986, No.4, p.38-42, In Russian.

Osminin, B.A., Rebrov, L.V., Ermakov, V.I.

Propellers, Icebreakers, Design, Ice navigation, Metal ice friction.

40-3589

Experience with more effective use of floating docks. [Opyt povysheniia effektivnosti ispol'zovaniia plavu-

chikh dokov₁.

Megrabov, G.A., et al, Sudostroenie, Apr. 1986, No.4, p.44-46, In Russian.

IAkovlev, A.M.

Floating structures, Docks, Icebreakers.

40-3590

Performance of basic construction points of the Baykal Amur railroad. [Rabota opornykh punktov na BAMej, Talts, V.G., Mekhanizatsiia stroitel'stva, Apr. 1986,

No.4, p.18-19, In Russian.

Earthwork, Excavation, Railroads, Conequipment, Permafrost beneath structures. Railroads, Construction

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Ross Sea. Antarctica. Durbaum, H.-J., et al, Germany. Federal Republic Bundesanstalt für Geowissenschaften und Rohstoffe. BGR eircular, 1986, No.3, p.3-20. Tessensohn, F.

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Ice navigation, Geologic structures.

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Natural resources, Economic development, Minerals,

Natural resources, Economic development, Minerals, Geologic structures, Antarctica—Dufek Massif. It is proposed that widely held beliefs—that antarctic mineral wealth has yet to be established, that minerals may not be present in economically exploitable amounts, and that recovery costs would be prohibitive—are based on misleading assumptions. It is further proposed, based on advances in mining technology in the Arctic and geological similarities between areas of South Africa and the Dufek Massif, that a platinum mining operation in the Dufek Massif is not only feasible but desirable from the viewpoint of social/monetary benefits potentially achievable. An elaborate feasibility plan is drawn up for such a mine; a scenario is presented on the future of antarctic mineral resources; and the geological history of Antarctica is substantially reviewed towards establishing an antarctic mineral resources inventory. Throughout the essay criticisms of the Antarctic Treaty System are prevalent, even to demeaning its significant achievements; base motivations are implied or ascribed to ATS members, numerous facts are presented and mostly interpreted to the detriment of ATS members Achievement of the author's major proposal, the Dufek mining operation, is discussed in terms of its expected geopolitical benefits.

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Arexander, V Ice surveys, Laboratories, Equipment, Ice navigation, Ice formation, Ice loads, Ice jams, Engineering, Icing, Floods, Heat recovery.

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Data acquisition in USACRREL's flume facility. Data acquisition in USACRREL's flume facility.
Daly, S.F., et al, MP 2089, Specialty Conference on
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York, American Society of Civil Engineers, 1985,
p.1053-1058, 1 ref.
Wuebben, J.L., Zabilansky, L.J.
DLC TGL3 14926

DLC TC163.H926
Laboratories, Computer applications, Refrigeration, Ice formation, Hydraulics, Sediment transport, Frazil ice, Unsteady flow, Ice cover effect, Equipment. zil ice, Unsteady flow, Ice cover effect, Equipment. The refrigerated flume facility at the U.S. Army Cold Regiona Research and Engineering Laboratory (USACRREL), Hanover, New Hampshire, consists of a tiltable flume that is 120 ft long, 4 ft wide and 2 ft deep (36.6 x 1.2 x 0.61 m), two constant-speed centrifugal pumps and associated piping, flow meters, heat transfer devices, automatic valves, etc. The flume is an experimental facility used to study the formation of frazil ice, temperature effects on sediment transport, unsteady flow under an ice cover, and other subjects relevant to cold regions hydraulics. A computerized data acquisition system has been developed that is based on a Hewlett-Packard 9845B desktop computer.

40-3611

40-3611
Cazenovia Creek Model data acquisition system.
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Zabilansky, L.J.
DLC TC163.H926

Models, Ice breakup, Computer applications, River ice, Ice control, Ice jams, Tests, Engineering, Structures. Design. Countermeasures.

tures, Design, Countermeasures.

The Cazenovia Creek Model is a physical hydraulic model constructed in the 160-ft x 80-ft (48.8-m x 24.4-m) refrigerated research area of the Ice Engineering Facility at the U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory located in Hanover. New Hampshire. The purpose of the model is to reproduce river ice breakup phenomena for optimizing the design of an ice control structure. The optimal design will delay or ultimately prevent the passage of ice floes, eliminating downstream ice jam flooding. The performance of the ice control structure during a simulated breakup is monitored by using an interactive real-time data acquisition system. The data acquisition system is governed by a Hewlett-Packard 9845A desktop computer and enables a rapid analysis of the work because of the real-time monitoring. This paper discusses the model and its method of data collection. the real-time monitoring. The its method of data collection.

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Instrumentation for an upliffing Ice force model. Zabilansky, L.J., MP 2091, Specialty Conference on Hydraulics and Hydrology in the Small Computer Age, Lake Buena Vista, FL, Aug. 12-17, 1985. Proceedings, Vol.2. Edited by W.R. Waldrop, New York, American Society of Civil Engineers, 1985, p.1430-1435, 4 refs.

DLC TC163.H926

Models, Offshore structures, Computer applications, Freezeup, Ice pressure, Ice loads, Engineering, Water level, Pile structures, Uplift pressure.

Marine structures, fozen into an ice cover are subjected to vertical forces as the ice sheet responds to changes in the water level. Pile-supported, light duty structures are especially vulnerable to the uplifting forces, which can extract the piles from the soil, destroying the structure's integrity. To evaluate the parameters that control the magnitude of the uplifting force a laboratory model study was conducted in a refrigerated test beau.

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3614 through 40-3636. Goodison, B.E., ed.

Hydrology, Remote sensing, Snow water equivalent, Snow cover distribution, Ice jams, Ice conditions, Data transmission, Meetings, Flood forecasting, Ice 40-3614

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applications.
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depth, Snow cover distribution, Snow water equiva-lent, LANDSAT, Mountains, Distribution, Snowfall, Altitude, Himalaya Mountains.

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distribution, Models, Snow water equivalent, Cloud cover. Runoff. Computer applications.

40-3634

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Frost heave, Soil water migration, Ice lenses, Frozen ground physics, Loads (forces), Ice growth, Temperature gradients, Flow rate, Experimentation.

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Freezing, Ice crystal structure, Ice growth, Ice physics, Tyndall figures.

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Expeditions, Sea ice, Logistics, Antarctica. The two factors which most often tend to be the crucibles of antarctic expeditions, sea ice and the weather, were in true form during this season. The sea ice edge exceeded its previous climatological maximum oorthward extent, it was thicker, it lasted longer, and summertime coverage was sufficient to require inchreaker support through most of the season. The weather at times and at various places gave no problems. At other times and other places it disrupted logistics flight in the statement of the season of the season. other times and other piaces it disrupted logistics light schedules completely, putting scientific needs in direct competi-tion with resupply transport requirements. In spite of both weather and ice the operation was a resounding success. De-tails are given in categories of operations, public works, logis-tics, communications and electronics, medical and dental, and administration. Two events, one a beginning, the other an end are symbolic of Antarctica an Italian party participated for the first time, surveying possible station sites near Terra Nova Bay. first time, surveying possible station sites near Terfa Nova Bay. The unforgiving nature of Antarctica was shown when the support vessel for a private expedition, the M/V Southern Quest, having arrived at Ross Island during the first week in January, was beset in pack ice east of Beaufort Island on Jan 11, sustained major hull damage, and sank. All aboard were received.

40.3641

Joint Services Expedition to Brabant Island, Antarctica, December 1983-April 1985. Furse, C., et al, 1985, 124p. Expeditions, Shelters, Snow vehicles, Logistics, Tra-

verses. Antarctica-Brabant Island.

This is the official report of the expedition which explored Bra-bant I between Jan 8, 1984 and Mar 16, 1985. Brabant I lies bant I between Jan 8, 1984 and Mar 16, 1985. Brabant I lies off the west coast of the Antarctic Peninsula at about 64S. Separated from the main peninsula by Gerlache Strait, the island is about 40 mi long and 15 mi wide. The format of the report is a set of team diaries giving accounts of the various matters as they expliced different perfect of the various matters. parties as they explored different parts of the island, testing routes and establishing caches for follow-on groups. Although the report does not include results of scientific work, brief outhers of scientific projects are given in appendices. The expedition had set out to test the possibility that teams could survive and operate under antarctic winter conditions in 'ents and snow holes without a base camp—They showed that it could be done, at least in the Antarctic Peninsula region

Surface area of Antarctica and the ice shelves based on new cartographic data. ¡Ploshchad' Antarktidy i shel'fovykh lednikov (po novym kartograficheskim

materialam), Suetova, I.A., Antarktika; doklady komissii, 1986, p.50-60, In Russian. 9 refs.

Ice shelves, Ice sheets, Topographic surveys, Antarc-

Based on new cartographic data, assessments are made of the antarctic continental surface area, the East Antarctic ice shelves, the West Antarctic ice shelves, and the adjoining islands. Figures, in sq. km, are presented for the years 1961, 1964, 1971 and 1984, the shelf-ice margin variations over various years are shown on maps. Analysis of the new data uncovers surface-measurement errors in the 1964 data. It is concluded that, according to the latest measurements, Antarctica, including the lice shelves and the adjoining islands, covers an area of 13,980,000 sq km. cluding the ice shelves of 13,980,000 sq km

40-3643

40-3643
Chassification and torceasting of rec edge position at the Atlantic part of the Antarctic, [Klassifikatsiia i prognozirovanie polozheniia kromki l'da v Atlanticheskom sekore Antarktiki, [Akovlev, V.N., et al., Antarktika; doklady komissii, 1986, No.25, p.66-73, In Russian. 5 refs.
Al'tman, IU.S.

Ice edge, Ice forecasting, Sea ice distribution, Air temperature, Weather forecasting, South Atlantic

Decaribed is a method of spatial-temporal classification and its application to Lean monthly ice-edge position at longitudes 75W-40E, every 5 deg, and mean monthly values of air temperature and, my sure at 13 stations, between Oct. 1979 and Dec. 1983. The L. Let promising prognostic parameters were selected, and applied, by an iterative method, to various experimental forecasts. As a result, the most promising forecasting models were ide. 1 and air recommended for practical application.

40-3644

Computations of antarctic ice sheet bed topography along a streamline from Dome B to Mirnyy Observa-tory from the glacier elevation data. [Raschet rel'efa lozha lednikov go pokrova Antarktidy vdol' linii toka kupol B-obser atoriia Mirnyi po dannym izmerenii

kupoi B-008er/atonia Mirnyi po dannym izmerenii vysoty poverkhnosti lednikaj, Salamatin, A.N., et al, Antarktika; doklady komissii, 1986, No.25, p.74-77, In Russian. 10 refs. Mazo, A.B., Sheremet'ev, A.N., Potapenko, V.IU. Analysis (mathematics), Ice models, Bottom topography, Glacier beds, Profiles, Glacier surfaces, Antarctica—Dome B, Antarctica—Mirnyy Station.

The computation of the subglacial topography of the glacier bed between Dome B and Mirnyy Station, based on a mathematical model constructed from data on the glacier's height, is discussed and illustrated from the point of interest of the method's reliability. Since the results of the computation correlate with data obtained by other methods in constructing profiles of the glacier bed, it is concluded that the method used in this study is reliable.

Geocryological description of Schirmacher Ponds. [Geokriologicheskii ocherk oazisa Shirmakhera], Vtiurin. B.I., Antarktika; doklady komissii, 1986, No.25, p.78-87, In Russian. 1/ refs. Permafrost, Stratigraphy, Frost weathering, Frost

heave, Frozen rocks, Sorting, Geocryology, Nivation, Antarctica—Schirmacher Ponds.

Antarctica—Schirmacher Ponds.

The great severity of geocryological conditions of the Schirmacher Ponds places them in the intracontinental zone of Antarctica. The seasonal melting of rocks does not exceed 0.8 m Among cryogenic processes, the asost active are frost weathering, nivation, heaving, sorting, and sliding. The cryostructural microrelief is well developed. The permafrost layer is poly genetic, has two horizons, with a thin upper syngenetic layer. The ice content of loose rocks is insignificant.

Reconstruction of the Late Valdai antarctic ice sheet. [Novaia rekonstruktsiia pozdnevaldalskogo Antarkti-

cheskogo lednikovogo pokrovaj.

Miagkov, S.M., Antarktika; doklady komissii, 1986,
No.25, p.88-98, In Russian. Refs. p.97-98.

Paleoclimatology, Glaciation, Ice sheets, Ice cover

thickness, Ice models.

Changes of the antarctic rec sheet, occurring in response to climate and sea-level changes in the last 150 th y., were determined on the basis of the newest mathematical modeling methods. It is found that the best seet and not reach a state of equicurred during the Mikulin Interglacial period, the minimum, during the Early Valdai. The nec-sheet volume varied within 10% of the present volume. In the Late Valdai period, the ne sheet was not as large as it appears on earlier reconstructions, which were based on the assumption of the cover's balance with Valdai climate.

40-3647

Thermophysics of antarctic lakes. (Teplofizika ozer

Krass, M.S., Antarktika; doklady komissii, 1986, No.25, p.99-124, In Russian. 33 refs.

Lake ice, Limnology, Hydrology, Ice thermal proper-

ties, Ice density.

The following features of antarctic lakes and ponds are investigated: radiation balance, air temperature, length and width (in km), depth (in m), water temperature (maximum and mean), and type (glacier or shelf). A mathematical model of the lakes thermophysics is developed, and found reliable for the determination of regularities in the occurrence and evolution of different types of antarctic lakes. Solar radiation penetrating through the ice cover is found to be the main heat source responsible for the existence of the lakes and their relatively high temperatures. temperatures.

Hydrological work on Beaver shelf-ice lake. [Gi-drologicheskie raboty na epishel'fovom ozere Bea-

verj. 1986, No.25, p.126-132, In Russian. 5 refs. Klokov, V.D. Lake ice, Limnology, Glacier ice, Ice shelves, Antarc-

Lake ice, Limnology, Giacier ice, Ice sheives, Antarctica—Beaver Lake, Antarctica—Radok Lake.

Investigations carried out on two antarctic shelf-ice lakes, Beaver and Radok, in the summer of 1983-1984, show the followig: Beaver Lake has a year round ice cover 3-6 m thick in summer, max water depth of 200-250 m, temperature of 0.03-0.33 C, bottom water temperature of -2.1 C, and salt content of 32%. Radok Lake also has a year-round ice cover 0.20 to 2.10 m thick in Feb., max. water depth of 346 m, and temperature of 0.81-0 C. Bathymetric measurements of both lakes are presented. sented.

Peculiarities of the formation of chemical composition of atmospheric precipitation and its transforma-tion in the periglacial zone of the East Antarctic ice sheet. ¡Osobennosti formirovaniia khimicheskogo sostava atmosfernykh osadkov i ego transformatsiia v perigliatsial'nol zone lednikovogo pokrova Vostochnol

Antarktidy, Shmideberg, N.A., Antarktika; doklady komissii, 1986, No.25, p.143-161, In Russian. Refs. p.159-161. Snow composition, Chemical composition, Atmospheric composition, Precipitation (meteorology), Air pollution, Lake water, Ice composition, Glacier ice, Ice sheets, Antarctica—East Antarctica.

The article contains the following: a summary of the peculiarities of the formation of chemical composition of natural waters, including atmospheric precipitation and lake waters, in the marginal periglacial zone of the antarctic ice sheet; an analysis original methods of interpretation of hydrochemical data in lake waters, and a critical assessment of analytical methods for the determination of chemical constituents. Current scientific literature on a more phasic acceptance on a summer process. erature on atmospheric precipitation and lake water is reviewed

Central Antarctic glacier as an object of investigations of prolonged anabiosis of microorganisms in na-ture. [Lednik Tsentral'no! Antarktiki kak ob"ekt dlia izuchenija dlitel'nogo anabioza u mikroorganizmov v

Abyzov, S.S., et al, Antarktika; doklady komissii, 1986, No.25, p.202-208, ln Russian 11 refs.

Pungi, Ice cores, Cryobiology.

During the 20th, 21st, 22nd, and 25th Soviet antarctic expeditions, microbiological investigations were carried out on ice cores at Vostok Station using special drilling equipment and a tried method of aseptic recovery tests. An insignificant content of viable microorganisms was found in different ice layers. Among the organisms found, different taxonomic groups were represented. A new species of Actinomycetes, Nocardiopsis antarcticus, was found in a layer more than 2,000 y old. Principles of distribution of various microorganisms are established according to their survival capability in ice layers of different age.

40-3651

Soil climate in the central Ob' River area. [Klimat

pochv Srednego Priob'iaj, Az'muka, T.I., Novosibirsk, Nauka, 1986, 121p., In Russian with English table of contents enclosed. Refs. p.115-120.

Taiga, Active layer, River basins, Permafrost distribu-tion, Permafrost beneath rivers, Soil formation, Cryogenic soils, Permafrost hydrology, Mapping.

Results of scientific-functional provisions for navigation and other branches of the national economy in me Arctie. programatemo operativnogo obespe chenita sudokhodstva i drugikh otraslet narodnogo Arctic

khoziastva v Arktikej. Borodachev, V E., et al, *Problemy Arktiki i Antarktiki*, 1985, Vol.60, p 25-29, In Russian Ice navigation, Ice reporting, Ice forecasting.

40-3653

Calculating the temperature and melting of polluted Calculating the temperature and merting of politices anow-lee cover. Osnovy rascheta temperatury i taianiia zagriaznennogo snezhno-ledianogo pokrovaj, Izmallov, V.V., Problemy Arktiki i Antarktiki, 1985, Vol.60, p.33-40, In Russian. 10 refs.
Water pollutioa, Snow cover distribution, Oil spills, Ice melting, Drift, Arctic Ocean.

40-3654

Heat and moisture exchange between fast ice and atmosphere in the Alasheyev Bight. [Teplo- i vlagoob-men antarkticheskogo pripaia s atmosfero! v zalive

Nazintsev, IU.L., Problemy Arktiki i Antarktiki, 1985, Vol.60, p.40-46, In Russian. 5 refs. Past ice, Evaporation, Heat balance, Ice air interface, Past ice, Evaporation, Heat balance, Ice air interface, Air temperature, Antarctica Alasheyev Bight.

Data from investigations carried out on fast ice and atmospheric temperature at Alasheyev Bight from May through Dec., 1971, are presented. Air temperature, wind speed, and moisture exchange values are tabulated, as are monthly measurements of turouient heat exchange and heat of evaporation in the atmospheric layer next to the ice. A relationship is established between turbulent heat flow and relationship is ween turbulent heat flow and radiation balance of the ice sur-

40-3655

Analysis of hydrochemical elements and pollutants in waters of polar regions. [Osobennosti analiza gidrokhimicheskikh elementov i zagriazniaiushchikh vesh-chestv v vodakh poliarnykh oblasteľj,

chesty v vodakh poliarnykh oblastelj,
Mcl'nikov, S.A., et al, Problemy Arktiki i Antarktiki,
1985, Vol.60, p.77-85, In Russian. 10 refs.
Rachkov, V.S., Vodovatova, S.N., Dmitriev, F.A.
Wastes, Water pollution, Infrared spectroscopy, Impurities, Oil spills, Polar regions, Snow composition,
Chemical composition, Measuring instruments, Ice
composition, Sea ice distribution.

40-3656
Studying large-scale flow of sea ice from spaceborne television photographs. ¿Issledovanie krupnomasshtabnykh potokov morskikh l'dov po televizionnym snimkam s iskusstvennykh sputnikov Zemlij, Karelin, I.D., Problemy Arktiki i Antarktiki, 1985, Vol.60, p.86-93, In Russian. 13 refs.
Radar photography, Spaceborne photography, Sea ice distribution, Drift, Aerial surveys, Photointerpretation.

40-3657

Under-ice reverberation rejection. Hodgkiss, W.S., Jr., et al, *IEEE journal of oceanic engineering*, July 1985, OE-10(3), p.285-289, 10 refs. Alexandrou, D.

Underwater acoustics, Ice cover effect, Sea water, Resonance, Acoustic measurement, Backscattering, Transmission.

40-3658

Mixed layer dynamics in a lake near the temperature of maximum density. Farmer, D.M., International Symposium on Stratified

Flows, 2nd, Trondheim, Norway, June 24-27, 1980. Proceedings, 1780, p. 978-1007, 8 refs. Lake water, Water temperature, Thermal regime, Density (mass/volume), Turbulent flow, Temperature

ton: Hest fice. Atmospheric pre vsis (mathematics).

40.3659

D.C. conductivity of the ice surface.

Turner, G.J., et al, Solid state communications, 1986, 58(6), p.403-405, 12 refs. Stow, C.D.

Ice electrical properties, Electrical resistivity, Low temperature tests, Temperature effects, Ice air inter-face, Ice surface, Models.

40-3660

Boundary integral equation solution of moving bound-

ary phase change problems.
O'Neill, K., International journal for numerical methods in engineering, 1983, Vol.19, MP 2093, p.1825-1850, 47 refs.

Soil freezing, Analysis (mathematics), Boundary value problems, Phase transformations, Convection, Stefan problem, Temperature gradients, Pipes (tubes).

Boundary integral equation methods are presented for the solution of some two-dimensional phase change problems. Con-vection may enter through boundary conditions, but cannot be considered within phase boundaries. A general formulation tastd on space time Green's functions is developed using the the I aplace equation. The latter is pursued and applied in de the Laplace equation. The latter is privated and applied in octatil. An elementary, nontierative system is constructed, featuring linear interpolation over elements on a polygonal boundary. Nodal values of the temperature gradient normal to a phase change boundary are produced directly in the numerical solution. The system performs well against basic analytical solutions, using these values in the interphase jump condition, with the simplest formulation of the surface normal at boundary vertices. Because the discretized surface changes automatically to fit the scale of the problem, the method appears to offer many of the advantages of moving mesh finite element methods. However, it only requires the manipulation of a surface mesh and solution for surface variables. In some applications, coarse meshes and very large time steps may be used, relative to those which would be required by fixed grid domain methods. Computations are also compared to original lab data, describing two-dimensional soil freezing with a time-dependent boundary condition. Agreement between simulated and measured histories is good. solutions, using these values in the interphase jump condition,

40-3661

Lake cover research in northern Quebec and Labrador.

Adams, P., McGill University, Montreal. Research Laboratory, Shefferville, Que. McGill sub-arctic research papers., 1984, No.39, p.109-124, With

French summary. Refs. p. 120-124.
Lake ice, Snow cover distribution, Ice conditions, Ice formation, Ice breakup, Freezeup, Ice forecasting, Models.

40-3662

40-3662
Diurnal thermal forcing and hydrological response of Lewis Glacier, Mount Kenya.
Hastenrith, S., Archiv ar Meteorologic Geophyrik und Bioklimatologic. Ser. A, 1983, 32(4), 361-373, With German summary. 7 refs.
Glacial hydrology, Glacier mass balance, Ice thermal controls. Report Diving Advances Glacier meteorogical policy.

properties, Renot Diting, variations, Unicer melling, Heat flux, Heat loss, Drainage, Kenya—Lewis Glacier.

Model of near-surface coupled-flow effects on the di-

ornal thermal regime of a peat-covered palsa.

Outcalt, S., et al, Archiv für Meteorologie, Geophysik und Bioklimatologie, 1985, Vol.33, p.345-354, With German summary. 8 refs. Nelson, F.

Frost mounds, Thermal regime, Peat, Soil water migration, Ice cover, Ablation, Diurnal variations, Evaporation, Water temperature, Models.

40-3664

Effect of subarctic woodland vegetation on the radia-

Lafleur, P., et al, Archiv für Meteorologie, Geophysik und Bioklimatologie. Ser. A, 1986, Vol.34, p.297-310, With German summary. 18 refs.

Adams, P.
Snowmelt, Solar radiation, Vegetation factors, Forest canopy, Heat balance, Albedo.

40.3665

Biomorphological adaptations of plants in the Far [Biomorfologicheskie adaptatsii rastenii

Krainego Severaj, Mazurenko, M.T., Moscow, Nauka, 1986, 209p., In Russian with abridged English table of contents en-Refs. p.196-208.

Plants (botany), Cryogenic soils, Permafrost distribu-tion, Active layer, Accilmatization, Arctic landscapes, Permafrost hydrology, Alpine landscapes.

40.3666

Was the Greenland ice sheet thinner in the late Wisconsinan than now.

Reeh, N., Nature, Oct. 31, 1985, 317(6040), p.797-799, 20 refs.

Ice sheets, Ice cover thickness, Ice structure, Ice accretion, Ablation, Greenland.

40-3667

Flow law for ice in polar ice sheets. Paterson, W.S.B., Nature, Nov. 7, 1985, 318(6041). p.82-83, Comment on Doake and Wolff (39-3887 or F-32088) and reply. 14 refs. Doake, C.S.M., Wolff, E.W.

Glacier flow, Ice creep, Ice mechanics, Ice shelves, Shear stress, Strains.

In the article being critiqued, Doake and Wolff presented a different theory of relationships between strain rate and stress in the ice flow law. The present author refutes their argument, presenting seven points of difference. In reply, Doake and Wolff address each of these points and reaffirm their original contention. Ice sheets in both the Arctic and Antarctic are providered.

40-3668

Glaciers as indicators of a carbon dioxide warming. Oerlemans, J., *Nature*, Apr. 17, 1986, 320(6063), p.607-609, 14 refs.

p.607-609, 14 refs.

Mountain glaciers, Carbon dioxide, Temperature variations, Radiation balance.

Estimating meltwater losses and forecasting the volume of flood-water runoff. [Otsenka poter' talykh

vod i prognozy ob'ema stoka polovod'iaj, Vershinina, L.K., et al, Leningrad, Gidrometeoizdat, 1985, 189p., In Russian with English summary. 115 refs.

restovskii, O.I., Kaliuzhnyi, I.L., Pavlova, K.k Flooding, Frost penetration, Snow water equivalent, Meltwater, Soil water migration, Volume, Seepage, Seasonal freeze thaw, Mathematical models.

40-3670

Clay rocks of the Russkaya platform. Glinistye

porody Russkof platformy, Lysenko, M.P., Mo'cow, Nedra, 1986, 254p., In Russian with English table of contents enclosed. 49 refs. Clays, Moraines, Clay minerals, Glacial deposits, Loess, Lacustrine deposits, Marine deposits, Engineering geology, Chemical composition, Geochemistry, Soil formation.

40-3671

Blow snow at a Colorado alpine site: measurements

and implications.

Berg, N.H., Arctic and alpine research, May 1986, 18(2), p.147-161, 29 refs.

Blowing snow, Snow water equivalent, Visibility, Snow mechanics, Sublimation, Wind velocity, Grain size, United States-Colorado-Niwot Ridge.

40-3672

Components of incoming radiation within a middatitude alpine watershed during the snowmelt season.

Olyphant, G.A., Arctic and alpine research, May 6, 18(2), p.163-169, 20 refs.

Solar radiation, Snowmelt, Watersheds, Mountains, Snow cover distribution.

40-3673

Field nodulation and acetylene reduction activity of high altitude legumes in the western United States. Johnson, D.A., et al, Arctic and alpine research, May 1986, 18(2), p.171-179, 34 refs. Rumbaugh, M.D.

Revegetation, Frost action, Soil erosion, Nutrient cycle, Tundra, Growth, Mountains, Countermeasures, Meteorological factors, Cold tolerance.

Dinitrogen fixation (acetylene reduction) in High Arctic sedge meadow communities.

Henry, G.H.R., et al, Arctic and alpine research, May 1986, 18(2), p.181-187, 37 refs. Svoboda, J.

Tundra, Meadow soils, Snowmelt, Nutrient cycle, Mountains, Seasonal variations, Algae, Canada-Northwest Territories—Ellesmere Island. 40-3675

Carbon dioxide evolution from subarctic peatlands in eastern Canada.

Moore, T.R., Arctic and alpine research, May 1986, 18(2), p.189-193, 22 refs.

Peat, Carbon dioxide, Vegetation, Soil chemistry, Temperature distribution, Temperature effects, Subpolar regions, Canada—Quebec—Schefferville. 40-3676

Wetland and lake evaporation in the Low Arctic Roulet, N.T., et al. Arctic and alpine research, May 1986, 18(2), p.195-200, 23 refs.

Woo, M.-K. Continuous permafrost, Evaporation, Lake water, Soil water, Heat balance, Surface roughness.

40-3677

Influence of sampling design on lichen size-frequency distributions and its effect on derived lichenometric indices.

Innes, J.L., Arctic and alpine research, May 1986,

18(2), p.201-208, 15 refs.
Lichens, Sampling, Age determination, Moraines, Statistical analysis, Distribution, Models.

40-3678 Use of percentage cover measurements in lichenomet-

ric dating.

1.1., Arcuc and alpine research, May 1986, 18(2), p.209-216, 18 refs.

Lichens, Age determination, Moraines, Distribution. 40-3679

Paleoglaciation level for north-central Ellesmere Island, N.W.T., Canada.

England, J., Arctic and alpine research, May 1986, 18(2), p.217-222, 22 refs.

Glaciation, Paleoclimatology, Glacier mass balance, Ice cover, Cirque glaciers, Moraines, Altitude, Distri-bution, Canada—Northwest Territories—Ellesmere

Meteorology and duststorms in central Iceland. Ashwell, I.Y., Arctic and alpine research, May 1986, 18(2), p.223-234, 20 refs.

Soil erosion, Glacial deposits, Meteorological data, Wind erosion, Iceland.

40-3681

Bacterial communities in shallow aquatic habitats of Poste-de-la-Baleine (Kuujjuarapik) Region, Quebec, Canada.

Autin, A., et al. Arctic and alpine research, May 1986, 18(2), p.235-238, 10 refs. Boisvert, J., Charpentier, G.

Bacteria, Decomposition, Ponds, Lake water, Subpolar regions. Canada-Onehec-Poste-de-la-Baleine. 40-3682

Alpine dam project defies the elements. World con-

struction, Mar. 1985, 38(3), p.606-67.
Cold weather construction, Dams, Concrete placing, Concrete curing, Winter concreting, Mountains.

Determination of diffusion coefficients of self-interstitials in ice with a new method of observing climb of dislocations by X-ray topography.

uisiocations by A-ray topography.

Goto, K., et al, Japanese journal of applied physics,
Mar. 1966, 25(3), p. 351–357, 27 refs.

Hondoh, T., Higashi, A.

Ice physics, Self diffusion, Interstitial ice, X ray anal-

ysis, Analysis (mathematics).

411-3684

Origin of the high integrated infrared intensity of the O-H stretching vibrations in ice relative to the vapor. Whalley, E., et al, Journal of chemical physics, May 1, 1986, 84(9), p.4807-4809, 16 refs.

Klug, D.D. Infrared radiation, Ice physics, Ions, Vibration, Molecular structure, Water vapor, Condensation. 40-3685

Test of the intrinsic nature of the shallow proton traps

Wooldridge, P.J., et al, *Journal of chemical physics*, Apr. 1, 1986, 84(7), p.4111-4112, 6 refs.

Devlin, J.P. Ice physics, Protons, Cubic ice, Infrared spectroscopy, Low temperature tests, Ions, Temperature effects, Heavy water, Defects.

40-3686

Wind tunnel simulation of atmospheric icing condi-

tions.

Rush, C.K., et al, Meeting of the Wind Tunnel and Model Testing Panels, 7th, Ottawa, June 1955. Papers, North Atlantic Treaty Organization, AGARD (Advisory Group for Aeronautical Research and Development), [1955], p.244-259, 19 refs. Wardlaw, R.L.

Wind tunnels, Aircraft icing, Ice growth, Simulation, Freezing, Velocity, Supercooled clouds, Unfrozen water content, Cloud droplets.

40-3687

Regional structure and mapping of Enderby Land oases. ¡Landshaftnaia struktura i kartirovanie oazisov

Aleksandrov, M.V., Leningrad, Gidrometeoizdat, 1985, 152p., In Russian. Map enclosures. 141 refs. Lake ice, Topographic surveys, Moraines, Cryogenic structures, Lakes, Mapping, Antarctica-Enderby

The geography, orography, climate, glaciation and the physio-graphic zoning of Enderby Land are discussed in the first chap-ter of this book. Ch. 2 deals with the natural characteristics of ter of this book. Ch. 2 deals with the natural characteristics of Enderby Land Oases, considering their surface topography, their glaciers and snow beds, the soil moisture—characterized and identified as sufficient, insufficient or good and similarities and differences between them Ch. 3 covers the regional mapping of the Oases according to their physical and geographic peculiarities. In the last chapter, geological aspects of 4 Oases are discussed, with classification of various components by type and group, and description of their characteristics. Detailed geological maps of the Oases Polkanova, Howard, Vechernit, and Molodezhnyt are included.

40-3688

Glacial terminations in the oxygen isotope record of deep sea cores: hypothesis of massive antarctic ice-shelf destruction.

Johnson, R.G., et al, Palaeogeography, palaeo-climatology, palaeoecology, Mar. 1986, 53(2-4), p.107-138, Refs. p.132-138. Andrews, J.T.

Glaciation, Floating ice, Oxygen isotopes, Ice volume, Ocean currents.

Deglaciation ice losses in Glacial Terminations I and II are estimated from oxygen isotope ratios to be much larger than evidence from the Laurentide Ice Sheet or the New Guinea coral reefs and beaches suggests. To reconcile these severely conflicting lines of evidence, it is proposed that the rapid negative isotope ratio changes were largely caused by the disintegration of massive, floating antarctic ice-shelves which masqueraded as land ice in the oceanic isotope ratios, but which contribution ose-level change. It is proposed that such shelves were formed when oceanic circulation changes in the North Atlantic under glacial conditions greatly reduced the formation of relatively warmer North Atlantic Deep Water and its injection into circumpolar Antarctic regions, and that the shelves disintegrated rapidly with the resumption of large scale formation of this deep water and its input into the Antarctic. It is found that high see-levels in the 125-135 ks B.P. interval prior to Termination II (which imply very little Northern ice then) to Termination II (which imply very little Northern ice are well supported by dated coral reef stratigraphy. (mod.)

40-3689

Icebreaking trials with the polar research vessel Polaratern.

Schwarz, J., Marine technology, Nov. 1985, 16(4), p.131-133, With German summary and figure cap-Marine technology, Nov. 1985, 16(4), tions.

Sea ice. Icebreakers. Ice breaking. Ice cores

Canada's offshore technology meet: the Arctic challenges. Marine technology, Nov. 1985, 15(4), p.133-

Offshore structures, Equipment, Pack ice, Drilling.

40.3601

Studies of the behavior of a snow cover on mountain slope. 20. Determination of stresses in the snow cover through curves C(H) and the distribution of mow density.

Yoshida, Z., Low temperature science (Teion kagaku). Series A Physical sciences, 1985, No.44, p.1-14, 6 refs., In Japanese with English summary.

Snow mechanics, Snow density, Stresses, Slope orientation, Snow cover thickness, Rheology, Mountains, Analysis (mathematics).

Estimation model for the depth of a dry snow coverbased on the viscous compression theory of seasonal SHOW COVER.

Motoyama, H., et al, Low temperature science (Teion kagaku). Series A Physical sciences, 1985, No.44, kagaku). p. 15-25, 19 refs., In Japanese with English summary. Kojima, K.

Snow depth, Snow compression, Snow water equivalent, Viscosity, Mathematical models, Snow cover, Snow accumulation, Seasonal variations.

Quick hardening of snow under a strong temperature gradient.
Akitaya, E., Low temperature science (Teion kagaku).

Series A Physical sciences, 1985, No.44, p.27-35, 6

Series A Physical sciences, 1965, No.44, p.27-55, 6 refs., In Japanese with English summary.

Snow hardness, Metamorphism (mow), Snow density, Temperature gradients, Wind velocity, Surface temperature, Snow surface, Analysis (mathematics).

Hardness of wet snow III-decrease in snow hardness due to water saturation and/or solar radiation. Izumi, K., Low temperature science (Teion kagaku). Series A Physical sciences, 1985, No.44, p.37-48, 5

refs., in Japanese with English summery.

Snow hardness, Metamorphism (snow), Wet snow,
Snow water content, Heat transfer, Unfrozen water content. Snow density. Saturation. Solar radiation.

40-3695

Evaporation rate of snow at the surface of a snow -observations in Sapporo and Moshiri, Hokkaido.

Kajuna, K., et al, Low temperature science (Teion Lagato). Series A Physical sciences, 1985, No.44, p.49-62, 7 refs., In Japanese with English summary. Ishikawa, N., Motoyama, H., Yamada, Y. Snow evaporation, Snow surface, Snowdrifts, Moun-

tains, Wind velocity, Meteorological factors.

40-3696

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Kobayashi, D., et al, Low temperature science (Teion kagaku). Series A Physical sciences, 1985, No.44, p.77-90, 10 refs., In Japanese with English summary. Motoyama, H.

Remoff, Snowmelt, Water temperature, Stream flow, Diurnal variations, Flow rate, Watersheds.

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Snow cornices, Snow crystal growth, Wind tunnels, Snowdrifts, Ice crystal adhesion, Wind factors, Air temperature.

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Trial manufacturing of a sonde measuring liquid water contents for classified droplet sizes.

Hashimoto, M., et al, Low temperature science (Teion kagaku). Series A Physical sciences, 1985, No.44, p.103-117, 6 refs., In Japanese with English sum-

mary. Cloud droplets, Unfrozen water content, Spectra, Solar radiation, Dielectric properties, Measuring in-struments, Analysis (mathematics).

40-3700

Short-term variation of snow particles comprising an aggregate.

Fujiyoshi, Y., Low temperature science (Teion kaga-ku). Series A Physical sciences, 1985, No.44, p.119-130, 3 refs., In Japanese with English summary.

Snowflakes, Snowfall, Snow crystal growth, Snow crystal structure, Dendritic ice.

Studies on mixed-phase snow flows. I. Definition and classification of mixed-phase snow flows.

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Blowing snow, Snow mechanics, Ice crystals, Unfrezen water content, Rheology, Ice water interface, Avalanche mechanics, Snowfall, Frazil ice, Wet snow.

Studies on mixed-phase snow flows. II. Experimental apparatuses and flow structures.

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kagaku). Series A Physical sciences, 1985, No.44, p.157-164, 9 reis., In Japanese with English summary.

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Nishimura, K., Maeno, N.

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Strain-free preparations of thin ice samples by a chemical method.

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Thin sections, Ice electrical properties, Ice crystals, Chemistry.

40-3706

Theoretical study of frost heaving—kinetic process at a water layer between an ice lens and soil particles. . Low temperature science (Teion kagaku). Kuroda, T., Low temperature science (Teion kagaku). Series A Physical sciences, 1985, No.44, p.183-189, 10 refs., In Japanese with English summary.
Frost heave, Ice leases, Soil water migration, Ther-

modynamics, Water temperature, Freezing rate.

On the measurement of void in sea ice section. Oi, M., Low temperature science (Teion kasaku). Series A Physical sciences, 1985, No.44, p.191-195, 3

In Ispanese Sea ice, Ice structure, Bubbles, Microstructure.

Effect and disposition of TNT in a terrestrial plant. Palazzo, A.J., et al, Journal of environmental quality, Jan.-Mar. 1986, 15(1), MP 2098, p.49-52, 24 refs. Leggett, D.C.

Soil pollution, Plant physiology, Vegetation, Military facilities, Roots, Damage, Waste disposal, Water treatment.

Little is known about the response of terrestrial plants to 2,4,6-trinitrotoluene (TNT). To assess its effects, yellow nutsedge (Cyperus exculentus L.) was grown in hydroponic cultures containing TNT concentrations of 0, 10, and 20 mg/L. The deleterious effects of TNT were rapid and occurred at solution concentrations of 5 mg/L and higher. Root growth was most affected, followed by leaves and rhizomes. Root weights were reduced about 95% when grown in the presence of TNT. Plant yields were 54 to 74% lower than the control. The TNT and its metabolites, 4-amino-2,6-dinitrotoluene (4-ADNT), and 2-amino-4,6-dinitrotoluene (2-ADNT) were found throughout that no metabolites were present in solution. Since TNT was the only compound taken up, the metabolites must have formed within the plants. Levels of 4-ADNT and TNT itself ranging up to 2200 mg/kg in roots of plants grown in 20 mg/L of TNT. The greatest quantities of plants grown in 20 mg/L of TNT. The greatest quantities and three compounds were found in the rhizomes. Increasing solution TNT levels increased the concentrations and quantities Little is known about the response of terrestrial plants to 2,4,6lution TNT levels increased the concentrations and quantitie of all three compounds in the plants

40-3709

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ice microalgae.
Gosselin, M., et al, Marine ecology—Progress series, Mar. 26, 1986, 29(3), p.289-298, 41 refs.
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40-3710

Convection at a model ice edge.
Calman, J., Johns Hopkins APL. Technical digest,
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Ice melting, Ice edge, Water flow, Convection,
Boundary layer, Water temperature.

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Krzysztofowicz, R., et al, Water resources research, Mar. 1986, 22(3), p.296-302, 13 refs.

Runoff forecasting, Snowmelt, Mathematical models, Seasonal variations, Drainage.

40-3712

Expected utility, benefit, and loss criteria for seasonal water supply planning. Krzysztofowicz, R., Water resources research, Mar.

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Water supply, Reservoirs, Utilities, Irrigation, Seasonal variations, Mathematical models.

40-3713

Optimum water supply planning based on seasonal randii forecessa.

Krzysztofowicz, R., Water resources research, Mar. 1986, 22(3), p.313-321, 23 refs.

Runoff forecasting, Water supply, Snowmelt,

Meteorological factors, Seasonal variations, Mathematical models.

40-3714

Construction of the main gas-pipeline system: West

Siberia-Center of the USSR. (Sooruzhenie sistemy gazoprovodov Zapadnaia Sibir'-Tsentr strany), Chirskov, V.G., et al, Moscow, Nedra, 1986, 303p., In Russian with Abridged English table of contents en-

closed. 43 refs. Ivantsov, O.M., Krivoshein, B.L.

Gas pipelines, Permafrost beneath structures, Swamps, Subarctic landscapes, Taiga.

Allowing for ice effect when designing and operating water-accumulation plants. [Uchet ledovykh iavlenil

water-accumulation plants. (Uchet ledovykh iavienil pri proektirovanii i ekspluatatsii GAES₁, Sokolov, I.N., Leningrad. Vsesoiuznyi nauchno-is-sledovatel'skii institut gidrotekhniki. Izvestiia, 1980, Vol.143, p.79-81, in Russian. 8 refs. Ice formation, Hydraulic structures, Lakes, Electric

power, Thermal regime, Ice conditions.

Peculiarities of ice formation in reservoirs of power plant complexes. Osobennosti protsessov ledoobrazovaniia na vodokhranilishchakh energeticheskogo

kompleksa,
Nikolaeva, E.I., et al, Leningrad. Vsesoiuznyi nauchno-issledovatei'skii institut gidrotekhniki. Izvestiia,
1980, Vol.143, p.82-86, In Russian. 2 refs.
Shatalina, I.N.
Lakes, Pumps, Ice formation, Electric power.

40-3717

Calculating frazil ice formation and ice edge movement in tail waters of hydroelectric power plants. Raschet shugoobrazovaniia i dvizheniia kromki ledianogo pokrova v nizhnikh b'efakh GES₁, Pekhovich, A.I., et al, *Leningrad. Vsesoiuzny*.

nauchno-issledovateľskii institut gidrotekhniki. Iz vestija, 1980, Vol.143, p.87-91, In Russian. 9 refs. Tregub, G.A.

Ice formation, Frazil ice, Ice edge, Electric power, Water temperature, Ice cover thickness, Analysis (mathematics).

40-3718

Hydraulic method of calculating first ice-cover movement on rivers in spring flood periods. (Gidravliches-kii metod rascheta nachala pervoi podvizhki ledianogo kii metod rascheta nachaia pervoi podvizhki ledianogo pokrova na rekakh v period vesennego polovod'iaj, Genkin, Z.A., Leningrad. Vsesoiuznyi nauchno-issledovatel'skii institut gidrotekhniki. Izvestiia, 1980, Vol.143, p.92-96, In Russian. 2 refs. Icebound rivers, Ice forecasting, Ice breakup, Ice con-

40-3719

Deformation module for monocrystalline ice as a function of frequency of oscillation. [Zavisimost' modulia deformatsii ot chastoty kolebanii dlia monok-

ristallicheskogo ['daj,
Paniushkin, A.V., et al, Leningrad. Vsesoiuzny'i nauchno-issledovatel'skh institut gidrotekhniki. Izvestiia, 1980, Vol.143, p.97-101, In Russian. 3 refs. Aletnikov, S.M., Kytin, IU.A., Sergacheva, N.A. Ice deformation, Ice structure, Oscillations, Ice cover strength, Mathematical models.

40-3720

Experimental studies of pressure originating at water freezing in closed voids. [Eksperimental nye is-sledovaniia davleniia voznikaiushchego pri zamerzanii

vody v zamknutykh polostiakh, Razgovorova, E.L., Leningrad. Vsesoiuznyi nauchno-issle-dovatel'skii institut gidrotekhniki. Izvestiia, 1980, Vol.143, p.102-106, ln Russian. 10 refs. Porous materials, Water content, Frost penetration, Water films, Water pressure.

40-3721

Stratigraphy of the central part of Vavilov Glacier (Severnaya Zemlya). (Stratigrafiia tsentral'noi chasti lednika Vavilova (Severnaia Zemlia);

Korotkevich, E.S., et al, *Problemy Arktiki i Antarktiki*, 1985, Vol.59, p.5-21, In Russian. 14 refs. Glacier ice, Thermal drills, Ice drills, Ice cores, Firn

stratification. Ice structure. Ice dating.

40-3722

General mathematical model of quasi-stationary ice sheets. [Obshchaia matematicheskaia model' kvazi-

statsionarnogo lednikovogo pokrovaj, Potapenko, V.IU., et al, Froblemy Arktiki i Antarktiki, 1985, Vol.59, p.21-26, In Russian. 2 refs. Salamatin, A.N. Ice sheets, Mathematical models, Hydrothermal pro-

cesses, Heat transfer, Mass transfer.

40-3723

Temperature distribution in the central antarctic ice sheet with paleotemperature changes at its surface. [Raspredelenie temperatury v tsentral'not chasti lednika Antarktidy pri izmenenii paleotemperatury na ego poverkhnostij,

Putikov, O.F., Problemy Arktiki i Antarktiki, 1985, Vol.59, p.26-32, In Russian. 5 refs. Ice temperature, Paleoclimatology, Ice thermal properties, Thermal conductivity, Ice creep, Antarctica— Vostok Station.

Analytic solution is presented to the problem of nonstationary

surfrice temperature changes, with stationary or variable vertical components of speed of ice motion.

Analysis of effects of various factors on the movement of a stationary dome-shaped glacier (with respect to antarctic conditions). [Analiz vilianiia razlichnykh faktorov na dvizhenie statsionarnogo kupolovidnogo lednika (primeniteľ no k usloviiam Antarktidy), Barkov, N.I., et al, Problemy Arktiki i Antarktiki, 1985, Vol.59, p.32-39, In Russian. 11 refs. Glacier flow, Glacier beds, Ice temperature, Glacier surfaces, Rheology.

Results of analyses of the simple mathematical models of domshaped glaciers are compared with some data of experimental investigations of the antarctic ice sheet. The data obtained are used, in particular, to forecast the dynamic processes of this largest glacier on Earth, and to assess the possible influence of different factors—such as a glacier's altitude profile, surface and bed features, and incline—on the motion of stationary domeshaped glaciers in general

Ice thickness and flow rate in the Mirnyy Observatory area by radio echo sounding data. [Tolshchina skorost' dvizhenija lednikovogo pokrova v rajone observatorii Mirnyi po dannym radiolokatsionnogo zondirovaniia_j, Sheremet'ev,

A.N., et al, Problemy Arktiki i Antarktiki, 1985, Vol. 59, p. 39-45, In Russian. 1 ref. Makeev, A.A., Strakhov, M.V., Fedorinchik, L.A.

Rheology, Echo sounding, Glacier flow, Glacier oscillation, Glacier thickness, Ice cover thickness, Antarc--Denman Glacier.

Measurements of ice cover thickness and flow rate taken be-tween Mirnyy and Pionerskays stations during the 23rd Soviet Antarctic Espedition, Jan. 25-Mar. 12, 1978, are presented Data show that the flow rate varies from 87 to 10 m p/y. Denman Glacier's vertical profile was plotted from barometric surface levelling and ice cover thickness measurements taken over a route of 125 km. The ice thickness, as shown in a table, varies between 1,470 and 3,200 m.

40.3726

Radiation characteristics of the snow cover on Vavilov glacier (Severnaya Zemlya). [Radiatsionnye kharakteristiki snezhnogo pokrova lednika Vavilova iov gateri (severnaya zemiya). Iradiasioninye kia-rakteristiki snezhnogo pokrova lednika Vavilova (Severnaia Zemlia)₁, Nazarov, V.D., Problemy Arktiki i Antarktiki, 1985, Vol.59, p.45-51, ln Russian. 9 refs. Glacier ice, Glacier ablation, Radiometry, Snow cov-

er, Measuring instruments, Solar radiation.

Penetration of solar radiation into the snow-firn layer of Vavilov glacier (Severnaya Zemlya Archipelago, October Revolution Island). Proniknovenie solnechnot radiatsii v snezhno-firnovuiu tolshchu na lednike Vavilova (Arkhipelag Severnaia Zemlia, O-v Ok-

Nazarov, V.D., et al, *Problemy Arktiki i Antarktiki*, 1985, Vol.59, p.51-55, In Russian. 9 refs. Timerey A A

Glacier ice, Snow cover structure, Snow cover distribution, Solar radiation, Albedo, Actinometry, Ablation, Measuring instruments.

40-3729

Morphometric characteristics of the Novolazarevskiy Tee Shelf. (Nekotorye morfometricheskie kharak-teristiki shelfovogo lednika Novolazarevskogo), Eskin, L.I., et al, Problemy Arktiki i Antarktiki, 1985, Vol.59, p.56-60, In Russian. 1 ref.

Boiarskii, V.I.
Ice shelves, Echo sounding, Antarctica—Novolazarevskaya Station.

Determination of the emersed margins of Novolazarevskiy Ice Shelf by radio soundings is reported. The relationship is as-sessed between the above-water and under-water thickness of the ice shelf in the area adjacent to the Schirmscher ponds, showing a 1.5 ratio in the southern portion of the shelf, 1.3 in the central portion, and 1.6 in the northern portion

Morphological and structural peculiarities of the drifting ice station SP-22. [Morfologicheskie i strukturnye osobennosti ledianogo dreffuiushchego ostrova

SP-22₁, Grishchenko, V.D., et al. *Problemy Arktiki i Antark*tiki, 1985, Vol.59, p.60-68, In Russiar. Simonov, I.M.

Drift stations, Sea ice distribution, Icebergs, Ice shelves, Ice composition, Impurities, Ice melting, Ice surface. Lee bottom surface

40-3730

Steady temperature distribution in Central Antarctien, "Statsionarnoe raspredelenie temperatury v sentral'noi chasti Antarktidy,

Vostretsov, R.N., et al, *Problemy Arktiki i Antarktiki*, 1985, Vol.59, p.68-74, In Russian. 8 refs. Ice models, Glacier heat balance, Ice thermal proper-

ties, Thermal conductivity, Antarctica-Vostok Sta-

Results of calculation of theoretical temperature distribution in the central portion of the antarctic ice cover are compared with geophysical measurement data obtained at Vostok Station durgeophysical measurement data obtained at Yostok Station dur-ing the 17th, 18th, and 19th Soviet antarctic expeditions. It is found that extensive experimental studies are required in order to arrive at a definitive and unequivocal description of the ther-mal processes taking place in this glacier—the largest on earth.

Criterional analysis of equations describing thermodynamic processes in ice sheets. [Kriterial'nyl analiz uravnenii opisyvaiushchikh termodinamicheskie pro-

sessy v lednikovykh pokrovakh, Potapenko, V.IU., et al, *Problemy Arktiki i Artarktiki*, 1985, Vol.59, p.74-77, In Russian. 7 refs. Salamatin, A.N.

Ice sheets, Ice physics, Thermodynamics, Mathematical models, Hydrothermal processes.

40-3732

Thermal effects of coastal water on the antarctic ice barrier. [Teplovoe vozdejstvie pribrezhnykh vod na kraĭ antarkticheskogo lednikovogo pokrovaj, Dubrobin, L.I., et al, Problemy Arktiki i Antarktiki, 1985, Vol.59, p.78-83, In Russian. 4 refs. Preobrazhenskaia, M.A.

Sea ice distribution, Ice shelves, Ice melting

Thermal potential values of the antarctic coastal waters are shown to fluctuate between -0.33 and 1 33C, causing the antarctic ice barrier to recede from 4.78 to 14.33 m per year.

Movement of crystallization front in the ice-water system. O peremeshchenii fronta kristallizatsii v sisteme led-voda, Potapenko, V.IU., et al, *Problemy Arktiki i Antarktiki*, 1985, Vol.59, p.83-86, In Russian. 6 refs.

Men'shov, V.N.

Stefan problem, Ice water interface, Ice crystal growth, Heat transfer, Phase transformations, Ice surface, Boundary value problems.

Snow accumulation at Molodezhnaya Station. [Snegonakoplenie v raione VPP AMTs Molodezh-

Alekhin, A.N., et al. Problemy Arktiki i Antarktiki. 1985, Vol.59, p.86-89, In Russian. 2 refs Belov, V.F., Kornilov, N.A.

Snow accumulation, Antarctica-Molodezhnaya Sta-

Mean decadal measurements of snow accumulation along the air strip at Molodezhnaya Station in winter of 1975 did not surpass 25 cm, annual mean accumulation was 43 cm

Paleoclimatological interpretation of thermal bore-hole soundings down to 900 m at Vostok Station. Paleoklimaticheskaia interpretatsiia rezul'tutov termometrii skvazhin do glubiny 900 m na stantsii Vos-

Vostretsov, R.N., et al, Problemy Arktiki i Antarktiki, 1985, Vol. 59, p. 90-93, In Russian. 5 refs. Dmitriev, D.N., Petrov, V.N., Putikov, O.F. Ice temperature, Paleoclimatology, Ice thermal prop-

erties, Thermal conductivity, Glacier flow, Antarctica -Vostok Station.

Paleochimatological changes for the last 10-15 th y are cal-culated, based on the analysis of nonstationary temperature distribution in the central portion of the antarctic ice cover, with surface temperature changes, for stationary and variable vertical velocity components of ice flow

Estimation of the strain and stress rate of a domeshaped glacier. Raschet skorosti deformatsii i na-

shaped giacter. [Raschet skotosu uctormatsh i na priazhenit kupolovidnogo lednika], Potapenko, V.IU., Problemy Arktiki i Antarktiki, 1985, Vol.59, p.93-96, In Russian 5 refs. Stress strain diagrams, Ice models, Glacier surfaces.

An approximate solution is offered to dynamic equations for a dome-shaped glacier with avial asymmetry. The analytical dome-shaped glacier with axial asymmetry. The analytical method by which the strain and stress rate of the glacier was obtained in december.

Ice temperature measurements in deep antarctic boreholes by a thermosensor in the base of the hole. [K voprosu izmereniia temperatury l'da v glubokikh skvazhinakh Antarktidy vnedriaemym v zabol ter-

Nostretsov, R.N., et al, Problemy Arktiki i Antarktiki, 1985, Vol.59, p.96-102, In Russian. 7 refs. Dmitriev, D.N., Putikov, O.F.

Measuring instruments, Temperature measurement,

Boreholes, Ice thermal properties, Antarctics-Vostok Station.

Theoretical and experimental evaluation is presented of the errors of ice temperature measurements by a thermo-sensor inserted into the base of a deep borehole. Results of a theoretical and experimental evaluation not only show the effectiveness of such a method, but helped improve the accuracy of measure-

40-3738

Relationship between antarctic ice barrier dynamics and tidal phenomena. ¡Zavisimost' dinamiki kraevoĭ zony lednikovogo pokrova Antarktidy ot prilivnykh

iavlenii, Sytinskii, A.D., et al, *Problemy Arktiki i Antarktiki*, 1985, Vol.59, p.102-105, In Russian. 11 refs. Oborina, S.F. Tides, Icebergs, Ice shelves, Antarctica—Mirnyy

From seismic exploration data on ice vibration caused by the formation of icebergs, obtained at Mirray Station, analyses are made of the influence of tidal waves on the above processes occurring at the edge of the antarctic ice barrier. Results show that the number of ice vibrations increases during syzygial tides.

40-3739

Radio echo sounding technique for the study of antarctic ice sheet dynamics. Metod radiolokatsion-nogo zondirovaniia v zadache issledovaniia dinamiki

lednikovogo pokrova Antarktidyi,
Sheremet'ev, A.N., Problemy Arktiki i Antarktiki,
1985, Vol.59, p.106-111, In Russian. 8 refs.
Ice sheets, Rheology, Glacler flow, Echo sounding,
Antarctica—Mirnyy Station.

A radio echo sounding method for measuring the flow rate of the ice cover at Mirray Station is described. Instruments used are illustrated, and a chart showing the shape of the pulses returned from the bedrock is presented.

40-3740

Optimal temperature distribution over the drillingbit surface during drilling-melting. (Ob optimal'nom raspredelenii temperatury na rabochel poverkhnosti termobura pri burenii-plavlenii, Fomin, S.A., et al, *Problemy Arktiki i Antarktiki*, 1985. Vol.59, p.111-113, In Russian. 6 refs. Chistiakov, V.K.

Thermal drills, Ice coring drills, Ice melting, Heat transfer.

40-3741

Response of a marine ice sheet to changes at the grounding line.

Van der Veen, C.J., Quaternary research, Nov. 1985, 24(3), p.257-267, 20 refs.

Sea level, Ice models, Ice shelves, Grounded ice, Mass balance, Shelf ice.

A numerical model was designed to study the stability of a marine ice sheet, and used to do some basic experiments. The ice-shelf/ice-sheet interaction enters through the flow law in which the longitudinal stress is also taken into account. Inwhich the longitudinal stress is also taken into account. Instead of applying the model to some (measured) profile and showing that this is unstable (as is common practice in other studies), an attempt is made to simulate a whole cycle of growth and retreat of a marine ice sheet, although none of the model sheet is particularly sensitive to changes in environmental conditions. The question as to what might happen to the West Anterctic loc Sheet in the near future when a climatic warming can be expected as a result of the CO2 effect, seems to be open for discussion again. From the results presented in this paper one can infer that a collapse, caused by increased melting on the ice shelves, is not very likely (Auth.)

40-3742

Cenozoic geology of Pribaykal'e and Transbaikal. rGeologiia kainozoia Pribaikal'ia i Zabaikal'ia, Adushinov, A.A., ed, Ulan-Ude, 1985, 106p., In Russian. For selected paper see 40-3743. 23 refs. sian. For selected paper see 40-3743. 23 refs.

Permafrost origin, Glaciation, Permafrost distribution, Periglacial processes, Geocryology, Landscape types, Climatic changes. 40-3743

Periglacial zone and conditions for the development of permafrost in western Transbaikal and adjacent areas. O perigliatsial not zone i usloviiakh vozniknovenija, razvitija mnogoletnej merzloty v zapadnom

noveniia, razvitiia mnogoletnei merzloty v zapadnom Zabaikal'e i sopredel'nykh s nim territoriiakh], Bazarov, D.-D.B., Geologiia kalnozoia Pribaikal'ia Zabaikal'ia (Cenozoic geology in Pribaykal'e and Transbaikal) edited by A.A. Adushinov, Ulan-Ude, 1985, p.3-15, In Russian. 23 refs.

Permafrost origin, Permafrost distribution, Periglacial processes, Pleistocene, Geocryology, Glaciation,

Landscape types, Climatic changes.

40-3744

Seismic microregionalization and the impact of industrial activities. (Seismicheskoe mikrorajonirovanie i tekhnogenez₁, Kriger, N.I., ed, Moscow, Nauka, 1985, 102p., In Rus-

For selected papers see 40-2745 and 40-3746. Refs. passim.

Human factors, Seismic surveys, Permafrost bases, Permafrost physics, Permafrost control, Seismic velocity, Alpine landscapes, Permafrost beneath lakes, Geophysical surveys, Permafrost beneath structures.

40-3745

Influence of ground thawing beneath buildings and structures on the Intensity of seismic oscillations, (O vilianii chash protaivaniia pod zdaniiami i sooruz-heniiami na intensivnost' seismicheskikh kolebanii gruntov₁,

Gogeliia, T.I., et al, Seïsmicheskoe mikroraionirovanie i tekhnogenez (Seismic microregionalization and the impact of industrial activities) edited by N.I. Kriger, Moscow, Nauka, 1985, p.17-24, In Russian. 8 refs. Tatarenko, M.A., Sharapov, V.G. Permafrost bases, Seismic velocity, Foundations, Per-

mafrost beneath structures, Permafrost control, Seismology, Human factors, Permafrost physics.

Engineering geological regionalization of central Mongolia in relation to the evaluation of its seismicity. [Inzhenerno-geologicheskoe rajonirovanie tsentral'noi chasti Mongolii v sviazi s otsenkoi sejsmich-

nosti territorii, Vasil'ev, V.I., Seïsmicheskoe mikroraionirovanie i tekhnogenez (Seismic microregionalization and the impact of industrial activities) edited by N.I. Kriger, Moscow, Nauka, 1985, p.76-79, In Russian. 6 refs. Seismic surveys, Alpine landscapes, Permafrost distribution, Permafrost beneath lakes, Human factors, Clay soils.

40-3747

Numerical modeling of components of the global system "glaciers-ocean-atmosphere". [Chislennoe modelirovanie komponentov global'not sistemy "led-

niki-okean-atmosfera", Sergin, V.IA., ed, Vladivostok, 1984, 120p., In Russian. For selected papers see 40-3748 through 40-3751. Refs. passim. Refs. passim.

Oreshko, A.P., ed. Glacier ice, Ice models, Sea ice, Atmospheric physics, Environment simulation.

Model of sea ice with polynomial vertical tempera-ture profile. [Model' morskogo l'da s polinomial' nym

profilem temperatury po vertikalij, Chuprynin, V.I., et al, Chislennoe modelirovanie kom-Chuprynin, V.I., et al, Unistention in obstitution and ponentov global not sistemy "ledniki-okean-atmosfera" (Numerical modeling of components of the global contemporary "placers-ocean-atmosphere") edited by V.IA. system "glaciers-ocean-atmosphere") edited by V.IA. Sergin and A.P. Oreshko, Vladivostok, 1984, p.43-50, 5 refs.

In Russian. 5 Karpets, V.M.

temperature, Ice air interface, Ice surface, water interface, Ice cover thickness, Sea ice, Heat transfer, Mathematical models.

Calculation of some quasistationary characteristics of the Antarctic and Greenland glaciations, (O raschete nekotorykh kvazistatsionarnykh kharakteristik An-

tarkticheskogo i Grenlandskogo oledeneniiaj, Vertel', A.V., Chislennoe modelirovanie komponentov global'not sistemy "ledniki-okean-atmosfera" (Numerical modeling of components of the global system "glaciers-ocean-atmosphere") edited by V.IA. Sergin and A.P. Oreshko, Vladivostok, 1984, p.51-73, In Russian. 17 refs.

Glacier ice, Ice sheets, Ice structure, Mathematical models.

A variational problem is formulated and quasisolutions are found for describing glacier dynamics, assuming that its general state is close to stationary. Characteristics, measured on surfaces of present ice sheets of Antarctica and Greenland, are taken as initial data. Series of numerical experiments are made for a sequence of concrete rheological functions of ice.

Using tensor algebra in the description of glaciers as fractured media. (O primenenii apparata tenzorno! algebry dlia opisaniia lednika kak treshchinovato! sredy1.

Ivanov, A.O., Chislennoe modelirovanie komponentov global'noi sistemy "ledniki-okean-atmosfera" (Numerical modeling of components of the global system "glaciers-ocean-atmosphere") editable by V.IA. Sergin and A.P. Oreshko, Vladivostok, 64, p.73-94, led p. p. p. 24 cefs In Russian. 24 refs.

Glacier ice, Ice cracks, Franciere zones, Mathematical models.

40-3751

Compiling a model of thermomechanical properties of fractured glacier ice. [K postroeniiu modeli ter-momekhanicheskikh svoistv lednika s treshchinami], Ivanov, A.O., Chislennoe modelirovanie komponen-tov global'noi sistemy "ledniki-okean-atmosfera" tow global not sistemy "ledniki-okean-atmosfera" (Numerical modeling of components of the global system "glaciers-ocean-atmosphere") edited by V.I.A. Sergin and A.P. Oreshko, Vladivostok, 1984, p.95-110, In Russian. 8 refs.

Glacier ice, Fracture zones, Ice thermal properties, Mathematical models.

40-3752

Geological observations in the Ross Glacier area,

Craw, D., et al, British Antarctic Survey. Bulletin, May 1986, No.71, p.1-10, 7 refs.
Turnbull, I.M.

Glacial geology, Geologic structures, Fossils, South Georgia.

Georgia.

Previously unmapped areas in the Ross, Hindle and Weddell glacier regions near Royal Bay, and the Heaney Glacier in the hinterland of St Andrew's Bay, were visited in the 1984-85 field season. These areas are mainly within Cumberland Bay Formation metasediments. Significant observations include: a relatively abundant account of fossil material, including Inoceramus and rich Aucellina localities; confirmation of a major fault previously postulated to follow the Ross Glacier; the presence of numerous tuff beds, and chert, adjacent to the Ross Glacier, and large and simple but commonly sheared folds around the Hindle Glacier. Chert, marble and igneous rocks were found near the Heaney Glacier in Sandebugten Formation. Metamorphic minerals imply prehnite-pumpellyite facies metamorphism in the Cumberland Bay Formation, and pumpellyite-actinolite or greenschist facies in Sandebugten Formation. (Auth.) (Auth.)

40-3753

Antarctic meteorological data Vol.22. Meteorologi-

Antarctic meteorological data vol.22. Meteorological data at the Syowa Station in 1981.

Japanese Antarctic Research Expedition, Tokyo, Japan Meteorological Agency, 1982, 260p.

Weather observations, Air temperature, Snowfall, Wind direction, Blowing snow, Wind velocity, Humidity, Solar radiation, Antarctica—Showa Station. A single page gives general information used throughout the report, i.e., station name, index number, location (lat./long.), elevation, instrumentation w/installed heights above ground, standard letter notations and symbols for elements being measured and shown in the tables. Four sections follow, giving various data in tabular form: monthly and daily summaries of surface data and twice daily full synoptic observations; monthly summaries of the data from twice daily radiosonde launches, followed by the daily upper air data from the two soundings, global solar radiation data presented as monthly summaries and hourly measurements; and daily, monthly, and extreme atmospheric turbidity data

40-3754

Arctic and southern oceans. [Severnyl Ledovityl i

Treshnikov, A.F., ed, Leningrad, Nauka, 1985, 501p., From the "Geography of the World Ocean" series. In Russian. Refs. p. 459-466. Sal'nikov, S.S., ed.

Sea ice. Ice.

Sea ice, Ice.

The three parts of this volume which concern the southern ocean consist of the following its physiographic and biological characteristics, including peculiarities of the coasts and slands, climate, and the biological and chemical constituents of the water masses, its economic, political and geographical significance, including an estimate of the ocean resources and their allocation, the fishing industries, economic exploitation, tourism, navigation, water pollution, and the economic aspects considered region by region.

Geographic and subject indexes are provided.

Cadaster of snow avalanches of the USSR. European part of the USSR and Caucasus. (Kadastr lavin SSSR. Evropelskaia chast' SSSR, Kavkazı,

Kanaev, L.A., ed, Leningrad, Gidrometeoizdat, 1984, 208p., Pt. 1 Kola Peninsula, Pt. 3 Northern regions, Pt. 4 Ultraine Pt. 8 Northern Caucasus. Pt. 9 Trans-Caucasus and Dagestan and Pt. 11 Ural Mountains. In Russian with abridged English table of contents

Avalanches, Alpine landscapes, Snow surveys, Mapping, Spaceborne photography.

40-3756

Design models of freezing-thawing solls. [Raschetnye modeli gruntov podverzhennykh zamorazhivaniiu

inye modeli guntov podvet znemnyki zamorazawaniu i ottaivaniiu, Gorelik, L.V., et al, Leningrad. Vsesoiuznyi nauchno issledovatel'skii institut gidrotekhniki. Izvestiia, 1981, Vol.151, p.66-70, In Russian. 2 refs. Nuller, B.M., Shoikhet, B.A.

Preeze thaw cycles, Frozen ground physics, Mathematical models, Mechanical properties.

Calculating spatial temperature regime of an earth dam and the adjacent permeable bank. (Raschet prostranstvennogo temperaturnogo rezhima zemlianol prostranstvennogo temperaturnogo reznima zemianoi plotiny i fil'truiushchego beregovogo primykaniia), Geras'kin, N.N., Leningrad. Vsesoiuznyi nauchnoissledovatel'skil institut gidrotekhniki. Izvestiia, 1981, Vol.151, p.93-98, In Russian. 8 refs. Earth dams, Permafrost beneath structures, Thermal

regime, Hydraulic structures, Frozen ground temper-

ature.

Seepage effect on thermal regime of frozen abutments of frozen and thawed earth dams. [Vliianie fil'tratsii na temperaturny] rezhim merzlykh beregovykh primykanii gruntovykh plotin talogo i merzlogo

prin., tipovj, Leningrad. vsesoiuznyi nauchno-issledovatel'skii institut gidrotekhniki. Izvestiia, 1981, Vol.151, p.99-104, In Russian. 10 refs. Seepage, Earth dams, Earth fills, Ground water, Thermal regime, Seasonal freeze thaw.

Studying the brittle-failure parameters of frozen concrete. [Issledovanie parametrov khrupkogo razru-

sheniia zamorozhennogo betona,
Pak, A.P., et al, Leningrad. Vsesoiuznyi nauchno-issledovateľskih institut gidrotekhniki. Izvestiia,
1979, Vol.134, p.66-70, In Russian. 7 refs.
Trapeznikov, L.P., Sherstobitova, T.P., IAkovleva,

Hydraulic structures, Concrete structures, Concrete freezing, Brittleness, Fracturing, Frost resistance, Low temperature tests.

40-3760

Evaluating the frost resistance of concrete. [K voprosu ob otsenke morozostoľkosti betonaj, Lapuk, I.A., et al, Leningrad. Vsesoiuznyi nauchnoissledovat-l'skii institut gidrotekhniki. Iz 1979, Vol.134, p.71-76, In Russian. 4 refs. Izvestiia, Levit, A.I., Morozova, G.V

Concrete freezing, Frost resistance, Ultrasonic tests, Test equipment.

Theory of thawing ground consolidation. [K teorii konsolidatsii ottaivaiushchikh gruntov].
Gorelik, L.V., et al, Leningrad. Vsesoiuznyi nauchno-issledovatel'skii institut gidrotekhniki. Izvestiia, 1979, Vol. 134, p.119-127, In Russian. 11 refs. Tsybin, A.M.

Hydraulic structures, Foundations, Thaw consolidation, Thaw depth, Mathematical models.

Alternative versions of installing ice coolers in industrial water supply systems of thermal plants. (Varianty vkliucheniia ledotermicheskikh ustanovok anty vkinuchenia ledotermicheskich ustanovok v sistemy tekhnicheskogo vodosnabzheniia TES₃, Nikolaeva, E.I., et al, *Leningrad. Vsesoiuznyi nauch-*no-issledovateľskii institut gidrotekhniki. Izvestiia, 1981, Vol.153, p.55-60, In Russian. Shatalina, I.N.

Water supply, Electric power, Cooling systems, Ice.

40-3763

Investigation of ice and thermal regimes in basins of the Kiev pumped storage power plant. [Naturnye issledovaniia ledovogo i termicheskogo rezhimov bas-seĭnov kievskoĭ GAES₁,

Sokolov, I.N., et al, Leningrad. Vsesoiuznyi nauch-no-issledovatel'skii institut gidrotekhniki. Izvestiia, 1981, Vol.153, p.74-81, In Russian. 10 refs. Gotlib, IA.L., Dik, P.G., Rubanik, M.N. Electric power, Reservoirs, Ice conditions.

Thawing of the reservoir bed and the core of the state electric power plant on the Myaundza River, due to increased thermal stresses. (Ottaivanie 'ozha vodokhranilishcha i iadra plotiny GRES na r. Miaundzhe

v usloviiakh povyshennol teplovol nagruzki₁, Razgovorova, E.L., et al, Leningrad. Vsesoiuznyi nauchno-issledovateľskii institut gidrotekhniki. Izvestiia, 1981, Vol.153, p.81-88, In Russian. 5 refs. Tregub, G.A.

Reservoirs, Lakes, Water supply, Earth dams, Perma-frost beneath structures, Permafrost control, Thermopiles.

40-3765

Injecting ice-shelf water and air into the deep antarctic oceans.

Jacobs. S., Nature, May 15-21, 1986, 321(6067), p.196-197, 11 refs.

Lee shelves, Ice water interface, Chemical composi-tion, Sea water, Ice melting, Oxygen isotopes, An-tarctica—Weddell Sea.

tarctica—Weddell Sea.

The supersaturation of helium isotopes (He-4) in sea water at depths near 500 m on the Weddell Sea continental shulf, attributed to melt water derived from the base of the Filchner lee Shelf, is reported. Because noble gases have low solubility in sea water, a deep maximum is induced in a profile of He-4 against depth by dissolved air that had been trapped in the ice during its formation. The He-4 spiked melt water can be found subsequently in the bottom water that is generated in the Wedell Sea. Gas concentrations in the deep ocean may thus be directly influenced by air that has had a long residence time in the Antarctic ice sheet. This supports previous interpretations of 'iceshelf water'—a water mass of potential interest to ocean ventilation and to the mass balance of the Antarctic ice sheet.

40-3766

Helium: a new tracer in antarctic oceanography. Schlosser, P., Nature, May 15-21, 1986, 321(6067), p.233-235, 14 refs.

Meltwater, Sea water, Ice shelves, Ice water interface, Ice melting, Chemica! composition, Antarctica—Weddell Sea.

—weddell Sea.

The abyssal characteristics of the world oceans are strongly influenced by the northward propagation of Antarctic Bottom Water (AABW). An important source of AABW is Weddell Sea Bottom Water (WSBW), which is formed, in part, on the continental slope of the southern Weddell Sea. The formation of WSBW on the continental slope is related to the floating ice shelves of the southern Weddell Sea (Flichner/Ronne Ice Shelves). Western Shelf Water (WSW) is modified under the cashelves by cooline and admixture of melt water to form Ice. merices) western Shell Water (WSW) is modified under the ice shelves by cooling and admixture of melt water to form Ice Shelf Water (ISW), and a substantial part of the ISW flows over the sill that separates the Filchner Depression from the Weddell Sea and participates in the formation of WSBW. The data reported here demonstrate that the water file is the standard of the search per and participates in the tormation of WSBW. The data reported here demonstrate that the water/ice interaction leads to a strong He-4-supersaturation of the ISW due to dissolution of air entrapped in the ice-shelf meltwater. The He-4-supersaturation of the ISW can be used as a tracer of this water mass and also influences the He-4 balance of the WSBW. (Auth.)

Thermal interaction of cold storage buildings with their foundation soils. (Teplovoe vzaimodefstvie zda-nii kholodil'nikov s gruntami ikh osnovanii, Gindoian, A.G., et al, Kholodil'naia tekhnika, 1985, No.10, p.41-46, in Russian. 6 refs. Grushko, V.IA.

Foundations, Frost heave, Cold storage, Buildings,

Countermeasures, Frost penetration, Analysis (mathematics), Heat transfer, Mass transfer.

40-3768

Rod anchors for power-line supports on permafrost. Sterzhnevye ankery dlia krepleniia opor VL sooruz-

haemykh na merzlykh gruntakh₁, Pylaev, E.L., et al, *Energeticheskoe stroitel'stvo*, Oct. 1985, No.10, p.55, In Russian. Bystrykh, V.F., Pavlov, A.M.

Power line supports, Foundations, Anchors, Permafrost beneath structures.

40-3769

Numerical analysis of the freezing of dams built of local materials. (Chyslennyi rozv'iazok zadachi promerzannia grebel' z mistsevykh materialiv), Liashko, I.I., et al, Akademiia nauk USSR. Dopovidi. Serija A Fiziko-matematichni ta tekhnichni nauki. A Fiziko-inatematema i ekimienii hadai, Aug. 1985, No.8, p.28-30, in Ukrainian. 6 refs. Skopets'kii, V.V., Deineka, V.S. Hydraulic structures, Earth dams, Earth fills, Frost

penetration, Unfrozen water content, Mathematical models.

40-3770

Shade adapted benthic diatoms beneath antarctic sea

Palmisano, A.C., et al, Journal of phycology, Dec. 1985, 21(4), p.664-667, 19 refs.

Sea ice, Photosynthesis, Cryobiology, Ice cover effect, Ice water interface, Algae, Antarctica—McMurdo Sonnd.

do Sound.

A dense community of shade adapted microalgae dominated by the diatom Trachyneis aspers is associated with a siliceous sponge spicule mat in McMurdo Sound. Diatoms at a depth of 20 to 30 m were found attached to spicule surfaces and in the interstitial water between spicules. Ambient irradiance was less than 0.6 micro-E/sq m/s due to light attenuation by surface snow, sea ice, ice algae, and the water column. Photosynthesis-irradiance relationships determined by the uptake of Na14-HCO3 revealed that benthic diatoms beneath annual sea ice were light-saturated at only 11 micro E/sq m/s, putting them among the most shade adapted microalgae reported. Unlike most shade adapted microalgae, however, they were not photoinhibited even at irradiances of 300 micro E/sq m/s. Although in situ primary production by benthic diatoms was low, it may provide a source of fixed carbon to the abundant benthic invertebrates when phytoplankton or ice algal carbon is unavailinvertebrates when phytoplankton or ice algai carbon is unavail-able (Auth.)

40-3771

Meteorological variation of atmospheric optical prop-

1

erties in an antarctic storm.

Egan, W.G., et al, Applied optics, Apr. 1, 1986, 25(7), MP 2099, p.1155-1165, 56 refs.

Hogan, A.W.

Remote sensing, Blowing snow, Albedo, Visibility, Aerosols, Solar radiation, Antarctica—Amundsen-Scott Station.

Scott Station.

Ground truth inputs obtained during an antarctic storm were applied to the Dave vector atmospheric model. The spectropolarimetric properties of upwelling atmospheric radiation are quantitatively related to the number of ice crystals in the optical path. At large scattering angles (smaller angles in the plane of vision), the ice crystals scattering produces strong polarization proportional to the concentration. However, at small scattering angles, the ice crystals cause generally small polarization properties. tion, permitting the generally large polarization properties of the underlying terrestrial surface to be inferred. Ice crystals, by virtue of their edges, scatter differently than spheres and may have scattering cross sections many orders of magnitude greater than an equivalent area sphere. Polarization appears to be a useful adjunct in synoptic passive atmospheric remote sensing. (Auth.)

40-3772

SNOW-TWO data report. Volume 2: System per-

Jordan, R., ed, U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory, June 1984, SR 84-20, 417p., ADB-101 241, Refs. passim. For Vol. 1 see 39-3031. For individual papers see 40-3773 through 40-3787. Snow physics, Military operation, Wave propagation, Transmission, Smoke generators, Light scattering, Electromagnetic properties, Snowfall, Blowing snow, Visibility, Detection, Cold weather performance, Obscuration.

the SNOW-TWO/Smoke Week VI Field Experiment held at Camp Grayling, Michigan, was a cooperative effort of the U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory and the Office of the Project Manager Smoke/Obscurants, the main the Office of the Project Manager Smoke/Obscurants, the main objective of which was to study the effects of manmade and natural obscurants on the performance of electro-optical and millimeter wavelength devices. This report presents the results obtained by CRREL and some 20 other agencies during the SNOW-TWO phase of the experiment, covering the periods 28 November to 21 December 1983 and 4 January to 9 March 1984. It is the fourth in a series of data reports on the SNOW field experiments sponsored by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Winter Battlefield Obscuration Research Program. The report is in two main volumes with a supplemental classified. neers winter batteried Obscuration Research Program. The report is in two main volumes with a supplemental classified volume. The first volume covers the general topics of meteorology and snow characterization, the second covers the topics of electromagnetic wave transmission through falling and blowing snow, target background signatures, and system performance in snow. formance in snow

Spectral transmittance measurements at SNOW-TWO.

Curcio, J.A., et al, U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory. Special report, June 1984, SR 84-20, SNOW-TWO data report. Vol.2: System performance. ADB-101 241, 2 refs. Edited by R. Jordan, p.3-15,

Lebow, P. Infrared spectroscopy, Wave propagation, Snowfall, Blowing anow, Transmission, Measuring instruments, Visibility.

40-3774

Four-wavelength LIDAR measurements from SNOW-TWO/Smoke Week VI.

DeLateur, S.A., et al, U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory. Special report, June 1984, SR 84-20, SNOW-TWO data report. Vol.2: System performance. Edited by R. Jordan, p.17-26. ADb 101 241.

Nielsen, N.B., Uthe, E.E., Livingston, J.M.

Snowfall, Lasers, Backscattering, Wave propagation, Optical properties, Lidar, Transmission, Snow optics, Light scattering.

Light scattering.

40-3/75

Extinction, scattering and LIDAR data.

Mill, J.D., et al, U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory. Special report, June 1984, SR 84-20, SNOW-TWO data report. Vol.2: System performance. Edited by R. Jordan, p.27-37, ADB-101 241, 2 refs.

Wave propagation, Snowfall, Light scattering, Lidar, Statistical analysis, Backscattering, Snow optics, Measuring instruments.

40-3776

Performance of electro-optical wavelength systems. Black, B., et al, U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory. Special report, June 1984, SR 84-20, SNOW-TWO data report. Vol.2: System performance. Edited by R. Jordan, p.39-119, ADB-101 241, 2 refs.

Burgess, E. Snow optics, Wave propagation, Snowfall, Snow electrical properties, Fog. Ice crystals, Snow cover, Rain, Freezing, Statistical analysis, Light scattering, Blowing snow, Electromagnetic properties, Transmission. 40-3777

SMART measurements at SNOW-TWO.

Hanley, S.T., et al, U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory. Special report, June 1984, SR 84-20, SNOW-TWO data report. Vol.2: System performance. Edited by R. Jordan, p.121-System performance. Ec 152, ADB-101 241, 1 ref.

Bean, B.L.

Snowfall, Blowing snow, Wave propagation, Transmission, Light scattering, Microwaves, Attenuation, Tests, Visibility.

40-3778

Low visibility infrared group (LOVIR) data report Smoke Week VI: Narrative and instrumentation

specifications.
Butterfield, J.E., et al, U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory. Special report, June 1984, SR 84-20, SNOW-TWO data report. Vol.2: System performance. Edited by R. Jordan, p.153-160. ADB-101 241. Fields, J.G., Alliman, M.A. Visibility, Smoke generators, Snow cover effect, Cold

weather performance, Tests.

40-3779

Millimetre wavelength radar propagation measurements at SNOW-TWO.

and Engineering Laboratory. Special report, June 1984, SR 84-20, SNOW-TWO data report. Vol.2: System performance. Edited by R. Jordan, p.161-178. ADB-101 241.

Radar, Wave propagation, Snowfall, Blowing snow, Military operation, Snow cover effect, Attenuation,

40.3780

Preliminary near-millimeter wave data report for

SNOW-TWO.
Wellinan, R.J., et al, U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory. Special report, June 1984, SR 84-20, SNOW-TWO data report. Vol.2: System performance. Edited by R. Jordan, p.179-219. ADB-101 241.
Nemarich, J., Hutchins, D., Gordon, B. Snowfall, Radio waves, Attenuation, Backscattering,

Radar backscatter measurements at SNOW II. Knox, J.E., et al, U.S. Army Cold Regions Research

and Engineering Laboratory. Special report, June 1984, SR 84-20, SNOW-TWO data report. Vol.2: System performance. Edited by R. Jordan, p.223-264. ADB-101 241.

Bauerle, D.G. Wave propagation, Radar, Backscattering, Snow cover effect, Statistical analysis.

Field sampling of snow for chemical obscurants at SNOW-TWO/Smoke Week VI.

Cragin, J.H., U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory. Special report, June 1984, SR 84-20, MP 2096, SNOW-TWO data report. Vol.2: System performance. Edited by R. Jordan, p.265-270, ADB-101 241, 3 refs.

p.265-270, ADB-101 2-1, 0 1010.
Military operation, Smoke generators, Snow compo sition, Snowfall, Snow surface, Visibility, Chemical analysis, Air pollution, Tests.

40-3783

Tank thermal shielding test.

Tank thermal salesuing test.
Fink, J., et al, U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and
Engineering Laboratory. Special report, June 1984,
SR 84-20, SNOW-TWO data report. Vol.2: System Edited by K. Jordan, p.271-353, ADBperformance. 101 241, 11 refs. Tedeschi, M.

Tanks (combat vehicles), Thermal properties, Infra-red radiation, Thermal insulation, Cold weather operation, Tests, Design, Heating, Detection, Countermeasures.

Helicopter snow obscuration sub-test.

Engineering Laboratory. Special report, June 1984, SR 84-20, MP 2094, SNOW-TWO data report. Vol.2: System performance. Edited by R. Jordan, p.359-376. ADB-101 241. Ebersole, J.F., U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and

p.359-376. ADB-101 241.
Military operation, Helicopters, Navigation, Blowing snow, Snow cover effect, Photography, Air cushion vehicles, Detection, Countermeasures, Tests, Obscu-

ration.

Three sets of helicopter-downwash-produced snow obscuration trials were conducted (two sets on 8 December 1983, one set on 17 January 1984), for a total of 30 individual trials. Both hovering and forward flight patterns were performed. In order to obtain an adequate data base which is relevant to Army scenarios, the planned flight altitudes chosen for the test were for representative flying at low-level or NOE (nap-of-earth) missions and landing. In addition, some test flight trials were directed towards information on "masking" and "unmasking" below and above terrain features or tree tops. Thus the altitudes for the test were primarily restricted to no higher than 50 feet above the surface for forward flights, and 150 feet for hovering. Flights were made perpendicular to the main transmissometer line of sight, or in hovering, vertical take-off and landing modes. ing modes

Preliminary data report for the explosion sub-test of SNOW-TWO conducted in January 1984 at Camp Grayling, MI.

Ebersole, J.F., et al. U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory. Special report, June 1984, SR 84-20, SNOW-TWO data report. Vol.2 System performance. Edited by R. Jordan, p.377-395. ADB-101 241. Williams, R.R.

Atmospheric attenuation, Detonation waves.

40-3786

40-3785

Performance of the Rockwell pace material sensor system at the SNOW-TWO/Smoke Week VI Field experiment.

SR 84-20, SNOW-TWO data report. Vol.2: System performance. Edited by R. Jordan, p. 397-407. ADB-101 241. Lamboley, W., U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and

Snowfall. Military operation, Tanks (combat vehicles), Infrared radiation, Detection, Indicating instruments, Low temperature tests, Night vision, Smoke generators.

Snow-cover characterization: SADARM support. O'Brien, H., et al, U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory. Special report, June 1984, SR 84-20, MP 2095, SNOW-TWO data report. Vol.2: System performance. Edited by R. Jordan, p.409-411. ADB-101 241.
Bates, R.

Snow optics, Snow electrical properties, Military operation, Meteorological factors, Snow cover effect, Detection, Snow density, Snow water content, Grain size, Snow depth.

Northern sea route, 1985.

Armstrong, T., Polar record, May 1986, 23(143), 183-187

Ice navigation, Icebreakers, Ships.

Potential effect of nuclear war smokefall on sea ice. Ledley, T.S., et al, *Climatic change*, Apr. 1986, 8(2), p.155-171, 31 refs.

Thompson, S.L.

Nuclear explosions, Fallout, Sea ice, Models, Ice melting.

Transition zone reflections and permafrost analysis. Justice, J.A., et al, *Geophysics*, May 1986, 51(5), p.1075-1086, 30 refs. uba. C.

Permafrost thermal properties, Seismic reflection, Acoustic measurement.

World's deepest well.
Kozlovskii, E.A., Scientific American, Dec. 1984, 251(6), p.98-104.
Rock drilling, Geologic structures, Stratigraphy,

Drill core analysis, Seismic velocity, Gases, USSR Kola Peninsula.

New data on the deposition of ice-bearing loess beds of northern Yakutia and Arctic habitats of the mam-

Tomirdiaro, S.V. et al. Akademiia nauk SSSR lady. Earth science sections, Sep.-Oct. 1984 (Pub. Apr. 86), Vol.278, p.107-110, 9 refs. For Russian original see 39-1636.

Loess, Pleistocene, Frozen fines, Cryogenic struc-tures, Edoma complex, Permafrost distribution, Permafrost origin.

40-3793

Approximate numerical calculation of soil freezing

Gusev, E.M., Soviet meteorology and hydrology, 1985, No.6, p.79-85, Translated from Meteorologiia i gidrologiia. 14 refs.

joid-logis. 14 refs.
Meltwater, Soil freezing, Frost penetration, Heat transfer, Snow cover effect, Runoff, Snow depth, Snow water equivalent, Analysis (mathematics).

Exceptional case of ice glaze deposit in crest zone of Ural Mountains.

Podrezov, O.A., et al, Soviet meteorology and hydrology, 1985, No.6, p.92-94, Translated from Meteorologiia i gidrologiia. 16 refs.
Naumov, A.D.

Glaze, Hoarfrost, Ice formation, Ice accretion, Power line icing, Alpine topography, Ice cover thickness.

Use of hydraulicking in Siberia in the winter.
Sadlel, B.V., et al, *Hydrotechnical construction*,
Aug. 1985 (Pub. Feb. 86), 19(8), p.392-394, Translated from Gidrotekhnicheskoe stroitel'stvo. Kozhevnikov, N.N

Dredging, Hydraulic fill, Hydraulic structures, Earth dams, Cold weather construction.

40-3796

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Wind and temperature profiles measured near Georg von Neumayer Station in Jan. and Feb. 1983 are analyzed with respect to situations of low cloud cover. In these situations, shallow inversions develop in the period of low sun elevation. The structure of these inversions in comparison with those in midlatitudes is explained by considering the heaf fluxes near the ground, the influence of surface friction over different terrain roughness and for different Coriolis parameters. One effect of stablization over the Ekström Ice Shelf is the development of stablization over the Text of the Coriolis parameters. The flow dynamics are disabled we are vivia-influenced flows. stablization over the Ekström Ice Shelf is the development of shallow gravity-influenced flows. The flow dynamics are discussed by means of a scale analysis. The results show that gravity is of considerable influence; however, it will not dominate the other forces. Strictly speaking, the flow is not katabatic for the scale considered. The Froude numbers of the flow approach values similar to those of nocturnal inversions during cooling periods. Thus it seems that the modelling methods for midlatitude stable planetary boundary layers (PBLs) will be successful in explaining antarctic boundary layers as well. (Auth.)

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Tunnels, Earthquakes, Embankments, Slope pro-cesses, Permafrost distribution, Baykal Amur railroad, Avalanches, Prost heave, Solifluction, Perma-frost hydrology, Thermokarst, Rock streams, Mud-

On the deterioration of a grounded iceberg. Venkatesh, S., *Iceberg research*, Apr. 1986, No.12, 3-14. 9 refs

p.3-14, 9 refs.
Icebergs Grounded ice, Ice deterioration, Ice models, Ice volume, Floating ice, Analysis (mathematics).

Toward a new shape classification of antarctic icebergs.

s, H., Iceberg research, Apr. 1986, No.12, p.15-19, 10 refs.

Icebergs, Classifications, Antarctica-Ross Sea.

A shape classification table for antarctic icebergs is presented, and three basic shape categories—tabular, irregular, and rounded—are discussed. A table of comparison of nomenclature, between the shape classification developed for the Ross Sea Iceberg Project and some published systems, for icebergs of different shapes, is also given.

40-3858

Iceberg stress state. Diemand, D., et al, *Iceberg research*, Apr. 1986, No.12, p.20-26, 14 refs. Lever, J.H.

Icebergs, Stresses, Ice deterioration, Ice solid inter-face, Ice strength, Impact strength, Ice loads, Offshore structures, Ocean bottom, Mass balance, Ice physics.

40.3850

On the displacement of buoyant objects from the surface of an iceberg during a rolling event. Iceberg research, Apr. 1986, No.12, p.27.

Icebergs, Ice mechanics, Buoyancy, Stability, Drift.

Snow removal, Air Force style. Hayden, T.F., III, Public works, July 1986, 117(7),

Snow removal, Aircraft landing areas, Winter maintenance, Equipment, Airports, Snowfall. 40.3861

Controlled chemical concepts for snow and ice remov-

Derby, D., Public works, July 1986, 117(7), p.48-51. Snow removal, Ice removal, Chemical ice prevention, Equipment, Salting, Cost analysis, Corrosion, Snow-fall, Climatic factors, Soil composition.

Efficient snow fences help you catch the drift. Hurlbut, M., Public works, July 1986, 117(7), p.58-60,

Snow fences, Snowdrifts, Snow cover distribution, Countermeasures, Snow accumulation, Wind factors, Porosity.

40-3863

Waterline problems can be avoided with care and test-

Valley, D., Public works, July 1986, 117(7), p.61-62. Water pipelines, Cold weather performance, Cold weather tests, Design, Damage, Corrosion. 40-3864

Maintenance priorities—mechanic vs driver. Wyman, W.W., Public works, July 1986, 117(7), p.62-

Snow removal, Equipment, Winter maintenance. 40.3865

Denver gets new help in its battle against winter. Tatom, C.A., Public works, July 1986, 117(7), p.67. Ice control, Winter maintenance, Warning systems, Weather forecasting.

40-3866

Radial tire demonstration.

Radial tire demonstration. Liston, R.A., MP 2102, U.S. Army Survivable Tire Symposium, Carson City, NV. Nov. 4-7, 1985. Pro-ceedings, [1985], p.281-285. Tires, Military equipment, Military transportation,

Vehicles, Trucks.

A demonstration of the use of commercially available radial tires on the Army's 5 ton dump truck is currently in progress

at Wildflecken, Germany One construction company, Company C of the 54th Engineering P ttalion, has approximately half of its trucks equipped with radial tires and half with the standard military tires. The purpose of the demonstration is to identify the improved off-road, highway, and tread wear performance of the commercial radial tire compared to the bias ply, non-directional cross country tire that has been the US Arm standard tire for some forty years. Some information relativ to fuel usage and rolling resistance are provided. Some information relative

OTC '86 proceedings.

Offshore Technology Conference, 18th, Houston, Texas, May 5-8, 1986, 1986, 4 vols., Refs. passim. For selected papers see 40-3868 through 40-3880. Offshore structures, Offshore drilling, Ice loads, Ice scoring, Ice mechanics, Drift, Meetings, Impact strength, Icebergs, Design, Ice conditions.

40-3868

Ice-floe wave drift experiments.

Harms, V.W., Offshore Technology Conference, 18th, Houston, Texas, May 5-8, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.1, 1986, p.9-20, 12 reis.

Ice floes. Drift, Ice mechanics, Ocean waves, Ice density, Ice volume, Velocity, Experimentation, Analysis (mathematics).

Motion of an ice mass near a large offshore structure. Isaacson, M. de St. Q., et al, Offshore Technology Conference, 18th, Houston, Texas, May 5-8, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.1, 1986, p.21-28, 6 refs. Dello Stritto, F.J

Offshore structures, Ice mechanics, Ice loads, Impact strength, Ocean waves, Drift, Models, Ice volume.

40-3870

Importance of wave driven icebergs impacting an off-

shore structure. Salvalaggio, M.A., et al, Offshore Technology Conference, 18th, Houston, Texas, May 5-8, 1986. ings, Vol.1, 1986, p.29-38, 14 refs.

Offshore structures, Icebergs, Ice loads, Impact strength, Ice solid interface, Ocean waves, Mathematical models.

Structural integrity of semisubmersibles and gravity

Structural Integrity of semisabmersibles and gravity platforms to bergy-bit/iceberg impact. Swamidas, A.S.J., et al, Offshore Technology Conference, 18th, Houston, Texas, May 5-8, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.1, 1986, p. 39-49, 47 refs. El-Tahan, H., Arockiasamy, M. Offshore structures, Ice loads, Impact strength, Iceberg, Vol. 1, 1986, p. 39-49, A. Conference, Ice loads, Impact strength, Iceberg Vol. 1986, p. 39-49, A. Conference, Ice loads, Impact strength, Iceberg Vol. 1986, p. 39-49, A. Conference, Iceberg Vol. 1986, p. 39-49, p. 39

bergs, Floating structures, Ice solid interface, Concrete structures, Caissons, Platforms.

40-3872

Marginal field exploration and production in the Arc-

Potter, R.E., et al, Offshore Technology Conference, 18th, Houston, Texas, May 5-8, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.1, 1986, p.117-125, 8 refs. Potter, M.E.

Offshore structures, Offshore drilling, Ice conditions, Ice mechanics, Ice loads, Exploration, Sea ice, Petroleum industry, Seasonal variations, Countermeasures.

40-3873

Nonsimultaneous failure and ice loads on Arctic struc-

Ashby, M.F., et al, Offshore Technology Conference, 18th, Houston, Texas, May 5-8, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.1, 1986, p.399-404, 13 refs.

Ice loads, Ice pressure, Offshore structures, Ice me-

chanics, Wind factor, Ice solid interface.

Scale effect and compressive strength of large volumes of ice.

Gershunov, E.M., Offshore Technology Conference, 18th, Houston, Texas, May 5-8, 1986. Vol.1, 1986, p.405-412, 33 refs. Proceedings,

Ice strength, Compressive properties, Ice cracks, Ice loads, Brittleness, Ice pressure, Analysis (mathemat-

40-3875
Analysis of ice forces on caisson-type arctic platform. Hakala, R., et al, Offshere Technology Conference, 18th, Houston, Texas, May 5-8, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.1, 1986, p.413-418, 13 refs. Joensuu, A., Eranti, E., Gowda, S.S. Ice loads, Caissons, Offshore structures, Ice conditions, Shear strain, Models, Tests, Forecasting.

40-3876
CIDS spray ice barrier.
Jahns, H.O., et al, Offshore Technology Conference,
May 5-8, 1986. Proceedings, 18th, Houston, Texas, May 5-8, 1986. Vol.3, 1986, p.575-584, 17 refs.

Petrie, D.H., Lockett, A.V. Ice formation, Artificial freezing, Sea spray, Spray freezing, Beaufort Sea.

40-3877
MASS: a mobil arctic structural system.
Winkler, R.S., et al, Offshore Technology Conference,
18th, Houston, Texas, May 5 °, 1986. Proceedings,
Vol.3, 1986, p.585-595, 2 refs.
Coleman, D.M., Reusswig, G.H.
Offshore structures, Ice conditions, Col^A weather
construction, Offshore drilling, Design criteria, Ice floes, Beaufort Sea.

40-3878

Structural behavior and design method of steel/concrete composite ice walls for Arctic offshore struc-

Nojiri, Y., et al, Offshore Technology Conference, 18th, Houston, Texas, May 5-8, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.4, 1986, p.597-604, 5 refs. Koseki, K., Toshiki, T., Sawayanagi, M. Offshore structures, Reinforced concretes, Ice formation, Design, Shear strain, Flexural strength.

Beaufort Sea petroleum technology assessment.

Padron, D.V., et al, Offshore Technology Conference, 18th, Houston, Texas, May 5-8, 1986. Proceedings,

Vol.4, 1986, p.605-614.

Offshore structures, Loads (forces), Ice conditions, Offshore drilling, Marine transportation, Cost analysis, Exploration, Petroleum industry, Bea. ort Sea.

40-3880

40-3880

Ice gouge hazard analysis.

Lanan, G.A., et al, MP 2106, Offshore Technology
Conference, 18th, Houston, Texas, May 5-8, 1986.

Proceedings, Vol.4, 1986, p.57-66, 13 refs.

Niedoroda, A.W., Weeks, W.F.

Ice scoring, Trenching, Ocean bottom, Pipelines, Madrage analysis.

rine geology.

rine geology.

Sea floor ice gouge depth distributions and pipeline trenching requirements are analyzed. An improved method is presented for parameterizing new ice gouge events based on a single record of existing sea floor ice gouges. Information on the gouge infilling process and the maximum observable gouge depth are used in this procedure.

Glaciological research program in east Queen Maud Land, East Antarctica, Part 3, 1982.

Nishio, F., et al, Japanese Antarctic Research Expedition. JARE data reports, Feb. 1986, No.110, 36p., 10

Ohmae, H., Ishikawa, M.

Ice sheets, Ice cover thickness, Traverses, Antarctica—Queen Maud Land.

—Queen Maud Land.

JARE-23, 1981-1983, initiated the field work of the East Queen Maud Land Glaciological Project. The major activities in 1982 involved shallow depth boring of ice cores at various places, and oversnow traverses along the flow line of Shirase Glacier and in the Meteorite Ice Field in the Yamato Mountains. The oversnow traverse was the biggest operation of JARE-23, with nine traverses being carried out as shown in a chart and listing. Much of the data obtained during these traverses was published in 1984. (Auth. mod.)

40-3882

Glaciological research program in east Queen Maud Land, East Antarctica, Part 4, 1984.

Fujii, Y., et al, Japanese Antarctic Research Expedition. JARE data reports, 1986, No.116, 70p., 9 refs. Kawada, K., Yoshida, M., Matsumoto, S. Ice sheets, Ice cores, Ice cover thickness, Snow accumulation, Traverses, Antarctics—Mizuho Station. JARE-25, 1983-1985, extended the field work of the East Quee Maud Land Glacological — t. Major activities in 1984 involved an ice core drilling f intermediate depth at Mizuho Station and an oversnow traverse into the area near 755 35E dunng the 1984-85 field season. Several other trips were also made in 1984, including those commissioned to support and supply Mizuho Station. Among the data gathered during these traverses, the following are compiled in this report, position, elevation and ice thickness of the stations, net accumulation of snow measured by the stake method; and surface meteorological data. Data such as surface flow velocity, surface strain rate, and slope of the ice sheet, will be presented in other papers. The ice core drilling attained a depth of "00.6 mat Mizuho Station and in situ observations were made intensively on the core samples. The present paper includes data on net accumulation of snow and temperature profiles in a surface snow layer at Mizuho Station. (Auth. mod.)

40-3883

Benthal phytomicroorganisms of the Yenisey River.

Benthal phytomicroorganisms of the Yenisey River. (Mikrofitobentos reki Eniset), Lavadnaia D., Novosibirsk, Nauka, 1986, 286p., In Russian w.... abridged English table of contents enclosed. Refs. p.241-249.

Algae, Bibliographies, River water, i'ermafrost beneath rivers, Plant ecology, Plant physiology, Eco-

systems.

40-3884

Performance based tire specification system for military wheeled vehicles.

Performance based tire specification system for military wheeled vehicles.

Blaisdell, G.L., MP 2101, U.S. Army Survivable Tire Symposium, Carson City, NV, Nov 4-8, 1985. Proceedings, [1985], p.277-280, 2 refs.

Tires, Military equipmen., Vehicles, Design.

Most military wheeled vehicles continue to utilize the NDCC tire, despite its extremely low tread life and relatively poor performance. Current tire technology has far surpassed that available when the NDCC tire was designed, yet the Army continues, on all but its newest vehicles, to apply this tire. With such a disparity between the NDCC tire and what is commercially available, and with the potential now to design a tire for numerous specific performance areas, how does the Army determine what tire it should use for a particular vehicle? In answering this question, a working group was formed, and a new tire specification was developed. This system is based not on specific design features in as much as is possible, but occurred areas of tire performance. This system takes into account the vehicle's mission profile and the necessity of certain minimum levels of performance for various conditions.

Fatigue at low temperatures.

Fatigue at low temperatures.

Symposium on Fatigue at Low Temperatures, Louisville, KY, May 10,1983, American Society for Testing and Materials. Special technical publication, 1985, No.857, 324p., Refs. passim. Some papers include discussions. For selected papers see 40-3886 through

Stephens, R.I., ed.

Low temperature tests, Patigue (materials), Crack propagation, Metals, Fracturing, Cold weather tests, Chemical composition, Temperature effects, Meetings, Steels, Aluminum.

Midrange fatigue crack growth data correlations for structural alloys at room and cryogenic temperatures. Tobler, R.L., et al, American Society for Testing and Materials. Special technical publication, 1985, No.857, p.5-30, 59 refs. Cheng, Y.-W.

Fatigue (materials), Low temperature tests, Crack propagation, Cold weather tests, Steels, Fracturing, Metals, Chemical composition, Temperature effects.

Cyclic softening and hardening of austenitic steels at

Cyclic softening and nariesting of austernities steels at low temperatures.

Shibata, K., et al, American Society for Testing and Materials.

Special technical publication, 198. No.857, p.41-46, 34 refs.

Kishimoto, Y., Namura, N., Fujita, T.

Patigue (materials), Low temperature tests, Steels, Stresses, Microstructure, Cryogenics, Strains, Dam-

Fatigue crack growth behavior in a nitrogen-strengthened high-manganese steel at cryogenic tempera-

Ogawa, R., et al, American Society for Testing and Materials. Special technical publication, 1985, No.857, p.47-59, 7 refs.
Morris, J.W., Jr.

Fatigue (materials), Low temperature tests, Crack propagation, Steels, Fracturing, Chemical composi-

40-3889

Effect of low temperature on apparent fatigue threshold stress intensity factors.

old stress intensity factors.

Eszklul, K.A., et al., American Society for Testing and Materials. Special technical publication, 1985, No.857, p.63-83, 24 refs.

Yu, W., Gerberich, W.W.

Patigue (materials), Low temperature tests, Crack propagation, Steels, Fracturing, Stresses, Chemical compaction, Lower (force).

composition, Loads (forces), Temperature effects.

40-3890

Correlation of the parameters of fatigue crack growth Correlation of the parameters of fatigue crack growth with plastic zone size and fracture micromechanisms in vacuum and at low temperatures.

Verkin, B.I., et al, American Society for Testing and Materials. Special technical publication, 1985, No.857, p.84-101, 24 refs.

Grinberg, N.M., Serdiuk, V.A.

Patigue (materials), Low temperature tests, Crack

propagation, Microstructure, Metals, Plastic properties, Chemical composition, Temperature effects.

40.3801

Low-temperature fatigue crack propagation in a betatitanium alloy.

titanium alloy.

Jata, K.V., et al, American Society for Testing and Materials. Special technical publication, 1985, No.857, p.102-120, 20 refs.

Gerberich, W.W., Beevers, C.J.

Crack propagation, Fatigue (materials), Low temperature tests, Metals, Fracturing, Chemical composition, Temperature effects.

40-3892

Fatigue crack propagation of 25Mn-5Cr-1Ni austenit-

to steel at low temperatures.
Yokobori, T., et al, American Society for Testing and Materials.
Special technical publication, 1985, No.857, p.121-139, '3 refs.
Crack propagation, Fatigue (materials), Low aperature tests, Metals, Steels, Analysis (math. 'cs),

Temperature effects.

40-3893

Constant-amplitude fatigue behavior of five carbon or low-alloy cast steels at room temperature and -45C. Stephens, R.I., et al, American Society for Testing and Materials. Special technical publication, 1985, No.857, p.140-160, 15 refs.
Crack propagation. Fatigue (materials), Steels, Cold

weather tests, Chemical composition, Temperature

40.3894

Computerized near-threshold fatigue crack growth rate testing at cryogenic temperatures: technique and

rate testing at cryogenic temperatures, totaling an aresults.

Liaw, P.K., et al, American Society for Testing and Materials. Special technical publication, 1985, No.857, p.173-189, 45 refs.

Logsdon, W.A., Ataar, M.H.

Cold weather tests, Fatigue (materials), Steels, Crack propagation, Cryogenics, Stresses, Temperature effects, Computer applications.

40-3895

Effect of warm prestressing on fatigue crack growth curves at low temperatures.

Katz, Y., et al, American Society for Testing and Materials. Special technical publication, 1985, No.857, p.191-209, 19 refs.

Bussiba, A., Mathias, H.
Patigue (materials), Low temperature tests, Crack
propagation, Stresses, Steels, Brittleness, Temperature effects, Plastic flow.

num, Crack propagation, Fracturing, Ten. perature effects, Metals, Damage, Loads (forces).

40-3897

Low temperature and loading frequency effects on crack growth and fracture toughness of 2024 and 7475

Materials. Special technical publication, 1985, No.857, p.257-273, 6 refs.

Fatigue (materials), Low temperature tests, Crack

propagation, Aluminum, Stresses, Loads (forces), Fracturing, Temperature effects.

Patigue crack growth behavior in mild steel weldments at low temperatures.

ments fit low temperatures.

Kitsunia, Y., American Society for Testing and
Materials. Special technical publication, 1985,

No.857, p.274-292, 20 refs.

Steels, Fatigue (materials), Low temperature tests, Crack propagation, Stresses, Temperature effects, Metals, Strength.

AR-1800 Variable-amplitude fatige growth of five carbon or I and low climatic temp Stephens, R.I., et al, A

initiation and steels at room

r Testing and ation, 1985, Materials. Spec No.857, p.293-312, a

Steels, Fatigue (mater. Crack propagation, Chem. ... composition, Temperature effects. compensature tests.

Toxic organics removal kinetics in overland flow 'anc treatment.

Jenkins. T.F., et al, Water research, 1985, 19(6), MP 2111, p.707-718, 32 refs.
Leggett, D.C., Parker, L.V., Oliphant, J.L.

Waste treatment, Water treatment, Water pollution, Land reclamation, Vegetation, Experimentation, Modele

Models. The efficiency in removing 13 trace organics from wastewater was studied on an outdoor, prototype o erland flow land treatment system. More than 94% of each substance was removed at an application rate of 0.4 cm/h (0.12 cu m/h/m of width). The % removals declined as application rates were increased. Removal from solution was described by first-order vinetic. A model based on the two-film theory was developed ur intree properties of each substance (the Henry's contain octanol-water partition coefficient and the molecular way and two stem parameters (average water depth and reside the substance of Henry's constain and diffusivity on temperature. The model was tested on as and overland flow system.

Glacial covers on planets of the solar system. [Lednikovye pokrovy na planetakh solnechnol sistemyj, Krass, M.S., Akademiia nauk SSSR. Institut geo-grafii. Materialy gliatsiologicheskikh issledovanň, 1985, No.54, p.24-29, 15 refs., In Russian with English summary.

Extraterrestrial ice, Mars (planet), Permafrost struc-

ture, Ground ice.

40-3902

Role of compaction-settlement in glacier ice formation. ¡Rol' szhatiia-osedaniia v l'doobrazovanii na lednikakh₁,

Bazhev, A.B., Akademiia nauk SSSR. Institut geo-grafii. Materialy gliatsiologicheskikh issledovanh, 1985, No.54, p.30-38, 16 refs.. In Russian with English summary

Snow compression, Glacier alimentation, Ice forms dots on the ree, him, Show density,

Structure of ice in the central part of the Ross Ice Shelf, Antarctica. (Stroenie tolshchi tsentral'nol chasti shel'fovogo lednika Rossa v Antarktike). Zotikov, I.A., et al, Akademiia nauk SSSR. Institut

Zotikov, I.A., et al, Akademiia nauk SSSR. Institut geografii. Materialy gliatsiologicheskikh is-sledovanii, 1985, No.54, MP 2110, p.39-44, 8 rets., In Russian with English summary,

Gow, A.J., Jacobs, S.S. Ice shelves, Ice composition, Ice cores, Ice crystals, Impurities, Climatic changes.

Impurities, Climatic Changes. Studies of ice cores, obtained from a 416 m. deep borehole in the Ross Ice Shelf in the vicinity of the J-9 station, revealed changes in ice crystal structure, inclusions and dimensions with depth. This variation is explained by climatic fluctuations.

Radiation properties of snow cover on polar glaciers. Radiatsionnye kharakteristiki snezhnogo pokrova poliarnykh lednikov₁,

Averianov, V.G., et al, Akademiia nauk SSSR. Institut geografii. Materialy gliatsiologicheskikh issledovanii, 1985, No.54, p.44-47, In Russian with Eng-

lish summary.
Nazarov, V.D.
Glacier ice, Snow cover distribution, Radiometry,
Solar radiation, Albedo, Attenuation, Saow cover structure.

Interactions of glaciers with the adjacent atmospheric layer. [Vzaimodelstvie lednika i prilednikovogo

sloia atmosfery₁, Arapov, P.P., et al, Akademiia nauk SSSR. Institut geografii. Materialy gliatsiologicheskikh is-sledovanii, 1985, No.54, p.48-52, 5 refs., In Russian

with English summary.

Ice air interface, Glacier ice, Heat transier, Wind velocity, Temperature inversions.

40.3906

Mass balance of the Abramov glacier and the possibility of its calculation from meteorological data. [Balans massy led::ik# Abramova i vozmozhnost' ego raslans massy lediska A framova i vozinoziniosi ego ias-cheta po meteorologicheskim pokazateliamj, Kamnianskii G 41, et al, Akademiia nauk SSSR. In-stitut geografia Materialy gliatsiologicheskikh is-sledovanii, 1961, No.54, p.52-59, 13 refs., In Russian

with English a magree Eisloy, B.V., hozzinikhin, V.K.
Glacier ice, Macier ablation, Alimentation, Mountain

glaciers now coverdistribution, Firn, Mass balance. 40-1907

Regi. te on northern Tien Shan glaciers for the last 25 years (from 1746 to 251). [Rezhim lednikov Severnoso Tient Shania za 25 let (s. 1956 po. 1981 g.)]. Makarevi , K.G. + al, Akademiia nauk SSSR. Institut ge-ra. It. Materialy gliatsiologicheskikh issledovanu, 1985, No.54, p.60-68, 9 refs., In Russian with Eaclib current.

with English summary.
Glacier ice, Pacier ablation, Mass balance, Mountain glaciers, Alimentation.

40-3908

Sp. ce-time variability of total glacier melting and likov i lednikovogo stoka v basselnakh rek NAIII, WYELOV, V.G., Akademiia nauk SSSR. Institut

ngialii. Materialy gliatsiologicheskikh is-Jovanii, 1985, No.54, p.68-76, 3 refs., In Russian 2014/11. with English summary.

Glacier ice, Glacial hydrology, River flow, Alimentation, Mountain glaciers, Seasonal variations, Glacier ablation.

40-3909

Secular fluctuations of climate and glaciers according to phyto-indications. [Vekovye kolebaniia klimata i

to phyto-indications. [VexOvye Rolebania kimata lednikov po fitoindikatsionnym dannym],
Turnamina, V.I., Akademiia nauk SSSR. Institut geografii. Materialy gliatsiologicheskikh issledovanh,
1985, No.54, p.76-81, In Russian with English sum-

Vegetation patterns, Climatic changes, Glacier oscil-lation, Alpine landscapes.

Variations in mass balance components of valley gla-ciers in the temperate zone, exemplified by the Marukh glacier. Izmenchivost' sostavliaiushchikh balansa massy dolimykh lednikov umerernykh shirot na primere lednika Marukh, Menshutin, V.M., et al, Akademiia nauk SSSR. In-

sledovanii, 1985, No.54, p.82-87, 9 refs., In Russian with English summary. Il'ichev. III G

Glacier ice, Alimentation, Firn, Ice tea ature, Glacial hydrology, Mass balance. 40-3911

Calculating statistical characteristics of rauson mountain glacier basins. Raschet statisticheskikh kharakteristik stoka sorno-lednikovogo basselna, 7 Å et al. Akadomiia nauk SSSR. Institut geografii. Materialy gliatsiologicheskikh is-sledovanii, 1985, No 54, p.87-92, 7 refs., In Russian with English summary.

Pertsiger, F.I. Glacial rivers, Mountain glaciers, Glacier ablation, River basins, Glacial hydrology, Runoff.

Conditions and regime of compound valley glaciers in Central Tien Shan. [Usloviia sushchestvovaniia i nekotorye cherty rezhima slozhno-dolinnykh lednikov

Tsentral'nogo Tian'-Shania₁,
Dikikh, A.N., et al, Akademiia nauk SSSR. Institut
geografii. Materialy gliatsiologicheskikh issledovanit, 1985, No.54, p.93-97, 7 refs., In Russian with English cummary. Dikikh, L.L.

Mountain glaciers, River basins, Glacial hydrology, Glacier ice, Alimentation, Ablation, Mass balance, Snow water equivalent.

40-3913

Climate and the present state of Kamchatka glaciers. [Klimat i sostojanie lednikov Kamchatki v sovremen-

nuiu pokhuj, Vinc iradov, V.N., et al, Akademiia nauk SSSR. stitiv geografii. Materialy gliatsiologicheskikh is-slv. o anii, 1985, No.54, p.97-103, 12 refs., In Rus-sv n with English summary.

Murav'ev, IA.D. Glacier ice, Volcanoes, Glacier oscillation, Climatic

40.3914

Glacier retreat on Islands of the Eurasian Arctic in the 20th century. [Sokrashchenie oledeneniia na ostrovakh Evrazilskol Arktiki v XX veke],

Institut Reo Koriakin, V.S., Akademiia nauk SSSR. grafii. Materialy gliatsiologicheskikh issledovanh, 1985, No 54, p. 103-108, 6 refs., In Russian with Eng. lish summary

Glacier melting, Spaceborne photography, Glacier oscillation. Mountain glaciers.

40-3915 Distribution of morainal deposits on Central Asian glaciers under different geological conditions (cartographic analysis). (Raspredelenie morennogo pok-rova na lednikakh Srednei Azii v raznykh geologicheskikh usloviiakh (opyt kartograficheskogo analiza); Kretter, A.A., et al, Akademiia nauk SSSR. Institut geografii. Materialy gliatsiologicheskikh is-sledovanii, 1985, No.54, p.108-112, 15 refs., In Rusvolkova, M.V., Tikhanovskaia, A.A.

Mountain glaciers, Glacial hydrology, Moraines.

40-3916

Behavior of the Antarctic ice shelves under climatic warming. (Nekotorye aspekty povedeniia shel'fovykh lednikov Antarktidy pri poteplenii klimata).

Rakovskii, 10. Akacrilia ilauk book.

Materialy gliatsiologicheskikh issledovanii, 1985, No.54, p. 113-120, 14 refs., In Russian with English summary.

Ice shelves, Ice cover thickness, Glacier ice, Ice
volume, Ice surface, Climatic changes, Surface tem-

It is believed that the antarctic ice shelves are especially sensitive to climatic variations. Present increase of CO2 in the atmosphere may create the "bothouse effect," a climatic warming with temperatures reaching 7-10 degrees C in continental areas, and changes in the regime and dimensions of glacial covers. Numerical modeling of the antarctic glacial shield showed that the 10 degree increase in temperature will cause an insignificant change in the volume of continental ice sheet; however, the growth or degradation of the antarctic ice cover as a whole may significantly depend on the state of shelf ice. Climatic changes, reflected in air temperature, the upper glacier surface, and the whole mass of ice, would affect rheological properties of the ice, cause its thickening or thinning, and the accumulation of sediment. It is believed that the antarctic ice shelves are especially sensi-

Studies of the nature of internal radio wave reflections in a subpolar glacier. [Issledovanie prirody vnu-

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communication, Ice accretion, Structures, Moun-tains, Meteorological data, Wind velocity, Wind di-rection, Precipitation (meteorology), Computer applications.

A study to examine orographic effects on atmospheric intensity is being conducted on two remote mountaintops in the northeastern United States. The study involves the collection and transmission of meteorological data, including wind speed and direction, precipitation, humidity, temperature, and icing rate. Remote sites are located on Loon Mountain and Cannon Mountain, both situated in the White Mountains of New Hamphite. States of the art instrumentation consecting of the grossshrie. State-of-the-art instrumentation, consisting of hot cross wire wind sensors, humidity grobes ice detectors and electronic rain gauges, is interfaced with on-site data loggers. The data are transmitted from these remote sites by a specially designed radio telemetry system, consisting of a Tucson Amateur Packet

Micro-processor controlled solid-state anemometer and ice-detector.

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PROPERTY FORCES OF TRACES

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Power line Icing, Freezing, Ice accretion, Icing, Structures, Glaze, Hoarfrost, Transmission lines, Topographic features, Precipitation (meteorology).

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Strangeways, I., et al. International Workshop on Atmospheric Icing of Structures, 3rd, Vancouver, B.C., May 6-8, 1986. Proceedings, Canadian Electrical Association, [1986], 7p., (4.8). Hudson, R.D.

Ice formation, Ice prevention, Albedo, Design, Weather stations

40-3974

Application of electro-impulse de-icing (EIDI) to icecovered structures.

Ross, R., et al, International Workshop on Atmospheric Icing of Structures, 3rd, Vancouver, B.C., May 6-8, 1986. Proceedings, Canadian Electrical Association, 1986, 9p., (4-9). 12 refs.

Zumwalt, G.W.

Aircraft icing, Structures, Ice prevention, Ice accretion, Ice removal, Power line icing, Wind tunnels,

Ice-free anemometer, laboratory and field testing.

Kuja, F., et al, International Workshop on Atmospheric Icing of Structures, 3rd, Vancouver, B.C., May 6-8, 1986. Proceedings, Canadian Electrical Association, (1986), 7p., (4.10). 1 ref. Motycka, J.

Icing, Structures, Anemometers, Ice removal, Ice prevention, Electric heating, Wind tunnels, Tests, Freezing.

40-3976

Current ice load measurements in Norway. Fikke, S.V., et al, International Workshop on Atmo-

FIRE, S.V., et al, international Workshop on Atmospheric Icing of Structures, 3rd, Vancouver, B.C., May 6-8, 1986. Proceedings, Canadian Electrical Association, [1986], 22p., (4.11). 3 refs. Evensen, B.D.

Ice loads, Icing, Structures, Ice models, Meteorological factors, Measuring instruments, Weather stations.

40-3977

Compressive strength measurements on atmospheric

Druez, J., et al, International Workshop on Atmospheric Icing of Structures, 3rd, Vancouver, B.C., May 6-8, 1986. Proceedings, Canadian Electrical Association, [1986], 6p., (5.1). 5 refs. McComber, P., Lavoie, Y.

Icing, Wind tunnels, Ice strength, Compressive properties, Unfrozen water content, Tests, Ice mechanics, Glaze, Hoarfrost, Temperature effects, Wind velocity, Strains, Ice density.

Numerical calculation of the wind force coefficients

on two-dimensional iced structures.

McComber, P., et al., International Workshop on Atmospheric Icing of Structures, 3rd, Vancouver, B.C., May 6-8, 1986. Proceedings, Canadian Electrical Association, [1986], 9p., (5.2). 17 refs.

Icing, Structures, Ice accretion, Power line icing, Wind velocity, Mathematical models.

40-3979
Growth and disappearance of ice loads on a tall mast.
Lehtonen, P., et al, International Workshop on Atmospheric Icing of Structures, 3rd, Vancouver, B.C., May 6-8, 1986. Proceedings, Canadian Electrical Association, [1986], 5p., (5.3). 8 refs.
Ahti, K., Makkonen, L.
Ice loads, Ice growth, Structures, Ice removal, Ice melting, Wind velocity, Temperature effects.

Experimental study of aerodynamic aspects of wet snow accretion on overhead lines.

Eeles, W.T., et al, International Workshop on Atmospheric Icing of Structures, 3rd, Vancouver, B.C., May 58. 1986. Proceedings, Canadian Electrical Association, [1986], 3p., (5.4). 2 refs.

James, B.D., Castle, D.A.

Power line icing, Snow accretion, Wet snow, Hydrodynamics, Air flow, Tests.

40-3981

Interaction of ice and wind loading on guyed towers. Davenport, A.G., International Workshop on Atmospheric Icing of Structures, 3rd, Vancouver, B.C., May 6-8, 1986. Proceedings, Canadian Electrical Association, [1986], 5p., (5.5). 5 refs. Icing, Ice loads, Towers, Air flow, Wind pressure, Analysis (mathematics).

40-3982

Collection and reproduction of natural ice shapes on overhead line conductors and measurement of their aerodynamic characteristics.

Koutselos, L.T., et al, International Workshop on Atmospheric Icing of Structures, 3rd. Vancouver, B.C., May 6-8, 1986. Proceedings, Canadian Electrical As-May 6-8, 1986. Proceedings, sociation, [1986], 9p., 13 refs. Tunstall, M.J.

Power line icing, Ice accretion, Ice loads, Air flow, Ice structure, Transmission lines, Wind tunnels, Wind velocity, Tests.

Conductor twisting resistance effects on ice build-up

Conductor twisting resources and ice shedding.
Govoni, J.W., et al, MP 2108, International Workshop on Atmospheric Icing of Structures, 3rd, Vancouver, B.C., May 6-8, 1986. Proceedings, Canadian Electrician of the factor of the control of the con B.C., May 6-8, 1986. Proceedings, Canadi cal Association, [1986], 8p. + figs., (5.8).

Ackley, S.F.
Icing, Ice removal, Cables (power lines), Ice breaking, Wind velocity, Experimentation.

ing, Wind relocity, Experimentation.

Two wires of similar diameter (about 1 cm) but with different twisting resistance or torsional rigidity were tested under otherwise similar environmental icing conditions at the summit of Mt. Washington. It was found that the more rotationally rigid stiffer) wire affected both the mode of ice buildup and showed some capability of deicing itself in moderate wind conditions. The lesser ice buildup on the stiffer wire is apparently related to the suppression of dynamic twisting oscillations in the wire, oscillations which were apparent in the softer wire. The softer wire showed heavier ice buildup with the wire at the center of a cylindrical accretion. The stiff wire showed less ice buildup on the windward side with the development of an elliptical

accretion due to semi-static rotation of the wire. Deicing of the stiffer wire apparently took place by breaking of the ice after it slowly rotated into the wind by several possible mechanisms. The increased drag on the ice as it moved into the wind creates a bending moment which apparently exceeded the failure stress of the ice near where it was attached to the wire. The ice fails and drops off the wire and the cycle then repeats itself.

40.3084

Wet snow management.

Dumas, G., et al, International Workshop on Atmospheric Icing of Structures, 3rd, Vancouver, B.C., May 6-8, 1986. Proceedings, Canadian Electrical Associa-6-8, 1986. Proceeding: tion, _[1986], 5p, (6.1). Sakamoto, Y.

Sakamoto, Y.
Wet snow, Spow accumulation, Power line icing,
Snow loads, Countermeasures, Hoarfrost, Glaze, Desion.

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Yamaoka, M., et al, International Workshop on Atmo-

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6-5, 1986. Proceedings, Canadian Electrical Association, [1986], 6p., (6.2). 7 refs.

Ohtake, I., Wakahama, G.

Power line icing, Electric heating, Ice prevention, Electric fields, Countermeasures, Transmission lines. 40-3986

Prevention of wire icing by joule heating.

Personne, P., et al, International Workshop on Atmospheric Icing of Structures, 3rd, Vancouver, B.C., May 6-8, 1986. Proceedings, Canadian Electrical Association, 1986, 5p., (6.3). 9 refs.

Power line icing, Electric heating, Wind tunnels, Countermeasures, Tests, Models, Analysis (mathematics), Electrical resistivity.

40-3987

Study of AC and DC flashover performances of insula-

tors during ice accretion.
Farzaneh, M., et al, International Workshop on Atmospheric Icing of Scructures, 3rd, Vancouver, B.C., May 6-8, 1986. Proceedings, Canadian Electrical Association, [1986], 5p., (6.4). 8 refs.
Sugawar, N.

Icing, Ice accretion, Electrical insulation, Ice detection, Charge transfer, Cold chambers, Transmission lines, Experimentation, Wind velocity.

Reduction of tower head dimensions through galloping controls.

Havard, D., et al, International Workshop on Atmospheric Icing of Structures, 3rd, Vancouver, B.C., May 6-8, 1986. Proceedings, Canadian Electrical Association, [1986], 8p., (6.5). 9 refs.
Pon, C.J., Pohlman, J.C.

Power line icing, Power line supports, Transmission lines, Damage, Wind factors, Countermeasures.

Prediction of combined wind and snow loads for overhead line designs using synoptic climatological data. Ford, A.E.W., International Workshop on Atmospheric leing of Structures, 3rd, Vancouver, B.C., May 6-8, 1096

1986. Proceedings, Canadian Electrical Association, [1986], 9p., (6.6). 7 refs.

Power line icing, Snow loads, Wind pressure, Snow accumulation, Climatic factors, Forecasting, Synoptic meteorology, Design, Snowfall, Models.

utility's recent experiences with devastating ice

A utility's recent experiences with devastating ice storms and a program in response.

Tymofichuk, T.E., International Workshop on Atmospheric Icing of Structures, 3rd, Vancouver, B.C., May 6-8, 1986. Proceedings, Canadian Electrical Association, [1986], 12p., (6.8). 10 refs.

Ice accretion, Ice storms, Towers, Utilities, Icing, Power line icing, Wind velocity, Damage, Countermeasures, Canada—Manitoba.

Communication tower icing in the New England re-

Mulherin, N., et al, MP 2109, International Workshop on Atmospheric Icing of Structures, 3rd, Vancouver, B.C., May 6-8, 1986. Proceedings, Canadian Electri-cal Association, [1986], 7p., (6.9). 15 refs. Ackley, S.F.

Towers, Hoarfrost, Transmission lines, Precipitation (meteorology), Damage, Cost analysis. Rime icing and freezing precipitation are of concern to the radio and television broadcasting industry. This paper discusses the results of a study seeking to document the severity and extent of transmitter tower icing and related problems in the northeastern United States. Information was obtained via mail questionnaire and telephone interviews with eighty-five station own-

ers and engineers concerning 118 different stations. Results show that television and FM broadcasters are seriously impactshow that television and FM broadcasters are seriously impacted, yet AM operators are, in general, only slightly affected by
expected New England icing levels. Combined annual costs
for icing protection and icing related repairs averaged \$121,
\$402, and \$3066 for AM, FM, and TV stations, respectively.
None of the AM stations polled employ any icing protection
measures, whereas all the TV stations do.

Measured and expected R-values of 19 building en-

velopes. Flanders, S.N., ASHRAE transactions, 1985, 91(2B), MP 2115, p.49-57, 3 refs. Buildings, Thermal insulation, Heat transfer, Walls, Heat flux, Manuals, Roofs, Cold weather construc-

tion. This paper compares in situ measurements of R-values R(e) with R-values obtained from handbook calculations for 19 Army buildings in Colorado, Washington, and Alaska. The R-values were measured with heat flux and temperature sensors, with data averaged and recorded for several days. The handbook calculations rely on borings in the construction, depth probes, boroscope inspection, and as-built drawings. A subjective measure of certainty about the construction reflects the quality of this information. Examination of selected study cases indicated that convection is a frequent heat transfer mechanism in fibrous insulation, in both walls and attics. Thermal bridges were also evident from the measurements. Air leakage and moisture were not significant causes of (delta)R. Measurements of R-values were found to be in good agreement with handbook values, where knowledge of the construction is good and where convection and thermal bridges are not major effects.

Wastewater treatment and reuse process for cold regions.

Bouzoun, J.R., MP 2112, Cold Regions Environmental Engineering Conference, Fairbanks, AK, May 18-23, 1983. Edited by T. Tilsworth and D.W. Smith, [1983], p.547-557, 11 refs.

Waste treatment, Water treatment, Sludges, Land

reclamation, Design.

40-3994
Revegetation along pipeline rights-of-way in Alaska.
Johnson, L., MP 2113, International Symposium on Environmental Concerns in Rights-of-Way Management, 3rd, San Diego, CA, Feb. 15-18, 1982. Proceedings, State College, Mississippi State University, 1984, p.254-264, 12 refs.
Revegetation, Vegetation, Pipelines, Introduced plants Gessey United States. Alacka

Revegetation, Vegetation, Pipelines, Introduced plants, Grasses, United States—Alaska.

The Trans-Alaska Pipeline System for transporting crude oil from Prudhoe Bay to Valdez has recently been completed. The Alaskan Natural Gas Transportation System for transporting gas from Prudhoe Bay to the "Lower 48" is under construction. The rights-of-way of both these major pipelines traverse the arctic and subarctic climatic zones, where severe environmental conditions require specialized measures for revegetating disturbed terrain. On the oil pipeline right-of-way an aggressive grass seeding and fertilizing program was used for revegetation, while on the natural gas pipeline natural remvasion will be encouraged. These different approaches reflect different management goals and changing technologies as revegetation research progresses in the far north. This paper presents some of the implications of these methods for long-term restoration of disturbed terrestrial areas.

40.1005

Combined icing and wind loads on a simulated power

Govoni, J.W., et al, MP 2114, International Workshop on Atmospheric Icing of Structures, Trondheim, Norway, June 19-21, 1984. Proceedings, [1984], 7p., 3 refs

Ackley, S.F.
Power line icing, Ice loads, Ice accretion, Wind pressure, Unfrozen water content, Supercooled clouds, Wind velocity, Tests.

Wind velocity, Tests.
During the winter of 1982-83 measurements of combined icing and wind loading, along with in-cloud liquid water content and droplet size, were obtained on a simulated power line test span at the 2000-meter summit of Mt Washington, New Hampshire long loads were measured using a travaial load cell which resolves three perpendicular force components of the wire tension. Wind speeds were obtained from a varied pitot-static tube located near one end of the test wire. Wind and gravity loading of the test span was obtained for winds up to 80 m/s. The in-line loading, a combination of wind and gravity loads, ranged up to 2300 N for ice accretions of up to 19 cm in diameter. Some indications were found that rougher rime ice accretions had higher drag than glaze accretions had higher drag than glaze accretions. accretions had higher drag than glaze accretions

40-3006

Evaluation of Archimedean screw tractor for ice man-

agement. Edworthy, J., et al, Transport Canada. Transporta-tion Development Centre. Report, Aug. 1982, TP 3793, TDC project No.4582/4583, 107p., Microlog 83-2444, With French summary. 3 refs. Chabot, L., Miller, D.R. Ice breaking, Amphibious vehicles, Ice navigation,

40.3007

Little Cornwallis Island ice cutting trials.

Gill, R.J., Transport Canada. Transportation Development Centre. Report, Dec. 1982, TP 4016E, TDC project No.4803, 12p., Microlog 83-2443, With French summary.

Ice cutting, Explosives, Icebreakers, Ice navigation, Ice breaking, Ice cover thickness, Ports, Docks, Ice conditions.

40-3998

M.V. Arctic bow redesign study. Phase 1. Melville Shipping Ltd., Transport Canada. Transpor-Metville Snipping Ltd., Iransport Canada. Iranspor-tation Development Centre. Report, Jan. 1983, TP 4192E, TDC project No.4828, 40p., Microlog 84-0434, With French summary. 4 refs. Ice navigation, Ice breaking, Icebreakers, Ice strength, Ice forecasting, Design, Arctic Ocean.

Ice control for Arctic ports and harbours. Vol.1: final report. Vol.2: annotated bibliography.

Gill, R.J., et al, Transport Canada. Transportation
Development Centre. Report, Jan. 1983, TP
3967E, TDC project No.4524/4526, 2 vols. (360p.),
Microlog 83-2426, With French summary. 83 refs.

Ice control, Ice breakup, Ice removal, Ports, Bibliographies, Countermeasures, Design, Ice booms.

40-4000

Gammaert, A.B.

M.V. Arctic-propulsive performance: interim report. M.V. Arctic-propulsive performance: interim report. Dick, R.A., et al, Transport Canada. Transportation Development Centre. Report, Oct. 1983, TP 4930E, TDC project No.4827, 125p., Microlog 84-1778, With French summary. 9 refs. Thompson, E.W., Wyld, P.I., Cheung, H.C. Ice navigation, Icebreakers, Ice breaking, Ships, Data processing.

Data processing.

40-4001

Ice thickness data for selected Canadian stations: Ice thickness data for selected Canadian stations; freeze-up 1978-break-up 1979. Environment Canada, Atmospheric Environment Service, Climatology and Applications, Ice Centre, Mar. 30, 1984, 45p., Mi-crolog 84-3119, In English and French. 36 refs. Ice conditions, Ice breakup, Ice cover thickness, Freezeup, Statistical analysis, Maps, Weather sta-

40-4002

Development of a theoretical model of sediment dis-

persal by ice sheets.
Boulton, G.S., International Prospecting in Areas of Glaciated Terrain Symposium, Glasgow, Scotland, May 17-18, 1984. Prospecting in areas of glaciated terrain, 1984, London, Institute of Mining and Metallurgy, 1984, p.213-223, 9 refs.

Sediment transport, Ice mechanics, Ice sheets, Glacial deposits, Glacier oscillation, Soil erosion, Velocity, Minerals, Time factor, Models, Soil composition, Paleoclimatology.

Freeze thaw treatment of mud. [Traitement des

boues à l'aide du gel-dégel₃, Lewansdowski, R., Symposium on Wastewater Treat-ment, 8th, Montreal, Nov. 19-20, 1985. Proceedings, Ottawa, Ontario, Environmental Protection Service, (1985), p. 175-188. In French.

Waste treatment, Freeze thaw cycles, Mud, Seepage.

Chemical soil stabilization in construction. [Khimicheskoe zakreplenie gruntov v stroitel'stvej. Rzhanitsyn, B.A., Moscow, Stroitzdat, 1986, 264p., In Russian with abridged English table of contents en-closed. 7 refs.

Loess, Polymers, Soil cement, Slope stabilicy, Soil stabilization, Resins, Cements, Silicate cements, Sands, Ground water, Clay soils, Saturation.

Classical solvability of Stefan nonstationary problem with convection. (Klassicheskaia razreshinost' ne-statsionarnol zadachi Stefana s konvektsiel), Bazalil, B.V., et al, Akademiia nauk SSSR. Doklady,

1986, No.1, p.20-24, In Russian. 11 refs. Degtiarev, S.P.

Models, Glaciation, Quaternary deposits, Oceanography, Heat transter, Land Ice, Ice accretion, Isostasy, Sea ice distribution.

40-4006

Modeling Quaternary glaciations. Modelirovanie

chetvertichnykh oledenenitj, Verbitskit, M.IA., et al, Akademiia nauk SSSR. Doklady, 1986, No.1, p.82-86, In Russian. Monin, A.S., Chalikov, D.V.

Paleoclimatology, Mathematical models, Pleistocene, Oceanography, Water transport, Heat transfer,

Antarctica.

The thermohydrodynamic model of the glacier-ocean-atmosphere system was used, with some modifications, for studying the inechanism of climatic fluctuations in Pleistocene. Basic improvements consisted in modifying the oceanic block of the model to reflect real distribution of sea and land. The model World Ocean is presented as a totality of the Pacific, Indian and Atlantic Oceans bound by the Southern Oceanic Ring, while the Atlantic Ocean communicates with the Arctic in the North. Oceans are depicted as spherical rectangles and their totality provides an adequate description of the real sea and land distribution. The heat conductivity equation (in a divergent form) is integrated with respect to each of the four regions, thus a system of four nonstationary heat conductivity equations is obtained for each ocean. Each ocean exchanges heat with the Southern Oceanic Ring, the thermal regime of which is determined from the integral heat budged equation. The model described is compared to other similar simulation models.

40-4007

State of water in frozen water-salt solutions of polymers. (Sostoianie vody v zamorozhennykh vodno-sole-vykh rastvorakh polimerov₃, Mikhalev, O.I., et al, Akademiia nauk SSSR. Dok

lady, 1986, 287(2), p. 385-389, In Russian. 8 refs. Kaplan, A.M., Trofimov, V.I., Tal'roze, V.L. Polymers, Hygroscopic water, Brines, Molecular structure, Freezing.

40-4008

Determination of thicknesses of loose deposits in mountain-glacier areas and on plains. [Sposob opredeleniia moshchnosti rykhlykh prirodnykh obrazovanii v gorno-lednikovykh i ravninnykh oblas-

tiakh₁, Kulubekov, B.A., Akademiia nauk Kazakhskoi SSR. Izvestiia. Seriia geologicheskaia, 1986, No.2, p.74-78, In Russian. 6 refs.

Mountain glaciers, Glacier ice, Moraines, Glacial deposits, Ground ice, Thickness,

40.4009

Physicomathematical modeling of processes of heat

rhysicomatnematical modeling of processes of near and moisture transfer in thawed and frozen soil.

Zaretskii, IU.A., et al, Soviet meteorology and hydrology, 1985, No.7, p.66-72, Translated from Meteorologiia i gidrologiia. 17 refs.

Lavrov, S.A.

Mathematical models, Frost penetration, Soil freezing, Soil water migration, Ground thawing, Heat

Temperature dependence of the heat of crystallization of water.

Efimov, S.S., Journal of engineering physics, Oct. 1985 (Pub. Apr. 86), 49(4), p.1229-1233, Translated from Inzhenerno-fizicheskii zhurnal. 16 refs. Supercooling, Unfrozen water content, Hygroscopic water, Freezing points.

40-4011

Pressure flow of liquid which congeals on a pipe sur-

face under conditions of dissipative heat release.

Maklakov, S.V., et al, Journal of applied mechanics and technical physics, Jul.-Aug. 1985 (Pub. Jan. 86), 26(4), p.502-508, Translated from Zhurnal prikladnot mekhaniki i tekhnicheskoĭ fiziki. 16 refs Stolin, A.M., Khudiaev, S.I.

Pipelines, Phase transformations, Fluid flow, Heat balance. Heat loss, Cooling rate.

Dr. Poulter's antarctic snow cruiser.

Freitag, D.R., et al, *Polar record*, May 1986, 23(143), p.129-141, 8 refs.

Motor vehicles, Snow vehicles, History,

Motor vehicles, Snow vehicles, History.

In 1939 Dr. Thomas C. Poulter, Director of the Armour Institute. Chicago and a veteran of Byrd's second Antarctic expedition, designed and constructed a 30 ton wheeled vehicle known as the Snow Cruiser for use with the US Antarctic Service Expedition. Designed for self-contained long-distance travel, the vehicle had many new features including twin diesel engines, independent electric drive and steering on each of its four wheels, and a light aircraft carried on the roof. It was built in Chicago and tested briefly on sand dunes nearby, before being driven to Boston for shipmen to Antarctica. At the Bay of Whales the vehicle quickly became bogged down in snow, and never moved farther south than the expedition's winter quarters. Modern evaluation of wheel-snow interaction suggests that the Snow Cruiser unladen was three to five times too heavy for its tires to support it on snow surfaces. The vehicle was left behind when the expedition returned home, and has subsethat the Show Chuser unlaser was three to rive times too near for its tires to support it on snow surfaces. The vehicle was lebelind when the expedition returned home, and has subsquently been lost. (Auth.)

Inversion wind pattern over West Antarctica.

Inversion wind pattern over West Antarctica.

Parish, T.R., et al, Monthly weather review, May 1986, 114(5), p.849-860, 43 refs.

Bromwich, D.H.

Ice sheets, Wind direction, Wind velocity, Tempera-

ture inversions. Antarctics-West Antarctics.

ture inversions, Antarctics—West Antarctica.

The surface windfield over the gently sloping interior ice fields of Antarctica is characterized by a high degree of persistence in terms of both direction and speed. The forcing of the surface wind is due primarily to the radiational cooling of the air adjacent to the sloping terrain. The representativeness of a simple diagnostic equation system in inferring the surface winds from a knowledge of terrain slope and temperature inversion structure is examined. Results suggest at least qualitatively secure authors desirates externs over the Antarctic continents. ture is examined. Results suggest at least qualitatively accurate surface drainage patterns over the Antarctic continent are possible using this technique. A wintertime surface wind simulation for West Antarctics has been generated based on an accurate ice topography map. Close agreement is seen between the simulated surface windfield with field observations and sastrugi orientations. Implications of the simulation are discussed. (Auth.)

40-4014

Vertical winter circulation and ice accretion. Zimniaia vertikal'naia tsirkuliatsija i narastanje i'da],

Zalogin, B.S., Zhizn' Zemli, 1981, No.16, p.61-65, In Russian. 8 refs.

Ice formation, Sea ice distribution, Ice accretion, Ice cover thickness, Ice air interface, Meteorological factors, Ice water interface, Atmospheric circulation, Heat transfer.

40-4015

Some problems in the revegetation of gully slopes. [Nekotorye voprosy zarastaniia ovrazhnykh sklo-

Shishkina, L.P., Zhizn' Zemli, 1981, No.16, p.77-80, In Russian. 6 refs.

Gullies, Revegetation, Slope processes, Soil erosion, Thermokarst, Solifluction, Permafrost distribution. 40-4016

Soil formation in the central taigs of the Russian Plain, Pochvoobrazovanie v srednej tajge Russkoj

ravniny_j, Nikitin, E.D., *Zhizn' Zemli*, 1981, No.16, p.80-85, In

Taiga, Podsol, Soil formation, Cryogenic soils, Forest soils, Paludification.

40-4017

Studies of soils in the western section of the BAM. ¡K izucheniiu pochv zapadnogo otrezka BAMa₁, Liverovskaia, I.T., *Zhizn' Zemli*, 1981, No.16, p.86-92, 8 refs. In Russian.

Cryogenic soils, Clay soils, Thixotropy, Peat, Soil erosion, Baykal Amur railroad, Embankments, Revegetation, Plant ecology, Permafrost beneath structures.

40-4018

Geological activities of surging glaciers from observations of the Medvezhiy Glacier in the Pamirs. (O geologicheskoi deiatel'nosti pul'siruiushchego lednika po nabliudeniiam na lednike Medvezh'em (Pamir), Dolgushin, L.D., Zhizn' Zemli, 1983, No.18, p.59-63,

In Russian.
Mudflows, Glacier surges, Glacial lakes, Glacier oscillation, Glacial erosion, Glacial deposits, Moraines, Lake bursts, Slope processes, Mountain glaciers. 40-4019

Insufficiently studied aspects of soil formation in taiga plains. (O nedostatochno izuchennykh aspektakh taezhnogo ravninnogo pochvoobrazovaniia), Nikitin, E.D., Zhizn' Zemli, 1983, No.18, p.94-99, In 10 refs. Russian.

Plains, Soil profiles, Soil formation, Taiga, Podsol, Clay soils, Forest soils, Paludification, Landscape types

40-4020

Revegetation of gully slopes in tundra. [Zarastanie ovrazhnykh sklonov v tundrej, Shishkina, L.P., Zhizn' Zemli, 1983, No.18, p.100-103,

In Russian. 3 refs.
Tundra, Soil erosion, Gullies, Revegetation, USSR-Taz Peninsula.

40-4021

Numbers and viability of bacte in ornithogenic soils of Antarctica.

Ramsay, A.J., et al, *Polar biology*, 1986, 5(4), p.195-198, 18 refs.

Stannard, R.E.
Bacteria, Soil microbiology, Organic soils, Antarctica

-Ross Island.

Bacteria in ornithogenic soils from Ross I, were counted by direct observation, and the percentages of viable organisms were assessed by incubation with H-3-glucose and by enumerating numbers of colony-forming units. The effects of incubation

times and temperatures, and of storage of the samples, on the times and temperatures, and of storage of the samples, on the uptake of H-3-glucose were determined. Direct counts showed that large total numbers of bacteria were present in samples from occupied penguin colonies and recently abandoned sites. The percentages of bacteria metabolizing H-3-glucose increased when incubation was extended from 2h to 8h at field (average 4-5 C) or laboratory (average 18.5 C) temperatures to a maximum of 22%; storage of the samples for 31 days had no significant effect. The numbers of colony-forming units were less than 0.058% of the direct counts. (Auth. mod.)

40-4022

Growth rates and salinity response of an antarctic ice microflora community. Vargo, G.A., et al, *Polar biology*, 1986, 5(4), p.241-

Vargo, G.A., et al, *Polar biology*, 1986, 5(4), p.241-247, Refs. p.246-247. Fanning, K., Heil, C., Bell, L. Algae, Microbiology, Sea ice, Ice cover effect, Antarctica—Amery Ice Shelf.

Amery Ice Shelf.

An ice microflora community collected from the bottom of seasonal pack-ice off the Amery Ice Shelf was grown at salinities which varied from 11.5% to 34%. The response exhibited by the community and by individual species was characterized by an initial lag phase-adaptation period followed by a short period of exponential growth. Doubling rates based on changes in chlorophyll a had a range from 0.05 to 0.23/day during the time required to reach maximum chlorophyll a concentration and a range of 0.04 to 0.42/day during a period of exponential growth. Exponential growth rates of individual species ranged from 0.5 to 1.0 doublings/day. Growth occurred at all salinities above 11.5%. Community growth rates increased with increasing shifted toward higher salinities suggesting that this antaretic ice microalgal community was adapted to the ambient salinity regime: 34%. (Auth.)

40-4023

Hydrology of land areas. Reports presented at a conference of young scientists and specialists, [Vo-

prosy gidrologii sushi. Doklady konferentsii molodykh uchenykh i spetsialistov₁,
Popov, I.V., ed, Leningrad, Gidrometeoizdat, 1985,
219p., In Russian. For selected papers see 40-4024
through 40-4030. Refs. passim.

Kondrat'ev, S.A., ed. Peat, Ice breakup, River basins, Permafrost distribution, Swamps, Ice jams, Permatrost hydrology, Ther-mokarst, Snow water equivalent, Runoff, Soil water, Water table, Paludification, Snow retention, Icebound rivers.

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Heat and water balance of naleds during winter, Teplovoľ i vodnyť balans naledeľ zimoľ,

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Pack ice, Cryobiology, Microbiology, Algae, Sedimentation, Antarctica—Showa Station.

mentation, Antarctica—Showa Station.

The development of ice algae and phytoplankton, and their sedimentation processes were studied in the antarctic ice-covered sea near Showa Station in the aust, all spring and summer 1982-83. The chlorophyll a concentration of ice algae markedly increased from Sep. to Dec., reaching the maximum of > 300 mg/cu m in the ice algal bloom, and decreased abruptly in Jan. Phytoplankton chlorophyll a levels iv the water column under the ice were low until Dec. but increased in Jan. (> 2 mg/cu m). Changes in sedimentation rates of sinking particles showed that large ice algae aggregates which were the major component during the ice algal a goom detached from the undersurface of the ice and sank down to the sea floor. Sedimentation fluxes the ice and sank down to the sea floor. Sedimentation fluxes The microalgae have a decreased during the ice algal bloom. high probability of reaching the bottom during the summer growing season and become an important food for benthic organisms. (Auth. mod.)

40-4219

Nannoplankton flora in the southern ocean, with spe-

cial reference to siliceous varieties.
Nishida, S., Tokyo. National Institute of Polar Research. Memoirs. Feb. 1986, Special issue No.40, search. Memoirs, Feb. 1986, p.56-68, 11 refs. Pack ice, Microbiology, Algae.

Pack ice, Microbiology, Algae.

In the southern ocean four nannoplankton assemblages were defined: subtropical, subantarctic, antarctic and circum-artarctic pack ice assemblages. The former three assemblages are composed mainly of calcareous nannoplankton, dominated by varieties of Coccolithophyceae. The last assemblage is dominated by a great number of siliceous microorganisms. The present siliceous microorganisms are yet unnamed and their taxmomical position is not well known. But their restricted distribution and large number of individuals in the off pack ice zone must be evaluated in polar sea ecosystems (Auth. mod.)

40-4220

Morphology and distribution of heterotrophic protists along 75E in the southern ocean.

- (

Hara, S., et al, Tokyo. National Institute of Polar Research. Memoirs, Feb. 1986, Special issue No 40, 69-80, 22 refs.

Pack ice, Microbiology, Algae.

Naked amocbae and chosnoflagellates were the dominant heterotrophic protists in the Indian Ocean area investigated. The total cell volume of heterotrophic protists was larger at 50 m than at 0 M. The ratio of the cell volume of heterotrophic protists to the total cell volume (heterotrophic and autotrophic protists) was found to be in reverse correlation to the total cell volume in the 0 in layer. Species of choanoflagellates invested in sikecous loricae (Azanthoccidae) were distributed only in the 0 m tayer. Choanoflagellates invested in organic sheaths (Salpingioccidae), naked choanoflagellates (Codonosigidae) and amoebae were distributed in both 0 and 50 m layers. The importance of choanoflagellates and amoobae in the detritus food chain in the pelagic antarctic ecosystem is discussed. (Auth.

Siliceous cysts from Kits-no-seto Strait, north of

Success cysts from Kir-no-eeto Strait, north of Syewa Station, Antarctica.
Takahashi, E., et al, Tokyo. National Institute of Polar Research. Memoirs, Feb. 1986, Special issue No.40, p.84-91, Refs. p.90-91.
Watanabe, K., Satoh, H.

Plankton, Micrebiology, Algae, Sea ice, Pack ice.

Plankton, Microbiology, Algae, Sen ice, Pack ice.
Silicous cysts of 29 different morphological shapes were observed in the sea ice and sea water at the Kita-no-seto Strait, north of Showa Station. Twenty species were newly discovered in the antarctic waters. Cysts collected were in the size range of 3 to 10 micron. They are tentatively classified into four groups based on their morphological characteristics. Sphaerica, Ovidea, Hemisphaerica, and Tri/quadrihedra. Twelve cysts representative of each group and a cyst of Paraphysonoau imperforate n.sp. are described. Cysts appeared from Mar. to May, and in Dec. and the species diversity was highest in Dec., with 18 species. Among 29 species, 20 appeared in the sea ice, 8 in both sea ice and sea water, and 1 in sea water only. Their main habitat were the brine pockets and channels of the sea ice. (Auth.)

40-4222

Changes in the condition of the surface water and distribution of Euphansia superba Dana between 65E and 75E in the antarctic ocean during the pack ice melting se

Nagauopu, M., et al, Tokyo. National Institute of Polar Research. Memoirs, Feb. 1986, Special issue No.40, p.187-190, Extended abstract. 3 refs. Komaki, Y.

Pack ice, Ice edge.

FIGURE 109, 100 seage.

Surface water temperatures were negative ouring Dec., and rose over 0.5 C during Jan.-Feb, when the pack ice receded southwards. The eastward flow is dominant in the area north of 6.5 S, and to the south the flow has a gentle meander. The catch of E. superba showed large quantities near the pack ice edge in Dec., and some abundance near 6.3 S and south of 7.6 S in Jan.-Feb. Apart from E. superba, other varieties of Euphausiacea, such as Thysanoceas macrura, E. trivcantha, and E. crystallorophias were also found.

40-4223

Recent New Zealand marine research in the Ross Sea

Sector of Antarctica.

Knox, G.A., Tokyo. National Institute of Polar Research. Memoirs, Feb. 1986, Special issue No.40, p.345-363, Refs. p.362-363.

Sea ice, Ice cover effect, Algae, Plankton, Antarctica -McMurdo Sound, Antarctica-McMurdo Ice

Shelf.

In the summer of 1970-71 a marine biological program was initiated at Cape Bird, including a preliminary general benthic survey, a quantitative sampling of the bottom in depths between 25 and 200 m, and an oceanographic and sampling program to a depth of 200 m. The quantitative sampling formed part of a study of marine benthic diversity along a latitudinal gradient from Stewart 1. to Cape Bird. The results of this study are riefly discussed. Other studies carried out at Cape Bird are listed. In the summer of 1976-77, the focus of the marine work shifted to White Island. The objectives of this study were to monitor water column processes and to investigate summer plankton beneath the shelf, to determine the fish population beneath the shelf and to investigate its food supply, to sample the benthic community and to study the tide-crack production cycle. Results of these studies carried out over two seasons are briefly discussed, as are investigated out over two seasons are briefly discussed, as are investigations carried out in the summer of 1979-80 through the sea-ice at the edge of the McMurdo Ice Shelf. Physical, chemical and biological parameters were measured weekly at six depths to 500 m. Based on the above investigations and work carried out by other investigators a scheme of the circulation patterns beneath the McMurdo Ice Shelf is advanced. (Auth. mod.)

40-4224

Ergonomic and research applications in the develop-ment of an Arctic shiphandling simulator. Summary

Donderi, D.C., et al, Transport Canada. tion Development Centre. Report, Feb. 1985, TP 5622E, TDC 4935-4936, 17p., With French summary. Ostry, D.J.

Ice navigation, Remote sensing, Ships, Bridges, Ports, Safety, Design, Equipment.

40-4225

USACRREL's snow, ice, and frozen ground research

at the Sleepers River Research Watershed.
Pangburn, T., et al, MP 2071, Eastern Snow Conference, Washington, D.C., June 7-8, 1984. Proceedings, 1984, p.229-240, 25 refs.

Snow hydrology, Ice surveys, Frozen ground physics, Snow water equivalent, Runoff forecasting, Water-sheds, Models, Temperature effects. The Sleepers River Research Watershed in Danville, Vermont,

The steepers kiver Research watershed in Danville, vermont, has one of the longest historical data bases for a cold regions area. NOAA/NWS have been conducting research in snow hydrology at the watershed for the past 24 years; CRREL has been involved for the past 6 years. CRREL's major research involves: 1) developing and testing a sensor that will measure

the water equivalent of snow in near real time, and 2) modifying existing hydrologic models to accept remotely obtained data on snow, ice, and frozen ground.

Time-lapse thermography: a unique electronic imaging application.

Marshall, S.J., et al, MP 2103, International Electronic

Imaging Exposition and Conference, Boston, MA, Sep. 11-13, 1984, [1984], p.84-88, 21 refs. Munis, R.H.

Surface temperature, Infrared photography, Elec-

A new technique has been recently introduced that combines time-lapse video techniques with those of thermal imaging. As a result, dynamic thermal events can be recorded in fast or slow motion and played back at expanded or compressed rates compatible with digital enhancement and analysis techniques. The pautite with digital enhancement and analysis techniques. The enhancement techniques are used to improve the capability for pattern recognition as well as for the rapid extraction of max-imum, minimum and average surface temperatures. The equipment necessary to assemble and operate a typical time-lapse thermal imaging system is described along with some examples of practical and research applications. The capabili-ties, limitations, and future possibilities are also discussed.

Cryo-hydrogeological investigations. [Kriogidrogeologicheskie issledovaniia], Anisimova, N.P., ed, Yakutsk, 1985, 172p., In Russian. For individual papers see 40-4228 through 40-4243. Refs. passim.

823. Reis. passim.
Swamps, Mapping, Land reclamation, Permafrost hydrology, Permafrost distribution, Mining, Permafrost origin, Spaceborne photography, Permafrost transformation, Drainage, River basins, Artesian water, Drill core analysis, Talika, Valleys.

40-4228

Formation and distribution of suprapermafrost ground water in the Yakut ASSR. (O formirovanii i rasprostranenii nadmerzlotnykh vod na territorii

rasprostranenii nadmerziotnykh vod na territorii IAkutskof ASSR₁, Shepelev, V.V., Kriogidrogeologicheskie isaledovaniia (Cryo-hydrogeological investigations) edited by N.P. Anisimova, Yakutsk, 1985, p.3-15, In Russian. 9 refs. Permafrost hydrology, Suprapermafrost ground water, Permafrost beneath structures, Hydraulic structures, Water chemistry, Classifications.

Naled component of ground water runoff in the Arctic, Polar and Subpolar Urals. [Nalednaia sostavlisi-

ushchaia podzemnogo stoka na Zapoliarnom, Pousrnom i Pripoliarnom Urale,,
Oberman, N.G., Kriogidrogeologicheskie issledovaniia (Cryo-hydrogeological investigations) edited by N.P. Anisimova, Yakutsk, 1985, p.15-24, In Russian. 14 refs.

kussian. 14 rets. Alpine landscapes, Naleds, Permafrost hydrology, Spaceborne photography, Remote sensing, Perma-frost hydrology, Mapping.

40-4230

Unfrozen brines in coastal areas of the Kara and Pe-

chora seas. ¡Kriogalinnye vody (kriopegi) na poberezh'iakh Karskogo i Pechorskogo moret, Orlianskii, V.V., Kriogidrogeologicheskie issledovaniia (Crychydrogeological investigations) edited by N.P. Anisimova, Yakutak, 1985, p.24-34, In 10 refs.

Shores, Sea water freezing, Frozen ground chemistry, Unfrozen water content, Brines, Polar regions, Chemical composition.

40-4231

ormation of ground water in Quaternary deposit. the Lena-Vilyuy artesian basin. [Osobennosti for-mirovaniia podzemnykh vod chetvertichnykh otloz-henii Leno-Viliuiskogo artezianskogo basseina], Piguzova, V.M., et al, Kriogidrogeologicheskie issledovaniia (Cryo-hydrogeological investigations) edited by N.P. Anisimova, Yakutsk, 1985, p.34-43, In 10 refs. Lomoviseva N.S.

River basins, Artesian water, Permafrost origin, Quaternary deposits, Permafrost hydrology, Taliks, Suprapermafrost ground water.

Formation and regime of Central Yakutia taliks on slopes. (Usloviia formirovaniia i rezhim sklonovykh

talikov v Tsentral'not IAkutii;, Bottsov, A.V., Kriogidrogeologicheskie issledovaniia (Cryo-hydrogeological investigations) edited by N.P. Anisimova, Yakutsk, 1985, p.44-55, In Russian. 9

Permafrost hydrology, Taliks, Origin.

40-4233
Conditions for the replenishment of sublacustrine taliks near water intakes. 10b usloviiakh vospolneniia podozernogo talika v zone detstvuiushchego vodozabora,
Fedorov, A.M., et al, Kriogidrogeologicheskie issledovaniia (Cryo-hydrogeological investigations) editad bu N.D. Antianus Valvitak 1085, p. 55.61 In

ited by N.P. Anisimova, Yakutsk, 1985, p.55-61, In Russian. 4 refs. avrent'ev, A.A.

Lakes, Permafrost beneath lakes, Taliks, Water intakes. Water reserves.

Sounding sub-lacustrine taliks according to the tech-South and the second states according to the technique of transient processes. (Zondirovanie podozernykh talikov metodom perekhodnykh protsessov), Nim, IU.A., et al, Kriogidrogeologicheskie issledovaniia (Cryo-hydrogeological investigations) edited by N.P. Anisimova, Yakutak, 1985, p.61-71, In

Russian. 9 refs.
Fedorov, A.M., Popov, A.r.
Lakes, Permafrost beneath lakes, Taliks, Sounding, Remote sensing.

40-4235

Frost mounds in the Imachi River valley. Bugry

pucheniia doliny r. Imachi, Samusenko, A.V., Kriogidrogeologicheskie is-sledovaniia (Cryo-hydrogeological investigations) ed-ited by N.P. Anisimova, Yakutsk, 1985, p.71-78, In 4 refs.

Russian. Persis. River bacins, Permafrost hydrology, Permafrost dis-tribution, Hydrothermal processes, Frost mounds, Naleds, Valleys, Underground cables.

40-4236

40-4236
Cryogenic and hydrogeological peculiarities of the Omolog degreesion. (Merzlotno-gidrogeologicheskie osobennosti Omologiskol vpadiny), Kunitskil, V.V., et al, Kriogidrogeologicheskie issledovaniia (Cryo-hydrogeological investigations) edited by N.P. Anisimova, Yakutak, 1985, p.78-94, In Russian. 15 refs.
Makarov, V.N.
River besigs. Lakes. Permafrost distribution. Taliks.

River basins, Lakes, Permafrost distribution, Taliks, Permafrost structure, Discontinuous permafrost.

40-4237

40-4237
Chemical composition of ground ice layers and their relation to ground water. ¡Khimicheskii sostav plastovykh l'dov i ikh sviaz' s podzemnymi vodamij, Kritsuk, L.N., et al, Kriogidrogeologicheskie issledovaniia (Cryo-hydrogeological investigations) edited by N.P. Anisimova, Yakutsk, 1985, p.94-108, In Russian. 11 refs. Anisimova, N.P.

Ground ice, Permafrost structure, Ice structure, Suprapermafrost ground water, Permafrost hydrology, Water chemistry, Chemical composition.

Salt regime of sands in the seration zone in Central Yakutis. [Solevol rezhim peskov zony seratsii v Tsentral'noi IAkutii, Zhigalova, O.P.,

Zhigalova, O.P., Kriogidrogeologicheskie is-sledovaniia (Cryo-hydrogeological investigations) ed-ited by N.P. Anisimova, Yakutsk, 1985, p.109-116, In

Russian. 6 refs. Plains, Permatrost depth, Sands, Aeration, Perma-frost hydrology, Porosity, Salinity, Chemical compo-

40-4239

40-4239

Hydrochemical characteristics of surface waters and ground tee in Central Yamal. (Gidrochimicheskaia kharakteristika poverkhnostnykh vod i podzemnykh l'dov Srednego IAmala), Kritsuk, L.N., et al, Kriogidrogeologicheskie issledovaniia (Cryo-hydrogeological investigations) edited by N.P. Anisimova, Yakutsk, 1985, p.117-126, In

Russian. 6 refs. Chervova E.I.

Permafrost hydrology, Permafrost structure, Natural gas, Water chemistry, Ground ice, Surface waters, Ice composition.

Cryo-hydrogeological processes related to human fac-Cryo-nydrogeo.ogical processes related to numan rac-tors in the Korshunovskiy iron-ore deposit area. [Kriogidrogeologicheskie protaessy sviazannye s tekhnogenezom (na primere Korshunovskogo zhelezorudnogo mestorozhdeniis)],

Dem'ianovich, N.I., et al, Kriogidrogeologicheskie issledov iniia (Cryo-hydrog cological investigations) edited by N.P. Anisimova, Yakutsk, 1985, p.126-135, In

Pisarskil, B.I.

Mining, Thermokarst, Permafrost depth, Permafrost hydrology, Permafrost transformation, Human fac-tors, Hydrothermal processes.

Hydrogeological studies in southern Yakutia for land reclamation by drainage. [Gidrogeologicheskie is-sledovaniia dlia obosnovaniia osushitel'nykh meliorat-

sii v IUzhnoi IAkutii, Vdovin, IU.I., Kriogidrogeologicheskie issledovaniia (Cryo-hydrogeological investigations) edited by N.P. Anisimova, Yakutsk, 1985, p.135-148, In Russian. refs.

Swamps, Land reclamation, Drainage, Permafrost depth, Peat, Permafrost hydrology, Organic soils, Subpermafrost ground water, Suprapermafrost ground water, Permafrost structure, Permeability, Artificial thawing.

40-4242

Thermal sagging and surface deformations during land reclamation in the Amga River valley. [Termo-prosadki i deformatsii poverkhnosti polia pri meliorat-

sii v doline r. Amgij,
Gavril'ev, P.P., Kriogidrogeologicheskie issledovaniia
(Cryo-hydrogeological investigations) edited by N.P.
Anisimova, Yakutsk, 1985, p.148-161, In Russian. 3

Thermokarst, Land reclamation, Environmental impact, Swamps, Ice veins, Hydrothermal processes, Ice melting.

40-4243

Method of determining the origin of permafrost taking the Muostakh Island as an example. [K metodike opredeleniia genezisa mnogoletnemerzlykh porod na primere o. Muostakh₁, Romanov, V.P., et al, Kriogidrogeologicheskie is-

sledovaniia (Cryo-hydrogeological investigations) edited by N.P. Anisimova, Yakutsk, 1985, p.161-166, In Russian. 8 refs.

Shores, Permafrost origin, Permafrost hydrology, Drill core analysis, Ground water, Chemical composition, Minerals, Migration, Brines, Laptev Sea. 40-4244

Recommendations for the design of overhead power lines for agricultural areas of the Yakut ASSR. (Rekomendatsii po proektirovaniiu vozdushnykh linit elektroperedachi dlia sel'skokhozialstvennykh ratonov IAkutskoi ASSR₃, Dordin, IU.R., ed, Yakutsk, 1983, 100p., In Russian.

20 refs.

Power lines, Electrical grounding, Permafrost beneath structures, Frost heave, Geological surveys, Engineering geology, Power line supports, Design, Environmental protection, Building codes.

Index of papers presented at POAC 71, 73, 75, 77, 79, 81, 83, 85.

Bruun, E., et al, Hörsholm, Danish Hydraulic Institute, 1985, 11 sections.

Bruun, P., International Conference on Port and

Ocean Engineering under Arctic Conditions, 8th, Narssarssuaq, Greenland, Sep. 7-14, 1985. Ice physics, Bibliographies, Ice navigation, Ice loads, Offshore structures, Ice scoring, Ice mechanics, Meetings, Ocean environments.

40-4246

St. Lawrence River freeze-up forecast. Foltyn, E.P., et al, Journal of waterway, port, coastal and ocean engineering, July 1986, 112(4), MP 2120, Shen, H.T.

Icebound rivers, Ice forecasting, River ice, Freezeup, Ice formation, Long range forecasting, Analysis (mathematics), Air temperature, Water temperature, Saint Lawrence River.

In this study a method for making long-range forecasts of freeze-up dates in rivers is developed. The method requires the initial water temperature at an upstream station, the long-range air temperature forecast, the predicted mean flow velocity e river reach, and water temperature response parameters The water temperature response parameters can be either es-timated from the surface heat exchange coefficient and the aver-age flow depth or determined empirically from recorded air and

water temperature data. The method is applied to the St. Law-rence River between Kingston, Ontario, and Massena, New York, and is shown to be capable of forecasting the freeze-up

Bridge resting on an ice body at high altitude. Vombatkere, S.G., Journal of construction engineering and management, June 1986, 112(2), p.287-296, 1 ref. Bridges, Ice (construction material), Cold weather construction, Mountains, Altitude, Roads, India-

40-4248

Hydrological isotope studies in the Schirmacher region, East Antarctica. (Isotopenhydrologische Untersuchungen im Gebiet der Schirmacheroase (Ostan-

tarktika), Kowski, P., et al, *Isotopenpraxis*, 1986, 22(4), p.140-144, In German with English summary. 10 refs. Richter, W.

Deuterium oxide ice, Glacial hydrology, Isotope analysis, Antarctica-Schirmacher Hills.

ysis, Antarctics—Schirmacher Hills.

This paper gives the first complete view of the isotope hydrology in the Schirmacher Hills region by means of studies of delta D and deltaO-18 variations. The precipitation is assumed to be condensed in a distance of about 100 km in a southeasterly direction at an ice sheet elevation between 1,000 m and 1,500 m a.s.l. The deltaD value studies of the shelf and inland ice have shown that both the basal zone of the inland ice and the ces shelf represent relicts of an assumed thicker Late Pleistocene ice cap in Dronning Maud Land. The main part of the glacier ice is composed of recent local precipitation. The isotope hydrological studies are also a contribution toward describing some characteristics of the high polar fresh-water lakes, ponds and pools under different limnological conditions. (Auth.)

Design of scientific compounds for Siberia. Scientific research centers, institutes, laboratories. [Procktirovanie nauchnykh kompleksov Sibiri. Nauchno-is-

sledovateľskie tsentry, instituty, laboratorii, Saveľev, B.A., ed, Moscow, Nauka, 1982, 144p., In Russian. For selected papers see 40-4250 and 40-Russian. For select 4251. Refs. passim.

Urban planning, Buildings, Permafrost beneath structures. Design.

Specific features of the design of scientific research compounds for the Far North. (Osobennosti prock-tirovaniia nauchno-issledovatel'skikh kompleksov dlia

ralonov Kralnego Severaj, Aksenov, V., et al, Proektirovanie nauchnykh kom-pleksov Sibiri. Nauchno-issledovateľ skie tsentry, in-stituty, laboratorii (Design of scientific compounds for Siberia. Scientific research centers, institutes, laboratories) edited by B.A. Savel'ev, Moscow, Nauka, 1982, p.69-74, In Russian. 5 refs. Molchanov, V.

Urban planning, Buildings, Permafrost beneath structures, Design.

Experience in designing, installation, adjustment and operation of heating and ventilation systems in the thermostatically controlled building of the Institute of Semiconductor Physics in the Novosibirsk Scientific Center. (Opyt proektirovanija, montazha, nalad-

ki i ekspluatatsii sistem otopleniia i ventiliatsii termostatirovannogo korpusa Instituta Fiziki Poluprovodnikov v Novosibirskom nauchnom tsentrej,

Korzhavin, S., Proektirovanie nauchnykh kompleksov Nauchno-issledovatel'skie tsentry, instituty, laboratorii (Design of scientific compounds for Siberia Scientific research centers, institutes, laboratories) edited by B.A. Savel'ev, Moscow, Nauka, 1982, p.89-93, In Russian.

Buildings, Permafrost beneath structures, Design, Urban planning.

Sub-temperate basal sliding.

A.C., Journal of glaciology, 1986, 32(110), p.3-5, 10 refs. With French and German summaries. Glacier flow, Basal sliding, Glacier friction, Temperature effects, Ice sheets, Mathematical models.

Icing on a non-rotating cylinder under conditions of high liquid water content in the air: I. Form and size

Launiainen, J., et al, Journal of glaciology, 1986, 32(110), p.6-11, 14 refs., With French and German summaries.

Lyyra, M.

Icing, Ice accretion, Ice cover thickness, Wind tunnels, Humidity, Temperature effects, Wind velocity,

40-4254

Icing on a non-rotating cylinder under conditions of high liquid water content in the air: II. Heat transfer and rate of ice growth.

Launiainen, J., et al, Journal of glaciology, 1986, 32(110), p.12-19, 18 refs., With French and German

Lyyra, M. Icing, Ice growth, Heat transfer, Wind tunnels, Analysis (mathematics), Humidity, Air temperature, Convection, Surface roughness, Cylinders. 40-4255

Subglacial hydrology for an ice sheet resting on a

deformable aquifer.
Shoemaker, E.M., Journal of glaciology, 1986, 32(110), p.20-30, 39 refs., With French and German summaries.

Subglacial drainage, Glacial hydrology, Surface roughness, Ice sheets, Channels (waterways), Melt-water, Slope orientation, Friction, Analysis (math-

Drainage-basin characteristics of Nordaustlandet ice

Caps, Svalbard.

Dowdeswell, J.A., Journal of glaciology, 1986, 32(110), p.31-38, 29 refs., With French and German

Glacial hydrology, Ice surface, Glacier surges, Sub-glacial drainage, Radio echo soundings, Ice melting, Stresses, Remote sensing, Norway—Svalbard.

Interpretation of radio echoes from Storglaciaren,

northern Sweden.

Walford, M.E.R., et al, Journal of glaciology, 1986, 32(110), p.39-49, 19 refs.. With French and German

Kennett, M.I., Holmlund, P.

Glacial hydrology, Glacier beds, Radio echo soundings, Surface roughness, Sweden-Storglaciaren.

40-4258

Assessment of mass-balance variations within a sparse stake network, Qamanarssup sermia, West Greenland.

Braithwaite, R.J., Journal of glaciology, 1986, 32(110), p.50-53, 7 refs., With French and German summaries.

Glacier mass balance, Glacial hydrology, Markers, Accuracy, Greenland—Qamanarssup.

On the sea-ice regime of the Ross Sea, Antarctica. Sturman, A.P., et al, *Journal of glaciology*, 1986, 32(110), p.54-59, 25 refs., With French and German summaries.

Anderson, M.R.

Sea ice distribution. Ice conditions. Antarctica—Ross

A study is made of the sea-ice regime of the Ross Sea using ESMR passive microwave data and supporting information. Inferences are made of the processes responsible for observed Inferences are made of the processes responsions for observed, spatial and temporal sea-ice variations. Air flow appears to have a dominant influence on sea-ice distribution and movement, with oceanic circulation playing a more minor role. This is particularly so with coastal polynya development, where katabatic winds are important. It has been possible to identify broad areas of ice convergence and divergence by assimilating the rather limited oceanic and atmospheric information with observed sea-ice variations In spite of some basic physical similarities of the Wedd.

In spite of some basic physical d Ross Seas, it is apparent that the major differences in their sea-ice regimes are due to the differing roles of oceanic and atmospheric circulation in each area Antarctic Peninsula plays a key role in these differences. Suggestions for further research are also considered (Auth.)

Glacial erosion of a High Arctic valley.

England, J., Journal of glaciology, 1986, 32(110), p.60-64, 31 refs. With French and German summaries. Glacial erosion, Meltwater, Glacier flow, Glacier beds, Valleys, Streams.

Formation of fjord thresholds.

Shoemaker, E.M., Journal of glaciology, 1986, 32(110), p.65-71, 18 refs., With French and German summaries.

Glacial erosion, Glacier flow, Basal sliding, Velocity, Topographic features, Glacial deposits, Analysis

Effects of basal melting on the present flow of the Ress Ice Shelf, Antarctica.

MacAyeal, D.R., et al, Journal of glaciology, 1986, 32(110), p.72-86, 53 refs., With French and German

Thomas, R.H.
Ice shelves, Basal sliding, Glacier flow, Ice models,
Heat transfer, Glacier shintion, Ice melting, Anturctica—Ross Ice Shelf.

A hybrid finite-element/finite-difference model of ice-shelf flow and heat transfer was used to investigate the effects of basal melting on the present observed flow of the Ross Ice Shelf. melting on the present observed flow of the Ross Ice Shelf. Two hypothetical basal melting scenarios are compared: zero melting everywhere and melting sufficient to balance any large-scale patterns of ice-shelf thickening that would otherwise occur. As a result of the temperature-dependent flow law, simulated ice-shelf velocities for the second scenario are reduced by up to 20% below those of the first. Results support the hypothesis that melting patterns presently maintain ice thickness in steady state and conform to patterns of oceanic circulation presently thought to ventilate the sub-ice cavity. Differences hetween the simulated and observed velocities are toen the simulated and observed velocities are too ences between the simulated and observed velocities are too large in the extreme south-eastern quarter of the ice shelf to permit verification of either basal melting scenario. These differences highlight the need to improve model boundary conditions at points where ice streams feed the ice shelf and where the ice shelf meets stagnant grounded ice. (Auth.)

Detection of the depth-hour layer in the snow-pack of the Arctic Coastal Plain of Alaska, U.S.A., using setellite data.

Hall, D.K., et al, Journal of glaciology, 1986, 32(110), p.87-94, 21 refs., With French and German summaries

Chang, A.T.C., Foster, J.L.

Ice detection, Depth hoar, Snow cover, Remote sensing, Metamorphism (snow), Snow ice interface, Vapor transfer, Ice cover thickness, Temperature gradients, Microwaves.

40-4264

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40-4265

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Blanca, Pera.

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Electrical resistivity, Glacial rivers, Glacial hydrology, Meltwater, Water temperature, Water chemistry, Carbon dioxide.

40-4269

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Snow cover distribution, Air temperature, Atmospheric circulation, Sea ice distribution, Precipitation (meteorology), Rain, Seasonal variations, China.

40-4273

40-4273
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Robinson, D.A., Glaciological data report, Mar.
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Warren, S.G., et al, Glaciological data report, Mar. 1986, GD-18, Snow watch '85. Edited by G. Kukla, A. Hecht, R.G. Barry and D. Wiesnet, p.73-77, 10 refs. Clarke, A.D.

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40-4275

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tors, Seasonal variations, Mountains, Meteorological

40-4277

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40-4279

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Baldwin, T., Glaciological data report, Mar. 1986, GD-18, Snow watch '85. Edited by G. Kukla, A. Hecht, R.G. Barry and D. Wiesnet, p. 109-113. Snow cover distribution, Ice cover, Remote sensing, Meteorological charts, Radiometry.

40-4280

NOAA satellite-derived snow cover data base: past, ent and fature.

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Matson, M., Glaciological data report, Mar. 1986,
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Hecht, R.G. Barry and D. Wiesnet, p.115-124, 8 refs.
Snow cover distribution, Remote sensing, Ice cover, See ice distribution. Mans.

40-4281

40-421 Snow cover data: status and future prospects.
Barry, R.G., Glaciological data report, Mar. 1986, GD-18, Snow watch '85. Edited by G. Kukla, A. Hecht, R.G. Barry and D. Wiesnet, p.127-139, 23 refs. Snow cover distribution, Remote sensing, Radiometry, Microwaves, Monitors, Computer applications,

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Comparison of Northern Hemisphere snow cover data sets.

Robock, A., et al, Glaciological data report, Mar. 1986, GD-18, Snow watch '85. Edited by G. Kukla, A. Hecht, R.G. Barry and D. Wiesnet, p.141-160, 5

Scialdone, J. Snow cover distribution, Remote sensing, Meteoro-logical charts, Maps, Climatology.

40-4283

Influence of snow structure variability on global snow Influence of saws structure variability on global snow depth measurement using microwave radiometry. Hall, D.K., Glaciological data report, Mar. 1986, GD-18, Snow watch '85. Edited by G. Kukla, A. Hecht, R.G. Barry and D. Wiesnet, p.161-171, 16 refs. Srow cover structure, Snow depth, Albedo, Solar radiation, Remote sensing, Water balance, Microwaves, Snow crystals, Radiometry.

40-4284

Retrieval of snow water equivalent from Nimbus-7

SMMR data.
Hallikainen, M., et al, Glaciological data report,
Mar. 1986, GD-18, Snow watch 85. Edited by G.
Kukla, A. Hecht, R.G. Barry and D. Wiesnet, p.173179, 4 refs. Johns, P.

Snow water equivalent, Remote sensing, Radiometry, Microwaves, Brightness, Temperature effects, Grain size, Freeze thaw cycles.

Nimbus-7 SMMR snow cover data.

Chang, A.T.C., Glaciological data report, Mar. 1986, GD-18, Snow watch 85. Edited by G. Kukla, A. Hecht, R.G. Barry and D. Wiesnet, p.181-187, 13

Snow cover distribution, Remote sensing, Maps, Cloud cover, Microwaves, Snow depth, Accuracy.

Snow cover monitoring using microwave radiometry. Grody, N., Glaciological data report, Mar. 1986, GD-18, Snow watch 85. Edited by G. Kukla, A. Hecht, R.G. Barry and D. Wiesnet, p.189-192, 5 refs. Snow cover distribution, Remote sensing, Microwaves, Radiometry, Cloud cover, Monitors, Rain.

40-4287

Remote sensing of snow properties in mountainous

terrain. Dozier, J., Glaciological data report, Mar. 1986, GD-18, Snow watch '85. Edited by G. Kukla, A. Hecht, R.G. Barry and D. Wiesnet, p.193-203, 12 refs. Snow optics, Albedo, Remote sensing, Snow impuri-ties, Heat balance, Snowmelt, Mountains, Grain size,

40-4788

Effects of snow cover and tropical forcing on mid-

Water balance, Snow surface, Runoff.

Effects of snow cover and tropical forcing on min-latitude monthly mean circulation. Robock, A., et al, Glaciological data report, Mar. 1986, GD-18, Snow watch '85. Edited by G. Kukla, A. Hecht, R.G. Barry and D. Wiesnet, p.207-214, 14 refs.

Tauss, J.W.

Atmospheric circulation, Snow cover effect, Remote sensing, Air temperature, Solar radiation.

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Warren, S.G.

Snow optics, Albedo, Carbon dioaide, Climatic changes, Models, Grain size, Suo, Zepth, Cloud cov-

40-4290

Modelling of a seasonal snowcover.

Morris, E.M., Glaciological data report, Mar. 1986, GD-18, Snow watch '85. Edited by G. Kukla, A. Hecht, R.G. Barry and D. Wiesnet, p.225-240, 15 refs. Snow cover distribution, Climatic changes, Carbon dioxide, Seasonal variations, Mathematical models, Snowmelt, Atmospheric circulation, Solar radiation, Air temperature.

40-4291

Characteristics of seasonal snow cover as simulated by GFDL climate models.

by GFDL climate models.

Broccoli, A., Glaciological data report, Mar. 1986,
GD-18, Snow watch '85. Edited by G. Kukla, A.
Hecht, R.G. Barry and D. Wiesnet, p.241-248, 11 refs.
Snow cover distribution, Atmospheric circulation,
Climatic changes, Models, Sea ice distribution, Seasonal variations, Snow water equivalent, Remote sensing, Air temperature.

40-4292

CO2-induced changes in seasonal snow cover simulated by the OSU coupled atmosphere-ocean general circulation model.

Schlesinger, M., Glaciological data report, Mar. 1986, GD-18, Snow watch 85. Edited by G. Kukla, A. Hecht, R.G. Barry and D. Wiesnet, p.249-270, 19 refs.

Snow cover distribution, Carbon dioxide, Atmospheric circulation, Climatic changes, Seasonal variations, Solar radiation, Models, Snow accumulation, Air temperature.

Two 20-year simulations are discussed, which have been performed with the OSU coupled atmosphere/ocean general circulation model that differ only in their CO2 concentrations, to compare the CO2-induced changes in seasonal snow cover—In the Southern Hemisphere, the snow mass increases during sumer and winter in the interior of Antarctica above the 400 m level and decreases around the Antarctic coastline. The simulated CO2-induced snow mass increase questions that the simulated CO2-induced snow mass increase questions that the strength of the contraction of th level and decreases around the Antarctic coastine. The simulated CO2-induced snow mass increase suggests that the mon-toring of the snow accumulation rates in these locations might be of use in the identification of the projected climatic change, and in the attribution of this change to the increasing concentration of CO2 and other trace gases.

40-4293
All-Union conference on ground waters of the Eastern USSR, 11th, Irkatsk-Chita, 1985. Summaries of the

reports. [Tezisy dokladov],
Vsesoiuznoe soveshchanie po podzemnym vodam
Vostoka SSR, 11th, Irkutsk-Chita, 1985, Irkutsk,
Chita, 1985, 170p, In Russian. For selected summaries see 40-4294 through 40-4313.

Pinneker, E.V., ed.

Glacier ice, Placer mining, Metamorphism (snow), Naleds, Snow water equivalent, Water reserves, Permafrost hydrology, Taiga, Water supply, Human factors, Artesian water, Environmental protection.

40-4294

Cryogenic metamorphism of natural waters as a scientific trend in hydrogeological and hydrochemical investigations. ¡Kriogennaia metamorfizatsiia prirod-nykh vod kak nauchnoe napravlenie v gidrogeologi-

nykh vod kak nauchnoe napravlenie v gidrogeologi-cheskikh i gidrokhmicheskikh issledovaniiakh), Ivanov, A.V., Vsesoiuznoe soveshchanie po podzem-nym vodam Vostoka SSSR, 11th, Irkutsk-Chita, 1985. Tezisy dokladov (All-Union conference on ground wa-ters of the Eastern USSR 11th, Irkutsk-Chita, 1985. Summaries of the reports) edited by E.V. Pinneker, Irkutsk-Chita, 1985, p.19-20, In Russian. Ice formation, Metamorphism (snow), Glacier ice, Naleds, Models, Ground water, Freeze thaw cycles.

40-4295

Hydrogeological exploration with the use of the "Gidroscop" device in the extreme north of western Siberia. ¡Gidrogeologicheskie issledovaniia s primeneniem ustanovki "Gidroskop" na Krainem Severe Zapadnoĭ Sibirij,

Semenov, A.G., et al, Vsesoiuznoe soveshchanie po podzemny n vodam Vostoka SSSR, 11th, Irkutak-Chita, 1985. Tezisy dokladov (All-Union conference on ground waters of the Eastern USSR, 11th, Irkutak-Chita, 1985. Summaries of the reports) edited by E.V. Pinneker, Irkutsk-Chita, 1985, p.20-21, In Rus-

Natural gas, Active layer, Permafrost hydrology, Exploration, Measuring instruments, Suprapermafrost ground water, Subpermafrost ground water.

Ground waters and perennially frozen rocks in the intermontane basins of Altai Mountains. [Podzem

nye vody i mnogoletnemerziye porody mezhgornykh vpadin Gornogo Altaia, Kuskovskii, V.S., et al, Vsesoiuznoe soveshchanie po podzemnym vodam Vostoka SSSR, 11th, Irkutsk-Chita, 1985. Tezisy dokladov (All-Union conference on ground waters of the Eastern USSR, 11th, Irkutsk-Chita, 1985. Summaries of the reports) edited by E.V. Pinneker, Irkutsk-Chita, 1985, p.42-43, In Rus-

Soloboeva, L.A. Ground water, Permafrost hydrology, Artesian water,

Water supply, Alpine landscapes.

Methods of hydrogeochemical mapping for gold ex-ploration in the low-mountain taigs of the Yenisey Range. [Metodika gidrogeokhimicheskogo kartirovaniia pri poiskakh zolotorudnykh mestorozhdenii v uslovijakh nizkogornoj talgi juga Eniselskogo Kriaz-

Koroleva, G.P., Vsesoiuznoe soveshchanie po pod-zemnym vodam Vostoka SSSR, 11th, Irkutsk-Chita, 1985. Tezisy dokladov (All-Union conference on ground waters of the Eastern USSR, 11th, Irkutsk-Chita, 1985. Summaries of the reports) edited by Chita, 1985. Summaries of the reports) edited by E.V. Pinneker, Irkutsk-Chita, 1985, p.46-47, In Rus-

Permafrost, Placer mining, Taiga, Geochemistry, Surveys, Mapping.

Water transfer and hydrogeological mapping in the northeastern USSR. Ob osobennostiakh podzemnogo vodoobmena i gidrogeologicheskogo kartirovaniia v gornykh rafonakh Severo-Vostoka

Shepelev, V.V., Vsesoiuznoe soveshchanie po podzemnym vodam Vostoka SSSR, 11th, 1rkutsk-Chita, 1985. Tezisy dokładov (All-Union conference on ground waters of the Eastern USSR, 11th, Irkutsk-Chita, 1985. Summaries of the reports) edited by E.V. Pinneker, Irkutsk-Chita, 1985, p.53-54, In Russian.

Permafrost distribution, Permafrost hydrology, Map-

ping, Alpine topography.

40-4299

Exploration and estimation of major fresh water reserves in Siberia and the Far East. Osobennosti raz vedki i otsenki ekspluatatsionnykh zapasov krupnykh mestorozhdenii presnykh podzemnykh vod Sibiri i

Dal'nego Vostoka,

Borevskii, B.V., et al, Vsesoiuznoe soveshchanie po
podzemnym vodam Vostoka SSSR, 11th, IrkutskChita, 1985. Tezisy dokladov (All-Union conference on ground waters of the Eastern USSR, 11th, Irkutsk-Chita, 1985. Summaries of the reports) edited by E.V. Pinneker, Irkutsk-Chita, 1985, p.64-65, in Russian.

Grodzenskii, V.D.

Water reserves, Permafrost hydrology, Artesian water, Exploration, River basins. Permafrost distribu-

40-4300

Intrapermafrost ground waters in the Daldyn-Alakitskly region, western Yakutia. [Mezhmerzlotnyc karstovyc vody Daldyno-Alakitskogo rafona (Zapadnaia

stovye v. dy Daldyno-Alakitskogo rafona (Zapadnaia IAkutiia), Filippov, A.G., Vsesoiuznoe soveshchanie po podzemnym vodam Vostoka SSSR, 11th, Irkutsk-Chita, 1985 Tezisy dokladov (All-Union conference on ground waters of the Eastern USSR, 11th, Irkutsk-Chita, 1985. Summaries of the reports) edited by E.V. Pinneker, Irkutsk-Chita, 1985, p.70, In Russian.

Naleds, Permafrost hydrology, Ice volume, Thermokarst, Ice (water storage), River basins.

Peculiarities of ground water exploration in coastal areas of water reservoirs in the Altai-Sayany folded area. (Osobennosti razvedki mestorozhdenii podzemnykh vod v beregovoi zone vodokhranilishch Altae-Saianskoi skladchatoi oblastij,

Kuskovskii, V.S., Vsesoiuznoe soveshchanie po pod-zemnym vodam Vostoka SSSR, 11th, Irkutsk-Chita, 1985. Tezisy dokladov (All-Union conference on ground waters of the Eastern USSR, 11th, Irkutsk-Chita, 1985. Summaries of the reports) edited by E.V. Pinneker, Irkutsk-Chita, 1985, p.77-78, In Rus-

Lakes, Aerial surveys, Shores, Alpine landscapes, Permafrost distribution.

40-4302

Regularities of the formation, distribution and regime of ground waters in intermontane artesian basins of Transbalkal. ¡Zakonomernosti formirovaniia, ras-prostraneniia i rezhima podzemnykh vod v mezhgornykh artezianskikh basseĭnakh Zabaĭkal'ia),

nykh artezianskikh basselnakh Zabalkal'iaj, Bakhlov, A.E., Vsesoiuznoe soveshchanie po podzem-nym vodam Vostoka SSSR, 11th, Irkutsk-Chita, 1985. Tezisy dokladov (All-Union conference on ground wa-ters of the Eastern USSR, 11th, Irkutsk-Chita, 1985. Summaries of the reports) edited by E.V. Pinneker, Irkutsk-Chita, 1985, p.83-85, In Russian.

Artesian water, Exploration, Permafrost hydrology.

Ground water preservation as an element of environ-

mental protection. (Okhrana podzemnykh vod kak element okhrany okruzhaiushchel sredy), Tolstikhin, O.N., et al, Vsesoiuznoe soveshchanie po podzemnym vodam Vostoka SSSR, 11th, Irkutsk-Chita, 1985. Tezisy tokladov (All-Union conference on ground waters of the Eastern USSR, 11th, Irkutsk-Chita, 1985. Chita, 1985. Summaries of the reports) edited by E.V. Pinneker, Irkutsk-Chita, 1985, p.123, In Russian.

Zakharenkova, V.P. Permafrost hydrology, Environmental protection, Human factors, Water pollution.

40-4304

Ground water alimentation in the area of seasonally freezing rocks. ¿Osobennosti pitaniia podzemnykh vod v oblasti razvitiia sezonnomerzlykh porod₃, Vod v Oblasti razvitila sezonnomerzytkin porodj. Bulatov, R.V., et al, Vsesoiuznoe soveshchanie po podzemnym vodam Vostoka SSSR, 11th, Irkutsk-Chita, 1985. Tezisy dokladov (All-Union conference on ground waters of the Eastern USSR, 11th, Irkutsk-Chita, 1985. Summaries of the reports) edited by E.V. Pinneker, Irkutsk-Chita, 1985, p.125-126, In Russian Seed of the control o

Dal'kov, M.P., Rabinovich, I.E.

Soil freezing, Seasonal freeze thaw, Water pollution, Baykal Amur railroad, Water supply.

Present state of routine observations and prospects for the development of ground water monitoring in the cryolithozone of western Siberia (the Tyumen' region). ¡Sostojanie sluzhby rezhimnykh nabliudenii i perspektivy razvitija monitoringa podzemnykh vod v kriolitozone Zapadnoi Sibiri (Tiumenskaia oblast'), Matusevich, V.M., et al, Vsesoiuznoe soveshchanie po podzemnym vodam Vostoka SSSR, 11th, Irkutsk-Chita, 1985. Tezisy dokladov (All-Union conference on ground waters of the Eastern USSR, 11th, Irkutsk-Chita, 1985. Summaries of the reports) edited by E.V. Pinneker, Irkutsk-Chita, 1985, p. 126-127, In Rus-

Smolentsev, IU.K., Trofimov, A.V

Irrigation, Permafrost structure, Water intakes, Permafrost hydrology, Water supply.

Estimating the natural protection of ground waters of extinating the natural protection of ground waters or cryo-hydrogeological structures in mountains. [Printsipy otsenki estestvennoi zashchishchennosti podzemnykh vod v kriogidrogeologicheskikh struk-

turakh gornykh oblastelj, Afanasenko, V.E., et al, Vsesoiuznoe soveshchanie po podzemnym vodam Vostoka SSSR, 11th, Irkutsk-Chita, 1985. Tezisy dokladov (All-Union conference on ground waters of the Eastern USSR, 11th, Irkutsk-Chita, 1985. Summaries of the reports) edited by E.V. Pinneker, Irkutsk-Chita, 1985, p.130-131, In Rus-

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Water pollution, Permafrost hydrology, Taliks, Alpine landscapes.

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40-4307

ervation of subpermafrost ground water in westera Yakutia. ¡Ob okhrane podmerzlotnykh vod v Zapadnoĭ IAkutiij,

Borisov, V.N., Vessoiuznoe soveshchanie po podzemnym vodam Vostoka SSSR, 11th, Irkutsk-Chita, 1985. Tezisy dokladov (All-Union conference on ground waters of the Eastern USSR, 11th, Irkutsk-Chita, 1985. Summaries of the reports) edited by E.V. Pinneker, Irkutsk-Chita, 1985, p.131-132, In Russian. Water supply, Subpermafrest ground water, Water pollution, Permafrest distribution, Brines.

40-430#

Compilation of combined geocryologic and hydrogeo-logical maps of the Baykal Amur railroad construction zone, Sostavlenie kompleksnykh merzlotno-gi-

dongeologicheskikh kart zony osvoeniia BAM₁,
Afanasenko, V.E., et al. Vassoiuznoe soveshchanie po
podzemnym vodam Vostoka SSSR, 11th, IrkutakChita, 1985. Tezisy dokladov (All-Union conference on ground waters of the Eastern USSR, 11th, Irkutsk-Chita, 1985. Summaries of the reports) edited by E.V. Pinneker, Irkutsk-Chita, 1985, p.138-139, In Russian. Volkova, V.P.

Permafrost beneath structures, Permafrost hydrology, Mapping, Permatroot depth, Permatrost thickness, Railroads.

Hydrogeological justification for the evaluation of usable ground water reserves in permafrost areas. [Gi-drogeologicheskoe obosnovanie otsenki ekspluatatsionnykh zapasov podzemnykh vod v

Sokolov, B.L., et al, Vsesoiuznoe soveshchanie po pod-zemnym vodam Vostoka SSSR, 11th, Irkutsk-Chita, 1985. Teziay dokladov (All-Union conference on ground waters of the Eastern USSR, 11th, Irkutsk-Chita, 1985. Summaries of the reports) edited by Chita, 1985. Summaries of the reports) edited by E.V. Pinneker, Irkutsk-Chita, 1985, p. 142-143, In Russian

Derkin, B.N., Kolotaev, V.N., Markov, M.L. Runoff, Permafrathydrology, Water supply, Perma-frost structure, Ground Ice.

Protection and rational use of ground water in the western section of BAM. [Okhrana i ratsional'noe ispol'zovanie podzemnykh vod na zapadnom uchastke BAM],

Blokhin, IU.I., et al, Vsesoiuznoe soveshchanie po podzemnym vodam Vostoka SSSR, 11th, Irkutsk-Chita, 1985. Tezisy dokladov (All-Union conference on ground waters of the Eastern USSR, 11th, Irkutak-Chita, 1985. Summaries of the reports) edited by E.V. Pinneker, Irkutak-Chita, 1985, p.143-144, In Russian.

Permafrost hydrology, Taliks, Thermokarst, Baykal Amur railroad, Water supply.

Calculating the part of naturally consumed ground water and its reserves to be used for the formation of river ice covers in the cryolithozone, exemplified by the central part of the BAM zone. (Metodika ras-cheta chasti estestvennykh raskhodov i ekspluatatsionnykh zapasov podzemnykh vod, raskhodujushchikhsia na obrazovanie ledianogo pokrova rek kriolitozony (na

na obrazovanie ledianogo pokrova rek knolitozony (na primere tsentral'nol chasti zony BAM)₁, Markov, M.L., Vsesoiuznoe soveshchanie po podzemnym vodam Vostoka SSSR, 11th, Irkutsk-Chita, 1985. Tezisy dokladov (All-Union conference on ground waters of the Eastern USSR, 11th, Irkutsk-Chita, 1985. Summaries of the reports) edited by E.V. Pinneker, Irkutsk-Chita, 1985, p.148-149, In Russian.

Naleds, Permafrost hydrology, River ice, Ice volume, Ice cover thickness, Water reserves.

Allowing for naieds when evaluating natural and usable reserves of ground water in Siberia and the Far East (taking the central BAM zone as an example). (Uchet naledel pri otsenke estestvennykh i ekspluatatsionnykh zapasov podzemnykh vod v rajonakh Sibiri i Dal'nego Vostoka (na primere tsentral'noj chas-

Sibili Dai nego vostoka (na primere tsentral noi chastit zony BAM)₁,
Defkin, B.N., Vsesoiuznoe soveshchanie po podzemnym vodam Vostoka SSSR, 11th, Irkutsk-Chita, 1985.
Tezisy dokladov (All-Union conference on ground waters of the Eastern USSR, 11th, Irkutsk-Chita, 1985. Summaries of the reports) edited by E.V. Pinneker, Irkutsk-Chita, 1985, p.149-150, In Russian. Ice (water storage), Naleds, Water reserves.

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Piles, Power line supports, Pile driving, Foundations, Permafrost beneath structures.

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Anchors, Power line supports, Foundations, Permafrost beneath structures.

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40-4394

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structures. Bearing strength.

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Orlov, V.O., et al, Energeticheskoe stroitel'stvo,
May 1986, No.5, p.29-30, In Russian.
Pchelintsev, A.M., Budanov, V.G., IArkin, I.G.

Power line supports, Foundations, Frost heave, Ground water, Drainage, Thermal insulation, Chemical ice prevention.

40-4396

Selection of optimal structural design and layout of hydroelectric power plants in the Far North. [K vyboru optimal'nykh konstruktsii sooruzhenii i kom-

ponovki GES na Krainem Severe, Erakhtin, B.M., et al, Energeticheskoe stroitel'stvo, May 1986, No.5, p.33-38, In Russian. 5 refs. Bogoslovskii, P.A., Frishter, IU.L., Kogodovskii, O.A. Hydraulic structures, Earth dams, Permafrost beneath structures, Roads, Industrial buildings, Con-

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Avdeev, V.A., et al, Energeticheskoe stroitel'stvo, May 1986, No.5, p.39-43, in Russian. 7 refs. Earth dams, Permafront beneath structures, Farth fills, Spillways, Rock fills, Electric power.

40-4398

Studying and improving the structure and technology of erecting the right-bank dam of the Kurevskaya hydroelectric power plant built on a weak foundation. rlssledovanija i sovershenstvovanje konstruktsiji i

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Thermal regime of the longitudinal cofferdam of the pit of basic structures of the Vilyny Hydroelectric Power-Plant-III. (Termicheskil rezhim prodol'nol peremychki kotlovana osnovnykh sooruzhenii Viliufskoi GES-III., Arsen'eva, A.P., et al, Energeticheskoe stroitel'stvo,

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Hydraulic structures, Earth dams, Clays, Permafrost beneath structures. Thermal regime.

40-4400

Conditions of the formation of temperature and filtration regimes in river-bed dam of the Ust'-Khantay Hydroelectric Power Plant during its operation. ¿Usloviia formirovaniia temperaturnogo i fil'tratsion-nogo rezhmov v ruslovoi plotine Ust'-Khantaïskoi GES pri ee ekspluatatsii₁,

Mukhetdinov, N.A., Energeticheskoe stroitel'stvo, May 1986, No.5, p.47-50, In Russian. 4 refs. Seepage, Hydraulic structures, Earth dams, Thermal regi ne, Ground thawing, Heat transfer, Charts.

40-4401

Construction of ice-containing earth dams for flood protection in permafrost regions. (Zashchita territorii ot zatopleniia l'dogruntovymi dambami v ralonakh rasprostraneniia mnogoletnemerzlykh po-

Gogolev, E.S., Energeticheskoe stroitel'stvo, May 1986, No.5, p.50-51, In Russian. 2 refs. Ice (construction material), Earth dams, Earth fills,

Rock fills, Permafrost beneath structures.

40-4402

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Concrete aggregates, Transportation, Cost analysis. 40-4403

Two-step filtering stations for river waters of northera regions. (Dvukhstupenchatoe fil'trovanie dlia ochistki rek severnykh raionov), Neparidze, G.G., et al, Vodosnabzhenie i sanitarnaia

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40-4404

Clearing the highly colored natural waters in northern regions. [Ochistka vysokotsvetnykh vod sever-

ora regions. ¡Conistra vysokotsvetnykn vod severnykh regionov stranyı,
Draginskii, V.L., et al, Vodosnabrhenie i sanitarnaia tekhnika, 1986, No.2, p.6-8, ln Russian. 2 refs.
Water supply, Water treatment, River water, Lake water.

40-4405

Ground water purification stations in the Tyumen region. ¡Stantsii ochistki podzemnykh vod v Tiumen-

skot oblasti₁, Artemenok, N.D., Vodosnabzhenie i sanitarnaja tekhnika, 1986, No.2, p.11-12, In Russian. 4 refs. Water treatment, Ground water, Water supply, Water pollution, Petroleum products.

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Sewage treatment in the Far North. [Ochistka bytovykh stochnykh vod na Kralnem Severej, Mochalov, I.P., Vodosnabzhenie i nanitarnaia tekhnika, 1986, No.2, p.18-19, In Russian. 5 refs. Water treatment, Sanitary engineering, Sewage treatment, Permafrost hydrology.

Floating water intakes and siphon water lines under severe climatic conditions. (Playuchit vodopriemnik i sifonnyt vodovod v surovom klimate). Bukatnikov, V.D., et al, Vodosnabzhenic i sanitarnaia

tekhnika, 1986, No.2, p.19-20, In Russian. 2 refs. Maul', V.K.

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Winter concreting, Greating, Bricks, Linings, Concrete admixtures, Frost resistance.

Block-section method in urban planning of the North. [Blochno-sektsionnyl metod v gradostroitel'stve Sev-

IAkushevskii, L.E., Zhilishchnoe stroitel'stvo, Jan. 1986, No.1, p.23-25, In Russian. Wells, Wind factors, Snowdrifts, Protection, Urban

planning, Microclimatology, Arctic landscapes.

Types of residential settlements in northern cities and villages. [Tipy zhilykh obrazovanii v severnykh gorodakh i poselkakh₁, Novotel'nova, Z.G., Zhilishchnoe stroitel'stvo, Sep.

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Urban planning, Residential buildings, Subarctic landscapes, Permafost beneath buildings, Design.

Lightweight concrete for external walls in Noril'sk. Legkobetonnye paneli naruzhnykh sten v uslovijakh Noril'skaj,

Zlatinskaja, T.V., Zhilishchnoe stroitel'stvo, Aug. 1985, No.8, p.7-9, In Russian.
Frost resistance, Large panel buildings, Lightweight

concretes, Panels, Permafrost beneath structures, Subarctic landscapes, Freeze thaw cycles.

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Strength of contact joints in large-panel buildings with weak seams, during their thawing. Prochnost kontaktnykh stykov v krupnopanel'nykh zdaniiakh s maloprochnymi shvami pri ikh ottaivanii,

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Korchagin, O.P.
Large panel buildings, Prefabrication Panels, Joints (junctions), Sealing, Grouting, Freeze thaw cycles, Strength.

Industrial houses for the North, Industrial nve doma dlia Severaj, Ovchinnikova, N.P., Zhilishchnoe stroitel'stvo, Apr.

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40-4415

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kogo Severa SSSR_J, Zaboeva, I.V., ed, Syktyvkar, 1985, 106p., In Russian. For selected papers see 40-4416 through 40-4420 Refs passim.

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Space and time variability of dark conifer forest in southern Timan. Prostranstvennaia i vremennaia izmenchivost' temnokhvolnykh lesov IUzhnogo Tima-

Nepomilueva, N.I., et al, Struktura i vidovol sostav rastitel'nykh soobshchestv evropelskogo Severa SSSR (Structure and specific composition of plant communities in the northern European USSR) edited by I.V. Zaboeva, V.A. Martynenko and N.A. Ryzhova, Syktyvkar, 1985, p.5-18, In Russian. 7 refs. Duriagina, D.A.

Taiga, Plant ecology, Ecosystems, Cryogenic soils, Forest soils.

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Variations in the coenotic role of some meadow plants in flood plains of taiga rivers. [Izmenenie tsenoti-chesko] roli nekotorykh vidov lugovykh rastenii v pol-

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Meadow soils, Forest tundra, Cryogenic soils, Taiga, Plant ecology, Forest soils, Flood plains, Ecosystems.

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Structure of grass stands in seeded tundra meadows.

Structure of grass stands in seeded fundra meadows. [Struktura travostoia seiannykh lugov v tundre], Kotelina, N.S., Struktura i vidovof sostav rastitel nykh soobshchestv evropetskogo Severa SSSR (Structure and specific composition of plant communities in the northern European USSR) edited by I.V. Zaboeva, V.A. Martynenko and N.A. Ryzhova, Syktyvkar, 1985, p.52-60, In Russian. 8 refs.

Tundra, Grasses, Meadow soils, Swamps, Permafrost death.

depth.

40-4420 Bryophyta of water bodies and swamps of central Timan. [Mokhoobraznye vodoemov i bolot Srednego Timanaı.

Theieznova, G.V., Struktura i vidovof sostav rastitel'-nykh soobshchestv evropeiskogo Severa SSSR (Struc-ture and specific composition of plant communities in the northern European USSR) edited by I.V. Zaboeva, V.A. Martynenko and N.A. Ryzhova, Syktyvkar, 1985, p.94-101, In Russian. 12 refs.

Taiga, Paludification, Mosses, Plant ecology, Ecosys-

tems.

40-4421

Glacial type of sediment and rock origin. [Ledovyl tip sedimento- i litogeneza₃, Lavrushin, IU.A., et al, Moscow, Nauka, 1986, 156p.,

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Lithology, Glacial deposits, Moraines, Sedimenta-tion, Diagenesis, Hydrothermal processes, Subglacial

40-4422

Vegetational cover of highlands. [Rastitel'nyi pokrov vysokogorii_i, Kamelin, R.V., ed. Leningrad, N: uka, 1986, 254p., In

Russian. For selected papers see 40-4423 through 40-4432. Refs. passim.

Plant ecology, Alpine landscapes, Ecosystems, Vegetation patterns, Biomass, Grasses Mosses, Lichens. Deserts, Topographic effects, Alpine tundra, Forest tundra.

40-4423

Lichens in high-mountain valley of the Arpa River (Central Tien Shan). ¡Lishami¹ i vysokogoril doliny r Arpy (Tsentral'nyl Tian'-Shan')],

Bredkina, L.I., Rastitel'nyt pokrov vysokogorit (Vegetational cover of highlands) edited by R.V. Kamelin, Leningrad, Nauka, 1986, p.15-20, In Russian. 3 refs. Vegetation patterns, Lichens, Plant ecology, Alpine landscapes, Ecosystems.

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40-4425

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Malyshev, L.I., Rastitel'nyl pokrov vysokogoril (Vege-

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Floristic composition of mosses in Pamir-Alai. [Flo-

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Mosses, Vegetation patterns, Plant ecology, Alpine landscapes, Ecosystems.

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Vegetation patterns, Plant ecology, Ecosystems, Alpine tundra.

40-4428

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the Sea of Okhotsk. (Vysokogornaia rastitel'nost' iuzhnogo poberezh'ia Okhotskogo moria), Vasil'ev, N.G., et al, Rastitel'nyî pokrov vysokogorîî (Vegetational cover of highlands) edited by R.V. Kamelin, Leningrad, Nauka, 1986, p.101-105, ln Russian, 10 refe sian. 10 refs. Chumin, V.T.

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Reserves of the over- and underground phytomass of cryophylic meadows of Polar Ural Mountains. (O zapasakh nadzemnol i podzemnol fitomassy kriofil'nykh lugov Poliarnogo Urala), Igosheva, N.I., Rastitel'nyl pokrov vysokogoril (Vegetational cover of highlands) edited by R.V. Kamelin, Leningrad, Nauka, 1986, p.113-117, In Russian. 10

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Mosses, Deserts, Environmental protection, Lichens, Alpine tundra, Blomass, Forest tundra, Alpine land-scapes, Vegetation patterns, Topographic effects. 40-4433

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Mudflows, Glacial deposits, Sediments, Moraines, Glacier melting.

40-4434

Observations on melting of stagnant ice and some related phenomena.

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raines and eakers in northern Finland.
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40-4436

Bridge foundations in permafrost.
Baldassari, D., Alaska. Dept. of Transportation and Public Facilities. Research notes, Apr. 1986, 5(10),

physics, Foundations, Bridges, Soil Permafrost strength, Soil temperature, Settlement (structural), Ground thawing, Pile structures, Soil mechanics, Rheology.

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40-4438

Better roads. Special report: winter maintenance. Better roads, June 1986, 56(6), p.21-51. Winter maintenance, Road maintenance, Snow removal, Ice removal, Storage, Salting, Corrosion, Equipment, Protection.

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Virginia installs Scan Ice Detector.

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33, In Italian with French, German and English sum-

Road maintenance, Winter maintenance, Snow removal, Equipment, Tests, Meetings, International cooperation.

40-4442

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Suter, K., Neve international, 1986, 28(1), p.34-36, In Italian with French, German and English summaries.

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Snow removal, Ice removal, Ice control, Road maintenance, Winter maintenance, Countermeasures, Snow accumulation, Chemical ice prevention, United

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Analysis of snowfalls of particular intensity and length. [Un'analisi delle nevicate di massima intensită e durata_l, Abbruzzese, F., *Neve international*, 1986, 28(1), p.43-

48, In Italian with French, German and English summaries.

Snowfall, Snow cover distribution, Mountains, Computer applications, Temperature effects. 40-4445

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Ice management manual. Ontario, Canada, Ministry of Natural Resources, 1984, 23p., 22 refs.
The jams, for control, Manuals, Flooding, Countermeasures, Ice breakup, Freezeup, Water level.

Introduction to heat tracing.
Henry, K., U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory, June 1986, TD 86-01, 20p., Refs. p.18-20.

Heating, Heat transfer, Pipeline freezing, Ship icing, Freezing, Countermeasures, Protection.

40-4448

Erosion of northern reservoir shores. An analysis

Lawson, D.E., U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and Engineering Lawson, May 1905, May 1905, ADA-157 811, Refs. p.137-191.

Shore erosion, Ice cover effect, Reservoirs, Slope pro-

cesses, Permafrost, Shoreline modification, Ground water, Water level, Models, Water waves, Forecasting, Temperature effects.

ing, Temperature effects.

This monograph describes the current state of knowledge of northern reservoir shore erosion, primarily by examining the results of erosional studies on lakes, coasts and rivers. The major erosional processes of reservoir beaches and bluffs and their mechanics are discussed in detail. Thermal and physical parameters affecting the erodibility of shores, the environment imperator of erosion, and the basic characteristics of the unique reservoir environment are reviewed. Current models of shore zone development are also presented. This literature analysis revealed that knowledge of erosion and recession in northern impoundments is severely limited. Quantitative analyses of the processes of erosion and their relative importance, parameters determining the nature, rate and timing of erosion, and ters determining the nature, rate and timing of erosion, and models to predict the erodibility of a shore for use in minimizing shoreline recession remain in need of basic field research.

40-4449 Excitation of the Earth's rotational axis by recent

glacial discharges.

Gasperini. P., et al. Geophysical research letters, June 1986, 13(6), p.533-536, 16 refs.

Sabadini, R., Yuen, D.A.

Rheology, Sea level, Ice models, Glacier melting.

A study is reported on the effects of present-day glacial discharges, and the growth of the antarctic ice sheet, on exciting the Earth's rotational axis. Glacial forcing could cause a maximum change in the gravitational coefficient of about one-third of the observed amount, for the Maxwell theology and for flurgof the observed amount, for the Maxwell rheology and for hurg-ers' body models with a long-term, lower-mantle viscosity greate, than about 10 exp 23P. For transient rheologies the amount of excitation due to glacial melting decreases. Polar wander is not much excited by recent glacial melting for the various types of rheologies examined. (Auth.)

Growing focus on Antarctica.

Sharma, R.C., ed, Delhi, Rajesh Publications, 1986, 286p. + 18 plates, Refs. passim. For individual papers see 40-4451 through 40-4455 or A-34142, 34152, B-34147-50, 34156, E-34133-5, 34138-9, F-34136-7, G-34144, 34151, 1-34140, 34143, 34145-6, K-34141, M-34153-55, and M-34157-61.

Snow, Ice. Cold weather construction, Antarctica.

This volume, based on papers submitted to the First National Symposium "Growing focus on Antarctica", held in Delhi, India, Oct. 17-18, 1984, is intended to generate awareness of the prospects in Antarctica and surrounding oceans and their relevance to India's national interests. Twenty-nine papers are included, covering studies pertaining to geology, geophysics,

glaciology, meteorology and biology; resources, technology, infrastructural development and human adaptation; the Antarctic Treaty, the changing laws of the sea, and international politics 40-4451

Snow and ice studies at and around Dakshin Gangotri.

Raina, V.K., et al, Growing focus on Antarctica. Edited by R.C. Sharma, Delhi, Rajesh Publications, 1986,

p.21-26. Kaul, M.K., Singh, R.K., Chakraborty, S.K.

ergs, Glaciers, Ice structure, Snow accumulation, Ice shelves, Ice physics, Ablation.

A summary of glaciological investigations carried out over a distance of 160 km, from the sea coast to the land mass of Dakshin Gangotri and beyond, by the Second Indian Expedition to Antarctica, is presented. Included are: the physical features of the ice shelf; its ablation rates, showing an average of 14.25 cm recorded over 45 days; 1.8 cm of snow accumulation, over the same period of time; study of an iceberg 80 m above sea level and a surface of 4 x 3 km; study of a glacier, describing its front methyster changels, crevages a propalcial lake sea level and a surface of 4 x km; study of a glader, describing its front, meltwater channels, crevasses, a proglacial lake, moraines and a cryoconite hole. Experiments on artificial augmentation of ablation are discussed. Lee stratigraphy was studied in core samples drilled to a depth of 7 m. Stratigraphy and density profiles of shelf ice, as well as inland ice, are presented 40-4452

Problems of snow and ice in Antarctica: a glaciologist's point of view.

Mohan Rao, N., Growing focus on Antarctica. Edited by R.C. Sharma, Delhi, Rajesh Publications, 1986,

p.27-31.

Blowing snow, Icebergs, Ice cover strength. The paper covers problems such as the mechanical and thermal instability of ice caps, ice sheets and snow fields used as foundation for structures and air strips in Antarctica; the load bearing capacity of ice shelves, drifting icebergs, and drifting snow Some methods used in glaciological studies are reviewed.

40-4453

Construction of the Indian Research Station in Antarctica.

Nair, P.K., et al, Growing focus on Antarctica. Edited by R.C. Sharma, Delhi, Rajesh Publications, 1986,

Lohumi, H.

weather construction. Antarctica-Dakshin Gangotri Station.

The planning, building, and eq sipping of Indian Dakshin Gangotri Station is described in detail. The station was inaugurated on Feb. 24, 1984. The layout of the station is illustrated, showing arrangement of living and laboratory facilities. The source of energy at the station is electrical power generated by three 62.5 KVA, 3-phase generators.

Synoptic study of blizzards during Third Antarctic Expedition.

Trivedi, K.L., Growing focus on Antarctica. Edited by R.C. Sharma, Delhi, Rajesh Publications, 1986, 97-107

Snowstorms, Antarctica-Dakshin Gangotri Station.

The s eather around the Dakshin Gangotri was affected by low pressure centres (LPCs), moving from West-East with the fre-The veather around the Dakshin Gangotri was affected by low pressure centres (LPCs), moving from West-East with the frequency of 8/10 during Jan.-Feb., 1984, separated by the longitudinal distance of roughly 60 deg. The intensity of weather was related to the intensity of the system as well as its location. Intense LPCs moving in latitudinal belt south of 65S gave rise to blizzards accompanied by heavy drifting snow. Weak LPC's moving north of 60S gave short spells of gusty surface winds and drifting low clouds. The passage of this system is studied with the help of weather analysis at Molodezhnaya Station, and the local parameters surface wind, pressure and cloudiness.

40.4484

40-4455

Options for habitat in Antarctica.

Kadambi, R.V.N., Growing focus on Antarctica. Edited by R.C. Sharma, Delhi, Rajesh Publications, 1986, p.169-178, 6 refs.

Snowdrifts, Cold weather construction.

The types of structures built in Antarctica, broadly classified as surface structures, elevated structures, load resistant shells and sub-surface structures, are described. A table giving a qualita-tive comparison between the different types is presented, rating cost, logistics, construction effort, life, relocation capability, and psychological acceptability for living. Conceptual sketches are presented

40-4456

Sample digestion and drying techniques for optimal recovery of mercury from solls and sediments. Cragin, J.H., et al, U.S. Army Cold Regions Research

and Engineering Laboratory, Sep. 1985, SR 85-16, 16p., ADA-161 948, 9 refs.

Foley, B.T. Soil chemistry, Sediments, Metals, Detection, Chemical analysis, Drying.

Mercury in soils and sediments can be accurately determined over the concentration range of 0.04 to 2 microgram Hg/g using amalgamation on thin gold films. Relative standard deviation of analysis a about 10%. A mild sample dissolution technique, involving HNO3 at 75°C, produced quantitative Hg recoveries for certified sediment samples and recoveries equivalent to those of rigorous Parr-bomb digestions for other soil and sedi-ment samples. Oven drying of samples at 150C resulted in significant losses of He from both soil and sediment samples. Air drying, over drying at 60C or freeze drying resulted in Hg recoveries that agreed with 20% of those for undried samples. Thus, any one of these three comparable methods is recommended for Hg determinations in soils and sediments.

Cold facts of ice jams; case studies of mitigation meth-

Calkins, D.J., MP 1793, Natural Hazards Research and Applications Information Center special publication, No.11, Association of State Floodplain Managers Conference, 8th, Portland, ME, June 11-14, 1984. Proceedings. Managing high risk flood areas, 1985 and beyond, [1984], p.39-47, 10 refs. Ice jams, Floods, Ice control, Ice breakup, Ice booms, Impact strength, Water level, Ice conditions.

Proceedings, Vol.3.

International Conference on Port and Ocean Engimeering under Arctic Conditions, 8th, Narssarssuag, Greenland, Sep. 7-14, 1985. Hörsholm, Denmark, Danish Hydraulic Institute, 1985, p.1065-1474. For Vols.1 and 2 see 40-265 through 40-344. Refs. pass-For selected papers see 40-4459 through 40-4471.

Ice navigation, Offshore structures, Ports, Ice conditions, Permafrost, Ice physics, Engineering, Meetings. Ice loads.

Physical modelling techniques for offshore structures in ice.

Schwarz, J., International Conference on Port and Ocean Engineering under Arctic Conditions, 8th, Narssarssuaq, Greenland, Sep. 7-14, 1985. Proceed-ings, Vol.3, Hörsholm, Denmark, Danish Hydraulic Institute, 1985, p.1113-1131, 7 refs.
Ice models, Ice loads, Offshore structures, Ice solid

interface, Ice pressure, Ice conditions, Icebergs, Ice floes, Ice physics, Tests.

40-4460

Northern sea route: its past, present and future.

Arikalnen, A., International Conference on Port and Ocean Engineering under Arctic Conditions, 8th, Narssarssuaq, Greenland, Sep. 7-14, 1985. Proceedings, Vol.3, Hörsholm, Denmark, Danish Hydraulic Institute, 1985, p.1133-1148. Ice navigation, Route surveys, Arctic Ocean.

Polar lows-a threat to offshore operations in northern waters.

Carstens, T., International Conference on Port and Ocean Engineering under Arctic Conditions, 8th, Narssarssuaq, Greenland, Sep. 7-14, 1985. Proceedings, Vol.3, Hörsholm, Denmark, Danish Hydraulic Institute, 1985, p.1149-1169, 9 refs.

Meteorological data, Snowfall, Hail, Sea spray, Ocean waves, Wind velocity, Climatic factors.

Some mechanisms of localized fracture of ice cover under the action of compression.

Goldstein, R.V., et al, International Conference on Port and Ocean Engineering under Arctic Conditions, 8th, Narssarssuaq, Greenland, Sep. 7-14, 1985. Pro-ceedings, Vol.3, Hörsholm, Denmark, Danish Hydraulic Institute, 1985, p.1170-1188, 9 refs Osipenko, N.M.

Ice cracks, Compressive properties, Fracturing, Brittleness, Ice cover strength, Analysis (mathematics).

Impact forces and friction coefficient on the forebody of the German polar research vessel Polarstern.

Hoffmann, L., International Conference on Port and Ocean Engineering under Arctic Conditions, 8th, Narssarssuaq, Greenland, Sep. 7-14, 1985. Proceedings, Vol.3, Hörsholm, Denmark, Danish Hydraulic Institute, 1985, p.1189-1202, 2 refs.

Icebreakers, Ice breaking, Ice friction, Ice solid interice, Impact strength, Ice cover strength, Ice loads, Ice pressure.

Measurements and analysis of ice force against a conical offshore structure.

Hoikkanen, J., International Conference on Port and Ocean Engineering under Arctic Conditions, 8th, Narssarssuaq. Greenland, Sep. 7-14, 1985. Proceedings, Vol.3, Hörsholm, Denmark, Danish Hydraulic Institute, 1985, p.1203-1220, 3 refs.

Ice loads, Offshore structures, Ice mechanics, Tests, Ice pressure, Velocity, Models.

Brief presentation on port and coastal structures in ice-some American and Canadian experiences.

Bruun, P., et al, International Conference on Port and Ocean Engineering under Arctic Conditions, 8th, Narssarsuaq, Greenland, Sep. 7-14, 1985. Proceedings, Vol.3, Hörsholm, Denmark, Danish Hydraulic Institute, 1985, p.1223-1240, 8 refs.

Sackinger, W.M. Offshore structures, Ice loads, Ships, Ports, Ice conditions, Ocean waves, Ice solid interface, Design criteria, Protection, Safety.

41-4466

12 years programme for baseline studies in Jameson and, East Greenland

Buch, D., International Conference on Port and Ocean Engineering under Arctic Conditions, 8th, Narssarssuaq, Greenland, Sep. 7-14, 1985. Proceedings, Vol.3, Hörsholm, Denmark, Danish Hydraulic Institute, 1985, p.1241-1242.

Active layer, Snow surveys, Soil strength, Research projects, Trafficability, Oil spills, Climatic factors, Marine transportation, Drilling.

40-4467

Normal and extreme ice and navigation conditions in Davis Strait and Disko Bay.

Fabricius, J., International Conference on Port and Ocean Engineering under Arctic Conditions, 8th, Narssarssuaq, Greenland, Sep. 7-14, 1985. Proceed-ings, Vol.3, Hörsholm, Denmark, Danish Hydraulic Institute, 1985, p.1254-1260, 4 refs.

Ice navigation, Ice conditions, Sea ice distribution, Drift, Fast ice, Temperature distribution, Charts, Davis Strait, Greenland-Disko Bay.

40-4468

Proposed hydro power scheme at Ilulissat, Green-

Langager, H.C., International Conference on Port and Ocean Engineering under Arctic Conditions, 8th, Narssarssuaq, Greenland, Sep. 7-14, 1985. Proceed-ings, Vol.3, Hörsholm, Denmark, Danish Hydraulic Institute, 1985, p.1288-1309.

Permafrost hydrology, Electric power, Meltwater, Climatic factors, Design, Mountains, Models, Greenland-Ilulissat.

40-4469

Long calving waves.

Reeh, N., International Conference on Port and Ocean Engineering under Arctic Conditions, 8th, Narssarssuad, Greenland, Sep. 7-14, 1985. Proceedings, Vol.3, Hörsholm, Denmark, Danish Hydraulic Institute, 1985, p.1310-1327, 13 refs.

Calving, Icebergs, Ocean waves, Glacier ice, Wave propagation, Analysis (mathematics).

Berth for 30,000 T tanker-Nuuk (Godthåb), Greenland.

Hulgaard, E., International Conference on Port and Ocean Engineering under Arctic Conditions, 8th, Narssarssuaq, Greenland, Sep. 7-14, 1985. Proceed-ings, Vol.3, Hörsholm, Denmark, Danish Hydraulic Institute, 1985, p.1359-1375.

Ports, Ice conditions, Tanker ships, Structures, Design. Ice loads. Seasonal variations. Greenland-

40-4471

Examples of harbours and harbour constructions in the Greenland towns and settlements.

Olsen, C.P., International Conference on Port and Ocean Engineering under Arctic Conditions, 8th, Narssarssuaq, Greenland, Sep. 7-14, 1985. Proceed-ings, Vol.3, Hörsholm, Denmark, Danish Hydraulic Institute, 1985, p.1377-1420.

Ports, Ice conditions, Hydrography, Cold weather construction, Seasonal variations, Greenland.

40-4472

Radio echo sounding in the Shirase Glacier drainage

Mae, S., Antarctic record, Mar. 1986, 30(1), p.11-18, With Japanese summary. 8 refs.
Glacier ice, Ice sheets, Ice cover thickness, Radio

echo soundings, Glacier flow, Antarctica-Shirase

Airborne radio echo sounding was carried out in order to meashasin From the analysis of the result obtained, the bedrock topography was estimated and it was determined that the elevathe bedrock in the upstream area of the basin was about 500-1000 in higher than sea level, as predicted in preliminary works. The investigation of the echo strength reflected from the bedrock indicates that the echo in the main part of the ice flow in the basin is stronger than in the edge part. Since the strengthening of echo intensity is caused by the existence of water, the strong echo observed in the main part supports an assumption, proposed from the thinning of the ice sheet, that the main part of the base of the basin is wet and the ice sheet is sliding on the bedrock. (Auth.)

40-4473

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Seasonal changes of chlorophyll a standing stocks and oceanographic conditions under fast ice near Syowa Station, Antarctica, in 1983/84. Satoh, H., et al, Antarctic record, Mar. 1986, 30(1),

p.19-32, With Japanese summary. 23 re Watanabe, K., Kanda, H., Takahashi, E. Past ice, Ice edge, Plankton, Biomass. 23 refs.

Past ice, Ice edge, Plankton, Blomass.

Phytoplankton pigments and oceanographic parameters were measured in water column under the fast ice near Showa Station from February 1983 to January 1984. Water temperature and practical salinity ranged from -0.94 to -2.11 C and from 32.42 to 34.70, respectively. After the flowout of sea ice in May 1983, the water column was mixed vertically in June, and then supercooled surface water beneath the newly formed ice appeared in late July, which differed remarkably from the phenomena in the preceding year. In this study, maximum chlorophyll a concentration of 4.99 mg/cu m was recorded in middle February 1983, and it decreased in middle March. The winter minimum less than 0.1 me chlorophyll a/cu m was obmiddle February 1983, and it decreased in middle March. The winter minimum less than 0.1 mg chlorophyll a/cu m was observed from June to October, and the concentration increased again after early December. The standing stocks of chlorophyll a in mid-January of 1984 were less than half of those in 1983. This could be explained by smaller light penetration into the underlying water between spring and summer of 1983/84 probably due to thicker snow cover on the sea ice compared to that in 1982/83. (Auth.)

40-4474

Ice-cold on Niagara.

Churchill, B., Geographical magazine, Apr. 1986, 58(4), p.162-164.

Lake ice, Ice booms, Niagara River.

40-4475

General circulation model CO2 sensitivity experiments: snow-sea ice albedo parameterizations and globally averaged surface air temperature. Washington, V.M., et al, Climatic change, June 1986, 8(3), p.231-241, 14 refs. Mechl, G.A.

Sea ice. Snow cover. Albedo. Solar radiation. Air temperature, Carbon dioxide, Models.

40-4476

Glacier drainage and Sandur formation at Kötluiökuli. South Iceland.

Heim, D., Polar geography and geology, Apr.-June 1985, 9(2), p.91-107, Refs. p.105-107. For German original see 38-1519.

Subglacial caves, Glacial hydrology, Meltwater, Glacier ice, Subglacial drainage, Glacial deposits, Moraines, Structure.

40-4477

Ice wharves in the Antarctic.

Dubrovin, L.I., et al, Polar geography and geology, Apr.-June 1985, 9(2), p.108-115, For Russian original see 14F-30867. 11 refs.

Preobrazhenskaia, M.A.

Moorings, Ice navigation, Glacier ablation, Wharves, Antarctics-Mirnyy Station, Antarctics-Molodezhnaya Station.

dezanaya Station.

Natural ice wharves are used on z regular basis for unloading ships at Molodezhnaya and Novolazarevskaya stations, and leas frequently at Mirnyy. Recession of the ice fronts due to thermal abrasion is posing problems at both locations, due to resultant shallowing of water depths alongside. The feasibility is discussed of stabilizing the retreating ice fronts by means of cooling the ice through the use of heat exchangers, or of creating artificial ice wharves by building up a massive ice body through repeatedly flooding the surface of the fast ice, as has been successfully achieved by the Americans at McMurdo Sound. (Auth.)

40-4478

Pingos and palsas: a review of the present state of knowledge.

Pissart, A., Polar geography and geology, July-Sep 1985, 9(3), p.171-195, Refs. p.190-195. Translate from Inter-Nord, 1985, No 17, p.21-32. Translated

Peat, Frost mounds, Permatrost hydrology, Organic soils, Swamps, Ground ice, Ice formation, Subpermafrost ground water.

40-4479

Development of iceberg research and potential ap-

plications.
Schwerdtfeger, P., Polar geography and geology,
July-Sep. 1985, 9(3), p.202-209, For German original
see F-32451. 35 refs.

Icebergs, Low temperature research, Research pro-

For a long time antarctic icebergs were carefully avoided and they were rarely examined scientifically. With the recognition of their potential as valuable sources of fresh water and energy, particularly for the arid zones, a dramatic surge of interest has been manifested by researchers representing a multiplicity of disciplines. Practical utilization of this natural resource now

depends only on politically and economically based decisions. (Auth.)

Sea ice and icebergs in the southern ocean. Romanov, A.A., Polar geography and geology, July-Sep. 1985, 9(3), p.210-218, For Russian original see F-32710. 15 refs.

Sea ice distribution, Pack ice, Icebergs, Ice edge.

Sea ice distribution, Pack ice, Icebergs, Ice edge. Sea ice observations in the southern ocean for the period 1956-1982 are interpreted and summarized and the general trends in sea ice occurrence, development and decay are described. .n-terannual variations with special emphasis on seasonal and year-to-year changes in the main elements of the sea ice regime are discussed: these include such elements as the extent of pack ice and the distribution of fast ice. Polynyas and i.e massifis are also discussed. Volumes of both sea ice and i.ebergs at both their maximum and minimum extent, together with seasonal and spatial variations are discussed. The results obtained in terms of sea ice and icebergs differ considerably from previous estimates. (Auth.)

40-4481 Thickness, subglacial relief and volume of Svalbard

July-Sep. 1985, 9(3), p.224-243, For Russian original see 40-852. 36 refs.

Linuxier, A.B., Bobrova, L.I.

Glacier ice, Subglacial observations, Glacier beds, Radio echo soundings, Topographic features.

40-4482

ment of for crystals des to transient electric fields.

Burrows, D.A., et al, Journal of atmospheric and oceanic technology, June 1986, 3(2), p.265-272, 8 refs.

Ice crystals, Electric fields.

40-4483

Simulated atmospheric rime icing of some wind speed

Gates, E.M., et al, Journal of atmospheric and oceanic technology, June 1986, 3(2), p.273-282, 18 refs. Thompson, W.C.

Icing, Meteorological instruments, Anemometers.

Calibrating cylindrical hot-film anemometer sensors. Andreas, E.L., et al, Journal of atmospheric and ocean-ic technology, June 1986, 3(2), MP 1860, p.283-298, Refs. p.298 Murphy, B.

Anemometers

We report the results of 82 separate calibrations of cylindrical, platinum hot-film anemometer sensors in air. The calibrations for each sensor involved a determination of its temperature-resistance characteristics, a study of its heat transfer in forced convection, and an investigation of its yaw response. The convective heat transfer relation that we derive predicts the Nusselt number of the sensor as a linear function of R exp. 0.40, where R is the Reynolds number based on sensor diameter R is the Reynolds number based on sensor diameter R is the Reynolds number based on sensor diameter at the sensor that we used, this heat transfer relation applies to wind speeds typical of the atmospheric surface layer, 1 to 20 m/s. From the heat transfer relation we also devise a method for determining hot-film operating characteristics at temperatures other than the calibration temperature. Hinze's relation is the best model for the yaw response of these sensors, being valid over virtually the entire range of yaw angles, 0 to 90 deg. Although the yaw parameter k does depend on the flow velocity, that dependence is so weak in the atmospheric surface layer that k can be assumed constant at 0.3. We report the results of 82 separate calibrations of cylindrical,

Stochastic modelling and stabilization of galloping transmission lines.

Mar. 1986, 10(2), p.137-143, Refs. p.143. Biswas, S.K., Ahmed, N.U. Power line icing, Wind factors.

40-4486

Study on superglacial cumulative strain on No.1 glacier at the head of Wulumuqi (Urumqi) river, Tian-

Jiankang, H., Kexue tongbao (Scientia), Apr. 1986, 31(8), p.548-552, 2 refs.

Glacier flow, Glacier mass balance, Ice deformation, Strains, China-Tian Shan,

Machine classification of freshwater ice types from Landsat-1 digital data using ice albedos as training

Leshkevich, G.A., Remote sensing of environment, June 1985, 17(3), p.251-263, Refs. p.261-263. Albedo, Ice optics, Remote sensing, Classifications.

40-4488

Glacial geology and glaciology of the last mid-latitude ice sheets.

Boulton, G.S., et al, Geological Society of London. Journal, May 1985, 142(3), p.447-474, Refs. p.473-474.

Smith, G.D., Jones, A.S., Newsome, J.

Glacial geology, Ice sheets.

40-4489 Icing on overhead lines: some results of research

Flocchini, G., et al, *L'energia elettrica*, Nov. 1985, 62(11), p.493-500, 16 refs.

Palau, C., Nicolini, P., Tavano, F. Power line icing, Italy—Cappellino Mountain.

Posign practice and snow loading—lessons from a roof collapse.
Pidgeon, N.F., et al, Structural engineer, Mar. 1986, 64A(3), p.67-71, 7 refs.
Blockley, D.I., Turner, B.A.
Roofs, Snow loads, Design criteria.

Influence of hydroxyethyl starch on ice formation in squeous solutions.

örber, C., et al, Cryobiology, Oct. 1982, 19(5), p.478-

492, Refs. p.491-492. Scheiwe, M.W., Boutron, P., Rau, G.

Cryobiology, Ice formation, X ray diffraction.

40-4492

Arctic Institute of North America—citations and abstracts.

Arctic Institute of North America, Consolidex Magnorth Oakwood Joint Venture, Calgary, Alberta, Resource Management Plan support document No.13,

Jan. 1983, 115p.
Oil spills, Ice conditions, Environmental impact, Bibliographies, Human factors, Sea ice, Crude oil, Models. Arctic Ocean.

40-4493

Preliminary study of the occurrence of trace metals in Admiralty Bay. Watepne badania nad wystepowaniem metali sladowych w Zatoce Admiralicji, Brzezińska, A., et al, *Chemia morza*, 1981, 4(34), p.113-126, In Polish with English summary. 9 refs. Samp, R.
DLC GC113.C47

Ice composition, Pollution, Antarctica—Admiralty Bay, Antarctica—King George Island.

Results of investigations of the occurrence of trace metals Cd, Cu, Hg, Pb, Zn in the surface waters of Admiralty Bay, and the neighbouring icefield on King George I., are presented. The metals were determined separately in sea water free of suspend-ed particles and in suspended particles stopped at membrane filters. The results of the determinations are compared with trace metal concentrations in other parts of the antarctic ocean and in the Baltic. (Auth.)

40-4494

Soil development at Kongsfjorden, Spitsbergen. Mann, D.H., et al, Polar research, May 1986, 4(1), p.1-6, 39 refs.

Sletten, R.S., Ugolini, F.C. Soil formation, Soil chemistry, Norway—Spitsber-

40-4495

Remote sensing of ice cap outlet glacier fluctuations on Nordaustlandet, Svalbard.

Dowdeswell, J.A., Polar research, May 1986, 4(1), p.25-32, 18 refs.

Ice sheets, Glacier oscillation, Remote sensing, Aerial

surveys, Norway-Nordaustlandet.

Foam spora in running waters of southern Greenland. Engblom, E., et al, *Polar research*, May 1986, 4(1), p.47-51, 23 refs

Lingdell, P.-E., Marvanová, L., Müller-Haeckel, A. Stream flow, Limnology, Microbiology, Greenland.

40-4497

Observations on the vegetation and vascular plants on Hopen

Skye, E., Polar research, May 1986, 4(1), p.69-78, 10

Plants (botany), Vegetation, Norway-Hopen Island.

Submarine evidence of glacier surges. Solheim, A., Polar research, May 1986, 4(1), p.91-95,

Glacier surges, Bottom topography, Acoustic measurement, Norway-Nordaustlandet.

Glaciological investigations in the balance year 1983-

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Liestol, O., Polar research, May 1986, 4(1), p.97-101. Glacier mass balance, Norway.

Future of antarctic resources.
Bonner, W.N., Geographical journal, July 1986, 152(2), p.248-255, 6 refs.

Natural resources. Economic development. Antarc-

As the human population increases so demands on our planet increase, but at an accelerating rate, since the more sophisticated modern societies place a disproportionate demand on natural resources. Because of this, we are forced to examine what the Earth can offer us, we cannot afford to ignore the resources that particle can ofter us; we cannot arrord to ignore the resources that are present, though we must consider carefully the economic and other consequences of harvesting a resource. In this paper the resources of the Antarctic are briefly reviewed in terms of what they have contributed in the past, and how in the future they may be expected to contribute to human society. (Auth.)

40-4501

Climatology of polar mesospheric clouds. Olivero, J.J., et al., Journal of the atmospheric sciences, June 15, 1986, 43(12), p.1263-1274, 12 refs. Thomas, G.E.

Cloud physics, Solar radiation, Diffusion, Brightness. The ultraviolet spectrometer on board the Solar Mesosphere Explorer Satellite has measured solar radiation scattered from a diffuse and patchy layer of material near the summer polar mesopause. This scattering layer is called polar mesospheric clouds (PMC) and a first climatology of this phenomenon is clouds (PMC) and a first climatology of this phenomenon is presented covering three years (as aummer seasons). How bright are PMC and how frequently do they occur in space and time? Are there year-to-year or hemisphere-to-hemisphere differences in PMC seasons? The brightest PMC are found right where they occur most fix, ently—above 70-75 deg latitude and in a season of 10-80 days duration centered about the peak which occur is set 20 days after the summer solstice. This holds true from a immispheres. Variability occurs on time scales from it, io-day to year-to-year; averaging over large time and spring scales does, however, rectal a basil underlying symmetry. A mainer finding is that for the six seasons considered, the Northern Hemisphere clouds are inherently brighter than Suthern Hemisphere ones. (Auth.)

40-4502

Land of perpetual winter. [Strana vechnol zimy], Losev, K.S., Leningrad, Gidrometeoizdat, 1986, 112p., In Russian.

Ice sheets, Rheology, Glacier flow, Mass balance, Ice cover effect, Climate, Sea level, Icebergs, Ice volume. cover effect, Climate, Sea level, Icebergs, Ice volume. The book deals with the antarctic ice cover, describing its proportions, structure, subglacial topography, fresh water content, and the motion of different structures within the ice and on its surface. Questions related to ice-cover research are summarized, including the effect of the antarctic ice sheet on climate and its role in the fluctuations of the world ocean. A few concluding paragraphs refer to the Antarctic Treaty and stress the point that Antarctica does not belong to any country in particular.

Interactive analysis of satellite ice cover imagery Klepikov, S.A., et al. Soviet journal of remote sensing, 1985, 3(6), v.1006-1011, For Russian original see 38-2093. 2 refs.

Nazirov, M., Nikitin, P.A.

Sea ice distribution, Spaceborne photography, Photointerpretation, Ice surveys, Ice reporting.

40-4504

Glaciology of mountainous regions, rGliatsiologija

, ornykh oblastelj, Suslov, V.F., ed, Sredneaziatskii regional'nyi nauchno-Susiov, V.F., ed., Steanesziatskii regional nyi naucino-issledovatel'skii institut. Trudy. 1986, Vol 107, 156p., In Russian. For individual papers see 40-4505 through 40-4520. Refs. passim. Drozdovskaia, N.F., ed. Glacier ice, Glacier flow, Mountain glaciers, Snow

cover distribution, Snow accumulation, Avalanche formation, Avalanche engineering, Ice volume, Slope processes, Glacial hydrology.

40-4505

Duration of snow cover in Tien Shan. [Prodolzhitel'nost' zaleganiie snezhnogo pokrova na Tian'-Shane,, Getker, M.I., Sredneaziatskiì regional'nyi nauchno-issledovateľskii institut. Trudy, 1986, Vol.107, p.3-15,

In Russian. 14 refs. Snow cover distribution, Snow cover stability, Snow depth, Snow surveys, Route surveys, Aerial surveys, Mapping.

Analytical calculation of snow accumulation on mountain slopes. fK voprosu analiticheskogo rascheta

snegonakopleniia na sklonakh gorj, Fomin, A.G., et al, Sredneaziatskii regional'nyi nauchno-issledovateľskii institut. Trudy, 1986, Vol.107, p.15-25, In Russian. 5 refs.

Snowdrifts, Slope processes, Snow accumulation, Wind factors, Computerized simulation, Topographic effects.

Snow and meteorological indices of basic types of avalanche regimes in the USSR. Snezhno-meteorologicheskie pokazateli osnovnykh tipov lavinnogo iezhima

SSSR₃, Troshkina, E.S., Sredneaziat kii regional nyi nauch, o-issledovatel skh institut. Trudy, 1986, Vol.107, p.25-

Snow accumulation, Snow depth, Snow cover stability. Avalanches, Classifications, Avalanche formation. Avalanche triggering, Meteorological factors.

40.4508

Information content of avalanche-formation factors. otsenke informativnosti faktorov lavinoo-

brazovaniia₁, Kanaev, L.A. Kansev, L.A., Sredneaziatsků regional nyi nauchno-issledovatel sků institut. Trudy, 1986, Vol. 107, p. 31-49, In Russian. 35 refs.

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40-4509

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Snow cover distribution, Snow accumulation, River basins, Meteorological factors.

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Snow surface, Snow temperature, Snow air interface, Hoarfrost, Avalanche formation, Snow depth, Heat transfer, Mass transfer.

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no-issledovatei'skii institut. Trudy, 1986, Vol.107, p.64-73, In Russian. 12 refs. Avalanche formation, Avalanche forecasting, Climat-

ic factors. 40-4512

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Alpine glaciation, Glacier ablation, Glacier alimenta-

tion Glacier mass balance.

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Mountain glacters, Snow accumulation, Meteorologi-

cal data, Glacier alimentation, Glacier ablation, Mass halance.

Data on the ice movement velocity and ice thickness of the Abran.ov glacier. [Rezul'taty oprede!eniia polia skorostel dvizheniia l'da i moshchnosti lednika

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Solifluction, Research projects.

Evaluation of winter recreational resources in Central Asian mountains. [K otsenke zimnikh rekreatsion-nykh resursov gor Srednel Azii], Getker, M.I., et al, Sredneaziatskii regional'nyi nauch-

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Basic factors in binding dispersed soils with ash-slag cements. [Rol' osnovnykh faktorov v ukreplenii dis-persnykh gruntov zoloshlakovymi viazhushchimij, Voronkevich, S.D., et al. *Inzhenernaia geologia*, May-June 1986, No.3, p.43 54, In Russian. 10 ref Evdokimova, L.A., Larionova, N.A., Ogorodnikova,

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brazovaniia,, Karpia, E.E., et al. Vodosnabzhenie i sanitarnaia tekhnika, 1986, No.1, p.10-12, In Russian. Poz, M.IA., Granovskii, V.L.

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Measurement of ice growth during simulated and natural icing conditions using ultrasonic pulse-echo techniques.

Hansman, R.J., Jr., et al, Journal of aircraft, June 1986, 23(6), p.492-498, 7 refs.

Kirby, M.S. Ultrasonic tests, Ice accretion, Icing rate.

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Proceedings, Vols. 1 and 2. IAHR Symposium on Ice, 8th, Iowa City, Aug. 18-22, 1986, 1986), 2 vols., Refs. passim. For individual papers see 40-4529 through 40-4608.
Ice loads, Ice navigation, Offshore structures, Ice me-

chanics, Ice strength, Engineering, Meetings, Icing, Ice jams, Ice solid interface, Ice physics, Pressure

40-4529

Somme

STATE OF THE STATE

Laboratory study of flow in an ice-covered sand bed

Wuebben, J.L., MP 2123, IAHR Symposium on Ice, whether the City, Aug. 18-22, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.1, (1986), p.3-14, 11 refs.
Channels (waterways), Ice cover effect, Water flow,

Bottom topography, Sands, Flow rate, Bottom ice, Sediment transport, Tests, Analysis (mathematics).

Sediment transport, Tests, Analysis (mathematics). The objective of this study was to examine the effects of adding an ice cover to flow in a movable bed channel. A series of five tests at four water discharges were conducted in a 36-m-long recirculating flume facility that is 1.2 m wide and 0.6 m deep. After uniform, equilibrium conditions were established for a flow of water with a free surface, essentially identical runs were repeated with the addition of smooth and rough ice covers. All tests were run at room temperature, approximately 19 C, with simulated ice covers. The sediment was a uniform, 0.45-mm-diameter quartz sand and bed forms were in the ripple and dune regimes. The major variables examined in this paper include bed form height, wavelength, Manning's roughness and sediment discharge.

Dynamic unsteady one-dimensional flow routing in

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Huokuna, M.

River flow, Ice cover effect, River ice, Flow rate, Ice conditions, Dams, Ice forecasting, Mathemodels, Frazil ice, Thermal effects, Finland. Mathematical 40-4531

Effects of flow regime on freeze-up processes in small rivers.

Santeford, H.S., et al, IAHR Symposium on Ice, 8th, Iowa City, Aug. 18-22, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.1, 1986, p.27-40, 4 refs. Alger, G.R., Irmen-Christensen, M.

River flow, Freezeup, Ice conditions, Ice floes, Flow

rate. 40.4532

Estimation of resistance to flow in ice covered chan-

nels using binary velocity distributions.

Hendriksen, F., et al, IAHR Symposium on Ice, 8th, Iowa City, Aug. 18-22, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.1, Iowa City, Aug. 18-22, 1986. (1986), p.41-52, 8 refs. Davar, K.S.

Channels (waterways), Water flow, Flow rate, Ice cover effect, River flow, Velocity, Priction, Slope orientation, Analysis (mathematics).

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Chee, S.P., et al, IAHR Symposium on Ice, 8th, Iowa City, Aug. 18-22, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.1, (1986), p.53-62, 7 refs. Ray, S.

Stream flow, Ice cover effect, Flow rate, Ice bottom surface, Bottom topography, Surface roughness, Channels (waterways), Slope orientation, Velocity, River flow, Analysis (mathematics).

40-4534

Formation of ice cover on impounding reservoir and its influence on roughness coefficients and flow condi-

Majewski, W., et al, IAHR Symposium on Ice, 8th, Iowa City, Aug. 18-22, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.1, (1986), p.63-74, 5 refs.
Grzes, M.

Ice formation, Reservoirs, River flow, Ice cover efct, River ice, Flow rate, Surface roughness, Ice conditions. Ice isms. Ice bottom surface.

40-4535

Packing in front of a forming river ice cover. Michel, B., IAHR Symposium on Ice, 8th, Iowa City, Aug. 18-22, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.1, [1986], p.75-87, 17 refs.

River ice, Ice formation, Pack ice, Ice cover thickness, Ice dams, Analysis (mathematics), Computer applications.

40-4536

Simple mathematical model of moving sheet ice. Marcotte, N., IAHR Symposium on Ice, 8th, Iowa City, Aug. 18-22, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.1, Proceedings, City, Aug. 18-22, 19 1986, p.89-100, 6 refs.

(1986), p.89-100, 6 refs. Ice mechanics, Ice sheets, River ice, River flow, Mathematical models, Water temperature, Heat transfer, Ice deformation, Velocity, Flow rate, Computer applications.

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Hateraction of waves with ice floes.

Kobayashi, N., et al, IAHR Symposium on Ice, 8th, Iowa City, Aug. 18-22, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.1, 1986, p. 101-112, 28 refs.

Frankenstein, S.

Ice floes, Ocean waves, Ice water interface, Ice models, Ice loads, Offshore structures, Exploration, Petroleum industry, Icebergs, Velocity.

40-4538

Nonlinear interactions of waves under a stressed. elastic ice sheet.

Green, T., III, IAHR Symposium on Ice, 8th, Iowa City, Aug. 18-22, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.1, 1986, p.113-124, 5 refs.
Ice sheets, Ice elasticity, Water waves, Ice water in-

terface, Tensile properties, Compressive properties, Analysis (mathematics), Wave propagation. 40-4539

Uplifting ice forces on long vertical walls.
Christensen, F.T., et al, IAHR Symposium on Ice, 8th, Iowa City, Aug. 18-22, 1986 Proceedings, Vol.1, (1986), p.127-135, 7 refs. Tryde, P.

Ice loads, Walls, Water level, Ice pressure, Ice cracks, Ice cover strength, Analysis (mathematics), Uplift pressure.

Calculation of ice force exer if u; - drifting floe on

ordige ver or other h, drank v. mackets.
Since, links v. positini on ice, 8th, lows City, 18-22, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.1, [1986], p.137-

168, 2 refs.

Ice loads, Bridges, Piers, Ice pressure, Dynamic loads, Drift, Tests, Impact strength, Analysis (mathematics).

40-4541

Ice sheet failure against an inclined wall.

Mastanen, M., IAHR Symposium on Ice, 8th, Iowa City, Aug. 18-22, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.1, 1986, p.149-158, 10 refs. Proceedings, Vol.1,

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40-4542

Probabilistic model for multiyear ice ridge loads on

Winkler, M.M., et al, IAHR Symposium on Ice, 8th, Iowa City, Aug. 18-22, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.1, (1986), p.159-170, 14 refs.

Recce, A.M.

Pressure ridges, Ice loads, Offshore structures, Models, Ice override, Ice floes, Offshore drilling, Design criteria. Ice cover thickness.

40-4543

Ice ridge ride-up forces on conical structures Winkler, M.M., et al, IAHR Symposium on Ice, 8th, Iowa City, Aug. 18-22, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.1, 1986, p.171-183, 7 refs.
Nordgren, R.P.

Pressure ridges, Ice override, Ice loads, Flexural strength, Analysis (mathematics).

40-4544

Experimental studies of ice forces on conical structures.

Kato, K., IAHR Symposium on Ice, 8th, Iowa City, Aug. 18-22, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.1, [1986],

Aug. 18-22, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.1, [1986], p.185-196, 3 refs.
Ice loads, Offshore structures, Ice pressure, Ice breaking, Ice override, Experimentation, Analysis (mathematics).

40-4545

Model study of a floating, moored platform in a moving field of mashy ice rubble.

Matsuishi, M., et al, IAHR Symposium on Ice, 8th, Iowa City, Aug. 18-22, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.1, [1986], p.197-209, 3 refs.

Ice loads, Floating structures, Ice conditions, Doped ice, Impact strength, Tests, Ures, Analysis (mathematics). Platforms.

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Takekuma, K., et al, IAHR Symposium on Ice, 8th, Iowa City, Aug. 18-22, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.1, 1986, p.211-222, 1 ref.

(1986), p.211-222, 1 rer. Kitami, E., Kayo, Y., Fujita, T. Test chambers, Test equipment, Ice loads, Cold cham-bers, Laboratories, Design, Engineering, Experimen-ter, Laboratories, Design, Engineering, Experimen-Ice sheets, Refrigeration.

Deep setting foundation of anti-ice platform-mud suc-

tion-drainage system.

Wang, Q.J., IAHR Symposium on Ice, 8th, Iowa City,
Aug. 18-22, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.1, [1986],
p.223-229, 5 refs.

Ice loads, Offshore structures, Foundations, Ice strength, Pile structures, Design, Mud, Countermeasures, Ice pressure, Pintforms.

40-4548

Design value of pressure due to expansion of ice sheet

Xu, B., IAHR Symposium on Ice, 8th, Iowa City, Aug. Proceedings, Vol.1, (1986), p.231 238 2 refs.

Ice pressure, Ice sheets, Reservoirs, Ice growth, Ice cover thickness, Temperature variations, Air temperature, Ice temperature.

Comparison of two constitutive theories for compres-

sive deformation of columnar sea ice. Brown, R.L., et al, MP 2124, IAHR Symposium on lee, 8th, lowa City, Aug. 18-22, 1'86. Vol.1 (1986), p. 26-252, 11 refs. Richier-Menge, J.A., Cox, G.F.N. Proceedings.

Ice deformation, Compressive properties, Ice crystal structure. Sea ice, Viscoelastic materials, Models, Stress strain diagrams, Analysis (mathematics).

Two constitutive formulations are used to represent the constitutive behavior of columnar sea ice under variable path compressive loadings. The first is a single integral representation which has been successfully used to model viscoelastic materials. This representation is a convenient form for describing nonlinear rate dependent properties and is mathematically more tractable than multiple integral representations or nonlinear differential relations. The second constitutive formulation is an elastic-viscoplastic relation which defines the instantance of the control of the con ous strain rate in terms of several microdynamical variat (compressive mobile dislocation density, tensile modislocation density, and specific microcrack surface area).

Integrated constitutive theory for the mechanical behavior of sea ice: experimental verification.

Sunder, S.S., IAHR Symposium on Ice, 8th, Iowa City, Aug. 18-22, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.1, [1986], p.253-264, 11 refs.

Ice mechanics, Ice creep, Ice strength, Sea ice, Strain tests, Ice cracks, Models, Theories, Ice elasticity, Practuring.

Comparison of small-scale and large-scale sea ice strengths.

Petrie, D.H., et al, IAHR Symposium on Ice, 8th, Iowa City, Aug. 18-22, 1986. [1986], p.265-277, 8 refs. Poplin, J.P. Proceedings,

Ice strength, Sea ice, Compressive properties, Ice conditions, Strain tests, Ice temperature, Ice crystal structure, Tests, Ice salinity, United States—Alaska -Prudhoe Bay.

Field measurements of the shear strength of colum-

Frederking, R., et al, IAHR Symposium on Ice, 8th, Iowa City, Aug. 18-22, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.1, 1986, p.279-292, 10 refs.
Timco, G.W.

Ice strength, Shear strength, Loads (forces), Sea ice, Tests, Air entrainment, Ice temperature, Ice crystal structure, Porosity.

Full-thickness sea ice strength tests. Lee, J., et al, IAHR Symposium on Ice, 8th, Iowa City, Aug. 18-22, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.1, [1986], p.293-306, 3 refs. Ralston, T.D., Petrie, D.H.

Ice cover strength, Ice cover thickness, Sea ice, Strain tests, Compressive properties, Tests, Ice temperature, Temperature distribution, Ice crystal structure, Ice salinity.

40-4554

Secondary creep in confined ice samples.

Nadreau, J.P., et al. IAHR Symposium on Ice, 8th, Iowa City, Aug. 18-22, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.1, (1986), p.307-318, 18 refs.

Michel, B.

Ice creep, Loads (forces), Ice strength, Tests, Ice salinity, Compressive properties, Tensile properties, Temperature effects, Stress strain diagrams.

Ball penetration into a floating ice plate. Khrapatyi, N.G., et al, IAHR Symposium on Ice, 8th, Iowa City, Aug. 18-22, 1986. [1986], p.319-327, 5 refs. Takhteev, V.A., Gomol'skii, S.G. Proceedings, Vol.1,

Floating ice, Penetration tests, Ice elasticity, Analysis (mathematics).

40-4556

Application of fracture mechanics techniques to icestructure interaction problems.

Hamza, H., IAHR Symposium on Ice, 8th. Iowa City, Aug. 18-22, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.1, [1986],

Aug. 18-22, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.1, [1986], p.329-347, Refs. p.335-342. Ice loads, Ice cracks, Offshore structures, Ice solid interface, Fracturing, Engineering, Loads (forces), Design, Stress, Ice floes, Computer applications.

40-4557

Multiaxial mechanical properties of urea doped ice. Multiaxiai mechanical properties of urea doped ice. Hausler, F.U., IAHR Symposium on Ice, 8th. Iowa City, Aug. 18-22, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.1, 1986, p.349-363, 22 refs. Ice mechanics, Doped ice, Loads (forces), Strains, Ice

strength, Urea, Tests, Temperature effects, Anisotropy, Compressive properties.

40-4558

Practure toughness of model ice.
Dempsey, J.P., et al, MP 2125, IAHR Symposium on Ice, 8th, Iowa City, Aug. 18-22, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.1, [1986], p.365-376, 28 refs.
Bentley, D.L., Sodhi, D.S.

Ice cracks, Fracturing, Ice strength, Tensile properties, Compressive properties, Stresses, Strains.

ties, Compressive properties, Stresses, Strains.

A wedge-loaded TDCB (tapered double-cantilever-beam) test spelimen was used to measure the fracture toughness of model ice. Crack path stability under tensile cracking conditions was ensured by way of the crack-parallel compressive stress provided by the displacement controlled wedge loading. The TDCB specimen size and ice thickness were such that plane strain fracture toughness values were obtained. The influence of crack tip acuity and loading rate were examined.

40-4559

Testing methods for adfreeze bond strength between sea ice and various materials.

Saeki, H., et al, 1AHR Symposium on Ice, 8th, Iowa City, Aug. 18-22, 1986. Proceedings. Vol.1, 1986, p.377-388, 4 refs.

Ice adhesion, Ice solid interface, Sea ice, Offshore structures, Concrete structures, Steel structures,

40-4560

Laboratory and field studies of ice friction coefficient. Tatinclaux, J.C., et al, MP 2126, IAHR Symposium on Ice, 8th, lowa City, Aug. 18-22, 1986. Proceedings, Vol. 1, [1986], p. 389-400, 5 refs. Forland, K.A., Murdey, D. Ice friction, Ice crystal structure, Surface roughness,

Steel structures, Shear strength, Tests, Air tempera-

Results of laboratory and field tests on the dynamic friction factor between ice (freshwater, urea-doped, and granular or columns; sea ice) and bare or Inerta-coated steel plates of varicolumns sen ice) and bare or Inerta-coated steel plates of various roughness averages are presented. Laboratory tests were made at three air temperatures, T=-15,-9, and -2 C, with either the ice sample towed over the test plate or a plate sample towed over the ice sheet. Al' field tests were made at T=-2 C to 0 C. The maximum test velocity was 30 cm/s, and the normal pressure was of the order of 10 kPa. From the test results it is concluded that viscous shear in the meltwater layer between ice and test plate may dominate when the test plate is very smooth, as proposed by Oksanen in his analytical model, but when the material roughness increases, mechanical shear of the ice crystals dominates. the ice crystals dominates

40-4561

Experiments on freeze-bonding between ice blocks in

floating ice rubble. Schaefer, J.A., et al, IAHR Symposium on Ice, 8th, Iowa City, Aug. 18-22, 1986. [1986], p.401-413, 17 refs. Proceedings, Vol.1,

Floating ice, Ice strength, Ice adhesion, Ice pressure, Shear strength, Ice cover thickness, Cold chambers, Experimentation.

40-4562

Frazil disk diameters.

Hanley, T.O., IAHR Symposium on Ice, 8th, Iowa City, Aug. 18-22, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.1, [1986], p.417-426., 8 refs.

Frazil ice, Ice growth, Temperature effects, Cold chambers, Air temperature, Water flow, Grain size.

Frazil ice measurements in CRREL's flume facility. Daly, S.F., et al, MP 2127, IAHR Symposium on Ice, 8th, Iowa City, Aug. 18-22, 1986. Proceedings, Vol. 1, [1986], p. 427-438, 9 refs. Colbeck, S.C.

Frazil ice. Particle size distribution, Ice growth, Ice crystal arclei, Ice mechanics.

crystal nrclei, Ice mechanics.

In a series of recent experiments the dynamic size distribution and concentration of frazil ice crystals were measured in the U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory (CRREL) refrigerated flume facility. These data were found using a crystal imaging system developed at CRREL. The imaging system consists of a circular fiber-optic strobe light, a microscope, and either a high resolution television camera and monitor or a 35 min camera. The system can observe crystal sizes ranging from 30 micrometers to several millimeters. This system was attached to a movable carriage mounted on the flume. A series of experiments were performed. In each experiment, the size distribution of the frazil crystals was measured as it developed along the length of the flume. The slope of 1, a flume and the bottom roughness of the flume were varied to provide a range of hydraulic conditions. Supercooling levels to provide a range of hydraulic conditions. Supercooling levels of 0.01 C to 0.04 C were achieved in the flume and held constant for several hours.

40-4564

Preliminary study of a structure to form an ice cover

Preliminary study of a structure to form an fee color on river rapids during winter. Perham, R.E., MP 2128, IAHR Symposium on Ice, 8th, Iowa City, Aug. 18-22, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.1, [1986], p.439-450, 9 refs. Ice growth, Ice cover, Frazil Ice, Hydraulic struc-tures, Ice dams, River ice, Countermeasures, Flood-

ing, Tests, Ice booms.

The concept of using a trash-rack-like fence across a river to form an overflow weir by accumulating fracti tee was studied. The main purpose of the structure is to create an upstream pool. ane main purpose of the structure is to create an upstream pool on which a smooth ice cover can form. Laboratory tests in a refrigerated flume provided structural stability guidance and some frazil accumulation experience, with the latter being somewhat inconclusive. Field tests were conducted using a 19-m-long by 1.22-m-high fence boom across two approximately 17 m-wide rivers, one in New Hampshire and one in Vermont.

Growth of ice cover in steep and small rivers.

Hirayama, K., IAHR Symposium on Ice, 8th, Iowa City, Aug. 18-22, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.1, (1986), p.451-464, 14 refs.

Ice growth, River ice, Frazil ice, Fast ice, Ice cover, River flow, Air temperature, Analysis (mathematics).

40-4566

Sub-ice channels and longitudinal frazil bars, ice-cov-

read Tanana River, Alaska.

Lawson, D.E., et al, MP 2129, IAHR Symposium on Ice, 8th, Iowa City, Aug. 18-22, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.1, [1986], p.465-474, 6 refs.

Chacho, E.F., Brockett, B.E.

River flow, Subglacial drainage, Channels (waterways), Frazil ice, River ice, Icebound rivers, Ice bottom surface, Sediment transport, Velocity, United States-Alaska-Tanana River.

Repetitive surveys and measurements from 1983 through 1986 of the ice-covered Tanans River near Fairbanks, Alaska, have of the ice-covered Tanana River near Fairbanks, Alaska, have shown that flow occurs in sub-ice channels that are separated by longitudinal bars composed of stratified, partly consolidated frazil ice of varying type and distribution — In contrast to hanging dams, these frazil bars extend up- and downstream parallel to flow as well as from the base of the ice cover to the bed, and act as lateral walls for the sub-ice channels. Individual sub-ice act as interst wast for the sub-rec channels. Individual sub-rec channels may branch and reunite, thus forming a braided pat-tern beneath the ice cover. Longitudinal frazil bars apparently develop at locations characterized by lower velocities, such as where currents are diverted by irregularities in the bed or in the hase of the ice cover.

Frazil ice pebbles: frazil ice aggregates in the Tanana

Frazil ice pebbles: frazil ice aggregates in the Tanana River near Fairbanks, Alaska.
Chacho, E.F., et al, MP 2130, IAHR Symposium on Ice, 8th, Iowa City, Aug. 18-22, 1986. Proceedings, Vol. 1, [1986], p.475-483, 4 refs.
Lawson, D.E., Brockett, B.E.

razil ice, Ice mechanics, Ice growth, Aggregates, Grain size, Abrasion, United States-Alaska-Tanana River.

na River.

A unique form of frazil ice aggregate, the frazil ice pebble, occurs in large quantities in the Tanana River near Fairbanks, Alaska. Frazil pebbles consist of a mixture of individual particles, including other aggregates, which are bound together to form a consolidated, compact mass that is similar in appearance to water-worn stream pebbles. Frazil pebbles have been found incorporated into the ice cover, in transport beneath the ice cover and in frazil deposits. They range in length from less than 5 mm to greater than 150 mm. Internally, grains composing the frazil pebbles do not possess a preferred C-axis orientation, but appear to show an alignment related to grain size and shape. shape.

40-4568

Dahl, R., IAHR Symposium on Ice, 8th, Iowa City, Aug. 18-22, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.1, [1986], Aug. 18-22, 1986 p.485-492, 2 refs.

Ice formation, Ice erosion, River ice, River flow, Seasonal variations, Ice growth, Ice cover.

40-4569

Elementary mathematical modelling of anchor ice. Marcotte, N., et al, IAHR Symposium on Ice, 8th, Iowa City, Aug. 18-22, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.1, [1986], p.493-506. Robert, S.

Bottom ice, Ice growth, River ice, Heat transfer, Mathematical models, Water level, Computer applications.

40-4570

Experiments on naled ice growth.
Schohl, G.A., et al, IAHR Symposium on Icc, 8th, Iowa City, Aug. 18-22, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.1, (1986), p.507-520, 5 refs.
Ettema, R.

Naleds, Ice growth, Tests, Analysis (mathematics), Time factor.

40-4571

Thin ice sheet formation on warm water.

Huusser, R., et al, IAHR Symposium on Ice, 8th, Iowa City, Aug. 18-22, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.1, (1986), p.521-532, 2 refs.
Drouin, M., Parkinson, F.E.

Ice formation, Water temperature, acc secets, Ice cover thickness, River ice, is at balance, I rost.

40-4572

Ice cover thawing caused by flowing water

Matousek, V., IAHR Symposium on Lic City, Aug. 18-22, 1986. Of ding (1986), p.533-545, 3 refs. h, lowa dings,

Ice melting, Water flow, River ice, Ice cover, Water temperature, Velocity, Ice navigation, Analysis (mathematics).

40-4573

Two-dimensional simulation of ice cover formation in a large river.

Shen, H.T., et al, IAHR Symposium on Ice, 8th, Iowa City, Aug. 18-22, 1986. [1986], p.547-558, 17 refs. Ho, C.-F Proceedings,

Ice formation, River ice, Mathematical models, Ice

Modelling initial ice formation in rivers and oceans. Omstedt, A., IAHR Symposium on Ice, 8th, Iowa City, Aug. 18-22, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.1, 1986, p.559-568, 14 refs. Ice formation, River ice, See ice, Mathematical mod-

els.

40-4575

On the thermal diffusivity of sea ice.
Langleben, M.P., IAHR Symposium on Ice, 8th, Iowa
City, Aug. 18-22, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.1,
(1986), p.569-578, 5 refs.

Ice temperature, Sea ice, Ice surface, Thermal diffu-sion, Floating ice, Surface temperature, Time factor. 40-4576

Thermal and phase stability analysis of constructed ice islands.

tice islands.

Hocking, G., et al, IAHR Symposium on Ice, 8th, Iowa
City, Aug. 18-22, 1986. Proceedings, Vol. 1,
[1986], p. 579-590, 15 refs.

Worgan, K.

Ice islands, Thermal regime, Offshore structures, De-

sign, Stability, Temperature control, Mass balance, Analysis (mathematics).

40-4577

Model tests of the ridge-building process in ice. Timco, G.W., et al, IAHR Symposium on Ice, 8th, Iowa City, Aug. 18-22, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.1, 1986, p.591-602, 4 refs. [1986], p.5 Sayed, M.

Pressure ridges, Ice formation, Ice cover thickness Ice growth, Models, Experimentation, Flexural strength.

40-4578

On modelling of ice ridge formation.

Sayed, M., et al, IAHR Symposium on Ice, 8th, Iowa
City, Aug. 18-22, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.1, (1986), p.603-614, 15 refs.

Frederking, R.

Pressure ridges, Ice formation, Ice cover thickness, Stresses, Ice models, Analysis (mathematics). 40-4579

40-4579
Force transfer and behavior of rubble piles.
Williams, J.R., et al, IAHR Symposium on Ice, 8th, Iowa City, Aug. 18-22, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.1, (1986), p.615-626, 16 refs.
Mustoe, G.G.W., Worgan, K.
Pressure ridges, Loads (forces), Offshore structures, Ice formation, Ice loads, Ice cover thickness, Forecasting, Ice solid interface, Ice cracks, Ice mechanics.

40-4580

Preliminary studies of grounded ice jams.

Beltaos, S., et al, IAHR Symposium on Ice, 8th, Iowa
City, Aug. 18-22, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.2, (1986), p.3-14, 13 refs.

Wong, J.

Ice jams, Grounded ice, Flooding, Stability, Slope orientation, Tests.

40-4581

Potential solution to ice jam flooding: Salmon River,

Tunno.

Earickson, J., et al, MP 2131, IAHR Symposium on Ice, 8th, Iowa City, Aug. 18-22, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.2, [1986], p.15-25, 10 refs.

Zufelt, J.E.

Zuicit, J.E. Ice jams, Flooding, Water level, Flood control, Freezeup, River ice, Ice control, Design, Ice booms, United States—Idaho—Salmon River.

Ontrea States—Idano—Salmon River.

The uppermoct 140 miles of the Salmon River ge ierates great quantities of frazil ice throughout Idaho's cold winters. A freeze-up ice jam forms at a slackwater region 27 miles downstream of the city of Salmon, Idaho every win.er, and often progresses upstream to the city. As the ice jam moves through Salmon, the river level can rise 6 to 8 feet and cause extensive flooding. Flooding has occurred at least 32 times since 1900, and the 1982 flood caused \$1,000,000 in damages.

40-4582

Preliminary study on the ice jam at the Liujiaxia reach of the Yellow River.

Yang, L., IAHR Symposium on Ice, 8th, Iowa Cicy, Aug. 18-22, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.2, [1986], p.27-38, 1 ref.
Ice jams, Water level, Reservoirs, Flooding, Ice cover thickness, Velocity, China—Yellow River.

Prototype observation and study of ice jam at Hequ section of the Yellow River.

Sun, Z., et al, IAHR Symposium on ice, 8th, Iowa City, Aug. 18-22, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.2, City, Aug. 18 (1986), p.39-48.

Ice jams, Ice cover thickness, Ice conditions, River ice, Air temperature, Water level, Analysis (mathematics), China—Yellow River.

40-4584

On the law of similarity of hydraulic model for ice fine

Sun, Z., et al, IAHR Symposium on Ice, 8th, Iowa City, Aug. 18-22, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.2, [1986], p.49-59, 4 refs.
Yang, B.
Ice floes, Ice mechanics, Drift, River flow, Ice cover

thi:kness, Hydraulics, Analysis (mathematics), Models.

40-4585

Winter traffic on the Trollhatte Canal and the Lake

Scive, T., IAHR Symposium on Ice, 8th, Iowa City, Aug. 18-22, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.2, [1986],

Ice vavigation, Ice conditions, River ice, Ice breaking, Channels (waterways), Seasonal variations, Ice-breakers, Bubbling.

40-4586

Great Lakes-limited season extension.

Argiroff, C., et al, IAHR Symposium of Ice, 8th, Iowa City, Aug. 18-22, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.2, City, Aug. 18-22, [1986], p.75-86, 7 refs.

Weigum, L.E. Ice navigation, Lake ice, River ice, Oil spills, Environmental impact.

Investigation of ice navigation properties of icebreak-ers and organization of icebreaking operations in river begins

river basins.

Tronin, V.A., et al, IAHR Symposium on Ice, 8th, lowa City, Aug. 18-22, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.2, 1986, p.87-99, 4 refs.

Poliakov, A.S., Malinovskii, V.A.

Ice navigation, Icebreakers, River Ice, Ice breaking,

40-4588

Two-dimensional plasticity and momentum model for

Two-dimensional plasticity and momentum model for ship resistance in level ice. Luk, C.H., IAHR Symposium on Ice, 8th, Iowa City, Aug. 18-22, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.2, [1986], p.101-112, 6 refs. Ice navigation, Ice breaking, Icebreakers, Ice strength, Analysis (mathematics).

On the ice-breaking component in the level ice resist-

nnce.
Nyman, T., IAHR Symposium on Ice, 8th, Iowa City,
Aug. 18-22, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.2, [1986],
p.113-124, 3 refs.
Ice navigation, Ice breaking, Ice strength, Ice elasticity, Ice models, Flexural strength, Tests, Ships.

40-4590

Study on ice load and motion of storage barge system in ice.

In ice.
Norimatsu, Y., et al, IAHR Symposium on Ice, 8th, Iowa City, Aug. 18-22, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.2, 1986, p. 125-136, 10 refs.
Kawasaki, T., Minami, T., Schwarz, J.

Ice navigation, Ice loads, Offshore structures, Ice solid interface, Ice sheets, Ice conditions, Velocity, Floating structures, Analysis (mathematics), Models.

Design and model testing of a river ice prow.
Tstinclaux, J.C., MP 2132, IAHR Symposium on Ice,

8th, Iowa City, Aug. 18-22, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.2, [1986], p.137-150, 16 refs. Ice navigation, River ice, Ice conditions, Ice breaking, Design, Dams, Locks (waterways), Models, Tests.

Design, Dams, Locks (waterways), Models, Tests. One of the tasks in the Corps of Engineers River Ice Management (RIM) program is to develop an ice prow capable of creating nearly ice-free channels in the vicinity of locks and dams on the Illinois and Ohio Rivers. Based on a literature survey the selected concept was that of a barge type attachment to be mounted ahead of a towboat. The prow is equipped with ice knives, and has a gently sloping bottom equipped with deflector vanes. The paper presents the results of model resistance tests which served to select the vane configuration and number of ice knives. A prototype of the prow is under final design for construction; field testing and demonstration are scheduled for winter 1986-87.

Marine icing and spongy ice.

Gates, E.M., et al, IAHR Symposium on Ice, 8th, Iowa
City, Aug. 18-22, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.2,
1986, p.153-163, 13 refs.
Narten, R., Lozowski, E.P., Makkonen, L.

Ship icing, Ice accretion, Spongy ice, Heat transfer, Unfrozen water content, Experimentation, Air temperature, Velocity, Models.

40-4593

40-4593
Salt entrapment in spray ice.
Makkonen, L., IAHR Symposium on Ice, 8th, Iowa
City, Aug. 18-22, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.2,
1986, p.165-178, 22 refs.
Icing, Ice growth, Sea spray, Ice salinity, Floating
structures, Theories, Preezing, Sea ice, Ship icing,
Offshore structures, Drift, Protective coatings.

40.4504

Icing of fishing vessels. Part 1: Splashing a ship with apray.
Zakrzewski, W.P., IAHR Symposium on Ice, 8th, Iowa

Zakrzewski, w.F., IAFIK Symposium on Ice, 8th, Iowa City, Aug. 18-22, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.2, 1986, p. 170-194, 17 refs.

Ship icing, Sea spray, Ice loads, Ice growth, Superstructures, Unfrozen water content, Mathematical

models, Wind velocity.

40-4595 Icing of fishing vessels. Part 2: Ice growth rates

and simulation of icing.

Zakrzewski, W.P., IAHR Symposium on Ice, 8th, Iowa

Zakrzewski, W.P., IAHK Symposium on Ice, 8th, Iowa City, Aug. 18-22, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.2, r[1986], p.195-207, 15 refs.
Ship icing, Ice growth, Ice accretion, Ice loads, Sea spray, Heat balance, Analysis (mathematics), Water temperature, Models.

40-4596

New time-dependent ice accretion model for non-

New time-dependent ice accretion model for non-rotating cylinders.

Szilder, K., et al, IAHR Symposium on Ice, 8th, Iowa City, Aug. 18-22, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.2, 1986, p.209-220, 5 refs. Lozowski, E.P., Gates, E.M. Ice accretion, Icing, Heat balance, Analysis (mathematics), Models, Temperature effects, Time factor,

40-4597

40-4397
Bubblers and pumps for melting ice.
Ashton, G.D., MP 2133, IAHR Symposium on Ice,
8th, Iowa City, Aug. 18-22, 1986. Proceedings,
Vol.2, [1986], p.223-234, 8 refs.
Ice melting, Bubbling, Water temperature, Pumps,
Water flow, Hydraulic jets, Analysis (mathematics).
Air bubbling austems and submerged numps have both been

Water flow, Hydraulic jets, Analysis (mathematics). Air bubbling systems and submerged pumps have both been used to induce a jet-like flow of warm water against the underside of ice sheets resulting in ice melting. The mechanics of air bubbling systems for this purpose has been analyzed previously and analytical methods are available to evaluate their effectiveness. A similar analysis of the melting caused by pump systems is presented. A comparison of the effectiveness of bubblers and pumps is made in terms of power. Finally the advantages and disadvantages of the two kinds of systems are contrasted.

40-4598

Ice management at Dickinson Dam spillway crest

gate.
Burgi, P.H., et al, IAHR Symposium on Ice, 8th, Iowa
City, Aug. 18-22, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.2,
1986, p.235-247, 2 refs.
Krogstad, D.E.

Ice floes, Ice control, Ice booms, Dams, Pumps, Water temperature, Damage, Countermeasures, Design, Maintenance.

Frazil ice control using pneumatic guns.

Mussalli, Y.G., IAHR Symposium on Ice, 8th, Iowa
City, Aug. 18-22, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.2,
[1986], p.249-256, 4 refs. Ice control, Frazil ice, Tests, Equipment, Vibration,

Design criteria, Acoustic measurement, Pressure.

Experimental study of ice sluicing through the diver-sion tunnel of the Baishan Hydro-Power Project. Chen, C., IAHR Symposium on Ice, 8th, Iowa City, Aug. 18-22, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.2, [1986], Aug. 18-22, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.2, [1986], p.257-268, 4 refs. Ice conditions, Ice deterioration, Ice jams, River ice,

Sluices (hydraulic engineering), Ice breakup, Design, Ice models, Ice cover thickness, Ice mechanics.

BIVA project.

Lock, G.S.H., IAHR Symposium on Ice, 8th, Iowa City, Aug. 18-22, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.2, 1936, p.269-280, 10 refs. Ice growth, Heat pipes, River flow, Heat transfer, Pluid flow, Hydraulics.

Role of fracture in limiting ice forces.

Role of fracture in limiting fee forces.
Hallam, S.D., IAHR Symposium on Ice. 8th, Iowa
City, Aug. 18-22, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.2,
1986, p.287-319, Refs. p.316-319.
Ice loads, Ice mechanics, Offshore structures, Ice
cracks, Ice creep, Drift, Rheology, Bearing strength,
Brittleness, Fracturing, Compressive properties, Tensilla properties. Stress stress disconnections. sile properties, Stress strain diagrams.

40-4043

Ice forces on multi-legged structures.

Timco, G.W., IAHR Symposium on Ice, 8th, Iowa City, Aug. 18-22, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.2, 1986, p.321-337, Refs. p.335-337.

Ice loads, Offshore structures, Ice mechanics, Ice solid interface, Ice pressure, Ice sheets, Docks, Models, Dynamic loads.

40-4604

Flexural and buckling failure of floating ice sheets

sgainst structures. Sodhi, D.S., MP 2134, IAHR Symposium on Ice, 8th, Iowa City, Aug. 18-22, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.2, 1986, p.339-359, Refs. p.356-359. Ploating ice, Ice strength, Offshore structures, Flexual Landing Conference of Ice and Inc. Ice and I

ral strength, Ice pressure, Ice solid interface, Ice deformation, Ice sheets, Stresses, Ice cover thickness, Ice adhesion.

ICE BADESION.

This is a review of work on bending and buckling failure of floating ice sheets, along with the forces generated during ice/structure interaction. The focus is on the work published after 1980. Estimation of ice forces as a result of bending and buckling failure of an ice sheet can be made with a fair degree of confidence when the ice/structure interaction leads to one of the two modes of failure. The problem of multimodal failure of floating ice sheets needs further study

Pressure-area curve for ice.

Sanderson, T.J.O., IAHR Symposium on Ice, 8th, Iowa City, Aug. 18-22, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.2, 1986, p.361-384, Refs. p.381-384. Ice pressure, Ice solld interface, Structures, Tests,

Stresses, Icebreakers, Analysis (mathematics).

Chari, T.R., et al. IAHR Symposium on Ice, 8th, Iowa City, Aug. 18-22, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.2, 1986, p. 385-404, Refs. p. 400-404.

Ice scoring, Icebergs, Pressure ridges, Hydraulic structures, Ocean bottom, Bottom sediment, Bottom topography, Mathematical models, Stresses.

Numerical and finite element techniques in calculation of ice-structure interaction.

Jordaan, I.J., IAHR Symposium on Ice, 8th, Iowa City,

Aug. 18-22, 1986. Proceedings, Vol.2. [1986], p.405-440, Refs. p.435-440. Ice solid interface, Ice mechanics, Ice loads, Structures, Flexural strength, Ice cracks, Damage, Ice pressure, Stress strain diagrams, Ice creep, Tests, Shear properties.

40-4608

Field techniques for ice force measurements.

Croasdale, K.R., et al, IAHR Symposium on Ice, 8th, lowa City, Aug. 18-22, 1986. Proceedings, [1986], p.443-482, Refs. p.469-474. Frederking, R. Ice loads, Offshore structures, Ice solid interface, Ice

pressure, Stresses, Strains, Measuring instruments, Tests.

40-4609

Mineralized plugging cements for finishing wells under complicated natural conditions. [Mineralizo vannye tamponazhnye rastvory dlia tsementirovaniia skvazhin v slozhnykh usloviiakh, Bakshutov, V.S., Moscow, Nedra, 1986, 272p., In Rus-

sian with English table of contents enclosed. 43 refs. Cements, Drilling, Wells, Cement admixtures, Per-mafrost, Drilling fluids, Minerals, Concrete freezing, Concrete hardening.

40-4610

Grounded foundations for communication, and signaling, centralization and block system apparatus. (Svainye fundamenty-zazemliteli apparatury STsB i

sviazij, Sokhor, V.M., Transportnoe stroitel'stvo, June 1986, No.6, p.27-29, In Russian. 5 refs.

Concretes, Electrical grounding, Piles, Foundations, Electrical properties, Permafrost beneath structures.

Effective highly viscous polymer coating for transport-related structures. Effektivnye vysokoviazkie polimernye pokrytiis dlia transportnykh sooruzheniñ.

Roiak, G.S., et al, *Transportnoe stroitel'stvo*, June 1986, No.6, p.31-32, In Russian. 3 refs. Glazman, F.B., Safronova, N.A.

Steel structures, Frost resistance. Corrosion. Polymers. Insulation.

40-4612

Scheme of using the middle Yenisey and lower Angara

Mikhailov, L.P., et al, Hydrotechnical construction, Nov. 1985 (Pub. May 86), 19(11), p.567-573, Translated from Gidrotekhnicheskoe stroitel'stvo. Dotsenko, T.P., Smirnov, E.A., Shtaier, L.M. Electric power, Hydraulic structures, Concrete struc-

tures, Dams, Foundations, River basins, Industrial buildings.

40-4613

Hydraulic excavation in the wintertime in Siberia.

Popov, IU.A., et al, Hydrotechnical construction, Nov. 1985 (Pub. May 86), 19(11), p.573-576, Translated from Gidrotekhnicheskoe stroitel'stvo. 8 refs. Sadlef, B.V., Dziubenko, L.F.

Cold weather construction, Earthwork, Hydraulic fill, Dredging.

40-4614

Technology of hydraulic filling of structures from lo-essial loams with intensification of their dewatering. Melamut, D.L., et al, Hydrotechnical construction, Nov. 1985 (Pub. May 86), 19(11), p.576-581, Translated from Gidrotekhnicheskoe stroitel'stvo. 2 refs. Utiaganov. R 7

Earthwork, Hydraulic fill, Soil compaction, Loams,

40-4615

Role of plastic ice interaction in marginal ice zone

Use and the second seco

Hibler, W.D., III.

Ice edge, Sea ice, Ice cover thickness, Plastic flow, Wind direction, Wind velocity, Ice models.

Wind direction, Wind velocity, Ice models.
Under appropriate conditions, the nonlinear nature of plastic ice interaction together with a nonlinear coupling between ice thickness characteristics and ice rheology can substantially modify the character of marginal ice zone dynamics. This paper examines the steady state ramifications of these nonlinearities by using a one-dimensional simplification of a two-level viscous plastic sea ice model. A series of idealized small-scale simulations (4-km resolution) is carried out with the model formulated in a moving Lagrangian grid in order to remove diffusion effects. Analytic solutions for the equilibrium plastic adjustmen, case are also constructed. The results show that if the ice thickness distribution is allowed to equilibrium plastic adjustmen case are also constructed. The results show that if the ice thickness distribution is allowed to equilibrium plastic adjustmen case are also constructed. The results show that if the ice thickness distribution is allowed to equilibrium plastic adjustmen case are also constructed. The results show that if the ice thickness distribution is allowed to equilibrium plastic adjustmen case are also constructed. The results show that if the ice thickness distribution is allowed to equilibrium plastic adjustmen case are also constructed. The results show that if

40-4616

Internal wave dissipation under sea ice.

Morison, J.H., et al, Journal of geophysical research, Nov. 20, 1985, 90(C6), p.11,959-11,966, 25 refs. Long, C.E., Levine, M.D. Ocean waves, Pack ice, Boundary value problems,

Turbulent boundary layer.

40-4617

Ice drift and regional meteorology in the southern Bering Sea: results from MIZEX West.

Reynolds, M., et al. Journal of geophysical research, Nov. 20, 1985, 90(C6), p.11,967-11,981, 22 refs. Pease, C.H., Overland, J.E.

Sea ice, Drift, Ice edge, Ice air interface, Ice water interface, Wind direction, Ocean currents, Wind velocity.

Formation of thermoerosional niches into frozen bluffs due to storm surges on the Beaufort Sea coast. Kobayashi, N., Journal of geophysical research, Nov. 20, 1985, 90(C6), p.11,983-11,988, 18 refs. Coastal topographic features, Shore erosion, Storms, Beaufort Sea.

40-4619

Volcanic deposits in antarctic snow and ice. Delmas, R.J., et al. Journal of geophysical research, Dec. 20, 1985, 90(D7), p.12,901-12,920, 87 refs. Legrand, M., Aristarain, A.J., Zanolini, F.

Ice sheets, Snow composition, Volcanic ash. Different methods that can be used to find volcanic acid deposits in snow and ice cores are compared: electrical conductivity, sulfate, and acidity measurements. Numerous snow and ice samples collected at several antarctic locations were analyzed.

The two major volcanic events recorded by H2SO4 fallout in The two major volcanic events recorded by H2SO4 fallout in antarctic ice over the last century are the eruptions of Krakatoa (1883) and Agung (1963). Volcanic signals are particularly well defined at central antarctic locations apparently in relation to the low snow accumulation rates in these areas. Volcanic sulfuric acid in snow is not even partially neutralized by amonia. The possible influence of antarctic volcanic activity on anow chemistry is also discussed, using the three recent eruptions of the Deception Island volcano as examples. Only one of them seems to have had a significant effect on the chemistry of snow at a location 200 km from the source. It is concluded that antarctic volcanic ice records are less complicated than or snow at a location 200 km from the source. It is concluded that antarctic volcanic ice records are less complicated than Greenland records because of the limited number of volcanos in the Southern Hemisphere and the apparently higher signal to background ratio for acidity in Antarctica than in Greenland. (Auth.)

40-4620

Atmospheric dust in polar ice and the background serosol.

Gayley, R.I., et al, *Journal of geophysical research*, Dec. 20, 1985, 90(D7), p.12,921-12,925, 9 refs. Ram. M.

Atmospheric composition, Dust, Ice cores.

Atmospheric composition, Dust, Ice cores.

Measurements are made of insoluble particle size distributions covering the radius range 0.05-1.31 micron for 15 samples from a 3-year (1782-1785) section of ice core from Crête, central Greenland, and for a 2500-year-old, 2-year section of south pole ice. Insoluble particles in this range in the Northern Hemisphere background aerosol are in the radius range 0.05-0.13 micron, 30% are in the range 0.13-0.38 micron, and 10% are in the range 0.38-1.31 micron. The corresponding values for the Southern Hemisphere are 74, 22, and 4%. The small and large particle profiles for our Crête ice core section show similar particle profiles for our Crête ice core section show similar variability features, but peaks in the large particles are much more pronounced. (Auth.)

40-4621

Uniaxial nonlinear viscoelastic constitutive relation

for ice.
Harper, B.D., Journal of energy resources technology,
June 1986, 108(2), p.156-160, 20 refs.
Ice deformation, Compressive properties, Viscoelas-

40-4622

Separation of a snowmelt hydrograph by stream conductance.

Kobayashi, D., Journal of hydrology, Apr. 1986, 84(1/2), p.157-165, 6 refs.

Snowmelt. Runoff.

40-4623

Parameter values for snowmelt runoff modelling. Martinec, J., et al, Journal of hydrology, May 1986, 84(3/4), p.197-219, Refs. p.217-219.

Rango, A. Snowmelt, Runoff.

40-4624

Sedimentation and stratigraphy at Eyjabakkajökull-

an Icelandic surging glacier.

Martin, S., Quaternary research, Nov. 1985, 24(3), p.268-284, Refs. p.282-284. p.208-284, Reis. p.202-207. Glacier surges, Periglacial processes, Sedimentation.

Reliability of a fjord glacier's fluctuations for paleoclimatic reconstructions. Mann, D.H., Quaternary research, Jan. 1986, 25(1),

p.10-24, Refs. p.23-24. Glacier oscillation, Calving, Climatic changes

40-4626

Derivation and analysis of a McPhee-like damping term for inertially oscillating ice drift.

Swaters, G.E., Journal of engineering mathematics, 1985, 19(3), p.251-259, 10 refs.
Sea ice, Drift, Ocean currents.

40-4627

Sea ice forces and the state of technology of offshore arctic platforms.

Utt, M.E., Journal of petroleum technology, Jan. 1985, 37(1), p.21-26, 9 refs.

Sea ice, Ice pressure, Offshore structures.

40-4628

Coastal zone color scanner imagery in the marginal ice zone.

Maynard, N.G., Marine Technology Society. Jour-nal, June 1986, 20(2), p.14-27, Refs. p.25-27. Biomass, Ice edge, Remote sensing.

Imagery from the Coastal Zone Color Scanner (CZCS) from two different high latitude locations was analyzed to determine the potential as well as the limitations of the CZCS for studying the potential as well as the limitations of the CZCS for studying mesoscale physical and biological oceanographic processes in the Arctic and Antarctic. The investigation focused on the marginal ice zone, a complex and dynamic interface between the atmosphere and the ocean which supports extraordinary concentrations of biomass. Imagery processed at the ice edge in the Denmark Strait and in the Norton Sound area of the Eastern Bering Sea confirms the usefulness of the CZCS in assessing pigment distribution as well as the physical processes driving biological production at high latitudes. Despite con-

straints imposed by cloud cover and algorithm limitations, the imagery clearly showed ice edge blooms, eddy formation, circulation patterns, and water mass boundaries. (Auth.)

40-4629

and ice measurements from Canada's RADARSAT.

Freeman, N.G.S., et al, Marine Technology Society. Journal, June 1986, 29(2), p.87-100, 8 refs.

Remote sensing, Spacecraft, Sea ice distribution, Icebergs.

40-4630

Dispersion of sea ice in the Bering Sea. Martin, S., et al, Journal of geophysical research, July 1985, 90(C4), p.7223-7226, 10 refs. Thorndike, A.S.

Sea ice, Drift, Ice floes, Bering Sea.

Wind-induced stratified ocean response in the ice

edge region: an analytical approach.
Sjoberg, B., et al, Journal of geophysical research,
July 1985, 90(C4), p.7273-7285, 16 refs.

Ice edge, Ice cover effect, Ocean currents, Upwelling.

40-4632

Sea ice: multiyear cycles and white ice.

Ledley, T.S., Journal of geophysical research, June 1985, 90(D3), p.5676-5686, 15 refs.

ea ice, Ice cover thickness, Snow cover effect, Periodic variations.

40-4633

Cold climate utilities manual. Smith, D.W., ed, MP 2135, Montreal, Canadian Society of Civil Engineering. 1986, var.p., Refs. passim. Reed, S.C.

Cold weather construction, Cold weather operation, Engineering, Utilities, Water treatment, Waste disposal, Pipelines, Hest loss, Manuals, Environmental

Iou and moisture migration and frost heave in freez-

ing Morin clay. Qiu, G., et al, Journal of glaciology and geocryology, Mar. 1986, 8(1), MP 1970, p.1014, 9 refs., In Chinese with English summary.

Chamberlain, E.J., Iskandar, I.K.

Frost heave, Soil water migration, Ions, Clay soils, Soil chemistry, Water content, Freezing rate. Tests. Soil caemistry, water content, Freezing rate, tests. Sixteen specimens made of Morin Clay with a saturation percentage of 86% were subjected to freezing tests in open system fed by distilled water, NaCl solution, CaCl(2) solution and Na(2)SO(4) solution respectively. Before freezing test, specimens were homogeneous in water content but heterogeneous in chemical composition with a vertical concentration gradient. After freezing test, both water content and the dominant-anion content in frozen part of the soil samples increase; this means that not only moisture but also ions were migrating toward the freezing zone during tests.

40-4635

Tensile strength of frozen silt.

Zhu, Y., et al, Journal of glaciology and geocryology, Mar. 1986, 8(1), MP 1971, p.15-28, 9 refs., In Chinese with English summary.

Carbee, D.L. Frozen ground strength, Tensile properties, Strain tests, Sediments, Soll compaction, Density (mass/volume). Temperature effects.

Constant strain-rate tension tests were conducted on remolded Constant strain-rate tension tests were conducted on remolded asturated frozen Fairbanks silt at various temperatures, strain rates and densities. It is found that the critical strain rate of the ductile-brittle tra sistion does not depend upon temperature, but varies with density. It has a value of 0.01/s for the silt with medium density and 0.0005/s for low density. The peak tensile strength considerably decreases with decreasing strain rate for ductile failure, while it slightly decreases with increasing strain rate for brittle fracture. The failure strain remains almost the same for temperatures lower than about -2C, but it varies with density and strain rate. The initial tangent modulus is found not to depend upon strain rate, but increases with decreasing temperature and density.

40-4636

Distribution characteristic of permafrost of Tongtian River basin on Qinghai-Xizang Plateau and its growth tendency in melting area.

Huang, D., Journal of glaciology and geocryology, Mar. 1986, 8(1), p.29-39, 6 refs., In Chinese with English summary

Engine summary.

Permafrost distribution, Permafrost depth, Landforma, Climatic factors, Mass balance, Ground melting, Tectonics, China—Qinghai-Xizang Plateau.

40-4637

Preliminary chemical study on snow and ice in moun

Wang, P., Journal of glaciology and geocryology, Mar. 1986, 8(1), p.40-51, 22 refs., In Chinese with English summary.

Mountain glaciers, Glacier ice, Ice composition, Snow composition, Runoff, Isotope analysis, Chemical analysis, Meltwater, China.

40-4638 Wet snow avalanche with heavy harmfulness in China.

Wang, Y., Journal of glaciology and geocryology, Mar. 1986, 8(1), p.52-60, 4 refs., In Chinese with English summary

Avalanche formation, Wet snow, Snow temperature, Climatic factors, Distribution, Mountains, Seasonal variations. China

40-4630

Debris flow induced by ice lake burst in the Tang-

bulang Gully, Gongbujiangda, Xizang (Tibet). Lu, R., et al, Journal of glaciology and geocryology, Mar. 1986, 8(1), p.61-71, 2 refs., In Chinese with English summary

Soil erosion, Watersheds, Glacial hydrology, Drainage, Moraines, Mountains, Glacier melting, Damage, Glacial lakes, Climatic changes, Tibet.

40-4640

Preliminary investigation on glaciation in Siguniang mountainous region of Wenchuan County in Sichuan

Liu, S., et al, Journal of glaciology and geocryology, Mar. 1986, 8(1), p.72-82, 3 refs., In Chinese with English summary. Chai, Z., Chen, J.

Glaciation, Mountain glaciers, Cirques, Distribution, Paleoclimatology, Valleys, Moraines, Geomorphology, China—Siguniang Mountains.

4641

Is there a so-called "Lishan Glacial Period".

Yan, J., et al. Journal of glaciology and geocryology, Mar. 1986, 8(1), p.83-88, 4 refs., In Chinese with English summary.

Glaciation, Paleoclimatology, Sediments, Pleistocene. Mountains, Floods.

40-4642

Significance and expression of the terms used in the routine observation of deposited snow.

Qiu, J., Journal of glaciology and geocryology, Mar. 1986, 8(1), p.89-96, in Chinese.

Snow cover, Terminology, Snow surface, Snow strength, Avalanches, Profiles.

40-4643

Satellite monitoring of snow cover in Qilian Mountain and analysis on snowmelt runoff in Hexi District. Zeng, Q., et al., Journal of glaciology and geocryology, Dec. 1985, 7(4), p.295-304, 13 refs., In Chinese with English summar Zhang, S., Jin, D.

Snow cover distribution, Snow accumulation, Remote sensing, Runoff, Snowmelt, Seasonal variations, River flow, Mountains, Snow hydrology, China—Qilian Mountain.

40-4644

Study of the strain and stress in the bottom layer of Glacier No.1 in the Urumqi River headwaters tigation on artificial ice tunnel. Part 2.

Huang, M., et al, Journal of glaciology and geocryology, Dec. 1985, 7(4), p.305-315, 5 refs., In Chinese with English summary.

Wang, Z., Song, G.
Glacier ice, Strains, Shear stress, Ice tunnels, Ice
physics, Compressive properties.

40-4645

Preliminary reconstruction of the temperature curve of the last major climatic cycle in North China.

Sun, J., Journal of glaciology and geocryology, Dec. 1985, 7(4), p.317-322, 14 refs... In Chinese with Eng-

lish summary.

Permafrost, Climatic changes, Paleoclimatology.

Temperature variations, Glaciation, Periglacial processes, Vegetation.

40-4646

Climatic condition in the formation and evolution of

permafrost in Northeast China. Xie, Y., Journal of glaciology and geocryology, Dec. 1985, 7(4), p.323-330, 15 refs., In Chinese with English summary.

Permafrost distribution, Climatic changes, Paleo-climatology, Ice wedges, Periglacial processes, China.

Preliminary analysis on the effect of thermal insula-tion materials on cut slope of the roadbod at Fenghuo-

Shang, J., Journal of glaciology and geocryology, Dec. 1985, 7(4), p.331-334, In Chinese with English

summary.
Roadbeds, Thermal insulation, Thaw depth, Mountains, Construction materials, Slope stability, China -Fenghuoshan.

40-4648

Calculation of frost heave force based on heave defor-

mation in the scope restrained by foundation.

Zhou, Y., Journal of glaciology and geocryology,
Dec. 1985, 7(4), p.335-346, 4 refs., In Chinese with

English summary.
Frost heave, Loads (forces), Foundations, Soil strength, Deformation, Rheology.

40-4649

General arrangement and structure style for preventing structure from frost damage.

Wang, S., Journal of glaciology and geocryology, Dec. 1985, 7(4), p.347-352, In Chinese. Frost heave, Foundations, Roadbeds, Damage, Countermeasures, Walls.

On the genesis of the first moraine on the Glacier No.1 at the head of Urumqi River, Tiansham.
Li, S., Journal of glaciology and geocryology, Dec. 1985, 7(4), p.353-359, 1 ref., In Chinese with English summary.

Moraines, Glacial deposits, Geomorphology, Shear stress, Mountains, Origin, China—Tian Shan.

Some views on presentation of glacial landforms on

large scale map.
Chen, J., et al, Journal of glaciology and geocryology,
Dec. 1985, 7(4), p.361-365, 3 refs., In Chinese with English summary. Mi. D.

Landforms, Periglacial processes, Distribution, Glaciology, Mapping.

Designing principle and applied effect of pocket mul-ti-sensor ice-snow thermistor thermometer.

Li, W., et al, Journal of glaciology and geocryology, Dec. 1985, 7(4), p.367-371, In Chinese with English

Zhang, Y.
Thermistors, Ice temperature, Snow temperature,
Temperature measurement. suring instruments, Temperature measurement.

Outline of XVIII general assembly Hamburg of the International Union of Geodesy and Geophysics (IUGG) and comment of remote sensing for ice Zeng, Q., Journal of glaciology and geocryology, Dec. 1985, 7(4), p.373-380, 23 refs., In Chinese. Ice surveys, Snow surveys, Remote sensing, Meetings, Geodetic surveys, Geophysical surveys.

40-4654

All-Union symposium on the scientific foundations of the optimization, forecasting and protection of natural environments, Moscow, April, 1986. Summaries.

(Tezisy dokladov), Vsesoiuznyi simpozium "Nauchnye osnovy optimizatsii, prognoza i okhrany prirodnol sredy", Mosco April 1986, Moscow, 1986, 417p., In Russian. F selected summaries see 49-4655 through 40-4660. Chupakt in, V.M., ed.

Taiga, Plant ecology, Paludification, Cryogenic soils, Plant physiology, Land reclamation, Environmental protection, Nutrient cycle, Landscape types, Soil water migration.

40-4655

Ecology and productivity of a landscape after placer wining. ¡Ekologiia i produktivnost' landshafta posle rəzrabotki rossypeti, Chazov, B.A., et al, Vsesoiuznyi simpozium "Nauch-

nye osnovy optimizatsii, prognoza i okhrany prirodnoï sredy", Moscow, April, 1986. Tezisy dokladov (All-Union symposium on the scientific foundations of the optimization, forecasting and protection of natural environments, Moscow, April, 1986. Summaries) edited by V.M. Chupakhin, Moscow, 1986, p.119-121, In

Paiusova, E.A., Prokop'ev, M.N., Morozova, V.V.
Placer mining, Environmental impact, Soil erosion, Revegetation, Cryogenic soils.

Cartographic modeling of landslide processes for providing complex regional environmental protection schemes. [Kartograficheskoe modelirovanic opolzprotsessov pri obespechenii territorial'nykh

kompleksnykh skhem okhrany prirodyj, Ivchenko, N.K., et al, Vsesoiuznyi simpozium "Nauchnye osnovy optimizatsii, prognoza i okhrany prirodnol sredy", Moscow, April, 1986. Tezisy dok-ladov (All-Union symposium on the scientific foundaladov (Ali-Union symposium on the scientific founda-tions of the optimization, forecasting and protection of natural environments, Moscow, April, 1986. Sum-maries) edited by V.M. Chupakhin, Moscow, 1986, p.178-179, In Russian. Kazantsev, N.N. Mapping, Landslides, Environmental protection, Models, Soil pollution, Human factors, Soil erosion, Slope processes.

Slope processes.

40-4657

Evaluation of forest resources by remote sensing of the nature and degree of their disturbance. Distantsionnaia otsenka sostoianiia lesnykh resursov po kha-

rakteru i stepeni ikh narushennostij, Gorozhankina, S.M., et al, Vsesoiuznyi simpozium "Nauchnye osnovy optimizatsii, prognoza i okhrany prirodno'i sredy", Moscow, April, 1986. Tezisy dokladov (All-Union symposium on the scientific foundatadov (Ali-Union symposium on the scientific founda-tions of the optimization, forecasting and protection of natural environments, Moscow, April, 1986. Sum-maries) edited by V.M. Chupakhin, Moscow, 1986, p.292-294, In Russian. Konstantinov, V.D. Taiga, Remote sensing, Spaceborne photography, Photointerpretation, Paludification, Peat, Soil ero-sion Human factors.

sion, Human factors.

40-4658

Dynamics of the energy-matter balance in pine eco-systems of northern Europe. Dinamika balansa veshchestva i energii v sosnovykh ekosistemakh Ev-

ropeiskogo Severaj, Ziabchenko, S.S., et al, Vsesoiuznyi simpozium "Nauchnye osnovy optimizatii, prognoza i okhrany prirodnot sredy", Moscow, April, 1986. Tezisy dok-ladov (All-Union symposium on the scientific foundations of the optimization, forecasting and protection of natural environments, Moscow, April, 1986. Sum-maries) edited by V.M. Chupakhin, Moscow, 1986, p.294-297, In Russian.

vanchikov, A.A

Taiga, Solar radiation, Forestry, Nutrient cycle, Forest fires, Revegetation, Plant ecology, Subpolar landscapes, Plant physiology, Biomass.

40-4659

Forecasting the paludification in some types of South Karelian landscapes. Prognoz zabolachivaniia v nekotorykh tipakh landshaftov IUzhnol Karelii, Kolomytsev, V.A., Vsesoiuznyl simpozium "Nauch-

nye osnovy optimizatsii, prognoza i okhrany prirodnot sredy", Moscow, April, 1986. Tezisy dokladov (All-Union symposium on the scientific foundations of the optimization, forecasting and protection of natural environments, Moscow, April, 1986. Summaries) edited by V.M. Chupakhin, Moscow, 1986, p.297-299, In

Forest land, Cryogenic soils, Paludification, Forecasting, Topographic surveys.

40-4660

Derivation of formulas for the biogeochemical cycle of taiga geosystems. [Raschet formul biogeokhimiches-kogo krugovorota taezhnykh geosistem], Nechaeva, E.G., Vsesoiuznyi simpozium "Nauchnye

osnovy optimizatsii, prognoza i okhrany prirodnot sredy', Moscow, April, 1986. Tezisy dokladov (All-Union symposium on the scientific foundations of the optimization, forecasting and protection of natural environments, Moscow, April, 1986. Summaries) edited by V.M. Chupakhin, Moscow, 1986, p.349-351, In Russian.

Taiga, Cryogenic soils, Nutrient cycle, Permafrost hydrology, Soil water migration.

Ecology of swamp plants, swamp habitats and peat

deposits. [Voprosy ekologii rastenii bolot, bolotnykh mestoobitanii i torfianykh zalezhelj,
Lopatin, V.D., et al, Petrozavodsk, 1986, 190p., In Russian.

For selected papers see 40-4662 through 40-4666. R IUdina, V.F. Refs. passim.

Moraines, Plant ecology, Land reclamation, Swamps, Environmental impact, Forests, Plains, Ecosystems, Cryogenic soils, Paludification, Hydrology.

40-4662

Ridge-pool complexes, their distribution and relation to different swamp types. (K voprosu o prirode griadovo-mochazhinnykh kompleksov i sviazi ikh rasprostraneniia s razlichnymi klassami bolotnykh uro-

chishchi, Galkina, E.A., Voprosy ekologii rastenii bolot, bolot-nykh mestoobitanii i torfianykh zalezhei (Problems in nykn mestoobitanii i torianykn zaleznei (Froblems in the ecology of swamp plants, swamp habitats and peat deposits) edited by V.D. Lopatin and V.F. IUdina, Pe-trozavodsk, 1986, p.30-41, In Russian. Refs. p.39-41. Swampa, Plant ecology, Mosses, Moraines, Peat, Mi-crorellef, Hydrology, Soil water migration.

40-4663

Changes in vegetational covers of oligotrophic sphagnum ridge-and-basin factes due to drainage. ¡Izmene-nie rastitel'nogo pokrova oligotrofnol sfagnovof griadovo-mochazhinnol fatsii pod vliianiem osu-

griadovo-mochaznimor iaisii pou vinamem osseshenias, Grabovik, S.I., Voprosy ekologii rastenii bolot, bolotnykh mestoobitanii i torfianykh zalezhei (Problems in the ecology of swamp plants, swamp habitats and peat deposits) edited by V.D. Lopatin and V.F. IUdina, Petrozavodsk, 1986, p.48-59, In Russian. 8 refs.

Ecosystems, Plant ecology, Paludification, Mosses, Plant physiology, Taiga, Swamps, Cryogenic soils, USSR—Karelia.

40-4664

Temperature regime of the active soil layer and the adjacent layer of air in South Karelian swamps. [Temperaturnyl rezhim deiatel nogo sloia pochvy i orizemnogo sloia vozdukha na bolotakh iuzhnoï Kare-

Orlov, E.D., Voprosy ekologii rastenii bolot, bolotnykh mestoobitanil i torfianykh zalezhel (Problems in nykh mestoobitanii i toriianykh zalezhet (Problems in the ecology of swamp plants, swamp habitats and peat deposits) edited by V.D. Lopatin and V.F. IUdina, Pe-trozavodsk, 1986, p.59-92, In Russian. 6 refs. Active layer, Soil temperature, Soil air interface, Plant ecology, Swamps, Heat transfer, Seasonal variations, Thermal regime, Cryogenic soils.

Palynological studies of swamps in morainal plains of Central Karelia. [K palinologicheskomu izucheniiu bolot morennykh ravnin Srednel Karelii, Filimonova, L.V., Voprosy ekologii rastenii bolot,

bolotnykh mestoobitanii i torfianykh zalezhei (Problems in the ecology of swamp plants, swamp habitats and peat deposits) edited by V.D. Lopatin and V.F. IUdina, Petrozavodsk, 1986, p.122-132, In Russian. 11 refs.

Swamps, Mosses, Palynology, Plant ecology, Mapping, Moraines, Peat, Taiga, Forest canopy.

40-4666

Microelements in peat deposits of Karelian low and transition bogs. [Mikroelementy v torfian] kh zalez-hakh nizinnykh i perekhodnykh bolot Kareliij, Kuznetsov, O.L., et al, Voprosy ekologii rastenii bolot,

bolotnykh mestoobitanii i tortianykh zalezhei (Problems in the ecology of swamp plants, swamp habitats and peat deposits) edited by V.D. Lopatin and V.F. IUdina, Petrozavodsk, 1986, p.140-157, In Russian.

Tolkka, M.A.

Peat, Swamps, Soil composition, Microelement content, Landscape types, Soil water migration.

40-4667

Coupled ice-ocean dynamics in the marginal ice zones: upwelling/downwelling and eddy generation. Häkkinen, S., Journal of geophysical research, Jan. 15, 1986, 91(C1), p.819-832, 23 refs. Ice edge, Sea ice, Ice water interface, Upwelling.

Characteristics of Arctic winter sea ice from satellite multispectral microwave observations

Comiso, J.C., Journal of geophysical research, Jan. 15, 1986, 91(C1), p.975-994, 31 refs.

Sea ice distribution, Remote sensing, Microwaves, Ice cover, Physical properties.

40-4669

Satellite remote sensing over ice.

Thomas, R.H., Journal of geophysical research, Feb. 15, 1986, 91(C2), p.2493-2502, 21 refs. 1ce sheets, Sea ice, Icebergs, Remote sensing, Topo-

graphic features.

graphic features.

Satellite remote sensing provides unique opportunities for observing ice-covered terrain. Passive microwave data give information on snow cover on land, sea ice extent and type, and zones of summer melting on the polar ice sheets, and they have the potential of estimating snow accumulation rates on these ice sheets. All-weather, high-resolution imagery of sea ice is obtained by using synthetic aperture radars, and ice movement vectors can be deduced by comparing sequential images of the

same region. Radar altimetry data provide highly detailed information on ice sheet topography and have the potential of deducing thickening/thinning rates from repeat surveys. The coastline of Antarctica can be mapped accurately using altimetry data, and the size and spatial distribution of icebergs can be monitored. Altimetry data also distinguish open ocean from pack ice, and they give an indication of sea ice characteristics. (Auth.)

40-4670

Estimating open pack ice parameters using wind field

and remotely sensed data.
Feldman, U., Journal of geophysical research, Feb. 15, 1986, 91(C2), p.2503-2509, 37 refs.
Sea ice, Pack ice, Ice cover thickness, Wind (meteorology), Drift, Beaufort Sea.

Problems and future directions in remote sensing of the oceans and troposphere: a workshop report.

Atlas, D., et al, Journal of geophysical research,
Feb. 15, 1986, 91(C2), p.2525-2548, Refs. p.2547-

Sea ice. Remote sensing, Instruments.

40-4672

Comment on "Sea ice: multiyear cycles and white ice"

by T.S. Ledley.
Untersteiner, N., et al, Journal of geophysical research, Feb. 15, 1986, 91(C2), p.2667-2670, Includes reply by Ledley. For article being commented on sec 40-4632. 9 refs.

Ledley, T.S.

Sea ice. Periodic variations, Climate, Models, 40-4673

Subsea trenching in the Arctic.
Mellor, M., U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and
Engineering Laboratory, Sep. 1981, CR 81-17, 31p.,
ADA-108 341, 44 refs.

Dredging, Ocean bottom, Pipe laying, Ice scoring, Ice action, Equipment, Velocity, Icebergs, Pressure ridges, Protection.

ridges, Protection.

Environmental conditions are described for the continental shelf of the western Arctic, and for the shelf of Labrador and Newfoundland. Special emphasis is given to the gouging of bottom sediments by ice pressure ridges and icebergs, and an approach to systematic risk analysis is outlined. Protection of subsea pipelines and cables by trenching and direct embedment is discussed, touching on burial depth, degree of protection, and environmental impact. Conventional land techniques can be adapted for trenching across the beach and through the shallows, but in deeper water special equipment is required. The devices discussed include hydraulic diedges, submarine dredges, plows, rippers, water jets, disc saws and wheel ditchers, ladder trenchers and chain saws, routers and slot millers, ladder dredges, vibratory and percussive machines, and blasting systems. Consideration is given to the relative merits of working with seabed vehicles, or alternatively with direct surface support from vessels or from the sea ice. port from vessels or from the sea ice.

40-4674

Measurement of ground dielectric properties using

wide-angle reflection and refraction.

Arcone, S. ..., et al, U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory, Mar. 1982, CR 82-06, 11p., ADA-119 596, 11 refs.

Delancy, A.J.

Soil physics, Dielectric properties, Radar echoes, Geophysical surveys, Refraction, Equipment, Wave

propagation.

The interpretation of continuous radar profiles requires an alternative geophysical means of obtaining ground dielectric information. Ground dielectric properties were measured using wide-angle reflection and refraction (WARR) soundings with a ground-prohing radar set that transmits pulses of a few nanoseconds duration. The investigations, carried out over sandy gravel in interior Alaska, provided dielectric data to about a 5-m depth. The WARR soundings were displayed as individual traces allowing interference between separate events and dispersion to be observed, and the soundings were compared with continuous radar and resistivity profiles conducted concurrently to extract the maximum amount of dielectric information. The dielectric constants, derived mainly from the direct ground waves propagating along the surface, ranged from 2.9 to 7.4. Dielectric values interpreted for one site predicted the possibility of a refracted event which may have occurred during one of the soundings.

40-4675

Laboratory measurements of soil electric properties between 0.1 and 5 GHz.

Delaney, A.J., et al, U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory, Apr. 1982, CR 82-10, 12p. ADA-115 126.

Arcone, S.A.

Permafrost physics, Soil physics, Dielectric properties. Electromagnetic prospecting. Wave propagation. Soil water, Ground ice, Sands, Sediments, Reflection. Dielectric measurements have been performed on silt and sand samples from permafrost areas using time domain reflectometry. The sample temperatures were varied from +25 C to -25 C, and volumetric water content was varied between oven-dry and 0.55 g H2O/cc. The data were processed for frequencies between 0.1 and 5.0 GHz. The results show a constant K' and a low K' for frequencies up to 1 GHz. A frequency dependence seen on the data above 2 GHz is probably the result of unfrozen, adsorbed water. At moisture levels near saturation at all temperatures, these soils have excellent propagation characteristics for ground-probing radar operating below 0.3 GHz. Massive ice should be easily detectable in permafrost within a few degrees of 0 C.

40-4676

Ice growth on Post Pond, 1973-1982.

Gow, A.J., et al., U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory, Feb. 1983, CR 83-04, 25p., ADA-126 334, 15 refs. Govoni, J.W.

Govoni, J.W.

Ice growth, Ice deterioration, Ponds, Snow ice, Ice cover thickness, Meteorological factors, Seasonal variations, Ice models, Degree days, Stefan problem, United States—New Hampshire—Post Pond.

variations, Ice models, Degree days, Stefan problem, United States—New Hampshire—Post Pond.

Measurements and analysis of seasonal ice growth and decay on Post Pond, New Hampshire, for the period 1973-1982 are presented. Observations included ice thickness measurements, examination of the various ice types contributing to the ice cover, and measurements of meteorological parameters for correlation with and modeling of the ice growth process. The overall nature of ice growth and decay (ice loss) on Post Pond has been sacertained, the seasonal variability in the timing of freeze up and ice-out and the duration of the ice cover have been determined, and the relationship of ice growth to freezing-degree-day records evaluated on the basis of a Stefan conduction equation modified to deal with ice sheets covered with or free of snow. Ice growth occurs predominantly by the direct freezing of lake water, but snow ice may compose as much as 50% of the ice cover in winters with higher than average snowfall. Freeze-up leading to the establishment of a stable ice cover occurs during the 4-week period from the end of November to the end of December. Maximum seasonal ice thicknesses were from 45 to 67 cm and are generally attained during the first two weeks of March; ice-out, marking the final disappearance of ice from Post Pond, usually occurs by the third week of April. The overall rate of ice loss is three to four times that of ice growth, and is dominated initially by melting from the top. As much as 50% of the ice may be lost in this way before the onset of any bottom melting. Final dissipation of the ice cover is usually expedited by candling resulting from preferential melting and disintegration of the ice at crystal boundaries.

Effect of vessel size on shoreline and shore structure damage along the Great Lakes connecting channels. Wuebben, J.L., U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory, May 1983, SR 83-11, 62p., ADA-134 887, 13 refs.

Engineering Laboratory, May 1985, SR 63-11, 62p., ADA-134 887, 13 refs.

Shores, Channels (waterways), Ice loads, Ships, Structures, Damage, Velocity, Great Lakes.

In conjunction with the Great Lakes connecting channels and harbors study, this report examines the potential damage to the shore and shore structures due to an increase in vessel size. The areas considered in this report are the United States shorelines along the St. Marys, St. Clair and Detroit rivers. The poential for shoreline or shore structure damage due to an increase in vessel size was reviewed on both a conceptual and site-specific basis. Ship-induced waves were ruled out as damage mechanism since the analysis showed that the contemplated increases in vessel size would not significantly affect wave heights in the nearshore zone. Propeller wash was discounted for similar reasons. Ship-induced drawndown was determined to be the major potential damage mechanism. While larger ships potentially produce more damage, this potential is significant only in severely restricted channel sections for the significant only in severely restricted channel sections for the significance considered here. By far the most significant factor in ship-related damage potential is vessel speed. In almost all areas the effect of an increase in vessel size could be eliminated by a reduction in vessel speed of 1-2 mph.

40-4678

Life and condition of its existence in the pelagic zone

Life and condition of its existence in the pelagic zone of the Barents Sea. [Zhizn' i usloviia ee sushchest-vovaniia v pelagiali Barentseva moria, Matishov, G.G., ed, Apatity, 1985, 218p., In Russian with abridged English table of contents enclosed. Refs. p.200-216.

Algae, Bibliographies, Bottom sediment, Solar radiation, Sea water, Continental shelves, Plant ecology, Bottom Sea water, Continental shelves, Plant ecology, Bottom topography, Sea water freezing, Biomass, Plant physiology, Barents Sea.

40-4679

Permafrost landscapes in the economic development of the Lena-Aldan interfluve area. [Merzlotnye landshafty zony osvoeniia Leno-Aldanskogo mezh-

durech'ia,
Bosikov, N.P., et al, Yakutsk, 1985, 124p., In Russsian
with English table of contents enclosed. Refs. p.113-123.

Vasil'ev, I.S., Fedorov, A.N.

vasu ev, i.s., Pedorov, A.N.
Thermokarst, Landacape types, Environmental protection, Alassy, Permafrost hydrology, Maps, Forest land, Cryogenic soils, Permafrost distribution, Steppes, Soil erosion.

40-4680

P-wave anisotropy in the high polar ice of East Antarctica.

Blankenship, D.D., Madison, University of Wisconsin, 1982, 143p., M.S. thesis. Refs. p.106-110. Anisotropy, Ice crystals, Ice structure, Ice physics,

Seismic reflection, Seismic refraction, Ice models, Antarctica—Dome C.

Antarctica—Dome C.
Observations indicate that the ice in the vicinity of Dome C, high on the inland ice sheet of East Antarctica, is transversely isotropic with a vertical axis of anisotropy. The functional form of the P-wave slowness surface observed is consistent with one obtained from a model employing the measured seismic anisotropy of single-crystal ice at 10C. The only ambiguity in the observed slowness surface is that its shape depends upon the average "vertical" velocity (actually the velocity in a direction normal to the basal reflector) used to determine the thickness of the ice sheet. (Auth. mod.)

40-4681

Reduction of weather effects in the calculation of sea

ice concentration from microwave radiances.
Gloersen, P., et al, Journal of geophysical research,
Mar. 15, 1986, 91(C3), p.3913-3919, 9 refs.

Sea ice distribution, Microwaves, Ice edge, Remote sensing, Weather.

Effects of operation of a man-made gravel island-

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Uranium series dating of Allan Hills ice.

Uranium series dating of Allan Hills ice.
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Ice sheets, Ice dating, Radioactive age determination, Antarctica—Allan Hills.
Uranium 238 decay series nuclides dissolved in Antarctic ice samples were measured. Ice from the Allan Hills, Cul de Sac site, that contains a large concentration of fine volcanic glass shards, has high Ra-226, Th-230, and U-234 activities but similarly low U-238 activities compared to antarctic ice samples without volcanic shards. The Ra-226, Th-230, and U-238 decay series results are consistent with the assumption that alpha decay products recoiled into the ice from the fine shards. The age of the Cul de Sac ice is 325,000 yr from this method of uranium series dating.

40-4684

Formulation of ice shelf dynamic boundary conditions

in terms of a Coulomb rheology.

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problems, Antarctice—Ross Ice See!.

Coastal boundaries where fast flowing ice shelves shear past stagnant, grounded ice are typically riven with surface crevases, seawater-filled basal crevases, and tidal strand cracks. A boundary condition is formulated describing stress transmission through these fractured boundaries in terms of the Coulomb law. As a result of this formulation, agreement between finite element simulations of the Ross Ice Shelf flow and field observations is improved over ascenses obtained with formulation. observations is improved over agreement obtained with formu-lations which do not account for ice failure. The results addi-tionally suggest that shear stress transmitted through ice shelf boundaries is lower than previously thought. (Auth.)

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Storms, Berling Sea, United States—Alaska—Norton

40-4688

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Ice physics, Drift stations, Ice edge, Sea ice, Remote and Company April 2018.

sensing, Oceanography, Acoustic measurement, Marine biology, Ice floes.

40-4691

Polar Queen drift, MIZEX 84.

McPhee, M.G., U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory. Special report, Oct. 1984, SR 84-29, MIZEX: a program for mesoscale air-1964, SR 84-29, MIZEX: a program for mesoscale air-ice-ocean interaction experiments in Arctic marginal ice zones. 5: MIZEX 84 summer experiment PI preliminary reports. Edited by O.M. Johannessen and D.A. Horn, p.23-26. ADA-148 986. Drift stations, Ice conditions, Ice floes, Ships, Drift,

40-4692

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velocity, Ocean currents.

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Wave propagation, Photography, Drift, Spectra.

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Ice floes, Telemetering equipment, Antennas, Ships,

40-4700

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Ice composition, Sea ice, Ice physics, Ice conditions.

40-4702

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Ice floes, Drift, Ice acoustics, Ice mechanics, Seismic reflection

40-4703

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Detection, Construction materials, Roofs, Pavements, Maintenance, Protective coatings, Thermal conductivity, Concrete aggregates.

40-4705

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Thermal conductivity, Thermistors, Soil physics, Construction materials, Measuring instruments.

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Maintenance.

Protected membrane roofing systems.

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Zisson, J.R., Yen, Y.-C.

Heat transfer, Water temperature, Water flow, Ice

cover effect, Ice melting, Ice surface, Tests, Velocity, Computer applications, Turbulent flow.

Computer applications, Turbulent flow. Experiments to study the melting of a horizontal ice sheet with a flow of water above it were conducted in a 35-m-long refrigerated flume, with a cross section of 1.2x1.2 m. Water depth, temperature, and velocity were varied as well as the temperature and initial surface profile of the ice sheet. The heat transfer regimes were found to consist of forced turbulent flow at high Reynolds numbers with a transition to free convection heat transfer. There was no convincing evidence of a forced laminar regime. The data were correlated for each of the regimes, with the Reynolds number, Re, or the Grashof number combined with the Reynolds number.

40-4710

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40-4713

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40-4714

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Design criteria, Ice loads, Impact tests, Ice pressure, Icebreakers, Sea ice, Antarctica—McMurdo Sound. Icebreakers, Sea ice, Antarctica—McMurdo Sound. Subsequent to icebreaking resistance tests in thin level ice (under 2 feet, 0.6 m) in the Bering Sea in 1982, a series of tests was performed in thick level ice (3-6 feet, 0.9-1.8 m) at a range of ship speeds and power levels in McMurdo Sound in January 1985. This data, along with previous resistance data from the Arctic, were used to develop a mathematical relationship describing POLAR class performance in a range of ice thicknesses. Concurrent with field tests, ice impact loads were measured on an instrumented bow panel. The collected impact data are reported in a companion report, "Polar Class Antarctic 1984—lee Impact Tests" (TP 7184E). The results of the resistance tests were used to evaluate two semi-empirical ice resistance prediction models. The most recently developed and more advanced model gave good predictions for ice resistance. after the model was updated using the latest resistance data. (Auth.)

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40-4723

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40-4728

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40-4730

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40-4733

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40-4740

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CO2 and climate: information from antarctic ice core studies.

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Carbon dioxide, Ice cores, Ice composition, Paleoclimatology.

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Ice cores provide the most direct tool for reconstructing the evolution of atmospheric CO2 during the last 40,000 years. Results obtained in antarctic cores indicate that atmospheric CO2 was increasing by a factor of about 1.3 at the end of the last Ice-Age. They suggest a close CO2-climate relation, with the CO2 change starting almost simultaneously or even slightly before the temperature change at high latitudes. For the Recent period (the last 500 years) the antarctic ice cores suggest that the "pre-industrial" CO2 level was not constant and was in the 260-280 ppmv range. If so, it was significantly lower than the 290 ppmv adopted previously in modelling the evolution of atmospheric CO2 during the present period and the corresponding climatic response. (Auth.)

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40-4764 Investigation of low-stress ice rheology on the Ward-

Hunt Ice Shelf. MacAyeal, D.R., et al, Journal of geophysical research, May 10, 1986, 91(B6), p.6347-6358, 45 refs.

Holdsworth G. lce shelves, Ice creep, Rheology, Ses ice, Ice pressure, Ice salinity, Canada—Northwest Territories— Ward-Hunt Ice Shelf.

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Wind and temperature regime along the slope of Adé-

lle Land, Antarctica. Kodama, Y., et al, Journal of geophysical research, May 20, 1986, 91(D6), p.6735-6741, 26 refs. Wendler, G.

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Adélie Coast.

An analysis was made of data collected from automatic weather stations (AWS) on the slope of Adélie Land. The data were collected simultaneously at different stations on the ice-covered slope of the continent, where no data have previously ben obtained. The stations are classified into three groups according to their location (high plateau, intermediate plateau, or coastal region), each having distinct annual temperature and wind speed regimes. These classifications also correspond well to the stations' slopes. Change in surface air temperature along the slope with respect to height was smaller than -1C/100m between the high plateau and the intermediate plateau stations. The wind directions did not follow Ball's model, which suggests the importance of the gradient of surface potential air temperature along the slope on the wind regime. A scale analysis showed the condition in which the gradient of surface potential air temperature along the slope should not be considered negligible when considering the total pressure gradient force. This condition in turn indicates that the entrainment of momentum across the top of the katabatic wind layer is also important. (Auth.)

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Spin-down of baroclinic eddies under sea ice. Ou, H.W., et al, *Journal of geophysical research*, June 15, 1986, 91(C6), p.7623-7630, 12 refs. Gordon, A.L.

Zeesa moodaanaksaan kaasaan kaasaan kaasaanaan kassaasaa kaasaasa mahaa kaasaan kaasaan kaasaan kaasaan kaasaa

Sea ice, Ocean currents, Density (mass/volume), Sea water, Antarctica-Weddell Sea.

A linear model is used to examine the spin-down of a baroclinic A linear model is used to examine the spin-down of a baroclinic eddy under the sea ice. For anticyclonic eddies the ice stress, besides directly spinning down the azimuthal flow within the mixed layer, generates an Ekman divergence that raises the pycnocline near the eddy axis. For eddie: of the size of the baroclinic radius of deformation the doming reacher a quasistationary state on the frictional time scale T which generally is of the order of days. The erosion of the dome, however, occurs over a much longer time scale. Using realistic parameter values for the polar eddies, this time scale is of the order of a year or longer. The pycnocline dome observed over the antarctic warm cells is thus likely to survive into the following freezing season and provide a preconditioning for the deep confreezing season and provide a preconditioning for the deep convection in the Weddell Sea. (Auth.)

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Thorndike, A.S., Journal of geophysical research, June 15, 1986, 91(C6), p.7691-7696, 6 refs.
Sea ice, Ice deformation, Drift, Ice models.

Satellite microwave and in situ observations of the Weddell Sea ice cover and its marginal ice zone. Comiso, J.C., et al, Journal of geophysical research, Aug. 15, 1986, 91(C8), p.9663-9681, 22 refs.

Sullivan, C.W. Sea ice, Ice edge, Microwaves, Spaceborne photogra-phy, Thermal radiation.

phy, Thermal radiation.

Time series studies from winter through spring, using every other day observations from the Nimbus 7 scanning multichannel microwave radiometer, reveal significant spatial variability of the brightness temperatures of consolidated ice in winter and a recurring emporal and often larger spatial variability in spring. The re urring effect in spring was strongly correlated with observed surface air temperatures and is apparently associated with the cyclic changes in wetness of the snow over of the ice while experiencing the freeze-thaw cycle. To effectively discriminate he from open water within the ice pack, a minimum of two channels at different frequencies, preferably 18 GHz and 37 GHz, is required. Ice concentrations derived

from the sensor are compared with helicopter and ship observations, and results show consistency but a relatively low correlation coefficient partly due to the quasi-qualitative nature of the
in situ observations and uncertainties in ice emissivity in spring.
The character and the northernmost extent of the ice margin are
quantified using radial plots of ice concentration across the ice
pack and into ice free ocean. Temporal changes in the ice
margin structure are compared with ship data of physical
temperature, ice characteristics, wind, and weather. Studies of
the mass balance of fresh water and of biological features of the
marginal ice zone are shown to benefit from time series
information concerning the position of the ice edge as derived
from satellite remote sensing. (Auth.) from the sensor are compared with helicopter and ship observa-

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Vibration applied in the control of atmospheric icing on radio and television transmission towers.

On radio and television transmission towers.

Donaldson, R., Hanover, NH, Dartmouth College,
Thayer School of Engineering, Oct. 1985, 77p., Bachelor of engineering project. 2 refs.

Icing, Towers, Ice removal, Vibration, Ice control,
Protective coatings, Shear stress, Tests, Analysis

(mathematics), Countermeasures.

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Development of a vibrational ice control system for transmission towers.

Dartmouth College. Thayer School of Engineering,

Hanover, NH, July 1, 1986, 16p. + appends., Progress

Icing, Ice removal, Towers, Vibration, Countermeasures, Transmission lines, Monitors, Engineering, Foundations, Wind factors, Ice control. 40-4773

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Frost heaving at test road Gälven—observations during winter 1983-84. [Tjälprovyta Gälven—observationer vintern 1983-84], Stenberg, L., Sweden. Statens väg- och trafikinstitut. VTI meddelande, 1985, No. 453, 23p. + appends., In Swedish with English summary. 7 refs.

Frost heave, Roadbeds, Frost resistance, Frozen ground expansion, Freezing indexes, Frost penetration, Latent heat, Heat transfer, Water level, Tests, Air temperature.

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Glacial forms and deposits of Ebba Glacier and its foreland (Petuniabukta region, Spitsbergen).
Klyar, P., Polish polar research, 1985, 6(3), p.283-299,
19 refs., With Russian and Polish summaries.
Glacial deposits, Geomorphology, Periglacial processes, Moraines, Particle size distribution, Norway

-Spitsbergen.

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Radiation conditions in the Hornsund area (Spitsbergen). Glowicki, B., Polish polar research, 1985, 6(3), p.301-

318, 13 refs., With Russian and Polish summaries. Tundra, Radiation balance, Solar radiation, Albedo, Meteorological data, Seasonal variations, Norway— Spitsbergen.

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Investigations of the extreme temperatures of the ground surface in the Gashamnöyra region (Spitsber-

gen). Kamiski, A., Polish polar research, 1985, 6(3), p.319-329, 18 refs., With Russian and Polish summaries. Soli temperature, Surface temperature, Climatic factors, Solar radiation, Air temperature, Soil structure, Seasonal variations, Norway—Spitsbergen.

Heat exchange in the subsurface soil layer in the Hornsund area (Spitsbergen). Glowicki, B., Polish polar research, 1985, 6(3), p.331-339, 8 refs., With Russian and Polish summaries. Tundra, Permafrost heat transfer, Active layer, Sub-surface observations, Heat flux, Soil structure, Nor-

-Spitsbergen. 40-4778

Vertical flux of heat and moisture in snow and ice. Kuhn, M., Land surface processes in atmospheric general circulation models. Edited by P.S. Eagleson, Cambridge, University Press, 1982, p.227-240, Refs. p.238-240

Albedo, Ice models, Snow surface, Surface energy, Ice surface, Vapor transfer.

Features of the vertical fluxes of heat and water vapor at the and formulations of these processes that can be used in models of the global atmospheric circulation with a gridpoint spacing of

several hundred km are proposed. The basic processes described include special conditions at anow and ice surfaces; the surface energy budget, which is of direct interest to the modeller; energy and vapor transfer within the snow; and density changes due to metamorphism and to compaction. Albedo values applicable to yearly totals of global radiation at 8 coastal and 5 inland stations in Antarctica are presented in a table.

Data on snow cover and glaciers for the global climatic models.

Kotliakov, V.M., et al, Land surface processes in atmo-Edited by P.S. spheric general circulation models. Eagleson, Cambridge, University Press, 1982, p.449-461, Refa. p.458-461. Krenke, A.N.

Climate, Ice volume, Snow depth, Ice cover effect. Literature on the world extent of snow cover and glaciers, and effects on climate, is reviewed. Tables showing the area and mass of snow cover formed annually and dimensions of glacierization, for each hemisphere, are presented. Primary data their types, quality and recurrency, and how they are obtained and used, are described.

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Shortwave albedo and the surface emissivity.

Kondrat'ev, K.IA., et al, Land surface processes in atmospheric general circulation models. Edited by atmospheric general circulation models. Edited by P.S. Eagleson, Cambridge, University Press, 1982,

p.463-514, 86 refs. Korzov, V.I., Mukhenberg, V.V., Dischenko, L.N. Albedo, Snow cover, Ice sheets.

Albedo, Snow cover, Ice sheers.

Information available on snow cover and ice albedo for the polar regions is discussed. The percentage of antarctic ice albedo, and type of ice, concentration, and snow coverage, are shown in a table. It is suggested that data on surface albedo and emissivity compiled in this review paper illustrates inadequateness of the information available. Some recommendations include broadening of the network for year-round, ground-based observations, wider use of aircraft, improvement of satellite data retrieval techniques, and improvement of measurement techniques of emissivities of typical surfaces.

40-4781

Debris from the basal ice of the Agassiz ice cap, Elles-

mere Island, Arctic Canada.

Gemmell, A.M.D., et al, Earth surface processes and landforms, Mar.-Apr. 1986, 11(2), p.123-130, 16 refs.

Sharp, M.J., Sugden, D.E.
Glacial deposits, Glacier beds, Sediments, Ice drills,
Boreholes, Isotope analysis, Electron microscopy,
Talus, Canada—Northwest Territories—Ellesmere

40-4782

Rock moisture content in the field and the laboratory and its relationship to mechanical weathering studies.

Hall, K., Earth surface processes and landforms, Mar.-Apr. 1986, 11(2), p.131-142, 28 refs. Rock mechanics, Frost weathering, Freeze thaw cy-cles, Patterned ground, Water content, Porosity, Antarctica-Signy Island.

tarctics—Signy Island.

Rock moisture content is a major control of mechanical weathering, particularly freeze-thaw, and yet almost no data exist from field situations. This study presents moisture content values for rocks, taken from a variety of positions and conditions, in the maritime Antarctic. Additional information regarding the amount of water the rock could take up, as observed from laboratory experiments, is also presented. The results show that the approaches used in simulation experiments, particularly that of soaking a rock for 24 hours, may produce exaggerated results. It was found that the saturation coefficient (S-value) was a good indicator of frost susceptibility (based on water content) but that the derivation of that value may underestimate the potential of some rocks. The distribution of moisture within rocks is seen as an important, but unknown, factor. These field moisture contents suggest that if simulations of freezethaw or hydration are to be meaningful, they should include rock water contents based on field observations. (Auth.)

40-4783

Winter water availability and use conflicts as related to fish and wildlife in Arctic Alaska—a synthesis of information.

Wilson, W.J., et al, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service.

Office of Biological Services, Mar. 1977,
FWS-OBS-77/06, 222p. + appends., Refs. p.181-184.
Buck, E.H., Player, G.F., Dreyer, L.D.

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Water reserves, Ice cover effect, River flow, Marine biology, Lake water, Sea water, United States—Alas-

Role of herbivores in mineral cycling.

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Tundra, Nutrient cycle, Ecosystems, Soil pollution, Animals, Biomass, Vegetation, Soil composition.

Internal nutrient cycling as related to plant life-form: a simulation approach.

a simulation approach.

Stoner, W.A., et al, Symposium on Environmental Chemistry and Cycling Processes, Augusta, Georgia, Apr. 28-May 1, 1976. Proceedings. Edited by D.C. Adriano and I.L. Brisbin, Jr., U.S. Dept. of Energy, Technical Information Center, 1978, p.165-181, CONF-760429, Refs. p.180-181.

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Tandra, Nutrient cycle, Vegetation, Soil chemistry, Blomass, Mathematical models, Plant physiology.

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gracios sites. Oktivana prirodnoi sredy na transportnom stroitel'stvej.
Gamaiunov, E.I., Obzornaia informatsiia. Seriia:
Okhrana truda, tekhnika bezopasnosti i okhrana okruzhaiushchei sredy, 1984, Vol.1, 43p., In Russian with English table of contents enclosed. 35 refs. Environmental protection, Permafrost beneath struc-tures, Railroads, Roads, Hydraulic structures, Pipe-

lines, Tunnels.

40-4787 Study of extended surface heat exchanger with frosting (1st report, overall heat transfer characteristics). Aoki, K., et al, Japan Society of Mechanical Engineers. Bulletin, May 1986, 29(251), p.1499-1505, 9 refs. Hattori. M., Itoh, T. Heat transfer, Frost.

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Snow line calculation and typological classification of glaciers in specific topographic conditions. (Schneegrenzberechnung und typologische Klassifikation von Gletschern anhand spezifischer Reliefparameter), Kuhle, M., Petermans geographische Mitteilungen, 1986, 130(1), p.41-51, In German. 34 refs.
Mountain glaciers, Glaciers, Classifications, Snow line Variations. line, Variations.